

Supporting Information

Fluorescent Styryl Pyridine-N-Oxide Probes for Imaging Lipid Droplets

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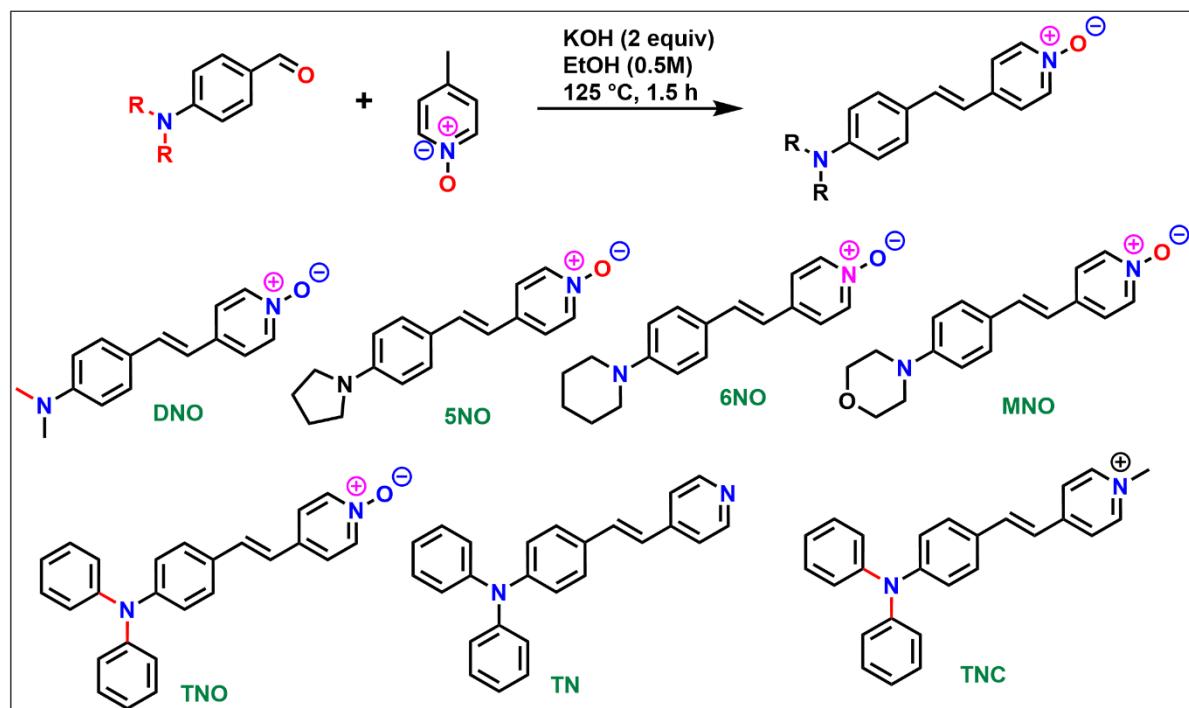
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S1. Synthetic procedure



General procedure for the synthesis of DNO, 5NO and MNO:

In a dry round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic bead, *p*-amino benzaldehyde (1 equiv), 4-methylpyridine-N-oxide (1 equiv.) and potassium hydroxide (2 equiv) were added. The reaction was purged with argon gas and added ethanol (0.5M). The reaction was heated at 125° C for 2 hours, and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the insoluble solid was collected, washed multiple times with diethyl ether, dried and weighed.

General procedure for the synthesis of TNO and 6NO:

In a dry round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic bead, *p*-amino benzaldehyde (1 equiv), 4-methylpyridine-N-oxide (1 equiv), and potassium hydroxide (2 equiv) were added. The reaction was purged with argon gas and added ethanol (0.5M). The reaction was heated at 125° C for 2 hours and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. The reaction was concentrated on a rotary evaporator and purified by column chromatography on 100-200 mesh size silica gel with gradient elution from 1 to 5 % methanol in DCM.

Synthesis and optical properties of TN and TNC were referred from literature^{1,2}.

Figure S2. Absorption spectral data for 5NO, 6NO, MNO and TNO

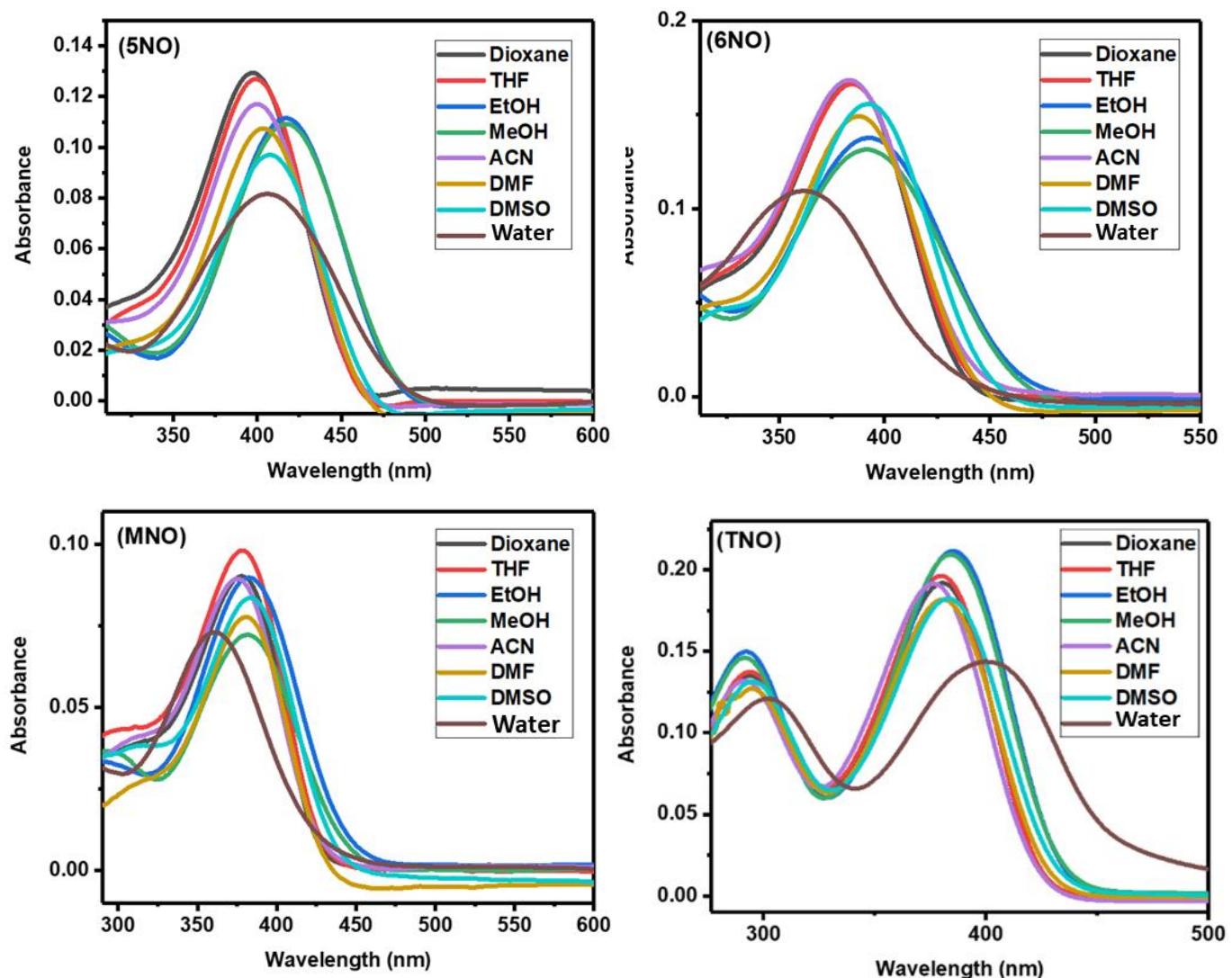


Figure S3. Emission spectral data of compounds 5NO, 6NO, and MNO in different solvents.

