Chiral Pentanidium and Pyridinyl-Sulphonamide Ion Pair as Enantioselective Organocatalyst for Steglich rearrangement

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1. General information

General

¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and ¹⁹F NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker AVIII 400 (400 MHz) spectrometer, JEOL JNM-ECA 400 (400 MHz) spectrometer or JEOL JNM-ECZL 500 (500MHz) spectrometer. The residual solvent peak was used as an internal reference. 2D NOESY and 2D ROESY spectra were obtained on a Bruker AVIII 400 (400MHz) spectrometer. Chemical shifts are recorded as δ in units of parts per million (ppm). High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained on the Q-Tof Premier mass spectrometer (Waters Corporation) and reported in units of mass of charge ratio (m/z). Enantiomeric excess values were determined by HPLC analysis on Shimadzu LC-20AT and LC-2010CHT HPLC workstations. Optical rotations were measured in DCM using a 1 mL cell with a 1 dm path length on a Jasco P-1030 polarimeter with a sodium lamp of wavelength 589 nm and reported as follows: $[a]^{T}_{D}$ (c = g/100 mL, solvent). X-ray crystallography analysis was performed on Bruker X8 APEX X-ray diffractionmeter. Flash column chromatography were performed on Merck 60 (0.040-0.063mm) mesh silica gel. Analytical thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was performed on Merck 60 F254 silica gel plates. Visualization was performed using a UV lamp.

Materials

THF were distilled over sodium/benzophenone under N₂ atmosphere. Toluene, acetonitrile and dichloromethane were distilled over CaH₂ under N₂ atmosphere. Other reagents and solvents were commercial grade and were used as supplied without further purification, unless otherwise stated. Experiments involving moisture and/or air sensitive components were performed under a positive pressure of nitrogen in oven-dried glassware equipped with a rubber septum inlet. All compounds synthesized were stored in 4 °C fridge or -20 °C freezer.

2. Preparation of chiral guanidinium salt

All pentanidium chloride (**1a-Cl** - **1c-Cl**) were synthesized following reported procedures.^[1] All synthesized chiral pentanidium chloride are used for ion-pair formation directly.

3. Preparation and characterization of neutral pyridinyl sulfonamide

a. Preparation of neutral pyridinyl sulfonamide

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{NH}_2 \\ \mathsf{N} \\ \mathsf{N} \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{O} \\ \mathsf{N} \\ \mathsf{S} \\ \mathsf{S} \\ \mathsf{O} \end{array} \\ \mathsf{N} \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{Et}_3 \mathsf{N} \\ \mathsf{Et}_3 \mathsf{N} \\ \mathsf{pyridine, rt-115 \ °C.} \end{array} \\ \mathsf{N} \end{array}$$

Method A: The synthesis of **H-2a** and **H-2e** were synthesized by this method.^[2] Sulfonyl chloride (10 mmol, 1 equiv.) was added into the solution of 4-aminopyridine (10 mmol, 1 equiv.) in 10 mL pyridine. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 10 min. Then Et₃N (30 mmol, 3 equiv.) was added and reflux for 2 h. The mixture was cooled down to evaporate solvent in vacuum. The solid residue was washed with boiling water and boiling acetone to afford neutral pyridinyl sulfonamide product.



Method B: All neutral catalysts except **H-2a** and **H-2e** were synthesized by this method. 4aminopyridine (10 mmol, 1 equiv.) and Et_3N (15 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) was dissolved in distilled DCM, then sulfonyl chloride (15 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) was added slowly under 0 °C and stirred at room temperature overnight. Solvent was evaporated after reaction finished. The solid was collected and dried after washing with cold water and cold acetone.

b. Characterization of neutral pyridinyl sulfonamide



4-methyl-N-(pyridin-4-yl)benzenesulfonamide (**H-2a**): white solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 129.3, 126.2, 114.0, 87.8, 74.5, 20.9; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₃N₂O₂S *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 249.0692; found: 249.069.



4-nitro-N-(pyridin-4-yl)benzenesulfonamide (H-2b): pale yellow solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 8.32-8.25 (m, 2H), 8.05-7.93 (m, 4H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 160.8, 150.6, 148.5, 141.9, 127.5, 124.0, 115.3; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₁H₁₀N₃O₄S *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺: 280.0387; found: 280.0384.



4-methoxy-N-(pyridin-4-yl)benzenesulfonamide (H-2c): white solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 8.03 (s, 2H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 128.3, 114.0, 55.5; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₁N₂O₃S *m/z* [M-H]⁻: 263.0496; found: 263.0489.



1,1,1-trifluoro-N-(pyridin-4-yl)methanesulfonamide (H-2d): white solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 13.62 (s, 1H), 8.28 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 163.7, 140.1, 122.3, 119.1, 116.9; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₆H₆F₃N₂O₂S *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺: 227.0097; found: 227.0101.



2-fluoro-N-(pyridin-4-yl)benzenesulfonamide (H-2e): white solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 8.00 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.86 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (q, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (q, *J* = 8.5, 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 159.7, 157.2, 133.8, 129.2, 124.3, 117.1, 116.9; ¹⁹F NMR (373 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ –109.5; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₁H₁₀FN₂O₂S *m*/z [M+H]⁺: 253.0442; found: 253.0443.



