

First-principles study of Indium nitride monolayer doped with alkaline earth metals

Duy Khanh Nguyen,^{1,2} Chu Viet Ha,³ Le T. Hong Gam,³ J. Guerrero-Sanchez,⁴ and D. M. Hoat^{5,6,*}

¹Laboratory for Computational Physics, Institute for Computational Science and Artificial Intelligence, Van Lang University, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

²Faculty of Mechanical - Electrical and Computer Engineering, School of Technology, Van Lang University, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

³Faculty of Physics, TNU-University of Education, Thai Nguyen, 250000, Vietnam

⁴Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Centro de Nanociencias y Nanotecnología, Apartado Postal 14, Ensenada, Baja California, Código Postal 22800, Mexico

⁵Institute of Theoretical and Applied Research, Duy Tan University, Ha Noi 100000, Viet Nam

⁶Faculty of Natural Sciences, Duy Tan University, Da Nang 550000, Viet Nam

*Corresponding author: dominhhoat@duytan.edu.vn

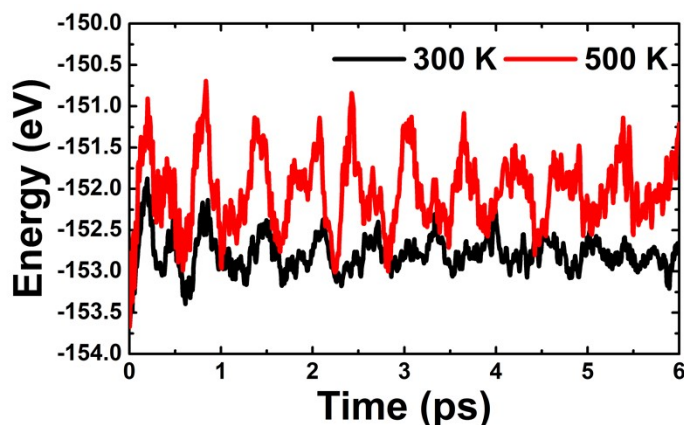


Figure S1. AIMD simulation at 300 and 500 K of InN monolayer.

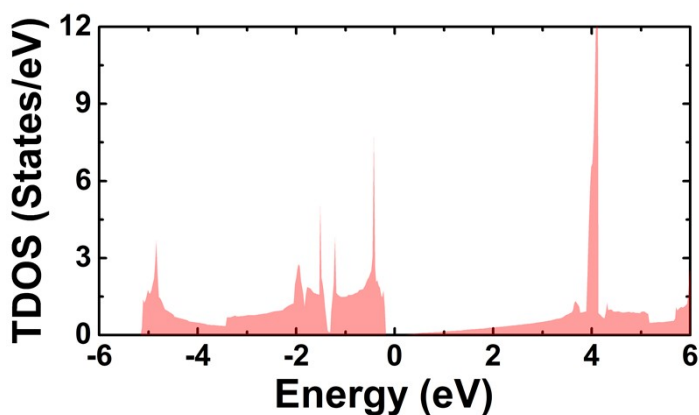


Figure S2: Total density of states of InN monolayer.

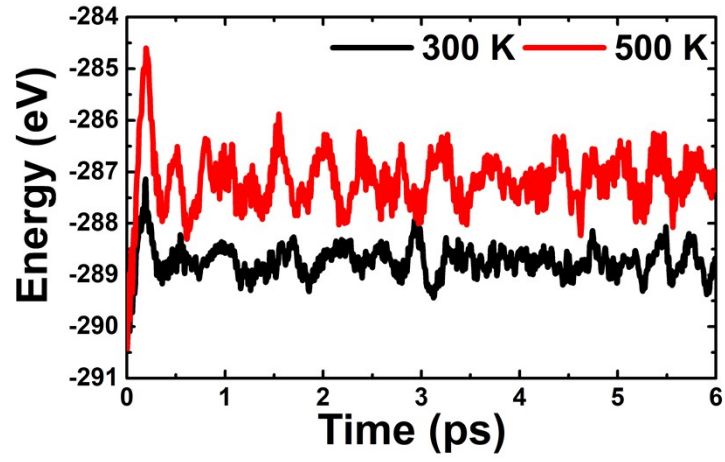


Figure S3: AIMD simulations at 300 and 500 K of InN monolayer with a single In vacancy.

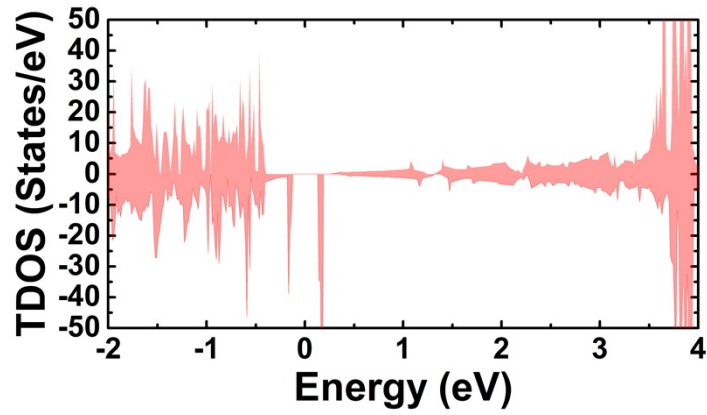


Figure S4: Total density of states of InN monolayer with a single In vacancy.

