

**Supporting Information for "Centrosymmetric to
non-centrosymmetric transition in the $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ double
perovskite system studied through structural analysis and
dielectric properties"**

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Table I. Lattice parameters of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ for $x = 0.2; 0.3; 0.4; 0.5; 0.6; 0.7; 0.8;$ and 1.0 , determined by Rietveld refinement of powder XRD data. The amount of impurity phases was found to be less than 2%. Standard deviations for the lattice parameters are given in parentheses.

x	space group	a [Å]	b [Å]	c [Å]
0.2	$Pbnm$	5.36427(3)	5.43357(3)	7.63254(4)
0.3	$Pbnm$	5.38581(2)	5.39712(2)	7.6232(3)
0.4	$P4_2mc$	7.61263(3)		7.63618(5)
0.5	$P4_2mc$	7.59972(3)		7.64011(5)
0.6	$P4_2mc$	7.58661(3)		7.63863(4)
0.7	$P4_2mc$	7.58054(5)		7.63439(7)
0.8	$P4_2mc$	7.56404(3)		7.62478(4)
1.0	$P4_2mc$	7.54291(3)		7.60323(4)

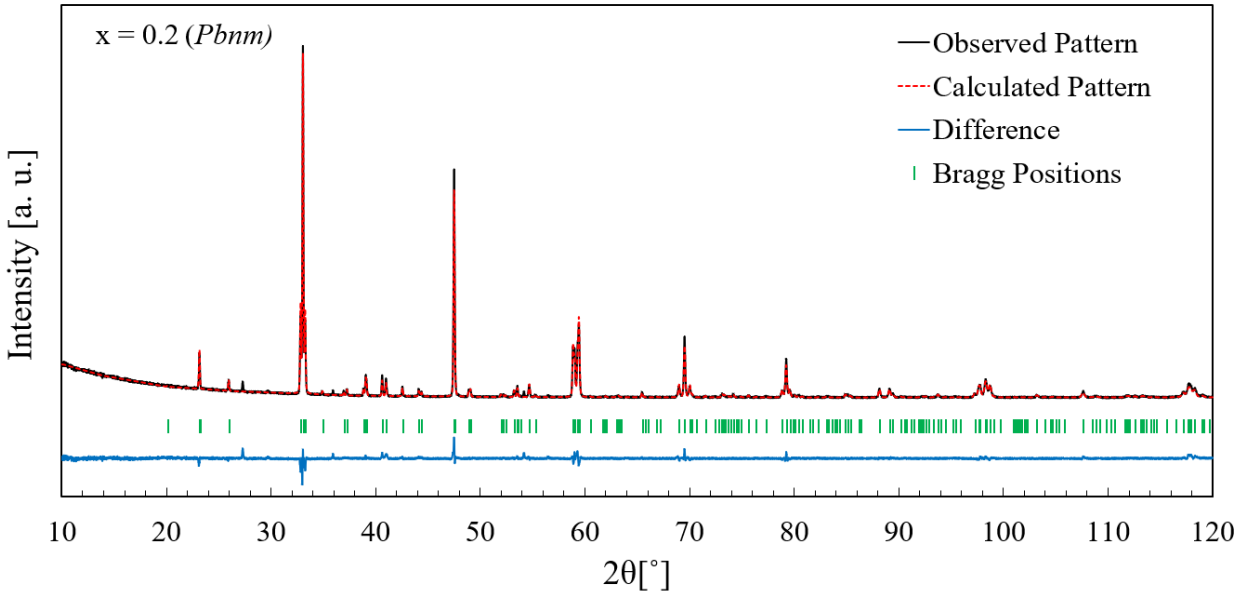


Figure 1. Rietveld refined powder X-ray diffraction pattern of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ ($x = 0.2$) in space group $Pbnm$. Measured pattern in black, calculated pattern in red, difference curve in blue, and Bragg positions in green. R_p : 8.39; R_{wp} : 11.3; χ^2 : 4.25; R_{Bragg} : 8.97.