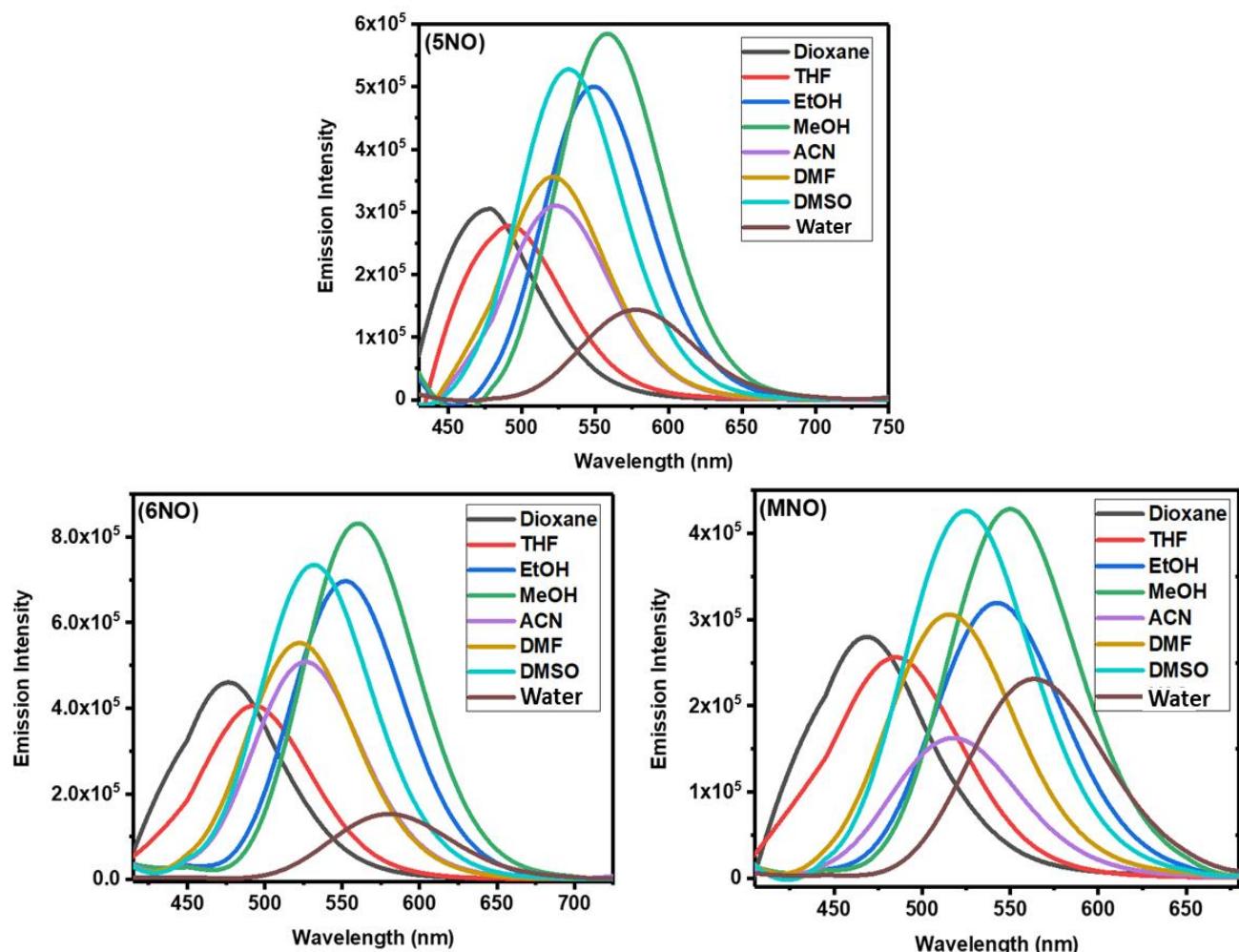


Figure S4. Fluorescence lifetime decay of the compounds

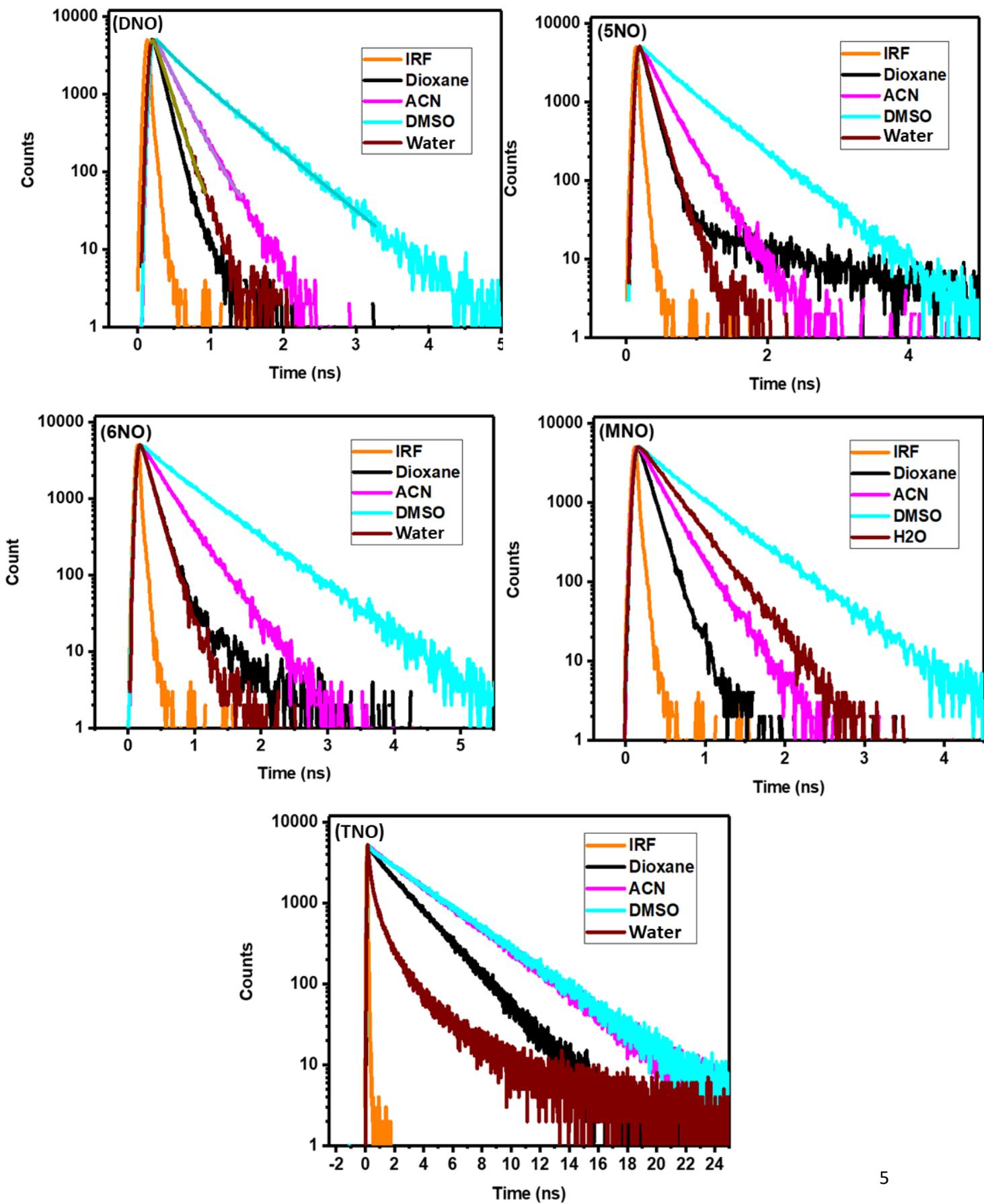
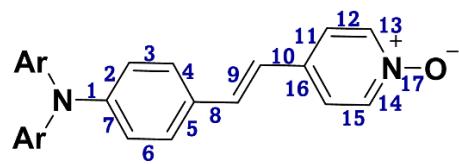


Table S1: Lifetime properties of compounds in various solvents

Compound	Solvents	τ_1 (ns)	A1 (%)	τ_2 (ns)	A2 (%)	τ_3 (ns)	A3 (%)	Average lifetime (τ) (ns)	χ^2
DNO	Dioxane	0.10	100	-	-	-	-	0.10	0.99
	ACN	0.23	100	-	-	-	-	0.23	1.18
	DMSO	0.13	9.36	0.55	90.64	-	-	0.43	1.10
	water	0.14	100	-	-	-	-	0.14	1.09
5NO	Dioxane	0.11	100	-	-	-	-	0.11	1.06
	ACN	0.23	100	-	-	-	-	0.23	1.19
	DMSO	0.27	13.76	0.62	86.24	-	-	0.52	1.05
	water	0.13	100	-	-	-	-	0.13	1.02
6NO	Dioxane	0.13	100	-	-	-	-	0.13	1.16
	ACN	0.30	100	-	-	-	-	0.30	1.23
	DMSO	0.15	6.52	0.67	93.48	-	-	0.55	0.99
	water	0.13	100	-	-	-	-	0.13	1.09
MNO	Dioxane	0.12	100	-	-	-	-	0.12	1.23
	ACN	0.23	100	-	-	-	-	0.23	1.31
	DMSO	0.17	9.08	0.58	90.92	-	-	0.48	1.17
	water	0.31	100	-	-	-	-	0.31	1.20
TNO	Dioxane	0.43	3.36	2.20	96.64	-	-	1.94	1.06
	ACN	3.30	100	-	-	-	-	3.30	1.13
	DMSO	3.40	100	-	-	-	-	3.40	1.13
	water	0.55	33.65	1.80	30.70	0.13	33.65	0.30	1.08

Table S2 Geometrical coordinates of the N-oxide derivatives

	5NO	6NO	DNO	PNO	TNO
N1-C2	1.365	1.438	1.374	1.411	1.397
C2-C3	1.420	1.400	1.416	1.404	1.414
C3-C4	1.382	1.390	1.385	1.386	1.387
C4-C5	1.410	1.407	1.407	1.406	1.407
C5-C6	1.408	1.407	1.409	1.408	1.409
C6-C7	1.384	1.388	1.382	1.384	1.384
C7-C2	1.416	1.400	1.420	1.412	1.408
C5-C8	1.454	1.463	1.455	1.457	1.458
C8-C9	1.352	1.348	1.352	1.351	1.350
C9-C10	1.454	1.457	1.455	1.456	1.456
C10-C11	1.408	1.408	1.410	1.407	1.409
C11-C12	1.377	1.374	1.375	1.378	1.374
C12-N13	1.367	1.372	1.371	1.367	1.371
N13-C14	1.371	1.367	1.367	1.37	1.367
C14-C15	1.374	1.378	1.377	1.374	1.377
C15-C16	1.410	1.406	1.407	1.409	1.406
N14-O17	1.288	1.284	1.287	1.286	1.285

Table S3 TDDFT results of the TN, TNC and TNO derivatives provided with computed excitation energy, oscillator strength, major transitions involved in terms of frontier molecular Orbitals, and dipole moments.

	$\lambda_{\omega X97BD}^a$ (nm)	$f_{\omega X97BD}^a$	Major transitions	μ_g^b (Debye)	μ_e^c (Debye)
TN	361.3	1.34	HOMO->LUMO (86%), H-1->LUMO (11%)	5.76	5.26
TNC	430.2	1.23	HOMO(A)->LUMO(A) (24%), HOMO(B)->LUMO(B) (55%) H-1(B)->LUMO(B) (9%),	8.48	8.53
TNO	375.2	1.89	HOMO->LUMO (91%), H-1->L+4 (2%), HOMO->L+4 (3%)	7.8	7.8

^aTDDFT simulated absorption maximum and oscillator strength using ω X97BD/6-31G**/C-PCM(THF)level of theory; ^b μ_g : ground state dipole moment; ^c μ_e : transient dipole moment.

Table S4 Comparison of absorption properties of the molecules with computed excitation energy, oscillator strength, major transitions involved in terms of frontier molecular Orbitals, and dipole moments.

	λ_{exp}^a (nm)	$\lambda_{CAM-B3LYP}^b$ (nm)	$f_{CAM-B3LYP}^b$	Major transitions	μ_g^c (Debye)	μ_e^d (Debye)
5NO	403	361.8	1.91	HOMO->LUMO (93%)	12.0	11.6
6NO	383	322.5	1.78	HOMO->LUMO (91%), H-2->LUMO (2%)	6.5	6.7
DNO	395	357.5	1.1.85	HOMO->LUMO (93%)	11.3	10.9
MNO	377	349.4	1.88	HOMO->LUMO (93%)	8.1	7.8
TNO	380	365.3	1.89	HOMO->LUMO (89%), H-1->L+4 (2%), HOMO->L+4 (4%)	7.8	7.7

^aAbsorption spectra measured in THF in the concentration of 1×10^{-5} M at ambient temperature; ^bTDDFT simulated absorption maximum and oscillator strength using **B3LYP/6-31G**/C-PCM(THF)** level of theory; ^c μ_g : ground state dipole moment; ^d μ_e : transient dipole moment.

Table S5 Comparison of absorption properties of the molecules with computed excitation energy, oscillator strength, major transitions involved in terms of frontier molecular Orbitals, and dipole moments.

	$\lambda_{\text{exp}}^{\text{a}}$ (nm)	$\lambda_{\text{CAM-B3LYP}}^{\text{b}}$ (nm)	$f_{\text{CAM-B3LYP}}^{\text{b}}$	Major transitions	μ_g^{c} (Debye)	μ_e^{d} (Debye)
5NO	403	361.8	1.91	HOMO->LUMO (93%)	12.0	11.6
6NO	383	322.5	1.78	HOMO->LUMO (91%), H-2->LUMO (2%)	6.5	6.7
DNO	395	357.5	1.1.85	HOMO->LUMO (93%)	11.3	10.9
MNO	377	349.4	1.88	HOMO->LUMO (93%)	8.1	7.8
TNO	380	365.3	1.89	HOMO->LUMO (89%), H-1->L+4 (2%), HOMO->L+4 (4%)	7.8	7.7

^aAbsorption spectra measured in THF in the concentration of 1×10^{-5} M at ambient temperature; ^bTDDFT simulated absorption maximum and oscillator strength using **CAM-B3LYP/6-31G**/C-PCM(THF)** level of theory; ^c μ_g : ground state dipole moment; ^d μ_e : transient dipole moment. Both CAM-B3LYP and B3LYP gave identical results.