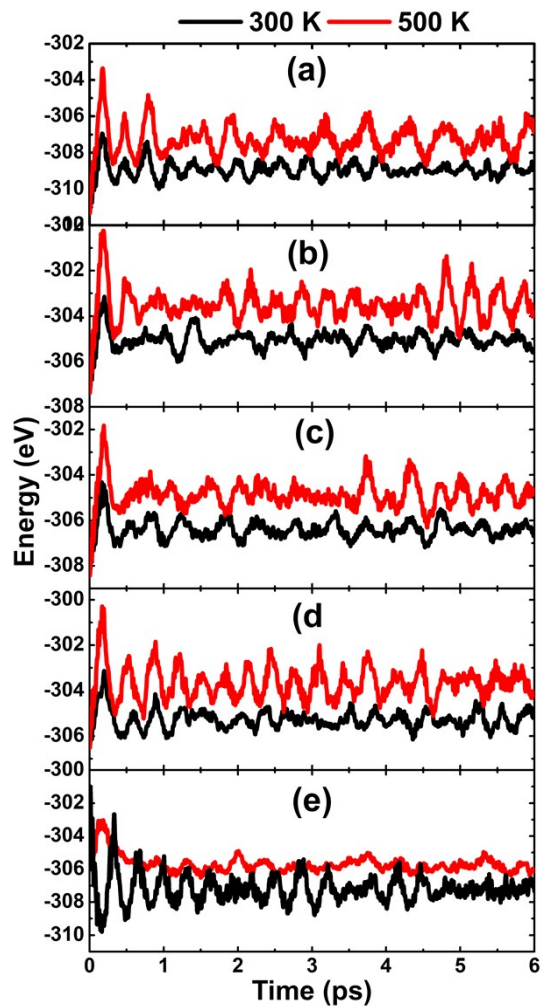


Figure S5: AIMD simulations at 300 and 500K of InN monolayer doped with (a) Be, (b) Mg, (c) Ca, (d) Sr, and (e) Ba.

