

Supplementary Information

**High-Entropy Strategies Afford Transition Metal Perovskite Oxides  
with Enhanced Low-Temperature NO<sub>x</sub> Removal Efficiency**

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1 **1. Sample preparation and characterizations.**

2 Powder samples of LaBO<sub>3</sub> (B is the transition metal oxides, Co, Mn, Fe, Ni, Cr, Al,  
 3 Mo, W, the metal source was selected for the B site in ABO<sub>3</sub> because they have similar  
 4 six-coordination ionic radii) were synthesized using the citric acid sol-gel method. A  
 5 certain amount of metal nitrates (La(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O, Mn(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, Co(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O,  
 6 Ni(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O, Cr(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>·9H<sub>2</sub>O, Al(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>·9H<sub>2</sub>O, Fe(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·9H<sub>2</sub>O, Na<sub>2</sub>WO<sub>4</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O,  
 7 C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NNbO<sub>9</sub>·nH<sub>2</sub>O) were dissolved in deionized water and citric acid and ethylene  
 8 glycol were then added into the above solution and stirred for 3 h at 150 °C. When the  
 9 above solution became viscous precursors, the stirring process was stopped.  
 10 Subsequently, the viscous precursors were dried overnight at 200°C and finally  
 11 calcinated at 700 °C in air atmosphere for 6 hours. The resulting samples were marked  
 12 in the following table.

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**Samples synthesized in this work.**

	<b>Sample</b>	<b>La</b>	<b>Co</b>	<b>Mn</b>	<b>Fe</b>	<b>Ni</b>	<b>Cr</b>	<b>Al</b>	
1	La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	<b>NO</b>	HEP-no-Al
2	La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	<b>NO</b>	0.2	HEP-no-Cr
3	La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	<b>NO</b>	0.2	0.2	HEP-no-Ni
4	La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	1.0	0.2	0.2	<b>NO</b>	0.2	0.2	0.2	HEP-no-Fe
5	La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	1.0	0.2	<b>NO</b>	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	HEP-no-Mn
6	La(Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	1.0	<b>NO</b>	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	HEP-no-Co
	<b>Sample</b>	<b>La</b>	<b>Co</b>	<b>Mn</b>	<b>Fe</b>	<b>Ni</b>	<b>Cr</b>	<b>Mo</b>	<b>W</b>
7	La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	<b>NO</b>	<b>NO</b> HEP-Cr
8	La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Mo <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	<b>NO</b>	0.2	<b>NO</b> HEP-Mo
9	La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> W <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	<b>NO</b>	<b>NO</b>	0.2 HEP-W

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16 X-ray diffraction (XRD) patterns of as-prepared samples were collected by a powder  
 17 X-ray diffractometer (Rigaku Dmax-2400, RIGAKU, Japan) with Cu-Kα target. The  
 18 textural properties of as-prepared samples were investigated using a nitrogen adsorption  
 19 apparatus (ASAP2020, Micromeritics, US) at 77K. Specific surface area, pore volume  
 20 and pore size distribution were obtained by Brunauer–Emmett–Teller (BET), single  
 21 point and Barret–Joyner–Halenda (BJH) methods, respectively. Surface morphologies  
 22 of the as-prepared samples were analyzed using a field emission scanning electron  
 23 microscope (Merlin Compact, ZEISS, Germany) operating at 10 kV. Transmission  
 24 electron microscopy (TEM) images of as-prepared samples were screened on a  
 25 transmission electron microscope (JEM-2100F, JEOL, Japan) operating at 200 kV. The

26 surface chemical species of the as-prepared samples were characterized by X-ray  
27 photoelectron spectroscopy (AXIS Supra, Kratos Analytical Ltd, UK) with Al K $\alpha$   
28 radiation. H<sub>2</sub> temperature-programmed reduction (H<sub>2</sub>-TPR) and NH<sub>3</sub> temperature-  
29 programmed desorption (NH<sub>3</sub>-TPD) experiments were carried out on a chemisorption  
30 analyzer (Chem-BET Pulsar TPR/TPD, Quanta-chrome, US). The samples were firstly  
31 pretreated under a high purified N<sub>2</sub> stream at 400 °C for 1 h to remove physisorbed  
32 water and other impurities. Subsequently, a stream of NH<sub>3</sub>/N<sub>2</sub> (1 vol% NH<sub>3</sub>) was passed  
33 over the samples at room temperature, followed by purging with N<sub>2</sub> for 30 minutes. The  
34 desorption of NH<sub>3</sub> was studied by heating pre-adsorbed samples, and the spectra were  
35 recorded at stepped target temperatures by eliminating the corresponding background  
36 reference.

37 **NH<sub>3</sub>-SCR activity measurements.** The catalytic performances were tested in a  
38 fixed-bed NH<sub>3</sub>-SCR quartz reactor (6 mm of internal diameter) in the temperature range  
39 from 90 to 390 °C with a GHSV of 15000 h<sup>-1</sup>. The reaction gas mixture consisted of  
40 500 ppm NH<sub>3</sub>, 3% O<sub>2</sub> and N<sub>2</sub> in balance. Firstly, 200 mg catalyst was pretreated with  
41 N<sub>2</sub> at 200 °C for 30 minutes to eliminate physisorbed water. The concentrations of NO  
42 and NO<sub>2</sub> were obtained through a flue gas analyzer (Testo 350 Pro, Testo, Germany)  
43 when the catalytic reaction substantially reached a steady state at every target  
44 temperature. NO<sub>x</sub> conversion efficiency was calculated according to the following  
45 formula:

$$46 \quad \text{NO}_x \text{ conversion rate} = \left( 1 - \frac{[\text{NO}_x]_{out}}{[\text{NO}_x]_{in}} \right) \times 100\% , ([\text{NO}_x] = [\text{NO}] + [\text{NO}_2])$$

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## 56 **2. Supporting figures and tables.**

57 **Fig. S1** Lattice parameter (a and c) of HEP catalysts.