Figure. S5. pH-dependent absorbance titration for DNO, 5NO, 6NO and MNO

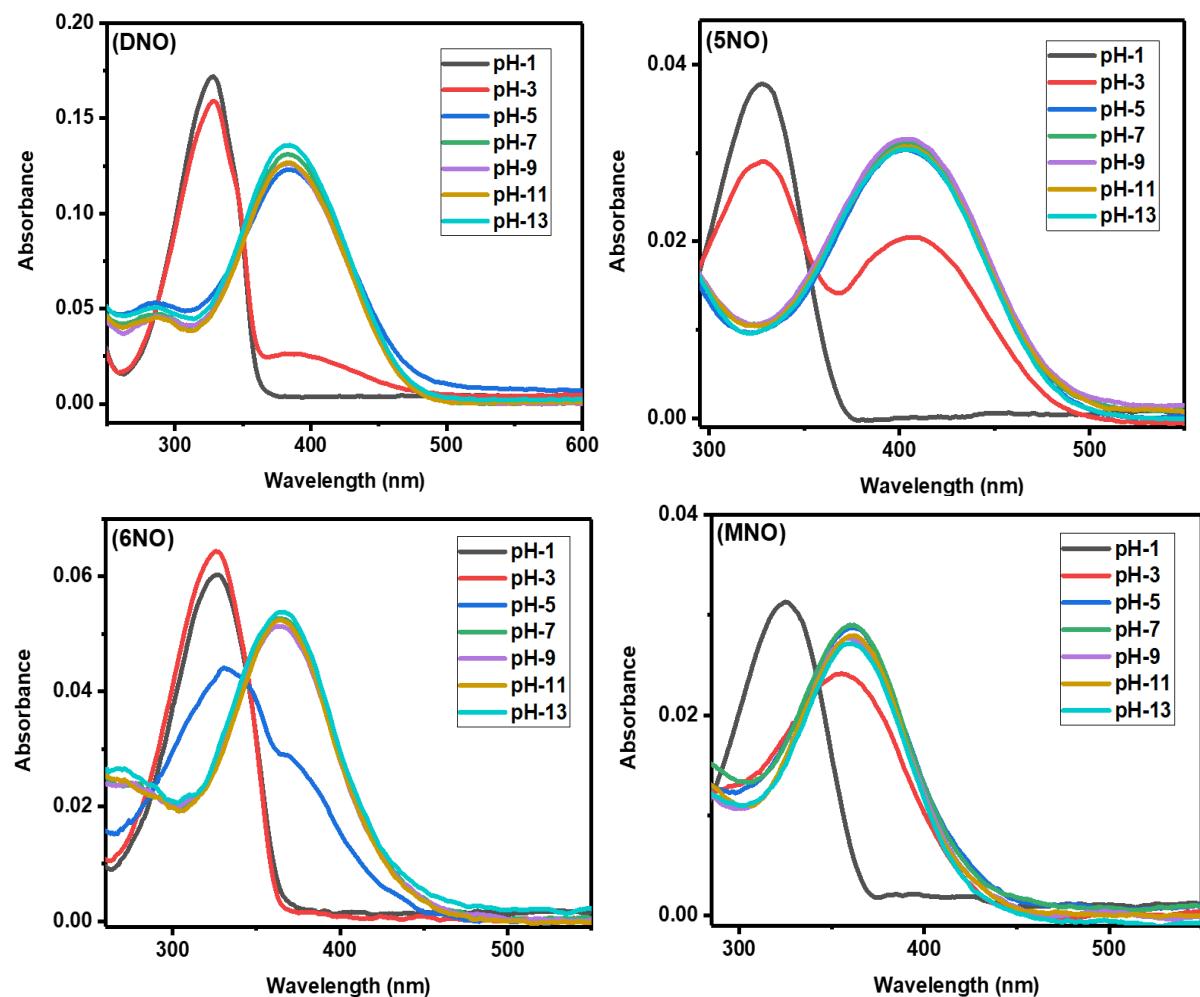


Figure S6. pH-dependent emission spectra for DNO, 5NO, 6NO and MNO

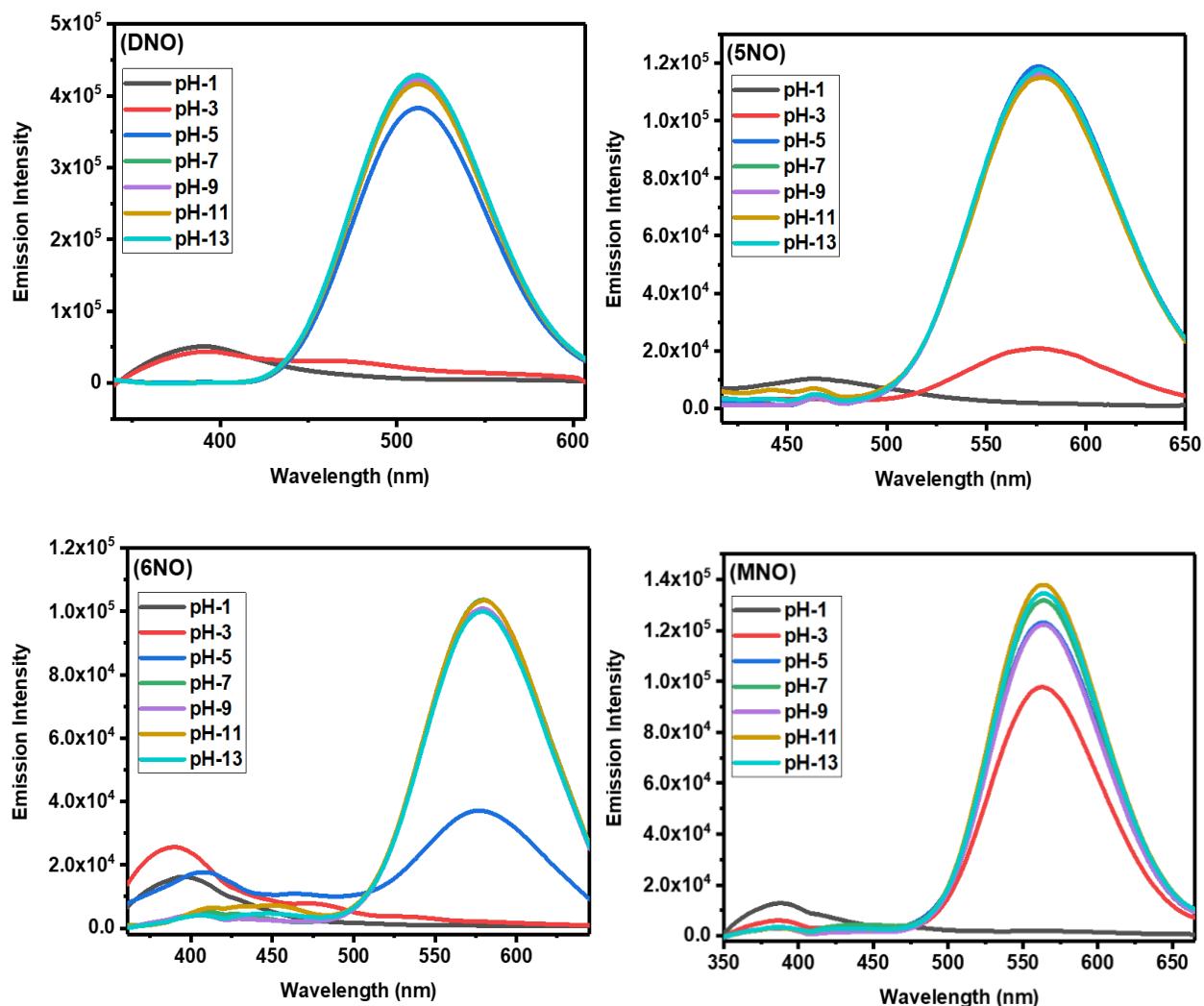
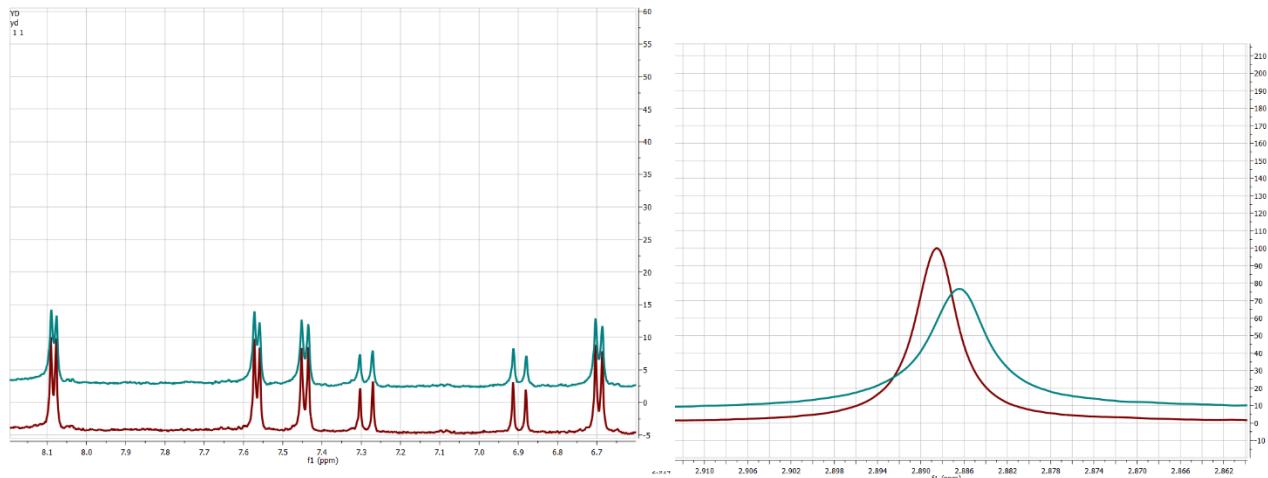
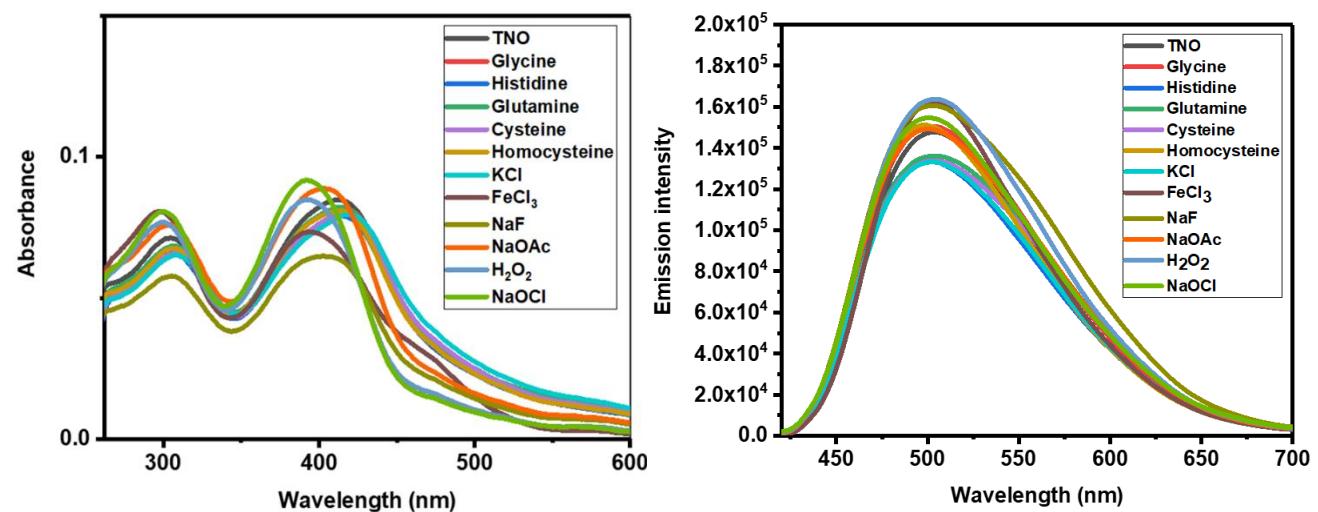


Figure S7. Overlay pH-dependent NMR for DNO



Overlay NMR spectra of DNO in pH-3 (red line) and pH-7 (green line). Calibrated axis - 2.5 ppm (DMSO-d₆).

