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Electronic Supplementary Information

Organo Photocatalytic Access to C-Glycosides: Multicomponent Coupling Reactions Using Glycosyl Bromides

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1. General

The NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker AVANCE II. 600 (¹H NMR; 600 MHz, ¹³C NMR; 150 MHz) and JEOL JNM-ECZ600 (¹H NMR; 600 MHz, ¹³C NMR; 150 MHz, ¹⁹F NMR; 565 MHz) at room temperature using chloroform-d as the deuterated solvent and chloroform as the internal standard for ¹H (7.26 ppm) and ¹³C (77.0 ppm) and hexafluorobenzene as the internal standard for ¹⁹F (0 ppm). NMR yields were based on 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane as an internal standard. Fourier transform mass spectrometry (ESI) was measured on Thermo Fisher SCIENTIFIC Exactive-Orbitrap MS1.1. Cyclic voltammetry and transient absorption spectra were recorded on UNISOKU picoTAS and BAS model 700E electrochemical analyzer, respectively. Silica gel (KANTO, spherical, neutral, 63-210 µm) was used for purification by column chromatography. 1,1-Diphenylethylene was washed with 0.5 M NaOH aqueous solution to remove a polymerization inhibitor, and other styrene derivatives were distilled under reduced pressure. Glycosyl bromides **1a-c¹** and **2e²** were synthesized according to the reported procedure. Techno Sigma PER-AMP and LED ramps (365 nm, 507 mW) were used for photoirradiation.

2. Photochemical multi-components reactions

2-1-1. Two-component coupling reaction between 1a and 2a



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL) and 1,1-diphenylethylene (**2a**) (2.0 mmol, 0.35 mL) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in water bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **3aa** (99%). **3aa** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 4:1) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃). (**2***R*,**3***R*,**4***R*,**5***R*,**6***R*)-**2**-((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-(2,2-diphenylvinyl)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-**3**,**4**,**5**-triyl tribenzoate (**3aa**) TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): Rf = 0.43. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.10 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.99 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.97 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.81 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.58–7.51 (m, 3 H), 7.50–7.45 (m, 1 H), 7.43–7.27 (m, 18 H), 6.47 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.03 (*pseudo*-t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.99 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.82 (*pseudo*-t, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.85 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.56-4.51 (m, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.2, 165.6, 165.3,

150.5, 141.6, 138.2, 133.4, 133.30, 133.26, 133.0, 129.73, 129.70, 129.4, 129.0, 128.9, 128.44, 128.42, 128.38, 128.31, 128.30, 128.1, 128.0, 120.2, 72,3, 71.5, 71.3, 70.1, 67.9, 63.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₈H₃₈KO₉ [M+K]⁺ 797.2147; found 797.2162.

2-1-2. Two-component coupling reaction between 1a and 2c



Glycosyl bromide 1a (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.001 mmol, 0.41 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL) and 4-methoxystyrene 2c (0.4 mmol, 54 μ L) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in ice bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **3ac** (72%). **3ac** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 3:1) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃). (2R,3R,4R,5R,6R)-2-((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-((E)-4-methoxystyryl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (3ac) TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f 0.32$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.13 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.08 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.87 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.48–7.38 (m, 7 H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.30 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 6.94–6.89 (m, 3 H), 6.29 (dd, *J* = 16.2, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.17 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.99 (s, 1 H), 5.79 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.04–4.99 (m, 1 H), 4.73 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.54 (dd, J = 12.0, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.49–4.44 (m, 1 H), 3.85 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 169.5, 166.2, 165.6, 165.5, 165.4, 138.0, 133.9, 133.47, 133.41, 133.3, 133.1, 129.81, 129.79, 129.74, 129.65, 129.23, 129.16, 128.79, 128.76, 128.48, 128.47, 128.42, 128.35, 72.4, 71.6, 70.6, 70.3, 67.1, 63.1, 50.5, 34.2, 23.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z calc for C₄₄H₃₆KNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 751.1940; found 751.1950.

2-1-3. Two-component coupling reaction between 1b and 2a



Glycosyl bromide 1b (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL) and 1,1-diphenylethylene (2a) (2.0 mmol, 0.35 mL) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in water bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of 3ba (67%). 3ba was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 4:1) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃). (2R,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*,6*R*)-2-((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-(2,2-diphenylvinyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (3ba) TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): Rf 0.39. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.03 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 4 H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.81 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.61–7.58 (m, 1 H), 7.56–7.51 (m, 2 H), 7.49–7.44 (m, 3 H), 7.42-7.37 (m, 4 H), 7.34-7.22 (m, 10 H), 7.17 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2 H), 6.53 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2 H)1 H), 6.08–6.03 (m, 2 H), 5.80 (dd, J = 9.0, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.12 (dd, J = 9.6, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.68 $(pseudo-t, J = 6.0 \text{ Hz}, 1 \text{ H}), 4.60 \text{ (dd}, J = 11.4, 7.2 \text{ Hz}, 1 \text{ H}), 4.33 \text{ (dd}, J = 11.4, 7.2 \text{ Hz}, 1 \text{ H}); {}^{13}\text{C}$ NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.0, 165.6, 165.5, 165.3, 151.5, 141.7, 138.3, 133.5, 133.4, 133.3, 133.1, 129.9, 129.7, 129.63, 129.61, 129.5, 129.12, 129.06, 128.9, 128.5, 128.4, 128.35, 128.29, 128.24, 128.19, 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 70.7, 69.4, 69.2, 69.1, 68.7, 62.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z calc for C₄₉H₄₂KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 797.2147; found 797.2140.

