Supplementary Information

Photoredox Ni-catalyzed decarboxylative arylation of oxamic

acids for amide synthesis

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1. General Information

All reactions were performed in oven-dried Schlenk glass tubes unless otherwise noted. The tubes were fitted with a rubber septum. The reactions were conducted under nitrogen atmosphere. Flash chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 (200-400 mesh). Reagents obtained from commercial sources were used as supplied unless stated otherwise. 1,4-dioxane and acetonitrile (CH₃CN) was dried over activated molecular sieves for 24 hours prior to use. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance (300, 400 or 500 MHz) spectrometer using CDCl₃ as solvent and referenced relative to TMS ($\delta = 0.00$ ppm). Chemical shifts are reported in ppm and coupling constants (J) in Hertz. ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on the same instruments (101 or 126 MHz) with total proton decoupling referenced relative to $CDCl_3$ ($\delta = 77.16$ ppm). Data are represented as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (br. s = broad singlet, s =singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet), coupling constants in Hertz (Hz), integration. Infrared (IR) spectra were obtained using a Thermo Fisher Nicolet 6700 spectrometer. The High-resolution mass spectral (HRMS) data were obtained on Thermo Fisher Scientific Exactive Orbitrap (APCI or ESI). Cyclic voltammetry (CV) data were measured with Shanghai Chenhua CHI660E.

2 Optimization of the Reaction Conditions

Table S1: Solvent screening^{a)}



Entry	Solvent	Yield $(\%)^{b}$
1	DME	20
2	DMSO	10
3	MeCN	14
4	dioxane	23
5	DCM	<5
6	EtOAc	18
7	THF	16
8	THF/dioxane (v:v = $1:3$)	30
9	MeCN/dioxane (v:v = 1:3)	62
10	EtOAc/dioxane (v:v = 1:3)	29
11	DCM/dioxane (v:v = 1:3)	<5
12	DMF/dioxane (v:v = 1:3)	37
13	MeCN/dioxane (v:v = 1:9)	34
14	MeCN/dioxane (v:v = $3:1$)	37
15	MeCN/dioxane (v:v = 1:1)	56

a) Reaction Conditions: Reactions performed on a 0.2 mmol scale at ambient temperature for 12 hours under illumination by blue LEDs (440 nm, 10 W) with 1 (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), 2 (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Na₂CO₃ (1.5 equiv) in 2.0 mL of solvent. b) Yield determined by ¹⁹F NMR analysis of the crude mixture using 1-bromo-2-fluorobenzene as the internal standard.

o ↓ oh	4CzIPN (2.5 mol%) Nickel salts (10 mol%) L2 (15 mol%)	
	F 2 MeCN/dioxane (0.1 M) Na ₂ CO ₃ (1.5 equiv) 440 nm LEDs, r.t.	F Me
Entry	Nickel salts	Yield $(\%)^{b}$
1	NiBr ₂ •diglyme	55
2	NiBr ₂ •3H ₂ O	32
3	Ni(OTf) ₂	<5
4	NiCl ₂ •glyme	2

Table S2: Nickel salts effect in the reaction^{*a*}

a) Reaction Conditions: Reactions performed on a 0.2 mmol scale at ambient temperature for 12 hours under illumination by blue LEDs (440 nm, 10 W) with **1** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **2** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Na₂CO₃ (1.5 equiv) in 2.0 mL of solvent. b) Yield determined by ¹⁹F NMR analysis of the crude mixture using 1-bromo-2-fluorobenzene as the internal standard.

Me N OH + F	4CzIPN (2.5 mol%) NiBr ₂ •glyme (10 mol%) L2 (15 mol%) MeCN/dioxane (0.1 M) base (1.5 equiv) 440 nm LEDs, r.t.	F G A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Entry	Base additive	Yield $(\%)^{b}$
1	Na ₂ CO ₃	62
2	K_2CO_3	6
3	NaHCO ₃	<5
4	Li ₂ CO ₃	<5
5	Cs_2CO_3	<5
6	LiO ^t Bu	<5
7	NaO ^t Bu	39
8	NaOMe	60
9	NaOEt	<5
10	NaOAc	<5
11	Et ₃ N	<5
12	TMG	30
13	BTMG	11
14	2,6-lutidine	<5
15 ^{c)}	Na ₂ CO ₃	44
16^{d}	Na ₂ CO ₃	43
17^{e}	Na ₂ CO ₃	39

Table S3: Base effect in the reaction ^{*a*}

a) Reaction Conditions: Reactions performed on a 0.2 mmol scale at ambient temperature for 12 hours under illumination by blue LEDs (440 nm, 10 W) with **1** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **2** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and base (1.5 equiv) in 2.0 mL of solvent. b) Yield determined by ¹⁹F NMR analysis of the crude mixture using 1-bromo-2-fluorobenzene as the internal standard. c) Na₂CO₃ loading was 1.0 equiv. d) Na₂CO₃ loading was 2.0 equiv. e) Na₂CO₃ loading was 3.0 equiv. TMG: 1,1,3,3-tetramethylguanidine; BTMG: 2-(tert-Butyl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethylguanidine.

