

## Supplemental Information

### **Buried interface engineering enables efficient and refurbished CsPbI<sub>3</sub> perovskite quantum dot solar cells**

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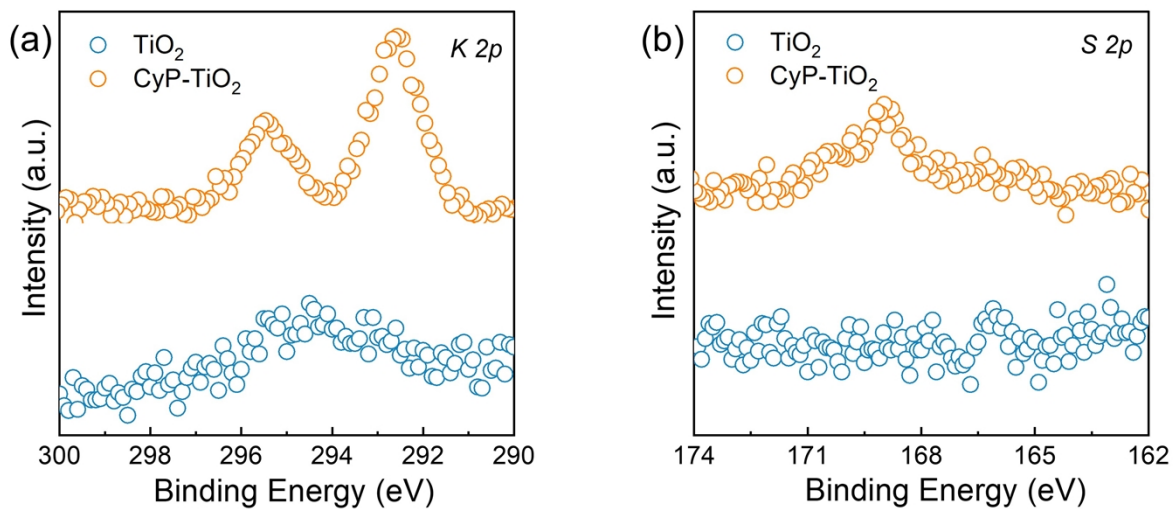


Fig. S1 (a-b) K 2p, and S 2p XPS spectra of TiO<sub>2</sub> and CyP-coated TiO<sub>2</sub> films.

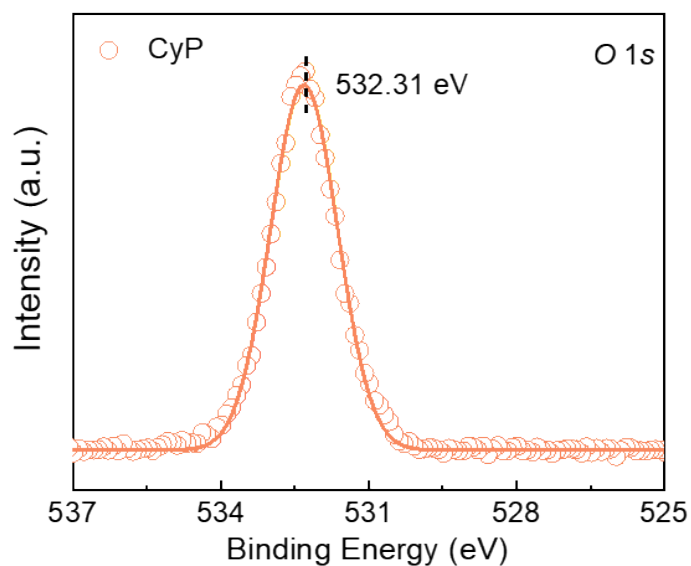


Fig. S2 O 1s XPS spectra of CyP molecule.

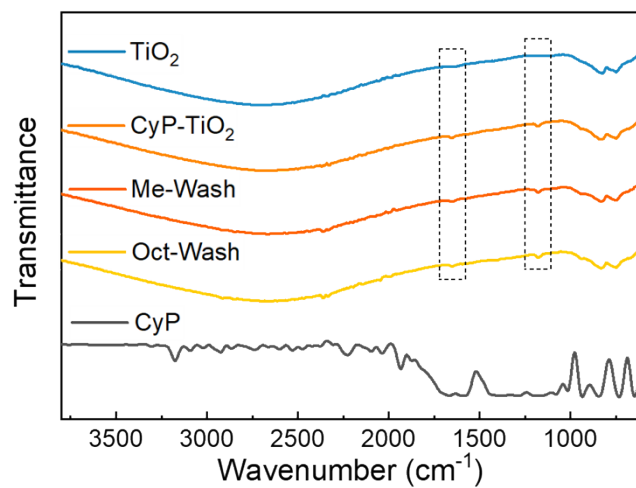


Fig. S3 The full FTIR spectra of  $\text{TiO}_2$ ,  $\text{CyP-TiO}_2$ , Methyl acetate washed  $\text{TiO}_2$ , Octane washed  $\text{TiO}_2$ , and CyP samples.

