Polyenolate-mediated reaction cascade initiated by the higher-

order-cycloaddition for the construction of polycarbocyclic scaffold

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Contents

1.	General methods	S3
2.	Synthesis of 2-((1 <i>H</i> -inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitriles 1 - general procedure	S4
3.	Polyenolate-mediated reaction cascade initiated by the higher-order- cycloaddition – general procedure	S8
4.	Enantioselective synthesis of (3 <i>S</i> ,4a <i>S</i> ,9b <i>R</i> ,10 <i>R</i> ,10a <i>R</i>)-2-formyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3 <i>H</i>)-dicarbonitrile 3a on a 1 mmol scale	S19
5.	Selective transformations of products 3	S20
6.	Crystal and X-ray data for (3 <i>S</i> ,4a <i>S</i> ,9b <i>S</i> ,10 <i>R</i> ,10a <i>R</i>)-9-bromo-2-formyl-3,5,10- triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3 <i>H</i>)-dicarbonitrile 3m	S22
7.	NMR Spectra	S24
8.	UPC ² Traces	S58

1. General methods

NMR spectra were acquired on a Bruker Ultra Shield 700 instrument, running at 700 MHz for ¹H and 176 MHz for ¹³C, respectively or on a Jeol 400YH instrument, running at 376 MHz for ¹⁹F. Chemical shifts (δ) are reported in ppm relative to residual solvent signals (CDCl₃: 7.26) ppm for ¹H NMR, 77.16 ppm for ¹³C NMR). Chemical shifts (δ) for ¹⁹F NMR are reported in ppm relative to C₆H₅CF₃ (trifluorotoluene) as external reference. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained on Bruker ESI-Q-TOF Impact II spectrometer using electrospray (ESI+) ionization. Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using pre-coated aluminum-backed plates (Merck Kieselgel 60 F254) and visualized by ultraviolet irradiation or Hanessian's stain. Unless otherwise noted, analytical grade solvents and commercially available reagents were used without further purification. For flash chromatography (FC) silica gel (Silica gel 60, 230-400 mesh, Fluka). The enantiomeric ratio (er) of the products were determined by Ultra Performance Convergence Chromatography (UPC²) using Daicel Chiralpak IA, IB, IC, IG columns as chiral stationary phases. Indene-2-carbaldehydes used for the synthesis of the corresponding malononitriles 1 were synthesized according to the literature procedure¹. Aldehydes **2** were prepared from the corresponding starting materials following the literature procedure.²

¹ B. S. Donslund, N. I. Jessen, G. Bertuzzi, M. Giardinetti, T. A. Palazzo, M. Louise Christensen, K. A. Jørgensen, *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* 2018, **57**, 13182–13186.

² N. Daubresse, C. Francesch, C. Rolando, *Tetrahedron* 1998, 54, 10761-10770.

2. Synthesis of 2-((1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitriles 1 - general procedure



In a flame-dried round-bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar the corresponding indene-2-carbaldehyde (3 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), malononitrile (3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) and benzoic acid (0.6 mmol, 0.2 equiv.) were dissolved in toluene (18 ml, 0.16 M) and piperidine (0.6 mmol. 0.2 equiv.) was added. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 1 hour. After full conversion of the starting indene-2-carbaldehyde (as confirmed by TLC analysis), mixture was cooled to rt and diluted with Et_2O (20 mL) and washed with water (2×15 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting solid was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether: dichloromethane 40:60) to afford pure product **1**.

2-((3-phenyl-1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1a



Following the general procedure product **1a** was isolated in 82% yield (660.2 mg) as light-orange solid; mp = 180 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 – 7.56 (m, 3H), 7.53 – 7.48 (m,

2H), 7.43 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 4.19 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.6, 153.0, 145.1, 142.6, 135.6, 132.1, 130.5, 130.2, 129.6 (2C), 129.3 (2C), 127.8, 124.9, 124.1, 115.1, 114.1, 78.8, 38.0. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₃N₂⁺: 269.1073; found: 269.1070.

2-((5-methoxy-3-phenyl-1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1b



Following the general procedure product **1b** was isolated in 80% yield (715.0 mg) as brown solid; mp = 188 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.61 – 7.56 (m, 3H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.37

(m, 2H), 7.08 (dd, J = 8.3, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.4, 159.8, 152.9, 143.9, 137.5, 136.8, 132.1, 130.1, 129.6 (2C), 129.4 (2C), 125.5, 117.8, 115.1, 114.1, 108.1, 78.7, 55.8, 37.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₀H₁₅N₂O⁺: 299.1179; found: 299.1172.

2-((6-methoxy-3-phenyl-1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1c



Following the general procedure product **1c** was isolated in 88% yield (786.7 mg) as brown solid; mp = 192 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 – 7.54 (m, 4H), 7.41 – 7.36 (m, 3H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz,

1H), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (s, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.7, 161.9, 152.6, 148.1, 135.9, 133.8, 132.3, 130.1, 129.6 (2C), 129.3 (2C), 125.4, 115.6, 115.0, 114.7, 109.9, 76.3, 55.9, 37.9. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₀H₁₅N₂O⁺: 299.1179; found: 299.1169.