N-(pyridin-4-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide (H-2f): white solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 8.34-7.92 (m, 4H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 127.8, 126.9, 126.0, 125.9, 125.1, 122.3, 115.0; ¹⁹F NMR (373 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ –61.3; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₂H₈F₃N₂O₂S *m*/*z* [M-H]⁻: 301.0264; found: 301.0259.



4-iodo-N-(pyridin-4-yl)benzenesulfonamide (H-2g): white solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 7.99 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*6): δ 137.6, 128.0, 114.7; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₁H₁₀IN₂O₂S *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 360.9502; found: 360.9501.

4. Preparation and characterization of chiral pentanidium pyridinyl-sulfonamide ion pairs

a. Preparation of chiral pentanidium pyridinyl-sulfonamide ion pairs



Step 1: The produced pyridine sulfonamide (1 equiv., 3mmol) was added in 10 mL distilled THF, and sodium hydride (1 equiv., 3mmol) was added slowly into the suspension. The whole mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature. The product was obtained by gravity filtration after reaction finished.



Step 2: The mixture of pentanidium chloride (0.01 mmol, 1 equiv.) and sodium salt of pyridinyl-sulfonamide (0.03 mmol, 3 equiv.) in 1 mL DCM was stirred overnight in a 4 mL vial at room temperature. The mixture was passed through a Kimwipe-plugged pipette and clear solution was obtained. The pentanidium pyridinyl-sulfonamide was obtained after solvent evaporation.

b. Characterization of chiral pentanidium pyridinyl-sulfonamide ion pairs



Ar=3,5-di-tertbutylphenyl

(4S,5S)-2-(((4S,5S)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenylimidazolidin-2ylidene)amino)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-3ium pyridin-4-yl(tosyl)amide (1a-2a): white solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 12H), 7.15 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.02 – 6.71 (m, 16H), 5.19 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 4.40 (s, 4H), 4.10 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.11 (s, 72H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 157.5, 152.2, 136.5, 131.7, 131.0, 129.9, 129.7, 129.1, 128.9, 127.3, 126.9, 123.4, 122.5, 115.5, 68.2, 49.3, 34.8, 31.3, 29.8; HRMS (+ESI) *m*/*z* [C₉₀H₁₁₆N₅]⁺: 1266.9231; found: 1266.9231; HRMS (-ESI) *m*/*z* [C₁₂H₁₁N₂O₂S]⁻: 247.0547; found: 247.0545; [α]²³_D= – 77.40 (*c* 1.0, CH₂Cl₂).



Ar=3,5-di-tertbutylphenyl

(4S,5S)-2-(((4S,5S)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenylimidazolidin-2ylidene)amino)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-3ium ((4-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl)(pyridin-4-yl)amide (1a-2b): yellow solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.30 – 8.08 (m, 4H), 7.92 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (ddd, J = 70.1, 5.7, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.27 (m, 16H), 7.05 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.03 – 6.65 (m, 16H), 5.20 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 4.40 (s, 4H), 4.11 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 1.11 (s, 72H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 157.5, 152.2, 136.5, 132.6, 131.7, 131.0, 129.9, 129.7, 128.9, 128.0, 127.3, 123.7, 123.4, 122.5, 116.1, 68.2, 49.3, 34.8, 31.3; HRMS (+ESI) *m*/*z* [C₉₀H₁₁₆N₅]⁺: 1266.9231; found: 1266.9231; HRMS (-ESI) *m*/*z* [C₁₁H₈N₃O₄S]⁻: 278.0241; found: 278.0243; [α]²³_D= - 81.94 (*c* 1.7, CH₂Cl₂).



Ar=3,5-di-tertbutylphenyl

(4S,5S)-2-(((4S,5S)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenylimidazolidin-2ylidene)amino)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-3ium ((4-methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)(pyridin-4-yl)amide (1a-2c): white solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.91 – 7.81 (m, 4H), 7.40 – 7.27 (m, 16H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.92 – 6.85 (m, 16H), 5.19 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 4.40 (s, 4H), 4.11 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 1.11 (s, 72H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 157.5, 152.2, 136.5, 131.7, 129.9, 129.7, 128.8, 127.3, 123.4, 122.5, 115.4, 113.7, 68.2, 55.5, 49.4, 34.8, 31.3; HRMS (+ESI) *m/z* [C₉₀H₁₁₆N₅]⁺: 1266.9231; found: 1266.9231; HRMS (-ESI) *m/z* [C₁₂H₁₁N₂O₅S]⁻: 263.0495; found: 263.0493; [α]²³_D= -97.41 (*c* 1.7, CH₂Cl₂).



