

SUPPORTING INFO

Title

Dual-pore protocells with multitasking capacities for simultaneous delivery of therapeutic enzymes and drugs in macrophage depletion therapy

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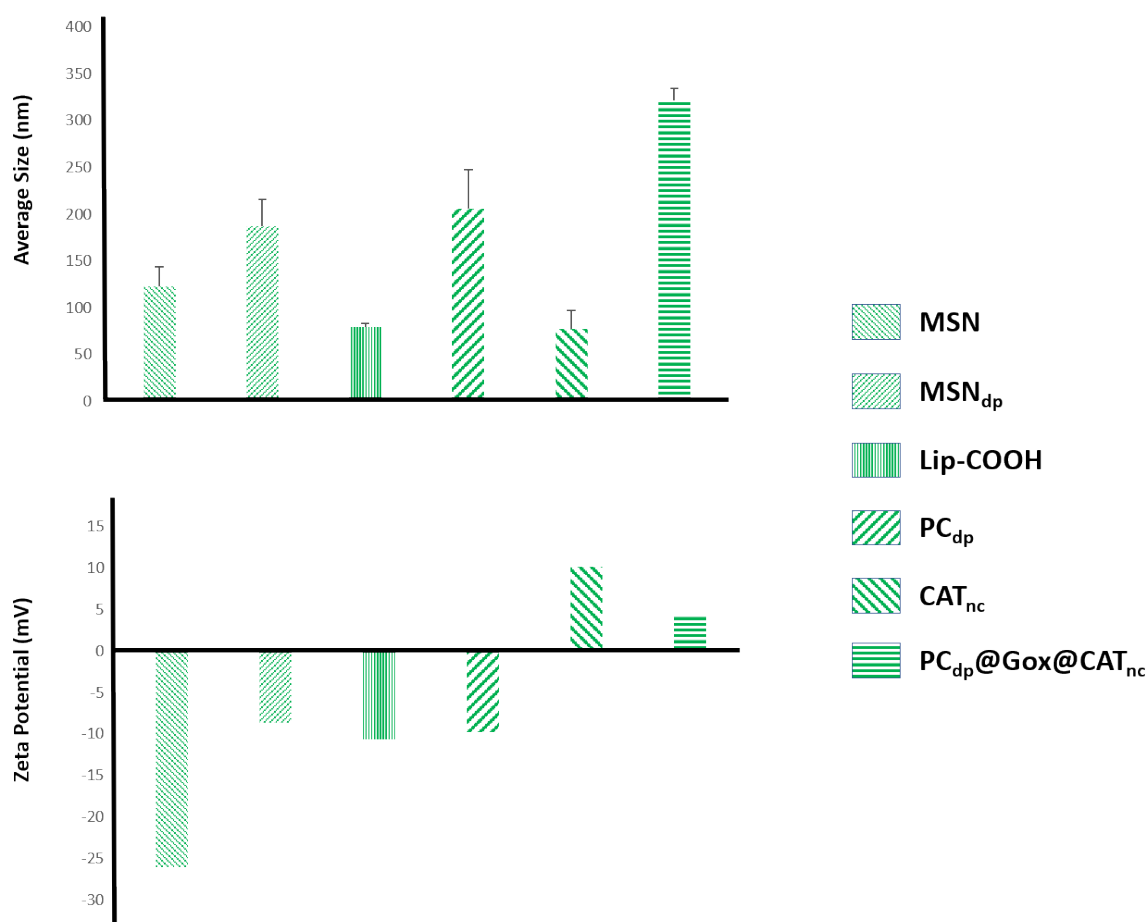


Figure S1. Hydrodynamic size measurements by Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS) and Zeta potential.