2-((5-methyl-3-phenyl-1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1d



Following the general procedure product **1d** was isolated in 97% yield (820.1 mg) as light-yellow solid; mp = 196 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.63 – 7.56 (m, 3H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (dt, *J* =

4.2, 2.3 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (dd, J = 7.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 0.6 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.7, 153.0, 142.9, 142.4, 137.7, 135.9, 132.2, 131.7, 1301, 129.6 (2C), 129.3 (2C), 124.6, 124.4, 115.2, 114.2, 78.4, 37.6, 21.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₀H₁₅N₂⁺: 283.1230; found: 283.1224.

2-((6-bromo-3-phenyl-1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1e

Following the general procedure product **1e** was isolated in 78% Br CN Br CN CN yield (812.0 mg) as dark yellow solid; mp = 198 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (s, 1H), 7.62 – 7.56 (m, 3H), 7.54 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.39 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.5, 152.7, 146.5, 141.6, 135.5, 131.6, 131.2, 130.4, 129.6 (2C), 129.5 (2C), 128.2, 125.3, 125.0, 114.9, 114.0, 79.6, 37.8. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M-H]⁻ Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₀BrN₂⁻: 345.0033; found: 345.0036.

2-((7-bromo-3-phenyl-1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1f



Following the general procedure product **1f** was isolated in 64 % yield (666.2 mg) as dark yellow solid; mp = 204 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.63 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.62 – 7.57 (m, 3H), 7.44 (dd, *J*

= 7.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.30 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.7, 152.6, 144.9, 144.0, 135.6, 133.2, 131.8, 130.4, 129.6 (2C), 129.5, 129.4 (2C),

123.0, 119.8, 114.8, 113.6, 80.3, 39.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₂BrN₂⁺: 347.0179; found: 347.0176.

2-((3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1g



Following the general procedure product 1g was isolated in 80% yield (715.2 mg) as red solid; mp = 158 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.51 – 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.41 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.38 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.14 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 3.92 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.5, 161.3, 153.2, 145.2, 142.7, 135.0, 131.3 (2C), 130.4, 127.7, 124.9, 124.4, 124.1, 115.3, 114.9 (2C), 114.3, 78.1, 55.6, 37.9. HRMS (ESI)

m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₀H₁₅N₂O⁺: 299.1179; found: 299.1170.

2-((3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1h



Following the general procedure product **1h** was isolated in 81% yield (696 mg) as light-yellow solid; mp = 184°C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.52 (td, J = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.28

(m, 2H), 4.18 (s, J = 46.5 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.8 (d, J = 251.5 Hz), 160.3, 152.6, 145.0, 142.5, 135.8, 131.6 (d, J = 8.5 Hz) (2C), 130.7, 128.1 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 127.9, 125.0, 123.8, 116.67 (d, J = 21.8 Hz) (2C), 115.0, 114.0, 79.2, 38.0. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ - 109.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₉H₁₂FN₂⁺: 287.0979; found: 287.0974.

2-((3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1i



Following the general procedure product 1i was isolated in 78% yield (804.9 mg) as light-yellow solid; mp = 240 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 – 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.71 – 7.66 (m, 3H), 7.57 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.54 – 7.51 (m, 3H), 7.50 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 4.21

(s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.1, 152.9, 145.1, 143.1, 142.5, 139.9, 135.5, 130.8, 130.5, 130.1 (2C), 129.1 (2C), 128.1, 127.9 (2C), 127.7, 127.2 (2C), 124.9, 124.0, 115.0, 114.1, 78.7, 38.0. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+Na]⁺ Calcd. for C₂₅H₁₆N₂Na⁺: 367.1206; found: 367.1199.

2-((3-(5-methylthiophen-2-yl)-1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1j



Following the general procedure product **1j** was isolated in 87% yield (751.7 mg) as orange solid; mp = 191 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.00 – 6.95 (m,

1H), 4.14 (s, 2H), 2.64 (d, J = 0.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.2, 152.8, 145.8, 145.0, 141.8, 135.2, 131.4, 130.5, 130.5, 127.8, 127.1, 124.9, 124.2, 115.4, 114.3, 78.4, 38.0, 15.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+Na]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₈H₁₂N₂Na⁺: 311.0614; found: 311.0619.

2-((1H-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1k

Following the general procedure product **1k** was isolated in 46% yield (265.0 mg) as orange solid; mp = 175 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.65 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.9, 150.0, 145.9, 141.7, 140.7, 130.2, 127.9, 124.8, 124.5, 114.5, 113.6, 79.7, 37.9. HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₁₃H₉N₂⁺: 193.0760; found: 193.0762. 3. Polyenolate-mediated reaction cascade initiated by the higher-order-cycloaddition - general procedure



In an ordinary 4 mL glass vial equipped with a magnetic stirring, corresponding malononitrile **1** (0.2 mmol), α , β -unsaturated aldehyde **2** (0.2 mmol) and *R*-mandelic acid (0.04 mmol) were dissolved in DCE (0.4 mL) and catalyst **4a** (6.6 mg, 0.02 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred in room temperature for the indicated time. The progress of the reaction was controlled by ¹H NMR spectroscopy. After full conversion of the starting material **1**, the reaction mixture was directly subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (hexanes: ethyl acetate 80:20) to afford pure product **3**.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3a



Following the general procedure product **3a** (>20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 65% yield (33.4 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 226 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 4H), 7.51 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz,