Ar=3,5-di-tertbutylphenyl

(4S,5S)-2-(((4S,5S)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenylimidazolidin-2ylidene)amino)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-3ium pyridin-4-yl((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)amide (1a-2d): white solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.16 – 8.09 (m, 2H), 7.39 – 7.34 (m, 4H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 12H), 7.23 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.93 – 6.84 (m, 16H), 5.19 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 4.40 (s, 4H), 4.11 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 1.11 (s, 72H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 157.48, 152.21, 136.47, 131.70, 129.93, 129.67, 127.31, 123.39, 122.55, 118.03, 68.25, 49.36, 34.83, 31.31;¹⁹F NMR (373 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ –76.95; HRMS (+ESI) *m*/*z* [C₉₀H₁₁₆N₅]⁺: 1266.9231; found: 1266.9232; HRMS (-ESI) *m*/*z* [C₆H₄F₃N₂O₂S]⁻: 224.9951; found: 224.9954; [α]²³_D= -24.19 (*c* 1.6, CH₂Cl₂).



Ar=3,5-di-tertbutylphenyl

(4S,5S)-2-(((4S,5S)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenylimidazolidin-2ylidene)amino)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-3ium ((2-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl)(pyridin-4-yl)amide (1a-2e): white solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.98 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (ddd, *J* = 70.1, 5.6, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.28 (m, 16H), 7.12 – 7.00 (m, 4H), 6.93 – 6.84 (m, 16H), 5.20 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 4.40 (s, 4H), 4.11 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 1.11 (s, 72H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 157.5, 152.2, 136.5, 131.7, 130.2, 129.9, 129.7, 128.9, 127.3, 123.4, 122.5, 116.7, 115.9, 68.2, 49.4, 34.8, 31.3; ¹⁹F NMR (373 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ –108.8; HRMS (+ESI) *m*/*z* [C₉₀H₁₁₆N₅]⁺: 1266.9231; found: 1266.9231; HRMS (–ESI) *m*/*z* [C₁₁H₈N₂O₂SF]⁻: 251.0296; found: 251.0300; [α]²³_D= –62.53 (*c* 1.5, CH₂Cl₂).



Ar=3,5-di-tertbutylphenyl

(4S,5S)-2-(((4S,5S)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenylimidazolidin-2ylidene)amino)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-3ium pyridin-4-yl((4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)sulfonyl)amide (1a-2f): white solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.07 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.95 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.32 – 7.25 (m, 12H), 6.97 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 6.93 – 6.83 (m, 16H), 5.19 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 4.40 (s, 4H), 4.11 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 1.11 (s, 72H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 157.5, 152.2, 136.4, 131.7, 129.9, 129.7, 127.3, 127.3, 125.4, 125.3, 123.4, 122.5, 116.2, 68.2, 49.3, 34.8, 31.3; HRMS (+ESI) *m*/*z* [C₉₀H₁₁₆N₅]⁺: 1266.9231; found: 1266.9231; HRMS (-ESI) *m*/*z* [C₁₂H₈N₂O₂SF₃]⁻: 301.0259; found: 301.0264; [α]²³_D= – 106.41 (*c* 1.7, CH₂Cl₂).



Ar=3,5-di-tertbutylphenyl

(4S,5S)-2-(((4S,5S)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenylimidazolidin-2ylidene)amino)-1,3-bis(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-3ium ((4-iodophenyl)sulfonyl)(pyridin-4-yl)amide (1a-2g): white solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.84 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (s, 4H), 7.41 – 7.27 (m, 16H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.92 – 6.83 (m, 16H), 5.19 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 4.40 (s, 4H), 4.11 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 4H), 1.11 (s, 72H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 157.5, 152.2, 139.3, 137.6, 136.5, 131.7, 129.9, 129.7, 128.6, 127.3, 123.4, 122.5, 115.8, 68.2, 49.4, 34.8, 31.3; HRMS (+ESI) *m*/*z* [C₉₀H₁₁₆N₅]⁺: 1266.9231; found: 1266.9264; HRMS (-ESI) *m*/*z* [C₁₁H₈N₂O₂SI]⁻: 358.9356; found: 358.9357; [α]²³_D= -50.65 (*c* 1.7, CH₂Cl₂).



Ar=3,5-di-trifluoromethylphenyl

(4S,5S)-2-(((4S,5S)-1,3-bis(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)-4,5-diphenylimidazolidin-2ylidene)amino)-1,3-bis(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)-4,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1Himidazol-3-ium pyridin-4-yl(tosyl)amide (1b-2a): white solid; ¹H NMR (396 MHz,Chloroform-*d* $) <math>\delta$ 7.97 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (s, 4H), 7.51 (s, 8H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 4H), 7.16-7.10 (m, 10H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 8H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 5.09 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 4H), 4.89 (s, 4H), 4.81 (d, J = 16.2 Hz, 4H), 2.33 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 157.8, 137.3, 134.2, 132.5, 132.2, 130.3, 129.6, 129.2, 128.1, 126.8, 124.3, 121.5, 115.5, 70.3, 49.2; ¹⁹F NMR (373 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ –63.1; HRMS (+ESI) m/z [C₆₆H₄₄F₂₄N₅]⁺: 1362.3213; found: 1362.3203; HRMS (–ESI) m/z [C₁₂H₁₁N₂O₂S]⁻: 247.0547; found: 247.0546; [α]²³_D= –6.80 (*c* 0.5, CH₂Cl₂).