i_{Pr} H O H $+$ EtO_2C 1a , 0.3 mmol 33 , 0	4CzIPN 3 mol% NiBr ₂ •glyme 10 mol L3 15 mol% base 1.5 eq. MeCN/dioxane (0.1 440 nm LEDs, 10 W, rt	$\stackrel{M)}{\underset{t,12 \text{ h}}{\longrightarrow}} \text{EtO}_2 \text{C} \stackrel{O}{\underset{H}{\longrightarrow}} H^{-i\text{Pr}}$
Cz Cz Cz Cz Cz Cz Cz Cz	Cz =	OMe N L3
Entry	Base	Yield $(\%)^{b}$
1	TMG	43
2	2,6-lutidine	<5
3	DIPA	<5
4	2,4,6-collidine	<5
5	Na ₂ CO ₃	<5

Table S4: Reaction conditions optimization for the synthesis of secondary amides^a)

a) Reaction Conditions: Reactions performed on a 0.2 mmol scale at ambient temperature for 12 hours under illumination by blue LEDs (440 nm, 10 W) with **1a** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **33** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and base (1.5 equiv) in 2.0 mL of solvent. b) Isolated yield. DIPA: 2,6-diisopropylaniline.

Table S5: Ligand effect in the reaction^{*a*}

о он	Br	4CzIPN (2.5 mol%) NiBr ₂ •glyme (10 mol%) ligand (15 mol%)	
Me N N + Me O 1	- ج	MeCN/dioxane (0.1 M) Na ₂ CO ₃ (1.5 equiv) 440 nm LEDs, r.t.	F Me Me
	L1, R = H L2, R = ^t Bu L3, R = OMe L4, R = CO ₂ Me	Me N-Me L5	
Entry		Ligand	Yield $(\%)^{b}$
1		L1	44
2		L2	62
3		L3	63
4		L4	<5
5		L5	<5
6		16	19

a) Reaction Conditions: Reactions performed on a 0.2 mmol scale at ambient temperature for 12 hours under illumination by blue LEDs (440 nm, 10 W) with **1** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **2** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Na₂CO₃ (1.5 equiv) in 2.0 mL of solvent. b) Yield determined by ¹⁹F NMR analysis of the crude mixture using 1-bromo-2-fluorobenzene as the internal standard.

	4CzIPN (2.5 mol%) NiBr ₂ •glyme (10 mol%) L3 (15 mol%)		
	F 2	MeCN/dioxane (0.1 M) Na ₂ CO ₃ (1.5 equiv) 440 nm LEDs, r.t.	F Me
Entry		Ligand	Yield $(\%)^{b}$
1		L3	63
2^{c}		L3	46
3 ^{<i>d</i>})		L3	81(80) ^{e)}

Table S6: Photocatalyst loading effect in the reaction $^{a)}$

a) Reaction Conditions: Reactions performed on a 0.2 mmol scale at ambient temperature for 12 hours under illumination by blue LEDs (440 nm, 10 W) with **1** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **2** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Na₂CO₃ (1.5 equiv) in 2.0 mL of solvent. b) Yield determined by ¹⁹F NMR analysis of the crude mixture using 1-bromo-2-fluorobenzene as the internal standard. c) 4CzIPN loading was 1.0 mol%. d) 4CzIPN loading was 3.0 mol%. e) Yield of isolated product in parentheses.

3 General Procedure and Spectra Data for Products

3.1 General Procedure



Method A

Under nitrogen atmosphere, NiBr₂•glyme (0.02 mmol) and 4,4'-dimethoxy-2,2'bipyridine L3 (0.03 mmol) were dissolved in 0.5 mL MeCN as the nickel catalyst solution and stirred for 30 min prior to use. To a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar was added photocatalyst **4CzIPN** (3 mol%) and Na₂CO₃ (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv). The reaction tube was then flushed with nitrogen gas. After that, a solution of oxamic acids (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and aryl bromine (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dioxane (1.5 mL) was added to the tube. Subsequently, the nickel catalyst solution was syringed into the reaction vessel. The vial was placed into photosyn-10 LEDs (λ = 440 nm, 10 W). Stirring was maintained for 12 hours, after this period the irradiation was stopped. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum and purified by flash chromatography (PE/EA = 4:1) to afford the corresponding product.