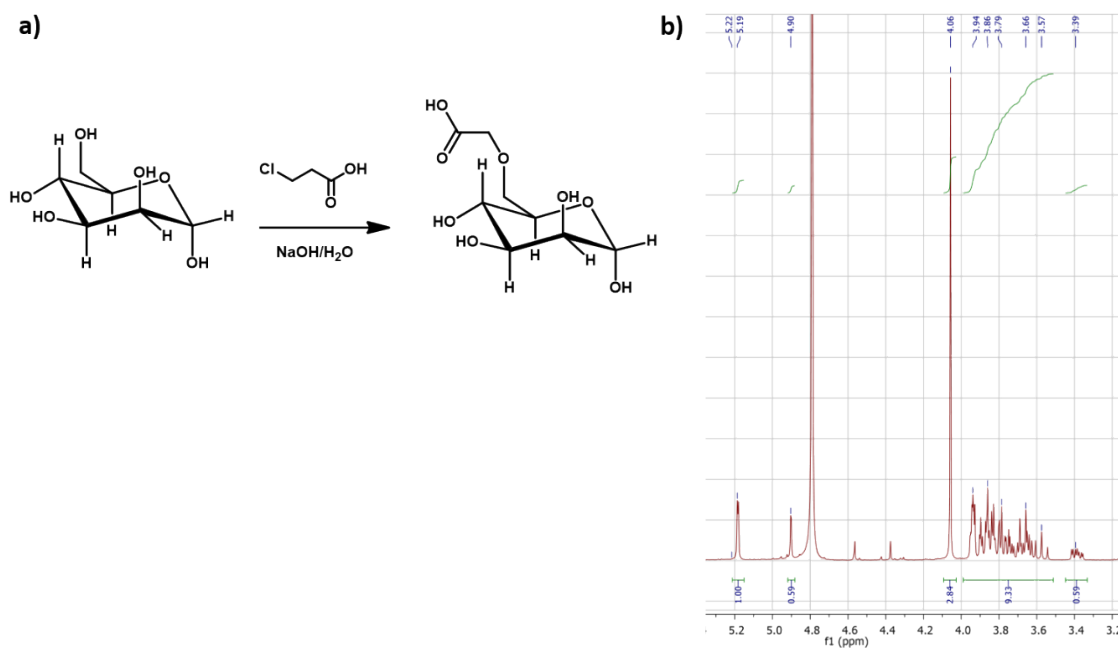


Figure S2. a) Synthetic scheme of carboxy-Man. a) $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectra of carboxy-Man.