2-1-4. Two-component coupling reaction between 1a and 2h



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL) and 1-Phenyl-1-trimethylsiloxyethylene (**2h**) (2.0 mmol, 0.41 mL) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light

(wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in water bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **3ah** (89%). **3ah** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 3:2). (*2R*,*3R*,*4R*,*5S*,*6R*)-2-((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-(2-oxo-2-phenylethyl)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (3ah) TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): Rf 0.20. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.04 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.02 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.01 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.95 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.91 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.59–7.53 (m, 4 H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4 H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.43–7.38 (m, 6 H), 7.35 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 5.93 (*pseudo*-t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.90 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.78 (dd, *J* = 4.2, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.06 (dt, *J* = 6.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (dd, *J* = 16.2, 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.41 (dd, *J* = 16.2, 5.4 Hz, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 195.6, 166.1, 165.6, 165.4, 165.3, 136.3, 133.51, 133.49, 133.44, 133.40, 133.0, 129.8, 129.7, 129.3, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.48, 128.46, 128.44, 128.3, 128.2, 71.6, 70.9, 69.6, 67.8, 62.5, 38.5; HRMS (ESI) *m*/z calc for C₄₂H₃₄KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 737.1784; found 737.1746.

2-2-1. Three-component coupling reaction between 1a, 2a and water



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.004 mmol, 1.7 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL), 1,1-diphenylethylene (**2a**) (0.4 mmol, 70 μ l) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in water bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **5aaa** (56%). **5aaa** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 5:1) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃). (*2R,3R,4R,5R,6R)-2-((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-(2-hydroxy-2,2-diphenylethyl)tetrahydro-2H-***pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (5aaa)** TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): Rf 0.40. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600

MHz) δ 8.17 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.01 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.95 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.79 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.62–7.54 (m, 3 H), 7.53–7.45 (m, 7 H), 7.44–7.37 (m, 4 H), 7.36–7.29 (m, 6 H), 7.27–7.20 (m, 2 H), 5.84–5.81 (m, 2 H), 5.68 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.63–4.59 (m, 1 H), 4.54–4.47

(m, 3 H), 4.29 (s, 1 H), 2.93 (dd, J = 15.0, 10.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.82 (dd, J = 15.0, 1.8 Hz, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.1, 165.4, 165.3, 165.2, 146.6, 145.4, 133.6, 133.4, 133.2, 129.83, 129.81, 129.73, 129.67, 129.55, 129.2, 128.8, 128.5, 128.46, 128.3, 127.07, 127.05, 126.0, 125.5, 78.3, 72.5, 71.7, 71.3, 69.4, 67.7, 62.7, 39.3; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calc for C₄₈H₄₀KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 815.2253; found 815.2209.

2-2-2. Three-component coupling reaction between 1a, 2a and methanol



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL), 1,1-diphenylethylene (**2a**) (0.4 mmol, 70 μ l) and dry MeOH (2.0 mmol, 81 μ L) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in water bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **5aab** (67%). **5aab** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 4:1) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃).

(2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*R*,6*R*)-2-((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-(2-methoxy-2,2-diphenylethyl)tetrahydro-2*H*pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (5aab) TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f = 0.50$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.04 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.99 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.59–7.44 (m, 5 H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 4 H), 7.39–7.23 (m, 12 H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.00 (*pseudo*-t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.82 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.49–5.47 (m, 1 H), 4.51–4.47 (m, 1 H), 4.23 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.06–4.02 (m, 2 H), 3.13 (s, 3 H), 3.03 (dd, *J* = 15.0, 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.85 (dd, *J* = 15.0, 3.6 Hz, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.1, 165.7, 165.3, 165.2, 144.9, 144.1, 133.33, 133.26, 133.2, 132.9, 129.9, 129.8, 129.71, 129.67, 129.6, 129.0, 128.9, 128.42, 128.37, 128.34, 128.31, 128.30, 128.0, 127.3, 127.1, 126.8, 126.6, 81.3, 72.5, 71.7, 70.7, 70.3, 67.5, 62.7, 50.8, 34.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₉H₄₂KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 829.2410; found 829.2383. 2-2-3. Three-component coupling reaction between 1a, 2a, and ethanol



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL), 1,1-diphenylethylene (**2a**) (0.4 mmol, 70 μ l), and dry EtOH (2.0 mmol, 117 μ L) were added, and the mixture was stirred. The LED ramp was then attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing was performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in water bath. After photoirradiation, the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃ and concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **5aac** (58%). **5aac** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 3:1). (**2***R*,**3***R*,**4***R*,**5***R*,**6***R*)-**2-((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-(2-ethoxy-2,2-diphenylethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,4,5-triyl**

tribenzoate (5aac) TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f = 0.33$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.03 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.01 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.93 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.80 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.57 (*pseudo-*t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.54 (*pseudo-*t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.50 (*pseudo-*t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.45–7.43 (m, 5 H), 7.39–7.31 (m, 8 H), 7.30–7.27 (m, 4 H), 7.24 (*pseudo-*t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.19 (*pseudo-*t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 6.02 (*pseudo-*t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.82 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.46 (*pseudo-*t, J = 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.51–4.49 (m, 1 H), 4.18 (dd, J = 12.0, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.02–3.97 (m, 2 H), 3.28–3.20 (m, 2 H), 3.01 (dd, J = 14.4, 1.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.86 (dd, J = 14.4, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 1.20 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.1, 165.7, 165.28, 165.25, 145.2, 144.6, 133.3, 133.24, 133.19, 132.9, 129.9, 129.8, 129.72, 129.68, 129.6, 129.1, 128.9, 128.43, 128.37, 128.32, 128.30, 128.2, 128.0, 127.2, 127.0, 126.7, 126.6, 80.8, 72.6, 72.0, 70.5, 70.4, 67.5, 62.9, 58.2, 34.7, 15.3; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₅₀H₄₄KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 843.2566; found 843.2537.

