Preparations of compounds 1 and 2

[m-BrBz-1-APy]I₃ (1) was prepared by 3-bromobenzaldehyde (2 mmol) with 1-aminopyridinium iodide (2 mmol) in ethanol (10 cm³). The solution was heated under reflux for 5 h. On cooling the product was separated out and washed with ether. The methanol solution of iodine (2 mmol) was slowly added to methanol solution of [m-BrBz-1-APy]I₃ (2 mmol) at room temperature. The solution was slowly evaporated and red block crystals 2 were obtained after 7 days. Yield: 75%. Anal. Calc. For C₁₂H₁₀N₂BrI₃: C, 22.42; H, 1.57; N, 4.36. Found: C, 22.65; H, 1.48; N, 4.25.

[o-FBz-1-APy]I (2). Yield: 80%. Anal. Calc. For C₁₂H₁₀N₂FI₃: C, 24.76; H, 1.73; N, 4.81. Found: C, 24.65; H, 2.08; N, 4.47.

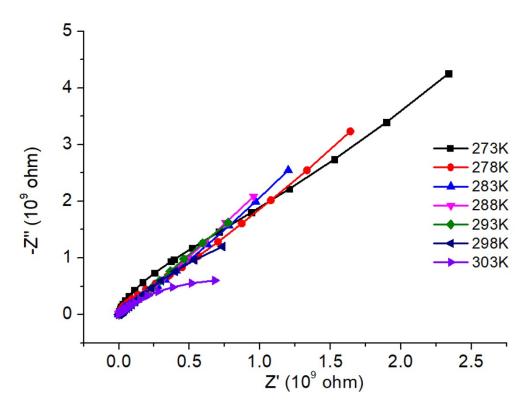


Figure S1. Impedance spectra at the selected temperatures in the range of 273-303 K for 1

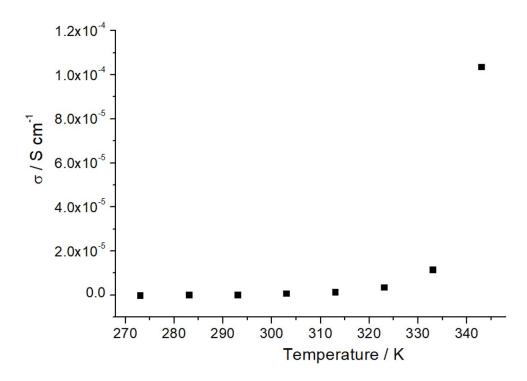


Figure S2. The plot of ionic conductivity versus temperature for 1 showing steeply increase at 343 K.

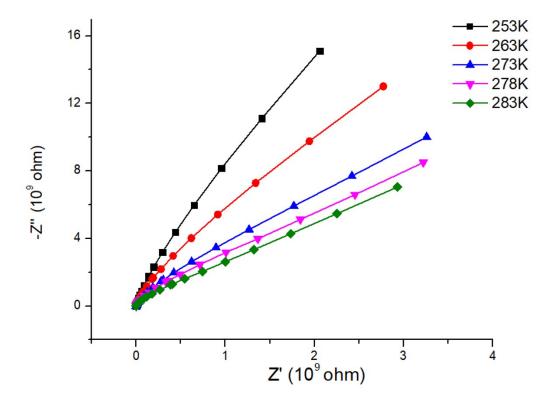


Figure S3. Impedance spectra at the selected temperatures in the range of 253-283 K for **2**.

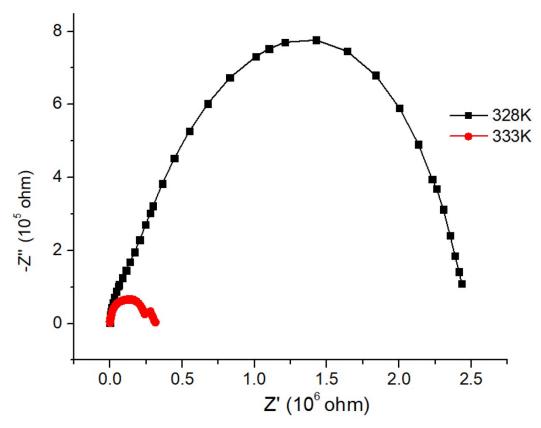


Figure S4. Impedance spectra at the temperatures of 328 and 333 K for 2.