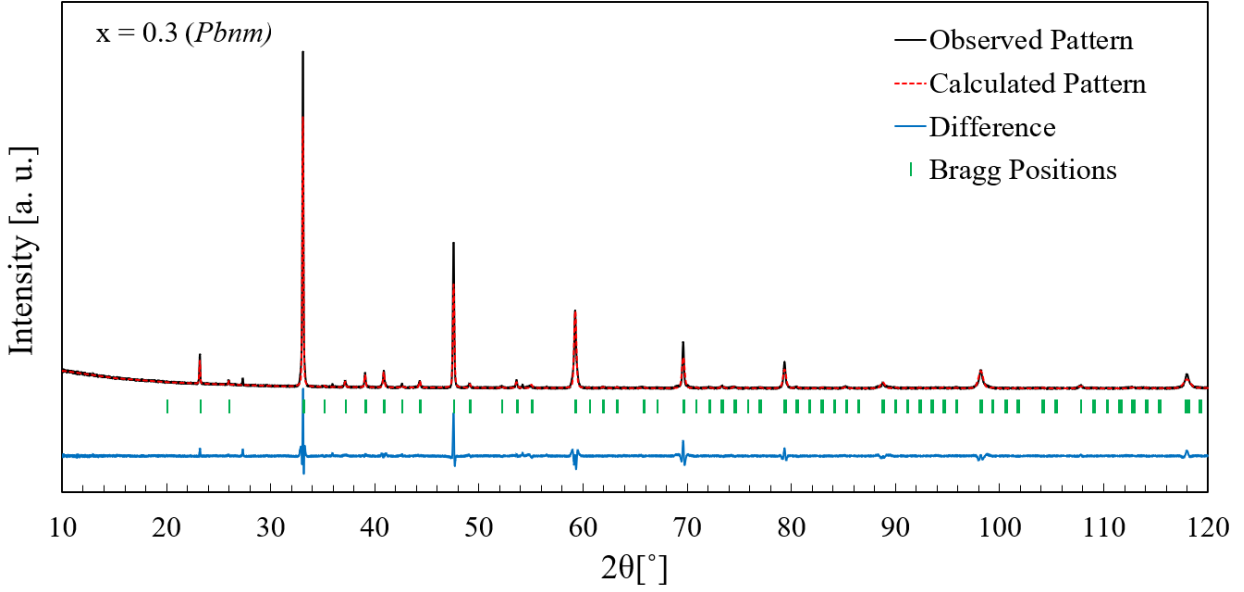


Figure 2. Rietveld refined diffraction pattern of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ with $x = 0.3$ in space group $Pbnm$. Measured pattern in black, calculated pattern in red, measured minus calculated pattern in blue, and the Bragg positions in green. R_p : 16.2; R_{wp} : 21.5; χ^2 : 15.9; R_{Bragg} : 9.66.

