# Supporting information for

# Ligand Pre-inserted α-Diimine Palladium Catalysts and Mechanism Studies in Olefin Polymerization

Yue Liu,<sup>‡ a</sup> Gang Yang,<sup>‡ a</sup> Chao Li,<sup>\*a</sup> Chen Tan<sup>\*a</sup> and Min Chen<sup>\*a</sup>

Institutes of Physical Science and Information Technology, Key Laboratory of Structure and Functional Regulation of Hybrid Materials of Ministry of Education, Anhui University, Hefei, Anhui 230601, China.

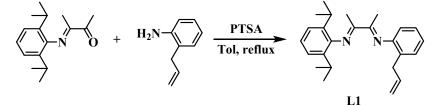
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#### **1.** Experimental section

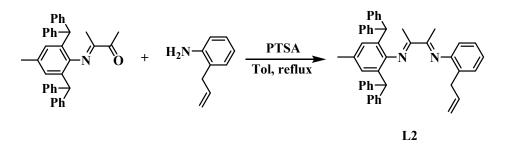
**1.1. General Methods.** All experiments were carried out under dry Nitrogen atmosphere using standard Schlenk techniques or in a glove-box. Deuterated solvents used for NMR were dried and distilled prior to use. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C spectra were recorded a Bruker AscendTm 400 spectrometer at ambient temperature unless otherwise stated. The chemical shifts of the <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were referenced to tetramethylsilane. Molecular weights and molecular weight distributions were determined by gel permeation chromatography (GPC, Waters) at 40°C with THF as the eluent, and the calibration was made using polystyrene standard. Dichloromethane, THF, toluene and hexane were purified by solvent purification systems.

**1.2. Computational Methods.** All the DFT studies were performed by using the Gaussian 16 program. For geometry optimizations, the B3LYP hybrid exchange-correlation functional and the dispersion-corrected density functional theory (B3LYP-D3BJ) were used. The 6-31G(d) basis set was used for H, C, Cl and N atoms. Pd atoms were treated by the LANL2DZ basis set. In the single point energy calculations, the dispersion-corrected density functional theory B3LYP-D3(BJ) and a larger basis set BSII were used. In the BSII, 6-311+G(d,p) was used for H, C, Cl and N atoms were treated by the SDD basis set. In these single-point calculations, solvation effects were considered with the SMD model. The toluene was employed as a solvent in the SMD solvation calculations. Normal modes of all structures were examined. No imaginary frequency was observed except for the transition states.

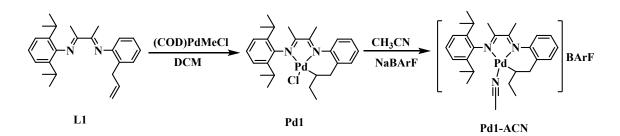


**Preparation of L1.** To a 250 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with a cold-water condenser was charged (E)-3-((2,6-diisopropylphenyl)imino)butan-2-one(2.45 g, 10 mmol), 2-allylaniline (1.33 g, 10 mmol), PTSA (5% mmol, 95 mg) and toluene (100 mL). The stirred solution was warmed to 140°C and held for 24 h while the toluene distilled. After removing toluene, the remaining volatiles were removed under vacuum. Afterwards, the crude product was purified by column chromatography using a gradual mixture of petroleum ether and ethyl

acetate to achieve the light yellow solid L1 (3.2 g, 89%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.18-7.13 (m, 2H), 7.08 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.04-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.75-6.59 (m, 1H), 5.91-5.71 (m, 1H), 5.05-4.86 (m, 2H), 3.20 (m, 2H), 2.60&2.49-2.44 (m, 2H), 2.50&2.07 (s, 3H), 1.95 &1.74 (s, 3H), 1.13-1.02 (m, 12H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  199.11 (s), 167.08 (s), 166.65 (s), 148.13 (s), 145.11 (s), 135.86 (s), 133.92 (s), 128.75 (s), 128.10 (s), 125.86 (s), 123.12 (s), 122.71 (s), 121.92 (s), 117.10 (s), 114.23 (s), 76.31 (s), 75.99 (s), 75.67 (s), 35.57 (s), 27.27 (s), 22.08 (s), 21.77 (s), 15.36 (s), 14.80 (s).

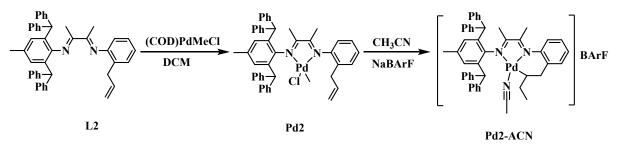


**Preparation of L2.** To a 250 mL round-bottomed flask equipped with a cold-water condenser was charged (E)-3-((2,6-dibenzhydryl-4-methylphenyl)imino)butan-2-one (5.0 g, 10 mmol), 2-allylaniline (1.33 g, 10 mmol), PTSA (5% mmol, 95 mg) and toluene (100 mL). The stirred solution was warmed to 140°C and held for 24 h while the toluene distilled. After removing toluene, the remaining volatiles were removed under vacuum. Afterwards, the crude product was purified by column chromatography using a gradual mixture of petroleum ether and ethyl acetate to achieve the light yellow solid L2 (5.3 g, 85%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.17-7.07 (m, 12H), 7.04-6.91 (m, 12H), 6.57 (s, 2H), 5.95-5.88 (m, 1H), 5.08 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 2H), 5.02 (s, 2H), 3.40 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 0.58 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 170.20 (s), 167.28 (s), 149.06 (s), 145.73 (s), 143.57 (s), 142.50 (s), 136.69 (s), 132.04 (s), 131.78 (s), 131.46 (s), 131.01 (s), 129.77 (s), 129.64 (s), 129.18 (s), 128.11 (s), 127.72 (s), 127.03 (s), 126.85 (s), 126.49 (s), 124.39 (s), 126.25 (s), 126.11 (s), 124.06 (s), 117.78 (s), 115.79 (s), 77.38 (s), 77.06 (s), 76.75 (s), 52.32 (s), 35.86 (s), 21.36 (s), 21.28 (s), 15.95 (s).



**Preparation of Pd1.** In nitrogen atmosphere, ligand L1 (0.72 g, 2 mmol) was dissolved in DCM, and metal precursor (COD)PdMeCl (0.53 g, 2 mmol) was added, stirring for 12 h. Concentrated to remove the solvent and adding a little of acetone precipitate to obtain brick red solid Pd1 (0.79 g,77%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) *δ* 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 3H), 7.07 (m, 1H), 3.54-3.48 (m, 1H), 3.16 (m, 1H), 2.94-2.84 (m, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.42 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.38 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 1H), 1.34 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.08 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.81 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.71-0.62 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 169.63 (s), 168.29 (s), 141.80 (s), 141.44 (s), 140.67(s), 138.32 (s), 137.41 (s), 132.18 (s), 128.75 (s), 126.77 (s), 126.22 (s), 123.40 (s), 23.67 (s), 23.45 (s), 22.52 (s), 19.79 (s), 12.53 (s). MALDI-TOF-MS (m/z) for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>35</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Pd: 481.1950 [M-Cl]. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>35</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>Pd: C, 60.35; H, 6.82; N, 5.41; Found: C, 60.31; H, 6.89; N, 5.48.