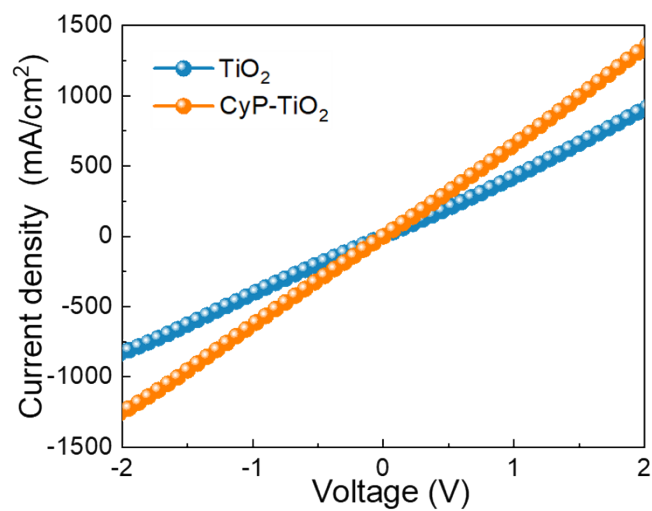


Fig. S4  $J-V$  curves of devices structured as FTO/ETLs/Ag.

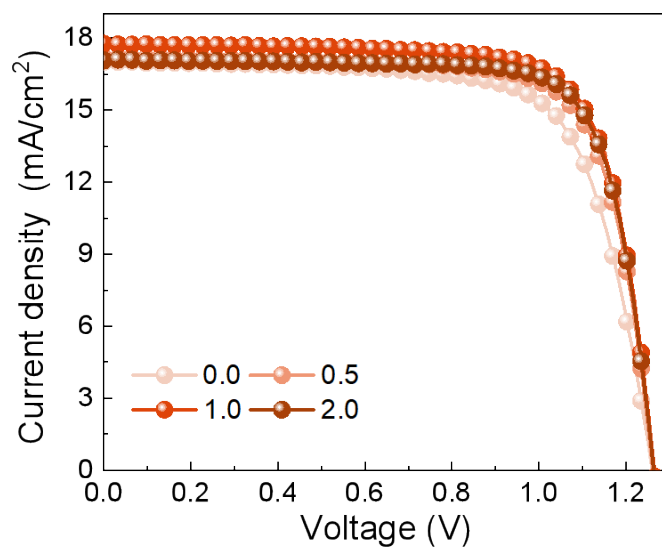


Fig. S5  $J-V$  curves of CyP-engineered CsPbI<sub>3</sub> QD solar cells with different concentrations of CyP.

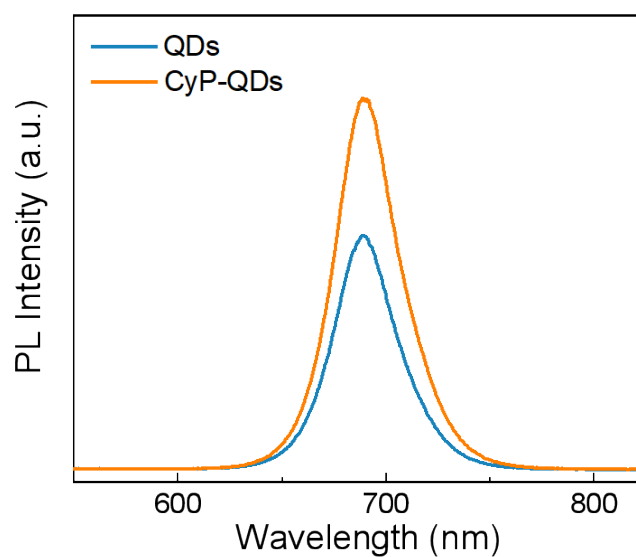


Fig. S6 Steady PL spectra of QD films deposited on quartz substrates with and without CyP modification layer.

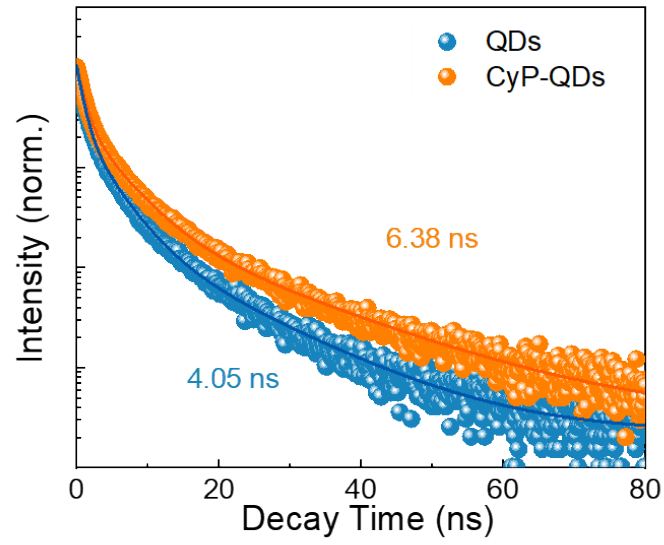


Fig. S7 TRPL spectra of QD films deposited on quartz substrates with and without CyP modification layer.