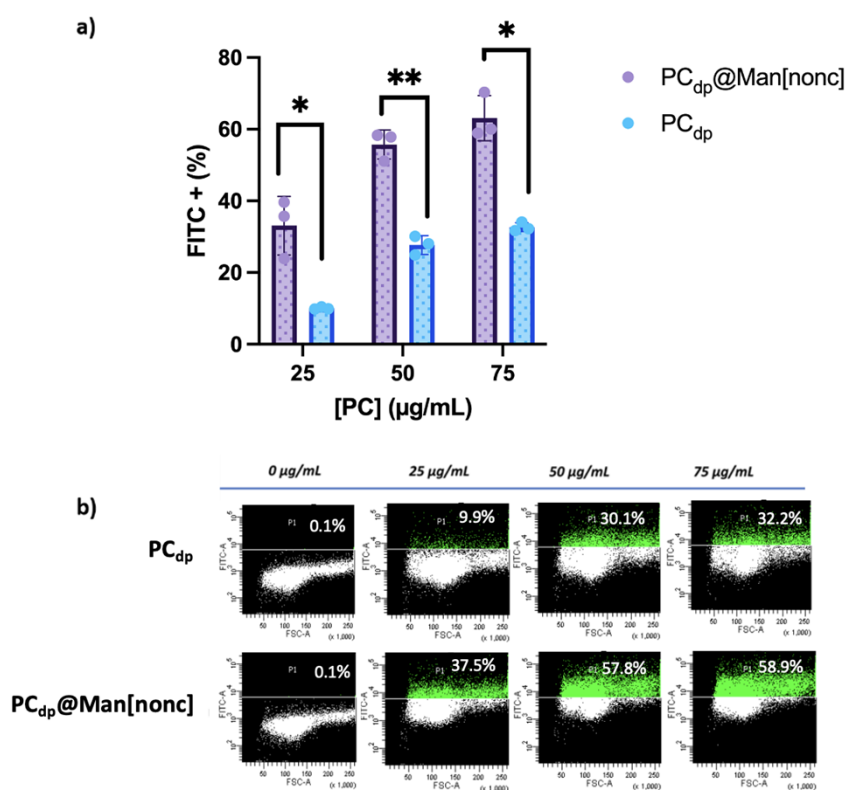


Figure S3. a) In vitro protocell uptake evaluation in RAW 264.7 cells treated with PC_{dp} and non carboxylated manose modified protocells (PC_{dp}@Man[nonc]) at different dosages. All experiments were performed in triplicate and Student t-tests were carried out with * = $p < 0.05$, ** = $p < 0.01$. b) Flow cytometry of RAW 264.7 cells treated

$$\text{Loading Efficiency} = \frac{\text{Mass of cargo in nanoparticle}}{\text{Mass of cargo used in formulation}} \times 100$$

$$\text{Loading Capacity} = \frac{\text{Mass of cargo in nanoparticle}}{\text{Mass of nanoparticle}} \times 100$$

Figure S4. Loading efficiency (LE) and loading capacity (LC) equations.

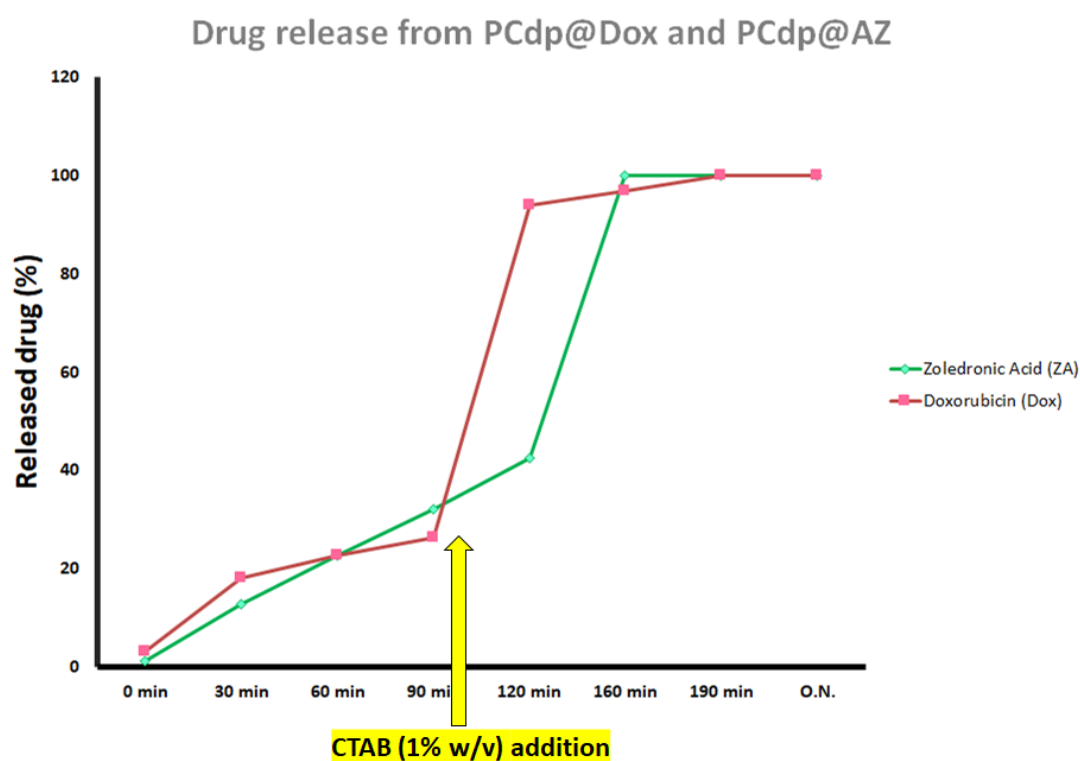


Figure S5. ZA and Dox release pattern of PC_{dp}@AZ and PC_{dp}@DOX suspended in PBS and treated with CTAB.