**Preparation of Pd1-ACN. Pd1** (0.5 g, 1 mmol) and NaBArF (0.93 g, 1.05 mmol) were added into a 20 ml sample bottle, mixed with 10 ml DCM and 5 ml CH<sub>3</sub>CN solvent, stirred for 12 h, filtered, drained, washed off the residual acetonitrile, and collected red solid to obtain **Pd1-ACN** (0.585 g, 98%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.61 (s, 8H), 7.43 (s, 4H), 7.27-7.13 (m, 6H), 6.93 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.23-3.12 (m, 1H), 2.91 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 2.73-2.61 (m, 2H), 2.51 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 1.77 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H), 1.59 (s, 3H), 1.19-1.13 (m, 6H), 1.09 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.01 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.87-0.80 (m, 1H), 0.72 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.53-0.41 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 172.40 (s), 172.16 (s), 162.63 (s), 162.13 (s), 161.64 (s), 161.14 (s), 140.26 (s), 140.22(s), 139.14 (s), 138.53 (s), 137.29 (s), 135.01 (s), 132.57 (s), 130.75 (s), 129.26 (s), 128.95 (s), 128.13 (s), 127.46 (s), 126.11 (s), 124.35 (s), 123.40 (s), 120.88 (s), 120.69(s), 117.69 (s), 77.55 (s), 77.23 (s), 76.91 (s), 53.68 (s), 37.36 (s), 29.04 (s), 28.67 (s), 24.26 (s), 23.73 (s), 23.35 (s), 22.77 (s), 20.12 (s), 13.11 (s), 1.71 (s). MALDI-TOF-MS (m/z) for  $C_{26}H_{35}N_2Pd$ : 481.1424 [M-Anion-CH<sub>3</sub>CN]. Anal. Calcd for  $C_{26}H_{35}ClN_2Pd$ : C, 51.99; H, 3.64; N, 3.03; Found: C, 60.01; H, 3.59; N, 3.09.



**Preparation of Pd2.** In nitrogen atmosphere, ligand **L2** (1.24 g, 2 mmol) was dissolved in DCM, and metal precursor (COD)PdMeCl (0.53 g, 2 mmol) was added, stirring for 12 h. Concentrated to remove the solvent and adding a little of acetone precipitate to get brick red solid **Pd2** (1.1 g, 75%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.47-7.32 (m, 6H), 7.28 (s, 7H), 7.24-7.05 (m, 10H), 6.90-6.74 (m, 2H), 6.66 (s, 1H), 6.15 (s, 1H), 6.05-5.84 (m, 2H), 5.23-4.96 (m, 2H), 3.85-3.55 (m, 2H), 2.23-2.14 (m, 3H), 1.45-1.38 (s, 3H), 1.03&0.65 (s, 3H), -0.35 (d, *J* = 19.5 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  179.34 (s), 175.11 (s), 174.02 (s), 169.69 (s), 144.96 (s), 143.1 (s), 142.97 (s), 142.2 (s), 141.97 (s), 141.51 (s), 136.60 (s), 135.46 (s), 134.78 (s), 134.67 (s), 130.43 (s), 129.97 (s), 129.62 (s), 129.56(s), 129.39 (s), 129.3 (s), 129.05 (s), 128.87 (s), 128.8 (s), 128.29 (s), 128.25 (s), 127.70 (s), 127.48 (s), 127.28 (s), 127.14 (s), 127.03 (s), 126.74 (s), 126.38 (s), 121.31 (s), 117.51 (s), 77.55 (s), 77.23 (s), 76.91 (s), 52.53 (s), 52.46 (s), 52.31 (s), 52.18 (s), 36.61 (s), 35.41 (s), 21.69 (s), 19.98 (s), 18.56 (s), 4.74 (s), 3.40 (s). MALDI-TOF-MS (m/z) for C<sub>46</sub>H<sub>42</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>Pd: 763.2634 [M-Me]; C<sub>47</sub>H<sub>45</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Pd: 743.3975 [M-Cl]; C<sub>46</sub>H<sub>42</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Pd: 728.2006 [M-Cl-Me]. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>35</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>Pd: C, 72.40; H, 5.82; N, 3.59; Found: C, 72.41; H, 5.89; N, 3.51.

**Preparation of Pd2-ACN. Pd2** (0.78 g, 1 mmol) and NaBArF (0.93 g, 1.05 mmol) were added into a 20 ml sample bottle, mixed with 10 ml DCM and 5 ml CH<sub>3</sub>CN solvent, stirred for 12 h, filtered, drained, washed off the residual acetonitrile, and collected red solid to obtain **Pd2-ACN** (0.83 g, 97%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.70 (s, 8H), 7.51 (s, 4H), 7.40-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.34-7.21 (m, 11H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H),

7.03 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 6.93 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (s, 1H), 5.47 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 3.31-3.25 (m, 1H), 3.08 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.91 (d, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.05-0.97 (m, 1H), 0.85 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.76 (s, 3H), 0.69-0.60 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  172.26 (s), 170.31 (s), 160.39 (s), 159.90 (s), 159.40 (s), 158.90 (s), 139.23 (s), 139.19 (s), 139.07 (s), 138.88 (s), 137.78 (s), 137.10 (s), 134.68 (s), 132.75 (s), 131.58 (s), 130.36 (s), 128.46 (s), 127.44 (s), 127.28 (s), 127.14 (s), 126.99 (s), 126.97 (s), 126.85 (s), 126.77 (s), 126.68 (s), 126.57 (s), 125.42 (s), 125.38 (s), 125.28 (s), 125.23 (s), 123.86 (s), 121.15 (s), 120.52 (s), 118.52 (s), 118.44 (s), 115.43 (s), 75.26 (s), 75.15 (s), 74.95 (s), 74.63 (s), 52.73 (s), 51.28 (s), 50.71 (s), 34.92 (s), 25.63 (s), 19.81 (s), 19.21 (s), 17.03 (s), 10.61 (s). MALDI-TOF-MS (m/z) for C<sub>47</sub>H<sub>45</sub>N<sub>2</sub>Pd: 743.2631 [M-Anion-CH<sub>3</sub>CN]. Anal. Calcd for C<sub>81</sub>H<sub>60</sub>BF<sub>24</sub>N<sub>3</sub>Pd: C, 59.01; H, 3.67; N, 2.55; Found: C, 59.04; H, 3.69; N, 2.51.

**Procedure for Ethylene Polymerization.** In a typical experiment, a 350 mL glass thickwalled pressure vessel was charged with 18 mL toluene and a magnetic stir bar in the glovebox. The pressure vessel was connected to a high-pressure line and the solution was degassed. The vessel was warmed to desired temperature using an oil bath and allowed to equilibrate for 15 minutes. 10  $\mu$ mol of Pd catalyst in 2 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was injected into the polymerization system via syringe. With rapid stirring, the reactor was pressurized and maintained at 8.0 atm of ethylene. After a desired amount of time, the polymerization was quenched with methanol. The polyethylene was collected and dried at 45°C in vacuum.

**Procedure for Ethylene-Polar Monomer Copolymerization.** In a typical experiment, a 350 mL glass thick-walled pressure vessel was charged with toluene and polar monomer in total 18 mL, a magnetic stir bar in the glovebox. The pressure vessel was connected to a high-pressure line and the solution was degassed. The vessel was warmed to desired temperature using an oil bath and allowed to equilibrate for 15 minutes 20  $\mu$ mol of Pd complex in 2 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was injected into the polymerization system via syringe. With rapid stirring, the reactor was pressurized and maintained at 8.0 atm of ethylene. After 3 h, solvent toluene was evaporated and the copolymer products were dried at 45°C in vacuum.

