

Novel borate phosphors $\text{Lu}_5\text{Ba}_6\text{B}_9\text{O}_{27}:\text{Ce}^{3+}$ codoping $\text{Sr}^{2+}/\text{Tb}^{3+}$ for NUV-white light emitting diodes application

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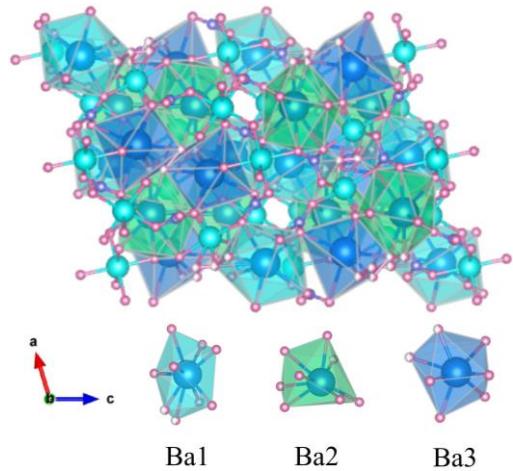


Fig S1. Crystal structure of LBB and the crystallographically independent cation coordination environment of Ba1, Ba2 and Ba3.

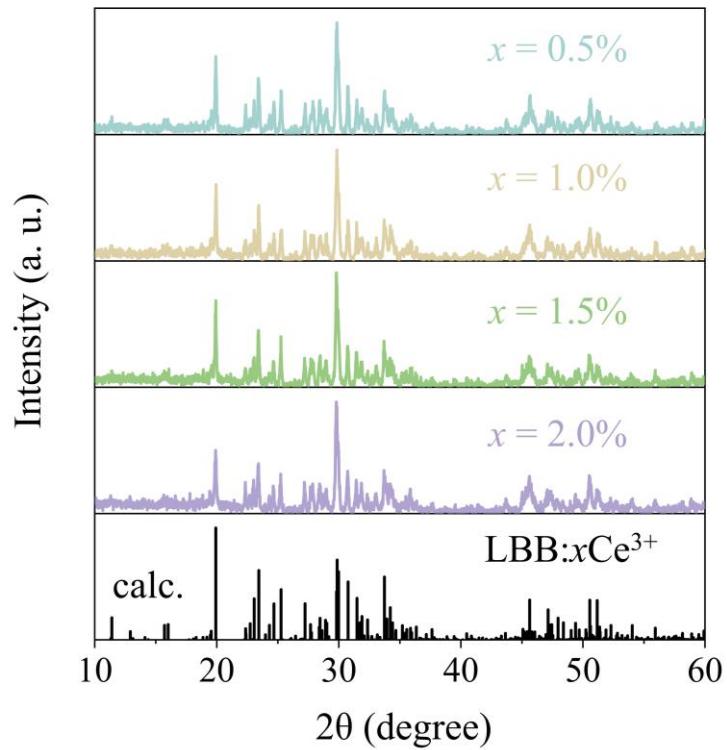


Fig S2. XRD patterns of LBB: x Ce³⁺ ($x = 0.5\%, 1.0\%, 1.5\%$, and 2.0%) phosphors.

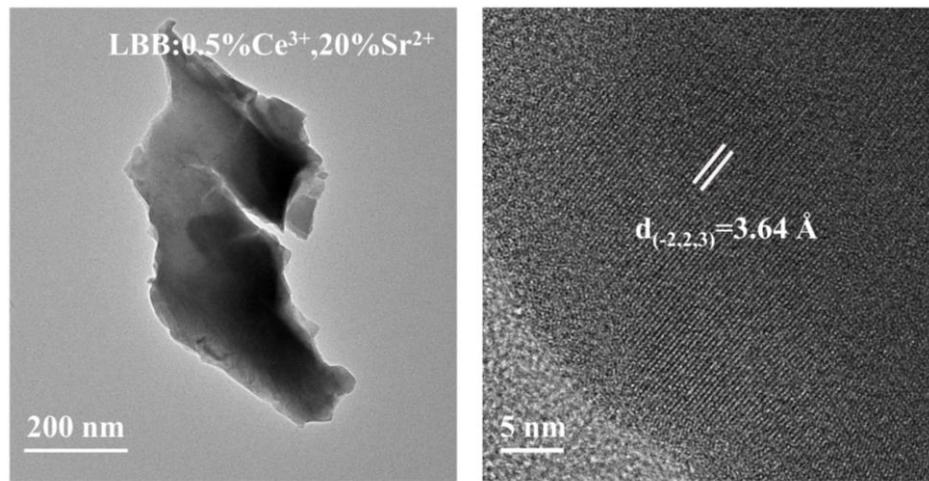


Fig S3. HRTEM image of LBB:0.5%Ce³⁺,20%Sr²⁺.