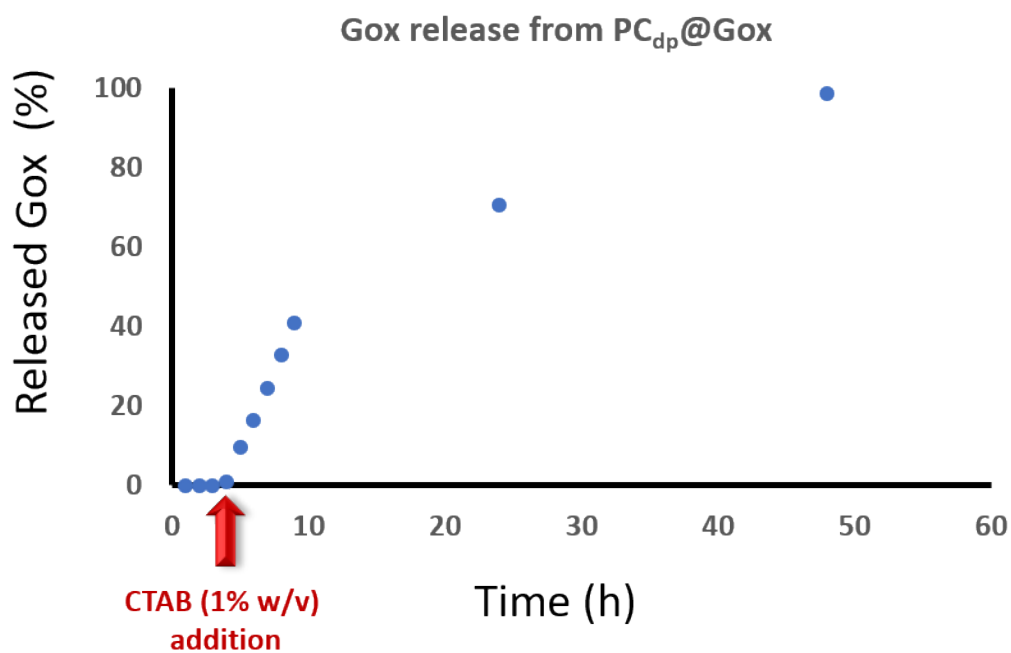


Figure S6. Gox release pattern of PC_{dp}@Gox suspended in PBS and treated with CTAB.

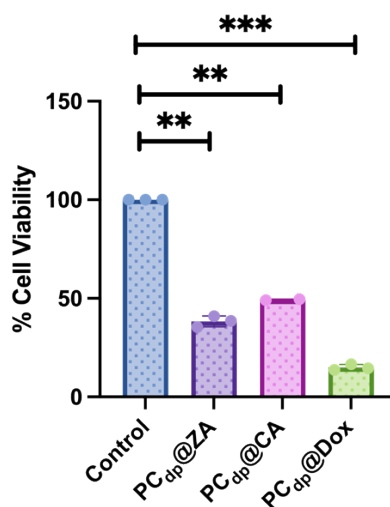


Figure S7. Cell viability evaluation of RAW 264.7 cells incubated with 150 µg/mL of protocells loaded with zoledronic acid (PC_{dp}@ZA), chlorogenic acid (PC_{dp}@CA) and doxorubicin (PC_{dp}@Dox). All experiments were performed in triplicate, and Student t-tests were carried out with ** = $p < 0.01$; *** = $p < 0.001$.

Videos S1 and **S2** show protocell uptake by macrophages under flow conditions.