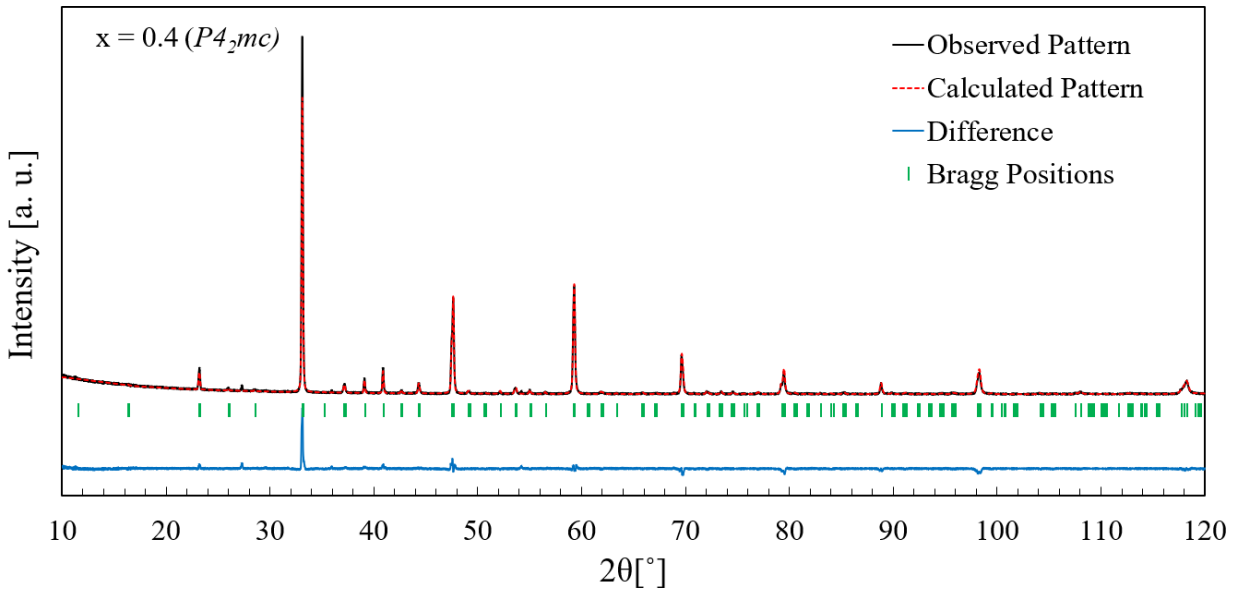


Figure 3. Rietveld refined diffraction pattern of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ with $x = 0.4$ in space group $P4_2mc$. Measured pattern in black, calculated pattern in red, measured minus calculated pattern in blue, and the Bragg positions in green. R_p : 10.4; R_{wp} : 13.9; χ^2 : 9.20; R_{Bragg} : 15.2.

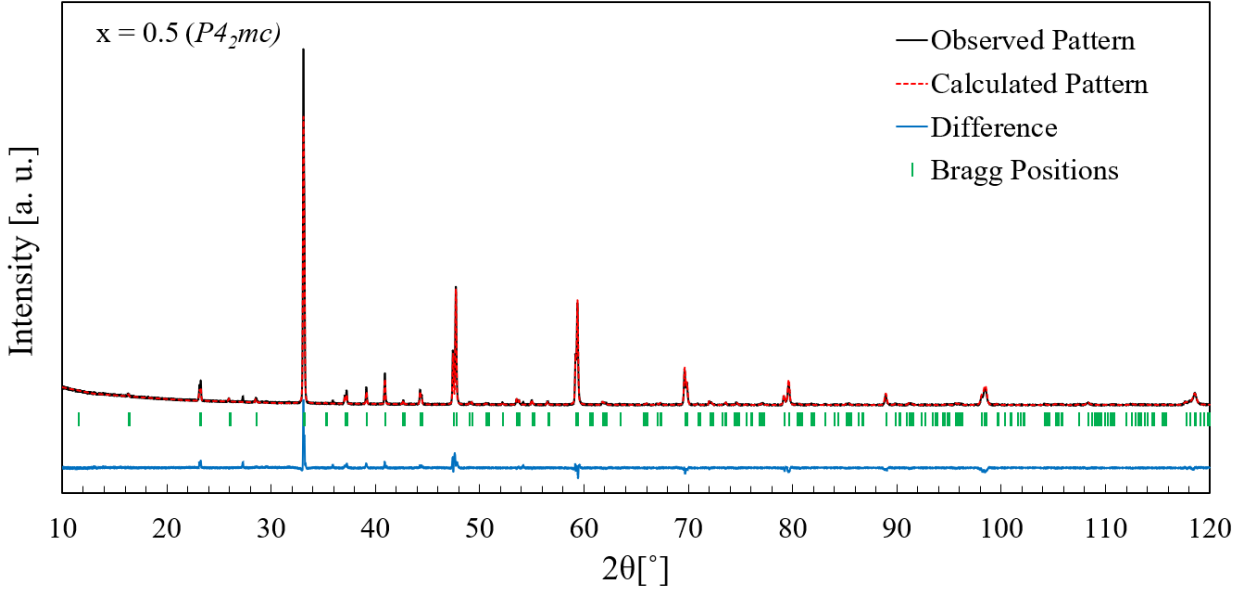


Figure 4. Rietveld refined diffraction pattern of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ with $x = 0.5$ in space group $P4_2mc$. Measured pattern in black, calculated pattern in red, measured minus calculated pattern in blue, and the Bragg positions in green. R_p : 11.2; R_{wp} : 14.9; χ^2 : 11.1; R_{Bragg} : 15.5.