2-2-4. Three-component coupling reaction between 1a, 2d and water



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.004 mmol, 1.7 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry

MeCN (2.0 mL), α -methylstyrene (2d) (0.4 mmol, 52 μ L) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in water bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **5ada** (79%, major/minor = 54:46). Isomers of **5ada** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 4:1) and preparative TLC (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 2:1). (2R, 3R, 4R, 5R, 6R)-2-((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-(2-hydroxy-2phenylpropyl)tetrahydro-2*H*-pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (5ada) major isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f = 0.33$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.14 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.61–7.55 (m, 3 H), 7.52– 7.46 (m, 3 H), 7.43–7.41 (m, 4 H), 7.38 (pseudo-t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.34–7.31 (m, 4 H), 7.27-7.25 (m, 1 H), 5.80 (dd, J = 8.4, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.78 (pseudo-t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.57 (dd, J = 4.2, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.59 (dd, J = 10.8, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.52–4.47 (m, 2 H), 4.25 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.72 (s, 1 H), 2.58 (dd, J = 15.0, 11.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.32 (d, J = 14.4 Hz, 1 H), 1.60 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) & 166.1, 165.4, 165.27, 165.25, 146.8, 133.6, 133.4, 133.2, 129.9, 129.8, 129.73, 129.67, 129.6, 129.2, 128.82, 128.78, 128.53, 128.51, 128.48, 128.47, 126.8, 124.7, 75.1, 72.1, 71.7, 71.0, 69.2, 67.9, 62.8, 40.8, 31.6; HRMS (ESI) m/z calc for C₄₃H₃₈KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 753.2097; found 753.2086.

5ada minor isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f = 0.27$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.11 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 8.04 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.96 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.60–7.56 (m, 2H), 7.54–7.51 (m, 2H), 7.47–7.36 (m, 9H), 7.31–7.26 (m, 3H), 6.00 (*pseudo-t*, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.79 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 5.68 (s, 1H), 4.61 (dt, J = 9.6, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.50–4.42 (m, 2H), 4.37 (ddd, J = 9.0, 5.4, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (s, 1H), 2.60 (dd, J = 15.0, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (dd, J = 14.4, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 1.72 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.2, 165.6, 165.3, 165.25, 147.3, 133.5, 133.4, 133.3, 133.1, 129.80, 129.78, 129.76, 129.71, 129.68, 129.4, 128.9, 128.5, 128.51, 128.44, 128.41, 128.37, 128.35, 126.9, 124.5, 73.7, 73.3, 72.4, 70.8, 69.9, 67.4, 63.0, 41.6, 29.8; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₃H₃₈KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 753.2097; found 753.2082.

2-2-5. Three-component coupling reaction between 1a, 2b and water



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.004 mmol, 1.7 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry

MeCN (2.0 mL), styrene (**2b**) (0.4 mmol, 46 μ L) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in water bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **5aba** (56%, major/minor = 63:37). **5aba** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 3:1) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃).

3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (5aba) major isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f = 0.23$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.11 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.02–8.00 (m, 4 H), 7.91 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.60–7.49 (m, 4 H), 7.45–7.38 (m, 6 H), 7.37–7.32 (m, 6 H), 7.31–7.26 (m, 1 H), 5.86 (*pseudo*-t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.82 (dd, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.69 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.95–4.91 (m, 2 H), 4.72 (dt, J = 10.8, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.52 (dd, J = 12.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.41 (td, J = 6.6, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.79 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.28 (ddd, J = 13.2, 10.8, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.17 (ddd, J = 14.4, 9.6, 3.6 Hz, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.6, 165.5, 165.43, 165.38, 143.9, 133.6, 133.42, 133.35, 133.3, 129.9, 129.81, 129.75, 129.73, 129.6, 129.4, 128.9, 128.6, 128.5, 127.7, 125.6, 72.0, 71.3, 70.8, 69.9, 69.4, 68.2, 62.6, 38.8; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calc for C₄₂H₃₆KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 739.1940; found 739.1935.

5aba minor isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f = 0.17$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.12 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.01 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.00 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.86 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.60–7.53 (m, 3 H), 7.49–7.47 (m, 1 H), 7.44–7.36 (m, 10 H), 7.33–7.29 (m, 3 H), 5.96 (*pseudo-t*, J = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.81 (dd, J = 9.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.66 (*pseudo-t*, J = 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.05–5.02 (m, 1 H), 4.69 (dd, J = 12.0, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.63 (dd, J = 12.0, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.55 (ddd, J = 9.0, 6.6, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.50 (dt, J = 10.8, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.94 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.56 (ddd, J = 14.4, 4.8, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.14 (dt, J = 14.4, 4.2 Hz, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.3, 165.54, 165.51, 165.37, 143.21, 133.6, 133.43, 133.38, 133.17, 129.83, 129.79, 129.74, 129.72, 129.6, 129.3, 128.8, 128.6, 128.53, 128.50, 128.48, 128.42, 127.9, 125.8, 74.4, 73.0, 71.5, 71.2, 69.7, 67.6, 63.0, 37.9; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₂H₃₆KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 739.1940; found 739.1949.

2-2-6. Three-component coupling reaction between 1b, 2b and water



Glycosyl bromide 1b (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.004 mmol, 1.7 mg), and

potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry acetone (2.0 mL), styrene (**2b**) (0.4 mmol, 46 μ L) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in water bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **5bba** (57%, major/minor = 67:33). **5bba** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 3:1) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃).