Figure S8: Influence of added analytes on the absorption and emission of TNO



(Excitation Wavelength 380nm. Absorption and emission is recorded after 5 minutes of addition of the analyte)

Figure S9: Live cell imaging in COS-7 cells: DNO, 5NO, 6NO, and MNO. The data suggests weaker specificity of the molecules Scale bar 10 μ m

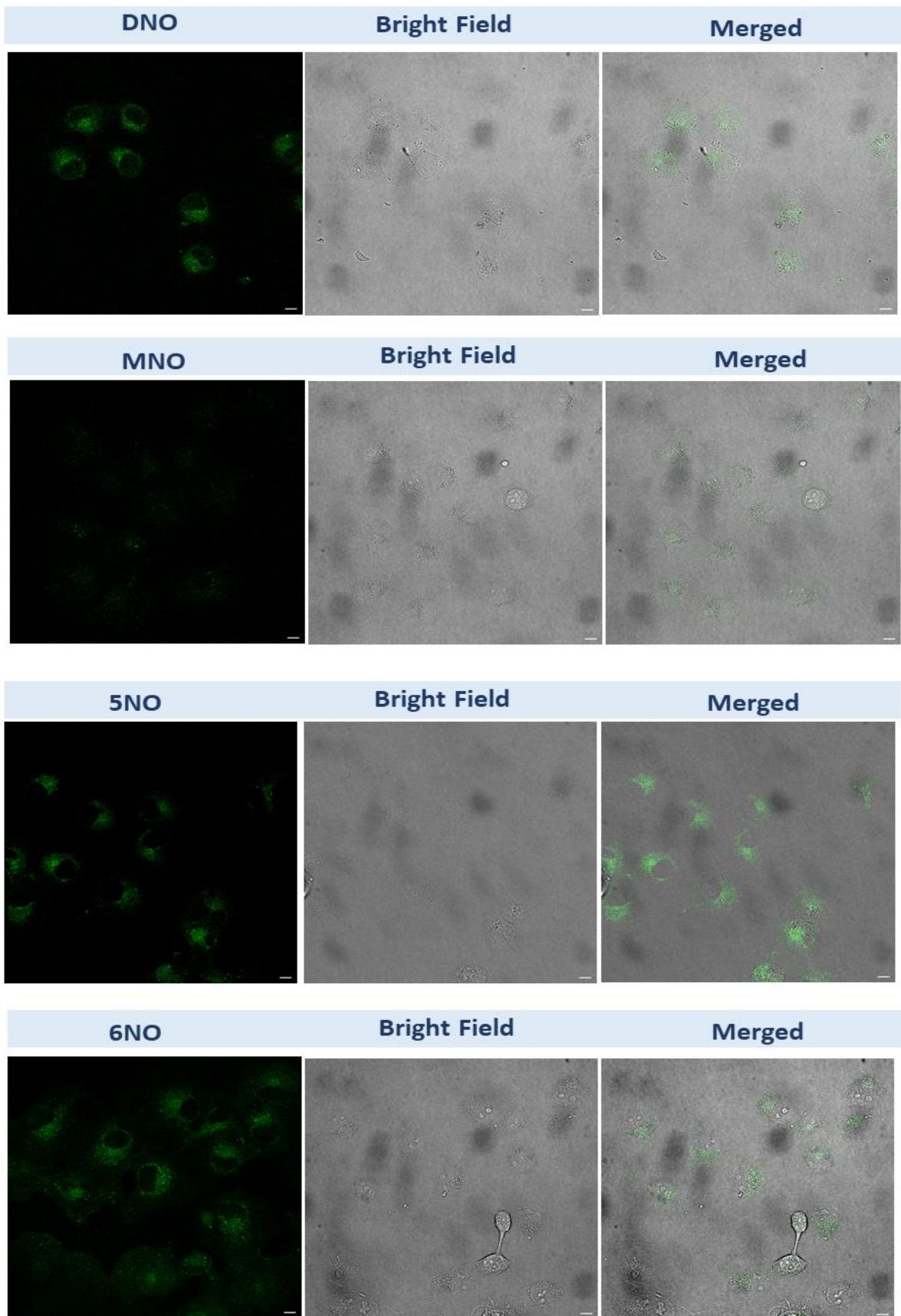


Figure S10: MTT Assay for TNO and TNC. The compounds are good for cellular imaging studies with over 80% cell viability at all concentrations. The imaging is performed at 1 μ M,

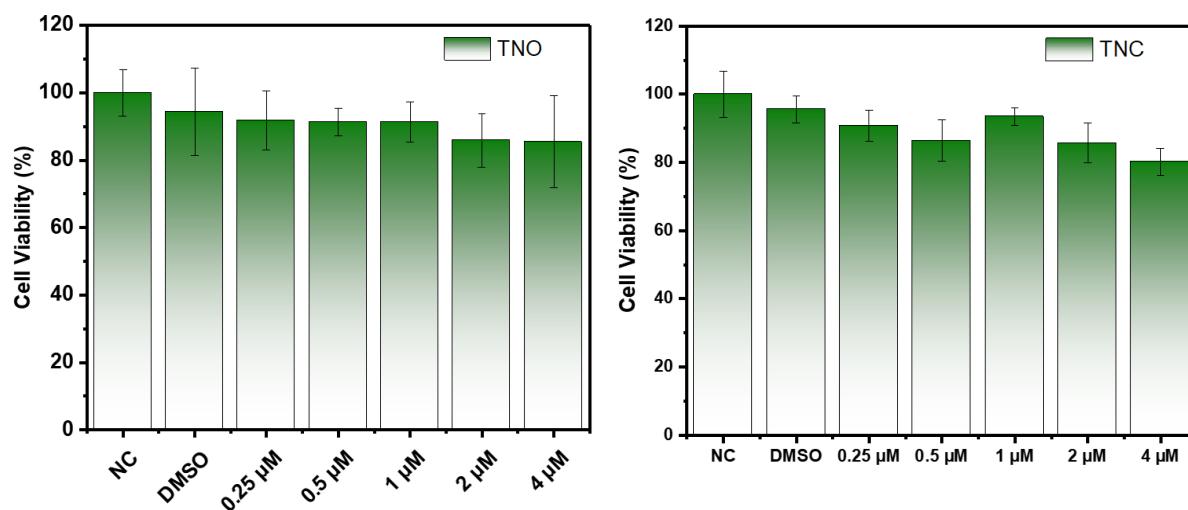


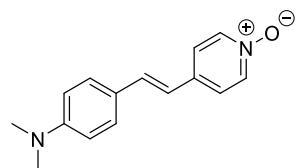
Table S6: Molar absorption coefficient (ϵ) of all compounds in different solvents

Solvent	DNO	5NO	6NO	MNO	TNO
	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ	ϵ
Dioxane	19.7	6.9	10.1	5.6	9.7
THF	19.8	6.8	10.5	7.1	9.9
EtOH	17.1	5.9	7.4	4.5	9.8
MeOH	16.4	5.7	8.2	5.0	10.0
ACN	19.2	6.2	10.5	6.3	9.9
DMF	18.9	5.7	10.2	5.9	9.5
DMSO	18.3	5.2	7.9	5.4	9.0
H₂O	13.2	4.2	5.8	4.1	6.6

$$\epsilon \text{ (M}^{-1} \text{ cm}^{-1}\text{)} \times 10^3$$

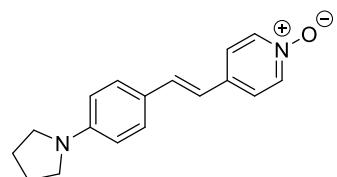
S11. Characterisation data

(E)-4-(4-(dimethylamino)styryl)pyridine 1-oxide (DNO)



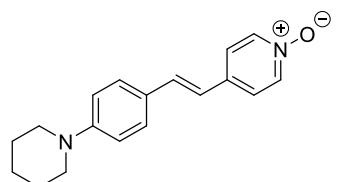
¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 8.11 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 7 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J=16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (d, J=16.5Hz , 1H), 6.72 (d, J=8.5 Hz, 2H), 2.95 (s, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz; DMSO-d₆) δ 150.92, 138.96, 135.64, 132.56, 128.57, 124.50, 123.09, 119.92, 112.58, 40.58. **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₇N₂O⁺ [M + H]⁺ 241.1335, found 241.1320.

(E)-4-(4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)styryl)pyridine 1-oxide (5NO)



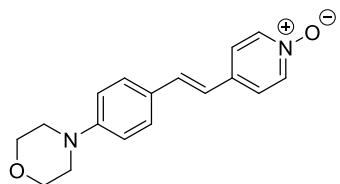
¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 8.10 (d, J= 7 Hz, 2H), 7.5 (d, J= 7 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, J= 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, J= 16.5 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 3.26 (t, J= 6 Hz, 4H), 1.95 (t, J= 6.5 Hz, 4H) **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz; DMSO-d₆) δ 148.31, 138.94, 135.82, 132.87, 128.76, 123.76, 122.98, 119.24, 112.22, 47.71, 25.43 **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₁₉N₂O⁺ [M + H]⁺ 267.1492, found 267.1477.

(E)-4-(4-(piperidin-1-yl)styryl)pyridine 1-oxide (6NO)



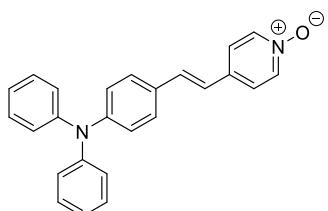
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.00 (d, J= 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J= 9 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, J= 6.5 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, J= 16 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.63 (d, J= 16.5 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (t, J= 5 Hz, 4H), 1.60-1.49 (m, 7H) **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz; CDCl₃) δ 151.14, 137.90, 135.75, 131.88, 127.17, 124.78, 121.34, 118.93, 114.40, 48.45, 24.50, 23.26 **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₁N₂O⁺ [M + H]⁺ 281.1648, found 281.1634.

