### A Two Step Access to Fused-/Spiro-Polycyclic Frameworks via Double Heck Cascade and Acid-Driven Processes

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### **Supporting Information**

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### **Experimental Section**

### **General Methods:**

IR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Tensor 37 (FTIR) spectrophotometer. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 400 (400 MHz) spectrometer at 295 K in CDCl<sub>3</sub>; chemical shifts ( $\delta$  ppm) and coupling constants (Hz) are reported in standard fashion concerning either internal standard tetramethylsilane (TMS) ( $\delta H = 0.00 \text{ ppm}$ ) or CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta H = 7.25 \text{ ppm}$ ). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 400 (100 MHz) spectrometer at RT in CDCl<sub>3</sub>; chemical shifts ( $\delta$  ppm) are reported relative to CDCl<sub>3</sub> [ $\delta$ C = 77.00 ppm (central line of the triplet)]. In the  ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$  NMR, the nature of carbons (C, CH, CH<sub>2</sub>, and CH<sub>3</sub>) was determined by recording the DEPT-135 spectra and is given in parentheses and noted as s =singlet (for C), d = doublet (for CH), t = triplet (for CH<sub>2</sub>) and q = quartet (for CH<sub>3</sub>). In the <sup>1</sup>H NMR, the following abbreviations were used throughout: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, qui = quintet, sept = septet, dd = doublet of the doublet, m = multiplet, and br. s = broad singlet. The assignment of signals was confirmed by <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup> H} CPD, and DEPT spectra. High-resolution mass spectra (HR-MS) were recorded on an Agilent 6538 UHD Q-TOF electron spray ionization (ESI) mode and atmospheric pressure chemical ionization (APCI) modes. All small-scale reactions were carried out by using a Schlenk tube. Reactions were monitored by TLC on silica gel using a combination of hexane and ethyl acetate as eluents. Solvents were distilled before use; for petroleum ether, the boiling range of 60-80 °C was used. Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub>, K<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, DPEPhos, TEBAC, and TfOH were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and used as received. Diphenylacetylene was purchased from BLD. Toluene was dried over sodium metal, whereas DCE was dried over calcium hydride. Acme's silica gel (60-120 mesh) was used for column chromatography (approximately 20 g per 1 g of crude material).



Scheme 1S: Preparation of ethyl 2-bromocinnamate esters 1.



Table-1S: 2-Bromobenzaldehydes 7a-7c.

The following starting materials, ethyl 2-bromocinnamate esters **1a-1o** (Table-2S) are known in the literature except **11**, **1n**, and, **1o**, and were prepared according to the previous literature reports.<sup>1–6</sup>



 Table-2S: Ethyl 2-bromocinnamate esters 1a-1o.

The following diarylacetylenes **2a-2n** (Table-3S) are known in the literature and were prepared according to the previous literature reports.<sup>7–10</sup>



Table-3S: Diaryl acetylenes 2a-2n.

The following *para*-substituted phenols were purchased and used as received as shown in Table-4S.



Table-4S: para-substituted Phenols 5a-5c.

#### **Experimental:**

# General Procedure - 1 (GP-1) for the Preparation of ethyl 2-bromocinnamate esters (1l, 1n and 1o):

To an oven-dried round-bottomed flask equipped with a magnetic stir bar under nitrogen atmosphere, were added NaH (34.7 mg, 1.4 mmol) and anhydrous THF (1 mL) at 0 °C and stirred for 2 min. To the resultant solution at 0 °C, was added the phosphonate reagent (294-362, 1.4 mmol) dropwise until the effervescence is stopped and golden-coloured clear ylide solution is generated, the solution was continued to stir for 10 min at the same temperature. To the ylide reagent at 0 °C, was added the solution of benzaldehyde **7a/7b/7c** (71.6-100 mg, 0.36 mmol) in dry THF (0.5 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere and the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 3 h. Completion of the reaction was monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude material by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate) furnished the ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1l/1n/1o** (95-96%), as colorless oil/white solid.

### General Procedure - 2 (GP-2) for the Preparation of 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester (3aa-3an):

To an oven-dried Schlenk tube charged with a stirring base, were added ethyl 2bromocinnamate ester **1a-o** (99–134 mg, 0.39 mmol), diarylacetylene **2a-n** (41–94 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol), and toluene (1 mL) at room temperature under open air atmosphere. The resultant reaction mixture as stirred at 120 °C for 9 to 16 h. Completion of the reaction was monitored by TLC (5:95 to 15:85 ethyl acetate and hexane). The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride, and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude material by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate) furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3aa-3an** (52–96%), as orange/yellow/red/maroon solid or yellow oil.

General Procedure - 3 (GP-3) for the Preparation of benzo[a]fluorene (4a-4i): To a solution of 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester 3aa-3jc (35-49 mg, 0.1 mmol) in a Schlenk tube in

dichloroethane solvent (1 mL), was added TfOH (15 mg, 0.1 mmol) under open air atmosphere and allowed the reaction mixture to stir at 100 °C for 4 to 13 h. Completion of the reaction was monitored by TLC (5:95 to 15:85 ethyl acetate and hexane). The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride and extracted with ethyl acetate ( $3 \times 15$  mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine solution, dried ( $Na_2SO_4$ ), and evaporated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude material by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate) furnished the benzo[*a*]fluorene **4a-i** (48-96%), as maroon/purple solid.

General Procedure - 4 (GP-4) for the Preparation of spiro-chromenone indene (6a-6j): To a solution of 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3aa-3ak** (35-44 mg, 0.1 mmol) in a Schlenk tube in dichloroethane solvent (1 mL), was added phenol **5a-c** (32-45 mg, 0.3 mmol) and TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) under open air atmosphere and allowed the reaction mixture to stir at 80 °C for 1 to 3 h. Completion of the reaction was monitored by TLC (5:95 to 15:85 ethyl acetate and hexane). The reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride and extracted with ethyl acetate ( $3 \times 15$  mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine solution, dried (Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>), and evaporated under reduced pressure. Purification of the crude material by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate) furnished the spirochromenone indene **6a-6j** (75-92%) as red/pink/yellow oil or white solid.



### Methyl (*E*)-3-(2-bromo-3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)acrylate (11):

**GP-1** was carried out with 2-bromo-3,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde **7a** (100 mg, 0.36 mmol), NaH (34.7 mg, 1.4 mmol), methyl 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl)acetate (294 mg, 1.4 mmol) and DMF (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2 to 97:3), furnished the methyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1l** (112.9 mg, 95%), as white solid; mp = 80-82 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**7a**) = 0.3,  $R_f$ (**1l**) = 0.2 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2943, 1714, 1476, 1437, 1279, 1172, 1107, 1003, 826 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.03 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 6.29 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.89 – 3.86 (m, 6H), 3.81 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.8, 152.8, 151.1, 144.8, 143.2, 129.7, 119.7, 112.9, 105.9, 61.1, 60.9, 56.1, 51.8 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for  $[C_{13}H_{16}Br^{79}O_5]^+$  331.0176; found 331.0169; calcd for  $[C_{13}H_{16}Br^{81}O_5]^+$  333.0155; found 333.0150.



*tert*-Butyl (*E*)-3-(2-bromo-4-methylphenyl)acrylate (1n):

**GP-1** was carried out with 2-bromo-4-methylbenzaldehyde **7b** (71.6 mg, 0.36 mmol), NaH (34.7 mg, 1.4 mmol), *tert*-butyl 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl)acetate (362 mg, 1.4 mmol) and DMF (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the *tert*-butyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1n** (102 mg, 96%), as colorless oil [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1),  $R_f$ (**7b**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**1n**) = 0.5 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2976, 1705, 1631, 1314, 1262, 1144, 976, 812, 762 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.93 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.27 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.53 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 165.8, 141.7, 141.6, 133.7, 131.6, 128.5, 127.2, 125.1, 121.7, 80.5, 28.1, 20.9 (3C) ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>17</sub>Br<sup>79</sup>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 319.0304; found 319.0307; calcd for [C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>17</sub>Br<sup>81</sup>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 321.0284; found 321.0288.



### *tert*-Butyl (*E*)-3-(2-bromo-3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)acrylate (10):

**GP-1** was carried out with 2-bromo-3,5-dimethoxybenzaldehyde 7c (88.2 mg, 0.36 mmol), NaH (34.7 mg, 1.4 mmol), tert-butyl 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl)acetate (362 mg, 1.4 mmol) and DMF (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2 to 97:3), furnished the *tert*-butyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1o** (118 mg, 96%), as colorless oil [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**7c**) = 0.2,  $R_f$ (**1o**) = 0.4 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2972, 1705, 1580, 1457, 1280, 1151, 1080, 975, 838 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.99 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 1.52 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 165.7$ , 159.6, 157.0, 142.5, 136.1, 123.2, 106.3, 103.2, 101.1, 80.8, 56.4, 55.6, 28.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>19</sub>Br<sup>79</sup>KO<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>381.0098; found 381.0082; calcd for [C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>19</sub>Br<sup>81</sup>KO<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup>383.0078; found 383.0064.



### Ethyl (E)-2-(2,3-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ab):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1a** (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2b** (71 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2 to 97:3), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ab** (109 mg, 88%), as orange solid; mp = 136-138 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**1a**) = 0.8,  $R_f$ (**3ab**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**2b**) = 0.6 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2356, 1715, 1607, 1501, 1292, 1249, 1175, 1035, 773 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.69 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.11 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.90 – 6.77 (m, 4H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 4.28 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.6, 159.0, 158.7, 152.5, 144.5, 144.1, 138.4, 133.3, 132.1 (2C), 130.6 (2C), 129.7, 127.2, 126.8, 126.3, 126.2, 120.2, 119.4, 113.7 (2C), 113.6 (2C), 60.7, 55.2, 55.1, 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 412.1669; found 412.1665.