(4S,5S)-1-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)-2-(((4S,5S)-1-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)-3-(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenylimidazolidin-2-ylidene)amino)-3-(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-4,5-diphenyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-3-ium pyridin-4-yl(tosyl)amide (1c-2a): white solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.89 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (s, 2H), 7.50 (s, 4H), 7.30 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 4H), 7.16 (dt, J = 23.3, 7.6 Hz, 8H), 7.04 (q, J = 8.9, 7.7 Hz, 12H), 6.91 – 6.77 (m, 10H), 5.46 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 2H), 5.22 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 2H), 5.00 – 4.91 (m, 4H), 4.37 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 3.90 (d, J = 14.8 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.07 (s, 36H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 158.4, 152.2, 142.1, 138.5, 136.5, 135.2, 132.2, 131.4, 131.1, 129.7, 129.6, 129.4, 129.1, 128.3, 128.1, 126.8, 124.5, 123.1, 122.3, 115.8, 71.5, 68.1, 51.7, 49.1, 34.7, 31.2, 21.4; ¹⁹F NMR (377 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -62.7; HRMS (+ESI) m/z [C₇₈H₈₀F₁₂N₅]⁺: 1314.6222; found: 1314.6224; HRMS (-ESI) m/z [C₁₂H₁₁N₂O₂S]⁻: 247.0547; found: 247.0547; [α]²³_D= -100.25 (*c* 0.4, CH₂Cl₂).

5. General procedure and characterisation of asymmetric Steglich rearrangement

a. General synthetic procedure of Steglich rearrangement substrates

The substrates 3a-3m were synthesized following reported procedure.^[3-7] The compound 3c is reported for the first time.

3-substituted oxindole derivative (3 mmol, 1 equiv.) was added in 10 mL distilled THF, then Et_3N (9 mmol, 3 equiv.) was added into the solution. The whole mixture was cooled down to 0 °C in ice bath and the chloroformate (9 mmol, 3 equiv.) was added slowly into the mixture. Then the mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred at this temperature overnight. The product was purified and isolated by flash column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate=10:1 - 4:1).

b. Characterisation of Steglich rearrangement substrates



ethyl 2-((ethoxycarbonyl)oxy)-3-methyl-1*H*-indole-1-carboxylate (3c): colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 4.46 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.37 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 152.6, 150.4, 137.7, 132.2, 128.1, 124.7, 123.3, 118.9, 115.4, 105.2, 65.8, 63.3, 14.3, 14.3, 7.0; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₅H₁₇NO₅ *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺: 292.1180; found: 292.1180.

6. General procedure and characterisation of enantioselective Steglich rearrangement products

a. General procedure of enantioselective Steglich rearrangement



A solution of *O*-acylated oxindole (0.040 mmol, 1 equiv.) and catalyst (0.002 mmol, 5 mol%) in mesitylene (0.4 mL) was cooled to -20 °C and stirred at this temperature for 24 h. The reaction was monitored by TLC (n-hexane : ethyl acetate=4:1) and the mixture was purified by flash column chromatography (n-hexane : ethyl acetate=20:1) after reaction finished.

b. Characterisation of Steglich rearrangement products



diphenyl 3-methyl-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (**4a**): white solid; 99% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.40 (m, 4H), 7.39 – 7.27 (m, 6H), 7.26 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.01 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 1.90 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.5, 167.7, 150.4, 150.2, 149.4, 139.2, 130.0, 129.8, 129.6, 128.8, 126.7, 126.6, 125.8, 123.1, 121.6, 121.3, 116.1, 56.1, 21.0; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₃H₁₈NO₅ *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 388.1180; found: 388.1180; [α]²⁶_D= +63.75 (*c* 0.24, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel AD-H (Hex/IPA = 97.5/2.5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 22°C), 23.8 min, 37.5 min (major), 92% ee.



dimethyl 3-methyl-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (4b): white solid; 82% yield; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.96 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (td, *J* = 8.2, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H),1.73 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.3, 169.6, 151.5, 139.3, 129.6, 129.0, 125.4, 123.1, 115.6, 55.7, 54.2, 53.4, 21.0; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₃H₁₄NO₅ *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 264.0867; found: 264.0868; [α]²³_D= +26.13 (*c* 1.1, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel IG-3 (Hex/IPA = 95/5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 22°C), 15.9 min (major), 16.8 min, 99% ee.



diethyl 3-methyl-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (**4c**): white solid; 48% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.38 – 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.19 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.52 – 4.47 (m, 2H), 4.32 – 3.81 (m, 2H), 1.72 (s, 3H), 1.47 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.15 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.3, 169.1, 151.0, 139.4, 129.4, 129.2, 125.2, 123.0, 115.6, 63.8, 62.4, 55.8, 21.0, 14.4, 14.0; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₅H₁₇NO₅ *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺: 292.1180; found: 292.1180; [α]²³_D= +32.43 (*c* 1.4, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Amylose-2 (Hex/IPA = 98/2, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm, 22°C), 15.6 min, 17.5 min (major), 87% ee.



