

Supplementary information

KOH-modified bamboo charcoal loaded with α -FeOOH for efficient adsorption of copper and fluoride ions from aqueous solution

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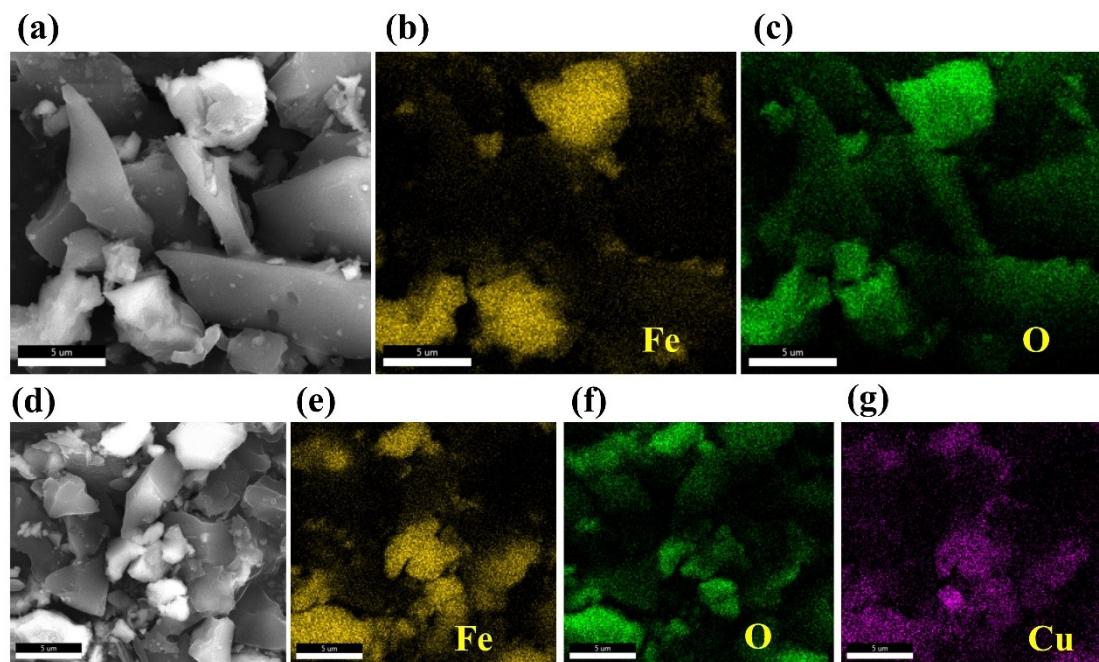


Fig. S1 SEM images of FKBC before (a), and after (d) Cu^{2+} adsorption; EDS elemental mappings of Fe (b), O (c) before, and Fe (e), O (f), Cu (g) after Cu^{2+} adsorption.