2H), 7.28 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.13 – 7.07 (m, 3H), 7.03 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 4.62 (s, 1H), 4.35 (dd, J = 10.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.07 – 3.99 (m, 1H), 3.88 (dd, J = 11.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.81 (t, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 148.2, 148.2, 143.5, 142.8, 141.4, 138.9, 137.7, 134.9, 133.9, 130.0 (2C), 129.7 (2C), 129.5, 129.0 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.4, 128.2, 127.9 (2C), 127.8 (2C), 127.7, 125.6, 123.7, 121.5, 114.9, 112.0, 64.7, 53.8, 49.8, 49.7, 41.1, 39.8. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min $\tau_{major} = 5.33$ min, $\tau_{minor} = 6.88$ min, (> 99:1 er). $[\alpha]_D^{21} = + 81.3$ (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₇H₂₇N₂O⁺: 515.2118; found: 515.2116.

(35,4a5,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-3,10-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-

tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3b



Following the general procedure product **3b** (17:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 60% yield (34.3 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 194 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.34 (s, 1H), 7.50 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.22 – 7.16 (m, 4H), 7.15

-7.08 (m, 6H), 7.07 -7.02 (m, 3H), 6.98 -6.93 (m, 2H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 4.29 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.97 -3.92 (m, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.83 (dd, *J* = 11.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.75 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.6, 160.6, 159.7, 148.2, 148.1, 143.7, 142.7, 141.6, 139.1, 134.1, 131.2 (2C), 129.4, 128.9 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.2, 128.0 (2C), 127.7, 126.9, 125.5, 123.7, 121.5, 115.0 (2C), 114.9, 114.3 (2C), 112.2, 65.0, 55.6, 55.5, 53.9, 49.2, 49.0, 41.3, 39.8. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 7.10 min, τ_{minor} = 4.94 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = +45.2 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₉H₃₁N₂O₃⁺: 575.2329; found: 575.2313.

3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-3,10-bis(3-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3c



Following the general procedure product **3c** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 44% yield (25.2 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 170 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.49 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.17 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.14 –

7.10 (m, 3H), 7.09 – 7.04 (m, 4H), 7.01 (dddd, J = 9.5, 8.4, 2.5, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 6.85 – 6.81 (m, 2H), 4.59 – 4.56 (m, 1H), 4.34 (dd, J = 10.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (tt, J = 11.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 3.90 (dd, J = 11.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.76 (t, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 160.6, 160.0, 148.3, 148.2, 143.6, 142.9, 141.4, 139.4, 138.9, 136.4, 134.0, 130.7, 130.0, 128.6 (2C), 128.2, 127.9 (2C) , 127.7, 125.6, 123.8, 122.2, 121.5, 120.0, 116.3, 114.9, 114.6, 114.2, 113.1, 112.0, 64.6, 55.6, 55.5, 53.8, 49.8, 49.7, 41.1, 39.9. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 6.21 min, τ_{minor} = 5.51 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 167.1 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₉H₃₀N₂O₃⁺: 575.2329; found: 575.2334.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-5-phenyl-3,10-di-*p*-tolyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno [2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3d



Following the general procedure product **3d** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 59% yield (31.8 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 217 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.34 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.18

-7.12 (m, 4H), 7.12 -7.06 (m, 3H), 7.06 -7.01 (m, 3H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 4.33 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (tt, *J* = 11.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (t, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.6, 148.2, 148.2, 143.7, 142.6, 141.7, 139.6, 139.0, 138.2, 134.6, 134.1, 132.0, 130.3 (2C), 129.9 (2C), 129.7 (2C), 128.5 (2C), 128.1, 128.0 (2C), 127.7 (2C), 127.7, 125.5, 123.7, 121.4, 115.0, 112.1, 64.8, 53.9, 49.5, 49.4, 41.2, 39.8, 21.4, 21.3. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 4.79 min, τ_{minor} = 4.17 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 100.1 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₉H₃₁N₂O⁺: 543.2431; found: 543.2445.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-3,10-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-2-formyl-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3e



Following the general procedure product **3e** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 55% yield (32.1 mg) as brown solid; mp = 188 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.30-7.26 (m, 1H), 7.26-

7.10 (m, 8H), 7.04-7.00 (m, 3H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 4.29 (dd, J = 10.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.02 – 3.91 (m, 1H), 3.76 (dd, J = 11.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (t, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.1, 149.0, 148.0, 143.4, 143.1, 140.5, 138.7, 136.0, 135.8, 134.3, 133.7, 133.3, 131.1 (2C), 129.8 (2C), 129.1 (2C), 129.0 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.3, 127.8, 127.7 (2C), 125.7, 123.5, 121.6, 114.5, 111.7, 64.61, 53.6, 49.0, 49.0, 40.9, 39.7. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major}

= 5.54 min, τ_{minor} = 4.89 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 85.0 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₇H₂₅Cl₂N₂O⁺: 583.1338; found: 583.1343.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-5-phenyl-3,10-bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3f



Following the general procedure product **3f** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 36% yield (23.1 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 200 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.37 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 3.1 Hz, 4H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz,