Ethyl (E)-2-(2,3-bis(3-methoxyphenyl)-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ac):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1a** (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2c** (71 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:2 to 99:3), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ac** (105 mg, 85%), as red solid; mp = 90-92 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:2),  $R_f$ (**1a**) = 0.8,  $R_f$ (**3ac**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**2c**) = 0.6 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2945, 1716, 1577, 1461, 1188, 1149, 1047, 769, 702 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.68 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.15 (m, 5H), 6.94 – 6.60 (m, 6H), 6.21 (s, 1H), 4.28 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.63 (s, 3H) 1.31 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.4, 159.2, 159.2, 151.9, 144.7, 144.1, 139.3, 135.3, 134.9, 133.1, 129.8, 129.2, 129.1, 127.3, 127.1, 123.4, 121.6, 120.5, 120.3, 116.4, 114.3, 113.9, 113.1, 60.7, 55.1, 55.1, 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 413.1747; found 413.1746.



### Ethyl (E)-2-(2,3-di-m-tolyl-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ad):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1a** (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2d** (62 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ad** (98 mg, 86%), as orange solid; mp = 98-100 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1), *R<sub>f</sub>*(**1a**) = 0.5, *R<sub>f</sub>*(**3ad**) = 0.6, *R<sub>f</sub>*(**2d**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3436, 1716, 1456, 1377, 1201, 1178, 1034, 796, 706 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.61 – 8.59 (m, 1H), 7.23 – 6.80 (m, 11H), 6.08 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.26 – 4.07 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.6, 152.4, 144.8, 144.5, 139.5, 137.7, 137.6, 133.9, 133.8, 133.3, 131.6, 129.8, 129.8, 128.6, 128.2, 128.2, 128.1, 128.0, 127.4, 126.9, 126.5, 120.5, 120.1, 60.8, 21.5 (2C), 14.3. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 381.1849; found 381.1857.



### Ethyl (E)-2-(2,3-di-p-tolyl-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ae):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1a** (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2e** (62 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ae** (99 mg, 87%), as red solid; mp = 160-162 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1),  $R_f$ (**1a**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3ae**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**2e**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3433, 1712, 1454, 1377, 1188, 1164, 1036, 813, 770 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.76 – 8.58 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.15 – 7.08 (m, 6H), 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 4.27 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.31 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.6, 152.4, 144.5, 139.0, 137.6, 136.9, 136.5, 133.3, 130.9, 130.9, 130.8 (2C), 129.7, 129.2 (2C), 128.9 (2C), 128.8 (2C), 127.3, 126.9, 120.4, 119.8, 60.7, 21.3, 21.3, 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 380.1771; found 380.1754.



### Ethyl (E)-2-(2,3-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ak):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1a** (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2k** (74 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:2), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ak** (113 mg, 90%), as red solid; mp = 148-150 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:2),  $R_f$ (**1a**) = 0.5,

 $R_f(3ak) = 0.6, R_f(2k) = 0.7$  UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max} = 2977, 1714, 1454, 1377, 1194, 1165, 1093, 771, 515 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) <math>\delta = 8.72 - 8.70$  (m, 1H), 7.32 - 7.25 (m, 6H), 7.23 - 7.19 (m, 1H), 7.17 - 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.08 - 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.13 (s, 1H), 4.28 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 166.1, 151.5, 144.1, 143.6, 138.4, 133.9, 133.7, 132.9, 132.1 (2C), 132.0, 131.9, 130.5 (2C), 129.9, 128.7 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 127.5, 127.4, 120.5, 120.3, 60.9, 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) <math>m/z$ : [M+2K]<sup>+2</sup> calcd for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>18</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>K<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+2</sup> 248.9974; found 248.9957.



Ethyl (E)-2-(2,3-bis(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3aj):

GP-2 was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester 1a (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene 2i (94 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:2), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3aj** (88 mg, 60%), as orange solid; mp = 140-142 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:2),  $R_{1}(1a) = 0.4$ ,  $R_{i}(3aj) = 0.5, R_{i}(2j) = 0.8 \text{ UV detection}$ ]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max} = 3427, 2343,$ 1714, 1620, 1365, 1307, 1167, 1120, 706 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 8.66 - 8.64$ (m, 1H), 7.50 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.40 – 7.28 (m, 5H), 7.27 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.13 (m, 1H), 6.16 – 5.91 (m, 1H), 4.21 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz,  $CDCl_3$ )  $\delta = 166.0, 151.0, 144.4, 143.2, 138.8, 134.2, 134.2, 134.0, 132.9, 132.4, 130.9 (q, J = 100.0)$ 32.4 Hz), 130.8 (q, J = 32.6 Hz), 130.2, 128.9, 128.9, 127.8, 127.7, 127.5 (q, J = 3.7 Hz), 125.9  $(q, J = 3.9 \text{ Hz}), 124.8 (q, J = 3.6 \text{ Hz}), 124.5 (q, J = 3.8 \text{ Hz}), 123.8 (q, J = 273.5 \text{ Hz}), 123.7 (q, J = 3.9 \text{ Hz}), 123.7 (q, J = 3.9 \text{ Hz}), 123.8 (q, J = 3.6 \text{ Hz}), 123.7 (q, J = 3.8 \text{ Hz}), 123.8 (q, J = 3.6 \text{ Hz}), 123.7 (q, J = 3.8 \text{ Hz}), 123.8 (q, J = 3.6 \text{ Hz}), 123.7 (q, J = 3.8 \text{ Hz}), 123.8 (q, J = 3.6 \text{ Hz}), 123.7 (q, J = 3.8 \text{ Hz}), 123.8 (q, J = 3.8 \text{ Hz$ J = 273.6 Hz), 121.0, 120.3, 101.7, 61.0, 14.2 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = -62.84$ (s), -62.98 (s) ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>22</sub>F<sub>6</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 506.1549; found 506.1561.



# Ethyl (*E*)-2-(2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate & Ethyl (*E*)-2-(3-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (1:1) (3af+3af'):

GP-2 was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester 1a (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene 2f (62 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2 to 97:3), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3af+3af'** as orange solid (88 mg, 77%), as orange solid; mp = 80-82 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_{f}(1a) = 0.8, R_{f}(3af+3af') = 0.6, R_{f}(2f) = 0.7 \text{ UV detection}]. \text{ IR (MIR-ATR, 4000-600 cm^{-1}):}$ *v<sub>max</sub>* = 2355, 1716, 1459, 1377, 1286, 1190, 1034, 770, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR [400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable regioisomeric mixture of **3af** and **3af**' in (1:1)]  $\delta = 8.81 - 8.57$  (m, 1H), 7.44 - 7.05 (m, 9H), 6.95 - 6.59 (m, 3H), 6.24 and 6.19 (2×s, 1H), 4.29 and 4.29 (2×q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.69 and 3.62 (2×s, 3H), 1.33 and 1.32 (2×t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR [100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable regioisomeric mixture of **3af** and **3af'** in (1:1)]  $\delta = 166.5$ , 166.4, 159.2, 159.1, 152.1, 151.9, 144.8, 144.7, 144.2, 144.1, 139.5, 139.2, 135.2, 134.98, 133.8, 133.7, 133.1 (2C), 130.9 (2C), 129.8, 129.8, 129.2 (2C), 129.2, 129.1, 128.2 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 127.8, 127.4, 127.4, 127.3, 127.0 (2C), 123.5, 121.6, 120.4, 120.5, 120.2, 120.2, 116.4, 114.3, 113.9, 113.1, 60.7 (2C), 55.1, 55.0, 14.2 (2C) ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 383.1642; found 383.1650.



Ethyl (*E*)-2-(3-phenyl-2-(p-tolyl)-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate & Ethyl (*E*)-2-(2-phenyl-3-(*p*-tolyl)-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (1:1) (3ag+3ag'):

GP-2 was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester 1a (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene 2g (58 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2 to 97:3), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ag+3ag'** (83 mg, 76%), as orange solid; mp = 130-132 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_{f}(1a) = 0.8$ ,  $R_{f}(3ag+3ag') = 0.6, R_{f}(2g) = 0.7 \text{ UV detection}$ . IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max} = 2860$ , 1716, 1619, 1453, 1379, 1176, 1094, 1031, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR [400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable regioisomeric mixture of **3ag** and **3ag'** in (1:1)]  $\delta = 8.76 - 8.60$  (m, 1H), 7.32 - 7.23 (m, 7H), 7.18 - 7.07 (m, 4H), 7.05 - 7.00 (m, 1H), 6.20 and 6.16 (2×s, 1H), 4.29 and 4.29 (2×q, J = 7.1Hz, 2H), 2.34 and 2.33 (2×s, 3H), 1.32 and 1.32 (2×t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR [100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable regioisomeric mixture of **3ag** and **3ag'** in (1:1)]  $\delta = 166.5$  (2C), 152.2, 152.2, 144.9, 144.5, 144.4, 144.4, 139.4, 139.0, 137.7, 137.0, 134.1, 133.9, 133.2, 133.2, 130.9 (2C), 130.8 (2C), 130.8, 130.7, 129.8, 129.8, 129.3 (2C), 129.1 (2C), 128.9, (2C) 128.9 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 128.1 (2C), 127.7, 127.3 (2C), 127.3, 126.9, 126.9, 120.5, 120.3, 120.1, 119.8, 60.7 (2C), 21.3, 21.3, 14.2 (2C) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 367.1693; found 367.1689.