(E)-4-(4-morpholinostyryl)pyridine 1-oxide (MNO)



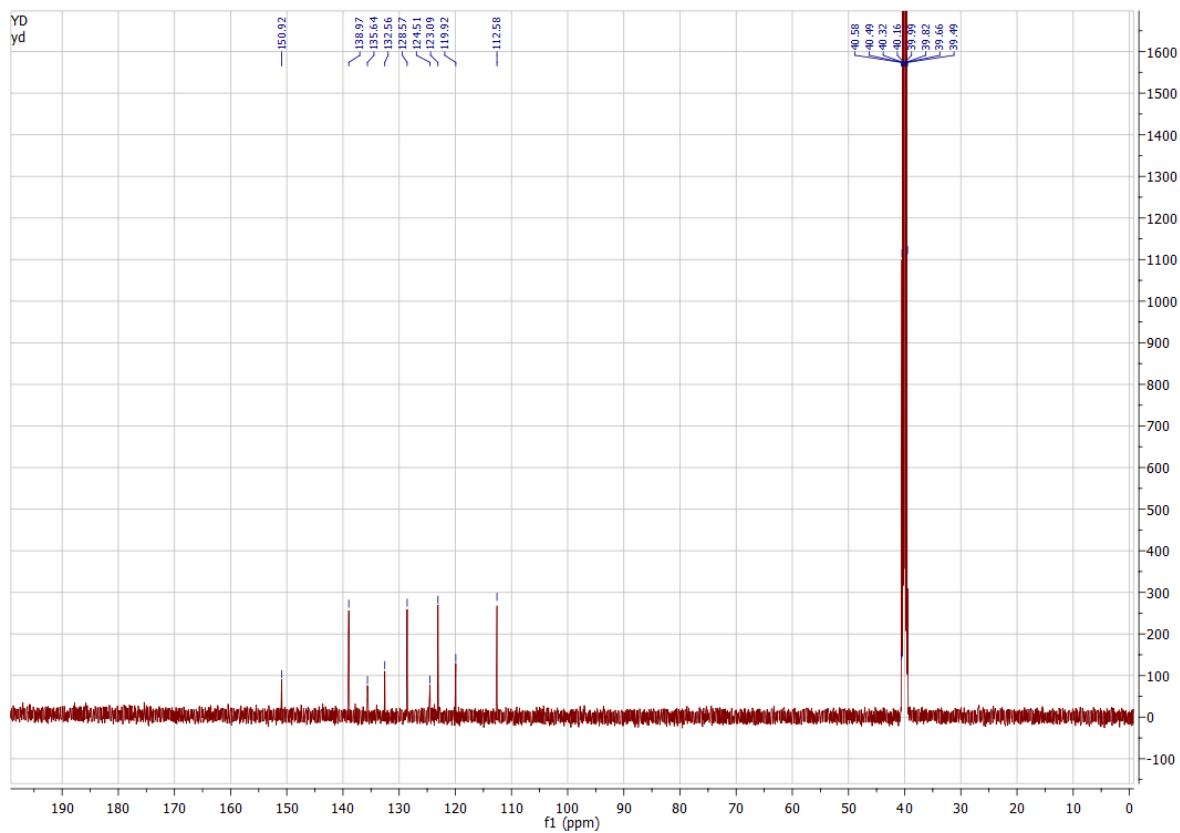
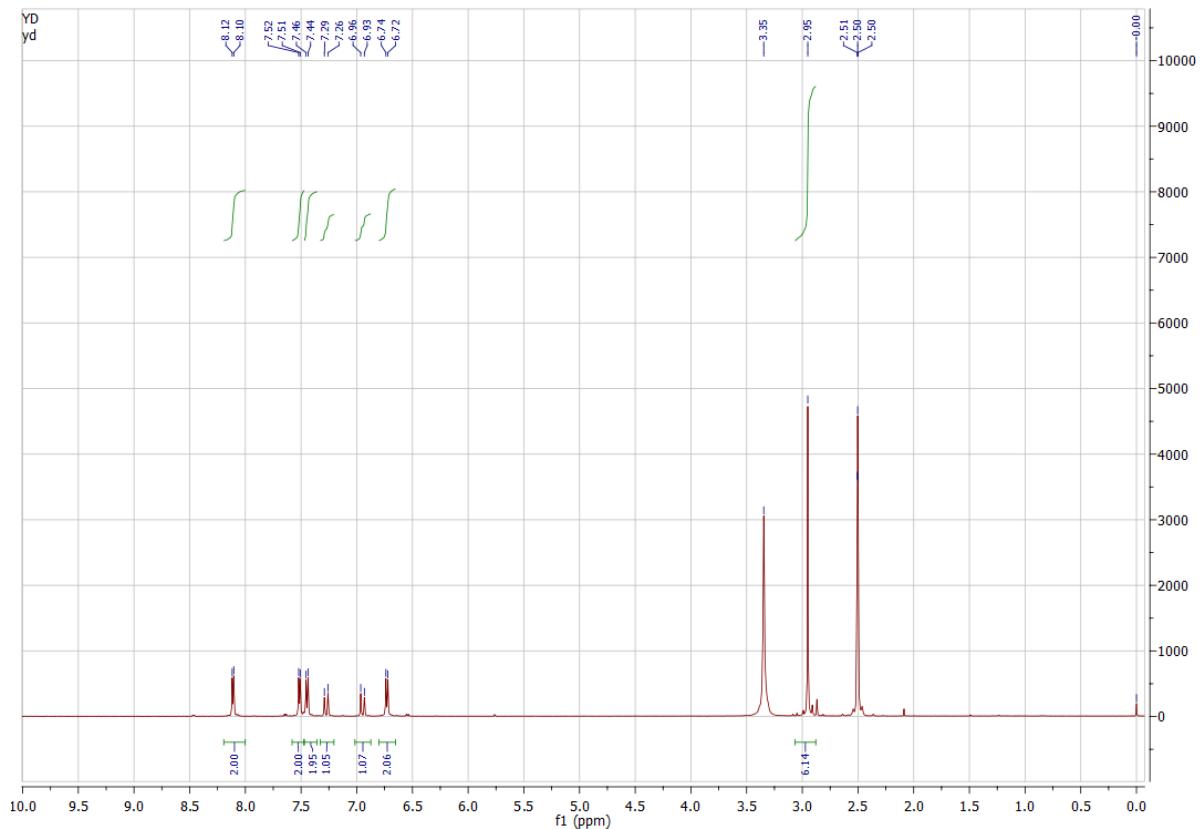
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.12 (d, J= 7 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, J= 7 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (d, J= 16 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (d, J= 16 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (t, J= 4.5 Hz, 4H), 3.23 (t, J= 5 Hz, 4H) **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz; CDCl₃) δ 151.57, 139.03, 136.47, 132.61, 128.20, 127.17, 122.53, 120.83, 115.15, 66.72, 48.45 **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₁₉N₂O₂⁺ [M + H]⁺ 283.1441, found 283.1427.

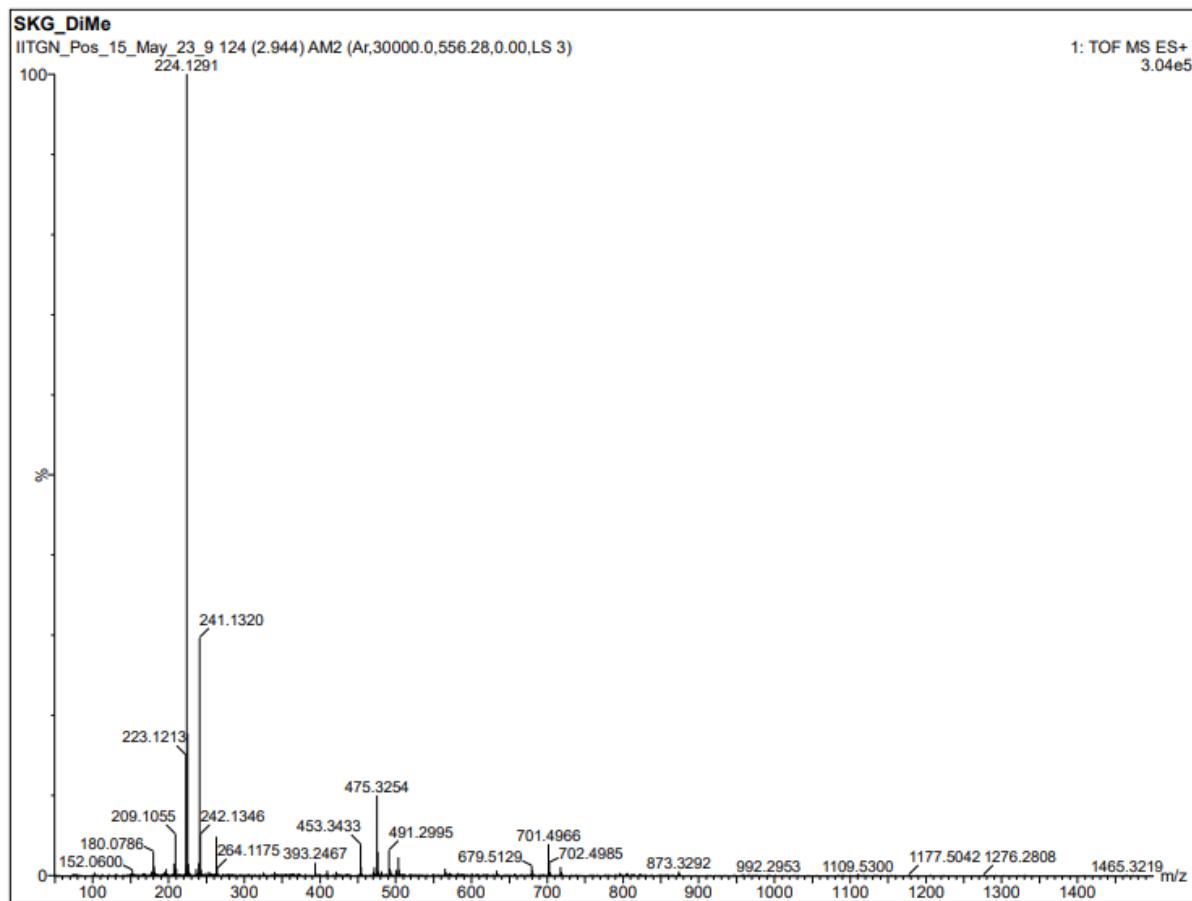
(E)-4-(4-(diphenylamino)styryl)pyridine 1-oxide (TNO)