Method B

Under nitrogen atmosphere, NiBr₂•glyme (0.02 mmol) and 4,4'-dimethoxy-2,2'bipyridine L3 (0.03 mmol) were dissolved in 0.5 mL MeCN as the nickel catalyst solution and stirred for 30 min prior to use. To a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar was added photocatalyst **4CzIPN** (3 mol%) and oxamic acids (0.3 mmol, 1.5 eqiv). The reaction tube was then flushed with nitrogen gas. After that, a solution of aryl bromine (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and TMG (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in dioxane (1.5 mL) was added to the tube. Subsequently, the nickel catalyst solution was syringed into the reaction vessel. The vial was placed into photosyn-10 LEDs (λ = 440 nm, 10 W). Stirring was maintained for 12 hours, after this period the irradiation was stopped. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum and purified by flash chromatography (PE/EA = 4:1) to afford the corresponding product.

3.2 Spectra Data for Products



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (31.3 mg, 80% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.42 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.07 (t, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (d, *J* = 101.8 Hz, 4H), 1.17 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.21, 162.95 (d, *J* = 248.7 Hz), 133.34 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz), 128.44 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 115.29 (d, *J* = 21.7 Hz), 43.26, 39.42, 13.90, 12.90.
¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ-111.53.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.¹



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (35.5 mg, 72% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.67 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.56 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.22 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (dt, J = 59.3, 7.1 Hz, 6H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 168.79, 139.83, 130.15 (q, J = 32.6 Hz), 125.69, 124.53 (q, J = 3.8 Hz), 122.81 (d, J = 272.4 Hz), 42.24, 38.37, 13.18, 11.85. ¹⁹**F NMR** (377 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -62.84.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₂H₁₅NOF₃ 246.1100; Found 246.1096. **IR (KBr):** 2965, 1636, 1434, 1325, 1263, 1104, 1066, 797 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (5:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (43.0 mg, 86% yield). ¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.04 – 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.39 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.48 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 1.02 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 169.28, 164.96, 140.47, 129.98, 128.72, 125.23, 60.18, 42.21, 38.31, 13.29, 13.18, 11.88.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.²



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (2:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (28.2 mg, 69% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 3.57 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.22 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.11 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 191.59, 169.90, 142.98, 136.54, 129.92, 126.93, 43.24, 39.37, 14.21, 12.89.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₂H₁₆NO₂ 206.1176; Found 206.1174. **IR (KBr):** 2976, 2931, 1703, 1627, 1434, 1289, 1208, 1096, 827 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (29.8 mg, 74% yield).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.71 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.51 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 3.56 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.21 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 1.18 (dt, J = 71.6, 7.0 Hz, 6H).
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 169.19, 141.60, 132.41, 127.07, 118.22, 113.01, 43.27, 39.46, 14.21, 12.85.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.³



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (32.8 mg, 73% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.12 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 6.94 – 6.79 (m, 1H), 3.90 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 3.51 (s, 2H), 3.28 (s, 2H), 1.21 (d, *J* = 40.1 Hz, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.31, 152.76 (d, *J* = 248.4 Hz), 147.76 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz), 133.55 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz), 118.81 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz), 115.84 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz), 112.14 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz), 56.27, 43.32, 39.44, 14.26, 12.87.

¹⁹**F NMR** (377 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -133.72.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.⁴



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (2:1) as the eluent. Yellow oil (33.5 mg, 76% yield).

¹**H NMR** (300 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.99 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 7.64 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 3.72 – 3.10 (m, 4H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 1.44 – 1.02 (m, 6H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 197.43, 170.26, 137.71, 137.19, 130.82, 128.92, 128.86, 126.28, 43.40, 39.44, 26.69, 14.24, 12.89.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₃H₁₈NO₂ 220.1332; Found 220.1329. **IR (KBr):** 2978, 2936, 1685, 1627, 1429, 1257, 1100, 797 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (6:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (16.4 mg, 42% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.41 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.18 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (ddd, *J* = 9.4, 8.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.21 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.08 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 166.14, 158.05 (d, *J* = 246.9 Hz), 130.65 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 128.42 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz), 125.41 (d, *J* = 18.7 Hz), 124.47 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 115.81 (d, *J* = 21.3 Hz), 43.02, 39.18, 13.98, 12.89.

¹⁹**F NMR** (377 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -115.96, -115.98, -115.99, -115.99, -116.00. Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.⁵



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (29.1 mg, 82% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.41 – 7.24 (m, 5H), 3.48 (s, 2H), 3.18 (s, 2H), 1.26 – 1.11 (m, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.27, 136.32, 128.05, 127.37, 125.27, 42.25, 38.21, 13.19, 11.92.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.¹