# Ethyl (*E*)-2-(2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate & Ethyl(*E*)-2-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (1:1) (3ah+3ah'):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1a** (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2h** (62 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2 to 97:3), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ah+3ah'** (90 mg, 79%), as orange solid; mp = 110-112 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**1a**) = 0.8,  $R_f$ (**3ah+3ah'**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**2h**) = 0.7 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2975, 1711, 1606, 1451, 1377, 1243, 1164, 1027, 697 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR [400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable

regioisomeric mixture of **3ah** and **3ah'** in (1:1)]  $\delta = 8.74 - 8.71$  (m, 1H), 7.33 - 7.22 (m, 7H), 7.19 - 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.08 and 7.05 (2×s, 1H), 6.84 - 6.79 (m, 2H), 6.21 and 6.17 (2×s, 1H), 4.28 and 4.28 (2×q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.77 and 3.75 (2×s, 3H), 1.32 and 1.31 (2×t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable regioisomeric mixture of **3ah** and **3ah'** in (1:1))  $\delta = 166.4$ , 166.4, 159.1, 158.8, 152.3, 152.2, 144.5, 144.4, 144.3, 144.3, 139.1, 138.6, 134.2, 133.9, 133.3, 133.1, 132.0 (2C), 130.9 (2C), 130.5 (2C), 129.8, 129.7, 129.2 (2C), 128.1 (2C), 128.1 (2C), 127.7, 127.3 (2C), 127.2, 126.9, 126.8, 125.9, 125.9, 120.4, 120.2, 120.0, 119.5, 113.6 (4C), 60.7, 60.63, 55.0 (2C), 14.2 (2C) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 383.1642; found 383.1631.



Ethyl (E)-2-(6-fluoro-2,3-diphenyl-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ca):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1c** (106 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ca** (63 mg, 57%), as red solid; mp = 122-124 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:1),  $R_f$ (**1c**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**3ca**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3108, 1706, 1462, 1442, 1369, 1267, 1198, 1164, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.57 (dd, J = 10.2 and 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.24 (m, 6H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.15 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.98 (td, J = 8.5, and 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 4.29 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.1, 162.6 (d, J = 243.7 Hz), 151.4 (d, J = 2.0 Hz), 144.4, 140.1 (d, J = 2.7 Hz), 139.1 (d, J = 4.0 Hz), 134.9 (d, J = 9.7 Hz), 133.6, 133.5, 130.9 (2C), 129.1 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 127.9, 127.4, 121.0, 120.9 (d, J = 8.5 Hz), 115.9 (d, J = 12.6 Hz), 115.6 (d, J = 8.7 Hz), 60.9, 14.2 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -114.99 (s) ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>2</sub>5H<sub>20</sub>FO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 371.1442; found 371.1442.



### Ethyl (*E*)-2-(6-chloro-2,3-diphenyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3da):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1d** (112 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3da** (71 mg, 61%), as orange solid; mp = 110-112 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:1),  $R_f$ (**1d**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3da**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3429, 1715, 1451, 1423, 1193, 1166, 1094, 1032, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.76 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.25 (m, 7H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.16 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.1, 151.1, 144.2, 142.6, 139.6, 134.7, 133.5, 133.3, 132.9, 130.9 (2C), 129.4, 129.2 (2C), 128.3 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 128.0, 127.9, 127.6, 121.3, 121.1, 61.0, 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 387.1146; found 387.1136.



### Ethyl (*E*)-2-(6-methoxy-2,3-diphenyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ea):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1e** (111 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ea** (100 mg, 88%), as dark red solid; mp = 96-98 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**1e**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**3ea**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3441, 2928, 1713, 1607, 1464, 1368, 1179, 1033, 699 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.51 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.22 (m, 8H), 7.19 – 7.10 (m, 3H), 6.82 (dd, J = 8.3 and 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 4.27 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 1.31 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.5, 159.7, 152.5, 145.1, 137.8, 137.1, 135.0, 134.2, 134.0, 131.1 (2C), 129.3 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 127.9, 127.3, 120.9, 119.9, 114.9, 114.3, 60.8, 55.7, 14.3 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 383.1642; found 383.1643.



### Ethyl (E)-2-(6-methoxy-2,3-diphenyl-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3fa):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1f** (134 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3fa** (119 mg, 90%), as red solid; mp = 172-174 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**1f**) = 0.3,  $R_f$ (**3fa**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2932, 1713, 1587, 1464, 1414, 1172, 1126, 889, 702 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.53 (s, 1H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 8H), 7.07 (dd, J = 7.7 and 1.7 Hz, 2H), 6.11 (s, 1H), 4.26 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.30 (s, 3H), 1.30 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.6, 152.8, 152.6, 148.2, 145.2, 144.5, 138.9, 135.4, 133.9, 131.2 (2C), 129.7, 129.5 (2C), 129.3, 127.9 (2C), 127.2, 127.1 (2C), 119.6, 109.6, 61.2, 61.1, 60.7, 56.5, 14.3 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>26</sub>KO<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 481.1412; found 481.1410.



Ethyl (*E*)-2-(4,5,6-trimethoxy-3-phenyl-2-(p-tolyl)-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate & Ethyl (*E*)-2-(4,5,6-trimethoxy-2-phenyl-3-(*p*-tolyl)-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (1:1) (3fg+3fg'):

GP-2 was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester 1f (134 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene 2g (58 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester 3fg+3fg' (128 mg, 94%), as dark red solid; mp = 157-159 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_{f}(1f)$  = 0.3,  $R_{\rm f}(3fg+3fg') = 0.5$ ,  $R_{\rm f}(2g) = 0.9$  UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max} =$ 2939, 1713, 1465, 1414, 1383, 1290, 1195, 1174, 1126, 887 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR [400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable regioisomeric mixture of 3fg and 3fg' in (1:1)]  $\delta = 8.44$  (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 – 7.12 (m, 4H), 7.04 – 6.86 (m, 5H), 6.04 and 6.00 (2×s, 1H), 4.17 and 4.16 (2×q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.24 and 3.20 (2×s, 3H), 2.21 and 2.21 (2×s, 3H), 1.22 and 1.21  $(2 \times t, J = 7.1 \text{ Hz}, 3\text{H})$ . <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR [100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable regioisomeric mixture of **3fg** and **3fg'** in (1:1)]  $\delta$  = 166.5 (2C), 152.7, 152.7, 152.6, 152.6, 148.1, 147.9, 145.2, 144.8, 144.4 (2C), 138.8, 138.6, 136.7, 136.6, 135.5, 134.0, 132.2, 131.1 (2C), 130.9 (2C), 130.65, 129.8, 129.6, 129.4 (2C), 129.3, 129.3 (2C), 129.2, 128.6 (2C), 127.8 (2C), 127.8 (2C), 127.1 (2C), 127.0 (2C), 126.9, 119.5, 119.2, 109.5, 109.5, 61.2, 61.1, 61.0, 61.0, 60.6 (2C), 56.4 (2C), 21.3, 21.2, 14.2 (2C) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NaO<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 479.1829; found 479.1835.



### Ethyl (E)-2-(6,7-diphenyl-5H-indeno[5,6-d][1,3]dioxol-5-ylidene)acetate (3ga):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1g** (116 mg, 0.39 mmol) and diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and Toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2 to 97:3), furnished the 2,3-diaryl indene ester **3ga** as dark maroon solid (101 mg, 85%); mp = 130-132 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:3),  $R_f$ (**1g**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**3ga**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2891, 1713, 1589, 1468, 1444, 1294, 1186, 1135, 699 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.38 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.23 (m, 6H), 7.21 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.12 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.09

(s, 1H), 5.94 (s, 2H), 4.25 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 166.4$ , 151.8, 148.7, 146.6, 144.1, 140.1, 138.4, 133.8, 133.7, 130.9 (2C), 129.1 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 128.0 (2C), 127.8, 127.2, 126.7, 119.5, 109.5, 102.2, 101.4, 60.7, 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 414.1700; found 414.1681.



Ethyl (*E*)-2-(6,7-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-5*H*-indeno[5,6-*d*][1,3]dioxol-5-ylidene)acetate (3gb):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1g** (116 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2b** (71 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3gb** (109 mg, 80%), as dark brown solid; mp = 148-150 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**1g**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**3gb**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2b**) = 0.7 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2926, 1607, 1503, 1468, 1377, 1243, 1249, 1177, 768 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.39 (s, 1H), 7.19 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.08 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.89 – 6.77 (m, 5H), 6.09 (s, 1H), 5.99 (s, 2H), 4.28 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 1.33 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.5, 159.0, 158.6, 152.3, 148.6, 146.4, 143.3, 140.3, 137.4, 132.1 (2C), 130.5 (2C), 126.9, 126.3, 126.1, 118.8, 113.7 (2C), 113.6 (2C), 109.5, 102.1, 101.4, 60.6, 55.1 (2C), 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 474.1911; found 474.1920.



Ethyl (*E*)-2-(4,6-dimethoxy-2,3-diphenyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene) acetate (3ha):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1h** (123 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1 to 97:3), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ha** (95 mg, 77%), as maroon solid; mp = 140-142 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 97:3), *R<sub>f</sub>*(**1h**) = 0.5, *R<sub>f</sub>*(**3ha**) = 0.6, *R<sub>f</sub>*(**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3436, 1713, 1592, 1460, 1290, 1202, 1039, 738, 702 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.23 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.14 (m, 8H), 7.08 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.14 (s, 1H), 4.25 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.53 (s, 3H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.4, 160.9, 154.2, 152.5, 145.7, 137.2, 136.0, 135.8, 134.1, 131.2 (2C), 129.6 (2C), 127.8 (2C), 126.8, 126.7 (2C), 123.9, 119.9, 106.6, 101.2, 60.6, 55.7, 55.4, 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>24</sub>KO<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 451.1306; found 451.1314.



#### Ethyl (*E*)-2-(5-methyl-2,3-diphenyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ba):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1b** (105 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ba** (105 mg, 96%), as orange solid; mp = 136-138 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1), *R<sub>f</sub>*(**1b**) = 0.5, *R<sub>f</sub>*(**3ba**) = 0.6, *R<sub>f</sub>*(**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>): *v<sub>max</sub>* = 2983, 1709, 1622, 1379, 1186, 1163, 1095, 1032, 702 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.59 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 6H), 7.24 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.07 (m, 4H), 6.12 (s, 1H), 4.26 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.30 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.5, 152.2, 144.8, 144.6, 140.2, 139.8, 133.9, 133.9, 130.9 (2C), 130.5, 129.3 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 128.1 (2C), 127.7, 127.4, 127.4, 127.3, 121.4, 119.3, 60.6, 21.8, 14.2. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 389.1512; found 389.1496.