2H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (td, J = 7.5, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.99 (dd, J = 14.9, 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.66 (s, 1H), 4.35 (dd, J = 10.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (tt, J = 11.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (dd, J = 11.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.88 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.1, 148.2, 148.1, 144.0, 143.0, 141.8, 140.1, 138.8, 138.7, 133.6, 131.9 (q, J = 32.7 Hz), 131.0 (q, J = 32.9 Hz), 130.4 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 128.6, 128.3 (2C), 128.1, 127.7 (2C), 126.8 (q, J = 3.5 Hz, 2C), 126.0, 126.0 (q, J = 3.7 Hz, 2C), 124.1 (q, J = 272.1 Hz), 123.9 (q, J = 272.2 Hz), 123.6, 121.9, 114.4, 111.6, 64.6, 53.7, 49.5, 49.3, 41.0, 39.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz CDCl₃) δ -62.44, -62.64. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IA column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 3.08 min, τ_{minor} = 2.89 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 78.6 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₉H₂₅F₆N₂O⁺: 651.1865; found: 651.1859.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-3,10-di(naphthalen-2-yl)-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3g



Following the general procedure product **3g** (>20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 50% yield (30.7 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 190 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.36 (s, 1H), 8.10 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.06 – 8.04 (m, 1H), 8.01 – 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.95 – 7.92 (m,

2H), 7.90 – 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.75 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68 – 7.66 (m, 1H), 7.65 – 7.56 (m, 4H), 7.47 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 7.18 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (ddt, *J* = 16.4, 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (dt, *J* = 6.7, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 6.66 – 6.62 (m, 2H), 4.83 – 4.79 (m, 1H), 4.50 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (tt, *J* = 11.7, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (dd, $J = 11.9, 2.3 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}, 3.04 \text{ (t, } J = 11.0 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}). {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} (176 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3) \delta 190.5, 148.4, 148.1, 143.6, 143.1, 141.4, 139.1, 135.2, 133.9, 133.8, 133.7, 133.4, 133.0, 132.7, 129.6, 129.0, 128.8, 128.3 (2C), 128.2, 128.1, 128.1, 128.0, 127.9 (2C), 127.8, 127.7 (2C), 127.3, 127.2, 127.0 (2C), 126.6, 125.7, 125.3, 123.8, 121.5, 115.0, 112.0, 64.8, 53.9, 50.1, 50.0, 41.1, 40.0. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; ACN flow rate = 2.2 mL/min <math>\tau_{major}$ = 5.91 min, τ_{minor} = 5.40 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = - 16.7 (c = 1.0, CHCl_3). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₄₅H₃₀N₂O₆⁺: 615.2431; found: 615.2440.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*S*)-2-formyl-3,10-di(furan-2-yl)-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3h



Following the general procedure product **3h** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 52% yield (25.6 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 174 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

9.40 (s, 1H), 7.61 (dt, J = 1.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dd, J = 1.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 7.28 – 7.17 (m, 5H), 6.55 (dd, J = 3.2, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (dd, J = 3.3, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (dd, J = 3.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (dd, J = 10.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, J = 11.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (tt, J = 12.1, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (t, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.2, 152.0, 148.6, 148.3, 148.1, 143.7, 143.4, 143.3, 143.1, 141.0, 136.8, 134.1, 128.8 (2C), 128.4, 128.0 (2C), 127.9, 125.8, 123.9, 121.6, 114.1, 112.4, 111.7, 111.4, 111.0, 108.0, 62.4, 52.2, 43.8, 42.8, 41.3, 40.5. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min $\tau_{major} = 4.03$ min, $\tau_{minor} = 4.25$ min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 58.2 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₃H₂₃N₂O₃⁺: 495.1703; found: 495.1716.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-7-methoxy-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3i



Following the general procedure product **3i** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 53% yield (28.8 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 170 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.58 – 7.54 (m, 4H), 7.50 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, *J* =

7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.22 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (t, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.29 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (tt, *J* = 11.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (dd,

J = 11.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 2.76 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 160.0, 149.7, 148.3, 142.8, 142.7, 138.9, 137.8, 135.8, 134.9, 133.9, 130.0 (2C), 129.7 (2C), 129.5, 129.0 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 128.4, 128.2, 127.8 (2C), 127.8 (2C), 124.3, 114.9, 112.0, 111.7, 107.0, 64.2, 55.6, 53.6, 50.0, 49.8, 41.1, 39.8. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min $\tau_{major} = 5.39$. min, $\tau_{minor} = 6.61$ min, (>99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 124.6 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₈H₂₉N₂O₂⁺: 545.2223; found: 545.2211.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-8-methoxy-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3j



Following the general procedure product **3j** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 47% yield (25.6 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 162 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.59 – 7.54 (m, 4H), 7.53 – 7.38 (m, 4H), 7.28

(d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.22 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, *J* = 12.1, 5.0 Hz, 3H), 7.01 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.29 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (tt, *J* = 11.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (dd, *J* = 11.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.80 (t, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 158.4, 148.3, 145.4, 142.7, 141.3, 139.0, 138.8, 137.6, 134.9, 134.2, 130.0 (2C), 129.7 (2C), 129.5, 129.0 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.4, 128.1, 127.9 (2C), 127.8 (2C), 122.0, 115.0, 112.6, 112.1, 110.8, 64.5, 55.6, 53.8, 49.8 (2C), 41.3, 39.8. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IC column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; ACN, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 4.91 min, τ_{minor} = 4.59 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 49.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₈H₂₉N₂O₂⁺: 545.2223; found: 545.2206.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-7-methyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3k