(2R,3S,4R,5S,6R)-2-((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-(2-hydroxy-2-phenylethyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-

3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (5bba) major isomer : TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f = 0.27$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.09 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.04–7.96 (m, 6 H), 7.61–7.54 (m, 4 H), 7.46–7.39 (m, 8 H), 7.31–7.28 (m, 4 H), 7.25–7.22 (m, 1 H), 5.96 (*pseudo-t*, J = 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.80 (dd, J = 7.2, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.69 (dd, J = 6.6, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.28 (s, 1 H), 4.93 (dt, J = 10.8, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.88–4.83 (m, 1 H), 4.70–4.65 (m, 1 H), 4.36 (dd, J = 12.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.19 (s, 1 H), 2.17 (ddd, J = 13.8, 10.8, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 1.99–1.93 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 167.0, 165.3, 165.23, 165.20, 144.1, 133.6, 133.5, 133.46, 129.84, 129.83, 129.75, 129.73, 129.4, 128.94, 128.91, 128.59, 128.57, 128.54, 128.5, 128.48, 127.43, 125.5, 70.9, 70.1, 69.6, 68.5, 67.8, 67.4, 61.5, 37.5; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₂H₃₆KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 739.1940; found 739.1915.

5bba minor isomer : TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f = 0.22$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.09 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.01 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.99 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.78 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.47–7.39 (m, 6 H), 7.36–7.25 (m, 7 H), 6.00 (m, 1 H), 5.81 (dd, J = 8.0, 3.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.74 (dd, J = 8.0, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.97 (*pseudo*-t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.90–4.84 (m, 1 H), 4.80–4.75 (m, 1 H), 4.68 (dd, J = 11.4, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.48 (dd, J = 12.0, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.95 (s, 1 H), 2.49–2.42 (m, 1 H), 1.99 (dd, J = 15.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.4, 165.4, 165.53, 165.33, 165.32, 143.37, 133.61, 133.59, 133.4, 133.3, 129.9, 129.8, 128.92, 128.88, 128.83, 128.61, 128.55, 128.49, 128.46, 127.8, 125.8, 73.1, 71.5, 69.9, 69.3, 68.6, 68.1, 62.2, 35.9; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₂H₃₆KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 739.1940; found 739.1920.

2-2-7. Three-component coupling reaction between 1c, 2b and water



Glycosyl bromide **1c** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry

MeCN (2.0 mL), styrene (**2b**) (0.4 mmol, 46 μ L) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in water bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **5cba** (67%, major/minor = 66:34). **5cba** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 3:1) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃).

3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (5cba) major isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f = 0.25$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.09 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.02 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.90 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.59–7.51 (m, 3 H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.45–7.36 (m, 6 H), 7.33–7.28 (m, 4 H), 7.27–7.24 (m, 3 H), 5.84 (*pseudo-t*, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.48–5.44 (m, 2 H), 4.98 (dd, J = 12.0, 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.90–4.85 (m, 2 H), 4.50–4.46 (m, 1 H), 4.44 (dd, J = 12.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.81 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.34–2.28 (m, 1 H), 2.04–1.97 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.7, 165.4, 165.3, 165.1, 144.1, 133.5, 133.4, 129.93, 129.85, 129.93, 129.85, 129.76, 129.73, 129.4, 129.1, 128.81, 128.78, 128.54, 128.51, 128.4, 128.3, 127.6, 125.6, 71.8, 70.1, 69.6, 69.2, 68.5, 67.8, 62.4, 37.2; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₂H₃₆KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 739.1940; found 739.1925.

5cba minor isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1): $R_f = 0.20$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.10 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.93 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.56–7.47 (m, 4 H), 7.43 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.40–7.29 (m,10 H), 7.28–7.24 (m, 1 H), 5.92 (*pseudo-t*, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.53 (*pseudo-t*, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.45 (dd, J = 7.8, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.96 (dd, J = 7.8, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.69 (dd, J = 12.0, 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.66–4.55 (m, 3 H), 2.91 (s, 1 H), 2.59–2.51 (m, 1 H), 2.03–1.98 (m, 1 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.3, 165.4, 165.3, 165.25, 143.4, 133.54, 133.48, 133.4, 133.2, 129.9, 129.8, 129.5, 128.82, 128.78, 128.6, 128.51, 128.47, 128.44, 128.39, 127.8, 125.8, 73.2, 71.7, 70.8, 70.3, 69.7, 68.9, 62.9, 35.9; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₂H₃₆KO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 739.1940; found 739.1920.

2-3-1. Four-component coupling reaction between 1a, 2b, acetonitrile, and water



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL), styrene (**2b**) (0.4 mmol, 46 μ L) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were

performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in ice bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of 6aba (96%, major/minor = 71:29). 6aba was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = $3:1 \rightarrow 2:1 \rightarrow 3:2$) and preparative GPC (eluent: (2R,3R,4R,5R,6R)-2-(2-acetamido-2-phenylethyl)-6-((benzoyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-CHCl₃). 2H-pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (6aba) major isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1): R_f = 0.36; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.13 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.99 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.95 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.79 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.59–7.55 (m, 2 H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.49 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 Hz, 2 H), 7.59 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 Hz, 1 H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.40–7.27 (m, 11 H), 6.41 (br, 1 H), 5.90 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.76 (dd, J = 8.4, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.64–5.62 (m, 1 H), 5.38–5.33 (m, 1 H), 5.38–5.33 (m, 1 H), 4.58–4.51 (m, 2 H), 4.40–4.32 (m, 2 H), 2.52–2.46 (m, 1 H), 2.29 (ddd, *J* = 14.4, 7.2, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.96 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 169.6, 166.1, 165.4, 165.3, 165.2, 141.3, 133.4, 133.33, 133.30, 133.1, 129.65, 129.58, 129.56, 129.1, 128.73, 128.69, 128.41, 128.40, 128.3, 127.4, 126.2, 71.9, 71.2, 69.6, 67.6, 62.7, 50.7, 34.6, 23.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z calc for C44H39KNO10 [M+K]⁺ 780.2206; found 780.2179.

