Supplementary information

Lactic acid and biomethane production from bread waste: A technoeconomic and profitability analysis using pinch technology

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	Scenario I	Scenario II	
DC1	438700	435700	
DC2	138200	138200	
DC3	198200	198200	
DC4	231900	231900	
DC5	163000	163000	
DC6	109400	107100	

Table S1. Capital investments for the distillation columns in US\$.



96.1 °C	Below pinch	102 17 1 %	.9 ⁰C	Above pinch	В		
63.2 °C	1 72×106 1/1	64.2 °C DC6-C	Hot streams				
81.3 °C	5.39×10 ⁶ kJ/h	82.3 °C DC5-C					
63.2 °C	3 53×10 ⁶ kJ/h	64.2 °C DC4-C					
74.7 °C	3.87×10 ⁶ kJ/h	75.7 °C pc2 c					
98.65 °C	4.07×10 ⁷ kJ/h 9	DC2-C 9.65 ℃ DC1 C					
79 ºC 1.5	9×10 ⁵ kJ/h 80 ⁰(
59 °C 6.5	54×10 ⁵ kJ/h 60 °C	Esterification					
49 °C 2.3	2×10 ⁶ kJ/h 50 °C	- Hydrolysis					
41 °C	3.84×10 ⁵ kJ/h	99.6 °C C					
30 °C	3.68×10	⁵ kJ/h	3.	70×10 ⁵ kJ/h	176.3 °C		
80 °C	1.85×10 ⁵ kJ	/h 101.1 ⁰C	66		C7		
80 °C	1.42×10	⁵ kJ/h	6.44	×104 kJ/h	113.3 °C		
41 °C 1.42×10 ⁵ kJ/h		3.41×10 ⁵ kJ/h 251.2 °C					
80 °C	80 °C 1.19×10° kJ/h		8.0×10 ⁵ kJ/h 118		118.4 °C		
50 °C	8.18×10 ⁵ kJ/h	60 °C C2			C3		
60 °C	3.58×10 ⁶	kJ/h	1.51×1	0° kJ/h	121 °C		
					er		
	Cold str	reams	DC6-R 17	6.3 °C 6.78×1	0 ⁵ kJ/h 177.3 ℃		
AD $\frac{41 {}^{0}\text{C}}{1.59 \times 10^{6} \text{kJ/h}} \frac{42 {}^{0}\text{C}}{1.59 \times 10^{6} \text{kJ/h}}$		DC5-R 10	2.6 °C 1.85×	10 ⁶ kJ/h 103.6 ⁰ C			
		DC4-R 17	1.3 °C 5.62	×10 ⁶ kJ/h 172.3 ⁰ C			
MI, hydro	lycic		DC3-R 113	3°C 3.72×	10 ⁶ kJ/h 114 ⁰ C		
<u>80 °C</u> 1.21×10 ⁵ kJ/h 81 °C		DC2-R 25	1.2 °C 4.02×	10 ⁶ kJ/h 252.2 ⁰ C			
			DC1-R_140	0.8 °C 4.06	×10 ⁷ kJ/h 141.8 ℃		
H4 80 °C	2.2	21×10 ⁵ kJ/h	2.9	1×10 ⁵ kJ/h	110 °C		
H3 80 °C		1.79×10 ⁵ kJ/h	2.85×10 ⁴ kJ/h		95 °C		
H2 50 °C	3.7.	3×10° kJ/h	1	.056×10 ⁶ kJ/h	105 °C		
			H1 92.9 °C	2.41×10	⁶ kJ/h 121 ℃		
92 9 ⁰ C							

Fig. S1. (a) Heat exchanger network (HEN) and (b) grid diagram for Scenario II to produce lactic acid (LA) from 100 MT bread waste (BW) per day.