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ESI

**Nanoengineering TiO<sub>2</sub> for evaluating performance in dye sensitized solar cells with natural dyes**

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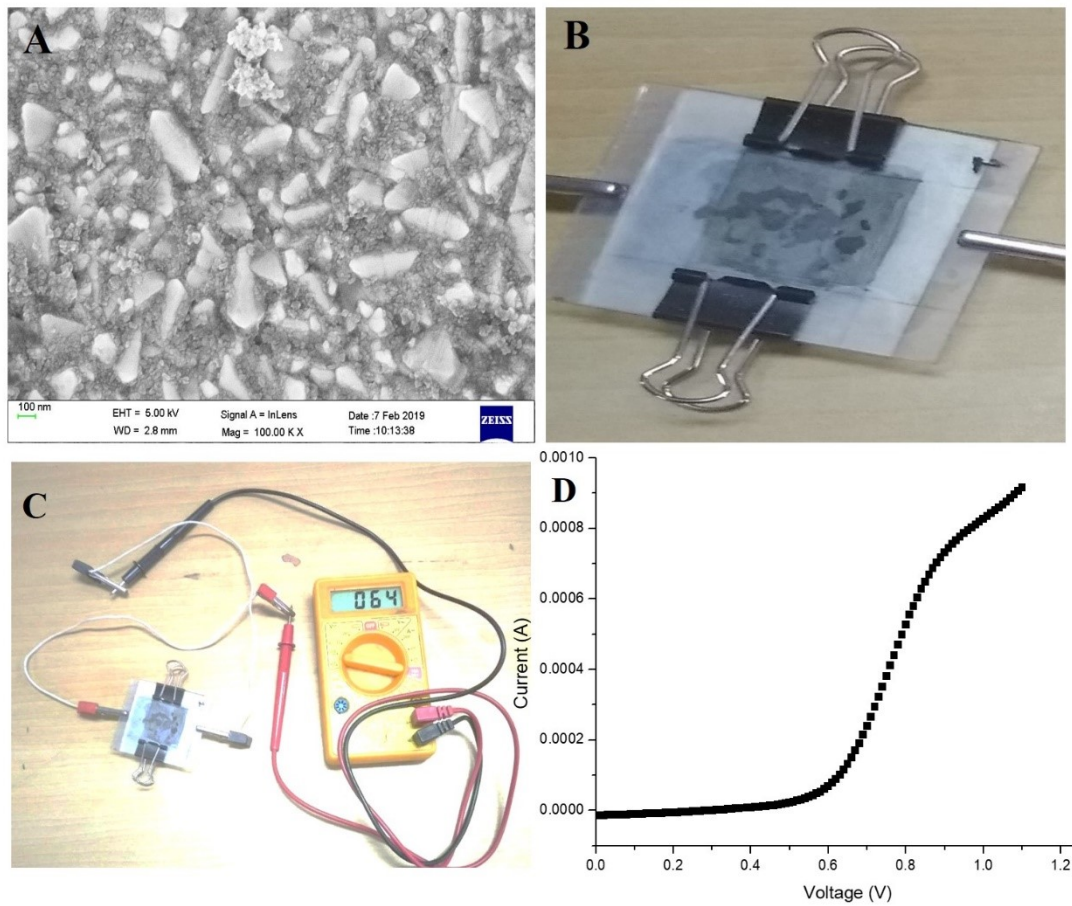
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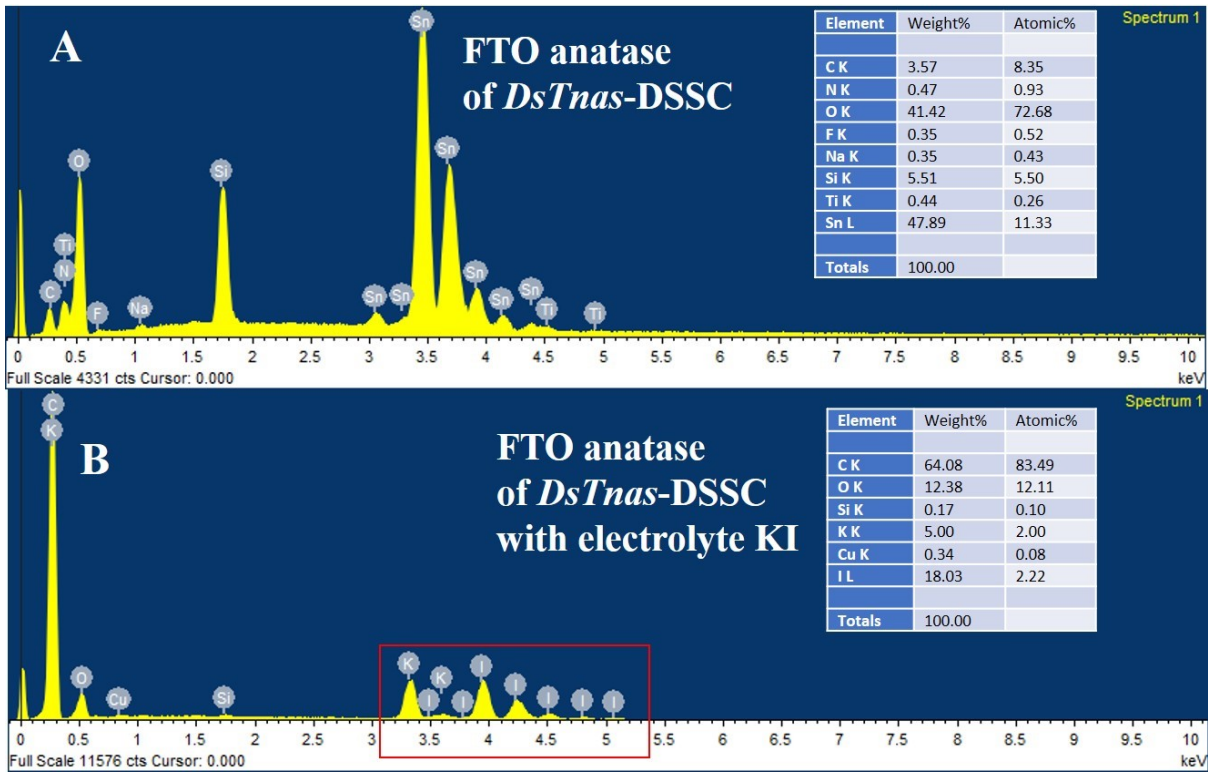
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27 **ESI Figure 1. A)** Titania anatase rutile coat on FTO anode plate; **B)** Fabricated *DsTnas*-  
28 DSSC; **C)** *DsTnas*-DSSC with multimeter set up and **D)** I-V curve of *DsTnas*-DSSC with  
29 ruthenium dye as control