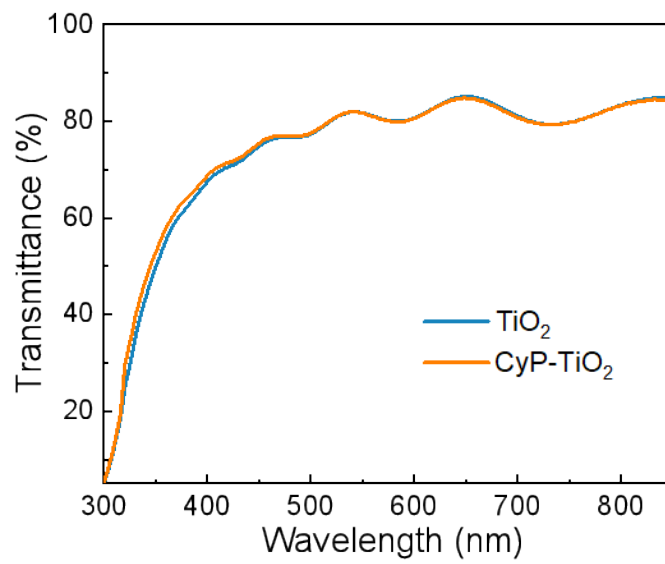


Fig. S8 Optical transmittance spectra of TiO<sub>2</sub>/FTO and CyP-TiO<sub>2</sub>/FTO films.

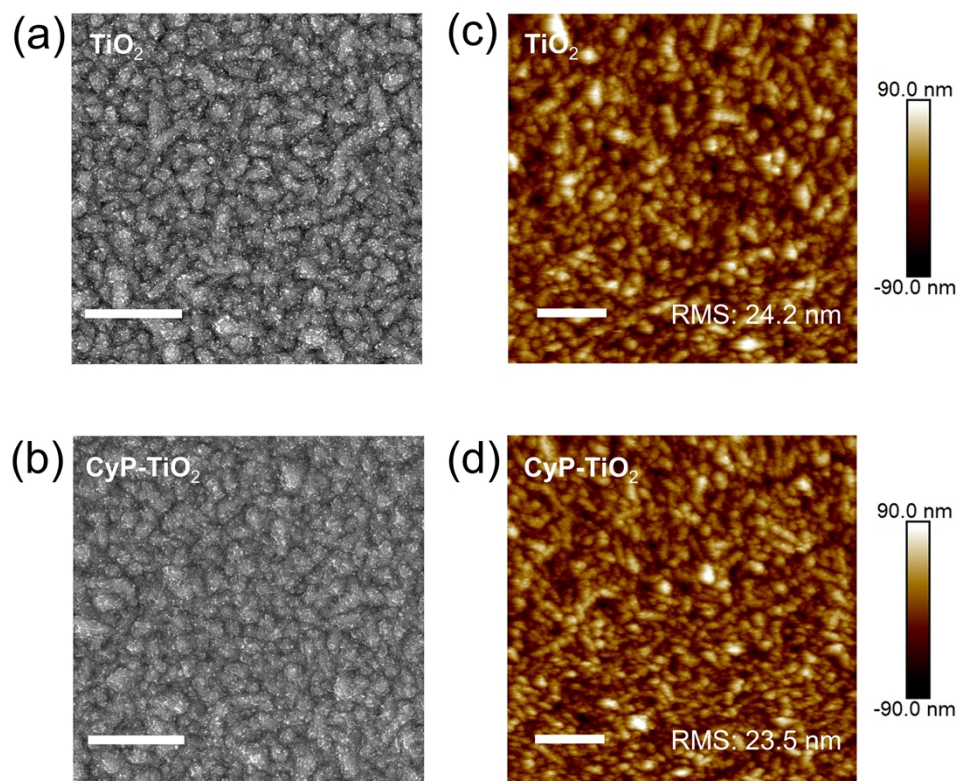


Fig. S9 (a-b) Top-view SEM images (scale bar is  $1\mu\text{m}$ ), (c-d) AFM images (scale bar is  $1\mu\text{m}$ ) of  $\text{TiO}_2$  and  $\text{CyP-TiO}_2$  films, respectively.