### 2. Mechanism investigation

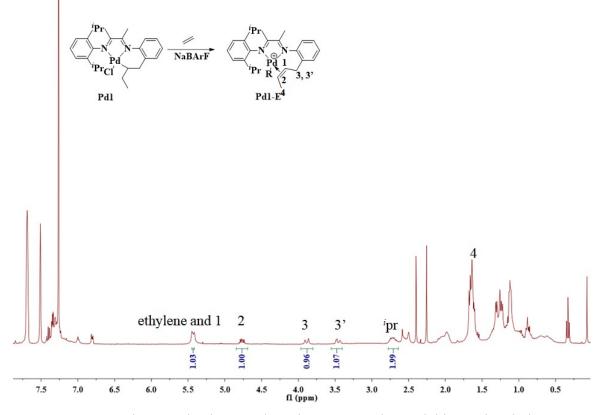
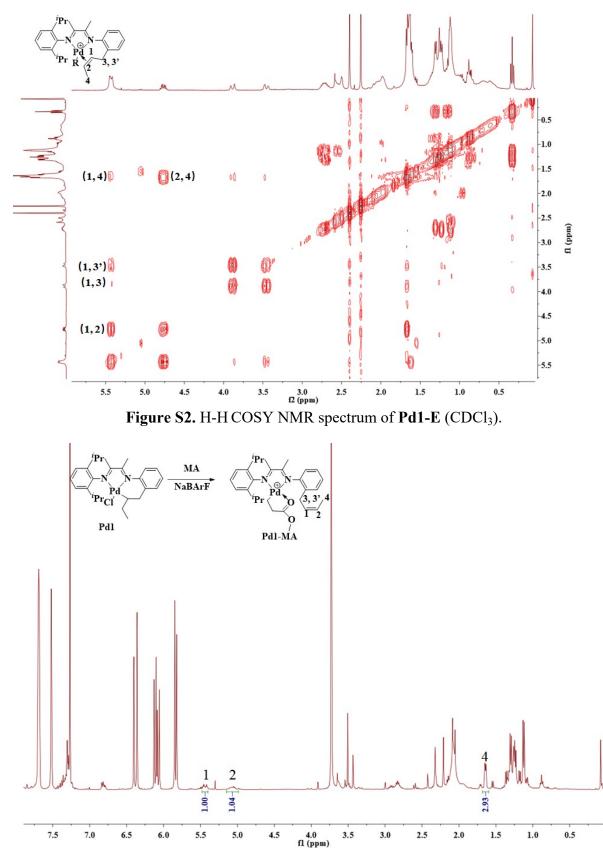


Figure S1. Insertion mechanism study using Pd1 under stoichiometric ethylene at room temperature for 30 minutes. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of Pd1-E (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).



**Figure S3.** Insertion mechanism study using **Pd1** with 10 eq. of MA at room temperature for 30 minutes. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of **Pd1-MA** (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

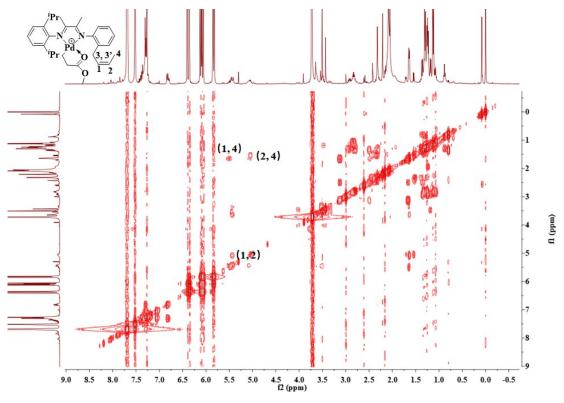
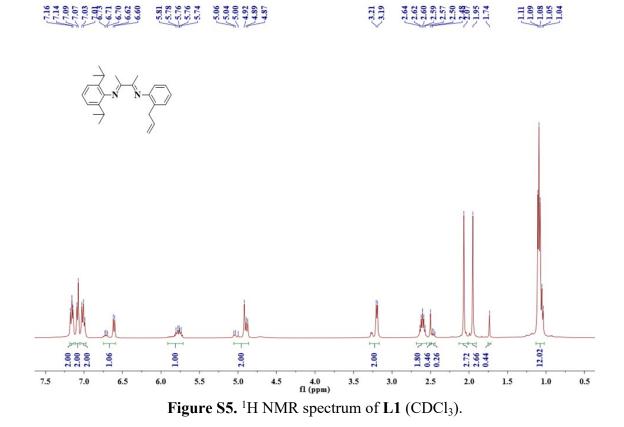


Figure S4. H-H COSY NMR spectrum of Pd1-MA (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

#### 3. <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR and MALDI-TOF-MS of ligands and catalysts



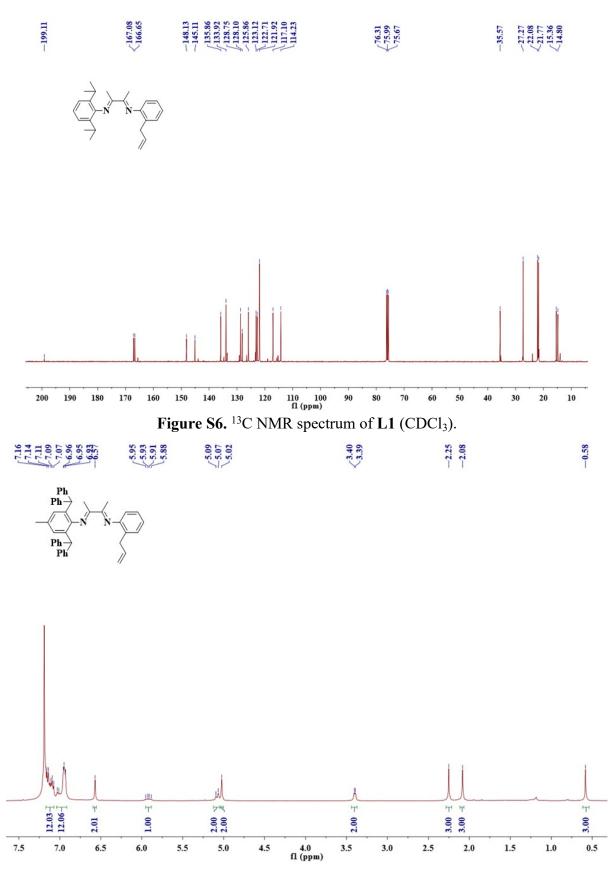
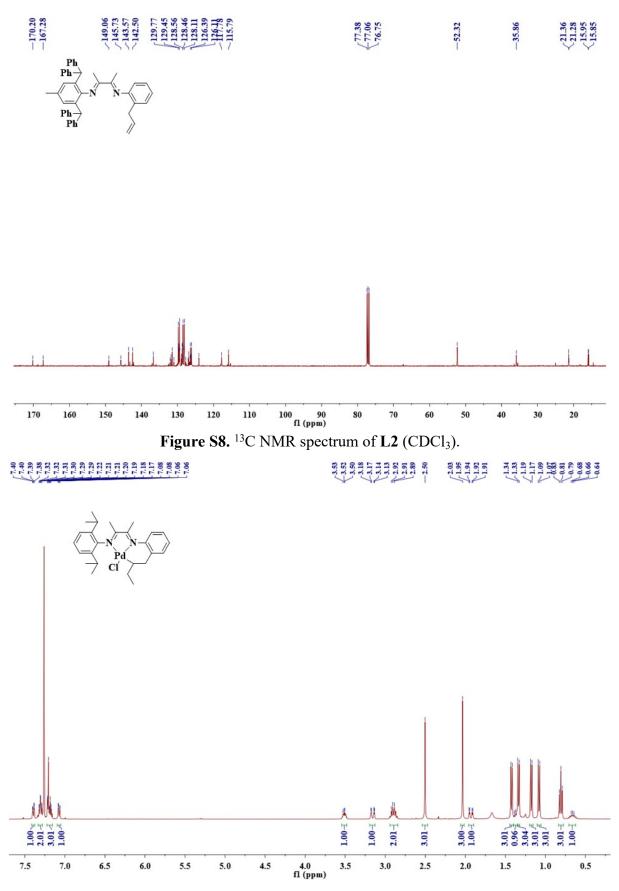
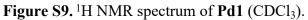


Figure S7. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of L2 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).





