# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# Artemannuols A–C, three novel sesquiterpenoid-flavonol hybrids with antihepatoma activity from *Artemisia annua*

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#### **General Experimental Instruments and Procedures**

A Shimadzu LC/MS-IT-TOF mass spectrometer (Shimadzu, Kyoto, Japan) was used to gain the HRESIMS. UV spectra were conducted on a Shimadzu UV2401PC spectrophotometer (Shimadzu, Kyoto, Japan), and IR (KBr) spectra were obtained on a Bio-Rad FTS-135 spectrometer (Hercules, California, USA). 1D and 2D NMR spectra were conducted on Advance III-600 spectrometers (Bruker, Bremerhaven, Germany) with TMS as the internal standard. Optical rotations were determined on a JASCO P-1020 digital polarimeter (Horiba, Tokyo, Japan). Electronic circular dichroism (ECD) spectra were measured on an Applied Photophysics Circular Dichromatograph (Applied Photophysics, Britain). Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) analyses were performed on silica gel GF<sub>254</sub> plates (Yantai Jiangyou Silicon Development Company, Yantai, China), and spots were monitored under UV light or by heating after sprayed with 10% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> in EtOH ( $\nu/\nu$ ). Silica gel (200~300 mesh, Linyi Haixiang, Linyi, China) and Sephadex LH-20 (GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences AB, Uppsala, Sweden) were used for column chromatography. High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) was performed on a Shimadzu LC-CBM-20 system (Shimadzu, Kyoto, Japan) with Agilent XDB-C<sub>18</sub> (5  $\mu$ m, 9.4 × 250 mm) columns.

#### **ECD** Calculations

The conformation search was performed by Spartan '14 software using molecular mechanics MMFF94x. The appropriate low-energy conformers were selected and optimized in the gas phase by semiempirical method in Gaussian 09 program package, and were further optimized and analyzed for frequency using the density functional theory (DFT) at the B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) level, resulting in no imaginary frequencies. Solvent effects were taken into consideration by using the conductor polarizable continuum model (CPCM). All the conformers were used for calculating electronic circular dichroism (ECD) by the time-dependent density functional theory (TD-DFT) method at the B3LYP/6-31G(d,p) level with the CPCM model in MeOH.1 The overall calculated ECD curves were generated by Boltzmann weighting of the selected low-energy conformers using SpecDis 1.62 with  $\sigma = ~0.3$  eV.

#### Antihepatoma assay

The antihepatoma assay of the compounds 1–3 was tested by the MTT assay. Briefly, cells in a density of  $3\times10^4$  cells/well were seeded into 96-well plates and incubated at 37 °C with 5% CO<sub>2</sub> for 24 h. The culture medium was replaced with fresh medium containing different concentrations of compounds 1–3, and cells were incubated for additional 48 h. After removal of the medium, 100 µL of MTT reagent (1mg/mL) was added into each well, and the plates were kept in incubator for 4 h. After that, 100 µL of dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) was added into each well, and the plates were measured at 490 nm using microplate reader (BIO-RAD, USA). The inhibitory ratio was calculated as [(A<sub>490</sub> control]  $\times100\%$ . The antihepatoma assay of compounds was expressed as IC<sub>50</sub> values calculated by GraphPad Prism 5 (GraphPad Software, California, USA).



Figure S1. Key chemical shifts differences of 1-bisabolen-3-ols according to the references (*J. Nat. Prod.*, 2014, 77, 1708–1717; *J. Chem. Eco.*, 2014, 40, 1260–1268)

S1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) of compound 1





S2. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (DEPT) (150 MHz, acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) of compound 1







S4. HSQC (600 MHz, acetone-d\_6) of compound  $\boldsymbol{1}$ 



S5. HMBC (600 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) of compound 1



S6. ROESY (600 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) of compound 1



# S7. $[\alpha]_D$ spectrum of compound 1 in MeOH

#### **Rudolph Research Analytical**

This sample was measured on an Autopol VI, Serial #91058 Manufactured by Rudolph Research Analytical, Hackettstown, NJ, USA.

