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Electronic Supplementary Information

H₂S-removing UiO-66 MOFs for sensitized antibacterial therapy

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Table S1. Zone of inhibitions of UiO-66-NH₂, UiO-66-MA, gentamicin (Gm), Gm@UiO-66-NH₂ and.Gm@UiO-66-MA.

		Zone of inhibitions (mm)									
	Bacterium	Ui0-6	6-NH ₂	UiO-6	56-MA	Gm	Gm@L	liO-66-NH ₂	Gm	@UiO-66-MA	
	E. coli	(0	0		9.44±0.37	10.2	3±0.29	:	24.53±0.36	
	P. aeruginosa	P. aeruginosa 0		0		16.19±0.42	17.2	8±0.35	:	29.85±0.27	
	Gentamicin- resistant E. cilo	, (0	0		0		0	:	12.27±0.14	
Cli	nical examinatio	on and di	iagnosis	герог	t of the	First Affiliat	ed Hospi	ital of Anhu	i Me	dical Universi	
Bacterial species: E. coli Item: Common bacterial culture and drug sensitivity											
	Antibiotic	KB(mm)	MIC(µg	/mL)	Resul	t Sensitivi	ty (S)	Intermediar	(I)	Resistance (R	
Amp	picillin sulbactam		≥32.	.0	R	≤8.0)	16.0		≥32.0	
	Cefazolin	≥64		.0 R		≤2.0)	4.0		≥8.0	
	Cefotetan		≤4.0		S	≤16.	0	32.0		≥64.0	
	Aztreonam		≤1.0		S	≤4.0)	8.0		≥16.0	
	Ertapenem		≤0.:	5	S	≤0.5	;	1.0		≥2.0	
	Gentamicin		≥16.	.0	R	≤4.0)	8.0		≥16.0	
	Tobramycin		8.0)	I	≤4.0)	8.0		≥16.0	
	Selectrin		≥320	0.0	R	≤40.	0			≥80.0	
	Amikacin		≤2.0	0	S	≤16.	0	32.0		≥64.0	
Amoy	kicillin tazobactam		≤4.0	0	S	≤8.0)			≥32.0	
	Ceftazidime		≤1.0	0	S	≤4.0)	8.0		≥16.0	
(Ciprofloxacin		≥4.0	0	R	≤0.2	2	0.5		≥1.0	
	Cefepime		≤1.0	0	S	≤2.0)			≥16.0	
	Imipenem		≤1.0	0	S	≤1.0)	2.0		≥4.0	
	levofloxacin		≥8.	0	R	≤2.0)	4.0		≥8.0	
	Ceftriaxone		16.	0	R	≤1.0)	2.0		≥4.0	
	Ampicillin		≥32.	.0	R	≤8.0)	16.0		≥32.0	
	Piperacillin	9			R	≥21.	0	18-20		≤17.0	
	Cefuroxime	6			R	≥23.	0	15-22		≤14.0	
	Cefotaxime	11			R	≥26.	0	23-25		≤22.0	
	Cefmetazole	26			S	≥16.	0	13-15		≤12.0	
	Meropenem	30			S	≥23.	0	20-22		≤19.0	
Cefpe	erazone-Sulbactam	18			Ι	≥21.	0	16-20		≤15.0	
	Minocycline	25			S	≥16.	0	13-15		≤12.0	
	Tigecycline	24			S	>19.	0	15-18		<14.0	

Fig. S1 Multiple antibiotic resistant information of *E. coli* provided by the Clinical Laboratory of the First Affiliated Hospital of Anhui Medical University.



Fig. S2 Hemolytic activities of UiO-66-NH₂, UiO-66-MA and UiO-66-MA@Gm for red blood cell.



Fig. S3 The cytotoxicity of UiO-66-NH₂, UiO-66-MA and UiO-66-MA@Gm.



Fig. S4 H₂S produced by Multidrug-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA), *P. aeruginosa* and *E. coli* was removed by UiO-66-MA (100 µg/mL).



Fig. S5 Bacterial counting of *E. coli* live/dead staining after treatment with UiO-66-MA, gentamicin, Gm@UiO-66-NH₂, and Gm@UiO-66-MA.



Fig. S6 Bacterial counting of *E. coli* after treatment with UiO-66-MA, gentamicin, Gm@UiO-66-NH₂, and Gm@UiO-66-MA.



Fig. S7 Bacterial counting of *P. aeruginosa* after treatment with UiO-66-MA, gentamicin, Gm@UiO-66-NH₂, and Gm@UiO-66-MA.



Fig. S8 Bacterial counting of gentamicin-tolerant *E. coli* after treatment with UiO-66-MA, gentamicin, Gm@UiO-66-NH₂, and Gm@UiO-66-MA.



Fig. S9 Bacterial counting of MRSA in biofilms after treatment.

	Heart	Liyer	Spleen	Lung	Kidney
PBS		•			
UIO-66-NH2					
UIO-66-MA					

Fig. S10 H&E staining of the main organs (heart, liver, spleen, lung, and kidney) after intravenous injection of UiO-66-NH₂ and UiO-66-MA. Scale bar, 20 μ m.



Fig. S11 H&E staining of the main organs (heart, liver, spleen, lung, and kidney) after treatment. Scale bar, 20 μ m.