## **Supporting Information of**

## Tungsten dichalcogenide WS<sub>2x</sub>Se<sub>2-2x</sub> films *via* single source precursor lowpressure CVD and their (thermo-)electric properties

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Figure S1: IR spectrum of [WSCl<sub>4</sub>(S<sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (1) (Nujol / cm<sup>-1</sup>)



Figure S2: Raman spectrum for [WSCl<sub>4</sub>(S<sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (1) (cm<sup>-1</sup>).



Figure S3: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of [WSCl<sub>4</sub>(S<sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (1) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S4: IR spectrum of [WSCl<sub>4</sub>(Se<sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (2) (Nujol / cm<sup>-1</sup>).



Figure S5: Raman spectrum for [WSCl<sub>4</sub>(Se<sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (2) (cm<sup>-1</sup>).



Figure S6: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of [WSCl<sub>4</sub>(Se<sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (2) in CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



Figure S7:  $^{77}$ Se{ $^{1}$ H} NMR spectrum of [WSCl<sub>4</sub>(Se<sup>*n*</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (2) in CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



450 400 350 300 250 200 150 100 50 Chemical Shift (ppm)

Figure S8:  $^{77}Se\{^{1}H\}$  NMR spectrum of [WSCl<sub>4</sub>(Se<sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (2) in CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> at –90 °C.



Figure S9: IR spectrum of [WSeCl<sub>4</sub>(S<sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (3) (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> solution in Nujol / cm<sup>-1</sup>).



Figure S10: Raman spectrum for [WSeCl<sub>4</sub>(S<sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (3) (cm<sup>-1</sup>).



Figure S11: <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of [WSeCl<sub>4</sub>(S<sup>n</sup>Bu<sub>2</sub>)] (3) in CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



**Figure S12:** Visual depiction of a typical Hall measurement, with a current applied between contact 1 and 4 (I<sub>14</sub>). A magnetic field ( $\vec{B} = 0.5T$ ) is applied orthogonal to the sensing plane, with the visual depiction showing the case for a magnetic field out of the page. The Lorentz force ( $F_B$ ) defects charge carrier to one side of the sample which subsequently induces a electric field which exerts a force ( $F_E$ )which induces a Hall voltage which is measured between contacts 2 and 3. This is repeated in four contact configurations, (i.e. I<sub>14</sub>, I<sub>41</sub>, I<sub>23</sub>, I<sub>32</sub>).



**Figure S13:** Cross-sectional SEM images of WS<sub>2x</sub>Se<sub>2-2x</sub> films produced *via* low-pressure CVD, where a-d represents films produced from SSPs (1)-(4), respectively.



**Figure S14:** SEM image and associated EDX element mapping of film **A** (a-c); film **B** (d-g); film **C** (h-k); and film **D** (l-n).



**Figure S15:** Survey scans over the range 0 -700 eV for all as-deposited WS<sub>2x</sub>Se<sub>2-2x</sub> films deposited from precursors (1)-(4), with the atomic orbitals labelled. The remaining peaks are related to Auger electron detection.