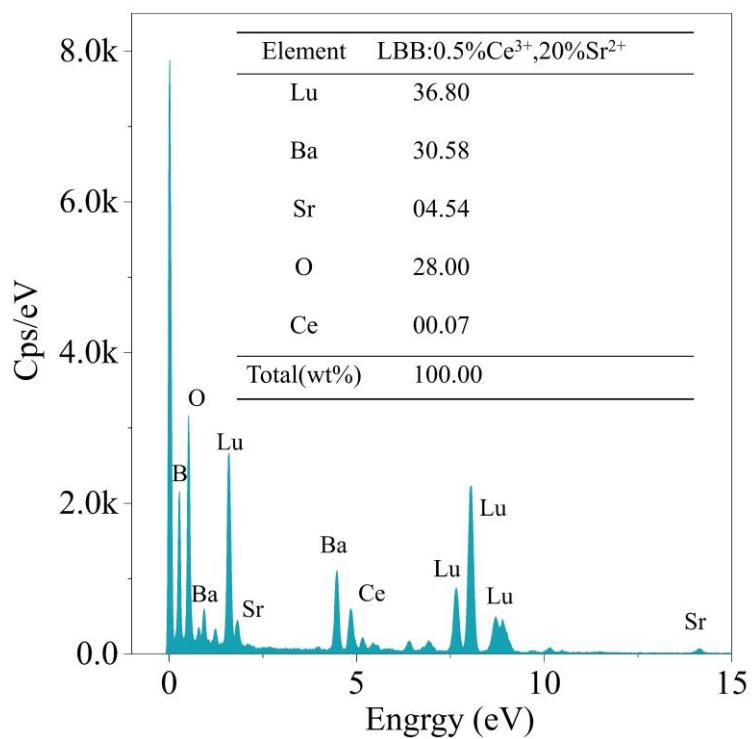


Fig. S4 EDS spectrum of LBB:0.5%Ce³⁺,20%Sr²⁺.

