# Chiral Supramolecular liquid crystal based on pillararene and its application in information encryption

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# Electronic Supplementary Information (8 pages)

#### 1. Materials and methods

All chemicals were obtained from commercial suppliers and were used as supplied without further purification. All reactions were conducted with oven-dried glassware under atmosphere or nitrogen. Solvents were dried and distilled following usual protocols. Column chromatography was carried out using silica gel (200-300 mesh). Compounds **P5-Chol**<sup>S1</sup> and **TPE-CN**<sup>S2</sup> was prepared according to published procedures. The NMR spectra were recorded with a Bruker Avance DMX 600 spectrophotometer. High-resolution mass spectrometry experiments were performed with a Thermo Scientific Q Exactive instrument. The melting points were collected on a SGW X-4 automatic melting point apparatus. Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) investigations were carried out on a PerkinElmer Gemini SEM300 instrument. Fluorescent microscopy investigations were carried out on a HITACHI F-7100 fluorescence spectrometer. Phase behavior was studied by NP900 Polarizing Optical Microscopy (POM) equipped with a hot-stage from -40.0 to 500 °C. Room-temperature X-ray Diffraction (XRD) experiments were performed on a Bruker D2 PHASER X-ray diffractometer using Cu K<sub>a1</sub> radiation. Circular dichroism (CD) spectra were performed on a Bio-Logic MOS-500 instrument.

#### 2. Host-guest complexation study of P5-Chol and TPE-CN

As shown in Fig. S1, compared to **P5-Chol** and **TPE-CN** alone (Fig. S1a and c), the peaks related to the protons  $H_4-H_6$  of the alkyl chain group on **TPE-CN** shifted upfield, and the peaks related to the protons  $H_f-H_h$  and  $H_o-H_q$  on **P5-Chol** shifted downfield, indicating that the alkyl chain part of **TPE-CN** are located within the cavity of **P5-Chol** upon the formation of the host–guest inclusion complex **P5-Chol** $\supset$ **TPE-CN**.



 Figure S1.
 Partial <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 298 K): (a) P5-Chol (5.00 mM); (b) P5-Chol (5.00

 mM)
 and
 TPE-CN
 (5.00 mM); (c)
 TPE-CN
 (5.00 mM).

# 3. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy of P5-Chol and TPE-CN at different concentrations



*Figure S2.* Partial <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 298 K) of equimolar mixtures of **P5-Chol** and **TPE-CN** at different concentrations: (a) 2.50 mM; (b) 5.00 mM; (c) 10.0 mM; (d) 14.28 mM; (e) 20.0 mM; (f) 25.0 mM; (g) 33.3 mM; (h) 40.0 mM; (i) 50.0 mM; (j) 62.5 mM; (k) 70.0 mM; (l) 83.3 mM; (m) 100 mM.



*Figure S3.* (a) Partial XRD pattern of **P5-Chol** at room temperature in the small-angle range; (b) Partial XRD pattern of **P5-Chol** at room temperature in the wide-angle range; (c) Partial XRD pattern of **P5-Chol TPE-CN** at room temperature in the small-angle range; (d) Partial XRD pattern of **P5-Chol TPE-CN** at room temperature in the wide-angle range.

### 5. Calculated structures of P5-Chol and TPE-CN



Figure S4. Calculated structures: (a) P5-Chol; (b) TPE-CN.

6. SEM images of P5-Chol and P5-Chol¬TPE-CN



*Figure S5.* SEM images of gold-coated samples: (a) **P5-Chol** (70.0 mM) (lamellar phase); (b) **P5-Chol** (70.0 mM) and **TPE-CN** (70.0 mM) (lamellar phase); (c) **P5-Chol** (70.0 mM) and **TPE-CN** (70.0 mM) (intermediate state); (d) **P5-Chol** (70.0 mM) and **TPE-CN** (70.0 mM) (bicontinuous cubic phase).

7. Circular dichroism (CD) spectra experiments of P5-Chol and P5-Chol¬TPE-CN



*Figure S6.* CD spectra of P5-Chol¬TPE-CN in the solid state (black line), P5-Chol in the solid state (red line), P5-Chol¬TPE-CN in solution (10<sup>-2</sup> mM, blue line) and P5-Chol in solution (10<sup>-2</sup> mM, green line).