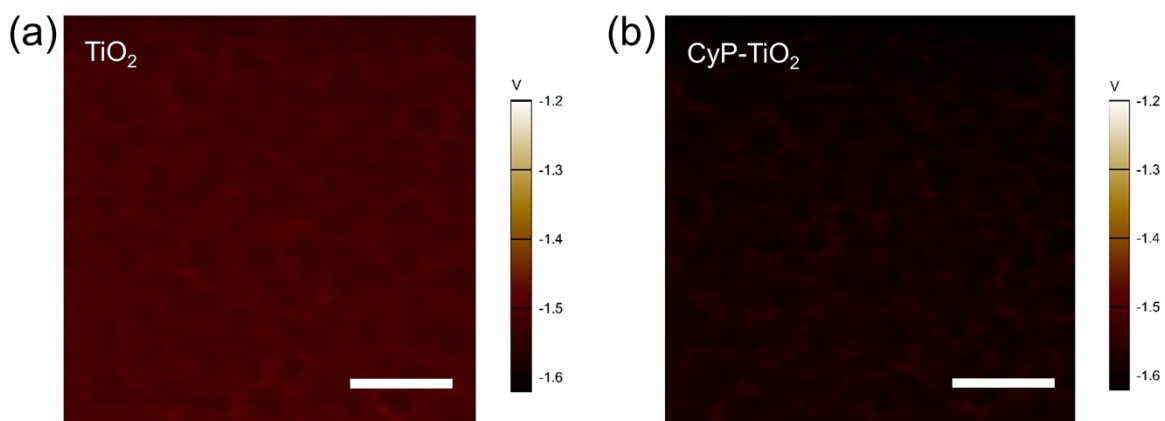


Fig. S10 (a-b) KPFM images of  $\text{TiO}_2$  and  $\text{CyP-TiO}_2$  films. (scale bar is 500 nm).

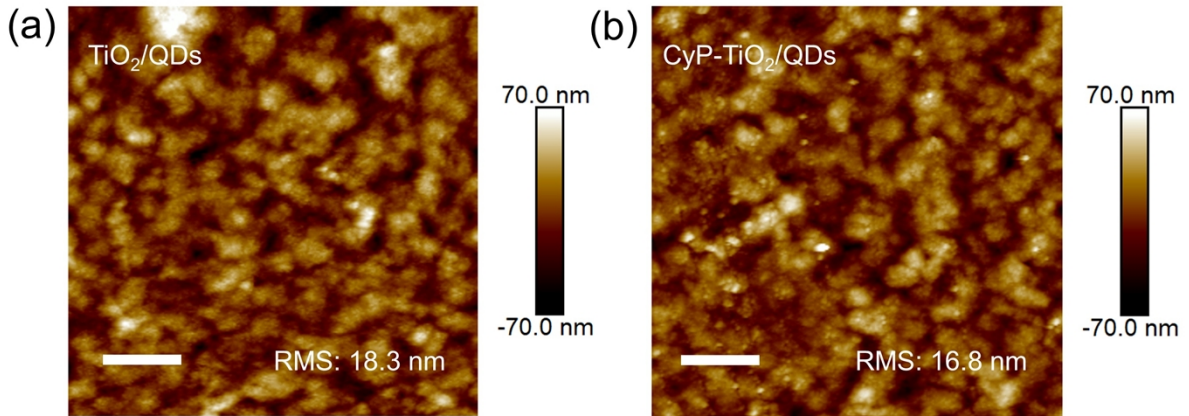


Fig. S11 (a-b) The AFM images (scale bar is 1  $\mu\text{m}$ ) of QD films deposited on the  $\text{TiO}_2$  and  $\text{CyP-TiO}_2$  films.

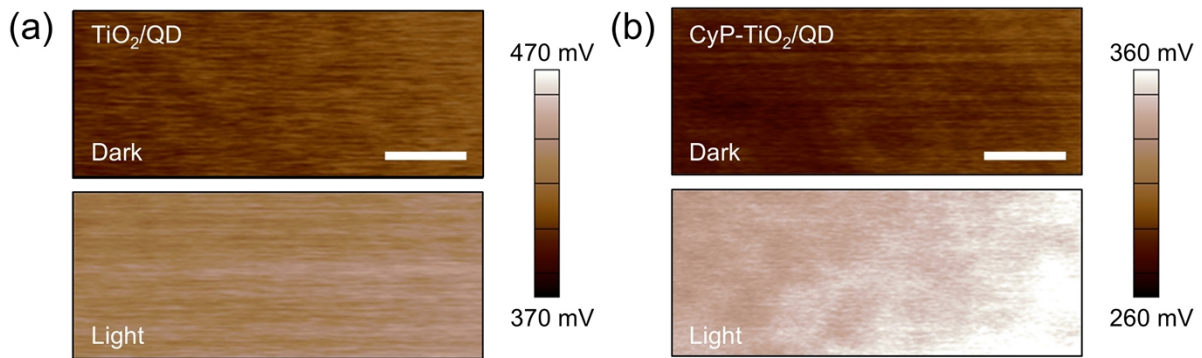


Fig. S12 (a) Surface potential mapping measured in the dark (average surface potential: 401.30 mV) and light (average surface potential: 434.24 mV) for QD film deposition on  $\text{TiO}_2$ , respectively. (b) Surface potential mapping measured in the dark (average surface potential: 288.27 mV) and light (average surface potential: 348.58 mV) for QD film deposition on  $\text{CyP-TiO}_2$ , respectively, the scale bar is 1  $\mu\text{m}$ .