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (54.6 mg, 83% yield).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.82 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.68 – 7.61 (m, 4H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 6.7 Hz, 4H), 7.41 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 3.70 – 3.50 (m, 2H), 3.35 (s, 2H), 1.22 (d, *J* = 51.6 Hz, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.13, 142.09, 140.49, 138.40, 128.93, 127.79, 127.28, 126.77, 123.90, 43.43, 39.34, 14.42, 13.00.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₃H₂₄NO 330.1852; Found 330.1844. **IR (KBr):** 3038, 2974, 2933, 1631, 1472, 1430, 1273, 1108, 755 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (35.0 mg, 77% yield). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.78 (q, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 4H), 7.42 (ddd, *J* = 18.7, 7.2, 2.4 Hz, 3H), 3.52 (s, 2H), 3.23 (s, 2H), 1.32 – 0.98 (m, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.26, 133.62, 132.36, 131.76, 127.27, 127.22, 126.76, 125.72, 125.55, 124.72, 122.92, 42.34, 38.31, 13.24, 11.97.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.¹



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (5:1) as the eluent. White solid (26.4 mg, 69% yield).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.29 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (d, *J* = 122.3 Hz, 4H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.38 – 1.00 (m, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.45, 139.02, 134.47, 128.94, 126.37, 43.31, 39.17, 21.29, 14.09, 13.04.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.¹



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (3:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (34.3 mg, 83% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.33 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.88 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.55 – 3.10 (m, 4H), 1.21 – 1.02 (m, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.19, 159.24, 128.53, 127.17, 112.61, 54.29, 42.30, 38.52, 13.20, 12.44.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.³



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (33.6 mg, 76% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.87 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.98 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 2H), 3.60 – 3.22 (m, 4H), 1.17 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.67, 148.29, 147.53, 131.08, 120.51, 108.15, 107.42, 101.24, 40.32, 13.52.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.⁶



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (17.7 mg, 35% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.67 – 3.43 (m, 2H), 3.33 – 3.13 (m, 2H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 45.8 Hz, 6H).
¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.24, 166.44, 141.64, 130.71, 129.78, 126.31, 52.22, 43.21, 39.34, 14.17, 12.88.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₃H₁₉N₂O₃ 251.1390; Found 251.1390. **IR (KBr):** 2926, 1724, 1630, 1432, 1278, 1107, 1018, 784 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. White solid (35.4 mg, 58% yield, 72 h).

¹**H NMR** (300 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.21 (s, 2H), 1.35 (s, 12H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.08 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.19, 139.89, 134.78, 125.45, 83.99, 43.20, 39.21, 24.89, 14.20, 12.93.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.⁷



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. White solid (55.1 mg, 81% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.53 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 3.68 – 3.45 (m, 2H), 3.28 – 3.14 (m, 2H), 3.11 – 3.05 (m, 4H), 1.62 – 1.50 (m, 4H), 1.26 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 1.11 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 169.64, 141.06, 140.90, 127.29, 126.89, 50.09, 43.27, 39.43, 22.03, 14.14, 12.85, 11.11.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₇H₂₉N₂O₃S 341.1893; Found 341.1886. **IR (KBr):** 2970, 2936, 2877, 1634, 1462, 1432, 1340, 1158, 1093, 993, 594 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (2:1) as the eluent. Yellow oil (45.5 mg, 70% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.83 – 7.78 (m, 2H), 7.58 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 3.80 – 3.71 (m, 4H), 3.57 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.21 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.07 – 2.98 (m, 4H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.12 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 169.36, 141.87, 135.87, 128.11, 127.08, 66.05, 45.94, 43.29, 39.44, 14.21, 12.86.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.⁶



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (2:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (44.4 mg, 94% yield). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.68 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (s, 3H), 3.51 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.17 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.14 (dt, *J* = 53.6, 7.0 Hz, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 166.58, 164.05, 147.12, 146.18, 134.99, 134.40, 123.93, 52.07, 42.41, 38.70, 13.29, 11.85.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.⁶



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (2:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (34.7 mg, 76% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.87 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.75 – 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.40 (d, *J* = 111.6 Hz, 4H), 1.32 – 0.96 (m, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 167.69, 147.06, 146.99, 133.04, 129.41, 129.14, 128.39, 127.17, 126.36, 126.09, 42.53, 38.65, 13.36, 11.94.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.⁸



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (12:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (28.1 mg, 77% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.42 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, *J* = 3.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 163.85, 138.35, 128.22, 127.98, 126.69, 42.10, 13.69.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.¹