Following the general procedure product **3k** (>20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 54% yield (28.5 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 175 °C. NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.35 (s, 1H), δ 7.61 – 7.54 (m, 4H), 7.52 – 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.30 – 7.27

(m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.16 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.04 – 6.98 (m, 3H), 6.95 – 6.87 (m, 2H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.31 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (tt, *J* = 11.7, 1.9 Hz, 1H),

3.86 (dd, J = 12.0, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 148.4, 148.3, 142.9, 141.6, 140.7, 138.9, 137.8, 137.7, 134.9, 134.1, 130.0 (2C), 129.6 (2C), 129.5, 129.0 (2C), 128.6 (2C), 128.4, 128.1, 127.9 (4C), 126.4, 123.4, 122.1, 114.9, 112.0, 64.5, 53.7, 49.9, 49.8, 41.2, 39.8, 21.6. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 5.23. min, τ_{minor} = 6.72 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = - 46.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₈H₂₉N₂O⁺: 529.2274; found: 529.2265.

(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-8-bromo-2-formyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-

tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3I



Following the general procedure product **3I** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 40% yield (23.7 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 169 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.61 – 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.56 – 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.53

- 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.50 - 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.46 - 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.29 - 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.21 (tt, *J* = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.14 - 7.11 (m, 2H), 7.11 - 7.07 (m, 2H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.99 - 6.97 (m, 2H), 4.61 (s, 1H), 4.33 (dd, *J* = 10.7, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (tt, *J* = 11.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.82 (t, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.4, 147.8, 147.1, 145.4, 142.2, 141.9, 139.0, 137.1, 134.8, 133.4, 130.9, 130.0 (2C), 129.9 (2C), 129.6, 129.1 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 128.7, 128.4, 127.8 (4C), 126.9, 122.8, 120.1, 114.8, 111.9, 64.3, 53.9, 49.8, 49.5, 41.0, 39.8. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IC column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 5.70 min, τ_{minor} = 5.34 min, (99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 30.9 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₇H₂₆BrN₂O⁺: 593.1223; found: 593.1204.

(3S,4aS,9bS,10R,10aR)-9-bromo-2-formyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-

tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3m



Following the general procedure product **3m** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 30% yield (17.8 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 210 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.30 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.60 – 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.49 – 7.41 (m, 5H),

7.35 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.28 (dd, J = 5.2, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (tt, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.12 – 7.07 (m, 4H), 7.01 – 6.98 (m, 3H), 4.59 (s, 1H), 4.49 (dd, J = 10.0, 2.3 Hz, 1H),

4.06 (tt, J = 11.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (dd, J = 12.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (dd, J = 11.8, 10.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.40, 149.93, 148.11, 143.42, 143.06, 142.34, 138.96, 138.68, 134.88, 133.38, 130.21, 130.01 (2C), 129.52, 129.37 (4C), 129.01 (2C), 128.73 (2C), 128.44, 128.41, 127.87 (2C), 126.30, 120.33, 119.29, 114.79, 111.83, 66.43, 54.66, 50.56, 49.77, 41.17, 39.00. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 4.43. min, τ_{minor} = 6.50 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 99.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₇H₂₆BrN₂O⁺: 593.1223; found: 593.1217.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3n



Following the general procedure product **3n** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 46% yield (25.1 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 173 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.59 – 7.54 (m, 4H), 7.47 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.45 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 4.5 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.25 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.5

Hz, 1H), 6.94 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 6.60 (t, J = 5.7 Hz, 2H), 4.63 (s, 1H), 4.33 (dd, J = 10.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (tt, J = 11.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (dd, J = 11.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.78 (t, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 159.4, 148.4 (2C), 143.6, 142.6, 141.1, 139.0, 137.8, 134.9, 130.1 (2C), 129.7 (2C), 129.5, 129.0 (2C), 129.0 (2C), 128.4, 127.9 (2C), 127.7, 126.2, 125.5, 123.7, 121.5, 115.0, 114.1 (2C), 112.1, 64.7, 55.3, 53.9, 49.8, 49.8, 41.2, 39.8. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 5.38. min, τ_{minor} = 6.61 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = -39.6 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₈H₂₉N₂O₂⁺: 545.2223; found: 545.2211.

(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-formyl-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 30



Following the general procedure product 30 (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 56% yield (29.8 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 176 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.35 (s, 1H), 7.60 – 7.55 (m, 4H), 7.52 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (td, J = 7.5, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, J = 8.4, 5.3 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.63 (s, 1H),

4.34 (dd, J = 10.6, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (tt, J = 11.7, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (dd, J = 11.9, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.82 -2.78 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.4, 162.6 (d, J = 247.4 Hz), 148.1, 148.1, 143.5, 141.9, 141.9, 138.9, 137.6, 134.8, 130.0 (2C), 129.9 (d, J = 3.4 Hz), 129.7 (2C), 129.6 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2C), 129.6, 129.0 (2C), 128.5, 127.9 (2C), 127.8, 125.8, 123.8, 121.3, 115.7 (d, J = 21.6 Hz, 2C), 114.8, 112.2, 64.8, 53.8, 49.7, 49.7, 41.1, 39.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -113.0. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 5.13. min, τ_{minor} = 6.12 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = -19.5 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z $[M+H]^+$ Calcd. for C₃₇H₂₆FN₂O⁺: 533.2024; found: 533.2017.