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34 **ESI Figure 2** Scanning electron microscopy-energy dispersive X-ray (SEM-EDX) analysis  
 35 of elemental composition of **A**) FTO anatase of *DsTnas*-DSSC without electrolyte and **B**)  
 36 FTO anatase of *DsTnas*-DSSC with KI electrolyte (B).

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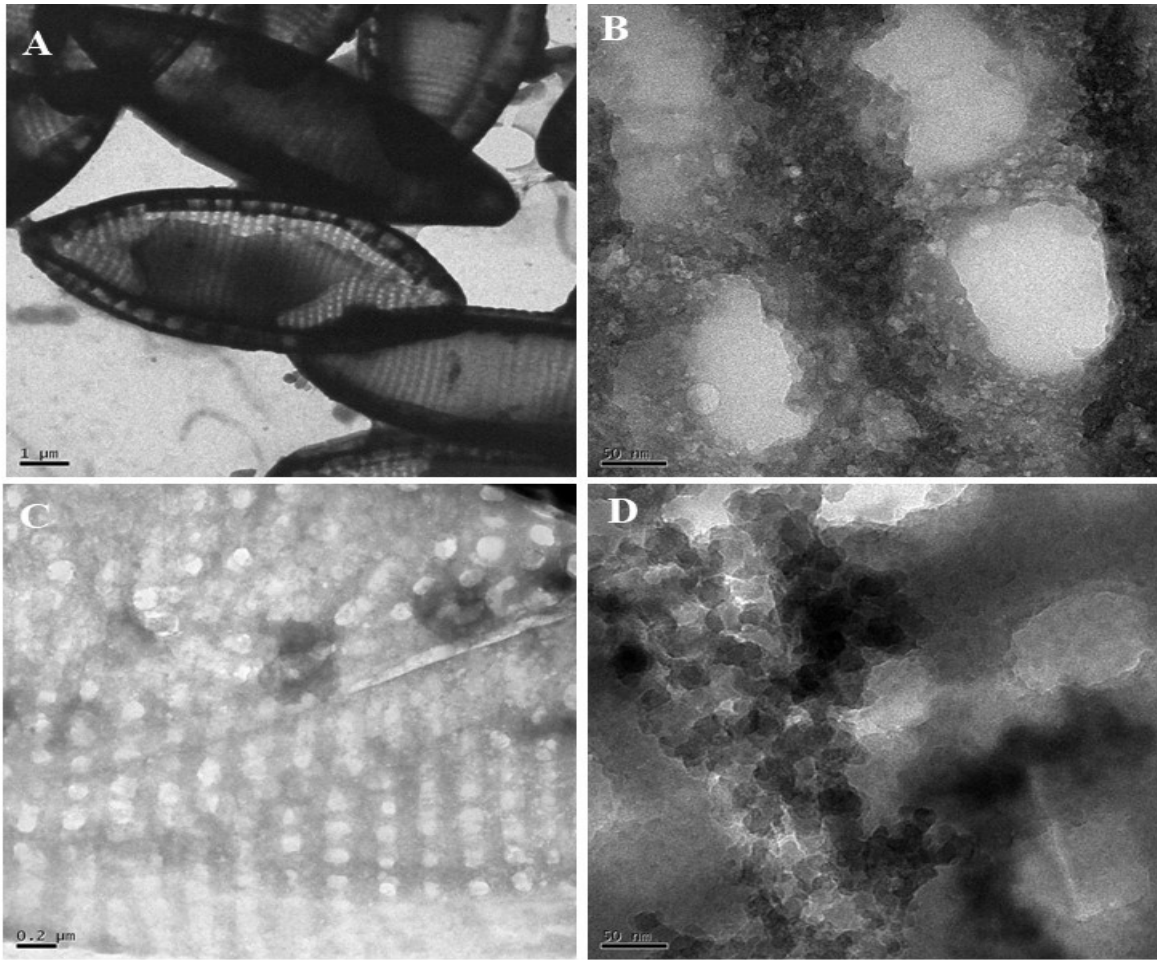
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44 **ESI Figure 3.** TEM images **A)** Undoped diatom and **B)** Enlarged empty pore structure of  
45 diatom frustule; **C)** Diatom rich Si doped with TiO<sub>2</sub> NP and **D)** Enlarged view of TiO<sub>2</sub> NP  
46 doped in diatom pore.