6aba minor isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1): $R_f = 0.30$; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.18 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.99 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.59–7.49 (m, 3 H), 7.46–7.40 (m, 3 H), 7.40–7.24 (m, 11 H), 6.06 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 6.00–5.94 (m, 1 H), 5.81 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.60 (s, 1 H), 5.23–5.17 (m, 1 H), 4.75–4.67 (m, 2 H), 4.62 (dd, J = 12.0, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 3.93 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.94 (td, J = 14.4, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.11–2.04 (m, 1 H), 2.01 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 169.5, 166.2, 165.6, 165.5, 165.4, 139.3, 133.4, 133.3, 133.2, 133.0, 129.9, 129.81, 129.79, 129.73, 129.65, 129.3, 129.1, 128.9, 128.42, 128.37, 128.3, 128.2, 127.1, 72.7, 71.8, 70.44, 70.38, 67.1, 63.2, 51.1, 34.1, 23.3; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₄H₃₉KNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 780.2206; found 780.2183.





Glycosyl bromide **1b** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL), styrene (**2b**) (0.4 mmol, 46 μ L) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were

performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in ice bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of 6bba (79%, major/minor = 78:22). 6bba was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = $3:2 \rightarrow 5:4$) and preparative GPC (eluent: (2R,3S,4R,5S,6R)-2-(2-acetamido-2-phenylethyl)-6-((benzoyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-CHCl₃). 2H-pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (6bba) major isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1): R_f = 0.27; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.09 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.05 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.92 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.81 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.62–7.56 (m, 3 H), 7.54 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.49–7.40 (m, 6 H), 7.37 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.31–7.21 (m, 5 H), 6.67 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.95 (s, 1 H), 5.72 (dd, J = 7.2, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.55–5.48 (m, 1 H), 5.40–5.34 (m, 1 H), 4.73–4.66 (m, 2 H), 4.49 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.47– $4.42 \text{ (m, 1 H)}, 2.38-2.31 \text{ (m, 1 H)}, 2.11 \text{ (dd, } J = 15.0, 6.6 \text{ Hz}, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (CDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; {}^{13}\text{C} \text{ NMR} \text{ (cDCl}_3, 1 \text{ H)}, 1.92 \text{ (s, 3 H)}; 1.92 \text$ 150 MHz) & 169.2, 166.2, 165.3, 165.2, 165.0, 141.0, 133.6, 133.5133.4, 133.3, 129.8, 129.7, 129.57, 129.56, 129.3, 128.70, 128.69, 128.66, 128.6, 128.50, 128.46, 128.4, 127.2, 125.9, 70.6, 70.1, 68.6, 68.4, 67.5, 50.4, 33.4, 23.2; HRMS (ESI) m/z calc for C44H39KNO10 [M+K]⁺ 780.2206; found 780.2190.

6bba (minor): TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1): $R_f = 0.20$; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.13 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.00 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.81 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.60–7.52 (m, 3 H), 7.49–7.39 (m, 7 H), 7.31–7.25 (m, 5 H), 7.21–7.17 (m, 2 H), 6.00 (s, 1 H), 5.89–5.82 (m, 2 H), 5.73 (dd, J = 9.0, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.21–5.14 (m, 1H), 4.90–4.84 (m, 1 H), 4.80 (dd, J = 11.4, 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.39 (dd, J = 11.4, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.32–4.25 (m, 1 H), 2.75–2.65 (m, 1 H), 2.03–1.94 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 169.2, 166.3, 165.43, 165.36, 165.3, 139.8, 133.50, 133.49, 133.3, 133.1, 129.87, 129.86, 129.8, 129.7, 129.6, 129.04, 128.96, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 126.9, 69.7, 69.3, 69.2, 68.8, 68.6, 62.6, 51.2, 32.0, 23.3; HRMS (ESI) *m*/*z* calc for C₄₄H₃₉KNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 780.2206; found 780.2191.





Glycosyl bromide 1c (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL), styrene (2b) (0.4 mmol, 46 μ L) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were

performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in ice bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of 6cba (66%, major/minor = 76:24). 6cba was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 7:4) (2R,3S,4R,5R,6R)-2-(2-acetamido-2phenylethyl)-6-((benzoyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (6cba) major isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1): $R_f = 0.23$; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.10 (dd, J = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.03 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.90 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.83 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 2 H), □ 7.58 (dd, J = 13.8, 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.49 (dd, J = 13.8, 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.46–7.41 (m, 4 H), 7.35 (pseudo-t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.28–7.21 (m, 7 H), 6.45 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.79 (pseudo-t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.30 (dd, J = 7.2, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.37 (td, J = 7.8, 3.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.48 (*pseudo-t*, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.55–4.52 (m, 2 H), 4.48 (ddd, J = 11.4, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.44 (dd, J = 11.4, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.48 (ddd, J = 14.4, 10.2, 10.2)3.6 Hz, 1 H), 2.31 (ddd, J = 15.0, 7.2, 1.6 Hz, 1 H), 1.94 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 169.3, 166.3, 165.3, 165.2, 165.1, 141.0, 133.6, 133.5, 133.4, 133.3, 129.94, 129.86, 129.75, 129.69, 129.5, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.51, 128.46, 128.3, 127.4, 126.1, 71.4, 70.4, 69.3, 68.7, 68.5, 62.6, 50.4, 33.3, 23.4; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₄H₃₉KNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 780.2206; found 780.2208. **6cba** minor isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1): $R_f = 0.23$; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.14 (d, J =9.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.96–7.94 (m, 4 H), 7.87 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2 H), 7.59–7.27 (m, 15 H), 7.23–7.20 (m, 2 H), 5.98 (pseudo-t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.81 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.59 (pseudo-t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.41 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.18 (ddd, *J* = 11.4, 7.2, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 4.73 (ddd, *J* = 9.0, 6.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.64 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.57 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.42 (ddd, *J* = 12.0, 6.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 2.82 (ddd, J = 14.4, 12.0, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.07–2.04 (m, 1 H), 2.02 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) 8 169.4, 166.3, 165.7, 165.3, 165.1, 139.5, 133.45, 133.37, 133.2, 133.0, 129.91, 129.85, 129.80, 129.75, 129.67, 129.1, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.37, 128.33, 128.31, 128.1, 127.0, 126.0, 70.9, 70.5, 69.9, 69.8, 69.2, 63.2, 51.0, 31.8, 29.7, 23.3; HRMS (ESI) m/z calc for C₄₄H₃₉KNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 780.2206; found 780.2182.