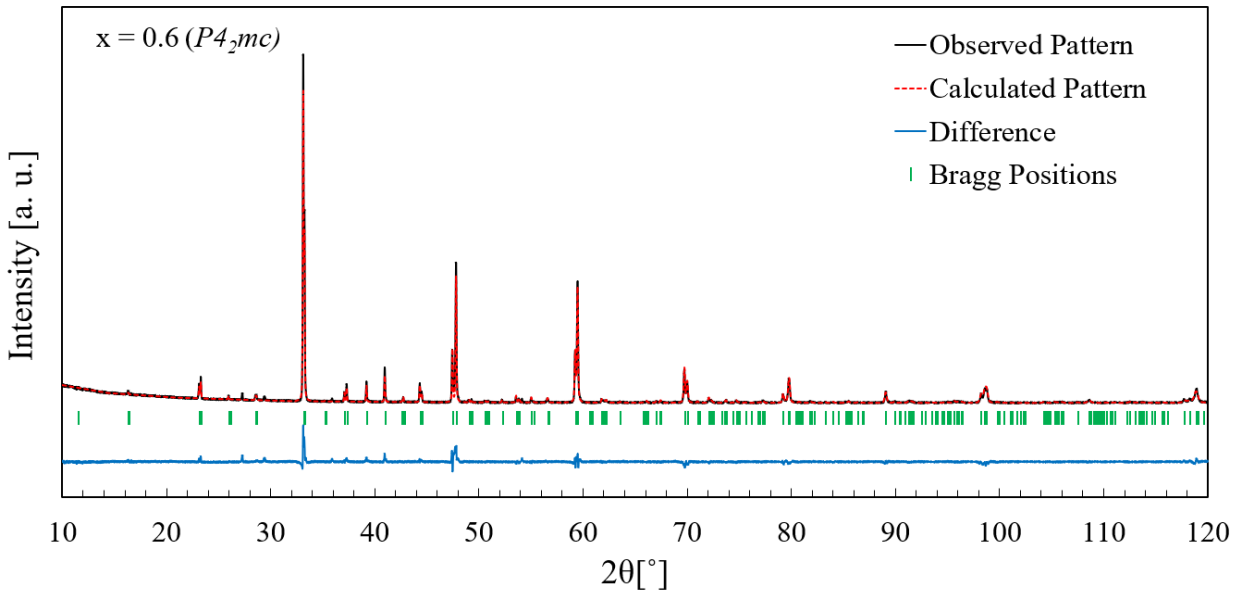


Figure 5. Rietveld refined diffraction pattern of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ with $x = 0.6$ in space group $P4_2mc$. Measured pattern in black, calculated pattern in red, measured minus calculated pattern in blue, and the Bragg positions in green. R_p : 11.2; R_{wp} : 15.1; χ^2 : 10.6; R_{Bragg} : 10.0.