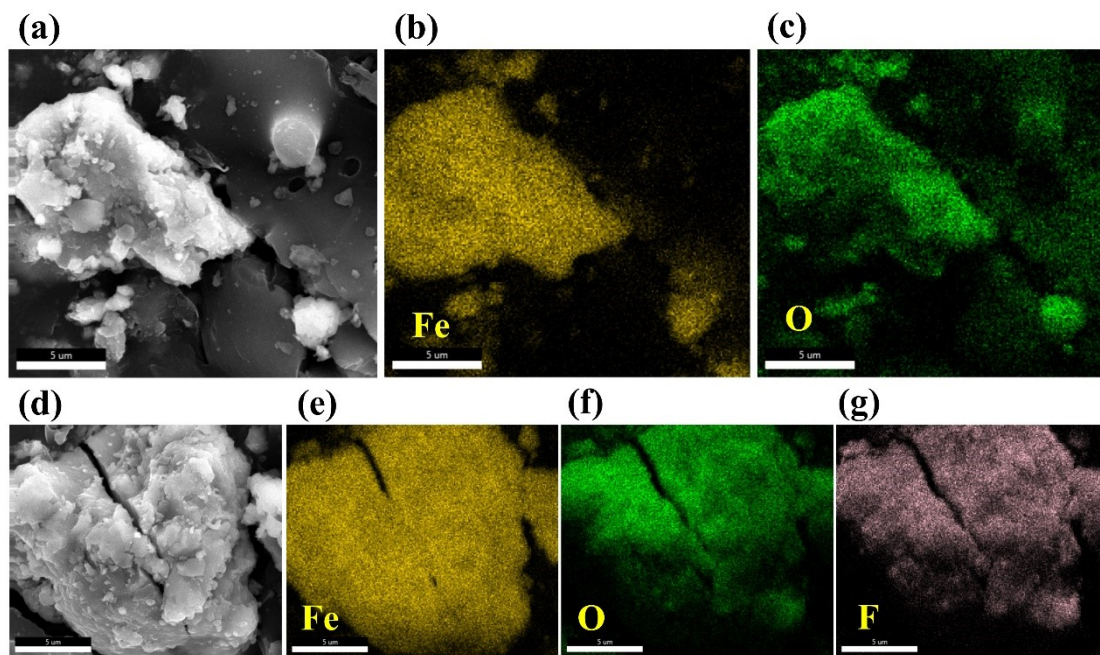


Fig. S2 SEM images of FKBC before (a), and after (d) F⁻ adsorption; EDS elemental mappings of Fe (b), O (c) before, and Fe (e), O (f), F (g) after F⁻ adsorption.

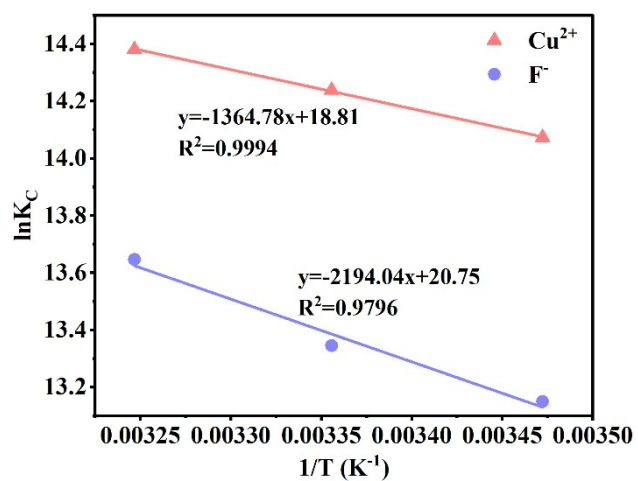


Fig. S3 Thermodynamic analysis of Cu^{2+} and F^- adsorption by FKBC.

Table S1 Batch experimental conditions for Cu²⁺ and F⁻ adsorption by FKBC.

Influencing factor	Ion	Volume (mL)	pH	Time (min)	Dosage (g)	Concentration (mg L ⁻¹)	Temperature (K)
pH	Cu ²⁺	100	2-6	240	0.2	200	298
	F ⁻	100	2-10	240	0.2	80	298
Contact time	Cu ²⁺	100	5	5-240	0.2	200	298
	F ⁻	100	7	5-240	0.2	80	298
Adsorbent dose	Cu ²⁺	100	5	240	0.05-0.4	200	298
	F ⁻	100	7	240	0.05-0.4	80	298
Initial concentration	Cu ²⁺	100	5	240	0.2	50-400	298
	F ⁻	100	7	240	0.2	20-160	298
Kinetics	Cu ²⁺	100	5	5-240	0.2	200	288-308
	F ⁻	100	7	5-240	0.2	80	288-308
Isotherms	Cu ²⁺	100	5	240	0.2	50-400	288-308
	F ⁻	100	7	240	0.2	20-160	288-308
Thermodynamics	Cu ²⁺	100	5	240	0.2	50-400	288-308
	F ⁻	100	7	240	0.2	20-160	288-308

Table S2 Experimental conditions on the effect of coexisting ions for selective Cu²⁺ and F⁻ adsorption by FKBC.