58 **Fig. S2** Lattice Volume of HEP catalysts.

59 **Fig. S3** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
60 La(Co<sub>0.2</sub>Mn<sub>0.2</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>Ni<sub>0.2</sub>Cr<sub>0.2</sub>)O<sub>3-δ</sub>.

61 **Fig. S4** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
62 La(Co<sub>0.2</sub>Mn<sub>0.2</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>Al<sub>0.2</sub>Cr<sub>0.2</sub>)O<sub>3-δ</sub>.

63 **Fig. S5** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
64 La(Co<sub>0.2</sub>Mn<sub>0.2</sub>Ni<sub>0.2</sub>Al<sub>0.2</sub>Cr<sub>0.2</sub>)O<sub>3-δ</sub>.

65 **Fig. S6** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
66 La(Mn<sub>0.2</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>Ni<sub>0.2</sub>Al<sub>0.2</sub>Cr<sub>0.2</sub>)O<sub>3-δ</sub>.

67 **Fig. S7** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
68 La(Co<sub>0.2</sub>Mn<sub>0.2</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>Ni<sub>0.2</sub>Al<sub>0.2</sub>)O<sub>3-δ</sub>.

69 **Fig. S8** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
70 La(Co<sub>0.2</sub>Mn<sub>0.2</sub>Ni<sub>0.2</sub>Al<sub>0.2</sub>Cr<sub>0.2</sub>)O<sub>3-δ</sub>.

71 **Fig. S9** TEM of La(Co<sub>0.2</sub>Mn<sub>0.2</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>Ni<sub>0.2</sub>Cr<sub>0.2</sub>)O<sub>3-δ</sub>.

72 **Fig. S10** TEM of La(Co<sub>0.2</sub>Mn<sub>0.2</sub>Fe<sub>0.2</sub>Ni<sub>0.2</sub>Mo<sub>0.2</sub>)O<sub>3-δ</sub>.

73 **Fig. S11** The Surface valence states of the A and B-site elements.

74 **Fig. S12** H<sub>2</sub>-TPR spectra of HEP-Cr\Mo\W catalysts.

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76 **Table S1** BET surface area and pore size of HEP catalysts.

77 **Table S2** XPS data for all the samples.