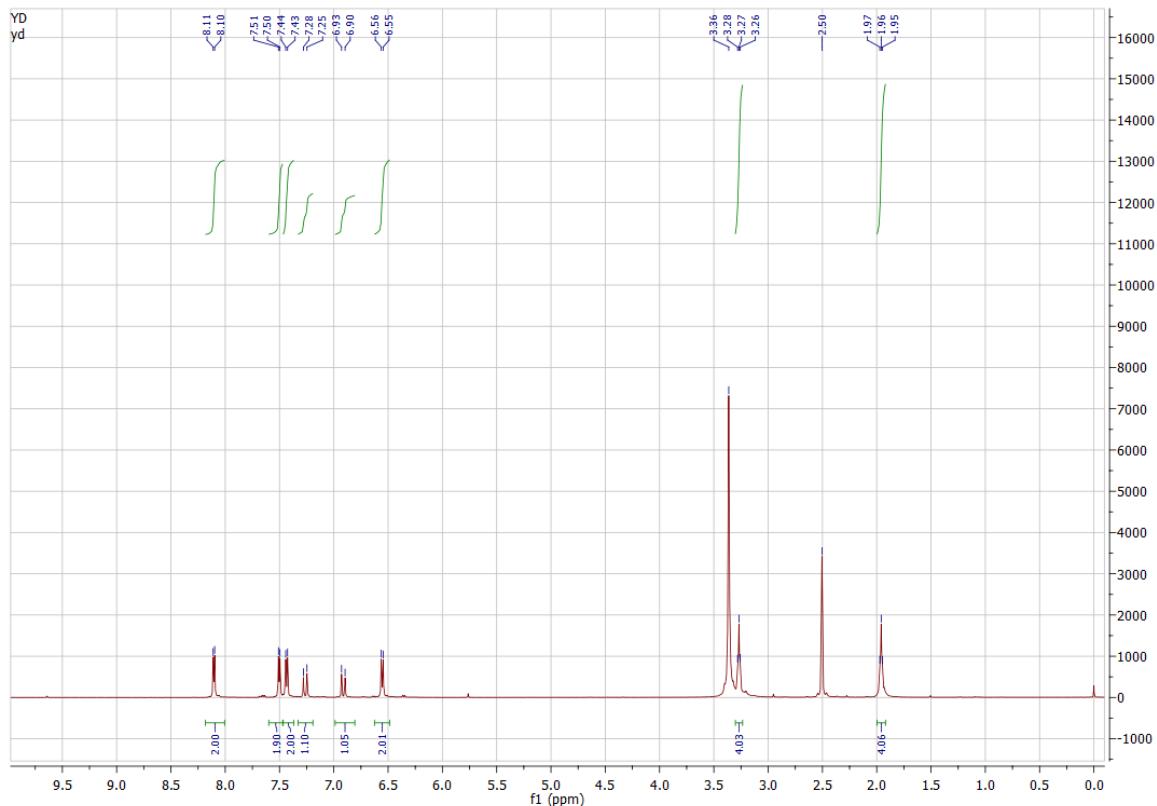
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.39 (d, J= 6 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.17-7.07 (m, 7H), 6.98 (d, J= 8 Hz, 4H), 6.93-6.90 (m, 4H), 6.72 (d, J= 16.5 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz; CDCl₃) δ 148.97, 147.35, 146.16, 143.89, 131.60, 128.69, 128.33, 126.91, 123.80, 122.77, 122.42, 121.71, 119.56 **HRMS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₅H₂₁N₂O⁺ [M + H]⁺ 365.1648, found 365.1635.

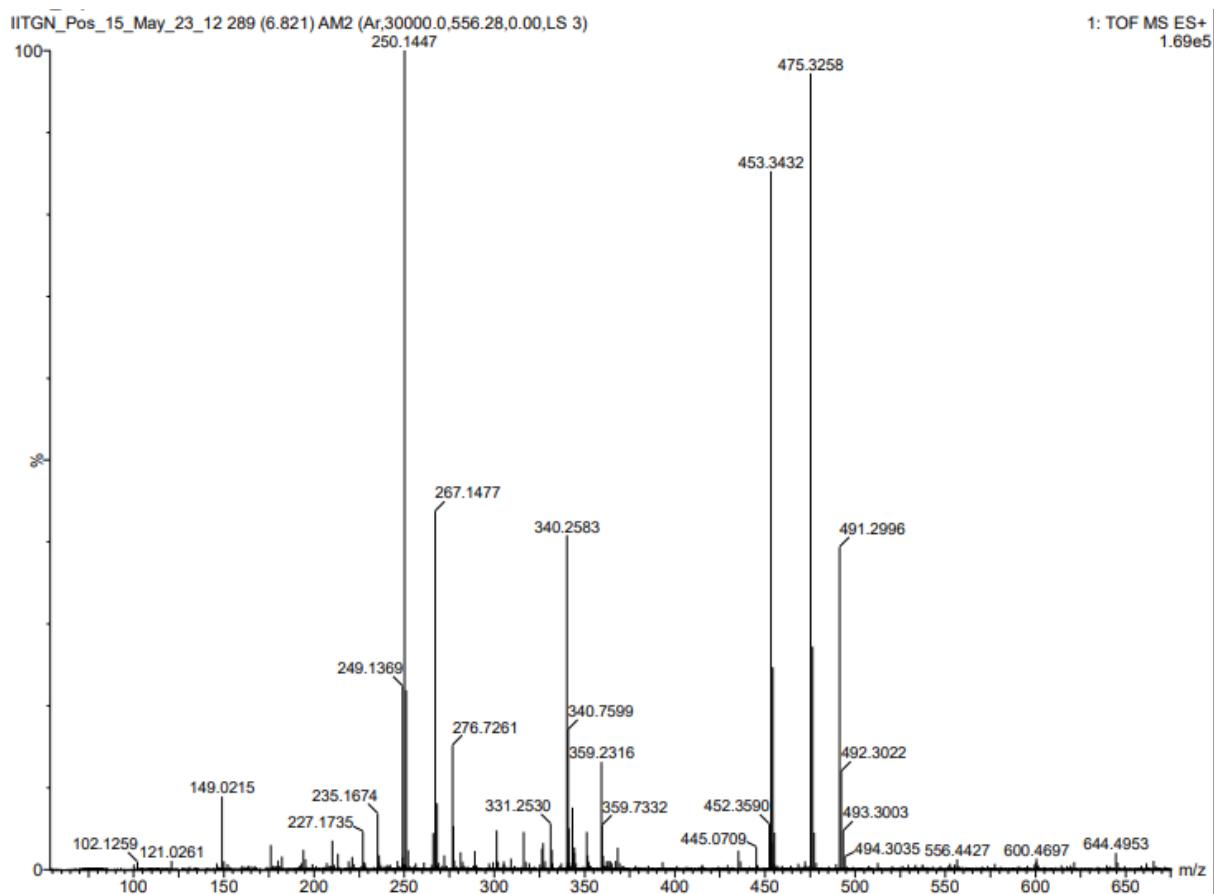
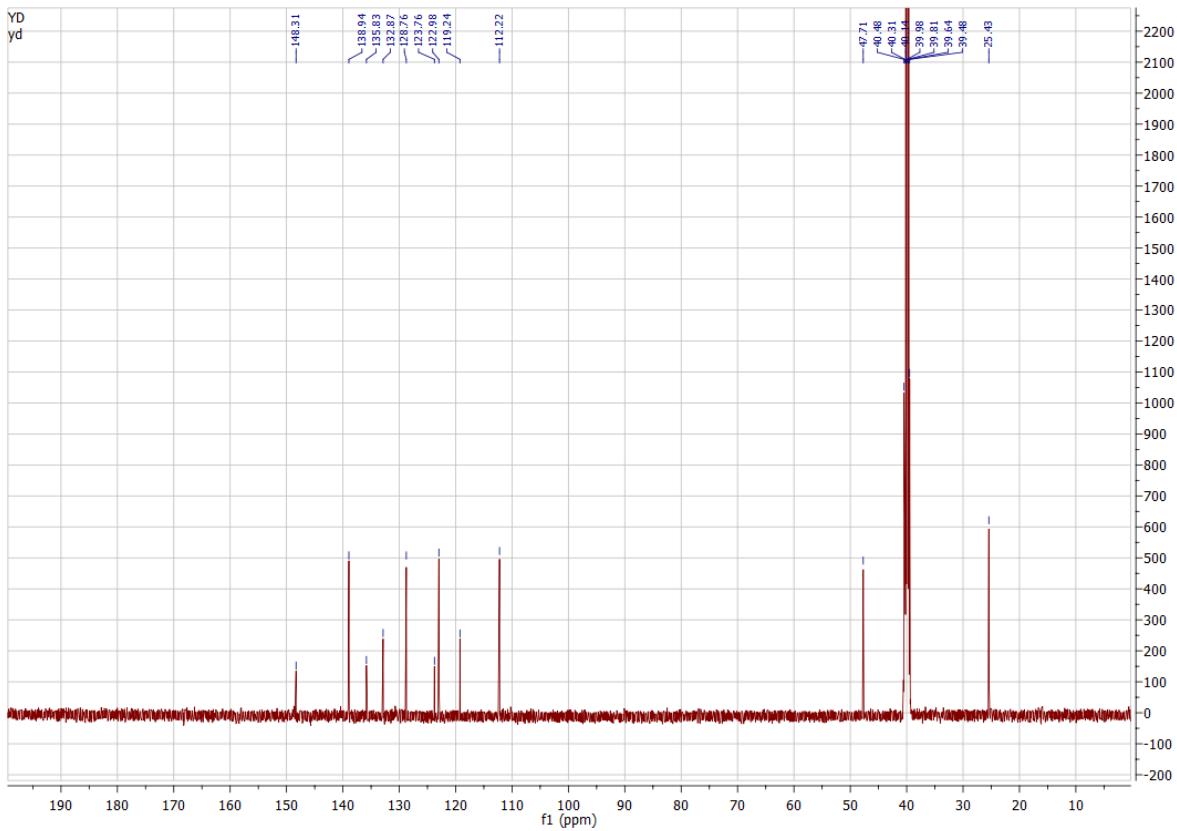
(E)-4-(4-(dimethylamino)styryl)pyridine 1-oxide (DNO)