(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-5-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2-formyl-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3p



Following the general procedure product 3p (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 49% yield (28.9 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 226 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.36 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 4H), 7.52 – 7.49 (m, 4H), 7.48 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.45 – 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.34 (ddt, J = 7.8, 6.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.29 (m,

4H), 7.28 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.17 (dd, J = 2.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.14 – 7.10 (m, 1H), 7.09 – 7.07 (m, 2H), 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 1H), 4.64 (s, 1H), 4.37 (dd, J = 10.7, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (tt, J = 11.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (dd, J = 11.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.82 (dd, J = 11.7, 10.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.49, 148.33, 148.12, 143.62, 142.64, 141.65, 140.99, 140.94, 138.98, 137.70, 134.91, 132.83, 130.13 (2C), 129.68 (2C), 129.52, 129.02 (2C), 128.81 (2C), 128.45, 128.25 (2C), 127.89 (2C), 127.78, 127.42, 127.34 (2C), 127.23 (2C), 125.66, 123.76, 121.55, 114.98, 112.07, 64.81, 53.92, 49.83, 49.80, 41.23, 39.86. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IA column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 4.50. min, τ_{minor} = 4.28 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 96.2 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₄₃H₃₁N₂O⁺: 591.2431; found: 591.2429.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-5-(5-methylthiophen-2-yl)-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3q



Following the general procedure product **3q** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 47% yield (25.1 mg) as orange solid; mp = 148 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.36 (s, 1H), 7.57 – 7.53 (m, 4H), 7.50 – 7.44 (m, 4H), 7.43 (dt, *J* = 7.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.29 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (dd, *J* = 2.3, 1.1

Hz, 1H), 7.11 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dq, *J* = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dq, *J* = 3.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (s, 1H), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (tt, *J* = 11.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (dd, *J* = 11.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 148.4, 147.6, 143.5, 143.3, 140.4, 139.0, 137.6, 137.1, 134.8, 131.5, 130.3 (2C), 129.7 (2C), 129.4, 129.1 (2C), 128.4, 127.9 (2C), 127.8, 127.2, 125.8, 125.5, 123.8, 121.6, 115.1, 112.0, 64.6, 54.0, 49.9, 49.8, 41.5, 40.0, 15.0. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 5.35. min, τ_{minor} = 6.85 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 125.0 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₆H₂₇N₂O⁺: 535.1839; found: 535.1836.

(3S,4aS,9bS,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-

a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3r



Following the general procedure product **3r** (20:1 dr in a crude reaction mixture) was isolated as a single diastereoisomer in 56% yield (24.6 mg) as yellow solid; mp = 158 °C. ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.33 (s, 1H), 7.59 – 7.52 (m, 4H), 7.50 – 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.45 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.35 (d, J

= 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.12 (dd, J = 2.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (td, J = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (dt, J = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.93 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 4.24 (dt, J = 10.9, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (tt, J = 11.8, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (dt, J = 12.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (t, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 147.7, 147.6, 146.8, 143.8, 139.1, 137.6, 135.2, 129.9, 129.8 (2C), 129.7, 129.7 (2C), 129.3 (2C), 128.4, 127.8, 127.8 (2C), 125.3, 123.7, 122.4, 114.4, 113.2, 65.6, 52.4, 49.4, 48.9, 41.3, 40.9. The er was determined by UPC² using a chiral Chiralpack IB column gradient from 100% CO₂ up to 40%; *i*-PrOH, flow rate = 2.2 mL/min τ_{major} = 4.82 min, τ_{minor} = 5.41 min, (> 99:1 er). [α]_D²¹ = + 83.3 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+Na]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₁H₂₂N₂ONa⁺: 461.1625; found: 461.1618.

4. Enantioselective synthesis of (3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3a on a 1 mmol scale



In an ordinary 8 mL glass vial equipped with a magnetic stirring, malononitrile **1a** (1 mmol), α , β -unsaturated aldehyde **2a** (1 mmol) and *R*-mandelic acid (0.4 mmol) were dissolved in DCE (4 mL) and catalyst **4a** (66 mg, 0.2 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred in room temperature for 24h. After this time, the reaction mixture was directly subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (hexanes: ethyl acetate 80:20) to afford pure product **3a**.

5. Selective transformations of products 3



5.1. Selective reduction of aldehyde 3a

In an ordinary 4 mL glass vial equipped with a magnetic stirring bar, the aldehyde **3a** (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and CeCl₃·7H₂O (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) were dissolved in the mixture of CH₂Cl₂ (0.2 mL) and MeOH (0.2 mL). Then NaBH₄ (0,1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to the cold reaction mixture and was stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. After full conversion of the starting material **3a** (as confirmed by TLC analysis), the reaction mixture was directly subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: hexanes/ethyl acetate 80:20) to afford pure product **10a** in 94 % yield (48.5 mg) as light-yellow solid; mp = 152°C.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-(Hydroxymethyl)-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno [2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 10a



¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl3) δ 7.55 – 7.51 (m, 4H), 7.51 – 7.46 (m, 3H), 7.44 (ddd, *J* = 8.5, 6.3, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 7.12 – 7.07 (m, 3H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 4.31 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 4.27

(s, 1H), 3.87 (dd, J = 12.9, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (dt, J = 11.8, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (dd, J = 11.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (t, J = 11.1 Hz, 1H), 1.37 (dd, J = 6.8, 5.1 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl3) δ 148.4, 143.8, 143.2, 141.9, 138.6, 135.9, 135.1, 134.3, 130.6 (2C), 129.5, 129.4 (2C), 129.1 (2C), 128.5 (2C), 128.0 (2C), 128.0, 127.9 (3C), 127.5, 125.9, 125.3, 123.7, 121.3, 115.5, 112.6, 64.8, 64.7, 52.6 (2C), 50.2, 41.6, 40.1. [α]_D²¹ = + 115.0 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₃₇H₂₉N₂O⁺: 517.2274; found: 517.2268.