### Ethyl (E)-2-(5-chloro-2,3-diphenyl-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ja):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1j** (113 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ja** (90 mg, 78%), as orange solid; mp = 134-136 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1),  $R_f$ (**1j**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**3ja**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2983, 1710, 1450, 1376, 1192, 1164, 876, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.69 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.22 (m, 8H), 7.22 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.16 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.21 (s, 1H), 4.27 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.30 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.2, 151.1, 146.1, 143.9, 140.8, 135.9, 133.4, 133.1, 131.3, 130.8 (2C), 129.1 (2C), 128.5, 128.3 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 128.0, 127.6, 126.5, 120.9, 120.7, 60.8, 14.2. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 387.1146; found 387.1140.



### Ethyl (E)-2-(5-fluoro-2,3-diphenyl-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ia):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1i** (106 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ia** (82 mg, 74%), as orange solid; mp = 114-116 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1),  $R_f$ (**1i**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3ia**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2983, 1710, 1594, 1465, 1378, 1207, 1186, 734, 868 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.74 (dd, *J* = 8.4 and

5.4 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.23 (m, 6H), 7.22 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.16 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 6.98 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 6.16 (s, 1H), 4.26 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.30 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.3, 164.1 (d, J = 249.4 Hz), 151.1, 147.1 (d, J = 8.9 Hz), 143.7 (d, J = 2.3 Hz), 141.1, 133.5, 133.2, 130.8 (2C), 129.2, 129.1 (2C), 128.9 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 128.3 (2C), 128.1, 128.0 (2C), 127.6, 120.2 (d, J = 1.9 Hz), 112.8 (d, J = 22.1 Hz), 108.3 (d, J = 24.6 Hz), 60.8, 14.2 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -110.20 (s) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>19</sub>FKO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 409.1001; found 409.1007.



Ethyl (E)-2-(5-chloro-2,3-bis(3-methoxyphenyl)-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3jc):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1j** (112 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2c** (71 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:2), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3jc** (111 mg, 83%), as orange solid; mp = 121-123 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:2),  $R_f$ (**1j**) = 0.7,  $R_f$ (**3jc**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2c**) = 0.8 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2937, 1714, 1591, 1454, 1377, 1286, 1188, 1045, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.66 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.16 (m, 4H), 6.88 – 6.65 (m, 6H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 4.27 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 1.31 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.2, 159.3, 159.2, 150.9, 146.0, 143.7, 140.7, 135.9, 134.8, 134.4, 131.3, 129.4, 129.2, 128.5, 126.6, 123.3, 121.4, 121.0, 120.9, 116.3, 114.3, 114.0, 113.3, 60.9, 55.1, 55.1, 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M]<sup>+2</sup> calcd for [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>23</sub>ClO<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+2</sup> 223.0637; found 223.0616.



## Ethyl(*E*)-2-(4,6-dimethoxy-2,3-bis(2-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (1:1) (3hi+3hi'):

GP-2 was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester 1h (122 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene 2i (71 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 95:5), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3hi** (127 mg, 90%), as dark maroon solid; mp = 146-148 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 95:5),  $R_{f}(1h) =$ 0.6,  $R_{f}(3hi) = 0.4$ ,  $R_{f}(2i) = 0.7$  UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max} = 2933$ , 1710, 1595, 1462, 1431, 1292, 1149, 1028, 754 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR [400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable diastereomeric mixture of **3hi** in (1:1)]  $\delta = 8.16$  and  $8.16 (2 \times d, J = 3.1 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 7.20 - 7.08 (m, J = 3.1 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{Hz}), 7.20 - 7.08 (m, J = 3.1 \text{ Hz}), 7.20 - 7.08 (m, J = 3.1 \text{ Hz}), 7.20 - 7.08 (m, J = 3.1 \text{ Hz}), 7.20 - 7.08 (m, J = 3.1 \text{ Hz}), 7.20 - 7.08 (m, J$ 2H), 6.96 - 6.82 (m, 3H), 6.80 - 6.66 (m, 3H), 6.34 and 6.33 (2×d, J = 3.3Hz, 1H), 5.99 and 5.81 (2×s, 1H), 4.16 and 4.15 (2×q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.65 and 3.61 (2×s, 3H), 3.58 and 3.44 (2×s, 3H), 3.41 and 3.35 (2×s, 3H), 1.28 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR [100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable diastereomeric mixture of **3hi** in (1:1)]  $\delta$ =166.7, 166.6, 160.6, 160.6, 158.2, 158.0, 157.8, 157.59, 154.1, 154.0, 152.6, 152.5, 143.9, 143.8, 136.1, 135.9, 135.2, 133.8, 132.7, 132.4, 129.7, 129.6, 128.8, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 126.4, 126.3, 125.6, 125.2, 123.5, 123.3, 120.3, 119.9, 119.5, 119.2, 119.1, 118.8, 111.1, 110.6, 109.6, 109.6, 106.8, 106.7, 101.3, 101.2, 60.5, 60.5, 55.8, 55.8, 55.7 (2C), 55.4, 55.36, 55.3, 55.1, 14.3 (2C) ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>29</sub>O<sub>6</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 473.1959; found 473.1957.



## Ethyl(*E*)-2-(4,5,6-trimethoxy-2,3-bis(2-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (1:1) (3fi+3fi'):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1f** (134 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2i** (71 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 95:5), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3fi** (102 mg, 68%), as maroon solid; mp = 104-106 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 95:5),  $R_f$ (**1f**) = 0.5,

 $R_f(3fi) = 0.2, R_f(2i) = 0.6$  UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max} = 2934$ , 1709, 1466, 1244, 1194, 1124, 1111, 1027, 753 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR [400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable diastereomeric mixture of **3fi** in (1:1)]  $\delta = 8.51$  and 8.50 (2×s, 1H), 7.24 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.12 – 6.97 (m, 1H), 6.97 – 6.90 (m, 1H), 6.91 – 6.70 (m, 4H), 6.02 and 5.85 (2×s, 1H), 4.24 and 4.23 (2×q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.74 and 3.72 (2×s, 3H), 3.69 and 3.47 (2×s, 3H), 3.30 and 3.30 (2×s, 3H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR [100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable diastereomeric mixture of **3fi** in (1:1)]  $\delta = 166.6, 166.6, 157.9, 157.8, 157.8, 157.6, 152.5, 152.4, 152.3, 152.3, 147.9, 147.8, 144.2, 144.1, 143.3, 143.1, 136.8, 135.5, 132.6, 132.6, 132.1, 130.9, 130.4, 129.7, 129.5, 129.3, 129.2, 128.9, 128.7, 128.5, 128.5, 125.7, 125.7, 123.2, 122.9, 120.2, 119.8, 119.6, 119.2, 118.4, 118.1, 111.0, 110.5, 109.7, 109.7, 109.6, 61.2, 61.1, 60.9, 60.9, 60.3, 60.4, 56.43, 56.4, 55.3, 55.3, 55.1, 21.0, 14.2, 14.1 ppm. HRMS (ESI)$ *m/z*: [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>7</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 502.1986; found 502.1957.



Ethyl (*E*)-2-(6,7-bis(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-5*H*-indeno[5,6-*d*][1,3]dioxol-5-ylidene)acetate (3gj):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1g** (117 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2j** (94 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:3), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3gj** (108 mg, 68%), as maroon solid; mp = 126-128 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:3),  $R_f$ (**1g**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**3gj**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2j**) = 0.8 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2912, 1716, 1471, 1327, 1186, 1122, 1040, 929, 706 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.41 (s, 1H), 7.55 (dd, *J* = 6.6 and 5.7 Hz, 2H), 7.46 – 7.30 (m, 6H), 6.70 (s, 1H), 6.07 (s, 1H), 6.00 (s, 2H), 4.29 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.0, 150.8, 149.0, 147.2, 143.7, 138.9, 137.8, 134.2 (2C), 134.0, 132.3, 130.9 (q, *J* = 32.6 Hz), 130.5 (q, *J* = 32.5 Hz), 129.0, 128.8, 127.6 (q, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 126.6, 125.9 (q, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 124.8 (q, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 124.4 (q, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 123.8 (q, *J* = 273.5 Hz), 123.7 (q, *J* = 273.5 Hz),

120.3, 109.8, 102.0, 101.7, 60.9, 14.1 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -62.86 (s), -62.99 (s) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>19</sub>F<sub>6</sub>O<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 533.1182; found 533.1214



Ethyl (*E*)-2-(2,3-bis(3-methoxyphenyl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3kc):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1k** (125 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2c** (71 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:2), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3kc** (98 mg, 68%), as yellow solid; mp = 110-112 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:2),  $R_f$ (**1k**) = 0.7,  $R_f$ (**3kc**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2c**) = 0.4 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3456, 2343, 1718, 1593, 1462, 1313, 1161, 1043, 704 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.79 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.94 – 6.80 (m, 3H), 6.80 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 6.67 (dd, *J* = 2.5 and 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 4.30 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 1.33 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.1, 159.4, 159.3, 120.5, 144.7, 143.8, 140.7, 136.2, 134.6, 134.2, 131.5 (q, *J* = 32.1 Hz), 129.5, 129.3, 127.3, 124.0 (q, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 123.3, 122.5, 121.4, 116.9 (q, *J* = 3.6 Hz), 116.8 (q, *J* = 253.6 Hz), 116.3, 114.3 (2C), 113.4, 61.1, 55.2, 55.1, 14.2 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -62.50 (s) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M]<sup>+2</sup> calcd for [C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>23</sub>F<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+2</sup> = 240.0769; found 240.0801.