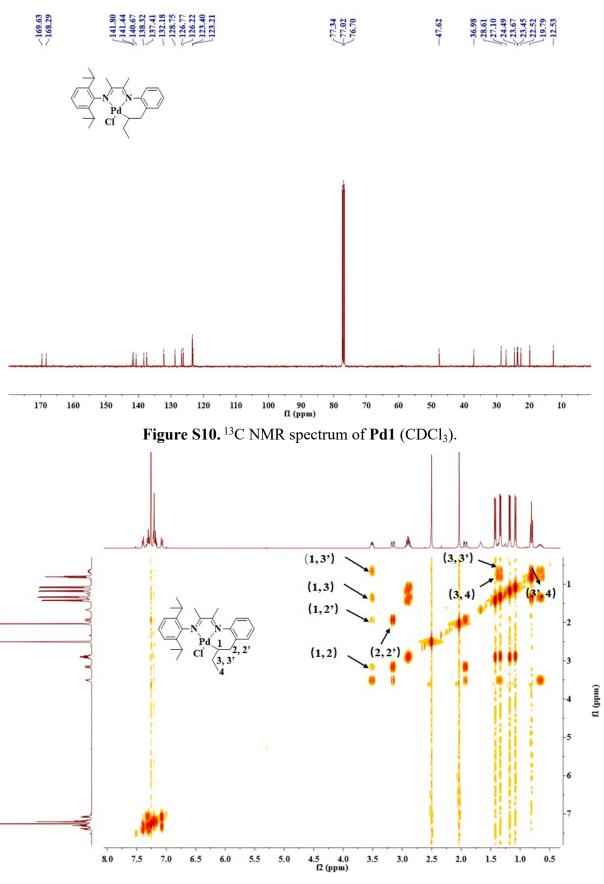
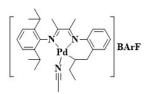
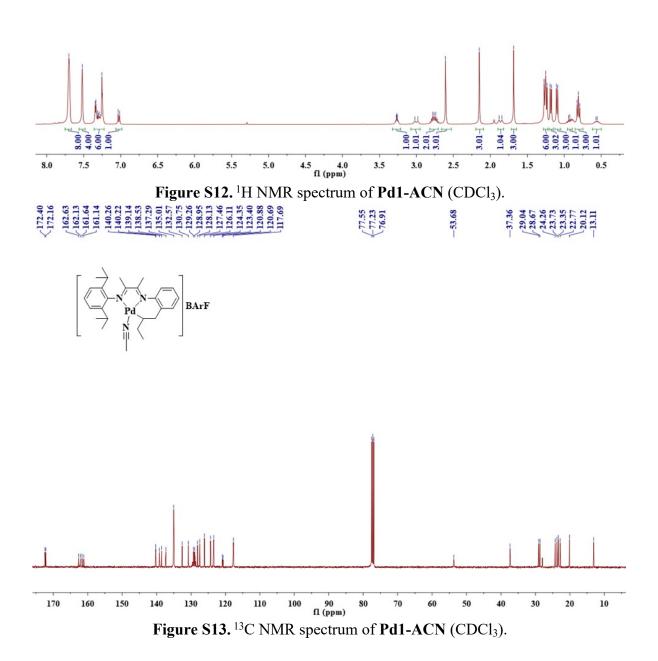
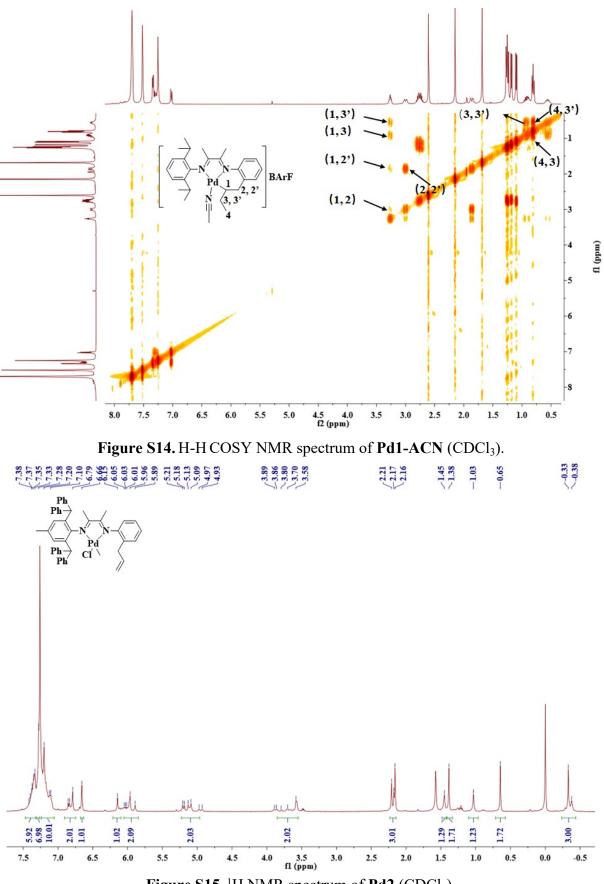


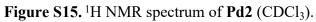
Figure S11. H-H COSY NMR spectrum of Pd1 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).











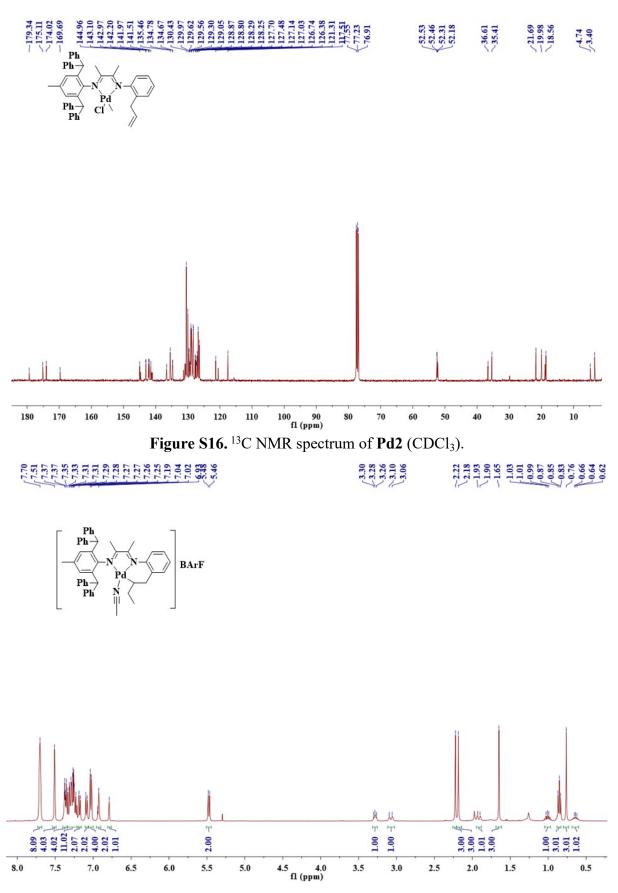
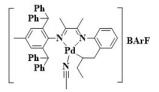


Figure S17. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of Pd2-ACN (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

V171.26 V172.26 V170.31 V170.31 V170.31 V120.39 V12



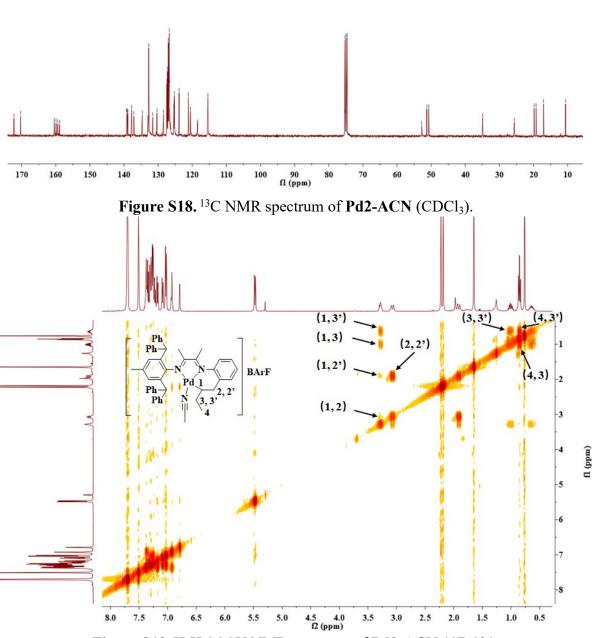


Figure S19. H-H COSY NMR spectrum of Pd2-ACN (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