5.2. Selective Suzuki coupling of aldehyde 3I



In an ordinary 4 mL glass vial equipped with a magnetic stirring bar and a screw septum cap, the Pd(PPh₃)₄ (0.005mmol, 0.05 equiv.) was placed. The vial was evacuated and filled with argon. Phenylboronic acid **11** (0.11 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) was dissolved in the mixture of PhCH₃ (0.4 mL) and EtOH (0.1 mL), the solution was degassed and then was added *via* syringe to the reaction vial. Aldehyde **3I** (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in the PhCH₃ (0.5 mL), the solution was degassed and then was added *via* syringe to the reaction vial. Aldehyde **3I** (0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was dissolved in the PhCH₃ (0.5 mL), the solution was degassed and then was added *via* syringe to the reaction vial. Then, degassed, aqueous solution of K₂CO₃ (2M, 50µL) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 2h. After full conversion of the starting material **3I** (as confirmed by TLC analysis), the mixture was cooled to rt, quenched with brine (5 mL), extracted with CHCl₃ (3×5 mL), dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting solid was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: hexanes/ethyl acetate 80:20) to afford pure product **12I** in 62 % yield (36.6 mg) as brown solid; mp = 160 °C.

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-3,5,8,10-tetraphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 12l



¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.36 (s, 1H), 7.61 – 7.57 (m, 4H), 7.53 – 7.47 (m, 3H), 7.48 – 7.44 (m, 4H), 7.41 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.27 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.17 (dd, J = 2.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.06 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 4.64 (s,

1H), 4.42 (dd, J = 10.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (tt, J = 11.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (dd, J = 12.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.88 (dd, J = 11.6, 10.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.4, 148.2, 147.4, 144.3, 142.7, 141.7, 141.2, 139.0, 138.9, 137.6, 134.9, 133.9, 130.0 (2C), 129.7 (2C), 129.5, 129.0 (2C), 128.9 (2C), 128.7 (2C), 128.5, 128.2, 127.8 (2C), 127.8 (2C), 127.3, 127.3 (2C), 127.0, 122.5, 121.7, 114.9, 112.0, 64.8, 53.8, 49.8, 49.7, 41.2, 39.9. [α]_D²¹ = + 224.7 (c = 1.0, CHCl₃). HRMS (ESI) m/z [M+H]⁺ Calcd. for C₄₆H₃₁N₂O⁺: 591.2431; found: 591.2430.

6. Crystal and X-ray data for (3*S*,4a*S*,9b*S*,10*R*,10a*R*)-9-bromo-2-formyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3*H*)-dicarbonitrile 3m

The crystal structure of the compound **3m**, $C_{37}H_{25}BrN_2O \cdot CHCl_3$, was established by singlecrystal X-ray diffraction at 100 K. The compound crystallizes in the non-centrosymmetric orthorhombic space group $P2_12_12_1$ (Z = 4), with one crystallographically independent formula unit per unit cell (Figure 1).



Figure 1. The molecular structure of the compound **3m** at 100 K, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. Hydrogen atoms are drawn with an arbitrary radius.

Single crystal X-ray diffraction data were collected at 100 K by the ω -scan technique using a RIGAKU XtaLAB Synergy, Dualflex, Pilatus 300K diffractometer³ with PhotonJet micro-focus X-ray Source Cu-K α (λ = 1.54184 Å). Data collection, cell refinement, data reduction and absorption correction were performed using CrysAlis PRO software.³ The crystal structure was

³ Rigaku OD. CrysAlis PRO. Rigaku Oxford Diffraction Ltd, Yarnton, Oxfordshire, England, 2019.

solved using direct methods and the SHELXT 2018/2 program,⁴ with atomic scattering factors taken from the International Tables for X-ray Crystallography. Positional parameters of non-H-atoms were refined by a full-matrix least-squares method on F² with anisotropic thermal parameters by using the SHELXL 2019/3 program.⁵ All hydrogen atoms were found from the difference Fourier maps and for further calculations they were positioned geometrically in calculated positions (C–H = 0.95–1.00 Å) and constrained to ride on their parent atoms with isotropic displacement parameters set to 1.2 times the U_{eq} of the parent atom.

3m: Formula C₃₈H₂₆Cl₃BrN₂O, orthorhombic, space group $P2_12_12_1$, Z = 4, unit cell constants a = 10.9432(1), b = 15.0034(1), c = 19.5901(1) Å, V = 3216.41(4) Å³. The integration of the data yielded a total of 117789 reflections with θ angles in the range of 3.71 to 67.73°, of which 5828 were unique (R_{int} = 2.54%). The final anisotropic full-matrix least-squares refinement on F² with 406 parameters. The final R₁ was 0.0181 (for I > 2 σ (I)) and wR₂ was 0.0467 (all data). The largest peak in the final difference electron density synthesis was 0.279 eÅ⁻³ and the largest hole was -0.281 eÅ⁻³. The goodness-of-fit was 1.084. The absolute configuration was unambiguously established from anomalous scattering, by calculating the x Flack parameter⁶ of -0.0070(18) using 2538 quotients.

