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Supporting Information

Admirable Stability Achieved by ns² Ions Co-doping for All-inorganic Metal Halide towards Optical Anti-counterfeiting

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Figure S1. The PL and PLE spectra of pristine Cs_2SnCl_6 .



Figure S2. (a) CIE chromaticity coordinates of Cs_2SnCl_6 : $Bi_{0.2-x}Sb_x$ sample excited at 365 nm. (x= 0, 0.04, 0.08, 0.12, 0.16, 0.2) (b) CIE chromaticity coordinates of Cs_2SnCl_6 : $Bi_{0.2-x}Sb_x$ sample excited at 395 nm. (x= 0, 0.04, 0.08, 0.12, 0.16, 0.2)



Figure S3 Photograph of pattern made by anti-counterfeiting ink composed of Cs_2SnCl_6 : Bi_{0.08}Sb_{0.12} at natural light and irradiated by a UV lamp at 365 nm and 395 nm



Figure S4. The thermogravimetric analysis of pristine Cs₂SnCl₆, Cs₂SnCl₆: Bi_{0.2} and Cs₂SnCl₆: Sb_{0.2}.



Figure S5 Integrated PL intensity as a function of temperature for Cs_2SnCl_6 : $Bi_{0.2}$ and Cs_2SnCl_6 : $Sb_{0.2}$ crystals crystals. The line represents fit curve of binding energies.

Conduction Band



Valence Band

Figure S6. The schematic representation of the luminescent emission mechanism of Bi^{3+} and Sb^{3+} co-doped Cs_2SnCl_6 .



Figure S7. Broken line of photoluminescence lifetime at 666nm with different Bi³⁺/Sb³⁺ codoping contents.



Figure S8 (a) Full range of XPS of pristine Cs_2SnCl_6 and Cs_2SnCl_6 : $Bi_{0.08}Sb_{0.12}$. **(b-f)** High-resolution XPS of Cs ($3d_{3/2}$, $3d_{5/2}$), Sn ($3d_{3/2}$, $3d_{5/2}$), Cl ($2p_{1/2}$, $2p_{3/2}$), Bi ($4f_{5/2}$, $4f_{7/2}$) and Sb ($3d_{3/2}$, $3d_{5/2}$) in pristine Cs_2SnCl_6 and Cs_2SnCl_6 : $Bi_{0.08}Sb_{0.12}$.

Table S1. Comparison of Bi^{3+} and Sb^{3+} concentrations obtained from ICP-MS of Cs_2SnCl_6 : $Bi_{0.2-}$ _xSb_x (x= 0, 0.04, 0.08, 0.12, 0.16, 0.2). Bi% is calculated following the equation ([Bi]/[Sn])×100%. Sb% is calculated following the equation ([Sb]/[Sn])×100%.

	Precursor		Product (ICP-MS)	
Sample Category	Bi %	Sb %	Bi %	Sb %
Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ : Bi _{0.2}	20	0	4.55	0
Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ : Bi _{0.16} Sb _{0.04}	16	4	4.49	3.34
Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ : Bi _{0.12} Sb _{0.08}	12	8	3.82	6.31
Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ : Bi _{0.08} Sb _{0.12}	8	12	2.30	7.47
Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ : Bi _{0.04} Sb _{0.12}	4	16	1.40	14.07
Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ : Sb _{0.2}	0	20	0	14.89

Emission	$\tau(us)$	Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ :	Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ :	Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ :	Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ :	Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ :	Cs ₂ SnCl ₆ :
Peak	τ(μ5)	Bi _{0.2}	$Bi_{0.16}Sb_{0.04}$	$\mathrm{Bi}_{0.12}\mathrm{Sb}_{0.08}$	$\mathrm{Bi}_{0.08}\mathrm{Sb}_{0.12}$	$\mathrm{Bi}_{0.04}\mathrm{Sb}_{0.16}$	Sb _{0.2}
454 nm	τ	0.3819	0.3425	0.3276	0.3087	0.3064	_
666 nm	$ au_1$	_	0.40	0.37	0.36	0.35	0.34
	τ2	—	4.93	4.47	4.18	3.72	3.84

Table S2. The lifetime (μ s) of Cs₂SnCl₆: Bi_{0.2-x}Sb_x (x = 0, 0.04, 0.08, 0.12, 0.16, 0.2) at 454 and 666 nm.