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Yellow solid (35.8 mg, 53% yield, 36 h).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.63 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 7.42 – 7.35 (m, 4H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 3.43 (d, J = 105.4 Hz, 4H), 1.22 (d, J = 33.3 Hz, 6H).
¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.83, 144.34, 142.64, 136.21, 135.16, 134.19, 128.95, 127.69, 127.16, 125.70, 125.45, 124.58, 124.11, 43.42, 39.46, 14.13, 12.98.
HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₁H₂₂NOS 336.1417; Found 336.1407.
IR (KBr): 3055, 2979, 2935, 1711, 1629, 1428, 1286, 1221, 1095, 755 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. White solid (33.8 mg, 60% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.15 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.86 (dt, *J* = 13.9, 4.3 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 5.4 Hz, 3H), 3.44 (d, *J* = 133.3 Hz, 4H), 1.20 (d, *J* = 58.2 Hz, 6H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.87, 139.98, 139.53, 136.09, 135.69, 134.97, 127.16, 124.60, 122.88, 122.72, 121.84, 121.48, 120.95, 43.41, 39.47, 14.16, 13.04.
HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₇H₁₈NOS 284.1104; Found 284.1097.
IR (KBr): 3056, 2973, 2932, 1627, 1428, 1288, 1099, 754 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. White solid (47.1 mg, 83% yield). ¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.21 – 8.12 (m, 2H), 7.88 – 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.53 – 7.40 (m, 4H), 3.47 (d, *J* = 129.5 Hz, 4H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 47.0 Hz, 6H).
¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 169.39, 139.74, 137.27, 136.41, 135.11, 131.79, 127.16, 124.54, 124.42, 124.33, 122.81, 122.07, 121.73, 43.19, 39.44, 14.27, 13.24.
HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₇H₁₈NOS 284.1104; Found 284.1098.
IR (KBr): 3076, 2979, 2935, 1624, 1433, 1386, 1284, 1130, 756 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (42.4 mg, 91% yield).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.89 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 3.76 – 3.14 (m, 4H), 1.38 – 1.02 (m, 6H).
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.40, 140.35, 139.30, 133.50, 127.52, 123.99, 122.55, 122.45, 121.60, 43.41, 39.31, 14.28, 12.99.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.⁶



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (24.4 mg, 52% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.60 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (dt, *J* = 16.4, 7.1 Hz, 6H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 165.22, 160.62, 153.41, 136.27, 126.43, 126.31, 124.62, 121.76, 43.17, 42.33, 14.58, 12.72.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.⁹



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. White solid (36.0 mg, 69% yield).

¹**H NMR** (300 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.96 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 2.1 Hz, 2H), 7.64 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.53 – 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.36 (td, *J* = 7.1, 6.3, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 3.45 (d, *J* = 72.9 Hz, 4H), 1.38 – 1.01 (m, 6H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.85, 156.76, 155.71, 136.15, 127.71, 125.01, 123.65, 123.01, 121.16, 120.90, 120.74, 111.83, 109.98, 43.41, 39.46, 14.25, 12.95.
HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₇H₁₈NO₂ 268.1332; Found 268.1328.

IR (KBr): 2974, 2932, 1628, 1427, 1291, 1201, 1081, 845 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (47.5 mg, 66% yield).

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.10 – 8.03 (m, 2H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 4.95 (td, J = 10.9, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (d, J = 9.1 Hz, 2H), 3.22 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 2H), 2.17 – 2.09 (m, 1H), 1.95 (pd, J = 7.0, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.74 (dt, J = 11.6, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 1.57 (dddt, J = 13.8, 10.6, 6.4, 3.2 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (s, 4H), 1.17 – 1.03 (m, 5H), 0.93 (dd, J = 6.8, 5.1 Hz, 6H), 0.80 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.32, 165.46, 141.45, 131.41, 129.72, 126.24, 75.19, 47.31, 43.20, 40.98, 39.32, 34.33, 31.46, 26.59, 23.73, 22.00, 20.73, 16.57, 14.18, 12.90.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₂H₃₄NO₃ 360.2533; Found 360.2525. **IR (KBr):** 2955, 2870, 1713, 1637, 1456, 1273, 1109, 1018, 785cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. White solid (59.8 mg, 74% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.37 (d, *J* = 1.3 Hz, 4H), 7.17 – 7.09 (m, 4H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 3.54 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.21 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.31 – 1.04 (m, 6H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.15, 145.00, 143.49 (q, J = 38.3 Hz), 139.81, 139.40, 137.13, 129.59, 128.71, 127.27, 125.92, 125.34, 121.23 (q, J = 268.9 Hz), 105.66 (q, J = 2.0 Hz), 43.34, 39.46, 21.29, 14.20, 12.89.

¹⁹**F NMR** (377 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -62.28.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₂H₂₃N₃OF₃ 402.1788; Found 402.1780. **IR (KBr):** 3124, 2978, 2934, 1632, 1468, 1430, 1276, 1236, 1133, 857 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (2:1) as the eluent. White solid (87.7 mg, 90% yield).

