

## Supporting Figures

### **A ( $\mu$ -Oxo) Dicopper Complex Anchored Graphitized Mesoporous Carbon Surface Prepared by In-Situ Electrochemical Method for Bioinspired Electrocatalytic Reduction of Nitrite to Ammonia and Sensing**

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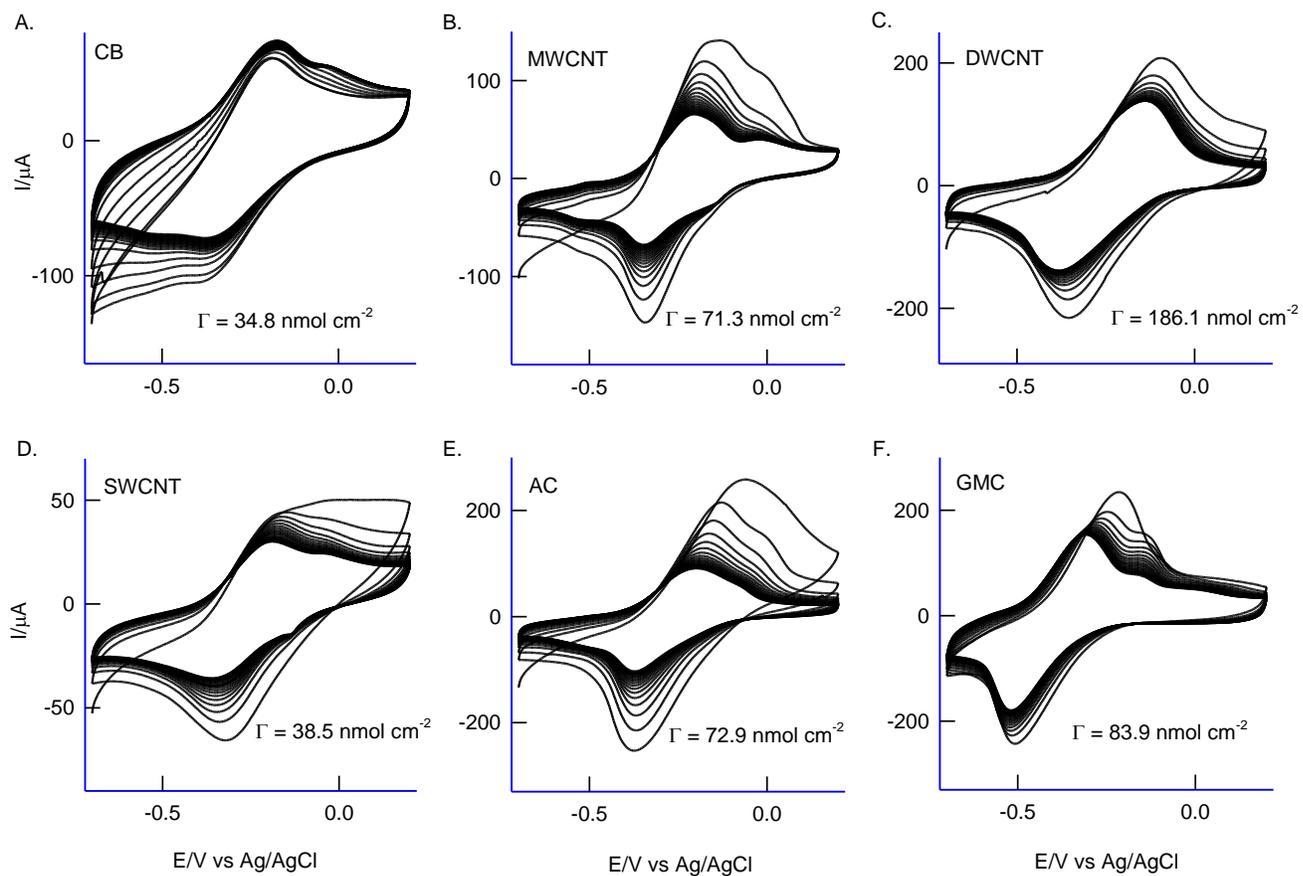
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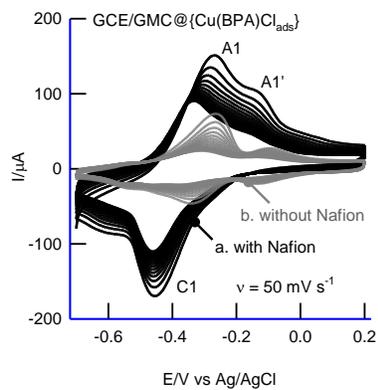
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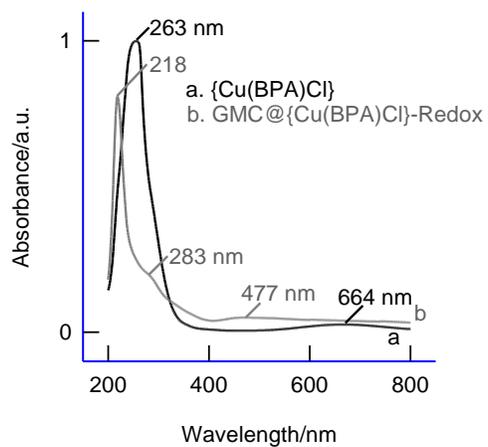
**Supporting Figure S1.** CV responses of different carbon nanomaterials (A) CB, (B) MWCNT, (C) DWCNT, (D) SWCNT, (E) AC and (F) GMC towards the formation of {Cu(BPA)Cl}-Redox in  $\text{N}_2$  purged pH 7 PBS at a scan rate of  $50 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ .



**Supporting Figure S2.** Comparative CV responses of GCE/GMC@{Cu(BPA)Cl<sub>ads</sub>} with (a) and without Nafion (b) in N<sub>2</sub> purged pH 7 PBS at a scan rate of 50 mV s<sup>-1</sup>.

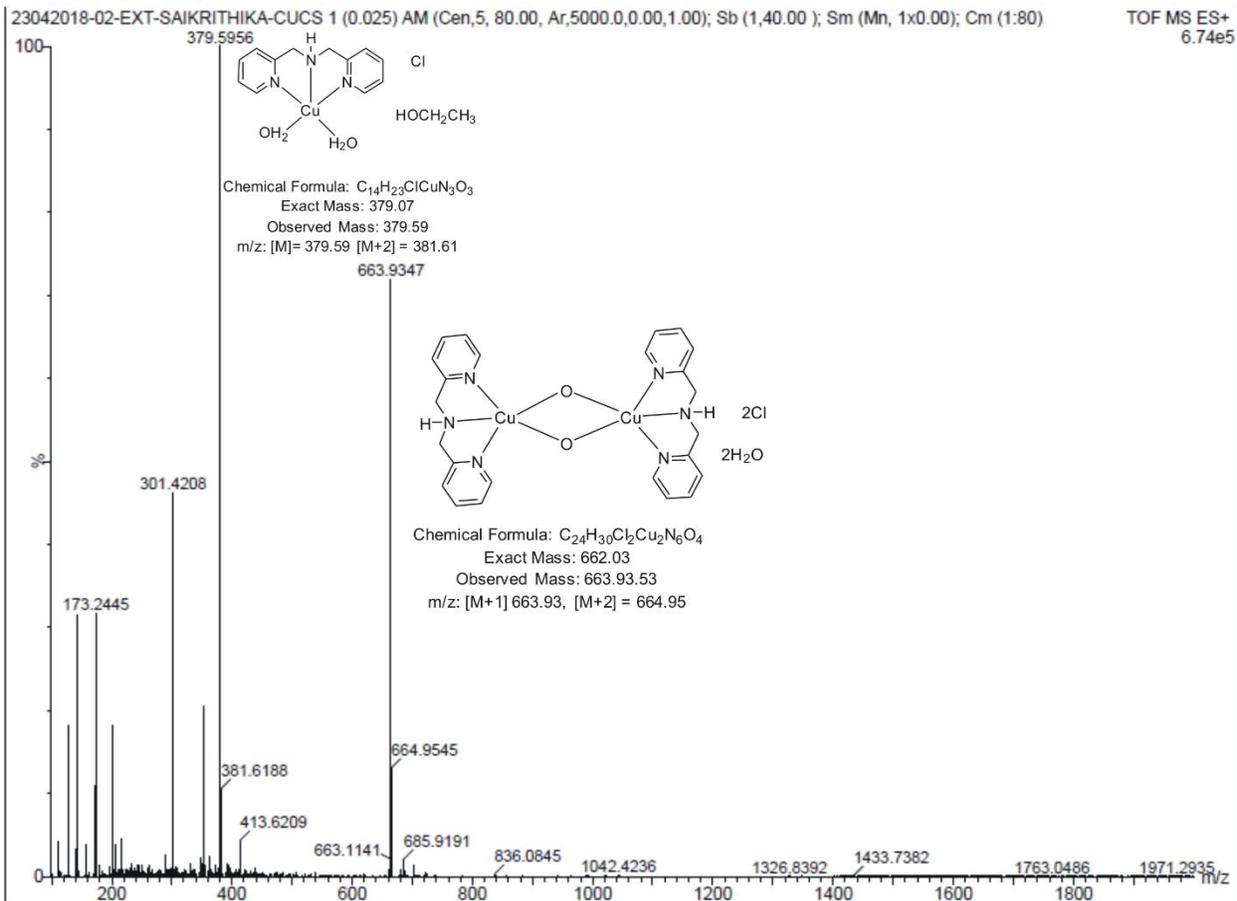


**Supporting Figure S3.**FESEM-EDAX reports of (A) GMC@Cu(BPA)Cl-Redox and (B) GMC.

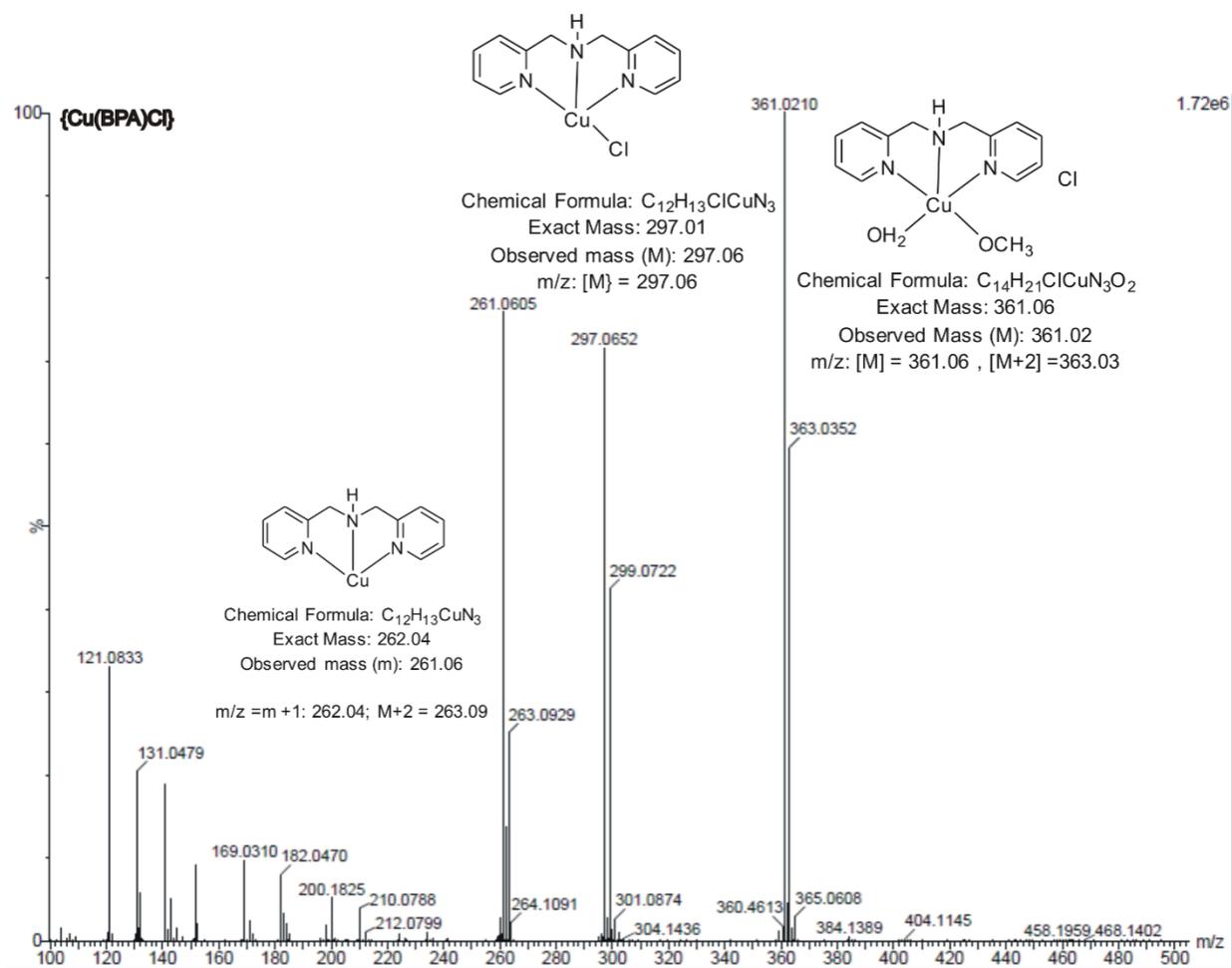