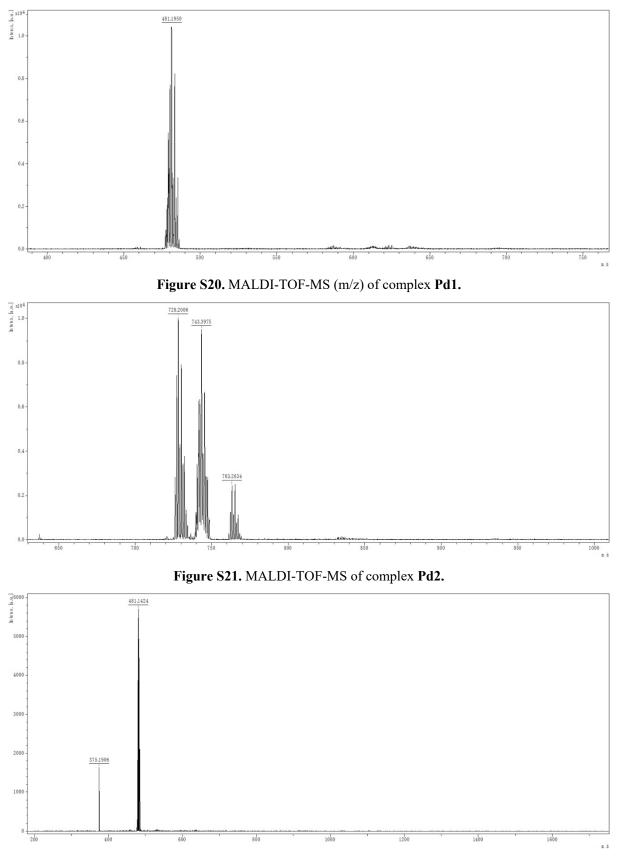
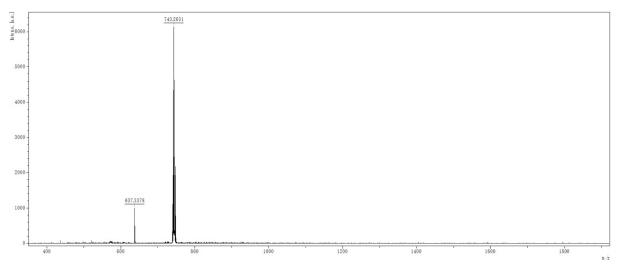
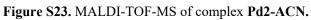
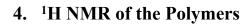
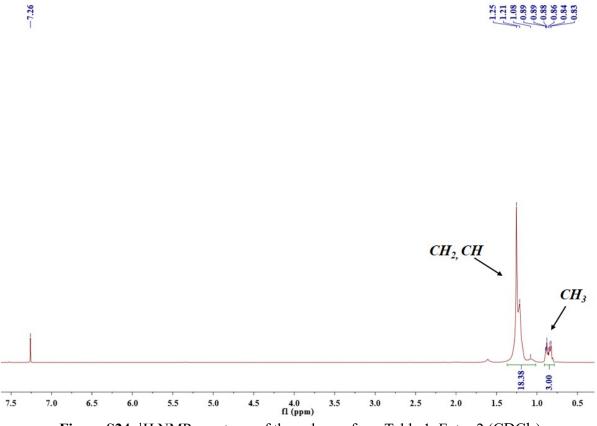


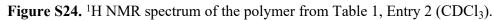
Figure S22. MALDI-TOF-MS of complex Pd1-ACN.











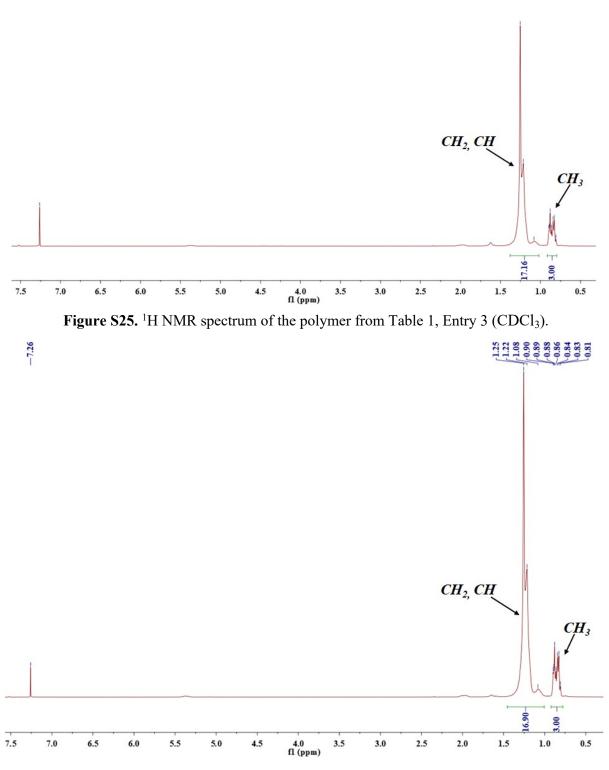
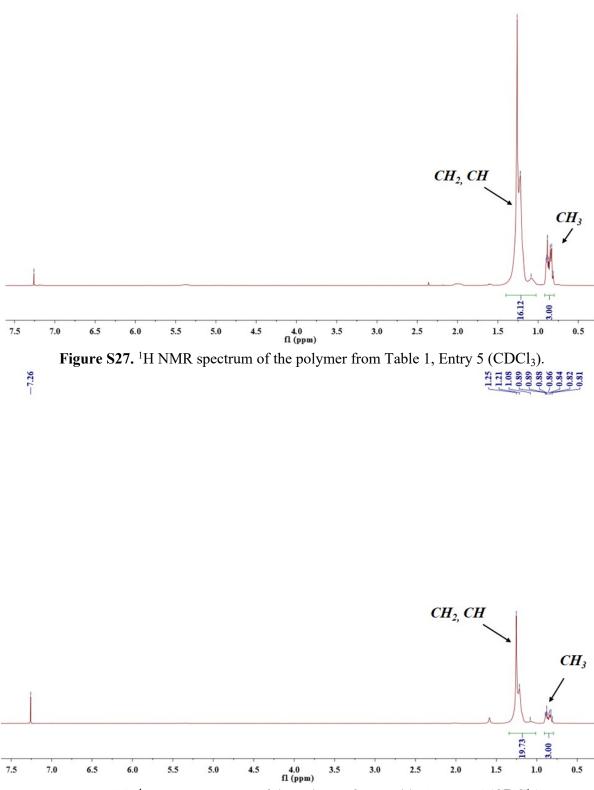


Figure S26. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 4 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).