# 8. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy experiments of the pH-responsiveness of P5-Chol – TPE-CN



*Figure S7.* Partial <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra (600 MH, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, room temperature): (a) **P5-Chol** (5.00 mM) and **TPE-CN** (5.00 mM); (b) After addition of 2.0 molar equiv. of TFA to a; (c) After further addition of 4.0 molar equiv. of TEA to b.

## 9. POM images of P5-Chol during the decrease of temperature at the concentration of 10 mM



*Fig. S8* Polarized optical micrograph (POM) of **P5-Chol** at different temperatures: (a) 25.0 °C; (b) 45.0 °C; (c) 65.0°C; (d) 85 °C; (e) 105 °C; (f) 125 °C; (g) 140 °C; (h) when the temperature of **P5-Chol** increased to 140 °C and thendecreasedto100 °C ; (i) 60 °C; (g) 25 °C.

10. POM images of P5-Chol during the decrease of temperature at the concentration of 70 mM



*Fig. S9* Polarized optical micrograph (POM) of **P5-Chol** at different temperatures: (a)  $25.0 \,^{\circ}$ C; (b)  $45.0 \,^{\circ}$ C; (c)  $65.0 \,^{\circ}$ C; (d)  $85 \,^{\circ}$ C; (e)  $105 \,^{\circ}$ C; (f)  $125 \,^{\circ}$ C; (g)  $140 \,^{\circ}$ C; (h) when the temperature of **P5-Chol** increased to  $140 \,^{\circ}$ C and then decreased to  $100 \,^{\circ}$ C; (i)  $60 \,^{\circ}$ C; (g)  $25 \,^{\circ}$ C.

11. POM images of P5-Chol>TPE-CN during the decrease of temperature at the concentration of 10 mM



*Fig. S10* Polarized optical micrograph (POM) of P5-Chol $\supset$ TPE-CN at different temperatures: (a) 25.0 °C; (b) 55.0 °C; (c) 85.0 °C; (d) 105 °C; (e) 125 °C; (f) 145 °C; (g) 150 °C; (h) when the temperature of P5-Chol $\supset$ TPE-CN increased to 150 °C and then decreased to 120 °C; (i) 70 °C; (g) 25 °C.

# 12. POM images of P5-Chol>TPE-CN during the decrease of temperature at the concentration of 70 mM



Fig. S11 Polarized optical micrograph (POM) of P5-Chol>TPE-CN at different temperatures: (a) 25.0 °C; (b) 55.0 °C; (c) 85.0 °C; (d) 105 °C; (e) 125 °C; (f) 145 °C; (g) 150 °C; (h) when the temperature of P5-Chol⊃TPE-CN increased to 150 ٥C and then decreased to 120 ٥C (i) 70 °C; 25 °C. : (g)

#### 13. Absorption and emission spectra of P5-Chol and TPE-CN

The photophysical properties of **P5-Chol** and **TPE-CN** were investigated by UV-vis adsorption and fluorescence emission spectroscopy. There is no effective overlap between the absorption spectrum and fluorescence spectrum of **P5-Chol** and **TPE-CN**, indicating no effective fluorescence-resonance energy transfer (FRET) between them.



*Fig. S12* Normalized absorption and emission spectra of P5-Chol ( $\lambda_{ex} = 360 \text{ nm}$ ) and TPE-CN ( $\lambda_{ex} = 315 \text{ nm}$ ) in the solid stated.

#### 14. Solid fluorescence emission spectra of P5-Chol >TPE-CN



*Fig. S13* (a) The solid fluorescence emission spectra of **P5-Chol** $\supset$ **TPE-CN** in the solid state during five cycle experiments ( $\lambda_{ex} = 360 \text{ nm}$ ;  $\lambda_{em} = 530 \text{ nm}$ ); (b) The line chart of **P5-Chol** $\supset$ **TPE-CN** during five cycle experiments.

# References

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