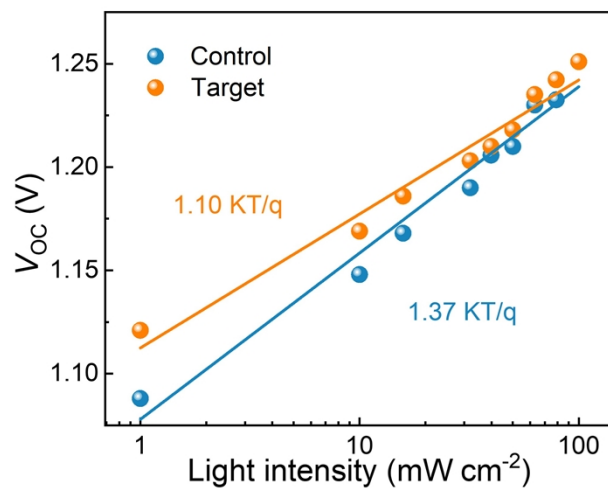


Fig. S13 The double-logarithmic  $I$  dependent  $V_{\text{OC}}$  curves of control and target cells.



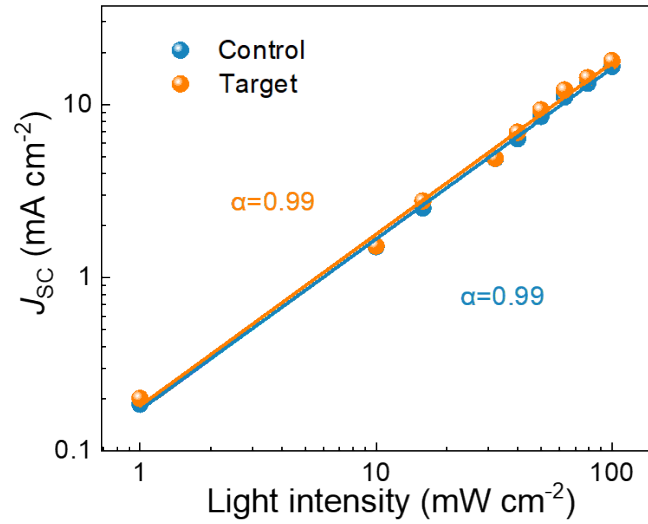


Fig. S14 The double-logarithmic  $I$  dependent  $J_{SC}$  curves of control and target cells.

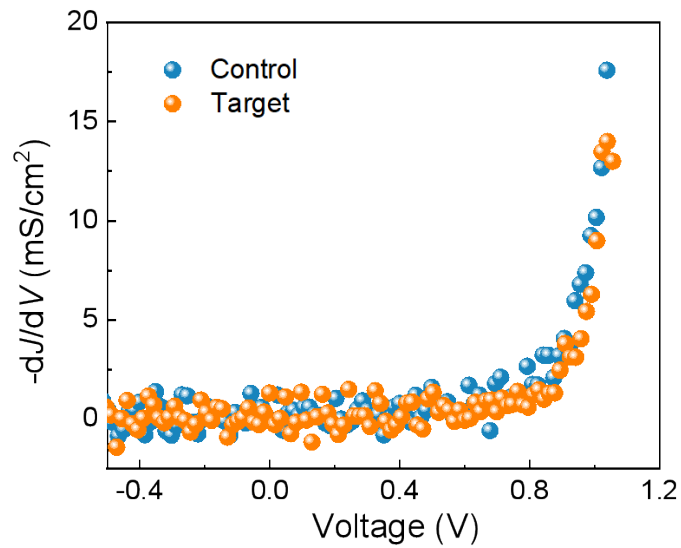


Fig. S15 The relationship of  $-dJ/dV$  with respect to voltage, which was derived from Fig. 2b.