bis(2,2,2-trichloroethyl) 3-methyl-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (4d): white solid; 85% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.00 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (q, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 2H), 4.83 – 4.50 (m, 2H), 1.83 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.9, 167.2, 149.2, 138.9, 130.1, 128.1, 125.8, 123.6, 115.9, 94.2, 94.2, 75.9, 74.6, 55.7, 20.1; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C15H12Cl₆NO₅ *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺: 494.8841; found: 494.8842; [α]²³_D= +35.54 (*c* 2.1, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel OD-H (Hex/IPA = 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm, 22°C), 5.5 min (major), 5.9 min, 73% ee.



dibenzyl 3-methyl-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (**4e**): white solid; 97% yield; ¹H NMR (396 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.58 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.48 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.27 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.21 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.09 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 3.0 Hz, 2H), 5.45 (s, 2H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 1.74 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.0, 168.8, 150.8, 139.3, 135.3, 135.0, 129.6, 128.8, 128.6, 128.6, 128.3, 128.2, 127.4, 125.2, 123.1, 115.7, 68.9, 67.6, 55.9, 20.7; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₅H₂₂NO₅ *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 416.1493; found: 416.1493; [α]²³_D= +45.14 (*c* 1.5, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel AD-H (Hex/IPA = 97.5/2.5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 22°C), 25.0 min (major), 30.1 min, 88% ee.



diphenyl 3-isopropyl-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (**4f**): white solid; 86% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.19 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.83 – 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.50 – 7.18 (m, 17H), 7.15 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 3.27 (hept, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.46 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.6, 167.2, 150.5, 150.3, 149.4, 139.8, 129.8, 129.7, 129.6, 126.7, 126.6, 126.5, 125.6, 124.0, 121.7, 121.4, 115.6, 63.9, 36.2, 17.5, 17.2; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₅H₂₂NO₅ *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺: 416.1493; found: 416.1493; [α]²³_D= –3.05 (*c* 1.5, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel AD-H (Hex/IPA = 97.5/2.5, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 22°C), 16.2 min (major), 23.9 min, 96% ee.



diphenyl 3-butyl-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (**4g**): white solid; 94% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.49 – 7.41 (m, 6H), 7.37 – 7.29 (m, 6H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 7.01 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 2.56 – 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.42 – 2.33 (m, 1H), 1.42 – 1.25 (m, 3H), 1.15 – 1.01 (m, 1H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.9, 167.5, 150.4, 150.2, 149.4, 139.9, 129.9, 129.7, 129.6, 127.0, 126.7, 126.5, 125.8, 123.3, 121.6, 121.3, 115.9, 60.4, 34.8, 25.8, 22.8, 13.8; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₄NO₅ *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 430.1649; found: 430.1648; [α]²⁶_D= +50.29 (*c* 0.7, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel AD-H (Hex/IPA = 97.5/2.5, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm, 22°C), 11.9 min, 13.9 min (major), 94% ee.



diphenyl 5-bromo-3-methyl-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (**2h**): white solid; 70% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.95 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.68 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.50 – 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.39 – 7.09 (m, 6H), 7.05 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 1.89 (s, 3H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.5, 167.0, 150.0, 138.1, 132.9, 130.5, 129.7, 129.6, 129.2, 126.7, 126.6, 126.2, 125.0, 121.8, 121.4, 121.1, 117.6, 55.8, 20.9; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₃H₁₇⁷⁹BrNO₅ *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 466.0285; found: 466.0284; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₃H₁₇⁸¹BrNO₅ *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 468.0265; found: 468.0268; [α]²³_D= +4.17 (*c* 0.4, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel AD-H (Hex/IPA = 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 22°C), 10.4 min, 13.0 min (major), 92% ee.



diphenyl 2-oxo-3-(thiophen-2-yl)indoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (4i): pale yellow solid; 86% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.13 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (td, *J* = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.27 (m, 9H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.13 – 6.98 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 169.3, 166.3, 150.5, 150.2, 149.4, 139.8, 136.8, 130.9, 129.8, 129.7, 128.4, 127.4, 127.2, 126.8, 126.7, 125.9, 125.3, 121.6, 121.2, 116.3, 115.4, 61.5; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₁₈NO₅S *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺: 456.0900; found: 456.0902; [α]²³_D= +47.06 (*c* 0.5, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel AD-H (Hex/IPA = 97.5/2.5, 1.0 mL/min, 215 nm, 22°C), 20.9 min, 27.0 min (major), 98% ee.



diphenyl 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (4j): white solid; 95% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.14 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (td, J = 8.0, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 – 7.32 (m, 7H), 7.32 – 7.20 (m, 4H), 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.96 – 6.90 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.4, 167.5, 160.2, 150.6, 150.2, 149.5, 140.2, 130.6, 129.7, 129.6, 127.0, 126.7, 126.6, 125.9, 125.8, 121.6, 121.2, 116.3, 114.4, 64.1, 55.5; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₉H₂₂NO₆ *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 480.1442; found: 480.1443; [α]²⁶_D= +128.98 (*c* 1.9, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel IG-3 (Hex/IPA = 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 22°C), 38.4 min, 40.9 min (major), 91% ee.