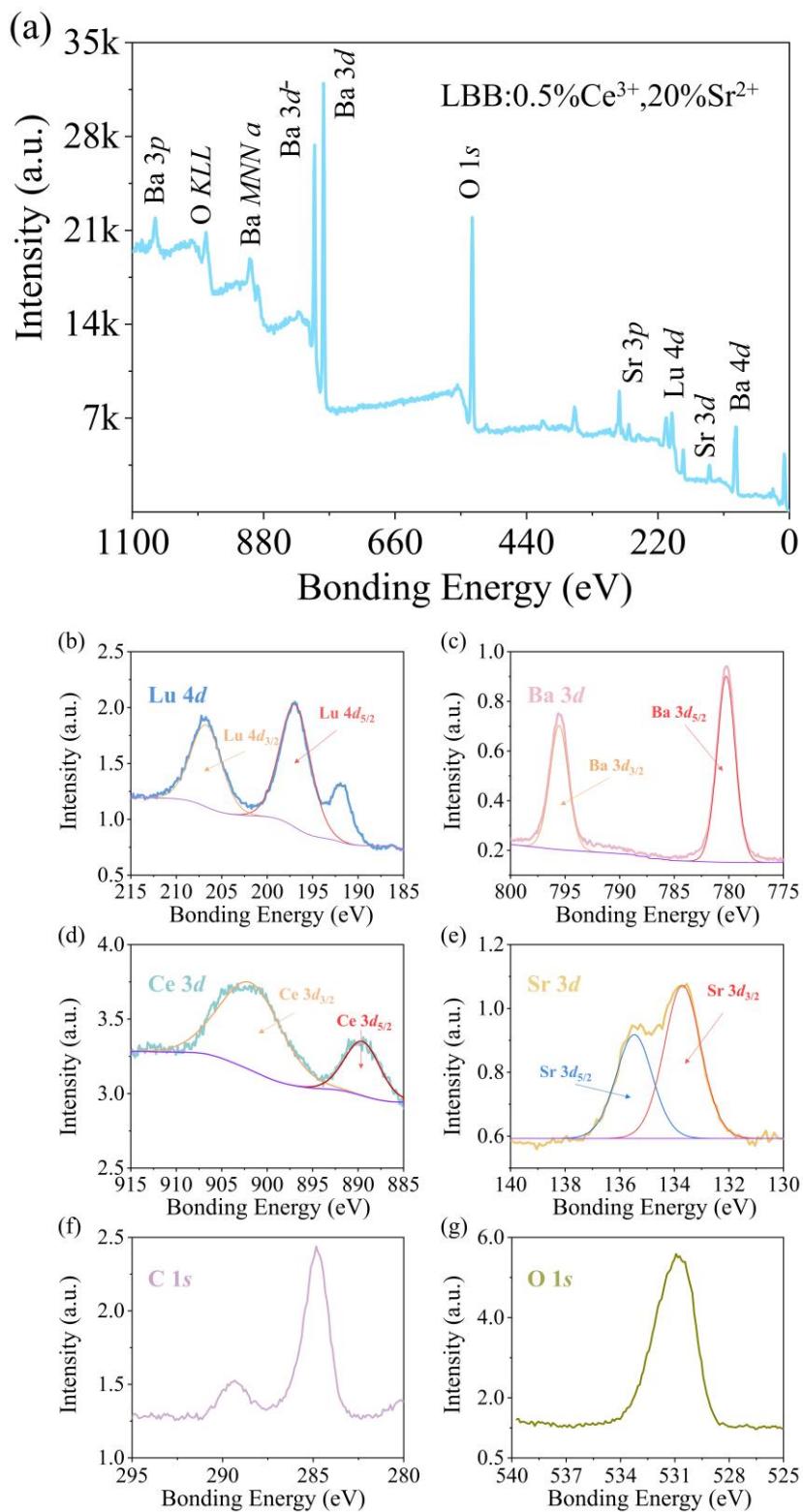


Fig. S5 XPS spectra of LBB:0.5%Ce³⁺,20%Sr²⁺.

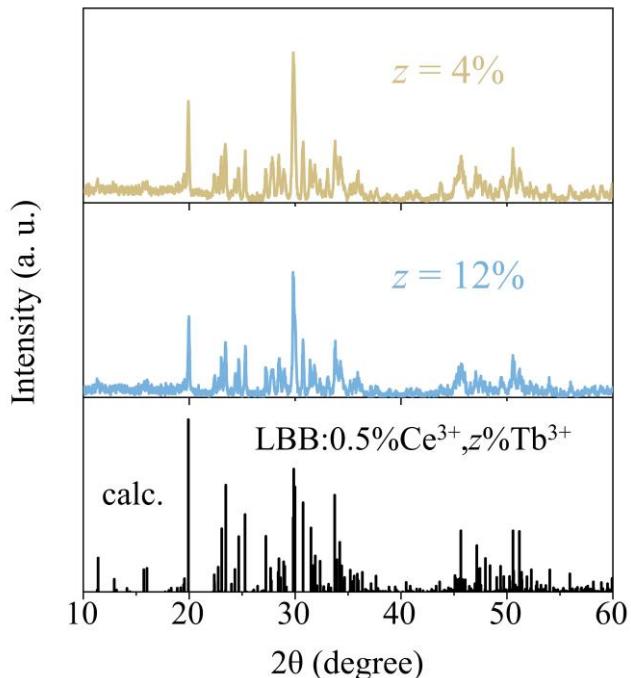


Fig. S6 XRD patterns of LBB:0.5%Ce³⁺, z Tb³⁺ (z = 4% and 12%)