Methyl (E)-2-(4,5,6-trimethoxy-2,3-diphenyl-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3la):

**GP-2** was carried out with methyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **11** (134 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol),  $Pd(OAc)_2$  (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL).

Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3la** (101 mg, 79%), as red solid; mp = 168-170 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**1l**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**3la**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2935, 1712, 1466, 1381, 1290, 1200, 1124, 1038, 702 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.55 (s, 1H), 7.27 – 7.15 (m, 8H), 7.05 (dd, J = 7.6 and 1.7 Hz, 2H), 6.11 (s, 1H), 3.98 (s, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.29 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.8, 153.0, 152.7, 148.1, 145.3, 144.5, 138.8, 135.3, 133.7, 131.0 (2C), 129.6, 129.3 (2C), 129.1, 127.8 (2C), 127.1, 127.0 (2C), 127.0, 118.9, 109.6, 61.1, 61.0, 56.3, 51.7 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+2Na]<sup>+2</sup> calcd for [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>24</sub>Na<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+2</sup> 237.0704; found 237.0695.



### *tert*-Butyl (*E*)-2-(2,3-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-5-methyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3nk):

**GP-2** was carried out with *tert*-butyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1n** (116 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2k** (74 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3nk** (118 mg, 85%), as orange solid; mp = 200-202 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:1),  $R_f$ (**1n**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3nk**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**2k**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2979, 1710, 1487, 1381, 1216, 1143, 1089, 1014, 835 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.54 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.17 – 6.99 (m, 6H), 6.03 (s, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.54 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 165.7, 149.9, 143.9, 143.5, 140.1, 138.8, 133.7, 133.5, 132.3, 132.2 (2C), 132.1, 130.5 (2C), 130.4, 128.6 (2C), 128.5 (2C), 127.7, 127.2, 121.8, 121.1, 81.3, 28.1 (3C), 21.8 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>25</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 463.1226; found 463.1240.



### *tert*-Butyl (*E*)-2-(2,3-diphenyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3ma):

**GP-2** was carried out with *tert*-butyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1m** (110 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ma** (77 mg, 68%), as orange solid; mp = 148-150 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1),  $R_f$ (**1m**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3ma**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2977, 1710, 1628, 1454, 1381, 1211, 1145, 756, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.57 – 8.52 (m, 1H), 7.29 – 7.16 (m, 11H), 7.11 (dd, *J* = 7.5 and 1.7 Hz, 2H), 6.10 (s, 1H), 1.50 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 165.9, 150.3, 144.3, 144.2, 139.4, 134.0, 133.9, 133.3, 130.9 (2C), 129.5, 129.3 (2C), 128.1 (2C), 128.1 (2C), 127.7, 127.3, 126.9, 126.8, 122.4, 120.3, 81.3, 28.2 (3C) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 403.1669; found 403.1685.



### *tert*-Butyl (E)-2-(2,3-bis(3-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3nc):

**GP-2** was carried out with *tert*-butyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1n** (116 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2c** (71 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:2), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3nc** (95 mg, 70%), as orange solid; mp = 123-125 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:2),  $R_f$ (**1n**) = 0.7,  $R_f$ (**3nc**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2c**) = 0.8 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2976, 1710, 1466, 1373, 1286, 1224, 1145, 1099, 698 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.43 (d, J =

7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.03 – 6.98 (m, 2H), 6.81 – 6.66 (m, 5H), 6.60 (dd, J = 2.5 and 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (s, 1H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 3.56 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 166.1$ , 159.3, 159.2, 150.3, 144.4, 144.2, 139.9, 139.7, 135.62, 135.4, 130.6, 129.3, 129.1, 127.4, 127.0, 123.5, 121.6 (2C), 121.4, 116.4, 114.5, 113.7, 113.0, 81.2, 55.2, 55.1, 28.2 (3C), 21.9 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z*: [M+2NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+2</sup> calcd for [C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>38</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+2</sup> 245.1410; found 245.1416.



### tert-Butyl (E)-2-(4,6-dimethoxy-2,3-diphenyl-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (30a):

**GP-2** was carried out with *tert*-butyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **10** (134 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2a** (53 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:3), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **30a** (79 mg, 60%), as dark maroon solid; mp = 130-132 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:3),  $R_f$ (**10**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**30a**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2a**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2960, 1705, 1595, 1460, 1294, 1143, 1107, 740, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.15 – 8.00 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.15 (m, 5H), 7.12 – 7.05 (m, 2H), 6.47 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.57 (s, 3H), 1.56 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.1, 160.7, 154.2, 150.2, 144.8, 137.1, 136.2, 135.9, 134.3, 131.2 (2C), 129.6 (2C), 127.8 (2C), 126.8, 126.7 (2C), 126.7, 123.9, 122.2, 106.1, 100.8, 81.2, 55.7, 55.5, 28.1 (3C) ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 440.1982; found 440.1968.



### Ethyl (*E*)-2-(2,3-di(thiophen-2-yl)-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3al):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester 1a (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene 2l (57 mg, 0.3 mmol),  $Pd(OAc)_2$  (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03

mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 95:5), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3al** (57 mg, 52%), as orange solid; mp = 106-108 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 95:5),  $R_f$ (**1a**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3al**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**2l**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3434, 1714, 1455, 1376, 1210. 1178, 768, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.83 – 8.44 (m, 1H), 7.56 (dd, J = 7.4 and 1 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (dd, J = 5.1 and 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 7.21 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 7.05 (dd, J = 5.1 and 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, J = 5.1 and 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (dd, J = 3.5 and 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (s, 1H), 4.22 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.4, 152.2, 142.9, 140.2, 135.0, 134.2, 133.3, 131.8, 130.1, 129.9, 128.7, 127.7, 127.6, 127.5, 127.4, 127.3, 127.0, 120.9, 120.2, 60.9, 14.3 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 365.0664; found 365.0665.



### Ethyl (*E*)-3-(2-(5-(thiophen-2-ylethynyl)thiophen-2-yl)phenyl)acrylate (3al'):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1a** (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2l** (57 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:5), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3al**' (44 mg, 40%), as brown solid; mp = 68-70 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:5),  $R_f$ (**1a**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3al**') = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**2l**) = 0.8 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3426, 1710, 1632, 1314, 1177, 1030, 808, 763, 701 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.98 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (dd, *J* = 7.3 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.51 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.45 – 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.03 (dd, *J* = 5.1 and 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.7, 143.2, 134.0, 133.3, 132.7, 132.2, 130.7, 129.9, 128.4, 128.3, 127.8, 127.5, 127.2 (2C), 123.9, 122.7, 120.3, 87.3, 86.0, 60.5, 14.3 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>16</sub>KO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 403.0223; found 403.0212.



### Ethyl (E)-2-(5-methyl-2,3-di(thiophen-2-yl)-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3bl):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1b** (105 mg, 0.39 mmol), diaryl acetylene **2l** (57 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3bl** (68 mg, 60%), as orange solid; mp = 94-96 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:1),  $R_f$ (**1b**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**3bl**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**2l**) = 0.7 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2921, 1714, 1633, 1378, 1313, 1265, 1174, 1035, 702 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.63 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.44 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.36 (dd, *J* = 5.1 and 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.13 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 7.06 (dd, *J* = 5.1 and 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (dd, *J* = 3.5 and 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (s, 1H), 4.28 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.33 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.4, 152.2, 143.3, 140.3, 140.0, 135.0, 134.3, 132.2, 130.6, 130.0, 128.6, 128.0, 127.5, 127.4 (2C), 127.2, 126.9, 121.9, 119.3, 77.0, 60.7, 21.9, 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub>KO<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 417.0380; found 417.0367.



### Ethyl (E)-2-(3-phenyl-2-(trimethylsilyl)-1H-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3am):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1a** (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), alkylaryl acetylene **2m** (52 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-alkylarylindene enoate ester **3am** (88 mg, 84%), as yellow oil. [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:1),  $R_f$ (**1a**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3am**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**2m**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2960, 1716, 1619, 1451, 1373, 1184, 1029, 842, 690 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.65 – 8.47 (m, 1H), 7.45 –

7.34 (m, 3H), 7.27 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.22 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 6.90 – 6.76 (m, 1H), 6.52 (s, 1H), 4.31 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.35 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.03 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.6, 159.8, 155.7, 147.1, 138.2, 136.8, 135.1, 129.8, 128.9 (2C), 128.3 (2C), 128.2, 127.3, 126.9, 120.5, 120.3, 60.9, 14.4, 1.6 (3C) ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si]<sup>+</sup> 349.1618; found 349.1618.



### Ethyl (Z)-2-(2,3-dipropyl-1*H*-inden-1-ylidene)acetate (3an):

**GP-2** was carried out with ethyl 2-bromocinnamate ester **1a** (99 mg, 0.39 mmol), dialkyl acetylene **2n** (41 mg, 0.3 mmol), Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (3.36 mg, 0.015 mmol), DPEPhos (16.14 mg, 0.03 mmol), TEBAC (68 mg, 0.3 mmol), K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (165 mg, 1.2 mmol) and toluene (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 99:1), furnished the 2,3-dialkylindene enoate ester **3an** (69 mg, 81%), as yellow oil. [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:1),  $R_f$ (**1a**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3an**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**2n**) = 0.9 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2957, 1714, 1629, 1455, 1267, 1164, 1031, 871, 754 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.55 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (s, 1H), 4.31 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.49 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.44 – 2.36 (m, 2H), 1.60 (dd, *J* = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.52 (dd, *J* = 15.4, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.37 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 3H), 0.98 (t, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.6, 152.1, 145.4, 145.3, 137.5, 133.5, 129.7, 126.9, 126.2, 118.4, 115.3, 60.7, 27.9, 26.7, 24.1, 22.0, 14.5, 14.4, 14.4 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 307.1669; found 307.1662.