¹H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.68 (s, 1H), 8.15 – 7.98 (m, 2H), 7.53 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 5.72 – 5.58 (m, 2H), 5.09 (dd, J = 6.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (dd, J = 6.4, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.67 – 4.42 (m, 3H), 3.55 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 2H), 3.35 – 3.07 (m, 2H), 1.58 (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 3H), 1.24 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 3H), 1.11 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H).
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.15, 165.51, 163.59, 150.06, 142.63, 141.86, 130.14, 129.90, 126.40, 114.58, 102.55, 95.54, 85.76, 84.61, 81.32, 64.86, 43.25, 39.37, 27.15, 25.31, 14.20, 12.89.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₄H₃₀N₃O₈ 488.2027; Found 488.2014. **IR (KBr):** 3062, 2984, 2936, 1698, 1626, 1456, 1380, 1274, 1092, 861 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **B** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (2:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (29.1 mg, 67% yield, 36 h).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.09 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.51 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 4.40 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.13 (s, 3H), 2.95 (s, 3H), 1.41 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.66, 165.96, 140.55, 131.36, 129.68, 126.98, 61.25, 39.39, 35.30, 14.31.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.⁶



Prepared according to the the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (6:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (31.1 mg, 52% yield).

Prepared according to the method **B** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (6:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (31.1 mg, 52% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.07 (dd, *J* = 21.7, 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.55 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.41 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.76 (s, 1H), 4.47 (s, 1H), 4.38 (dq, *J* = 14.1, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.06 (s, 1H), 2.84 (s, 2H), 1.46 – 1.33 (m, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl3) δ 171.37, 170.67, 165.90, 140.49, 140.36, 136.74, 136.18, 131.46, 129.77, 128.95, 128.80, 128.26, 127.80, 127.68, 126.93, 126.76, 126.65, 61.27, 55.03, 50.81, 36.83, 33.24, 14.30.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₈H₂₀NO₃ 298.1438; Found 298.1431. **IR (KBr):** 2980, 1718, 1637, 1450, 1274, 1106, 1020, 733 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (6:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (65.7 mg, 88% yield). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (dt, *J* = 22.0, 7.5 Hz, 8H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 4.72 (s, 2H), 4.41 – 4.31 (m, 4H), 1.38 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.34, 165.84, 140.39, 136.70, 136.04, 131.49, 129.86, 128.97, 128.81, 128.50, 127.84, 127.70, 126.94, 126.66, 61.27, 51.42, 47.02, 14.30.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₄H₂₄NO₃ 374.1751; Found 374.1742. **IR (KBr):** 3030, 2981, 2931, 1717, 1638, 1423, 1273, 1104, 740 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (19.6 mg, 38% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.08 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.39 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.72 (s, 2H), 3.29 (s, 2H), 1.68 (s, 4H), 1.51 (s, 2H), 1.40 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 169.28, 165.96, 140.77, 131.21, 129.74, 126.71, 61.21, 48.65, 43.10, 26.52, 25.59, 24.52, 14.31.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.¹⁰



Prepared according to the method **B** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (6:1) as the eluent. White solid (19.7 mg, 42% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.13 – 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.08 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.29 (dp, *J* = 7.8, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 1.41 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.28 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 165.88, 138.80, 132.87, 129.74, 126.87, 61.35, 42.15, 22.79, 14.29.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₃H₁₈NO₃ 236.1281; Found 236.1277. **IR (KBr):** 2975, 2931, 1717, 1632, 1537, 1457, 1277, 1110, 1021, 701cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **B** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (6:1) as the eluent. White solid (21.1 mg, 38% yield).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.12 – 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.10 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.04 – 3.91 (m, 1H), 2.04 (dd, J = 12.4, 4.0 Hz, 2H), 1.82 – 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.66 (dt, J = 12.9, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 1.42 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 5H), 1.24 (dtd, J = 22.6, 11.5, 11.1, 3.6 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 165.88, 165.81, 138.92, 132.85, 129.74, 126.88, 61.34, 48.95, 33.17, 25.54, 24.92, 14.29.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₆H₂₂NO₃ 276.1594; Found 276.1590. **IR (KBr):** 2936, 2854, 1715, 1632, 1546, 1275, 1105, 737 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **B** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (8:1) as the eluent. Yellow solid (26.8 mg, 54% yield).

¹**H NMR** (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.11 – 8.02 (m, 2H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.03 (s, 1H), 4.39 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.48 (s, 9H), 1.41 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 166.07, 165.90, 139.74, 132.68, 129.71, 126.75, 61.32, 51.92, 28.82, 14.29.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₄H₁₉NO₃ 250.1438; Found 250.1434. **IR (KBr):** 2972, 1721, 1647, 1536, 1455, 1277, 1107, 1021, 873, 733 cm⁻¹.



Prepared according to the method **B** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (25:1) as the eluent. Yellow solid (47.8 mg, 73% yield).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.11 – 8.02 (m, 2H), 7.81 – 7.73 (m, 2H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 4.39 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (s, 9H), 1.73 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 6H), 1.41 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 165.91, 165.78, 139.88, 132.66, 129.71, 126.74, 61.31, 52.62, 41.63, 36.35, 29.50, 14.29.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: $[M+H]^+$ Calcd. for C₂₀H₂₆NO₃ 228.1907; Found 328.1900.