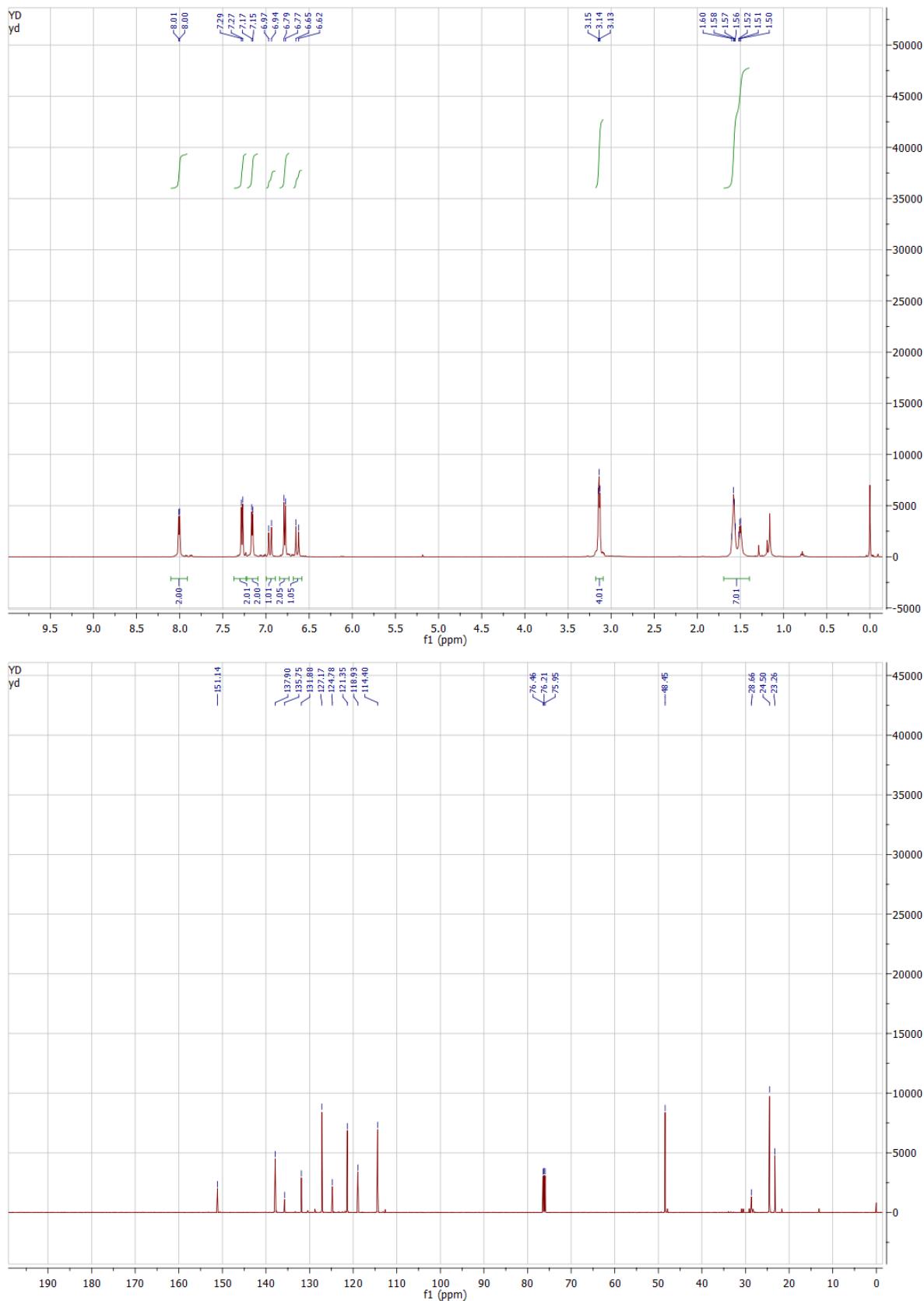


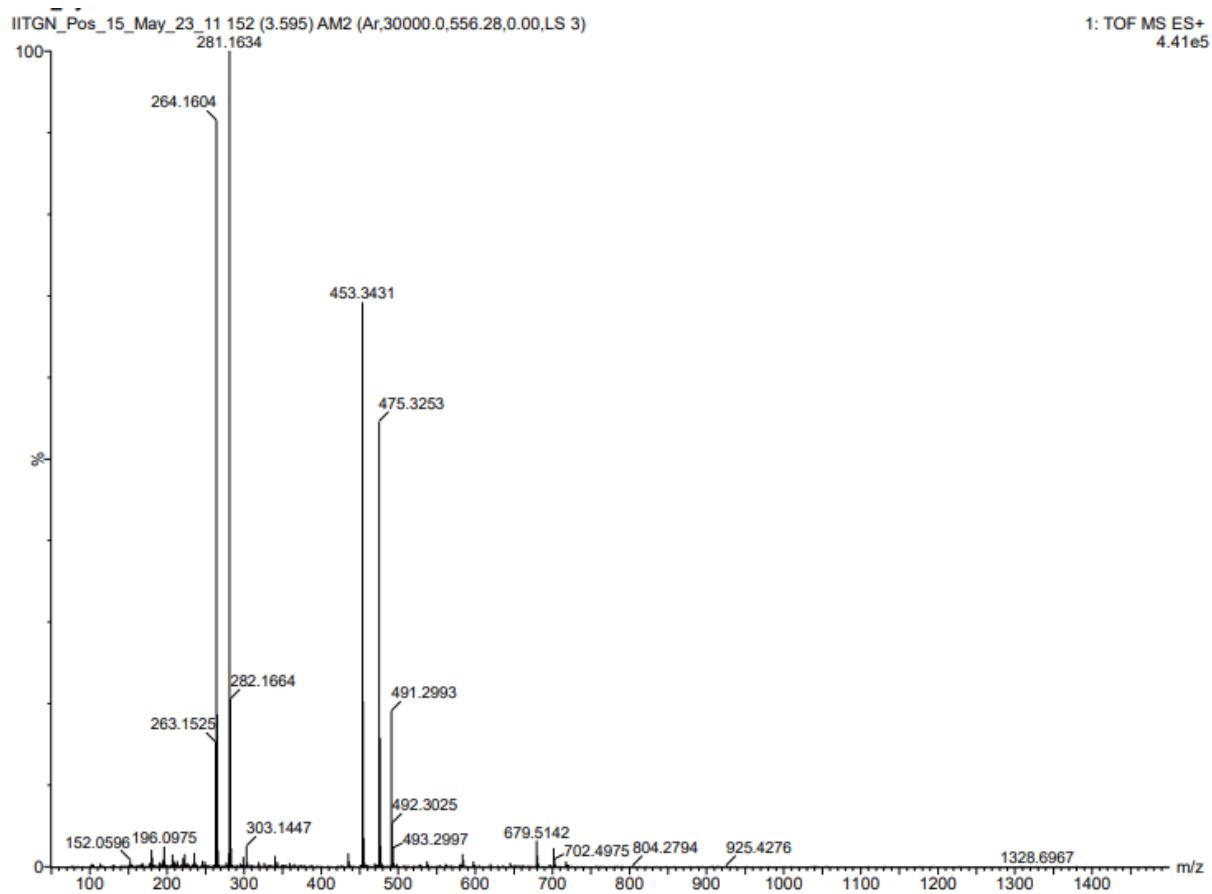
(E)-4-(4-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)styryl)pyridine 1-oxide (5NO)