### 9-Methyl-11-phenyl-5*H*-benzo[*a*]fluoren-5-one (4b):

**GP-3** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ba** (36.7 mg, 0.1 mmol), TfOH (15 mg, 0.1 mmol) and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the benzo[*a*]fluorene **4b** (29 mg, 91%), as maroon solid; mp = 127-129 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**4b**) = 0.4.,  $R_f$ (**3ba**) = 0.6, UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2923, 1961, 1639, 1549, 1463, 1281, 889, 759 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.27 – 8.00 (m, 1H), 7.62 – 7.51 (m, 3H), 7.54 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 186.4, 152.9, 148.9, 146.24, 141.3, 134.4, 133.4, 132.9, 132.2, 130.4, 129.3 (2C), 129.0, 128.5, 128.1 (2C), 128.0, 127.7, 127.4, 125.1, 123.4, 121.9, 120.6, 21.7 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O]<sup>+</sup> 321.1274; found 321.1275.



### 8,10-Dimethoxy-11-phenyl-5*H*-benzo[*a*]fluoren-5-one (4c):

**GP-3** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ha** (41.2 mg, 0.1 mmol), TfOH (15 mg, 0.1 mmol) and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 95:5), furnished the benzo[*a*]fluorene **4c** (35 mg, 95%), as purple solid; mp = 178-180 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:5),  $R_f$ (**4c**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3ha**) = 0.7, UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2923, 2854, 1599, 1470, 1287, 1209, 1057, 756 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.06 (dd, J = 7.9 and 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.52 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.43 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.18 (td, J = 7.6 and 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (ddd, J = 8.8, 7.3 and 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, J = 8.1 and 1 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (s, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.47 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 186.5, 162.5, 156.6, 152.8, 151.1, 139.5, 136.9, 133.9, 132.1, 130.1, 128.4 (2C), 128.1, 127.5 (2C), 127.3, 126.8, 125.3, 124.6, 124.5, 121.1, 102.4, 100.5, 55.7, 55.4 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 367.1329; found 367.1330.



### 9-Chloro-11-phenyl-5*H*-benzo[*a*]fluoren-5-one (4d):

**GP-3** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ja** (38.7 mg, 0.1 mmol), TfOH (15 mg, 0.1 mmol) and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the benzo[*a*]fluorene **4d** (28 mg, 81%), as maroon solid; mp = 194-196 °C. [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1),  $R_f$ (**4d**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3ja**) = 0.3, UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3060, 2291, 2096, 1640, 1450, 1280, 1073, 758 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.06 (dd, J = 7.8 and 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.49 (m, 3H), 7.3d – 7.30 (m, 3H), 7.31 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.11 (dd, J = 7.8 and 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.88 – 6.72 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 186.0, 151.6, 151.7, 147.5, 147.3, 136.8, 133.7, 133.6, 132.9, 132.4, 130.2, 129.4 (2C), 129.4, 128.8, 128.2, 128.1 (2C), 127.6, 127.5, 125.2, 122.6, 121.7 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClO]<sup>+</sup> 341.0728; found 341.0732.



### 9-Fluoro-11-phenyl-5*H*-benzo[*a*]fluoren-5-one (4e):

**GP-3** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ia** (37 mg, 0.1 mmol), TfOH (15 mg, 0.1 mmol) and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the benzo[*a*]fluorene **4e** (25 mg, 77%), as maroon solid; mp = 207-209 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:2),  $R_f$ (**4e**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**3ia**) = 0.3, UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3062, 2396, 1981, 1640, 1462, 1277, 878, 756 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.10 (dd, J = 7.7 and 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.66 – 7.53 (m, 3H), 7.52 – 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.33 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 6.92 – 6.76 (m, 2H), 6.60 (dd, J = 8.6 and 2.3 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 186.2, 165.0 (d, J = 250.3 Hz), 151.8, 148.4 (d, J = 8.7 Hz), 147.1, 133.7, 133.0, 132.3, 131.2 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 130.2, 129.4 (2C), 129.3 (2C), 129.2, 128.1, 128.1, 127.6, 125.2, 123.1 (d, J = 9.1 Hz), 121.2, 113.9 (d, J = 23.5 Hz), 110.5 (d, J = 25.2 Hz) ppm.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -109.10 (s) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>14</sub>FO]<sup>+</sup> 325.1023; found 325.1024.



### 8,9,10-Trimethoxy-3-methyl-11-phenyl-5*H*-benzo[*a*]fluoren-5-one & 8,9,10-trimethoxy-11-(*p*-tolyl)-5H-benzo[*a*]fluoren-5-one (1:1) (4f+4f<sup>2</sup>):

**GP-3** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3fg** (45.6 mg, 0.1 mmol), TfOH (15 mg, 0.1 mmol) and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the benzo[*a*]fluorene **4f+4f'** (39 mg, 96%), as purple solid; mp = 196-198 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1),  $R_f$ (**4f+4f'**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3fg**) = 0.6, UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3737, 2935, 1637, 1466, 1379, 1276, 1121, 755 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR [400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable regioisomeric mixture of **4f** and **4f'** in (1:1)]  $\delta$  = 8.11 – 7.80 (m, 1H), 7.52 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.33 (s, 2H), 7.16 (m, 1H), 7.02 – 6.64 (m, 4H), 3.92 and 3.92 (2×s, 3H), 3.81 and 3.81 (2×s, 3H), 3.32 and 3.29 (2×s, 3H), 2.47 and 2.29 (2×s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR [151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>; inseparable regioisomeric mixture of **4f** and **4f'** in (1:1)]  $\delta$  = 186.6, 186.4, 154.4, 154.2, 152.8, 152.8, 150.7, 150.5, 149.9, 148.5, 145.1, 145.0, 138.2, 137.2 (2C), 136.6, 136.5, 133.8, 133.3, 132.3, 132.2, 131.1, 130.7, 130.5, 130.0, 129.9, 129.4 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 128.2, 127.5, (2C), 127.4 (2C), 127.3, 127.1, 126.9, 126.6, 124.9, 124.8, 120.7, 120.5, 103.6, 103.5, 61.1, 60.9, 60.9 (2C), 56.5, 56.5, 21.5, 21.1 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>22</sub>KO<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 449.1150; found 449.1154.



### 2-Methyl-11-(*m*-tolyl)-5*H*-benzo[*a*]fluoren-5-one (4g):

**GP-3** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ad** (38 mg, 0.1 mmol), TfOH (15 mg, 0.1 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the benzo[a]fluorene

**4g** (16 mg, 48%) as maroon solid; mp = 117-118 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1),  $R_f$ (**4g**) = 0.3,  $R_f$ (**3ad**) = 0.6, UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3741, 2208, 1999, 1833, 1537, 1270, 909, 755 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.14 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 7.05 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.88 – 6.80 (m, 1H), 6.77 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 186.4, 152.8, 149.01, 145.9, 142.7, 138.9, 135.8, 134.2, 133.4, 130.7, 129.8, 129.0, 128.8, 128.6, 128.3, 128.1, 127.7, 127.5, 125.7, 125.2, 122.4, 121.8, 121.2, 21.7, 21.5 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O]<sup>+</sup>= 335.1430; found 335.1421.



### 4-Methyl-11-(*m*-tolyl)-5*H*-benzo[*a*]fluoren-5-one (4g'):

**GP-3** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ad** (38 mg, 0.1 mmol), TfOH (15 mg, 0.1 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the benzo[*a*]fluorene **4g'** (16 mg, 48%), as maroon solid; mp = 176-178 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1),  $R_f$ (**4g'**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**3ad**) = 0.6, UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3740, 2748, 1843, 1633, 1539, 1267, 902, 756 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.58 – 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.19 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.09 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.90 – 6.84 (m, 1H), 6.79 (s, 1H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 2.44 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 188.9, 150.8, 147.8, 146.3, 141.9, 139.1, 135.5, 134.9, 134.6, 132.0, 131.3, 130.5, 129.6, 129.2, 128.5, 128.5, 128.3, 127.8, 125.2, 124.1, 122.8, 122.2, 121.7, 23.9, 21.5 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>18</sub>KO]<sup>+</sup> 373.0989; found 373.0991.



2-Methoxy-11-(3-methoxyphenyl)-5*H*-benzo[*a*]fluoren-5-one (4h):

**GP-3** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ac** (41 mg, 0.1 mmol), TfOH (15 mg, 0.1 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 95:5), furnished the benzo[*a*]fluorene **4h** (30 mg, 83%), as maroon solid; mp = 117-119 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:4),  $R_f$ (**4h**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**3ac**) = 0.6, UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2942, 2118, 2028, 1636, 1590, 1465, 1270, 758 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, *J* = 9.6 and 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (dd, *J* = 5.3 and 3.0 Hz, 2H), 7.04 – 6.90 (m, 3H), 6.84 (dd, *J* = 5.2 and 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, *J* = 10.2 and 2.2 Hz, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.38 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 185.6, 162.5, 160.3, 152.2, 148.7, 145.6, 135.7, 135.5, 135.1, 130.6, 130.5, 129.5, 128.2, 127.9, 124.2, 122.3, 121.8, 121.5, 120.2, 115.4, 114.8, 113.1, 108.4, 55.4, 54.8 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 367.1329; found 367.1337.



### 2-(Trifluoromethyl)-11-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-5*H*-benzo[*a*]fluoren-5-one (4i):

**GP-3** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3aj** (48.8 mg, 0.1 mmol) and TfOH (15 mg, 0.1 mmol) DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the benzo[*a*]fluorene **4i** (30 mg, 67%), as maroon solid; mp = 173-175 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 99:1),  $R_f$ (**4i**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**3aj**) = 0.6, UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2399, 2185, 1735, 1645, 1324, 1132, 903, 757 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 8.21 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, J = 1 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.51 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (s, 1H), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.95 – 6.91 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 185.0, 152.9, 148.3, 144.8, 135.3, 134.3, 133.8 (q, J = 32.7 Hz), 133.2, 132.3, 132.2 (q, J = 33.2 Hz), 131.5, 131.3, 130.2, 129.0, 128.4, 127.4, 126.3 (q, J = 3.4 Hz), 125.2 (q, J = 3.9 Hz), 124.4 (q, J = 3.6 Hz), 123.6 (q, J = 272.5 Hz), 123.2 (q, J = 272.7 Hz), 122.6, 122.5, 121.8 (q, J = 3.6 Hz), 121.7 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -62.91 (s), -64.09 (s) ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>13</sub>F<sub>6</sub>O]<sup>+</sup> 443.0865; found 443.0884.