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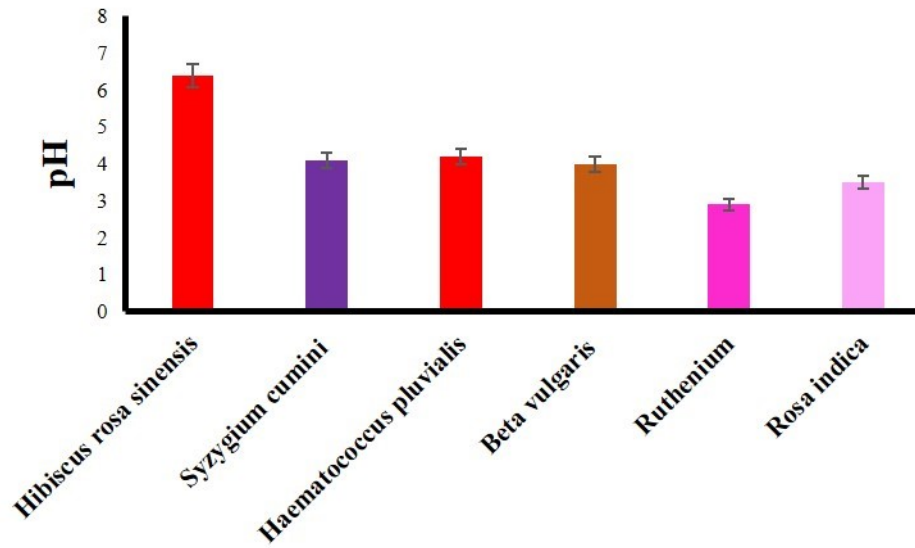
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57 **ESI Figure 4.** pH of different natural dyes **A)** *Hibiscus rosa sinensis* **B)** *Syzygium cumini*; **C)**

58 *Haematococcus pluvialis*; **D)** *Beta vulgaris*; **E)** Ruthenium and **F)** *Rosa indica*