2-3-4. Four-component coupling reaction between 1a, 2b, propionitrile, and water



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry propionitrile (2.0 mL), styrene (**2b**) (0.4 mmol, 46 μ L) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing

were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in ice bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with $CHCl_3$, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **6abb** (78%, major/minor = 71:29). **6abb** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 1:1) and preparative GPC (eluent: $CHCl_3$).

(2*R*,3*R*,4*R*,5*R*,6*R*)-2-((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-(2-phenyl-2-propionamidoethyl)tetrahydro-2*H*pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (6abb) major isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1): $R_f = 0.43$; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.12 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.99 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.61–7.52 (m, 3 H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.46–7.27 (m, 13 H), 6.30 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.90 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.76 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.64–5.60 (m, 1 H), 5.39– 5.33 (m, 1 H), 4.56 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 5.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.51 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 4.40–4.31 (m, 2 H), 2.53–2.45 (m, 1 H), 2.29 (ddd, *J* = 14.4, 7.2, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.26–2.14 (m, 2 H), 1.11 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 173.1, 166.2, 165.42, 165.37, 165.3, 141.2, 133.6, 133.4, 133.2, 129.82, 129.75, 129.73, 129.67, 129.2, 128.84, 128.78, 128.5, 128.4, 127.6, 126.3, 71.6, 71.0, 69.5, 67.8, 62.6, 50.7, 34.9, 29.7, 9.7; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₅H₄₁KNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 794.2362; found 780.2376.

6abb minor isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1): $R_f = 0.42$; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.18 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.99 (d, J = 7.8 Hz 2 H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.8 Hz 2 H), 7.81 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.59–7.51 (m, 3 H), 7.45–7.27 (m, 14 H), 6.06 (*pseudo-t*, J = 9.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.81–5.79 (m, 2 H), 5.59 (*pseudo-t*, J = 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.20 (ddd, J = 10.8, 6.6, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 4.72 (ddd, J = 9.6, 5.4, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.69 (dd, J = 12.0 Hz, 2.4 Hz 1 H), 4.62 (dd, J = 12.0 Hz, 5.4 Hz 1 H), 3.92–3.89 (dt, J = 11.4, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.00–2.95 (m, 1 H), 2.23–2.21 (m, 2 H), 2.06 (ddd, J = 12.6, 10.8, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.20 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 173.1, 166.3, 165.7, 165.53, 165.46, 139.4, 129.91, 129.87, 129.8, 129.7, 129.4, 129.2, 128.9, 128.46, 128.42, 128.39, 128.3, 127.2, 72.9, 71.9, 70.52, 70.50, 67.1, 63.3, 51.2, 34.1. 29.7, 9.7; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₅H₄₁KNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 794.2362; found 794.2340.





Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry

MeCN (2.0 mL) and 4-fluorostyrene (2e) (0.4 mmol, 48 µL) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in ice bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **6aea** (77%, major/minor = 79:21). **6aea** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = $2:1 \rightarrow 3:2 \rightarrow 1:1$) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃). (2R,3R,4R,5R,6R)-2-(2-acetamido-2-(4-fluorophenyl)ethyl)-6-((benzoyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-**2H-pyran-3,4,5-trivl tribenzoate (6aea)** major isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1): $R_f = 0.33$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.12 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 8.01 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.93 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.61–7.53 (m, 3 H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.46–7.32 (m, 8 H), 7.02 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 1 H), 6.45– 6.38 (m, 1 H), 5.86 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.77 (dd, J = 7.8, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.63–5.58 (m, 1 H), 5.36–5.30 (m, 1 H), 4.64 (dd, J = 12.0, 6.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.57 (dd, J = 12.0, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.42–4.37 (m, 1 H), 4.36– 4.31 (m, 1 H), 2.48–2.40 (m, 1 H), 2.25 (ddd, J = 15.0, 7.8, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.95 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR $(CDCl_3, 150 \text{ MHz}) \delta 169.6, 166.2, 165.4, 165.2, 162.0 \text{ (d}, J = 246.0 \text{ Hz}), 137.1, 133.49 \text{ (d}, J = 10.5 \text{ Hz})$ Hz), 133.47, 133.3, 129.74, 129.69, 129.67, 129.59, 129.55, 129.1, 128.8, 128.7, 128.5, 128.4, 115.6 (d, J = 21.0 Hz), 71.6, 71.4, 71.0, 69.5, 67.8, 62.7, 50.1, 34.8, 23.2; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 565 MHz) δ 46.9 (tt, J = 8.5, 5.1 Hz); HRMS (ESI) m/z calc for C₄₄H₃₈FKNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 798.2111; found 798.2099. **6aea** minor isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1): $R_f = 0.23$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.17 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.99 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.97 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.83 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.60–7.50 (m, 3 H), 7.48–7.41 (m, 3 H), 7.40–7.35 (m, 4 H), 7.31–7.25 (m, 4 H), 7.01 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 6.04 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.91–5.87 (br, 1 H), 5.79 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.60–5.57 (m, 1 H), 5.21–5.16 (m, 1 H), 4.71–4.61 (m, 3 H), 3.93 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.94 (td, J = 14.4, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 2.08–2.01 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 169.5, 166.2, 165.6, 165.5, 165.4, 162.3 (d, J = 246.0 Hz), 135.25, 133.4 (d, J = 9.0 Hz), 133.3, 133.0, 129.87, 129.83, 129.80, 129.74, 129.66, 129.2, 128.85, 128.83, 128.80, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 116.0 (d, *J* = 22.5 Hz), 72.5, 71.7, 70.6, 70.32, 67.2, 63.2, 50.5, 34.3, 23.3; ¹⁹F NMR (CDCl₃, 565 MHz) δ 48.2 (tt, J = 8.5, 5.1 Hz); HRMS (ESI) m/z calc for C₄₄H₃₈FKNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 798.2111; found 798.2096.