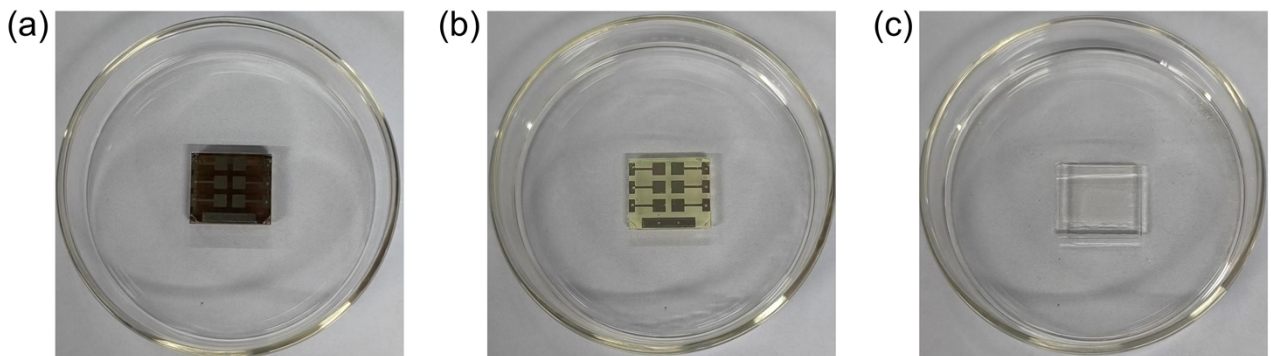


Fig. S16 Photographs of the process of recycling  $TiO_2/FTO$ . (a) Aged  $CsPbI_3$  QD solar cells. (b) Aged solar cell after contacting with acetone solvent. (c) Clean  $TiO_2/FTO$  after ultrasound treatment.



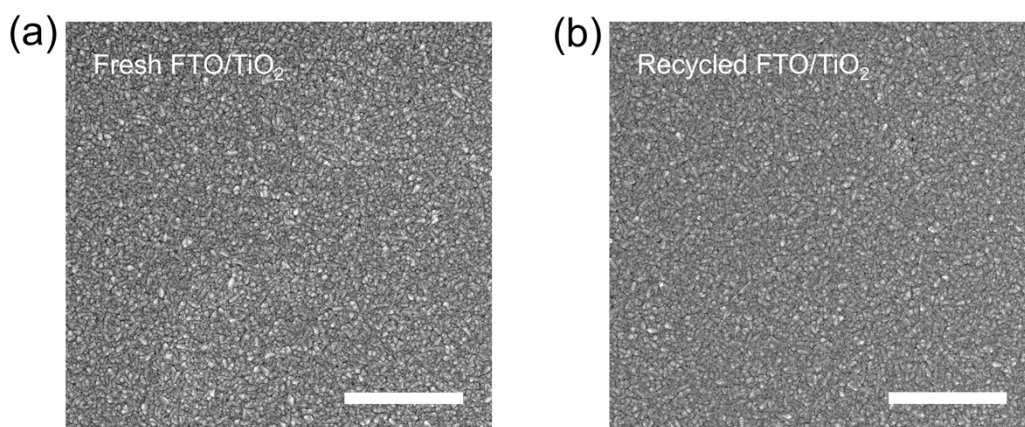


Fig. S17 (a-b) Top-view SEM images of fresh TiO<sub>2</sub>/FTO and recycled TiO<sub>2</sub>/FTO. (scale bar is 5 μm).

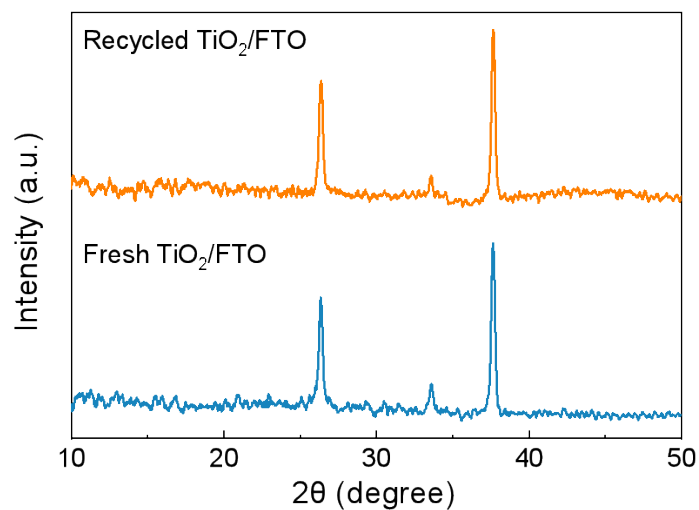


Fig. S18 XRD patterns of fresh TiO<sub>2</sub>/FTO substrate and recycled TiO<sub>2</sub>/FTO substrate.