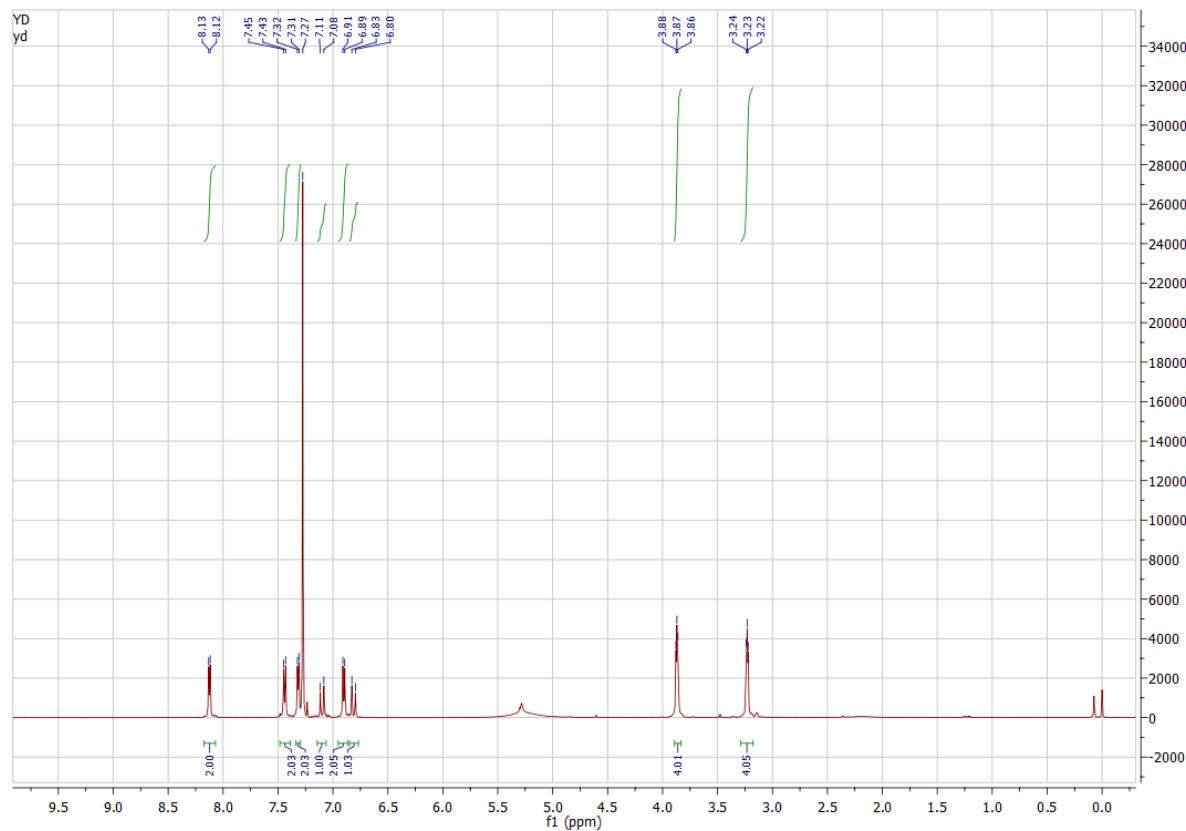


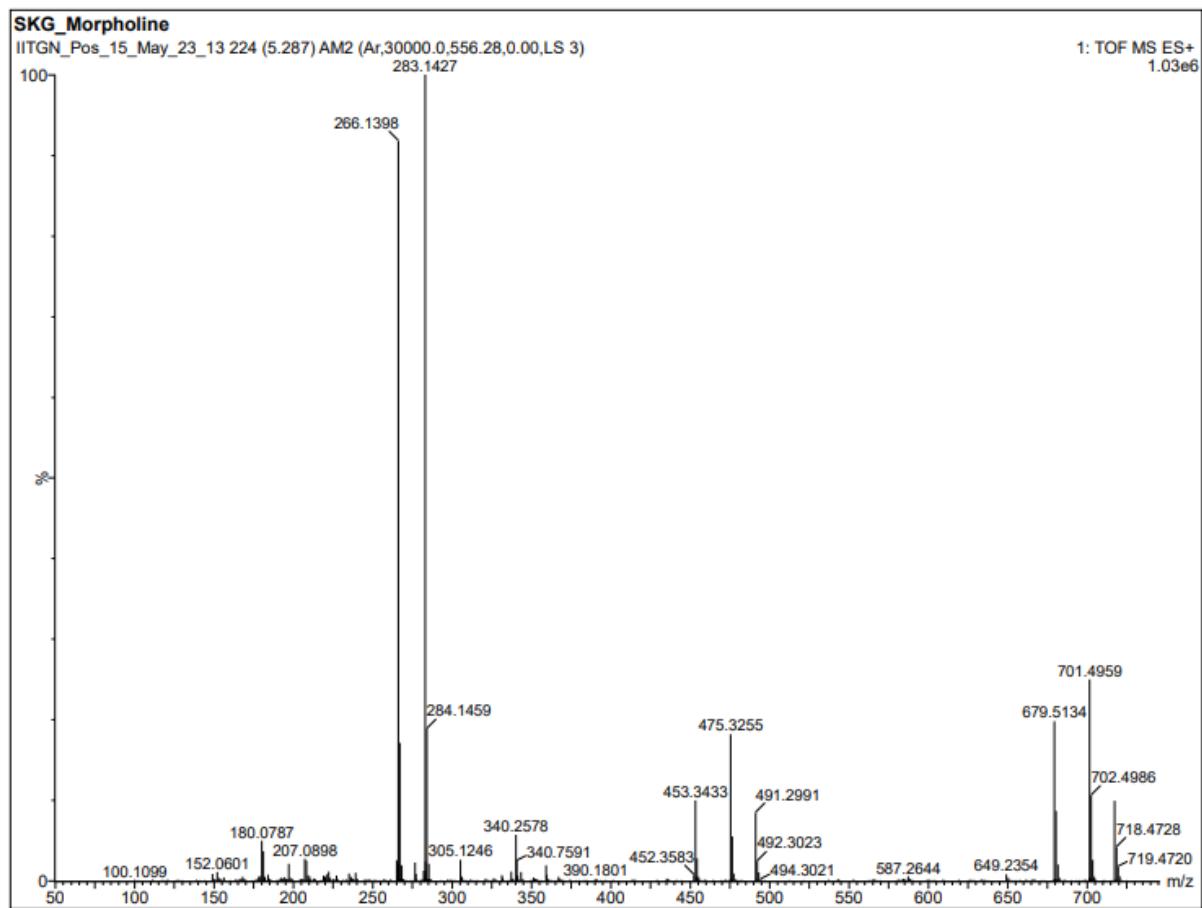
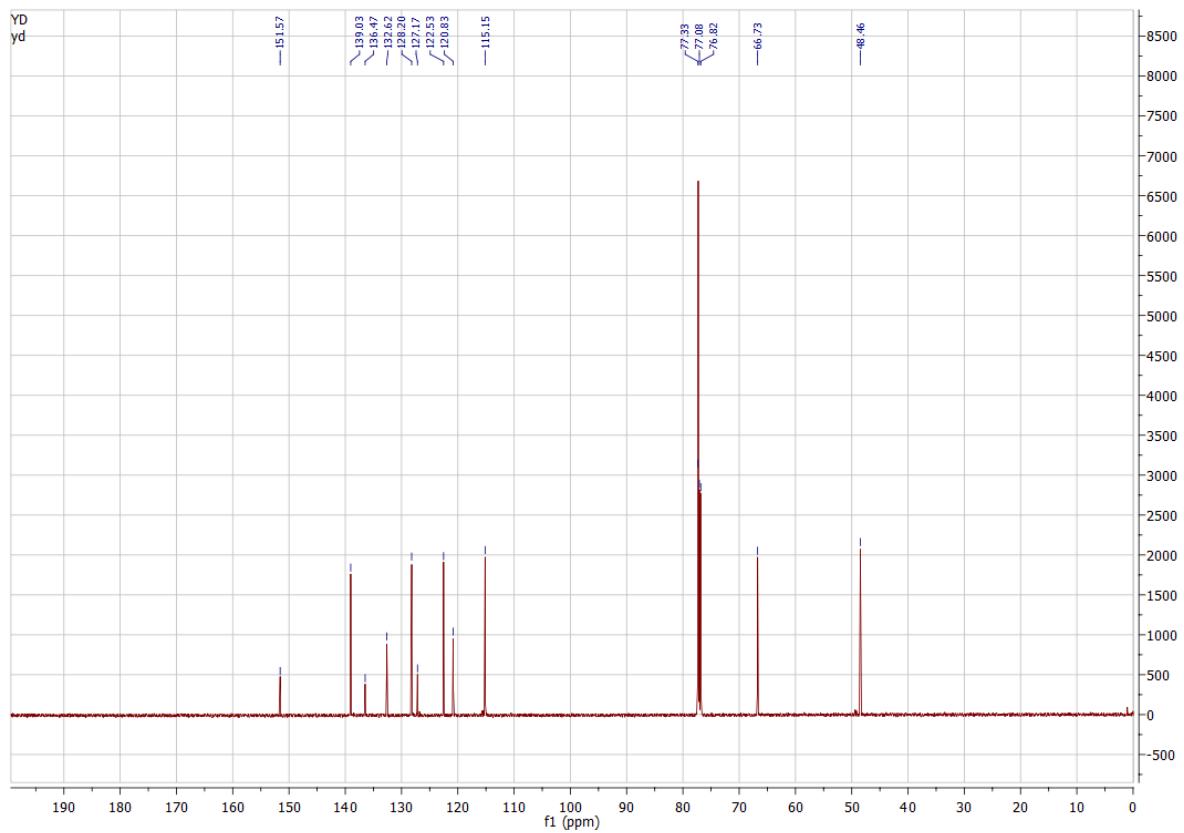
(E)-4-(4-(piperidin-1-yl)styryl)pyridine 1-oxide (6NO)



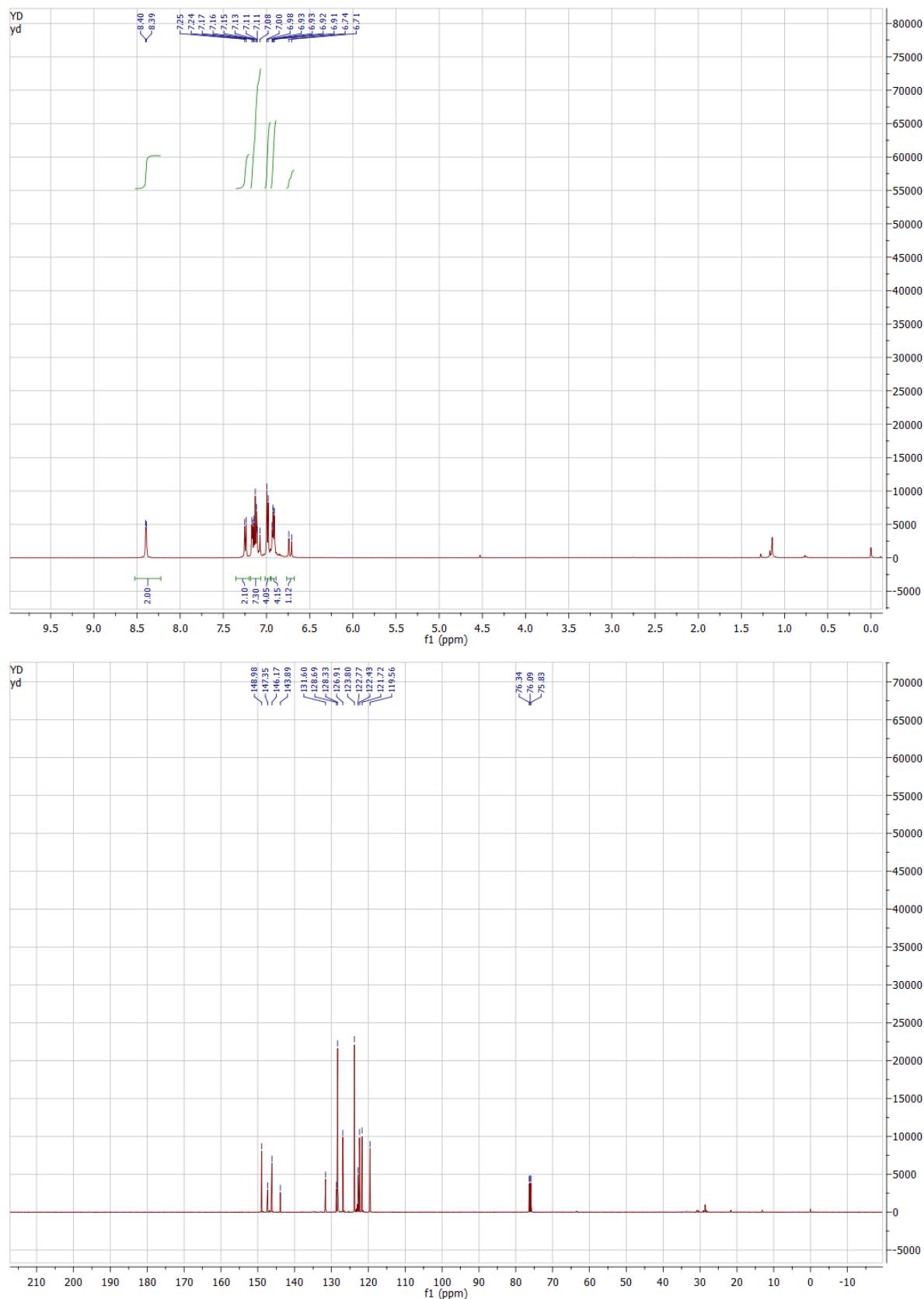


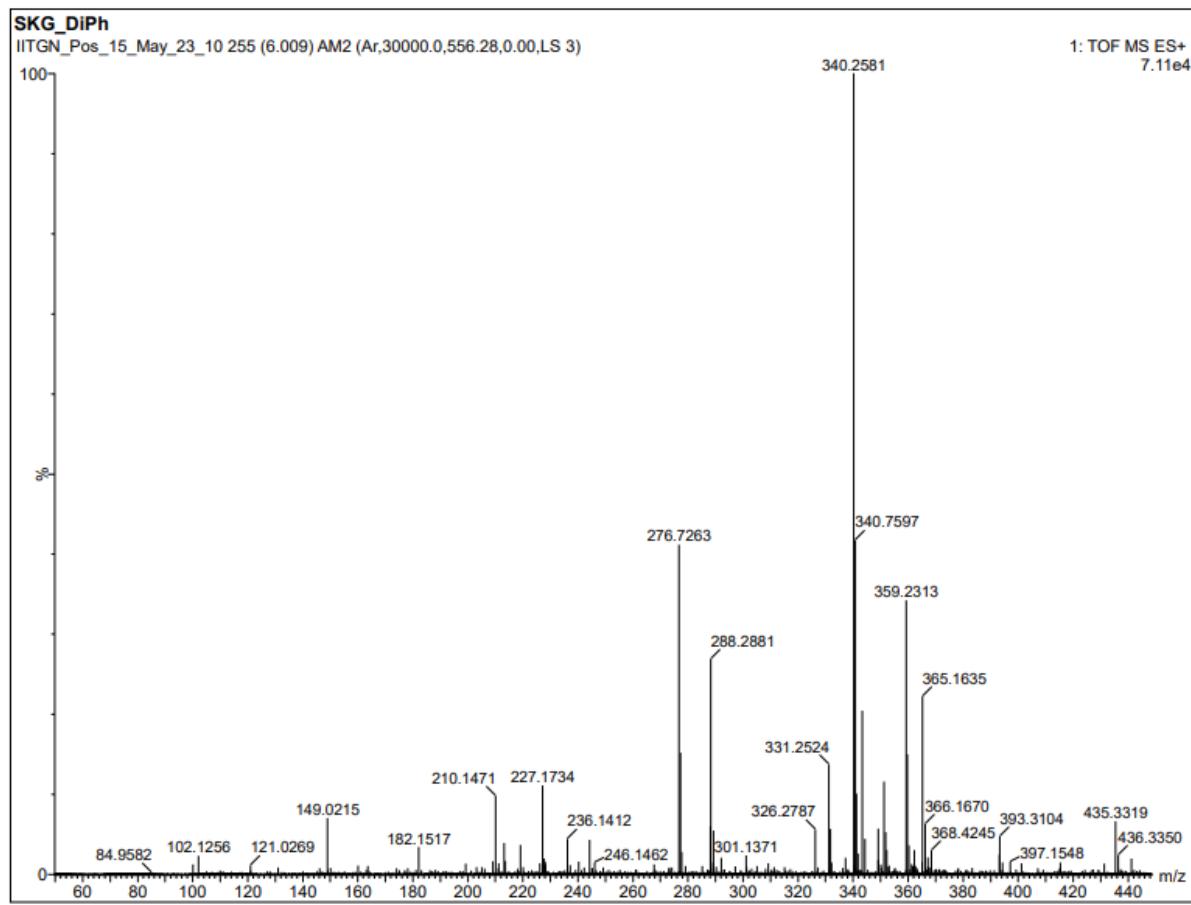
(E)-4-(4-morpholinostyryl)pyridine 1-oxide (MNO)





(E)-4-(4-(diphenylamino)styryl)pyridine 1-oxide (TNO)





References

1. Tydlitát, J., Achelle, S., Rodríguez-López, J., Pytela, O., Mikýsek, T., Cabon, N., ... & Bureš, F. *Dyes and Pigments*, 2017, **146**, 467-478.
2. Kumari, B., Singh, A., Jana, P., Radhakrishna, M., & Kanvah, S. *New Journal of Chemistry*, 2019, **43(29)**, 11701-11709.