2-3-6. Four-component coupling reaction between 1a, 2f, acetonitrile, and water



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry acetonitrile (2.0 mL), 4-chlorostyrene (**2f**) (0.4 mmol, 51 μ L) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in ice bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **6afa** (84%, major/minor = 73:27). **6afa** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 2:1 \rightarrow 3:2 \rightarrow 1:1) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃). (**2R**,**3R**,**4R**,**5R**,**6R**)-**2-(2-acetamido-2-(4-chlorophenyl)ethyl)-6-**

((benzoyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (6afa) major isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1) $R_f = 0.28$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.12 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.99 (d, J =7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.61–7.49 (m, 4 H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.42–7.33 (m, 6 H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 6.58–6.52 (m, 1 H), 5.86 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.79–5.74 (m, 1 H), 5.62–5.88 (br, 1 H), 5.34–5.28 (m, 1 H), 4.65 (dd, J = 12.6, 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 4.57 (dd, J = 12.0 Hz, 1 H), 4.43-4.38 (m, 1 H), 4.37-4.31 (m, 1 H), 2.48-2.40 (m, 1 H), 2.24 (ddd, J = 15.0, 7.8, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 1.93 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 169.7, 166.1, 165.39, 165.35, 165.2, 140.0, 133.5, 133.44, 133.42, 133.2, 133.1, 129.67, 129.64, 129.61, 129.52, 129.47, 129.0, 128.76, 128.66, 128.57, 128.45, 128.42, 128.37, 127.6, 71.4, 70.9, 69.5, 67.7, 62.6, 50.0, 34.5, 23.1; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₄H₃₈ClKNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 814.1816; found 814.1797. **6afa** minor isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1) $R_f = 0.16$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.16 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.99 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.60–7.54 (m, 2 H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.48–7.42 (m, 3 H), 7.40–7.35 (m, 4 H), 7.32–7.27 (m, 4 H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 6.03 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.99 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.80 (dd, J = 9.6, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.59 (s, 1 H), 5.21–5.15 (m, 1 H), 4.71–4.63 (m, 3 H), 3.95 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 1 H), 2.86 (td, J = 14.4, 4.2 Hz, 1 H), 2.08–1.99 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 169.5, 166.2, 165.6, 165.5, 165.4, 138.0, 133.9, 133.47, 133.41, 133.3, 133.1, 129.81, 129.79, 129.74, 129.65, 129.23, 129.16, 128.79, 128.76, 128.48, 128.47, 128.42, 128.35, 72.4, 71.6, 70.6, 70.3, 67.1, 63.1, 50.5, 34.2, 23.2; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₄H₃₈ClKNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 814.1816; found 814.1774.

2-3-7. Four-component coupling reaction between 1a, 2g, acetonitrile, and water



Glycosyl bromide 1a (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry acetonitrile (2.0 mL), 4-methylstyrene (2g) (0.4 mmol, 54 μ L) and water (1.0 mmol, 18 μ l) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in ice bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of 6aga (67%, major/minor = 81:19). 6aga was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = $3:2 \rightarrow 1:1$) and preparative GPC (eluent: CHCl₃). (2R,3R,4R,5R,6R)-2-(2-acetamido-2-(p-tolyl)ethyl)-6-((benzoyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,4,5-triyl tribenzoate (6aga) major isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1) R_f = 0.32.¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.12 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.00–7.94 (m, 4 H), 7.81 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.60– 7.55 (m, 2 H), 7.53 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.41–7.36 (m, 4 H), 7.31 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2 H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 6.28 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 Hz, 2 H), 6.28 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 Hz, 2 H), 6.28 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 Hz, Hz, 1 H), 5.93 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 5.76 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 1 H), 5.66–5.62 (m, 1 H), 5.35–5.29 (m, 1 H), 4.58–4.50 (m, 2 H), 4.40–4.35 (m, 1 H), 4.35–4.30 (m, 1 H), 2.54–2.46 (m, 1 H), 2.33 (s, 3 H), 2.28 (ddd, J = 14.4, 7.2, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 1.96 (s, 3 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 169.5, 166.1, 165.41, 165.36, 165.2, 138.3, 137.1, 133.4, 133.31, 133.27, 133.0, 129.7, 129.61, 129.58, 129.4, 129.2, 128.8, 128.7, 128.41, 128.39, 128.33, 128.30, 126.2, 72.2, 71.3, 71.0, 69.7, 67.6, 62.8, 50.4, 34.6, 23.2, 21.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₅H₄₁KNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 794.2362; found 794.2350.

6aga minor isomer: TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 1:1) $R_f = 0.19$. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.18 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.98 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 4 H), 7.82 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H), 7.59–7.53 (m, 2 H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.46–7.41 (m, 3 H), 7.37 (dd, J = 17.4, 8.4 Hz, 4 H), 7.29–7.24 (m, 2 H), 7.20 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.13 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 6.07 (t, J = 9.6 Hz, 1 H), 5.88 (br, 1 H), 5.80 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.60 (s, 1 H), 5.20–5.12 (m, 1 H), 4.77–4.67 (m, 2 H), 4.62 (dd, J = 12.0, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 3.92 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 1 H), 3.01–2.91 (m, 1 H), 2.30 (s, 3 H), 2.08–1.98 (m, 4 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 169.4, 166.2, 165.7, 165.5, 165.4, 138.1, 136.2, 133.4, 133.3, 133.2, 132.9, 130.0, 129.9, 129.83, 129.76, 129.7, 129.4, 128.9, 128.43, 128.39, 128.37, 128.3, 127.1, 72.9, 71.9, 70.5, 70.3, 67.1, 63.3, 50.9, 33.9, 23.4, 21.1; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₅H₄₁KNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 794.2362; found 794.2353.

