Supporting Information

Electrochemical biosensor for Staphylococcus aureus detection based on a multilevel surface 3D microstructure

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1. The relationship between the density of Au clusters distributed on the electrode and the time for electrodeposition



Figure S1 The relationship between the density of Au clusters distributed on the electrode and the time for electrodeposition calculated by their SEM images. Size of the protrusion: $6 \ \mu m \times 6 \ \mu m$ square (red), $8 \ \mu m \times 8 \ \mu m$ square (green), $10 \ \mu m \times 10 \ \mu m$ square (blue), and $16 \ \mu m \times 16 \ \mu m$ square (brown).

2. Height measurement of the 3D protrusions by AFM



Figure S2 (a) The XPS spectra of S before or after MUA modification. (b) The XPS spectra of N before or after *S. aureus* antibody modification.

3. The EIS spectra of the electrodes that captured *S. aureus* for different lengths of time.



Figure S3. The EIS spectra of the electrodes captured *S. aureus* for different lengths of time. Black plot: 0 min, red plot: 20 min, blue plot: 25 min, magenta: 30 min, green: 35 min, navy: 40 min, purple: 60 min.

4. The EIS spectra of the electrodes which are modified by *S. aureus* antibody solutions with different concentrations.



Figure S4 The EIS spectra of the electrodes which are modified by *S. aureus* antibody solutions with different concentrations. Black plot: 0 μ g/mL, red plot: 15 μ g/mL, blue plot: 20 μ g/mL, magenta: 25 μ g/mL, green: 30 μ g/mL, navy: 35 μ g/mL, purple: 40 μ g/mL.



5. The Change of EIS spectra after absorbing Salmonella, and E. coli.

Figure S5. (a) The EIS spectra of the electrodes captured *Salmonella* for different lengths of time. Black plot: 0 min, red plot: 30 min, blue plot: 40 min, green: 60 min. (b) The EIS spectra of the electrodes captured *E. coli* for different lengths of time. Black plot: 0 min, red plot: 30 min, blue plot: 40 min, green: 60 min.

6. EIS spectra of the electrodes that are applied for detecting *S. aureus* in milk and simulated human tissue fluid



Figure S6. (a) The EIS spectra of the electrodes that adsorbed *S. aureus* from milk containing 0 CFU/mL, 10 CFU/mL, and 100 CFU/mL *S. aureus*. (b) The EIS spectra of the electrodes that adsorbed *S. aureus* from simulated human tissue fluid containing 0 CFU/mL, 10 CFU/mL, and 100 CFU/mL *S. aureus*.