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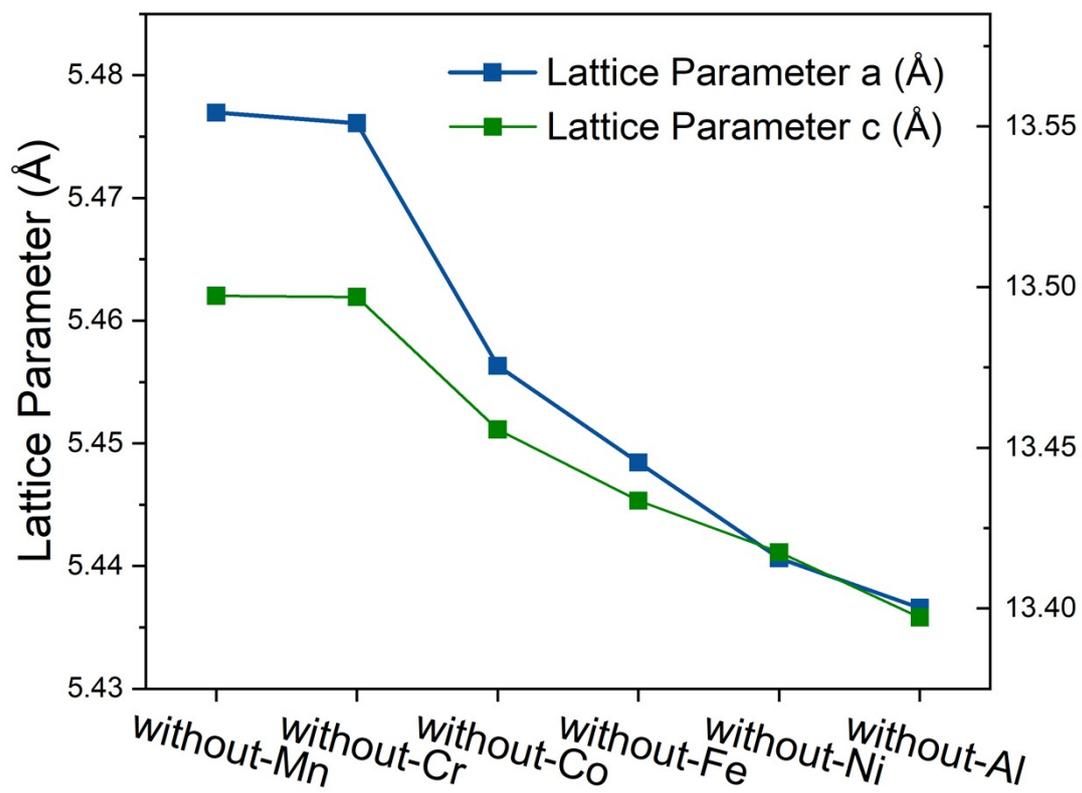
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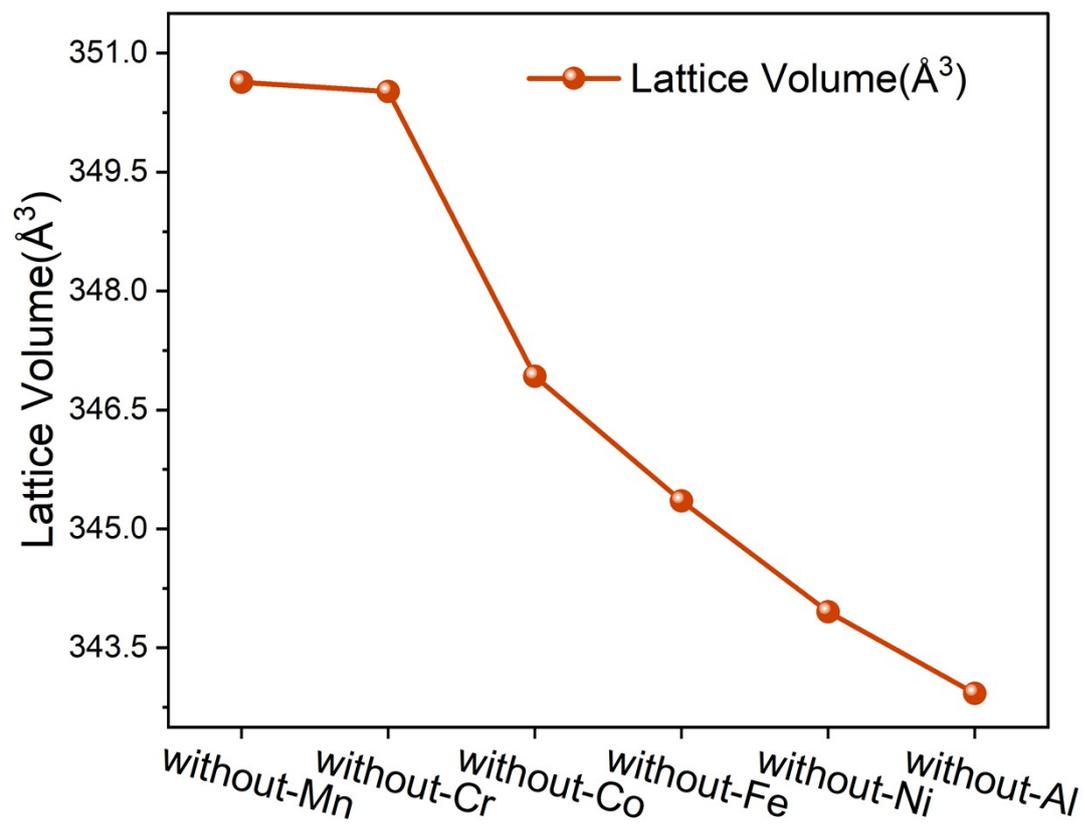
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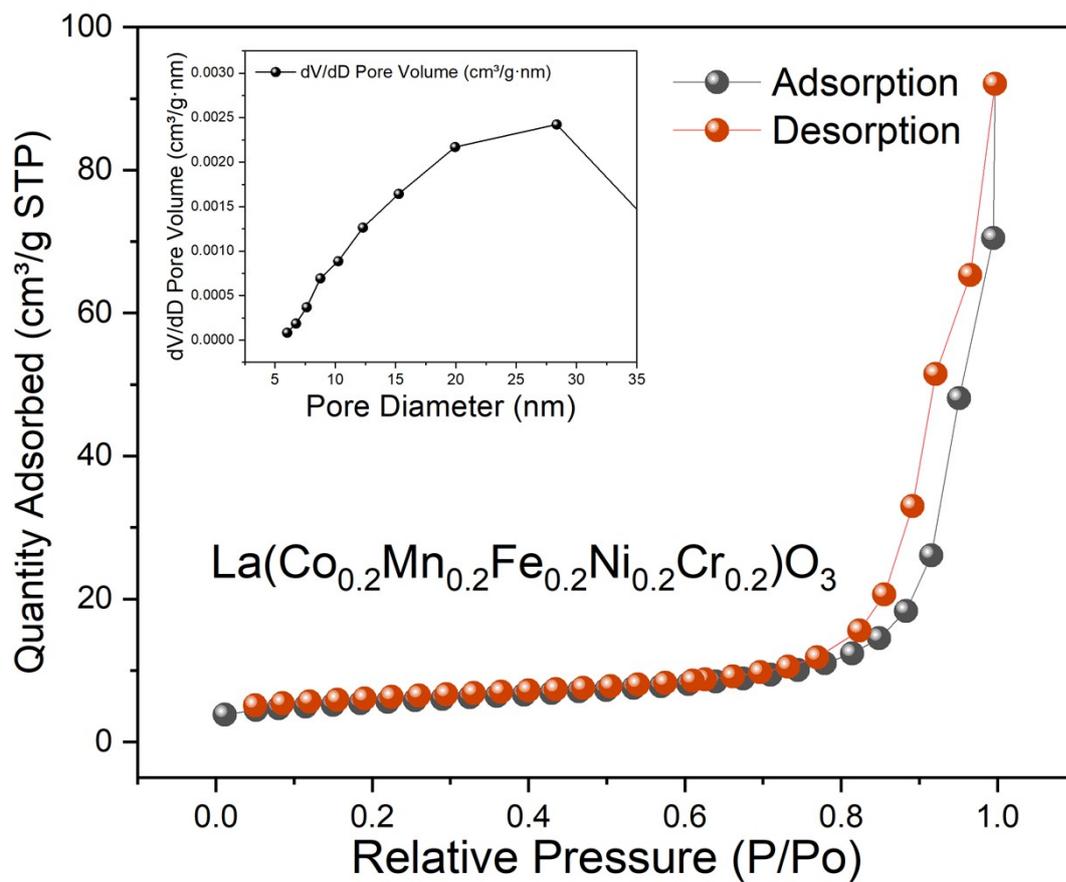
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87 Fig. S1 Lattice parameter (a and c) of HEP catalysts.