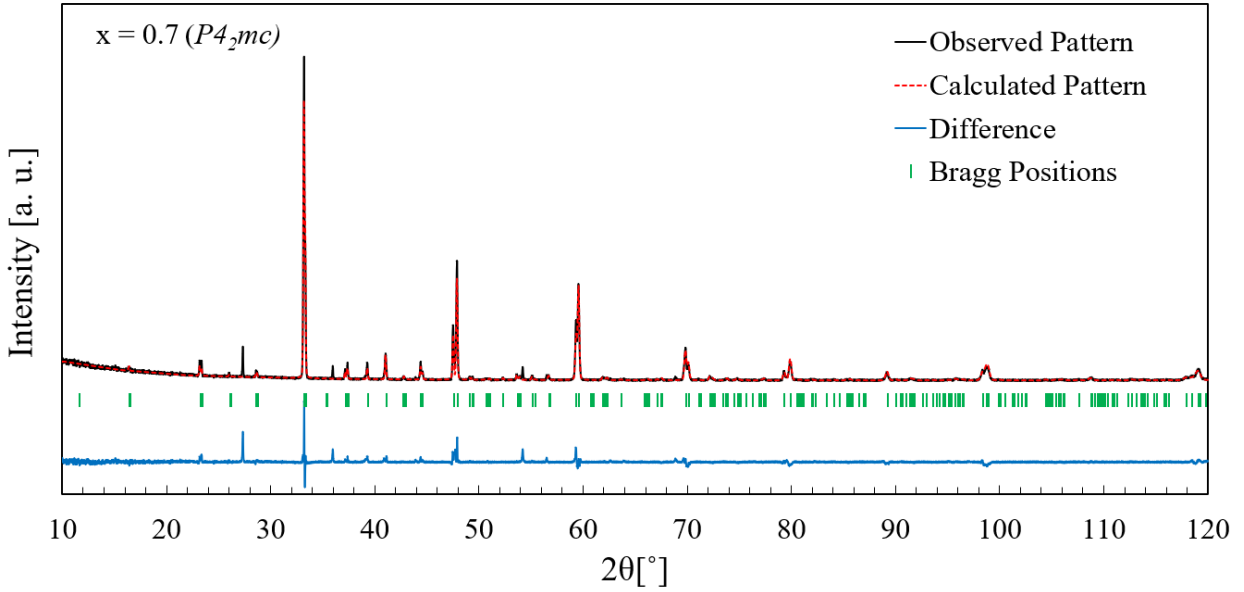


Figure 6. Rietveld refined diffraction pattern of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ with $x = 0.7$ in space group $P4_2mc$. Measured pattern in black, calculated pattern in red, measured minus calculated pattern in blue, and the Bragg positions in green. R_p : 14.2; R_{wp} : 19.2; χ^2 : 3.74; R_{Bragg} : 17.1.

