## **Supplementary Information**

## Modulated wafer-scale WS<sub>2</sub> films based on atomic-layer-deposition for various device applications

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**Fig. S1** | The annealing process of  $WS_2$  film. The as-deposited samples were placed in a quartz boat in the center of Zone II, and 0.5 g sulfur powder was placed in Zone III carried by a quartz boat. The distance of samples and sulfur powder is 30cm. Argon (10 sccm, 99.999%) was chosen as the carrier gas. The samples were annealed for 2 h in a 4-inch quartz tube at a base pressure of 10 Pa.



**Fig. S2** | Detailed fabrication process of WS<sub>2</sub> FETs. Top-gate FETs for WS<sub>2</sub> and Nb-doped WS<sub>2</sub> films were fabricated through CMOS-compatible processes. After annealing in S atmosphere, photolithography was used to define channel area and was etched by  $CF_4/Ar (20/10 \text{ sccm})$  in RIE. Source and drain electrodes were patterned by photolithography and metalized by Ti/Au (10/70 nm) for WS<sub>2</sub> N-FETs and Ti/Pt (10/70 nm) for Nb-doped WS<sub>2</sub> P-FETs via PVD. Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> gate oxide was deposited by ALD at 250 °C. The precursors for Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> were TMA and H<sub>2</sub>O, respectively. After top-gate patterning, 10/70 nm Ti/Au was deposited by PVD.



Fig. S3 | Thickness of WS<sub>2</sub> with 200 ALD cycles.



Fig. S4 | SEM image of WS<sub>2</sub> film with 800 cycles.



Fig. S5 | Process diagram of Nb-doped WS<sub>2</sub>. The Nb doping process consists of z large cycles, and every large cycle contains x cycles of WS<sub>2</sub> and y cycles of NbS<sub>2</sub>.