

Supporting Information

Achieving high-capacity aqueous supercapacitors via anion-doped construction of dual redox centers in $\text{Ni}_x\text{Co}_{1-x}\text{SeO}_3$

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(W. Liu)

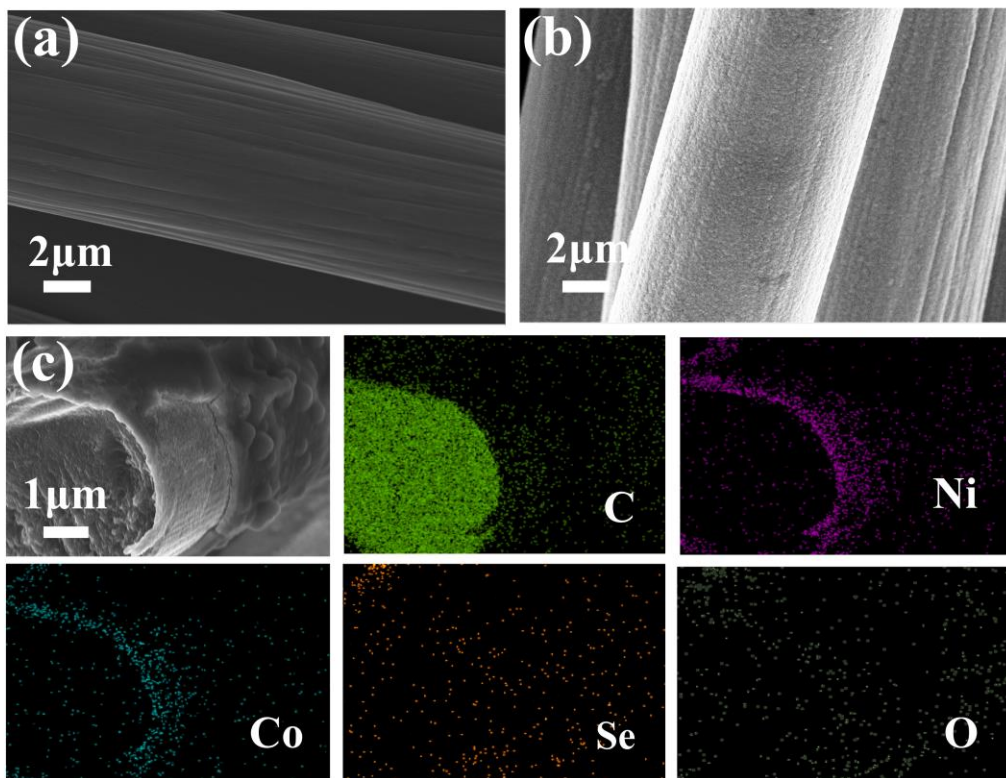


Fig. S1 SEM of (a) CC (b)NiCC. (c)The cross-section image and element distribution pictures of the NCSel-NCl-NiCC composite.

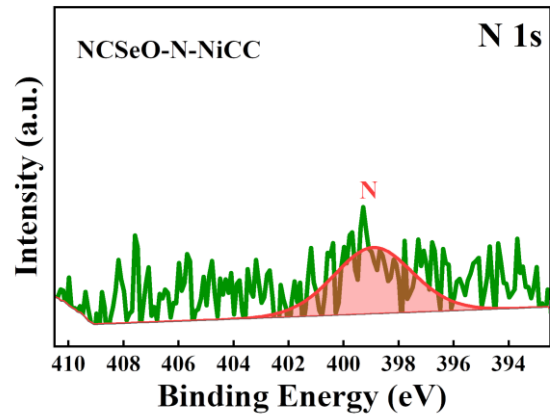


Fig. S2 N1s High-resolution XPS spectra of NCSelO-N-NiCC samples.