diphenyl 3-benzyl-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (4k): white solid; 96% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.78 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.25 (m, 13H), 7.26 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.85 – 3.64 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.3, 167.3, 150.4, 150.1, 148.9, 139.9, 133.5, 130.2, 130.0, 129.7, 129.6, 128.2, 127.5, 126.7, 126.6, 126.3, 125.5, 123.7, 121.6, 121.3, 115.8, 61.8, 41.1; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₉H₂₂NO₅ *m*/*z* [M+H]⁺: 464.1493; found: 464.1493; [α]²⁶_D= +21.69 (*c* 1.5, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel IE (Hex/IPA = 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 215 nm, 22°C), 12.8 min, 15.4 min (major), 96% ee.



diphenyl 3-(cyanomethyl)-2-oxoindoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (**4l**): pale yellow solid; 90% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.12 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.69 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.50 – 7.19 (m, 9H), 7.05 – 6.94 (m, 2H), 3.59 – 3.23 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 169.4, 165.3, 150.1, 148.9, 140.1, 131.5, 129.9, 129.8, 127.0, 127.0, 126.4, 124.1, 123.4, 121.5, 121.0, 116.7, 115.4, 114.9, 56.8, 23.4; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₄H₁₇N₂O₅ *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 413.1132; found: 413.1132; [α]²⁶_D= +50.60 (*c* 0.7, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel IG-3 (Hex/IPA = 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 210 nm, 22°C), 29.1 min, 33.1 min (major), 92% ee.



diphenyl 2-oxo-3-(2-((phenoxycarbonyl)oxy)ethyl)indoline-1,3-dicarboxylate (4m): white solid; 67% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.13 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.56 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.38 – 7.17 (m, 12H), 7.09 (s, 2H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 4.44 (dt, J = 9.1, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (td, J = 10.9, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (ddd, J = 15.8, 10.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (dt, J = 14.9, 4.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.7, 167.1, 153.2, 151.0, 150.4, 150.2, 146.5, 140.4, 130.6, 129.6, 129.6, 129.6, 126.7, 126.6, 126.3, 125.9, 125.2, 123.4, 121.6, 116.5, 64.1, 58.5, 33.0; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₃₁H₂₄NO₈ *m/z* [M+H]⁺: 538.1497; found: 538.1497; [α]²⁶_D= +43.55 (*c* 2.0, CH₂Cl₂); HPLC analysis: Chiralcel AD-H (Hex/IPA = 90/10, 1.0 mL/min, 254 nm, 22°C), 38.4 min, 41.7 min (major), 97% ee.

		Phcatalyst (5 mol%) toluene, T	Me CO ₂ Ph	
entry	3a CO ₂ Ph	Т	4a CO ₂ Ph	ee ^[c]
1	1a-Cl	r.t.	-	-
2	H-2a	r.t.	-	-
3	1a-Cl, DMAP	r.t.	39%	0%
4	TBAB, Na-2a	r.t.	38%	-
5	1a-Cl, Na-2a	r.t.	8%	7%
6	1a-2a	r.t.	99%	0%
7	1a-2a	_20 ℃	74%	87%

7. Table S1. Proof of concept experiments to apply chiral ion pair catalyst in enantioselective Steglich rearrangement of oxindole derivatives^[a]

[a] Reaction condition: **3a** (0.04 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), catalyst (5 mol%), and solvent (0.4 mL) at room temperature for 24 h. [b] Isolated yield. [c] Determined by chiral HPLC analysis.

8. 2D NOESY and 2D ROESY spectra for catalyst 1a-2f



Figure S1. 2D ROESY spectrum of pentanidium ion pair 1a-2f(room temperature, chloroform-d, $\tau_m = 0.2 s$)



Figure S3. 2D ROESY spectrum of pentanidium ion pair 1a-2f(-20 °C, chloroform-d, $\tau_m = 0.2$ s)



Figure S2. 2D NOESY spectrum of pentanidium ion pair 1a-2f(room temperature, chloroform-d, $\tau_m = 0.5 s$)



Figure S4. 2D NOESY spectrum of pentanidium ion pair 1a-2f $(-20 \ ^{\circ}C \ chloroform-d, \ \tau_m = 0.5 \ s)$



Figure S5. 2D ROESY spectrum of pentanidium ion pair 1a-2f(room temperature, toluene-d₈, $\tau_m = 0.2$ s)



Figure S7. 2D ROESY spectrum of pentanidium ion pair 1a-2f



Figure S9. 2D ROESY spectrum of pentanidium ion pair 1a-2f $(-40 \ ^{\circ}C, toluene-d_8, \tau_m = 0.2 \ s)$



Figure S6. 2D NOESY spectrum of pentanidium ion pair 1a-2f(room temperature, toluene- d_8 , $\tau_m = 0.5 s$)



Figure S8. 2D NOESY spectrum of pentanidium ion pair 1a-2f



Figure S10. 2D NOESY spectrum of pentanidium ion pair 1a-2f $(-40 \ ^{\circ}C, toluene-d_8, \tau_m = 0.5 \ s)$

9. Computational details

All calculations are performed with ORCA 5.0^[8] (5.0.4 for all calculations which involve the DFT-D4 corrections and 5.0.3 or 5.0.4 for all calculations which do not). Conformation sampling was performed with CREST^[9] using GFN2-XTB^[10] method to evaluate the required energies and forces. For all stationary points that are optimized at ALPB(toluene)/GFN2-XTB:r²SCAN-3c^[11], numerical frequencies were calculated to characterize the stationary

points. Selected geometries are optimized at CPCM(toluene)/ r^2 SCAN-3c, for these stationary points. Intrinsic reaction coordinates were performed on key TS structures to confirm that the minimum energy path traversed by the TS correspond to the required elementary step.