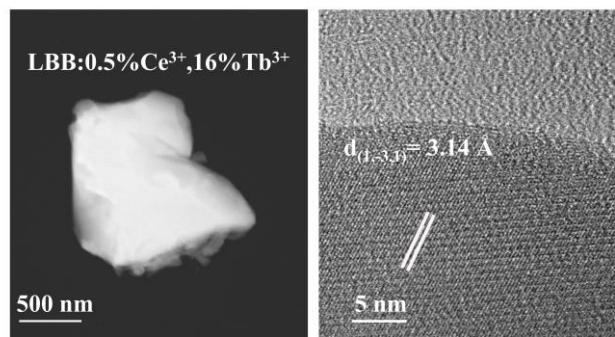


Fig S7. HRTEM image of LBB:0.5%Ce³⁺,16%Tb³⁺

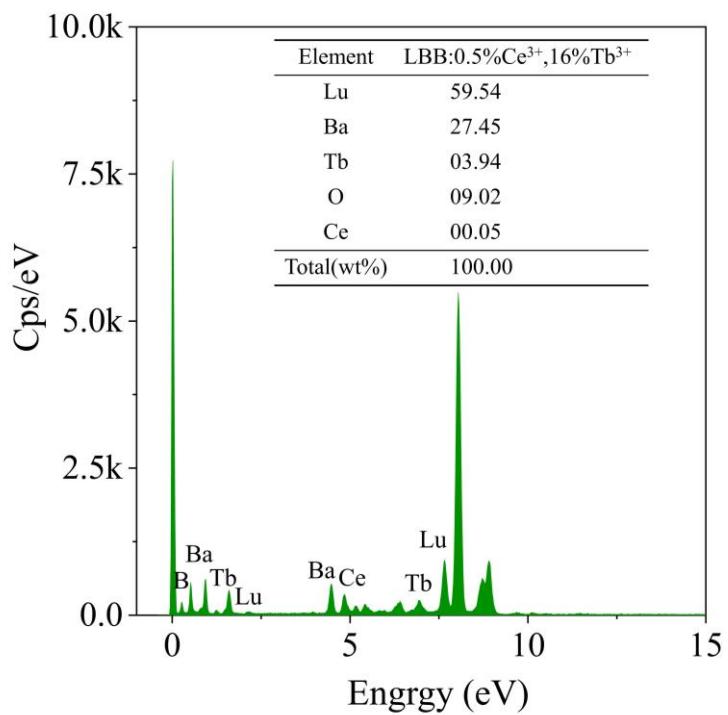


Fig. S8 EDS spectrum of LBB:0.5%Ce³⁺,16%Tb³⁺

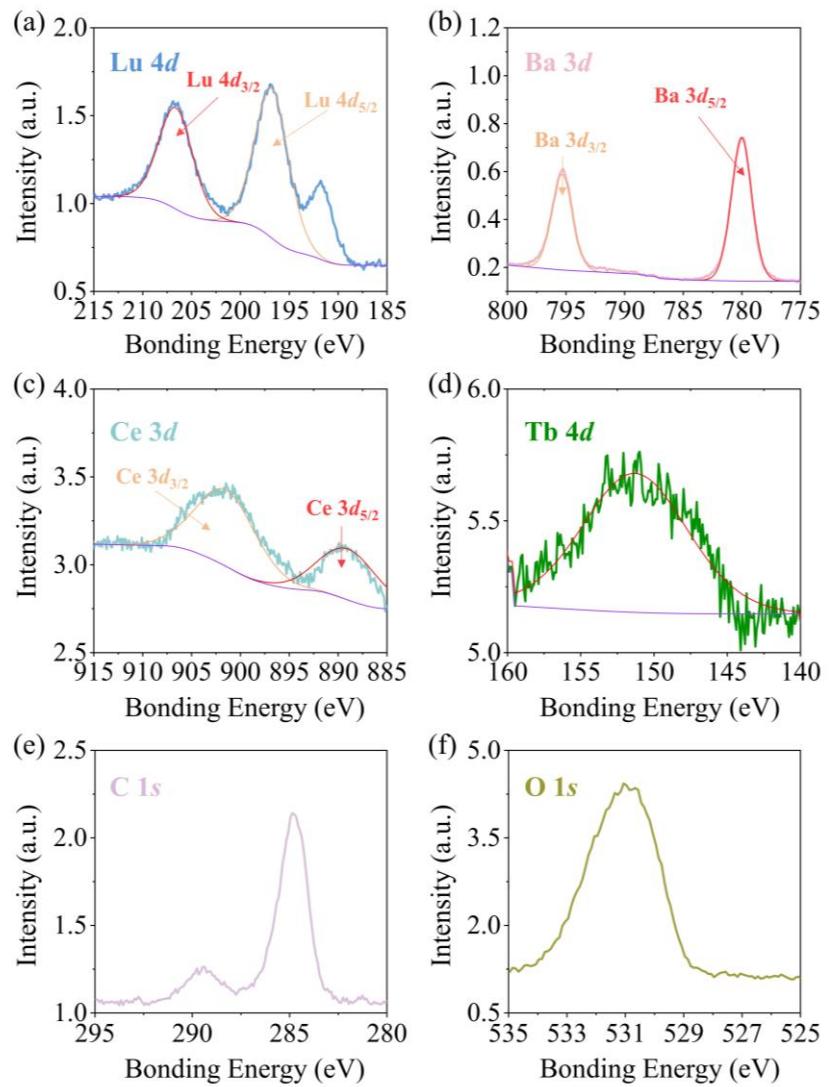


Fig S9. XPS spectra of LBB:0.5%Ce³⁺,16%Tb³⁺

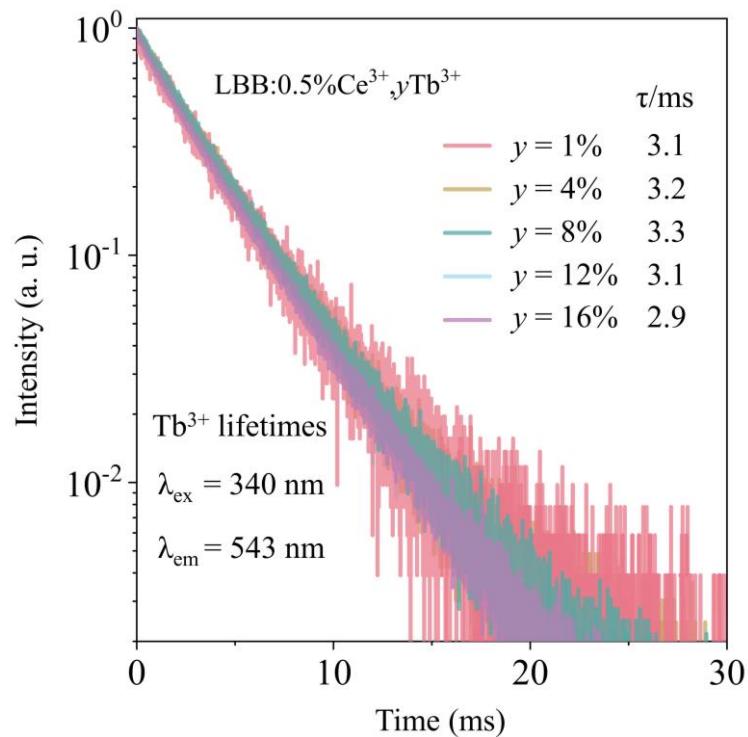


Fig S10. Fluorescence decay curves of Tb^{3+} in LBB:0.5%Ce³⁺, z Tb³⁺ ($0\% \leq z \leq 16\%$)