Ion	Volume (mL)	Solution pH	Initial concentration (mg L ⁻¹)	Contact time (min)	Dosage (g)	Coexisting ions	Coexisting ions concentration (mg L ⁻¹)	Temperature (K)
Cu ²⁺	100	5	200	240	0.2	K ⁺ Ni ²⁺ Cd ²⁺ Cl ⁻ SO ₄ ²⁻ Cl ⁻	0, 100, 200, 300	298K
F ⁻	100	7	80	240	0.2	NO ₃ ⁻ SO ₄ ²⁻ Na ⁺ NH ₄ ⁺	0, 40, 80, 120	298K

Table S3 Experimental conditions for Cu²⁺ and F⁻ adsorption-desorption.

Ion	Volume (mL)	Solution pH	Initial concentration (mg L ⁻¹)	Adsorbent dosage (g)	Contact time (min)	Desorption reagent	Desorption time (min)	Temperature (K)
Cu ²⁺	100	5	200	0.2	240	HNO ₃ (1mol L ⁻¹)	60	298K
	100	5	200	0.2	240	KOH (1mol L ⁻¹)	60	298K
F ⁻	100	7	80	0.2	240	HNO ₃ (1mol L ⁻¹)	60	298K
	100	7	80	0.2	240	KOH (1mol L ⁻¹)	60	298K

Table S4 Experimental results on the effect of coexisting ions for selective Cu²⁺ adsorption by FKBC.

Coexisting Ion	Ion concentration (mg L ⁻¹)	Adsorption capacity (mg g ⁻¹)	Adsorption efficiency (%)	Cu ²⁺ -adsorption capacity (mg g ⁻¹)	Cu ²⁺ -adsorption efficiency (%)
K ⁺	100	5.1	10.2	90.4	90.4
	200	8.9	8.9	89.6	89.6
	300	12.8	8.5	88.8	88.8
Ni ²⁺	100	9.6	19.2	78.8	78.8
	200	22.6	22.6	69.8	69.8
	300	55.7	37.1	48.2	48.2
Cd ²⁺	100	12.6	25.2	67.4	67.4
	200	40.2	40.2	57.9	57.9
	300	96.8	64.5	25.4	25.4
SO ₄ ²⁻	100	8.4	16.8	89.8	89.8
	200	15.6	15.6	88.6	88.6
	300	21.5	14.3	88.5	88.5
Cl ⁻	100	7.6	15.2	90.6	90.6
	200	14.2	14.2	89.2	89.2
	300	18.1	12.1	88.9	88.9

(Ni²⁺, Cd²⁺ concentrations were determined by atomic absorption spectroscopy (AAS); K⁺, Cl⁻, SO₄²⁻ were determined by ion chromatography (IC)).

Table S5 Experimental results on the effect of coexisting ions for selective F⁻ adsorption by FKBC.

Coexisting Ion	Ion concentration (mg L ⁻¹)	Adsorption capacity (mg g ⁻¹)	Adsorption efficiency (%)	F ⁻ -adsorption capacity (mg g ⁻¹)	F ⁻ -adsorption efficiency (%)
Cl ⁻	40	1.5	7.5	34.9	87.3
	80	2.2	5.5	34.8	87.0
	120	4.4	7.3	34.6	86.5
NO ₃ ⁻	40	1.6	8.0	34.8	87.0
	80	3.3	8.3	34.1	85.3
	120	3.7	6.2	33.8	84.5
SO ₄ ²⁻	40	2.8	14.0	34.6	86.5
	80	4.6	11.5	33.9	84.8
	120	5.8	9.7	32.8	82.0
Na ⁺	40	2.3	11.5	35.2	88.0
	80	2.4	6.0	34.4	86.0
	120	3.1	5.2	34.2	85.5
NH ₄ ⁺	40	2.4	12.0	35.1	87.8
	80	2.9	7.3	34.7	86.8
	120	4.2	7.0	34.5	86.3

(Na⁺, NH₄⁺, Cl⁻, NO₃⁻, SO₄²⁻ were determined by ion chromatography (IC)).