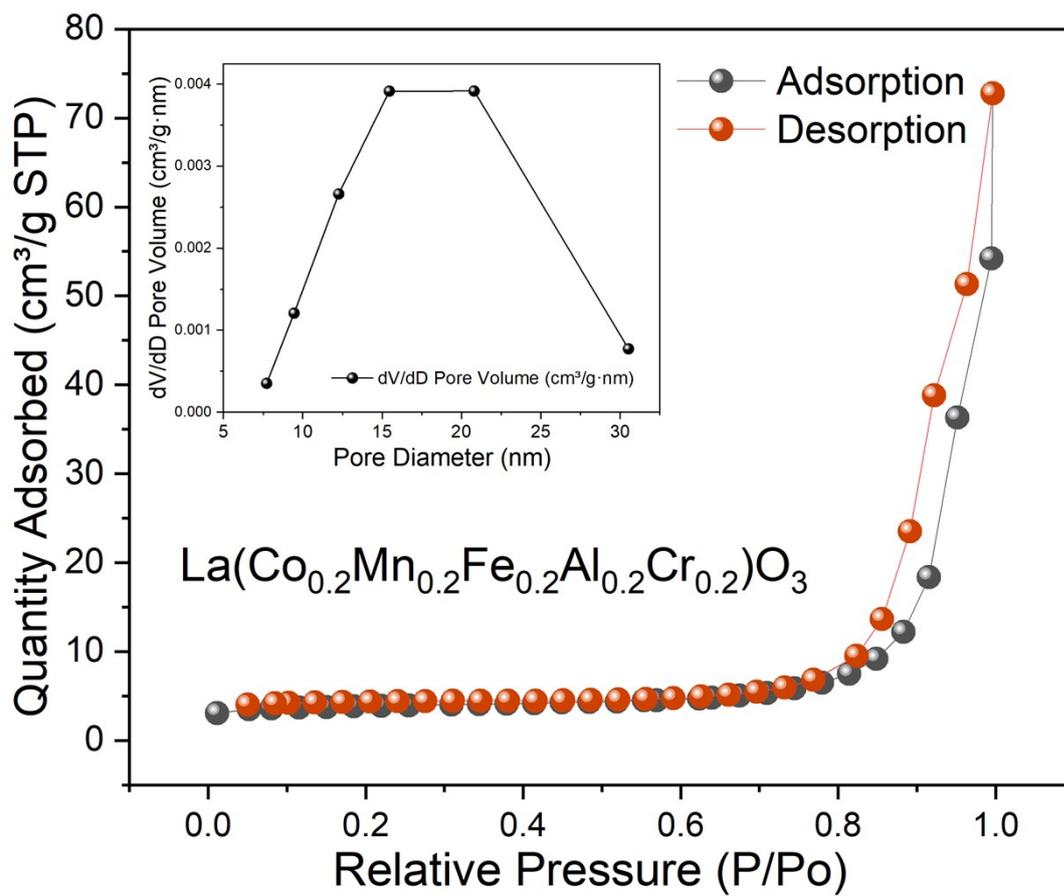


88 Fig. S2 Lattice Volume of HEP catalysts.

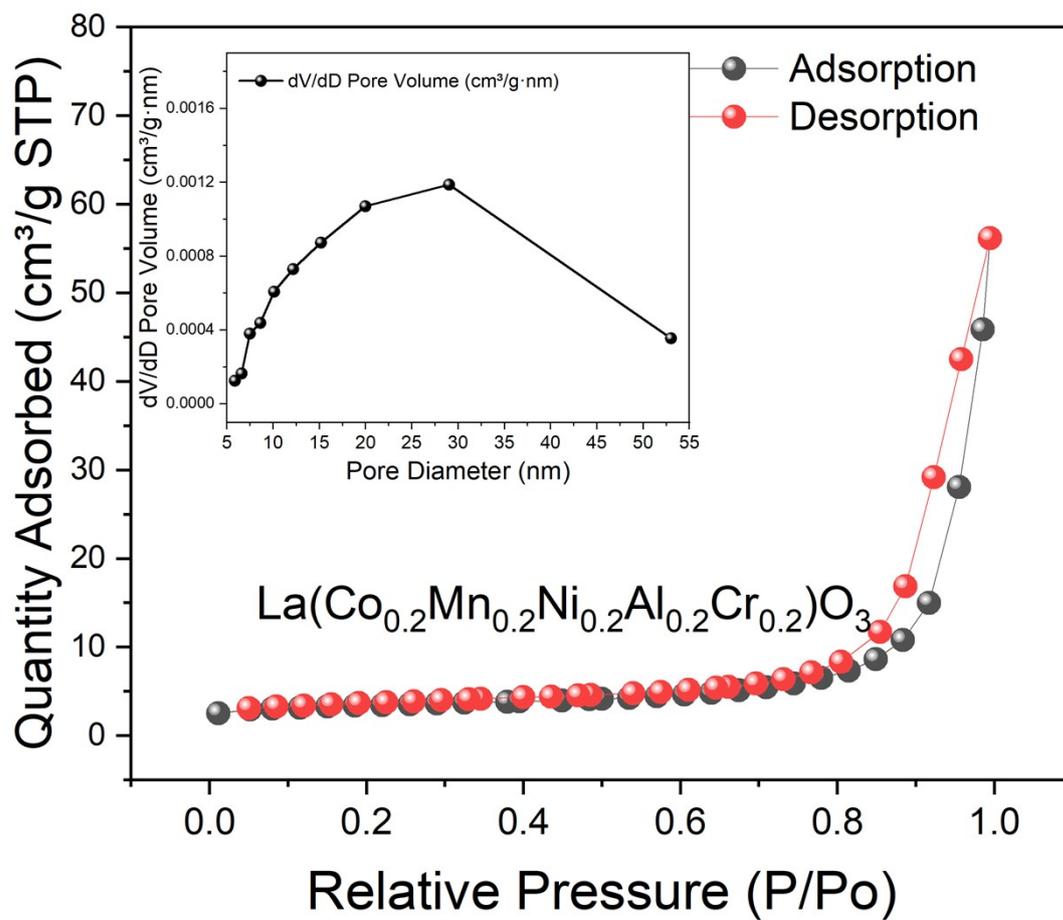


89 **Fig. S3** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
 90  $\text{La}(\text{Co}_{0.2}\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{Ni}_{0.2}\text{Cr}_{0.2})\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ .

