Supplementary Material

Exploring improved strategies for therapeutic studies and biological activities of novel zinc and indium phthalocyanines

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1. Photochemical Studies

1.1 Singlet oxygen quantum yields (Φ_{Δ})

Singlet oxygen efficiency was determined in air (no oxygen bubbled) using ther elative method (Eq. 1) with unsubstituted ZnPc (in organic solvent) as reference and 1,3-Diphenylisobenzofuran (DPBF) (in organic solvent) as chemical quenchers for singlet oxygen,

$$\Phi_{\Delta} = \Phi_{\Delta}^{\text{Std}} \frac{R \cdot I_{abs}^{\text{Std}}}{R^{\text{Std}} \cdot I_{abs}}$$
(1)

where is the singlet oxygen quantum yield for the Standard ZnPc (Φ_{Δ} =0.67 in DMSO) [6,37]. R and R_{Std} are the DPBF photo bleaching rates in the presence of the respective samples and standard, respectively. I_{abs}and I_{abs}^{Std} are the rates of light absorption by the sample and standard, respectively. The samples containing DPBF were prepared in the dark and irradiated at the Q band region. The absorption band of the DPBF reduced by light irradiation (The light intensity of 7.05 x 10¹⁵ photons s⁻¹ cm⁻²). The degradation of DPBF was monitored using UV-Vis spectroscopy after each 5 s light irradiation at 417 nm for PDT.

1.2 Photodegradation quantum yields (Φ_d)

Photodegradation quantum yields were determined using Eq. 2 [6],

$$\Phi_{\rm d} = \frac{(C_0 - C_t) \cdot V \cdot N_{\rm A}}{I_{\rm abs} \cdot S \cdot t}$$
(2)

where " $C_{0"}$ and " C_t " are the sample concentrations before and after irradiation respectively, "V" is the reaction volume, " N_A " is the Avogadro's constant, "S" is the irradiated cell area, "t" is the irradiation time, " I_{abs} " is the overlap integral of the radiations of light intensity and the absorption of the sample. A light intensity of 2.42×10^{16} photons s⁻¹ cm⁻² was employed to determinate the photodegradation. The degradation of max. Q band was monitored after each 5 minute irradiation.

2. Confirmation of Structure



Figure S1.¹H-NMR spectra of compound D1



Figure S2.Mass spectra of compound D1



Figure S3. FT-IR spectra of compound D1



Figure S4.1H-NMR spectra of compound D2



Figure S5. Mass spectra of compound D2



Figure S6. FT-IR spectra of compound D2



Figure S7.¹H-NMR spectra of compound D3



Figure S8. Mass spectra of compound D3



Figure S9. FT-IR spectra of compound D3



Figure S10.¹H-NMR spectra of compound D4



Figure S11. Mass spectra of compound D4



Figure S12. FT-IR spectra of compound D4