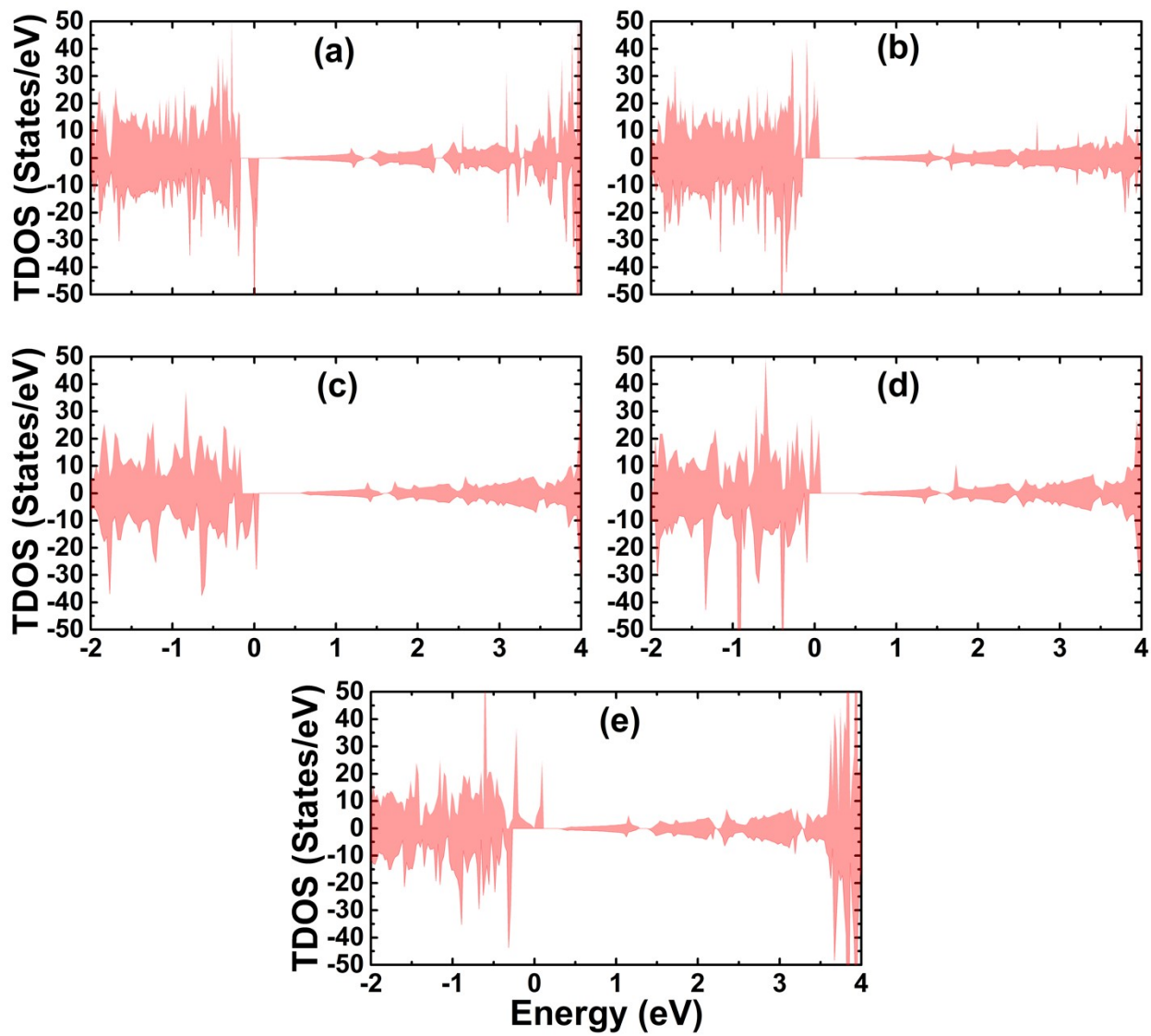


Figure S6: Total density of states of InN monolayer doped with (a) Be, (b) Mg, (c) Ca, (d) Sr, and (e) Ba.

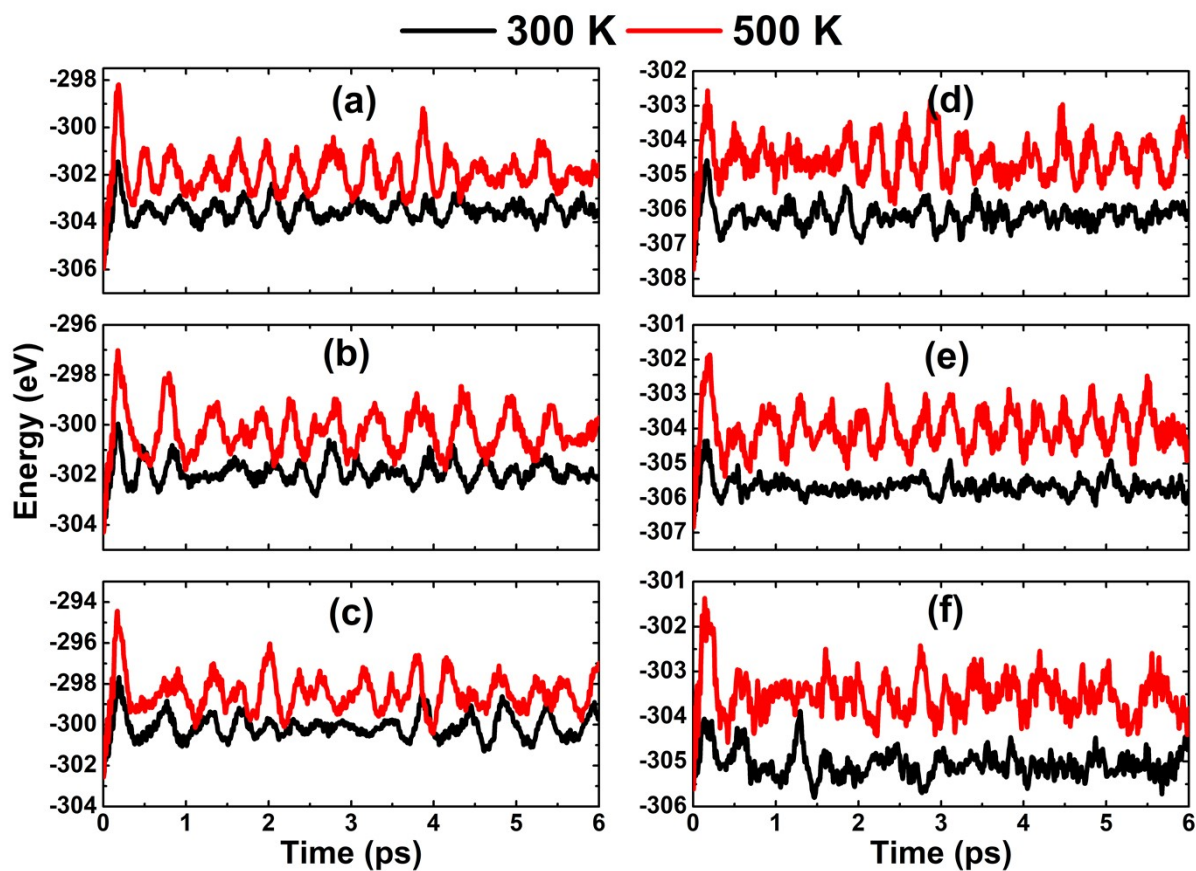


Figure S7: AIMD simulations at 300 and 500 K of InN monolayer doped with (a) 12.5%, (b) 18.75%, (c) 25% of Mg; and (d) 12.5%, (e) 18.75%, and (f) 25% of Ca.