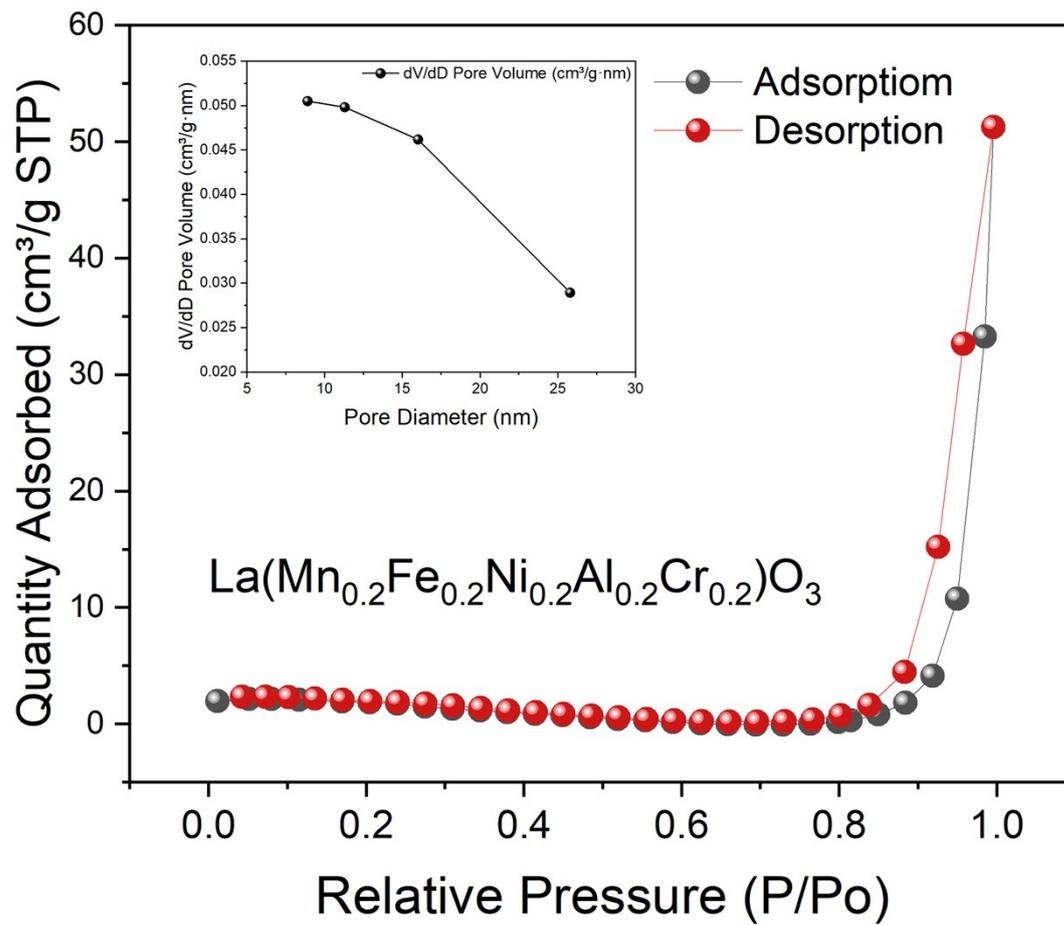
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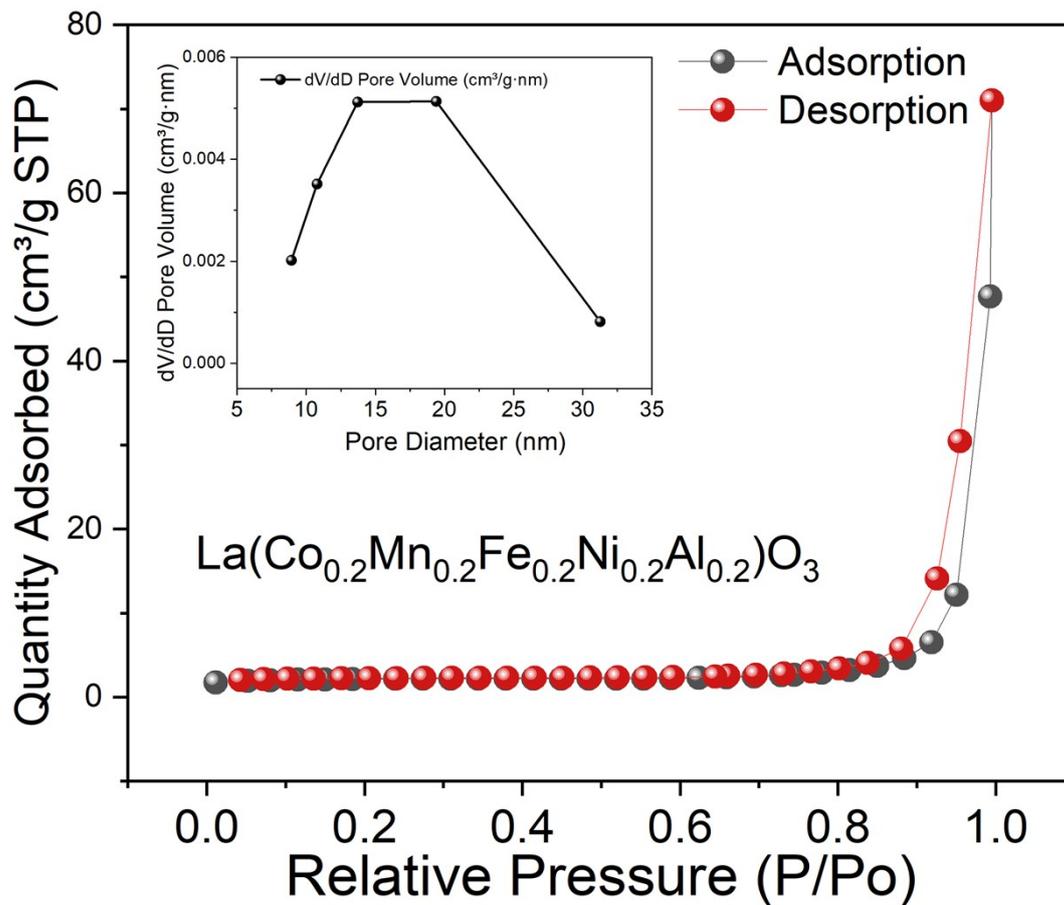
92 **Fig. S4** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
 93  $\text{La}(\text{Co}_{0.2}\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{Al}_{0.2}\text{Cr}_{0.2})\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ .



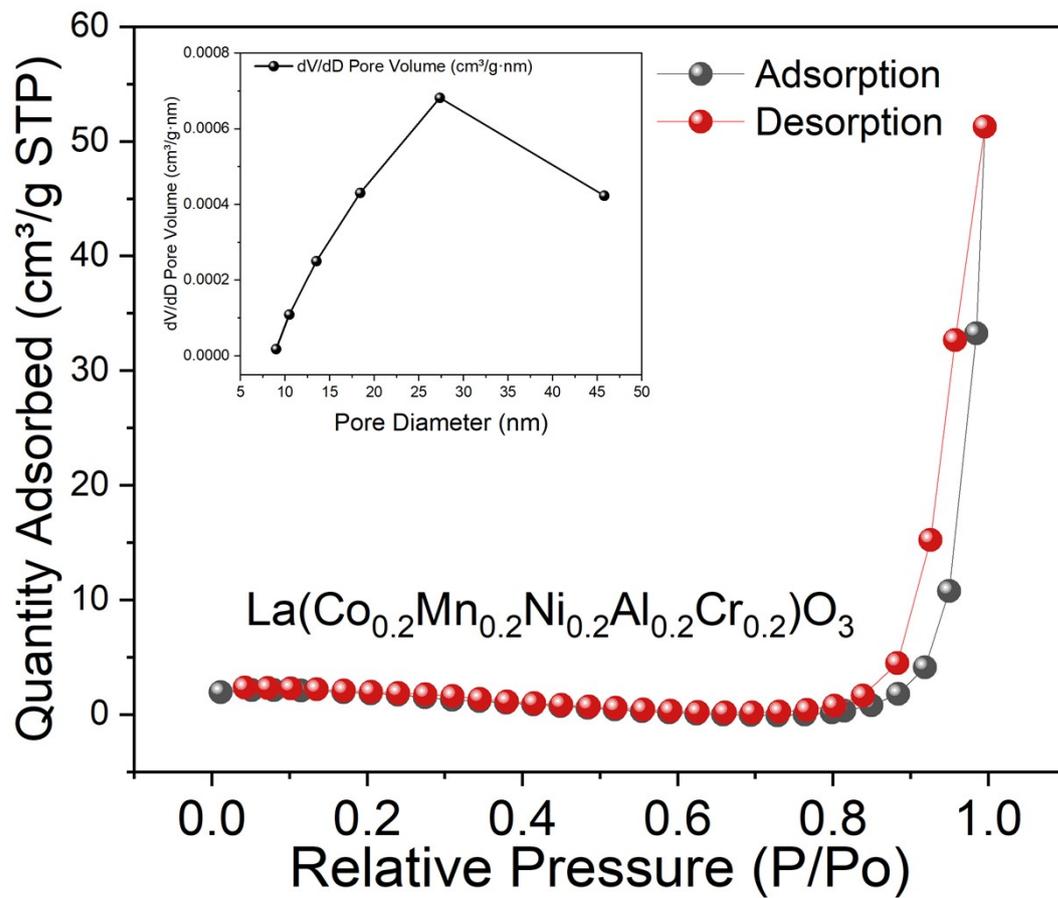
94 **Fig. S5** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
 95  $\text{La}(\text{Co}_{0.2}\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Ni}_{0.2}\text{Al}_{0.2}\text{Cr}_{0.2})\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ .



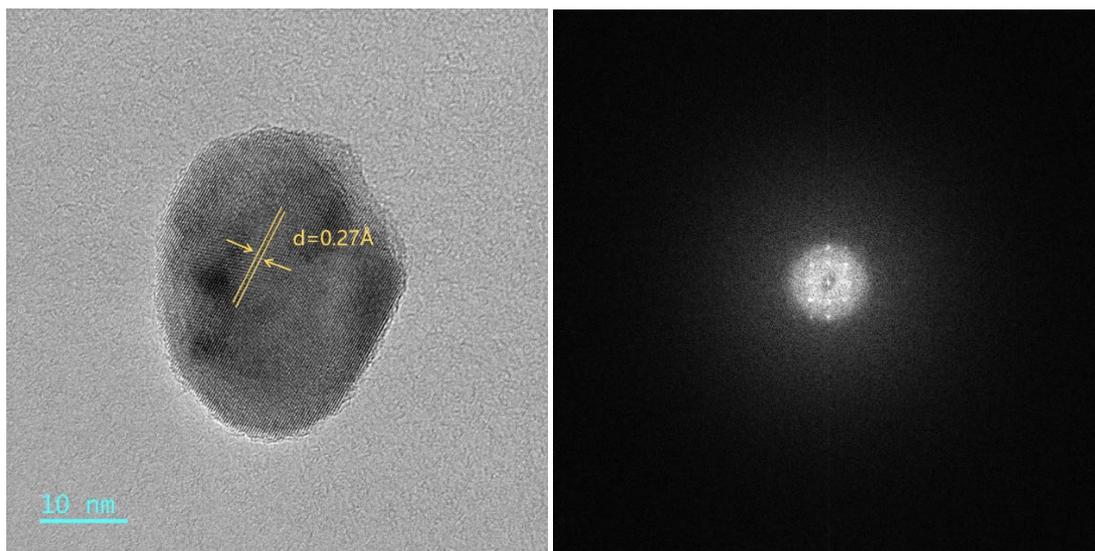
96 **Fig. S6** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
 97  $\text{La}(\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{Ni}_{0.2}\text{Al}_{0.2}\text{Cr}_{0.2})\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ .



98 Fig. S7 N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
 99  $\text{La}(\text{Co}_{0.2}\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{Ni}_{0.2}\text{Al}_{0.2})\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ .



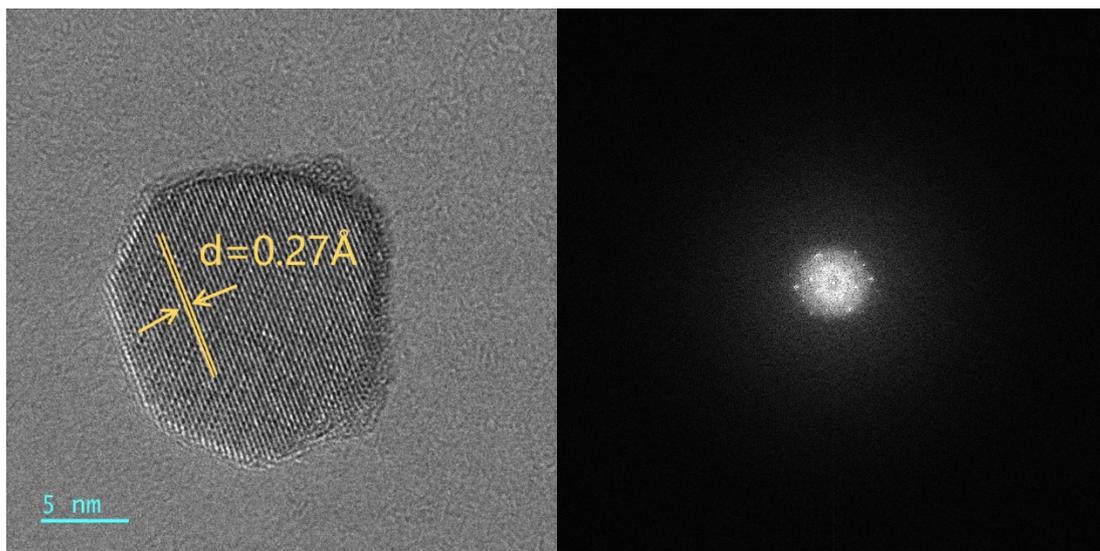
100 **Fig. S8** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption and desorption curve and pore size distribution curve of  
 101  $\text{La}(\text{Co}_{0.2}\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Ni}_{0.2}\text{Al}_{0.2}\text{Cr}_{0.2})\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ .  
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104 **Fig. S9** TEM of  $\text{La}(\text{Co}_{0.2}\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{Ni}_{0.2}\text{Cr}_{0.2})\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ .

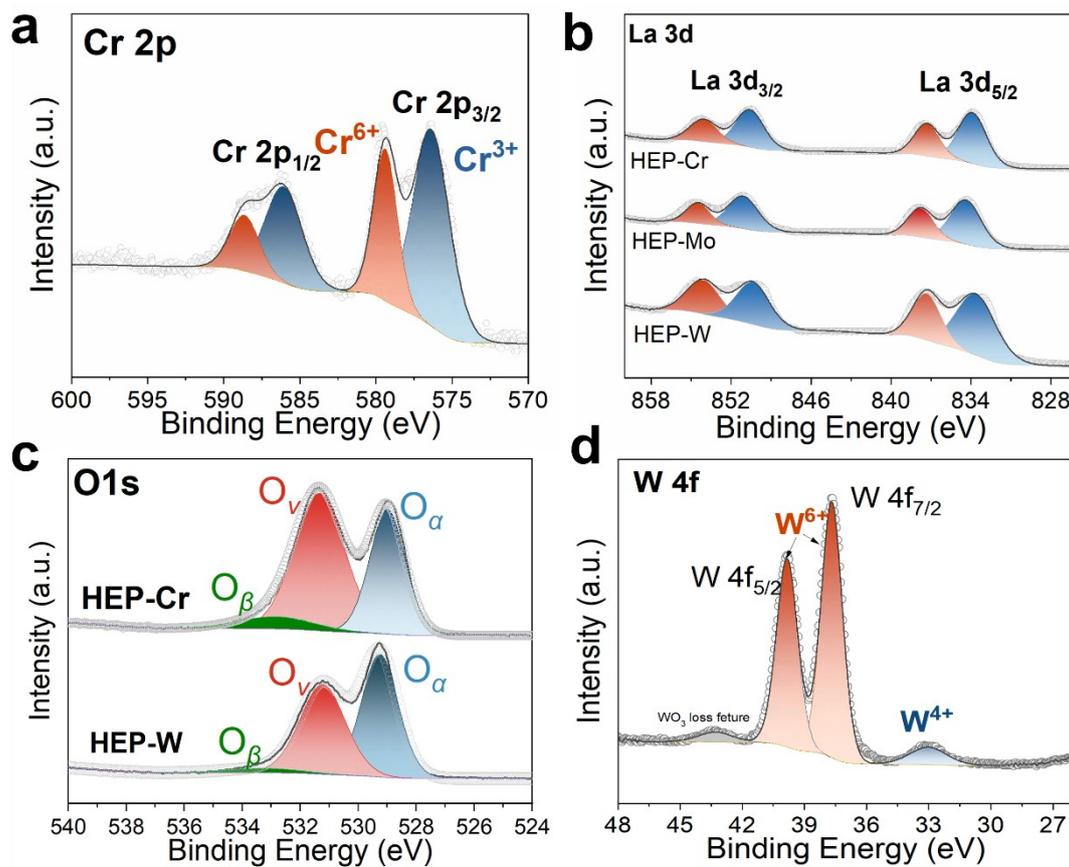
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107 **Fig. S10** TEM of  $\text{La}(\text{Co}_{0.2}\text{Mn}_{0.2}\text{Fe}_{0.2}\text{Ni}_{0.2}\text{Mo}_{0.2})\text{O}_{3-\delta}$ .