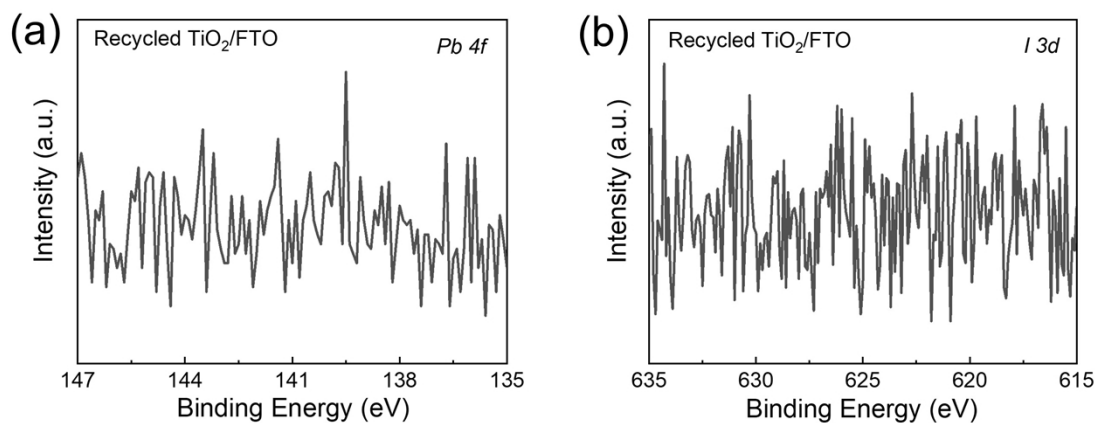


Fig. S19 Pb 4*f* (a) and I 3*d* (b) XPS spectra of recycled TiO<sub>2</sub>/FTO electrode.

Table S1 The detailed *J-V* parameters of CyP-engineered CsPbI<sub>3</sub> QD solar cells with different

concentrations of CyP.

Sample	$V_{OC}$ (V)	$J_{SC}$ (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	FF	PCE (%)
0.0 mg/mL	1.251	16.99	0.724	15.39
0.5 mg/mL	1.251	17.19	0.762	16.39
1.0 mg/mL	1.251	17.75	0.771	17.13
2.0 mg/mL	1.251	17.08	0.784	16.75

Table S2 The detailed  $J-V$  parameters of performance for control and target devices.

Sample	Scan direction	$V_{OC}$ (V)	$J_{SC}$ (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	FF	PCE (%)
<b>Control</b>	Forward	1.268	16.47	0.739	15.42
	Reverse	1.251	16.76	0.748	15.70
	Average <sup>[a]</sup>	1.245±0.015	16.30±0.47	0.743±0.018	15.19±0.35
<b>Target</b>	Forward	1.268	17.89	0.763	17.30
	Reverse	1.251	18.09	0.773	17.50
	Average	1.245±0.010	17.61±0.21	0.770±0.011	17.11±0.21

[a] The average data based on 20 cells.

Table S3 The corresponding statistical data in Fig. 2e of reported CsPbI<sub>3</sub> QD solar cells.

Publication Date	PCE (%)	Reference
May. 25, 2020	15.21	<i>Adv. Mater.</i> <b>2020</b> , 32, 2001906 <sup>1</sup>
Oct. 21, 2020	16.07	<i>Adv. Funct. Mater.</i> <b>2021</b> , 31, 2005930 <sup>2</sup>
Jan. 20, 2021	15.10	<i>Nat. Commun.</i> <b>2021</b> , 12, 466 <sup>3</sup>
Apr. 19, 2021	15.05	<i>Adv. Funct. Mater.</i> <b>2021</b> , 31, 2101272 <sup>4</sup>
Jul. 9, 2021	16.21	<i>Energy Environ. Sci.</i> <b>2021</b> , 14, 4599-4609 <sup>5</sup>
Oct. 25, 2021	15.29	<i>Adv. Mater.</i> <b>2022</b> , 34, 2105977 <sup>6</sup>
Oct. 27, 2021	15.21	<i>Adv. Funct. Mater.</i> <b>2022</b> , 32, 2108615 <sup>7</sup>
Jun. 20, 2022	16.53	<i>Joule</i> <b>2022</b> , 6, 1-22 <sup>8</sup>
Jul. 30, 2022	16.25	<i>Adv. Mater.</i> <b>2022</b> , 2204259 <sup>9</sup>
Aug. 16, 2022	16.64	<i>Energy Environ. Sci.</i> , <b>2022</b> , 15, 4201-4212 <sup>10</sup>
Jan. 17, 2023	16.14	<i>Adv. Funct. Mater.</i> <b>2023</b> , 2210728 <sup>11</sup>
Feb. 26 2023	15.38	<i>Adv. Mater.</i> <b>2023</b> , 2212160 <sup>12</sup>

Jun. 4, 2023	15.40	<i>Adv. Sci.</i> <b>2023</b> , <i>10</i> , 2301793 <sup>13</sup>
Jun. 29, 2023	15.72	<i>Nano-Micro Lett.</i> <b>2023</b> <i>15</i> :163 <sup>14</sup>
Sep. 20, 2023	15.88	<i>Adv. Mater.</i> <b>2024</b> , <i>36</i> , 2306854 <sup>15</sup>
May. 18, 2024	16.44	<i>Adv. Mater.</i> <b>2024</b> , 2404495 <sup>16</sup>
Jul. 19, 2024	16.10	<i>ACS Energy Lett.</i> <b>2024</b> , <i>9</i> , 3970–3981 <sup>17</sup>
Aug. 13, 2024	16.06	<i>Nat. Energy</i> <b>2024</b> .
		<a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/s41560-024-01608-5">https://doi.org/10.1038/s41560-024-01608-5</a> <sup>18</sup>
<b>2024</b>	<b>17.50</b>	<b>This work</b>

Table S4 The detailed  $J-V$  parameters of devices with CyP-TiO<sub>2</sub> and LiP-TiO<sub>2</sub>.