3. Cyclic Voltammetry

Cyclic voltammetry was measured in 0.1 M Bu₄NPF₆/CH₃CN under argon atmosphere at room temperature (ca 25 °C) using glassy carbon (GC) working electrode, platinum wire counter electrode, and standard calomel electrode (SCE) as a reference electrode. Concentrations of glycosyl bromides



1a-c were 10 mM. Reduction potentials (E_{red}) of **1a-c** were determined from the first reduction peaks (**1a**: -1.87 V vs. SCE, **1b**: -1.93 V vs. SCE, **1c**: -1.93 V vs. SCE). Redox potential of ferrocene was obtained using the same electrolyte (0.43 V vs. SCE) and E_{red} of **1a-c** were corrected (E_{red} (Fc/Fc⁺) = E_{red} (SCE) - 0.43).

Figure S1. Cyclic voltammetry of glycosyl bromides.

4. Stern-Volmer Plots

BDB (4.5 mg, 0.011 mmol) was dissolved in dry acetone (10 mL). Transient absorption spectra were recorded at variable concentrations of glycosyl bromides **1** (0.02-0.01 mM for **1a**, 0.03-0.075 mM for **1b** and **1c**). Quenching rate constants of glycosyl bromides **1** were calculated as follows (mannosyl bromide **1a**: 3.23×10^{10} s⁻¹ mol⁻¹ L, galactosyl bromide **1b**: 2.38×10^{10} s⁻¹ mol⁻¹ L, glucosyl bromide **1c**: Observ ¹⁰ s⁻¹ mol⁻¹ L).







Figure S3. Stern-Volmer plot of variable concentrations of galactosyl bromide 1b.



Figure S4. Stern-Volmer plot of variable concentrations of glucosyl bromide 1c.

5. Control experiment in the presence of TEMPO



Glycosyl bromide **1a** (0.20 mmol, 132 mg), organic photocatalytic BDB (0.02 mmol, 8.3 mg), and potassium carbonate (0.40 mmol, 55.3 mg) were added to the dried Schrenk tube under argon. Dry MeCN (2.0 mL), styrene (**2b**) (0.4 mmol, 46 μ L), and 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine 1-oxyl (TEMPO) (0.4 mmol, 63 mg) were added and stirred. Then the LED ramp was attached to the Schrenk tube using a Teflon joint, and freeze degassing were performed using liquid nitrogen. The reaction was performed by irradiating LED light (wavelength: 365 nm) for 3 h in ice bath. After photo irradiation the reaction mixture was diluted with CHCl₃, concentrated under vacuum. Tetrachloroethane was added as an internal standard and ¹H NMR measurement was performed to determine NMR yield of **8a** (81%). **8a** was isolated by silica gel column (eluent: Hexane/EtOAc = 5:1). (**2R,3R,4S,5S,6R)-2-**((benzoyloxy)methyl)-6-((**2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-1-yl)oxy)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-3,4,5-**triyl tribenzoate (**8a**) TLC (Hexane/EtOAc 3:1) R_f = 0.52; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 600 MHz) δ 8.09 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.88 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 7.61–7.54

(m, 2 H), 7.51 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H), 7.44 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H), 7.42–7.36 (m, 6 H), 7.29 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H), 6.20 (t, J = 10.2 Hz, 1 H), 5.99 (s, 1 H), 5.86 (dd, J = 10.2, 3.0 Hz, 1 H), 5.44 (s, 1 H), 4.72–4.67 (m, 1 H), 4.59–4.54 (m, 1 H), 4.49 (dd, J = 12.0, 4.8 Hz, 1 H), 1.67–1.45 (m, 5H), 1.40–1.21 (m, 13 H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 150 MHz) δ 166.2, 165.7, 165.5, 165.4, 133.4, 133.3, 133.2, 133.0, 129.84, 129.80, 129.74, 129.72, 129.1, 129.0, 128.52, 128.39, 128.30, 128.29, 103.2, 70.4, 69.9, 69.7, 66.6, 61.0, 59.8, 40.5, 40.2, 33.67, 33.53, 20.9, 20.3, 17.0; HRMS (ESI) *m/z* calc for C₄₄H₄₅KNO₁₀ [M+K]⁺ 774.2675; found, .774.2659.

6. References

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¹H NMR spectra 3aa



¹H NMR spectra **3ac**



¹H NMR spectra **3ba**











¹H NMR spectra 5aaa



¹H NMR spectra 5aab





¹H NMR spectra **5ada** major







¹H NMR spectra **5aba** major







¹H NMR spectra **5bba** major



¹H NMR spectra **5bba** minor



¹H NMR spectra **5cba** major



¹H NMR spectra **5cba** minor



S37

¹H NMR spectra 6aba-major



¹H NMR spectra 6aba-minor



¹H NMR spectra **6abb** major



¹H NMR spectra **6abb** minor



¹³C NMR spectra 6abb minor



¹H NMR spectra 6aea major





¹H NMR spectra 6aea minor



¹³C NMR spectra 6aea minor







¹H NMR spectra 6afa major



¹H NMR spectra 6afa minor



¹H NMR spectra **6aga** major



S47

¹H NMR spectra 6aga minor



¹H NMR spectra **6bba** major



¹H NMR spectra **6bba** minor



¹H NMR spectra 6cba major



¹³C NMR spectra **6cba** major



¹H NMR spectra 6cba minor



¹³C NMR spectra **6cba** minor



¹H NMR spectra 8a