-7.26

Figure S28. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 6 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

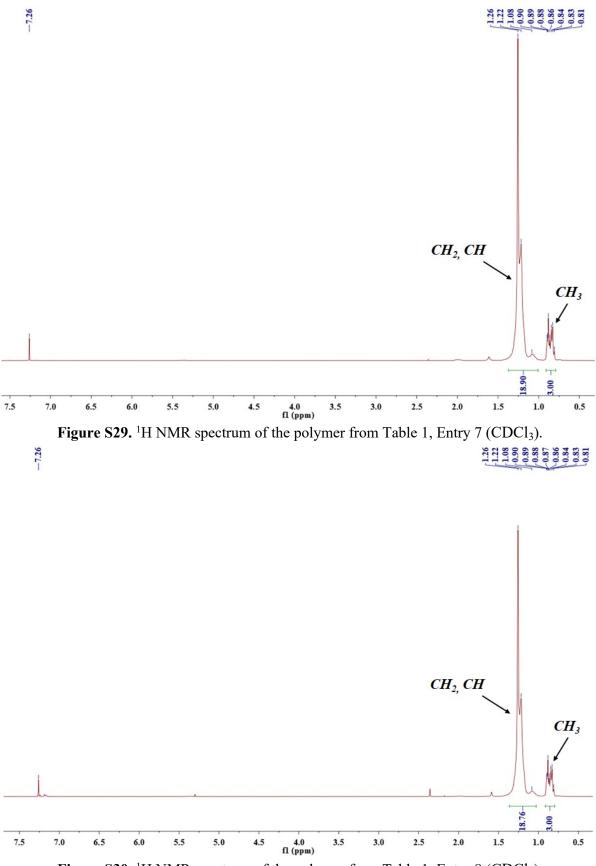


Figure S30. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 8 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

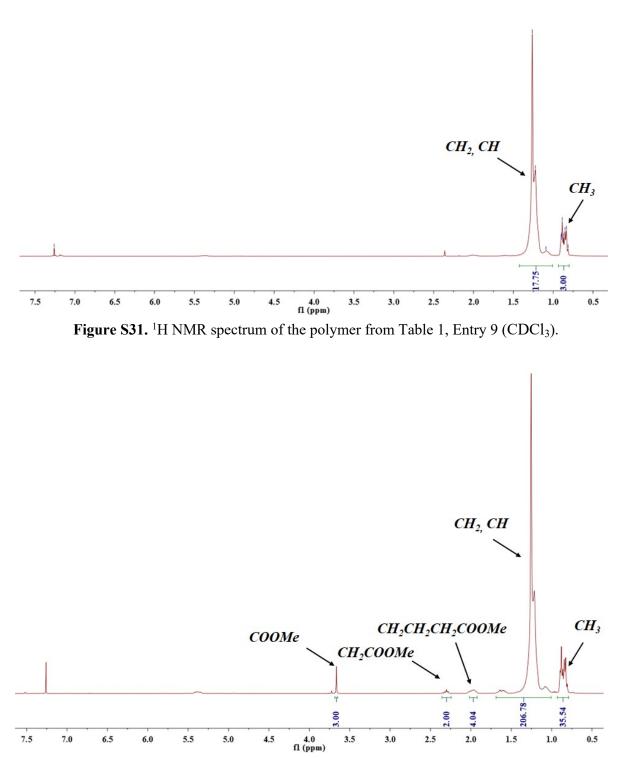


Figure S32. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 1(CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

S22

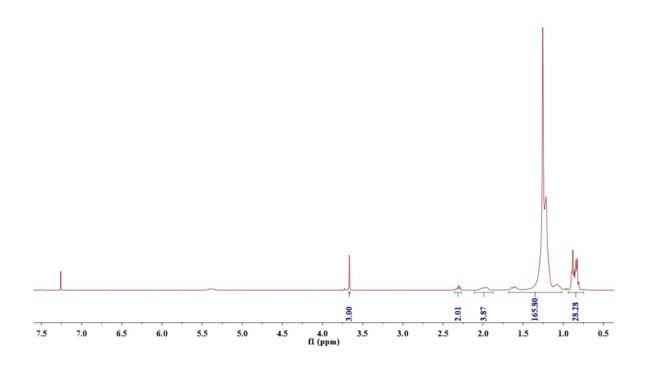


Figure S33. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 2 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

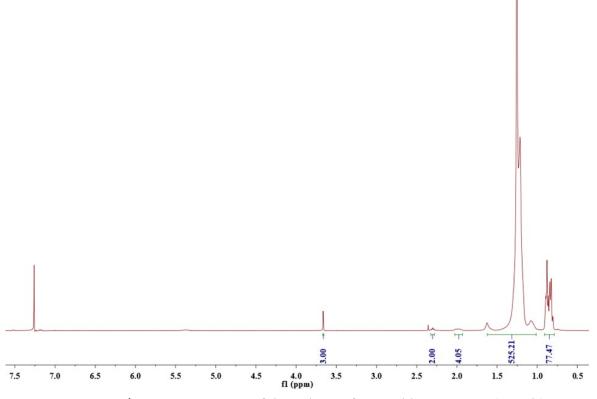


Figure S34. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 4 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

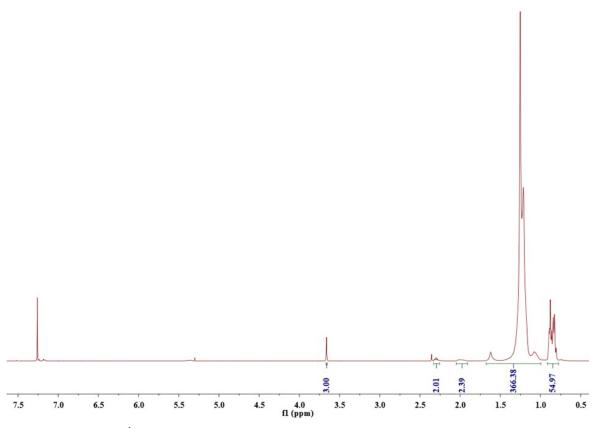


Figure S35. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 5 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

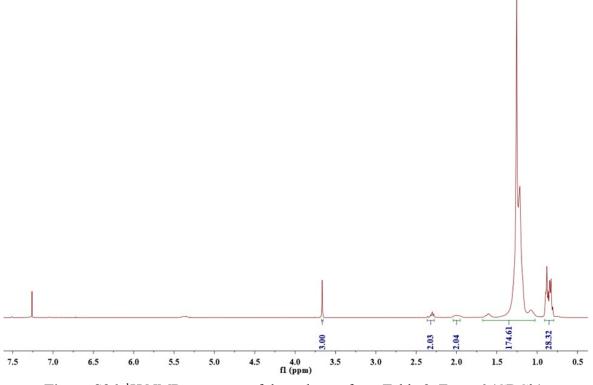
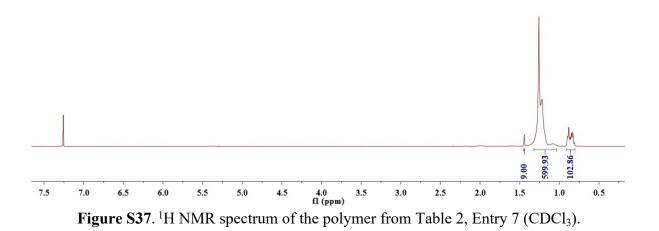


Figure S36. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 6 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).



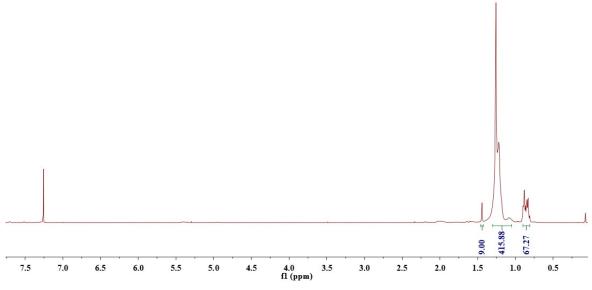


Figure S38. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 8 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).