Table S1. The energy transfer efficiency (η_{ET}) results of LBB:0.5%Ce³⁺, z Tb³⁺ ($0\% \leq z \leq 16\%$) using Eqs. (7) and (8):

LBB: 0.5%Ce ³⁺ , $z\%$ Tb ³⁺	$\eta_{\text{ET}} = 1 - \frac{I_s}{I_{s0}}$	$\eta_{\text{ET}} = 1 - \frac{\tau_s}{\tau_{s0}}$
$z = 1\%$	10.3%	8.1%
$z = 4\%$	35.8%	9.4%
$z = 8\%$	51.1%	16.2%
$z = 12\%$	67.0%	30.2%
$z = 16\%$	77.2%	39.6%

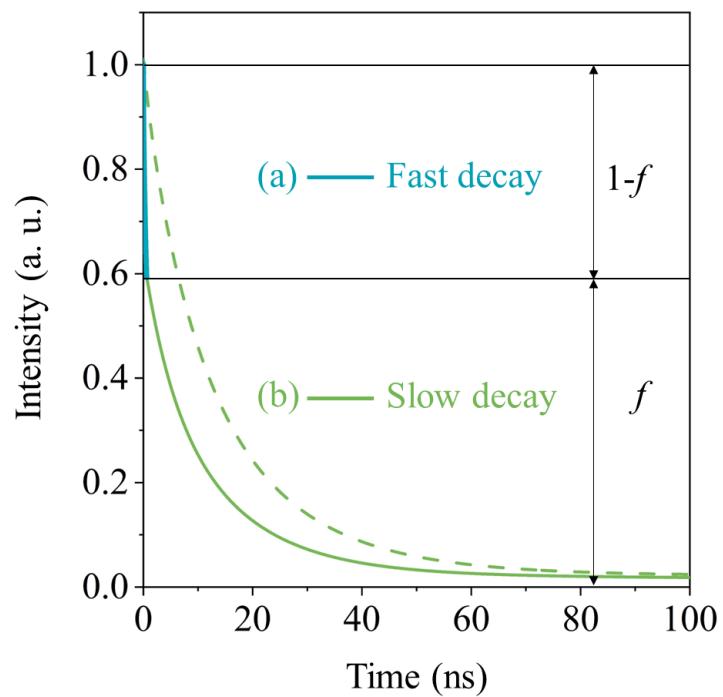


Fig S11. Schematic diagram for the fast (a); and slow (b) decay curves.