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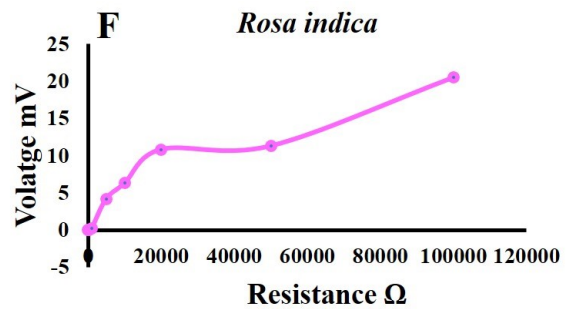
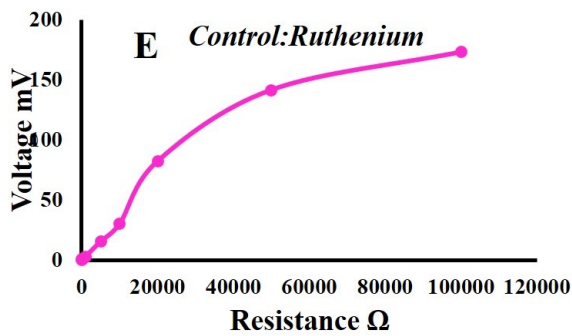
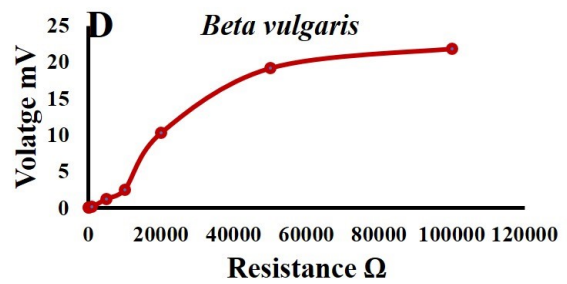
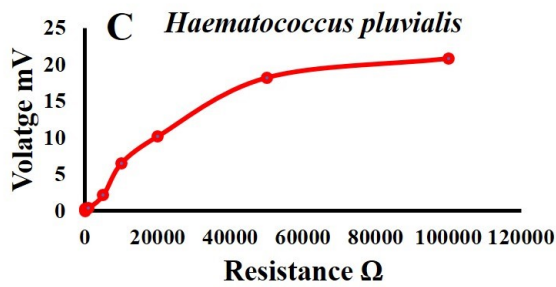
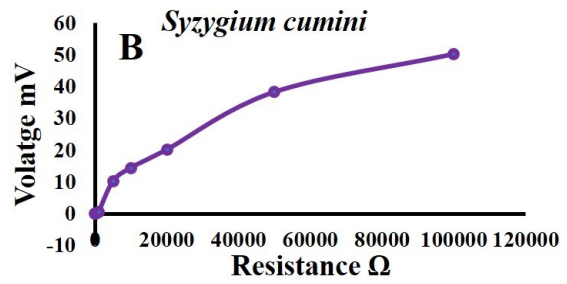
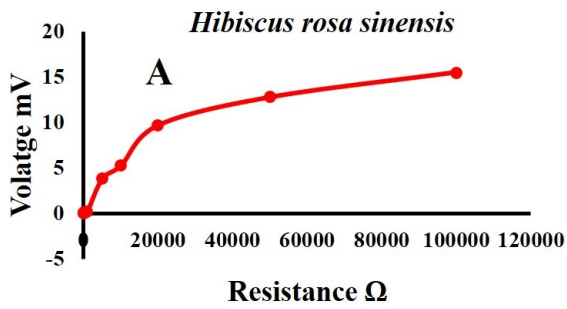
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72 **ESI Figure 5.** Voltage (mV) obtained in *DsTnas*-DSSCs at resistance 20K to 120K using **A)**  
73 Ruthenium; **B)** *Syzygium cumini*; **C)** *Beta vulgaris*; **D)** *Haematococcus pluvialis*; **E)** *Rosa*  
74 *indica* and **F)** *Hibiscus rosa*

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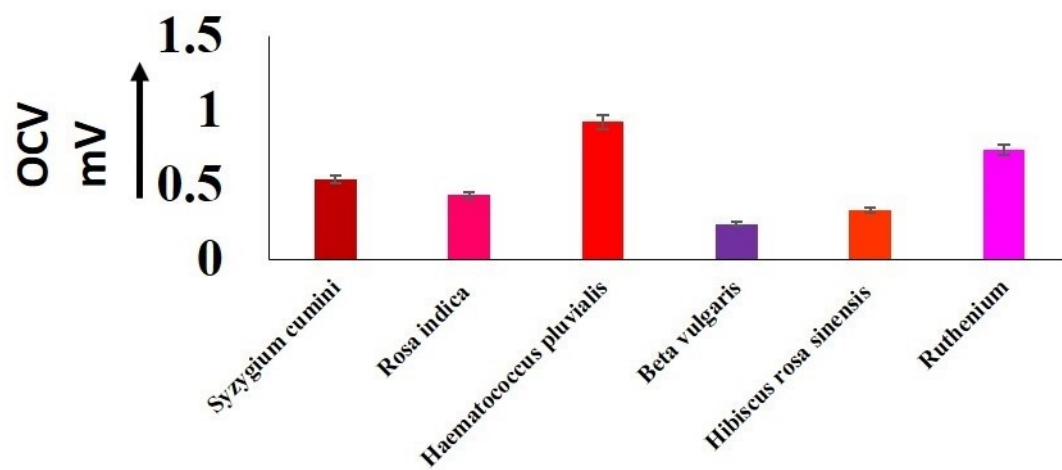
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85 ESI Figure 6. Open circuit voltage of *DsTnas*-DSSCs with natural dyes