Measurement Date : Tuesday, 13-DEC-2022

Set Temperature : 20.0

Time Delay : Disabled

Delay between Measurement : Disabled

<u>n</u> 5	<u>Average</u> 59.59	<u>Std.Dev.</u> 1.16	<u>% RSD</u> 1.94	61.22	um <u>Mini</u> 58.16	<u>mum</u>				
S.No	Sample ID	Time		Result	Scale	OR °Arc	WLG.nm	Lg.mm	Conc.g/100ml	Temp.
1	janh-7a	03:19:	44 PM	61.22	SR	0.060	589	100.00	0.098	20.2
2	janh-7a	03:19:	51 PM	60.20	SR	0.059	589	100.00	0.098	20.2
3	janh-7a	03:19:	58 PM	59.18	SR	0.058	589	100.00	0.098	20.2
4	janh-7a	03:20:	04 PM	59.18	SR	0.058	589	100.00	0.098	20.1
5	janh-7a	03:20:	11 PM	58.16	SR	0.057	589	100.00	0.098	20.1

S8. IR of compound 1





#### S10. HRESIMS of compound 1





800.0

900.0

1000.0

1400.0



300.0









S12. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (DEPT) (150 MHz, acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) of compound 2





S13. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY (600 MHz, acetone-d<sub>6</sub>) of compound **2** 

S14. HSQC (600 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) of compound 2



S15. HMBC (600 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) of compound **2** 



S16. ROESY (600 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ ) of compound **2** 



# S17. $[\alpha]_D$ spectrum of compound 2 in MeOH

#### **Rudolph Research Analytical**

This sample was measured on an Autopol VI, Serial #91058 Manufactured by Rudolph Research Analytical, Hackettstown, NJ, USA.

Measurement Date : Tuesday, 13-DEC-2022

Set Temperature : 20.0

Time Delay : Disabled

Delay between Measurement : Disabled

<u>n</u> 5	<u>Average</u> 52.09	<u>Std.Dev.</u> 1.23	<u>% RSD</u> 2.36	<u>Maxim</u> 52.99	um <u>Mini</u> 50.75	<u>mum</u>				
S.No	Sample ID	Time		Result	Scale	OR °Arc	WLG.nm	Lg.mm	Conc.g/100ml	Temp.
1	janh-7b	03:25:	24 PM	52.99	SR	0.071	589	100.00	0.134	20.2
2	janh-7b	03:25:	31 PM	52.99	SR	0.071	589	100.00	0.134	20.1
3	janh-7b	03:25:	37 PM	52.99	SR	0.071	589	100.00	0.134	20.1
4	janh-7b	03:25:	44 PM	50.75	SR	0.068	589	100.00	0.134	20.1
5	janh-7b	03:25:	51 PM	50.75	SR	0.068	589	100.00	0.134	20.0



S18. IR of compound 2



### S20. HRESIMS of compound 2









S21. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) of compound **3** 





S22.  $^{13}$ C NMR (DEPT) (150 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) of compound **3** 

S23. <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY (600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) of compound **3** 



S24. HSQC (600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) of compound **3** 



S25. HMBC (600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) of compound  ${\bf 3}$ 



# S26. ROESY (600 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) of compound 3



# S27. $[\alpha]_D$ spectrum of compound **3** in MeOH

### **Rudolph Research Analytical**

This sample was measured on an Autopol VI, Serial #91058 Manufactured by Rudolph Research Analytical, Hackettstown, NJ, USA.

Measurement Date : Tuesday, 13-DEC-2022

Set Temperature : 20.0

Time Delay : Disabled

Delay between Measurement : Disabled

<u>n</u> 5	Average -9.11	<u>Std.Dev.</u> 0.97	<u>% RSC</u> -10.64	<u>Maxim</u> -8.04	num <u>Mini</u> -10.7	<u>mum</u> 1				
S.No	Sample ID	Time		Result	Scale	OR °Arc	WLG.nm	Lg.mm	Conc.g/100ml	Temp.
1	janh-18b-1	03:30:	30 PM	-8.93	SR	-0.010	589	100.00	0.112	20.2
2	janh-18b-1	03:30:	37 PM	-10.71	SR	-0.012	589	100.00	0.112	20.2
3	janh-18b-1	03:30:	43 PM	-8.93	SR	-0.010	589	100.00	0.112	20.2
4	janh-18b-1	03:30:	50 PM	-8.93	SR	-0.010	589	100.00	0.112	20.1
5	janh-18b-1	03:30:	57 PM	-8.04	SR	-0.009	589	100.00	0.112	20.1





# S29. ECD and UV of compound 3



### S30. HRESIMS of compound 3