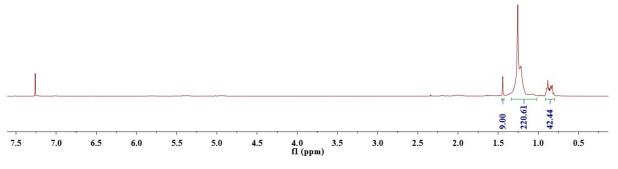
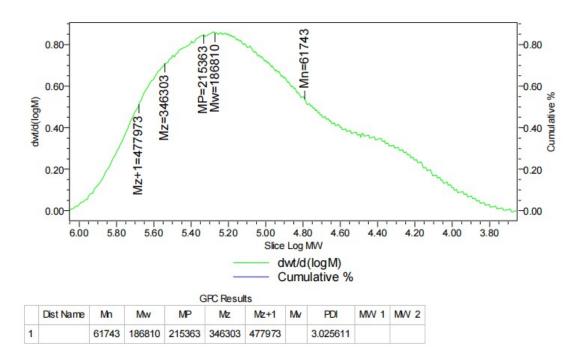


Figure S39. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 9 (CDCl<sub>3</sub>).



#### 5. GPC traces of polymers

Figure S40. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 2.

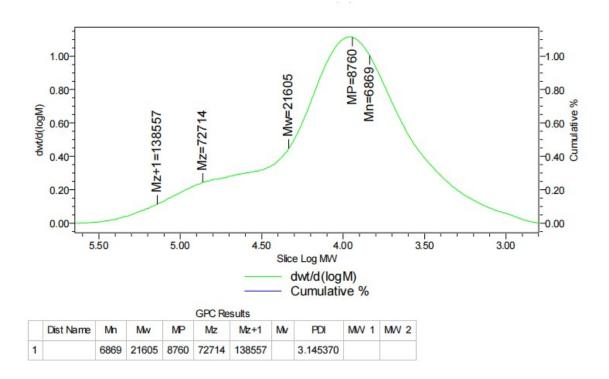


Figure S41. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 3.

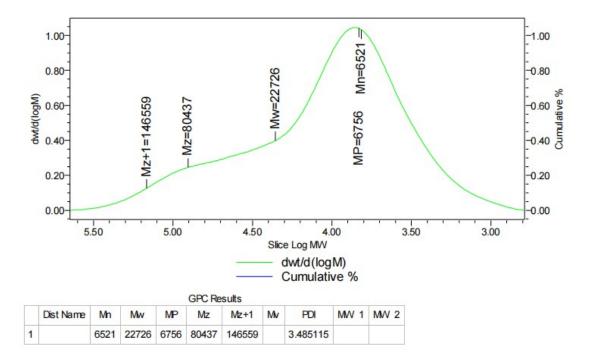


Figure S42. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 4.

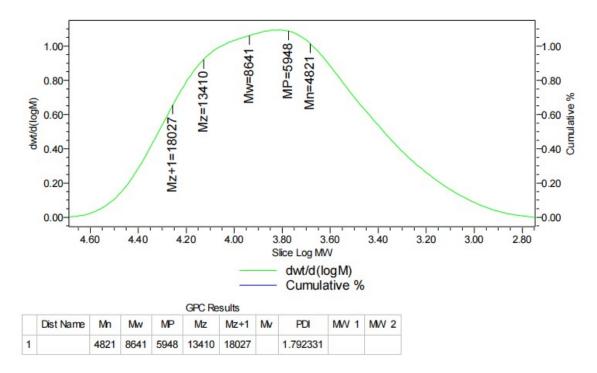


Figure S43. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 5.

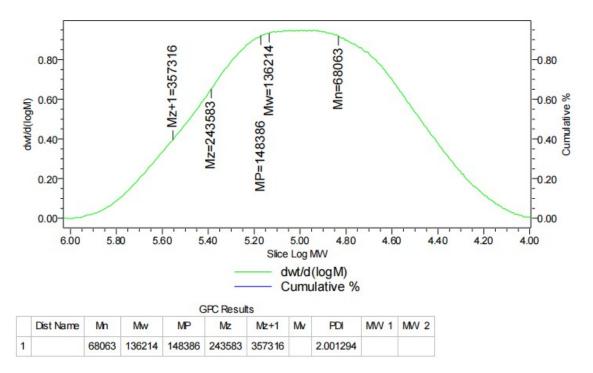


Figure S44. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 6.

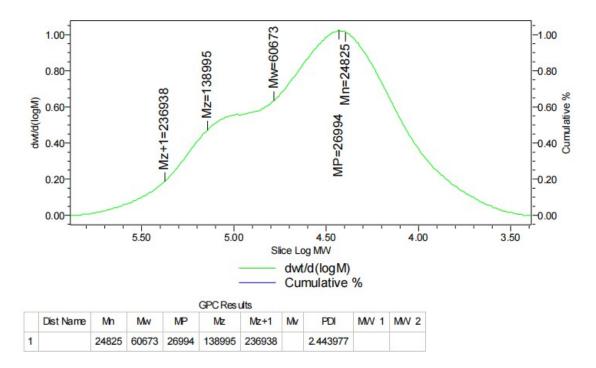


Figure S45. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 7.

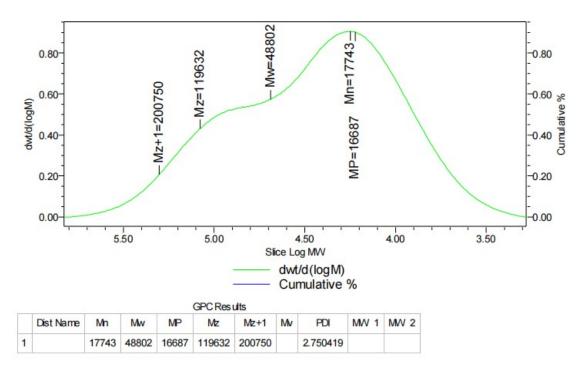


Figure S46. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 8.

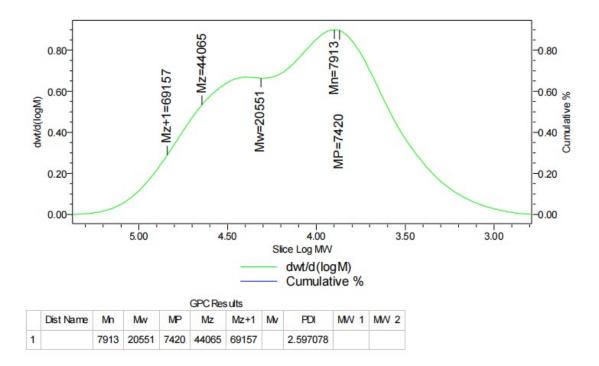


Figure S47. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 1, Entry 9.

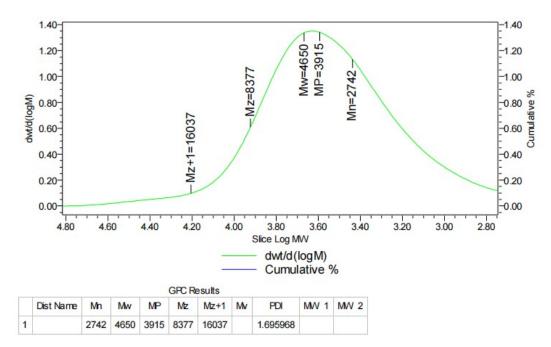


Figure S48. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 1.

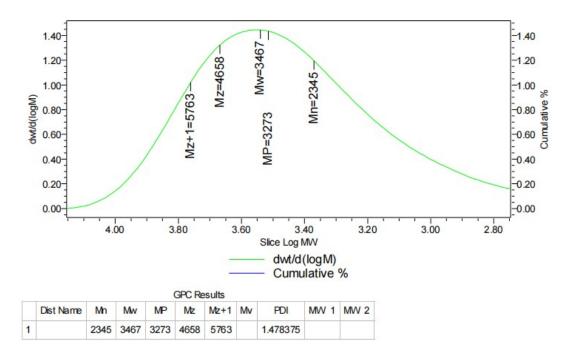


Figure S49. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 2.