**Supporting Figure S4.** UV-vis spectral data for the {Cu(BPA)Cl} complex (curve a) and GMC@{Cu(BPA)Cl}-Redox (curve b)

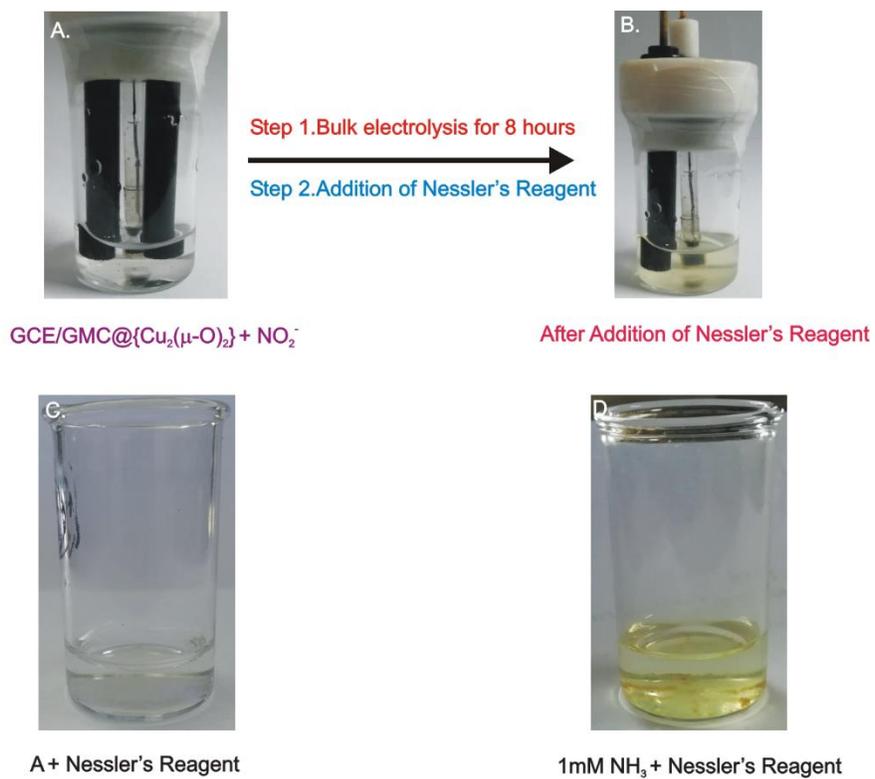
GMC@{Cu(BPA)Cl}-Redox



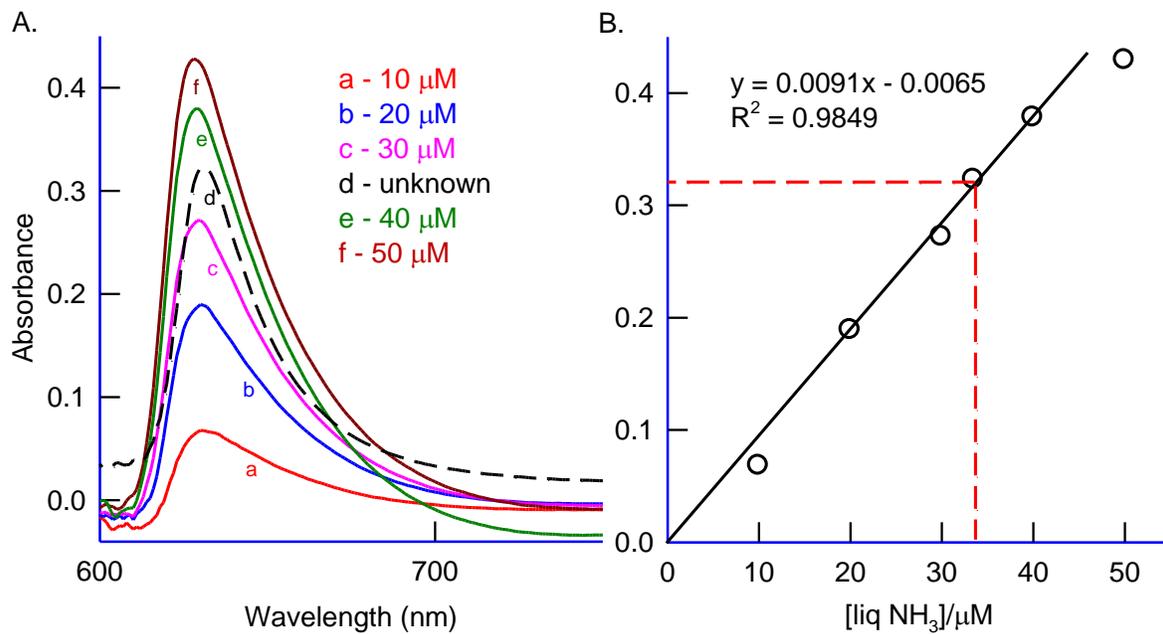
Supporting Figure S5. ESI-MS data of the ethanolic extract of GCE/GMC@{Cu(BPA)Cl}-Redox.



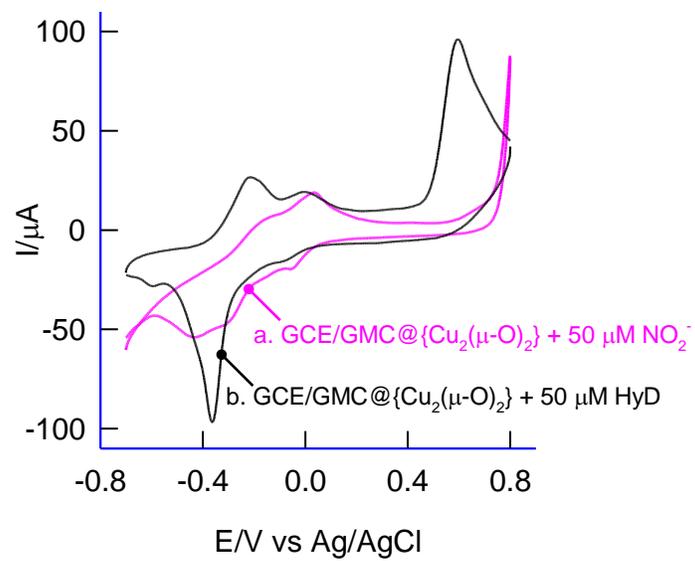
Supporting Figure S6. ESI-MS data of the ethanolic extract of {Cu(BPA)Cl}



**Supporting Figure S7.** Pictures of  $\text{GCE/GMC}@{\text{Cu}_2(\text{BPA})_2(\text{NO}_2)_2(\mu\text{-O})}^{2+}$  before (A) and after (B) the addition of Nessler's reagent. Pictures of addition of Nessler's reagent to (C) before bulk electrolysis (to be added) and (D) to 1mM  $\text{NH}_3$  solution.



**Supporting Figure S8.** (A) Comparative UV-vis spectra of bulk electrolysis sample (unknown, curve d) and other standard NH<sub>3</sub> samples (curves a, b, c, e, f) and (B) its corresponding calibration curve for NH<sub>3</sub> quantification.



**Supporting Figure S9.** Cyclic Voltammetric responses of GCE/GMC@{Cu<sub>2</sub>(μ-O)<sub>2</sub>} with (a) 50 μM NO<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup> and (b) 50 μM HyD at a scan rate of 10 mV s<sup>-1</sup> in N<sub>2</sub> purged pH 7 PBS.