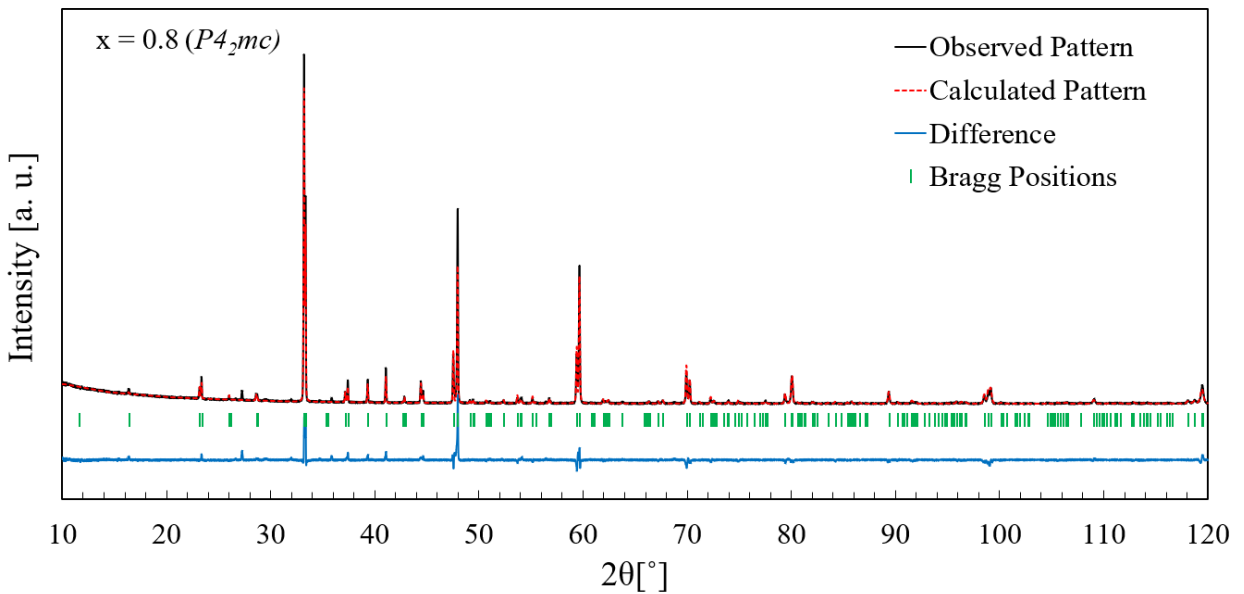


Figure 7. Rietveld refined diffraction pattern of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ with $x = 0.8$ in space group $P4_2mc$. Measured pattern in black, calculated pattern in red, measured minus calculated pattern in blue, and the Bragg positions in green. R_p : 13.3; R_{wp} : 17.9; χ^2 : 13.0; R_{Bragg} : 14.7.

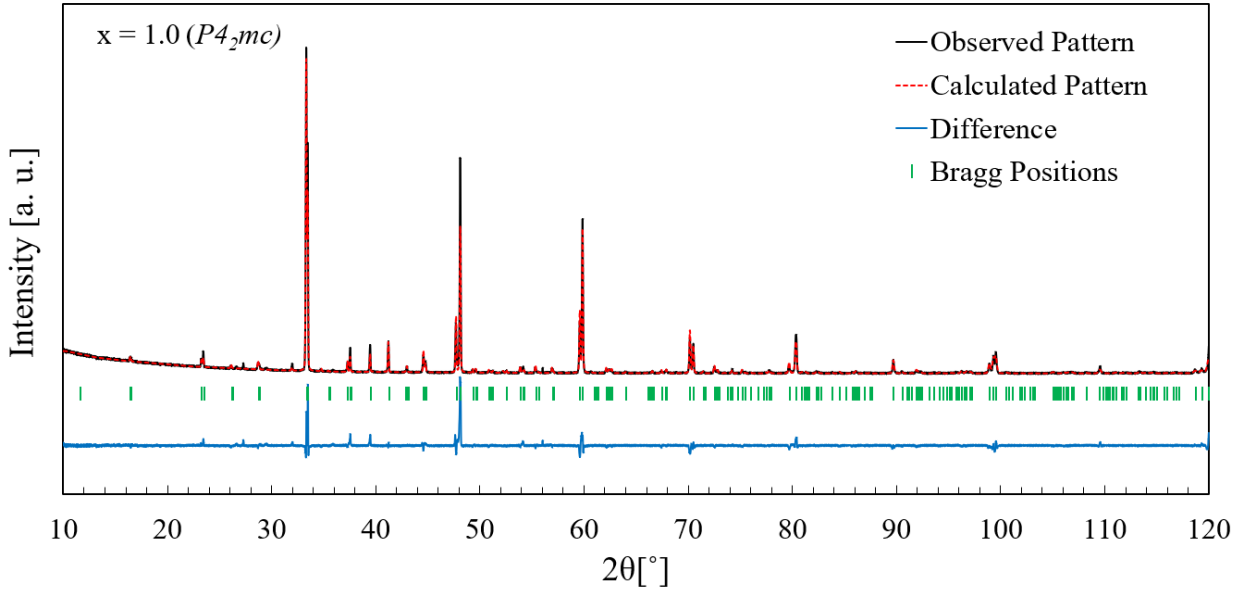


Figure 8. Rietveld refined diffraction pattern of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ with $x = 1.0$ in space group $P4_2mc$. Measured pattern in black, calculated pattern in red, measured minus calculated pattern in blue, and the Bragg positions in green. R_p : 11.6; R_{wp} : 16.6; χ^2 : 12.5; R_{Bragg} : 13.9.