#### 6-Methyl-2',3'-diphenylspiro[chromane-4,1'-inden]-2-one (6a):

**GP-4** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3aa** (35 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenol **5a** (32 mg, 0.3 mmol), TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the spiro-chromenone indene **6a** (37 mg, 90%), as red oil. [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**3aa**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**5a**) = 0.2,  $R_f$ (**6a**) = 0.3 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3050, 2925, 1771, 1603, 1268, 1198, 1027, 756, 703 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.42 – 7.28 (m, 8H), 7.27 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.16 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (ddd, J = 7.1, 4.9 and 2.2 Hz, 3H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (dd, J = 8.3 and 1.2 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.87 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.23 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 167.5, 150.2, 149.5, 146.1, 142.8, 141.6, 134.6, 134.3, 133.8, 129.9, 129.7 (2C), 129.4 (2C), 128.5 (2C), 128.1 (2C), 128.0, 127.8, 127.78, 126.88, 126.2, 123.5, 122.4, 121.4, 117.5, 56.2, 37.4, 20.9 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 437.1512; found 437.1497.



#### 5',6-Dimethyl-2',3'-diphenylspiro[chromane-4,1'-inden]-2-one (6b):

**GP-4** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ba** (37 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenol **5a** (32 mg, 0.3 mmol), TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the spiro-chromenone indene **6b** (39 mg, 91%), as white solid; mp = 169-171 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**3ba**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**5a**) = 0.2,  $R_f$ (**6b**) = 0.3 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3397, 3031, 1753, 1606, 1496, 1350. 1200, 816, 702 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.41 – 7.31 (m, 5H), 7.23 – 7.14 (m, 3H), 7.14 – 6.99 (m, 5H), 6.86 (ddd, J = 9.6, 5.7, 2.0 Hz, 3H), 3.01 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.24 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 167.5, 150.5, 146.7,

146.3, 143.0, 141.6, 137.9, 134.6, 134.5, 133.9, 129.8, 129.7 (2C), 129.4 (2C), 128.5 (2C), 128.1 (2C), 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 126.2, 123.8, 122.1, 122.1, 117.4, 55.8, 37.6, 21.5, 20.9 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 446.2115 found 446.2116.



## 6-(tert-Butyl)-5'-methyl-2',3'-diphenylspiro[chromane-4,1'-inden]-2-one (6c):

**GP-4** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ba** (37 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenol **5b** (45 mg, 0.3 mmol), TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the spiro-chromenone indene **6c** (38 mg, 80%), as white solid; mp = 189-191 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**3ba**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**5b**) = 0.2,  $R_f$ (**6c**) = 0.3 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2959, 1767, 1604, 1484, 1265, 1028, 1198, 815, 726 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.40 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 4H), 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (dd, *J* = 5.0 and 3.7 Hz, 1H), 7.14 – 7.04 (m, 5H), 6.92 – 6.87 (m, 2H), 3.06 (d, *J* = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (d, *J* = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.23 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 167.7, 150.3, 147.8, 146.8, 146.1, 142.8, 142.1, 137.8, 134.6, 134.0, 129.8 (2C), 129.4 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.1 (2C), 127.7, 127.7, 127.5, 126.1, 123.5, 122.9, 122.1, 122.0, 117.1, 55.9, 37.6, 34.4, 31.3 (3C), 21.5 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>30</sub>NaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 493. 2138 found 493. 2126.



#### 6-Methoxy-5'-methyl-2',3'-diphenylspiro[chromane-4,1'-inden]-2-one (6d):

**GP-4** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ba** (37 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenol **5c** (37 mg, 0.3 mmol), TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 97:3), furnished the spiro-chromenone indene **6d** as yellow oil (41 mg, 92%), as yellow oil [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 97:3),  $R_f$ (**3ba**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**5c**) = 0.3,  $R_f$ (**6d**) = 0.4 UV detection].

IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max} = 2931$ , 1766, 1601, 1486, 1269, 1194, 1036, 755, 705 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 7.40 - 7.31$  (m, 5H), 7.22 – 7.04 (m, 7H), 6.92 – 6.82 (m, 3H), 6.58 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.02 (d, J = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 2.86 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 167.5$ , 156.4, 146.5, 146.0, 142.9, 141.9, 138.0, 134.4, 133.8, 129.7 (2C), 129.4 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.1 (3C), 127.8, 127.7, 127.63, 125.3, 122.2, 122.1, 118.4, 114.1, 111.0, 55.9, 55.5, 37.3, 21.5 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>24</sub>KO<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 483.1357 found 483.1369.



## 6'-Fluoro-6-methyl-2',3'-diphenylspiro[chromane-4,1'-inden]-2-one (6e):

**GP-4** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ca** (37 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenol **5a** (32 mg, 0.3 mmol), TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the spiro-chromenone indene **6e** (30 mg, 70%), as white solid; mp = 183-185 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**3ca**)=0.5,  $R_f$ (**5a**) = 0.2,  $R_f$ (**6e**) = 0.3 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2925, 1770, 1597, 1481, 1265, 1194, 917, 750, 706 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.42 – 7.27 (m, 6H), 7.21 – 7.08 (m, 4H), 7.07 – 6.99 (m, 3H), 6.87 – 6.79 (m, 3H), 3.02 (d, *J* = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 2.87 (d, *J* = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.9, 162.1 (d, *J* = 247.1 Hz), 151.4 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 150.5, 145.9 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz), 140.6, 138.7 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz), 134.8, 134.1, 133.6, 130.2, 129.7 (2C), 129.3 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 127.9, 127.9, 126.2, 122.9, 122.4 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 117.63, 114.95 (d, *J* = 22.6 Hz), 110.4 (d, *J* = 23.8 Hz), 56.11, 37.37, 20.87 ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -114.20 (s) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>21</sub>FNaO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 455.1418 found 455.1427.



#### 6-(tert-Butyl)-6'-fluoro-2',3'-diphenylspiro[chromane-4,1'-inden]-2-one (6f):

**GP-4** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ca** (37 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenol **5b** (45 mg, 0.3 mmol), TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the spiro-chromenone indene **6f** (35 mg, 75%), as pink oil [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**3ca**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**5b**) = 0.2,  $R_f$ (**6f**) = 0.3 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2959, 1773, 1598, 1353, 1268, 1196, 1130, 917, 756, 705 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.40 – 7.30 (m, 7H), 7.15 (dd, *J* = 5.0 and 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12 – 7.06 (m, 4H), 7.07 – 6.98 (m, 2H), 6.85 (dd, *J* = 5.3 and 3.3 Hz, 2H), 3.06 (d, *J* = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.82 (d, *J* = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 1.22 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 167.2, 162.1 (d, *J* = 253.6 Hz), 151.5 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 150.2, 148.1, 145.6 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz), 141.2, 138.5 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz), 134.2, 133.7, 129.7 (2C), 129.3 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 127.9, 127.9, 126.5, 122.7 , 122.6, 122.4 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 117.3, 114.9 (d, *J* = 22.5 Hz), 110.3 (d, *J* = 23.8 Hz), 56.2, 37.3, 34.4, 31.25 (3C) ppm. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -114.28 (s) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+NH<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>31</sub>FNO<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 492.2333 found 492.2350.



### 5'-Fluoro-6-methoxy-2',3'-diphenylspiro[chromane-4,1'-inden]-2-one (6g):

**GP-4** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ia** (37 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenol **5c** (37 mg, 0.3 mmol), TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 97:3), furnished the spiro-chromenone indene **6g** (35 mg, 78%), as yellow solid; mp = 175-177 °C [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 97:3),  $R_f$ (**3ia**) = 0.7,  $R_f$ (**5c**) = 0.2,  $R_f$ (**6g**) = 0.3 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2932, 1766, 1600, 1483, 1268, 1196, 1035, 755, 704 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 4H), 7.25 – 7.01 (m, 6H), 6.97 – 6.85 (m, 4H), 6.79 – 6.70 (m, 1H), 6.56 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.02 (d, *J* = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 2.87 (d, *J* = 16.3 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 167.2, 163.1 (d, *J* = 245.5 Hz), 156.5, 147.9, 146.5, 145.1 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 144.6 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz), 141.0 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 133.7, 133.3, 129.6 (2C), 129.2 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 128.2 (2C), 128.1, 128.1, 124.6, 123.4 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz), 118.6, 114.3, 113.5 (d, *J* = 23.4 Hz), 110.9, 108.9 (d, *J* = 24.0 Hz), 55.8, 55.5, 37.2 ppm.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = -113.64 (s) ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>21</sub>FKO<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 487.1106 found 487.1121.



#### 4',5',6'-Trimethoxy-6-methyl-2',3'-diphenylspiro[chromane-4,1'-inden]-2-one (6h):

**GP-4** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3fa** (44 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenol **5a** (32 mg, 0.3 mmol), TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 95:5), furnished the spiro-chromenone indene **6h** (43 mg, 85%), as yellow oil [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 95:5),  $R_f$ (**3fa**) = 0.2,  $R_f$ (**5a**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**6h**) = 0.3 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 2937, 1766, 1589, 1468, 1344, 1261, 1117, 1035, 752 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.39 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 7.14 – 7.00 (m, 5H), 6.85 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.81 – 6.73 (m, 2H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.40 (s, 3H), 2.99 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C {<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 167.3, 153.3, 150.4, 148.8, 145.6, 145.0, 142.6, 141.1, 135.8, 134.7, 133.8, 129.9, 129.8 (2C), 129.7 (2C), 128.1, 127.9 (2C), 127.5 (3C), 127.1, 126.4, 123.8, 117.4, 102.4, 61.1, 61.0, 56.4, 56.2, 37.9, 31.1, 20.9 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+K]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>28</sub>KO<sub>5</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 543.1568 found 543.1586.