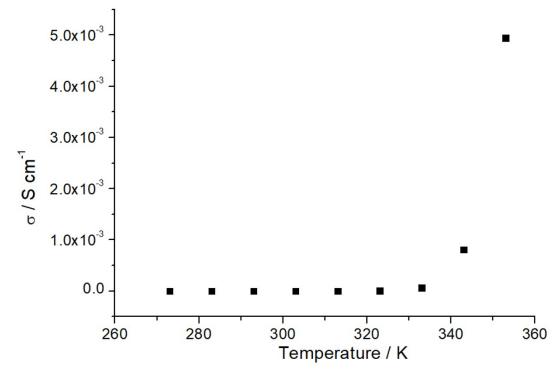


Figure S5. The plot of ionic conductivity versus temperature for **2** showing steeply increase at 353 K.

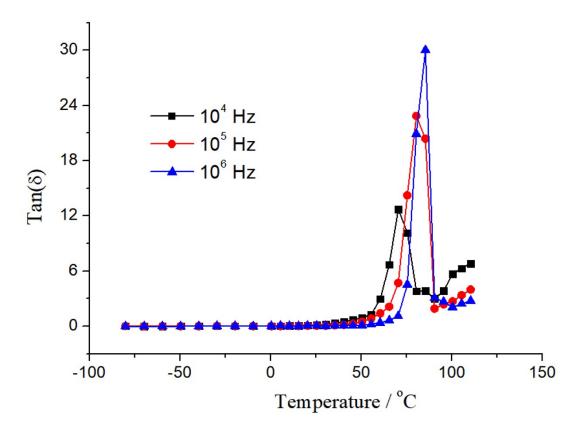


Figure S6. Temperature dependent dielectric loos showing relaxation peak at selected frequency of 1.

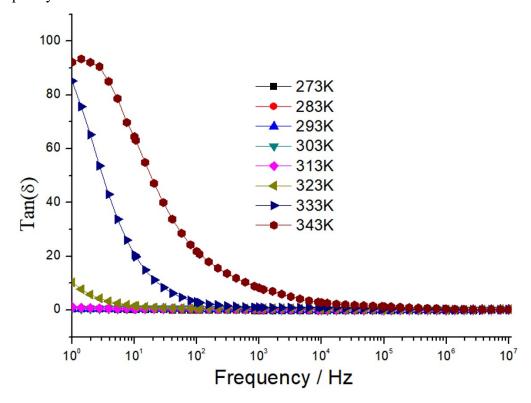


Figure S7. Frequency dependent dielectric loos at selected temperature of 1.

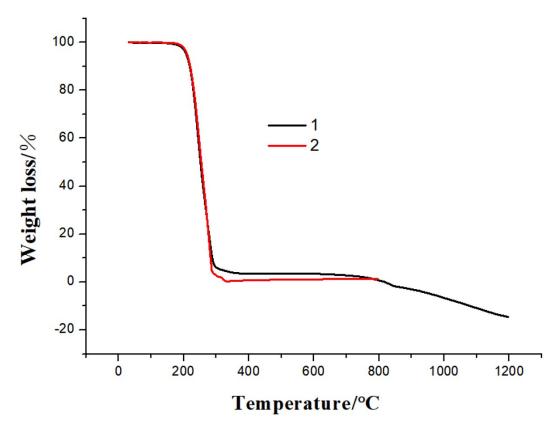


Figure S8. TGA curves of the 1 and 2 under the nitrogen