Sample	$V_{OC}$ (V)	$J_{SC}$ (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	FF	PCE (%)
CyP-TiO <sub>2</sub>	1.251	17.89	0.778	17.40
LiP-TiO <sub>2</sub>	1.251	17.32	0.741	16.07

Table S5 Fitted TRPL parameters of the QD films deposited on the TiO<sub>2</sub>/FTO substrates.

Sample	A <sub>1</sub>	$\tau_1$ (ns)	A <sub>2</sub>	$\tau_2$ (ns)	A <sub>3</sub>	$\tau_3$ (ns)	$\tau_{ave}$ (ns)
TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.82	0.615	0.16	2.207	0.02	7.429	2.06
CyP-TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.87	0.524	0.12	1.841	0.01	5.693	1.31

Table S6 Fitted TRPL parameters of the QD films deposited on the quartz substrates.

Sample	A <sub>1</sub>	$\tau_1$ (ns)	A <sub>2</sub>	$\tau_2$ (ns)	A <sub>3</sub>	$\tau_3$ (ns)	$\tau_{ave}$ (ns)
QDs	0.73	1.038	0.25	4.750	0.02	19.535	6.38
CyP-QDs	0.77	0.918	0.21	3.742	0.02	13.354	4.05

Table S7 The detailed  $J-V$  parameters of CsPbI<sub>3</sub> QD solar cells with different recycled TiO<sub>2</sub> substrates (the average data based on 10 cells).

Substrate	Recycled times		$V_{OC}$ (V)	$J_{SC}$ (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	FF	PCE (%)	Percentage Remaining
TiO <sub>2</sub>	Fresh	Champion	1.251	16.69	0.738	15.42	100%
		Average <sup>[b]</sup>	1.244	16.28	0.723	15.11	
			±0.015	±0.48	±0.020	±0.38	
	R1	Champion	1.251	15.87	0.716	14.18	92.0%
		Average	1.241	15.19	0.701	13.79	
			±0.018	±0.55	±0.025	±0.66	
	R2	Champion	1.251	15.38	0.695	13.37	86.7%
		Average	1.238	14.84	0.683	12.74	
			±0.022	±0.69	±0.033	±0.78	
	R3	Champion	1.251	15.59	0.660	12.87	83.5%
		Average	1.230	14.65	0.646	12.74	

			$\pm 0.028$	$\pm 0.73$	$\pm 0.038$	$\pm 0.99$	
	<b>R4</b>	Champion	1.186	15.09	0.630	11.28	73.2%
		Average	1.109	14.14	0.605	10.67	
			$\pm 0.035$	$\pm 0.89$	$\pm 0.046$	$\pm 1.12$	
	<b>Fresh</b>	Champion	1.251	17.94	0.762	17.12	100%
		Average	1.245	17.52	0.758	16.94	
			$\pm 0.010$	$\pm 0.22$	$\pm 0.011$	$\pm 0.22$	
	<b>R1</b>	Champion	1.251	17.43	0.769	16.77	98.0%
		Average	1.242	17.12	0.755 $\pm$	16.60	
			$\pm 0.010$	$\pm 0.26$	0.012	$\pm 0.31$	
<b>CyP-TiO<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>R2</b>	Champion	1.251	17.07	0.775	16.56	96.7%
		Average	1.241	16.84	0.768 $\pm$	16.24	
			$\pm 0.013$	$\pm 0.31$	0.016	$\pm 0.50$	
	<b>R3</b>	Champion	1.251	16.86	0.762	16.08	93.9%
		Average	1.237	16.32	0.757 $\pm$	15.66	
			$\pm 0.016$	$\pm 0.36$	0.020	$\pm 0.67$	
	<b>R4</b>	Champion	1.235	16.76	0.753	15.60	91.1%
		Average	1.223	16.12	0.743 $\pm$	15.14	
			$\pm 0.021$	$\pm 0.48$	0.029	$\pm 0.84$	

### Supplementary Note 1:

#### Methods of exposing buried interfaces

Glass slices coated with a UV curable glue was used to encapsulate the QD film, after curing with UV light, followed by glass separation from FTO substrates with a nipping plier.

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