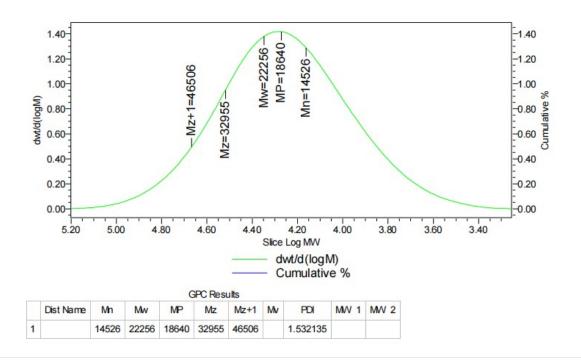


Figure S50. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 4.

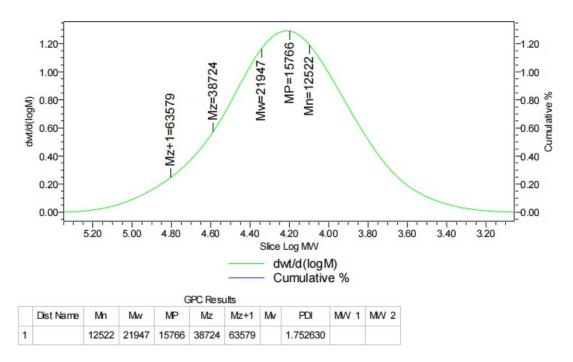


Figure S51. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 5.

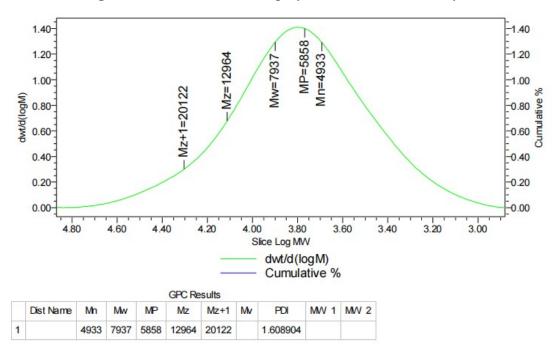


Figure S52. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 6.

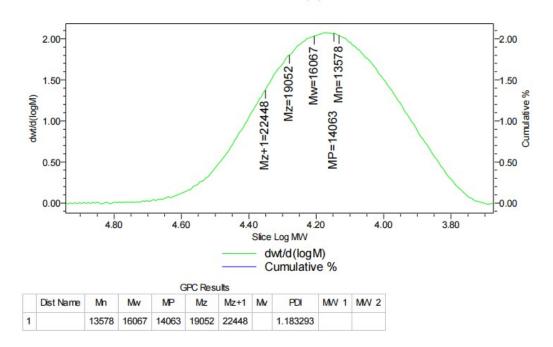


Figure S53. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 7.

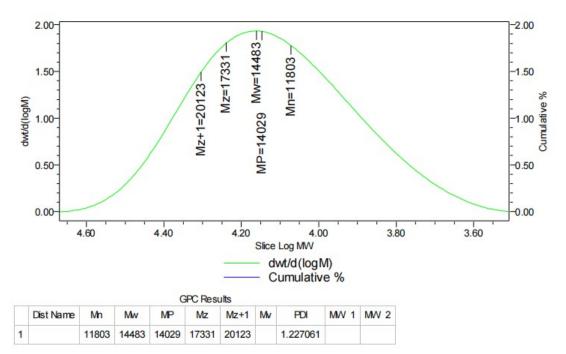


Figure S54. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 8.

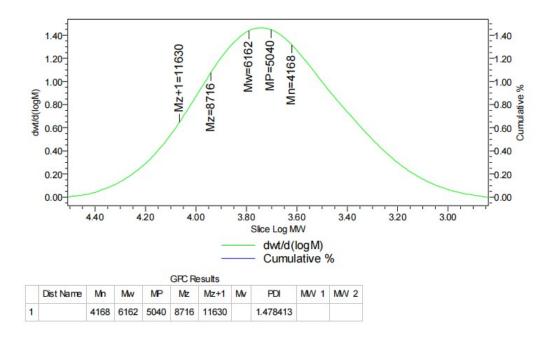
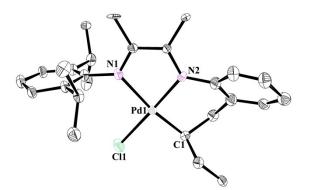


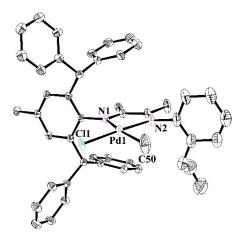
Figure S55. GPC trace of the polymer from Table 2, Entry 9.

# 6. X-ray crystallography



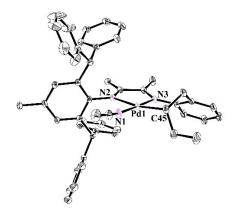
#### Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement for Pd1.

Identification code	Pd1
Empirical formula	C26 H35 Cl N2 Pd
Formula weight	517.41
Temperature/K	170.0
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P21
a/Å	15.119(3)
b/Å	15.120(3)
c/Å	24.857(5)
α/°	90
β/°	103.91(3)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	5516(2)
Ζ	8
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.246
µ/mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.783
F(000)	2144
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.5 imes 0.4 imes 0.3
Radiation	MoKa (λ = 0.71073)
20 range for data collection/c	4.23 to 52.76
Index ranges	-23≤h≤23, -13≤k≤12, -25≤1≤24
Reflections collected	29396
Independent reflections	9542 [ $R_{int} = 0.1292, R_{sigma} = 0.0983$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	9542/704/1109
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.300
Final R indexes [I>=2 $\sigma$ (I)]	R1 = 0.1223, wR2 = 0.3000
Final R indexes [all data]	R1 = 0.1360, wR2 = 0.3147



#### Table S2. Crystal data and structure refinement for Pd2.

Identification code	Pd2
Empirical formula	C <sub>47</sub> H <sub>44</sub> ClN <sub>2</sub> Pd
Formula weight	778.69
Temperature/K	170
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub> /c
a/Å	19.1884(5)
b/Å	10.6212(3)
c/Å	20.1144(5)
α/°	90
β/°	107.6140(10)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	3907.20(18)
Ζ	4
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.324
µ/mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.578
F(000)	1612.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	0.11 imes 0.06 imes 0.04
Radiation	MoKa ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ )
20 range for data collection/°	4.25 to 52.826
Index ranges	-23≤h≤23, -13≤k≤12, -25≤1≤24
Reflections collected	37208
Independent reflections	7963 [ $R_{int} = 0.0602, R_{sigma} = 0.0478$ ]
Data/restraints/parameters	7963/485/488
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.062
Final R indexes [I>=2 $\sigma$ (I)]	R1 = 0.0596, wR2 = 0.1702
Final R indexes [all data]	R1 = 0.662, wR2 = 0.1758



#### Table S3. Crystal data and structure refinement for Pd2-ACN.

Pd2-ACN
$C_{81}H_{60}BF_{24}N_3Pd$
1648.53
150
triclinic
P-1
10.0340(3)
19.1514(7)
20.3631(6)
100.5850(10)
95.0430(10)
104.5800(10)
3685.4(2)
2
1.486
0.360
1668.0
0.15  imes 0.06  imes 0.03
$MoK\alpha \ (\lambda = 0.71073)$
4.236 to 52.762
$ -12 \le h \le 12, -23 \le k \le 23, -24 \le 1 \le 25$
43578
14994 [ $R_{int} = 0.0508, R_{sigma} = 0.0592$ ]
14994/1116/1023
1.050
R1 = 0.0553, WR2 = 0.1375