CCDC 2279932 contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre *via* <u>www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures</u>.

⁴ Sheldrick, G.M. "SHELXT - integrated space-group and crystal-structure determination", *Acta Cryst.* 2015, A**71**, 3-8.

⁵ Sheldrick, G.M. "Crystal structure refinement with SHELXL", Acta Cryst. 2015, C71, 3-8.

⁶ Parsons, S.; Flack, H.D.; Wagner, T. "Use of intensity quotients and differences in absolute structure refinement" *Acta Cryst.* 2013, B**69**, 249-259.



2-((3-phenyl-1*H*-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1a ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



 $\label{eq:2-((6-methoxy-3-phenyl-1 H-inden-2-yl)methylene)} malononitrile~1c$ ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃) ^{₽h} ÇN CN 4.06 Å 3.09 Å 1.01 ↓ 2.00-= 3.17-≖ 5.5 5.0 4.5 f1 (ppm) 4.0 7.5 7.0 3.5 2.5 10.0 9.5 9.0 8.5 8.0 6.5 6.0 3.0 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 ¹³C NMR (176 MHz, CDCl₃) \lesssim 162.66 \sim 161.94 $\begin{array}{c}
115.60 \\
115.04 \\
114.66 \\
-109.89 \\
109.89 \\
\end{array}$ 135.88 133.82 132.28 130.11 129.29 129.29 --- 55.86 į, 110 100 f1 (ppm) 190 180 170 150 140 130 120 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 160 90 (

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.00 110 100 f1 (ppm)

2-((6-bromo-3-phenyl-1*H*-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1e ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)





S29

2-((3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1g ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



2-((3-(4-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-inden-2-yl)methylene)malononitrile 1h ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃)







S34



f1 (ppm)

(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-

a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3a

¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-3,10-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3b

¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)

-9.34 -9.34 -7.45 -7.75


(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-3,10-bis(3-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3c ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-5-phenyl-3,10-di-p-tolyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno [2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3d

¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-3,10-bis(4-chlorophenyl)-2-formyl-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3e ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-5-phenyl-3,10-bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3f ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃)

 $< \frac{-62.4}{-62.6}$



50 -95 -100 -105 f1 (ppm) -55 -60 -65 -70 -75 -80 -85 -90 -110 -115 -120 -125 -130 -135 -140 -145 -1

(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-3,10-di(naphthalen-2-yl)-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3g ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aS)-2-formyl-3,10-di(furan-2-yl)-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3h ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-7-methoxy-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3i ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-8-methoxy-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3j ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-7-methyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3k

¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)

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(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-8-bromo-2-formyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3l ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3S,4aS,9bS,10R,10aR)-9-bromo-2-formyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3m ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3n ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-formyl-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 30 ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-5-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2-formyl-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3p ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-5-(5-methylthiophen-2-yl)-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3q ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3S,4aS,9bS,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3r ¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-(hydroxymethyl)-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno

[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 10a



(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-3,5,8,10-tetraphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno

[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 12l

¹H NMR (700 MHz, CDCl₃)



8. UPC² data





Enantiomerically enriched sample





(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-3,10-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3b

Enantiomerically enriched sample

40.14

1 4.993 2 7.161



(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-3,10-bis(3-methoxyphenyl)-5-phenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3c Racemic sample



 RT
 % Area

 1
 5.511
 43.94

 2
 6.207
 56.06

Enantiomerically enriched sample





(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-5-phenyl-3,10-di-p-tolyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno [2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3d

Enantiomerically enriched sample







	Feak Results		
	RT	% Area	
1	4.894	39.97	
2	5.541	60.03	





Peak Results			
	RT	% Area	
1	4.886	0.06	
2	5.534	99.94	









Enantiomerically enriched sample







Enantiomerically enriched sample



(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-7-methoxy-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3i



Racemic sample

Enantiomerically enriched sample

57.47

2

6.607





Enantiomerically enriched sample





(3*S*,4a*S*,9b*R*,10*R*,10a*R*)-2-formyl-7-methyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3k

Enantiomerically enriched sample





(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-8-bromo-2-formyl-3,5,10-triphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-

 RT
 % Area

 1
 5.336
 36.06

 2
 5.695
 63.94

Enantiomerically enriched sample





Enantiomerically enriched sample





(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3n

Enantiomerically enriched sample

57.58

2

6.607





(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-formyl-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3o

RT % Area 1 5.127 55.99 2 6.122 44.01

Enantiomerically enriched sample





(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-5-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2-formyl-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3p








(3S,4aS,9bR,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-5-(5-methylthiophen-2-yl)-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10atetrahydroindeno[2,1-a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3q



Enantiomerically enriched sample





(3S,4aS,9bS,10R,10aR)-2-formyl-3,10-diphenyl-4a,9b,10,10a-tetrahydroindeno[2,1a]indene-4,4(3H)-dicarbonitrile 3r

Enantiomerically enriched sample