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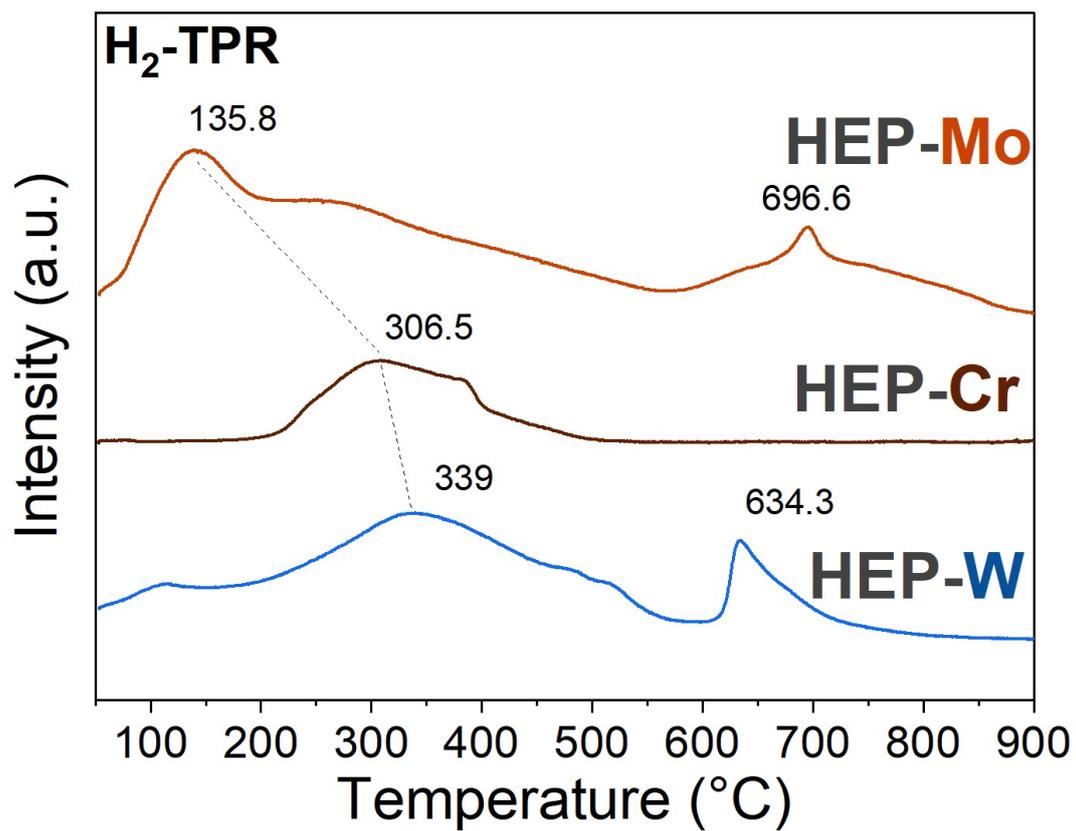


109 **Fig. S11** The Surface valence states of the A and B-site elements.

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114 Fig. S12 H<sub>2</sub>-TPR spectra of HEP-Cr\Mo\W catalysts.

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116 **Table S1** BET surface area and pore size of HEP catalysts.

Catalysts	BET surface area (m <sup>2</sup> /g)	Total pore volume (cm <sup>3</sup> /g)	Average pore diameter (nm)
No-Al La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	19.3728	0.1125	18.4441
No-Ni La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	14.6548	0.1004	18.7365
No-Fe La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	12.3265	0.0869	19.9404
No-Co La(Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	8.0309	0.0505	22.7561
No-Cr La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	8.1617	0.0465	24.4184
No-Mn La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	6.2920	0.0558	21.3337

118 **Table S2** XPS data for all the samples.

Catalysts	La <sup>3+</sup>	Cr <sup>6+</sup> /Cr <sup>3+</sup>	Mn <sup>4+</sup> /Mn <sup>3+</sup>	Fe <sup>3+</sup> /Fe <sup>2+</sup>	Co <sup>3+</sup> /Co <sup>2+</sup>	Ni <sup>3+</sup> /Ni <sup>2+</sup>	Al <sup>3+</sup>	O <sub>α</sub>	O <sub>ν</sub>	O <sub>β</sub>
<b>No-Al</b> La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	100%	0.56	0.51	0.95	1.44	0.68	--	36.88	58.20	4.93
<b>No-Ni</b> La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	100%	0.54	0.37	0.83	1.37	--	1.0	36.14	56.30	7.55
<b>No-Fe</b> La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	100%	0.51	0.35	--	1.14	0.65	1.0	39.58	53.00	7.41
<b>No-Co</b> La(Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	100%	0.46	0.34	0.75	--	0.57	1.0	45.65	50.64	3.72
<b>No-Cr</b> La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Mn <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	100%	--	0.28	0.73	1.14	0.57	1.0	44.84	47.83	7.33
<b>No-Mn</b> La(Co <sub>0.2</sub> Fe <sub>0.2</sub> Ni <sub>0.2</sub> Al <sub>0.2</sub> Cr <sub>0.2</sub> )O <sub>3-δ</sub>	100%	0.37	--	0.49	0.92	0.50	1.0	49.86	45.56	4.57