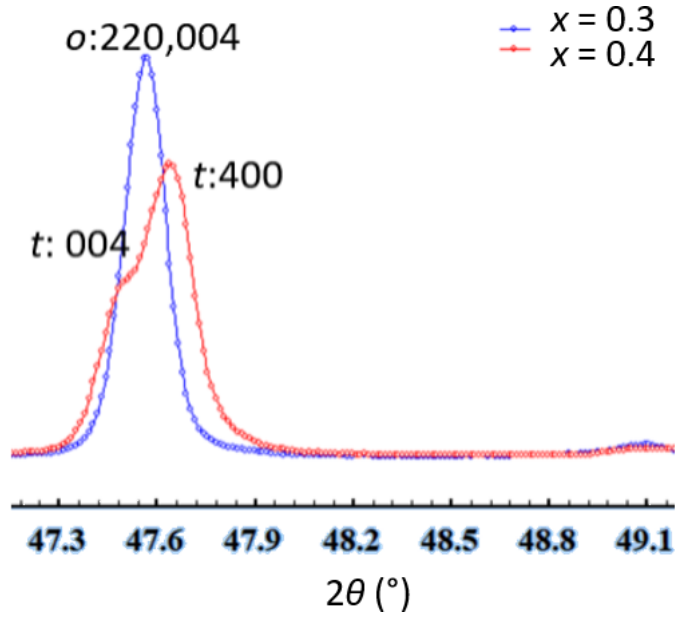


Figure 9. Diffraction pattern of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ with $x = 0.3$ (blue) and $x = 0.4$ (red). The peak belonging to an orthorhombic space group is marked with 'o' while the peaks belonging to a tetragonal unit cell are marked with 't'. The most general orthorhombic space group $Pmmm$ and the space group $Pbnm$ were used for 'o' and the most general tetragonal space group $P4/mmm$ and the space group $P4_2mc$ were used for 't'. While these space groups are the best fit for the peaks shown here, the peak splitting in $x = 0.4$ alone is not sufficient evidence for a tetragonal space group. The missing peak splitting for $x = 0.3$ arises from a fairly pseudo-cubic and highly pseudo-tetragonal unit cell.

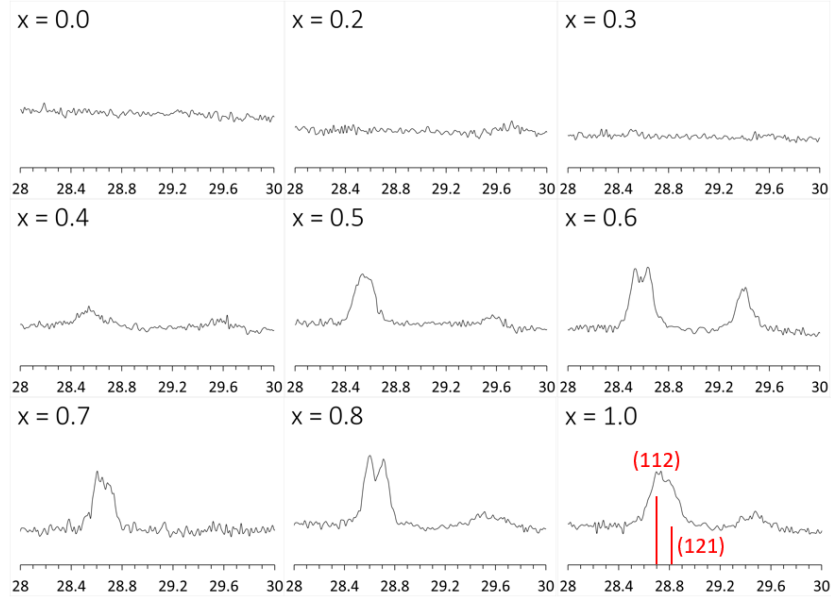


Figure 10. Changes around $2\theta = 28.8^\circ$ in the powder diffraction pattern of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ from CaTiO_3 ($x = 0$) to $\text{CaMnTi}_2\text{O}_6$ ($x = 1$). The Miller indices of the peaks (112) and (121) appear only in the structure with the space group $P4_2mc$ and are given in red.