IGMplot 3.0.3 was used to calculate the isosurfaces.^[12] VMD^[13] was used to produce the isosurface together with the corresponding 3D models of the complexes.

Examples of relevant ORCA 5 keywords in input file:

OM/OM2 geometry optimizatio	OM/OM2	geometry	optimization
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!QMMM			
!QM/QM2 optTS verytightopt r2scan-3c verytightscf			
%qmmm			
QMAtoms {211:284} end			
Charge_Total 0			
Mult_Total 1			
QM2CustomFile "/scratch/QM2method.txt"			
end			
!QMMM			
!QM/QM2 opt verytightopt r2scan-3c verytightscf			
%qmmm			
QMAtoms {211:284} end			
Charge_Total 0			
Mult_Total 1			
QM2CustomFile "/scratch/QM2method.txt"			
end			

QM2 Numerical Frequency

!QMMM				
!QM/QM2 opt verytightopt r2scan-3c verytightscf				
%qmmm				
QMAtoms {211:284} end				
Charge_Total 0				
Mult_Total 1				
QM2CustomFile "/scratch/QM2method.txt"				
end				

QM/QM2 Molecular Dynamics

!QM/	QM2 r2scan-3c verytightscf
!MD	
%qm	mm
	QMAtoms {211:238} end
	Charge_Total 0
	Mult_Total 1
	QM2CustomFile "/scratch/QM2method.txt"
end	
%md	
	SCFlog last
	Timestep 0.5_fs
	Initvel 278_K No_overwrite
	Thermostat NHC 278 K Timecon 25.0 fs

end

QM2method.txt

!XTB ALPB(toluene) %XTB XTBINPUTSTRING "--acc 0.0001" end

r²SCAN-3c optimization

!opt verytightopt r2scan-3c verytightscf

r²SCAN-3c numerical frequency

!NumFreq r2scan-3c verytightscf %Freq Temp 253.15 end

CPCM/r²SCAN-3c optimization

!optTS verytightopt verytightscf r2scan-3c CPCM(toluene) soscf notrah defgrid3
%geom
UseGDIIS False
MaxIter 300
GDIISMaxEq 20
InHess read
InHessName "run.Hess.grid2.CPCM.r2scan-3c.hess"
Trust 0.2
TS_Active_Atoms {217 225} end
TS_Active_Atoms_Factor 1.5
ENFORCESTRICTCONVERGENCE True
end
!opt verytightopt verytightscf r2scan-3c CPCM(toluene) soscf notrah defgrid3
%geom
MaxIter 300
Trust 0.3
end

CPCM/r²SCAN-3c frequency

!AnFreq verytightscf r2scan-3c CPCM(toluene) soscf notrah defgrid3 %Freq Temp 253.15 end

Single point calculations

!M062X def2-tzvpp RIJCOSX VeryTightSCF autoaux defgrid3
!wB97M-V def2-tzvpp RIJCOSX VeryTightSCF autoaux

10. Supplementary computational results

Achiral nucleophilic catalysts calculations



Figure S11. Free energy profile of DMAP catalyzed Steglich Rearrangement. Values are calculated at SMD(Toluene)/M06-2X/def2-TZVPP//CPCM(toluene)/r²SCAN-3c. Thermochemical correction to the Gibbs free energy is calculated at 253.15K and 1 atm.



Figure S12. Free energy profile of **H-2a** catalyzed Steglich Rearrangement. Values are calculated at SMD(Toluene)/M06-2X/def2-TZVPP//CPCM(toluene)/r²SCAN-3c. Thermochemical correction to the Gibbs free energy is calculated at 253.15K and 1 atm.

Table S2. Turnover Frequency from energy profiles shown above.

	TOF _{298.15K} (h ⁻¹)
DMAP	2.75
H-2a	6.9×10 ⁻¹⁰

TOF is calculated with AUTOTOF 0.9.1 excel.^[14]

Post-processing of MD results.

Molecular dynamics simulations with ORCA were performed with the following workflow.

- 1. Equilibrate the optimized geometries at 253K for 1 ps (0.5fs/step)
- 2. Production for 20 ps (0.5fs/step) run to collect the data.

The details can be found in the ORCA input section above. The PYTHON script used to postprocess the MD trajectories is attached as a jupyter notebook in the supplementary file.

Relevant MD trajectories are available from the authors as requested. They are not included due to their large size (2.19GB in total).