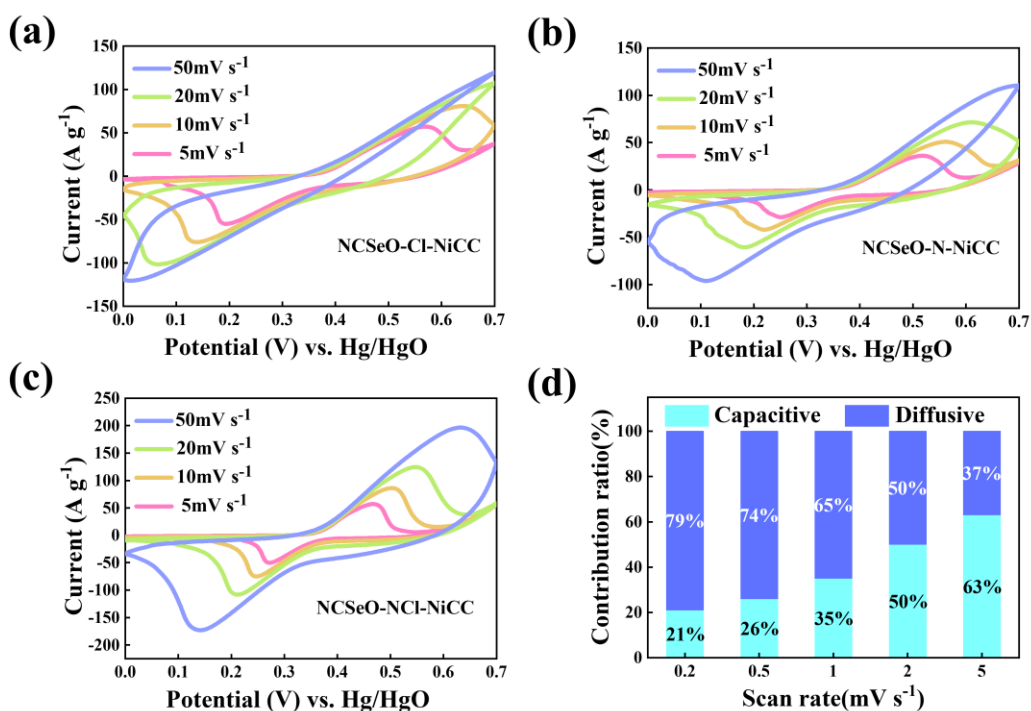


Fig. S3 CV curves of (a) NCSeO-Cl-NiCC (b) NCSeO-N-NiCC (c)NCSeO-NCl-NiCC at different scan rates from 5 to 50 mV s⁻¹. (d) voltage drops under high current densities of different electrodes. (e) The percentage of capacitive/diffusion-controlled contribution to the charge storage of NCSeO-Cl-NiCC electrode at different scan rates.

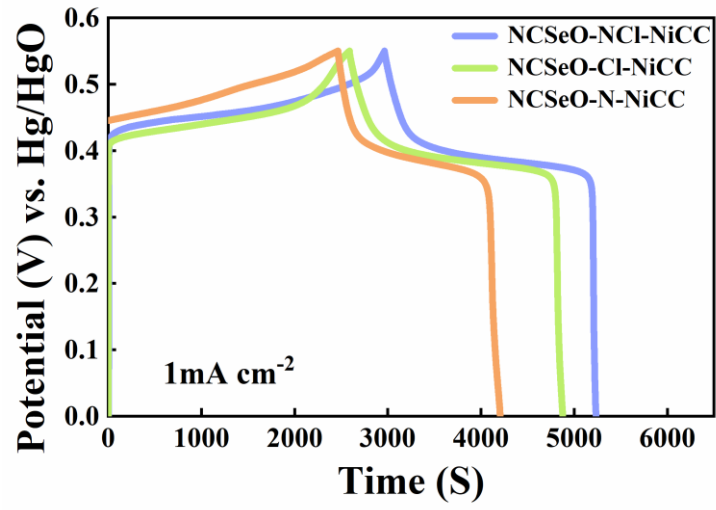


Fig. S4 GCD curve of NCSeO-NiCC, NCSeO-Cl-NiCC and NCSeO-N-NiCC electrode at 1 mA cm⁻² current density.

Table S1. Comparison of electrochemical performance of NCSeO-NCl-NiCC electrodes with NiCo-Oxides and NiCo-Selenides reported in the literature.

Material	Electrochemical performance	Ref
NiCo ₂ O ₄	70.7 mAh g ⁻¹ , 1.5 A g ⁻¹ (--)	1
NiO/Co ₃ O ₄ /rGO	108 mAh g ⁻¹ , 2 A g ⁻¹ (5000, 92%)	2
N-NiCoO-2	131.6 mAh g ⁻¹ , 1 A g ⁻¹ (5000, 93.3%)	3
NiCo-LDH	272.5 mAh g ⁻¹ , 1 A g ⁻¹ (3000, 73.3%)	4
NiCo-LDH-PMB/CC	298.6 mAh g ⁻¹ , 1 A g ⁻¹ (--)	5
NiCoSe/G-10	117 mAh g ⁻¹ , 1 A g ⁻¹ (5000, 84.2%)	6
NiSe/CoSe/Ni ₃ Se ₂	185.1 mAh g ⁻¹ , 0.5 A g ⁻¹ (5000, 85.2%)	7
NiSe ₂ @CNT	136.2 mAh g ⁻¹ , 1 A g ⁻¹ (9000 82%)	8
NCSeO-NCl-NiCC	417 mAh g⁻¹, 1 A g⁻¹ (7000, 98.4%)	This work