IR (KBr): 2909, 2854, 1720, 1647, 1534, 1276, 1106, 1021, 733 cm⁻¹.

4 Gram-scale Synthesis and Strategy Expansion

4.1 Gram-scale synthesis



Under nitrogen atmosphere, NiBr₂•glyme (0.6 mmol) and 4,4'-dimethoxy-2,2'bipyridine L3 (0.9 mmol) were dissolved in 15.0 mL MeCN as the nickel catalyst solution and stirred for 30 min prior to use. To a 100 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar was added photocatalyst 4CzIPN (3 mol%) and Na₂CO₃ (9.0 mmol, 1.5 equiv). The reaction tube was then flushed with nitrogen gas. After that, a solution of *N*,*N*-diethyloxamic acid **1** (9.0 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and ethyl 4bromobenzoate **33** (9.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dioxane (45 mL) was added to the tube. Subsequently, the nickel catalyst solution was syringed into the reaction vessel. The vial was placed into Kessil LEDs ($\lambda = 440$ nm, 10 W). Stirring was maintained for 72 hours, after this period the irradiation was stopped. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum and purified by flash chromatography (hexanes/ethyl acetate = 4:1) to afford the corresponding product **5**.



Figure S1: Reaction setup/appearance for gram-scale synthesis

4.2 Strategy expansion to the synthesis of unsaturated amide



Prepared according to the method **A** described above, and the pure product was isolated by flash chromatography column with V_{PE}/V_{EA} (4:1) as the eluent. Colorless oil (32.3 mg, 69% yield). E/Z = 3:1.

¹**H NMR** (300 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.60 (d, *J* = 15.3 Hz, 0.3H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 0.6H), 7.33 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 0.6H), 6.79 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 0.3H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 0.8H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.40 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 3.21 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.11 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 168.47, 165.99, 160.76, 159.71, 141.87, 132.40, 130.02, 129.23, 128.36, 121.63, 115.52, 114.22, 113.79, 55.22, 42.56, 38.97, 14.05, 12.55.

HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₄H₂₀NO₂ 234.1489; Found 234.1485. **IR (KBr):** 3054, 2977, 2927, 2849, 1712, 1611, 1512, 1261, 737 cm⁻¹.

4CzIPN (3.0 mol%) liBr₂•glyme (5 mol%) L3 (7.5 mol%) MeCN/dioxane (0.1 M) Na₂CO₃ (1.5 equiv) 440 nm LEDs, r.t., 12 hrs Me Me Me EtO₂C Me Me Ρh 3, 72% yield 5, 74% yield 8, 71% yield 12, 76% yield 0 Me Me EtO₂ Me EtO₂C MeC Me ò ^hPr 15, 53% yield 19, 75% yield 41, 62% yield^a 40, 64% yield^a

4.3 Reaction using 5 mol% nickel catalyst loading

^aTMG (1,1,3,3-tetramethylguanidine) was used instead of Na₂CO₃ as the base additive

5 Mechanistic Studies

5.1 Table S7: Control Experiments^{*a*})



a) Reaction Conditions: Reactions performed on a 0.2 mmol scale at ambient temperature for 12 hours under illumination by blue LED (440 nm, 10 W) with **1** (0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **2** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and Na₂CO₃ (1.5 equiv) in 2.0 mL of solvent. b) Isolated yield. w/o: without.

5.2 Cyclic voltammetry studies

General information: Cyclic voltammetry (CV) experiments were conducted in a 10 mL glass vial fitted with a glassy carbon working electrode (3 mm in diameter), an Ag/AgNO₃ reference electrode, and a platinum wire counter electrode. The solution of interest was sparged with nitrogen for 3-5 minutes before data collection. Potentials were reported in against the SCE redox couple.



Figure S2: Cyclic voltammogram of 2-(diethylamino)-2-oxoacetic acid **1** and Na₂CO₃ in MeCN/dioxane (1:3). Conditions: TBABF₄ (0.10 M), **1** (10 mM), Na₂CO₃ (10 mM). Scan rate: 100 mV/s. ($E_{1/2} = 0.92$ V vs SCE; $E_p = 1.01$ V vs SCE).



Figure S3: Cyclic voltammogram of 2-(isopropylamino)-2-oxoacetic acid **1a** and TMG in MeCN/dioxane (1:3). Conditions: TBABF₄ (0.10 M), **1a** (10 mM), TMG (10 mM). Scan rate: 100 mV/s. ($E_{1/2} = 0.97$ V vs SCE; $E_p = 1.14$ V vs SCE).