#### 2',3'-Bis(3-chlorophenyl)-6-methylspiro[chromane-4,1'-inden]-2-one (6i):

**GP-4** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ak** (42 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenol **5a** (32 mg, 0.3 mmol), TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), and DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 98:2), furnished the spiro-chromenone indene **6i** (35 mg, 72%), as yellow oil [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 98:2),  $R_f$ (**3ak**) = 0.5,  $R_f$ (**5a**) = 0.2,  $R_f$ (**6i**) = 0.3 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max}$  = 3055, 1765, 1595, 1484, 1263, 1197, 1014, 822, 726 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.37 – 7.22 (m, 8H), 7.17 – 7.05 (m, 3H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.77 – 6.66 (m, 3H), 2.90 (s, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.9, 150.6, 149.2, 145.7, 142.3, 140.8, 134.8, 134.2, 133.9, 132.4, 131.9, 130.9 (2C), 130.7 (2C), 130.2, 128.9 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.2, 127.3, 126.1, 122.9, 122.6, 121.3, 117.6, 56.2, 37.5, 20.8 ppm. HRMS (ESI) *m/z*: [M+H]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>30</sub>H<sub>21</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 483.0913 found 483.0935.



# 2',3'-Bis(3-methoxyphenyl)-6-methylspiro[chromane-4,1'-inden]-2-one (6j):

**GP-4** was carried out with 2,3-diarylindene enoate ester **3ac** (41 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenol **5a** (32 mg, 0.3 mmol), TfOH (7.5 mg, 0.05 mmol) in DCE (1 mL). Purification of the crude mixture by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 100:0 to 95:5), furnished the spiro-chromenone indene **6j** (40 mg, 85%), as yellow oil [TLC control (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 95:5),  $R_f$ (**3ac**) = 0.4,  $R_f$ (**5a**) = 0.6,  $R_f$ (**6j**) = 0.7 UV detection]. IR (MIR-ATR, 4000–600 cm<sup>-1</sup>):  $v_{max} = 2942$ , 1764, 1587, 1475, 1260, 1200, 1040, 892, 724 cm<sup>-1</sup>. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 7.38 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.16 (m, 4H), 7.09 – 7.02 (m, 1H), 7.02 – 6.93 (m, 3H), 6.91 – 6.86 (m, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, J = 4.6 and 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.46 – 6.40 (m, 1H), 6.40 – 6.34 (m, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 5.1 Hz, 3H), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.00 (d, J = 162. Hz, 1H), 2.82 (d, J = 162. Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  = 166.4, 158.6, 158.0, 149.5, 148.5, 144.9, 141.7, 140.5, 134.7, 134.0, 133.6, 128.9, 128.6, 128.2, 127.1, 125.9, 125.3, 122.5, 121.4, 121.2, 120.8, 120.5, 116.5, 113.8, 113.7, 113.1, 112.4, 55.1, 54.2, 53.8, 36.4, 19.8 ppm. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M]<sup>+</sup> calcd for [C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>4</sub>]<sup>+</sup> 474.1826 found 474.1843.







 $^{13}C\{H\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **10** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3aa** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



 $^{13}C\{H\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3ab** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



<sup>13</sup>C{H} NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3ac** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>







<sup>13</sup>C{H} NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3ae** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz) spectrum of **3ak** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>











 $^{13}C\{H\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3aj** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



 $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (376 MHz) spectrum of **3aj** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3af+3af'** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>

100 90 f1 (ppm)

.  ,  f1 (ppm)







 $^{13}C\{H\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3ah+3ah'** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>







<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz) spectrum of **3ca** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



 $^{13}C{H}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3da** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>















<sup>13</sup>C{H} NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3fg+3fg'** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3ga** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>





 $^{13}C\{H\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3ha** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



















 $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (376 MHz) spectrum of **3ia** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz) spectrum of **3jc** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>





 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3hi+3hi'** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



 $^{13}C\{H\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **3fi+3fi'** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>
$\overbrace{\substack{1.31\\1.31}}$ 







 $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (565 MHz) spectrum of **3gj** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>





 $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (376 MHz) spectrum of **3kc** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>





















5.5 5.0 4.5 f1 (ppm)

4.0

3.5

3.0

2.5

2.0

1.5

1.0

0.5

0.0

6.0

10.0

9.0

. 9.5 8.5

8.0

7.5

7.0

6.5











 $\bigwedge^{1.28}_{1.24}$ 











<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz) spectrum of **3bl** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>







 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR (151 MHz) spectrum of **3an** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>











 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of 4c in CDCl\_3











 $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (376 MHz) spectrum of 4e in CDCl<sub>3</sub>







 $^{13}C\{H\}$  NMR (151 MHz) spectrum of (4f+4f') in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR (151 MHz) spectrum of 4g in CDCl3



 $^{13}C\{H\}$  NMR (151 MHz) spectrum of 4g' in CDCl<sub>3</sub>





## 







 $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (376 MHz) spectrum of 4i in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR (151 MHz) spectrum of **6a** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR (100 MHz) spectrum of **6b** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz) spectrum of **6c** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>













 $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (376 MHz) spectrum of 6e in CDCl<sub>3</sub>









 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$  NMR (376 MHz) spectrum of **6f** in CDCl<sub>3</sub>







 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$  NMR (376 MHz) spectrum of  $\mathbf{6g}$  in CDCl\_3










## 2. X-Ray crystal structure of compound 3ae, 4c and 6c:

Crystal of compounds **3ae** & **4c** were obtained by dissolving the product in Hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> mixture and the crystal of compound **6c** was obtained by dissolving it in acetonitrile solvent and allowing the solvent to slowly evaporate at room temperature. A suitable crystal was selected and mounted onto the cryoloop on a Bruker APEX-II CCD diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 273.15 K during data collection. Using Olex2,8 the structure was solved with the SHELXT9 structure solution program using Intrinsic Phasing and refined with the SHELXL10 refinement package using Least Squares minimization.



**Figure S1:** X-ray diagram of compound **3ae** with ellipsoid shown at the 50% contour percent probability level (CCDC-2269423).



**Figure S2:** X-ray diagram of compound **4c** with ellipsoid shown at the 50% contour percent probability level (CCDC-2269424).



Figure S3: X-ray diagram of compound 6c with ellipsoid shown at the 50% contour percent probability level (CCDC-2269426).

Table 5S Crystal data and structure refinement for 3ae.		
3ae		
C <sub>26.57</sub> H <sub>22.71</sub> O <sub>2</sub>		
373.99		
273.15		
monoclinic		
P2 <sub>1</sub> /n		
13.9007(14)		
8.9383(8)		
16.3695(16)		
90		
100.127(3)		
90		
2002.2(3)		
4		
1.241		
0.077		
793.0		
0.08 imes 0.07 imes 0.06		
MoKa ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )		
4.23 to 54.142		
$-17 \le h \le 16, -11 \le k \le 11, -19 \le l \le 20$		
19402		

Table 5S: Crystal data and structure refinement for 3ae (CCDC-2269423).

Independent reflections	4376 [ $R_{int} = 0.0580, R_{sigma} = 0.0524$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	4376/0/266
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.071
Final R indexes [I>= $2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0771, wR_2 = 0.2323$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.1456, wR_2 = 0.2790$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å <sup>-3</sup>	0.32/-0.43

 Table 6S: Crystal data and structure refinement for 4c (CCDC-2269424).

Table 6S Crystal data and structure refinement for 4c.		
Identification code	4c	
Empirical formula	C <sub>25</sub> H <sub>18</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
Formula weight	366.39	
Temperature/K	273.15	
Crystal system	orthorhombic	
Space group	Pna2 <sub>1</sub>	
a/Å	9.722(5)	
b/Å	12.020(6)	
c/Å	16.073(6)	
α/°	90	
β/°	90	
γ/°	90	
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	1878.3(15)	
Z	4	
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.296	
µ/mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.084	
F(000)	768.0	
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.08 imes 0.07 imes 0.06	
Radiation	MoKa ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )	
2 $\Theta$ range for data collection/°	4.232 to 55.002	
Index ranges	$-11 \le h \le 12, -15 \le k \le 15, -20 \le l \le 20$	
Reflections collected	16411	
Independent reflections	4171 [ $R_{int} = 0.1120, R_{sigma} = 0.1215$ ]	
Data/restraints/parameters	4171/1/255	
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	0.960	
Final R indexes [I>= $2\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0596, wR_2 = 0.1217$	
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.1723, wR_2 = 0.1623$	
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å <sup>-3</sup>	0.15/-0.23	
Flack parameter	0.1(10)	

 Table 7S: Crystal data and structure refinement for 6c (CCDC-2269426).

Table 7S Crystal data and s	tructure refinement for 6c.
Identification code	6c

Empirical formula	$C_{34}H_{30}O_2$
Formula weight	470.58
Temperature/K	299.0
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub> /c
a/Å	14.118(3)
b/Å	10.404(3)
c/Å	18.151(4)
α/°	90
β/°	101.378(9)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	2613.9(11)
Ζ	4
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.196
µ/mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.073
F(000)	1000.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.08 imes 0.07 imes 0.06
Radiation	MoKa ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )
20 range for data collection/°	4.536 to 54.29
Index ranges	$-18 \le h \le 17, -13 \le k \le 13, -20 \le l \le 23$
Reflections collected	42000
Independent reflections	5799 [ $R_{int} = 0.0585$ , $R_{sigma} = 0.0370$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	5799/0/329
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.029
Final R indexes [I>=2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0454, wR_2 = 0.1049$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0690, wR_2 = 0.1173$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å-3	0.17/-0.18

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