Supplementary Information

Spintronic Filter via p Typed Polaron state in Photoelectron Conversion Integrating Devices

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Fig. S1 Absorption spectrum of CuO-Cu₂O nanocubes on ITO substrates.



Fig. S2 Equivalent circuit diagram of CuO-Cu₂O nanocubes photocathode water splitting devices for modeling the electrochemical cell of CuO-Cu₂O nanocubes photocathode in a two-electrode configuration at an optimal potential bias (R_s , interface resistance between electrode and electrolyte; R_I , cell resistance; C_P , effective capacitance) via AC impedance.



Fig. S3 Nyquist diagram (a) and Bode plots (b) of CuO-Cu₂O nanocubes photocathode under AM 1.5G irradiation, at 0.98 V in a two-electrode configuration in 1 M KHCO₃ electrolyte.



Fig. S4 Nyquist diagram (a) and Bode plots (b) of CuO-Cu₂O nanocubes photocathode under 473 nm laser (with $\hbar/-\hbar$ angular momentum modulation) irradiation, at 0.75 V in a two-electrode configuration in 1 M KHCO₃ electrolyte.



Fig. S5 Nyquist diagram (a) and Bode plots (b) of CuO-Cu₂O nanocubes photocathode under 808 nm laser (with $\hbar/-\hbar$ angular momentum modulation) irradiation, at 0.90 V in a two-electrode configuration in 1 M KHCO₃ electrolyte.



Fig. S6 Nyquist diagram (a) and Bode plots (b) of CuO-Cu₂O nanocubes photocathode under 473 nm laser combined with 808 nm laser (only 808 nm laser with $\hbar/-\hbar$ angular momentum modulation) irradiation, at 0.90 V in a two-electrode configuration in 1 M KHCO₃ electrolyte.