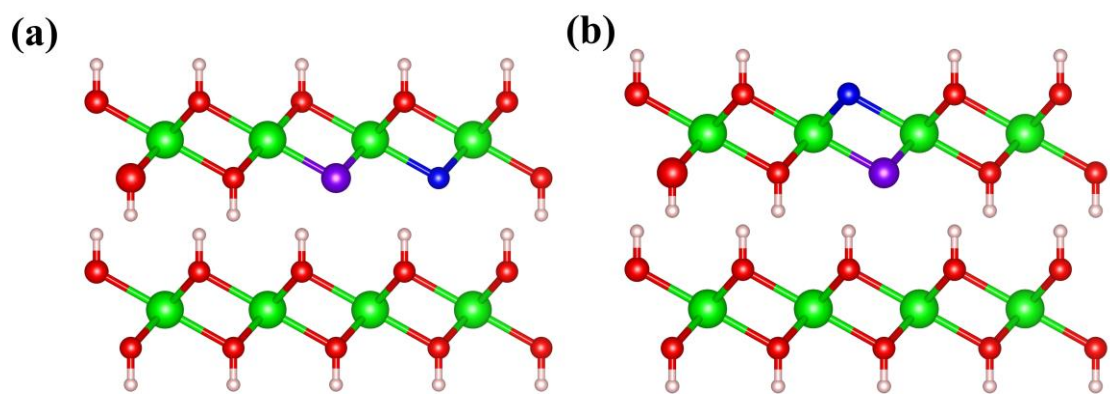


Fig. S5 The crystal structure of (a) NCS₂O-NCl-NiCC-1, (b) NCS₂O-NCl-NiCC-2.
(The grey, red, pink, blue and purple balls are Ni, O, H, N and Cl atoms, respectively.)

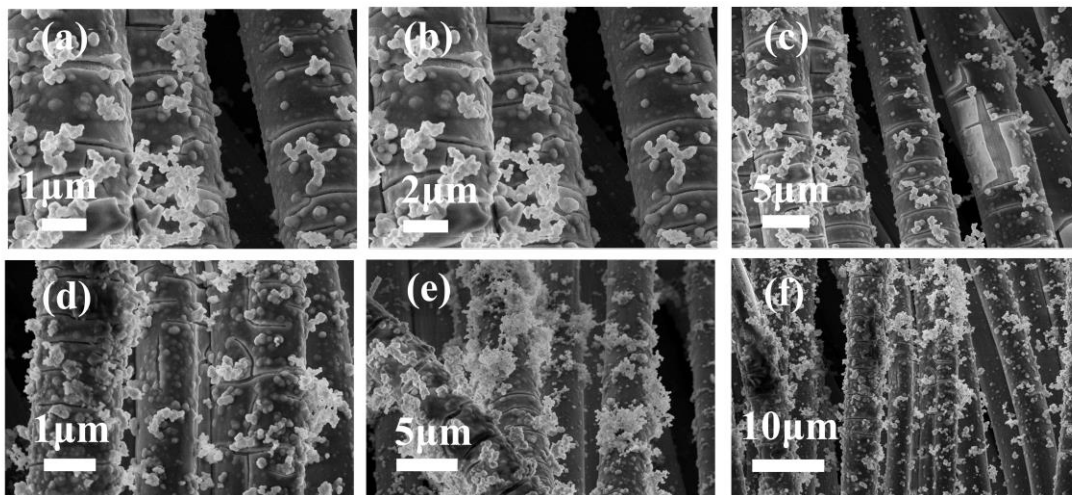


Fig. S6 After 300 cycles SEM images of (a) NCSiO-Cl-NiCC.(b) NCSiO-Cl-NiCC.

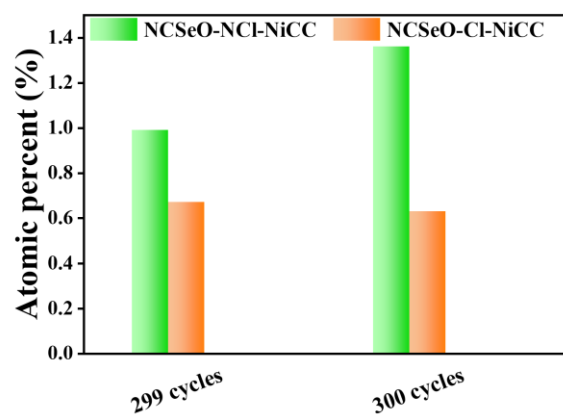


Fig. S7 Cl atomic percents in NCSO-NCl-NiCC in different state.

Reference

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