Entropy contribution to $\Delta\Delta G_{*}^{*}$

Table S3. Entropy contribution to $\Delta\Delta G^{\ddagger}$

Transition state structures optimized at	$-T\Delta\Delta S^{\ddagger}$ (kcal/mol)
ALPB(toluene)/GFN2-XTB:r ² SCAN-3c	+0.80
CPCM(toluene)/r ² SCAN-3c	+0.68

 $Please \ refer \ to \ spreadsheet \ ``ee.xlsx'' \ in \ SI_coordinates_and_data \ CPCM_r2SCAn-3c \ 1a-2f \ for \ details.$

11. The Optimization of Reaction Conditions

N-Protecting group:



Optimization of temperature^{*a*}



^{*a*} Reaction condition: **3a** (0.04 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), catalyst (5 mol%), and solvent (0.4 mL) at T °C for t h. ^{*b*} Isolated yield. ^{*c*} Determined by chiral HPLC analysis.

Results for 4j, 4k, 4l, 4m using 1a-2a as catalyst (standard condition)



Optimization of catalysts for 41^{*a*}

CN OCO ₂ Ph CO ₂ Ph	catalyst (5 mol%) mesitylene (0.4 mL) –20 °C, 24h	CN CO_2Ph CO_2Ph CO_2Ph	
catalyst	yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c	
1a-2a	53	66	
1a-2c	20	50	
1a-2e	24	67	

1a-2f	90	92
1a-2g	12	40

^a Reaction condition: **31** (0.04 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), catalyst (5 mol%), and solvent (0.4 mL) at - 20 °C for 24 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by chiral HPLC analysis.

Reference

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-80	-84	-88	-92	-96	-100	-104	-108	-112	-116	- 120	-124	-128	- 132	-136	-14
							f1 (ppm)							











-4.40 -4.12 -4.09 -3.79 -1.11





200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 10 20 -30 -40 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -50 -10 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200




										· · · ·	
-85	-90	-95	-100	-105	-110 f1 (ppm)	-115	-120	-125	-130	-135	





15 10 5 0 -5 -10 -15 -20 -25 -30 -35 -40 -45 -50 -55 -60 -65 -70 -75 -80 -85 -90 -95 -100 -105 -110 -115 -120 -125 -130 (1 (ppm))





200 180 160 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 0 -20 -40 -60 -80 -100 -120 -140 -160 -180 -20 f1 (ppm)

28.06 28.06 28.04 28.04 28.04 2.47 2.45 2.45 2.45 2.43 2.45 2.43 2

----0.00

-170.54 -167.20 -167.20 -167.20 -157.20 -139.37 -139.75 -132.63 -122.64 -122.64 -122.65 -122.59 -122.66 -122.59 -122.66 -122.59 -122.66

00.00

Dataf ile Name: y zq-R-Me-IG3-95-1.0-3.lcd Sample Name: y zq-R-Me-IG3-95-1.0-3 Sample ID:1

Peak	Ret. Time	Area	Height	Area%
1	15.933	728079	35958	49.814
2	17.021	733509	34941	50.186
Total		1461588	70900	100.000

Datafile Name:yzq-C-COOMe-IG3-95-1.0-2.lcd Sample Name:yzq-C-COOMe-IG3-95-1.0-2 Sample ID:1

Datafile Name:yzq-R-COOEt-Amy-2-98-1.0.lcd Sample Name:yzq-R-COOEt-Amy-2-98-1.0 Sample ID:1

Datafile Name:yzq-C-COOEt-Amy-2-98-1.0.lcd Sample Name:yzq-C-COOEt-Amy-2-98-1.0 Sample ID:1

Datafile Name:yzq-R-CCl3-90-1.0.lcd Sample Name:yzq-R-CCl3-90-1.0 Sample ID:1

Dataf ile Name:y zq-C-CCl3-ODH-90-1.0-3.lcd Sample Name:y zq-C-CCl3-ODH-90-1.0-3 Sample ID:1

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Area%
1	25.082	2460999	93.856
2	30.100	161106	6.144
Total		2622105	100.000

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Area%
1	16.166	46003423	98.070
2	23.885	905213	1.930
Total		46908636	100.000

Datafile Name:yzq-R-Br-ADH-90-1.0-3.lcd Sample Name:yzq-R-Br-ADH-90-1.0-3 Sample ID:1

Dataf ile Name:yzq-C-Br-ADH-90-1.0.lcd Sample Name:yzq-C-Br-ADH-90-1.0 Sample ID:1

315902

100.000

100.000

7083728

Total

Total

2 27.197 609940 50.692 Total 1203229 100.000

mV

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Area%
1	20.941	13553	0.708
2	26.994	1899805	99.292
Total		1913358	100.000

Datafile Name: y zq-R-OMe-IG3-90-1.0.lcd Sample Name: y zq-R-OMe-IG3-90-1.0 Sample ID: 1

Datafile Name:yzq-C-OMe-IG3-90-1.0-2.lcd Sample Name:yzq-C-OMe-IG3-90-1.0-2 Sample ID:1

17 min

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Area%
1	12.846	78494	2.027
2	15.394	3793927	97.973
Total		3872421	100.000

Dataf ile Name:yzq-C-CN-IG3-90-1.0.lcd Sample Name:yzq-C-CN-IG3-90-1.0 Sample ID:1

Peak#	Ret. Time	Area	Area%
1	38.457	23563	1.352
2	41.711	1719001	98.648
Total		1742564	100.000