Figure S4: Cyclic voltammogram of NiBr₂•glyme and 4,4'-dOMebpy in MeCN/dioxane (1:3). Conditions: TBABF₄ (0.10 M), NiBr₂•glyme (1 mM), 4,4'-dOMebpy (1 mM). Scan rate: 100 mV/s. $(E_p = -1.13 \text{ V vs SCE}).$



Figure S5: Cyclic voltammogram of arylnickel(II) complex **49** in MeCN/dioxane (1:3). Conditions: TBABF₄ (0.10 M), **49** (1.8 mM). Scan rate: 100 mV/s.

5.3 Radical trapping experiment



TEMPO (2.0 equiv) was subjected to the standard conditions and reacted for 12 hours. The reaction was fully inhibited and no desired product could be detected.



1,1-diphenylethylene (2.0 equiv) was subjected to the standard conditions and reacted for 12 hours. Besides the desired product **15**, the radical addition product **46** was isolated in 30% yield as well.

¹**H NMR** (300 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.30 – 7.20 (m, 8H), 7.16 (ddd, *J* = 8.7, 3.9, 2.3 Hz, 2H), 4.73 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.28 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.00 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (dt, *J* = 18.7, 7.1 Hz, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.21, 144.32, 128.43, 127.97, 126.31, 47.21, 41.93, 40.36, 39.07, 14.38, 12.94.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.¹¹



BHT (1.5 equiv) was added to the standard conditions and reacted for 12 hours. The BHT-adduct could be detected by HRMS analysis of the reaction system (see below).



5.4 Experiments with nickel complex 47



In an argon-filled glovebox, an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **4CzIPN** (3 mol%), nickel complex **47**¹² (10 mol%), Na₂CO₃ (0.075 mmol, 1.5 equiv)

and a solution of *N*,*N*-diethyloxamic acid **1** (0.075 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and 4bromomethoxybenzene **44** (0.05 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeCN/dioxane (v:v = 1:3, 0.1 M). The vial was placed into photosyn-10 LEDs (λ = 440 nm, 10 W). Stirring was maintained for 5 hours, after this period the irradiation was stopped. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum. Yield was determined by ¹H NMR analysis of the crude mixture using 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethaneas the internal standard.



In an argon-filled glovebox, an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **4CzIPN** (3 mol%), nickel complex **47** (0.05 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Na₂CO₃ (0.075 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and a solution of *N*,*N*-diethyloxamic acid **1** (0.075 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in MeCN/dioxane (v:v = 1:3, 0.1 M). The vial was placed into photosyn-10 LEDs (λ = 440 nm, 10 W). Stirring was maintained for 5 hours, after this period the irradiation was stopped. Yield was determined by ¹H NMR analysis of the crude mixture using 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane as the internal standard.

5.5 Experiments with nickel complex 49



In an argon-filled glovebox, an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **4CzIPN** (3 mol%), nickel complex **49**^{13,14} (10 mol%), Na₂CO₃ (0.15 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and a solution of *N*,*N*-diethyloxamic acid **1** (0.15 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and 4-bromomethoxybenzene **44** (0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeCN/dioxane (v:v = 1:3, 0.1 M).

The vial was placed into photosyn-10 LEDs ($\lambda = 440$ nm, 10 W). Stirring was maintained for 12 hours, after this period the irradiation was stopped. The mixture was concentrated under vacuum. Yield was determined by ¹H NMR analysis of the crude mixture using 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethaneas the internal standard.



In an argon-filled glovebox, an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **4CzIPN** (3 mol%), nickel complex **49** (0.10 mmol, 1.0 equiv), Na₂CO₃ (0.15 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and a solution of *N*,*N*-diethyloxamic acid **1** (0.15 mmol, 1.5 equiv) in MeCN/dioxane (v:v = 1:3, 0.1 M). The vial was placed into photosyn-10 LEDs (λ = 440 nm, 10 W). Stirring was maintained for 12 hours, after this period the irradiation was stopped. Yield was determined by ¹H NMR analysis of the crude mixture using 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane as the internal standard.



The desired coupling product **50** can be smoothly obtained under our standard conditions in good yield by using either ligand **L2** or **L3**.



¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.12 – 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.41 (m, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.56 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.21 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.25 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.10 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (126 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.25, 166.46, 141.58, 130.65, 129.79, 126.29, 52.28, 43.23, 39.33, 14.19, 12.88.

Spectral data for this compound were consistent with those in the literature.¹⁵

6 References

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7 NMR Spectra Data





¹⁹F NMR (337 MHz, Chloroform-d)





¹⁹F NMR (337 MHz, Chloroform-d)





















¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, Chloroform-d)























100 90 f1 (ppm)

 -1

190 180




















































100 90 f1 (ppm) 80

70 60

50 40

20

30

0 -1

10

110

120

0 190 180

170

160 150

140 130

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d)





¹H NMR (500 MHz, Chloroform-*d*)



 100 90 f1 (ppm)

-1

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S80

¹H NMR (300 MHz, Chloroform-d)





S82