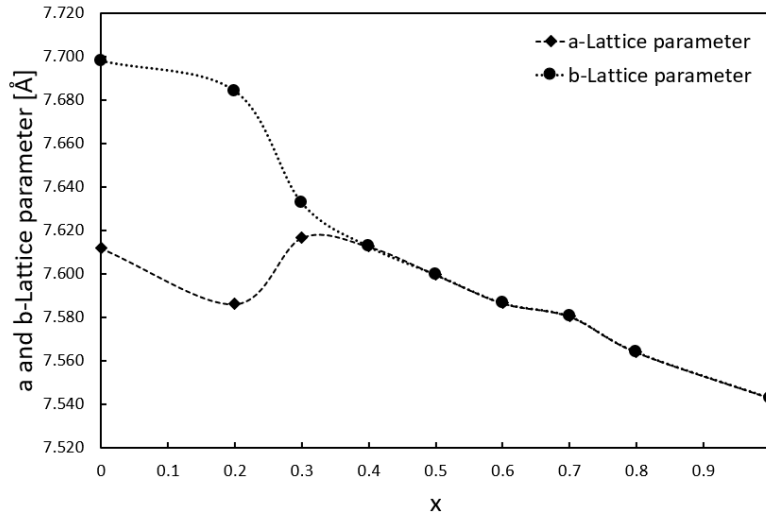


Figure 11. Relation between the lattice parameters a and b and the amount of Mn(II) substitution in $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$. The lattice parameters of those samples refined in space group $Pbnm$, $x = 0.0$ to 0.3 were scaled by a factor of $\sqrt{2}$.

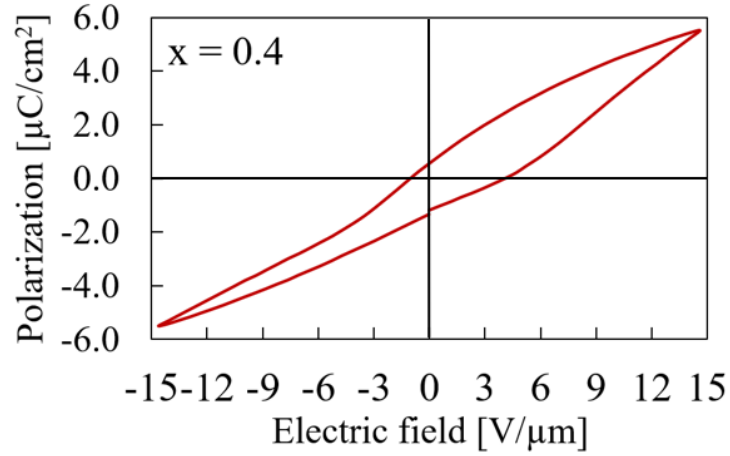


Figure 12. Polarization vs. electric field hysteresis curve of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ ($x = 0.4$) obtained with a maximum electric field of $15 \text{ V}/\mu\text{m}$ at 20 Hz.

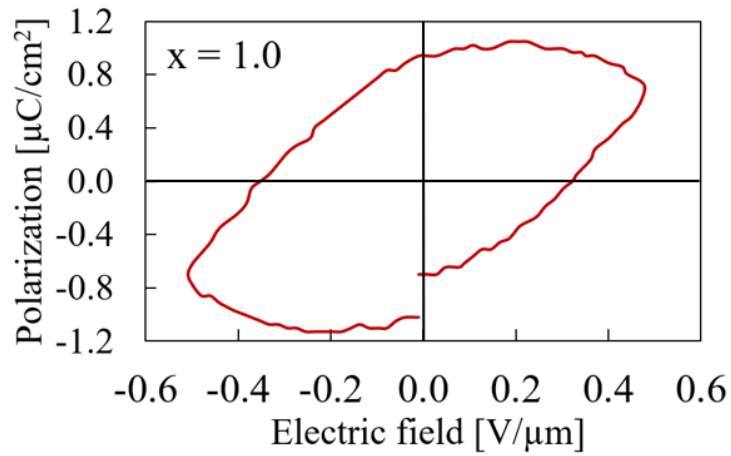


Figure 13. Polarization vs. electric field hysteresis curve of $\text{Ca}_{2-x}\text{Mn}_x\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_6$ ($x = 1.0$) obtained with a maximum electric field of $0.5 \text{ V}/\mu\text{m}$ at 20 Hz.