

Supplementary information

**Elucidating the Underlying Toxic Mechanisms of Nanoplastics
on Zebrafish Hematological and Circulatory Systems**

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Table S1. The temporal parameters of zebrafish exposure to PS-NPs, including the initiation and duration of exposure as well as the time point of sample collection.

Initial exposure time point	exposure duration	Collect zebrafish time point
0 hpf	12 hours	12 hpf
12 hpf	14 hours	26 hpf
12 hpf	18 hours	30 hpf
24 hpf	24 hours	48 hpf
24 hpf	35 hours	59 hpf
24 hpf	48 hours	72 hpf

Table S2. Primers used in this study

Genes	Accession No.	Primer sequences (5'-3' F/R)	Size (bp)	Usage
<i>nppa</i>	NM_198800.3	ACAGAGACCGAGAGGAAG AGGGTGCTGGAAGACCCTAT	166 bp	Heart failure
<i>nppb</i>	NM_001327776.1	CATGGGTGTTTAAAGTTCTCC CTTCAATATTGCCGCCTTAC	101 bp	Heart failure
<i>hol</i>	NM_001127516.1	GGACTTGGAGCAGTCTTCGG ATGCCCTGTTCCAGTCAGC	216 bp	Oxidative stress
<i>keap1</i>	NM_182864.2	TGTGATCTGGTTCTGCATGTC ACTCCTTGAAGTTGCTGGTG	121 bp	Oxidative stress
<i>nrf2</i>	NM_182889.1	CACCCAACATGAATCAACTG ATTTCGCCATCTGATGTAAT	137 bp	Oxidative stress
<i>apex1</i>	NM_213421.2	AATAAAGTGTGGGTGTACGTG CAGGAGGTGATCTTCATATTGG	251 bp	BER pathway
<i>creb1</i>	NM_200909.1	AGGAGCGTGGAGAACCATAAA GGCAGAGCCATCAGCGAC	151 bp	BER pathway
<i>crem</i>	XM_677932.9	GGAACAACACCATCAGATCC CCTGAGTGATTGCAATGTACTG	226 bp	BER pathway
<i>p62</i>	NM_001312913.1	CCTGGGTTCCGTTCACT TACTTGGTCCGCTTCC	564 bp	Mitophagy
<i>pink1</i>	NM_001008628.1	GGGAGTGGATCATCTGTGC TCTGCCATCTGGACCTTGT	519 bp	Mitophagy
<i>parkin</i>	NM_001423707.1	GCTGCGGGTCATCTTGCT CTCCGTGAATCCGGTTGG	440 bp	Mitophagy
<i>β-actin</i>	NM_131031.2	CTCCCCTGTTACAATAACCTACTA ATACACAGC TTCTGTCCCCATGCCAACCATCACTC	185 bp	Internal reference

Table S3. Mortality of zebrafish treated with different concentrations of G-PS-NPs on 48, 56, and 72 hpf

Concentration (PS-NPs)	0 µg/mL	10 µg/mL	25 µg/mL	50 µg/mL	100 µg/mL	200 µg/mL
48hpf	0	0	0	0	0	0
56hpf	0	0	0	0	0	0
72hpf	0	0	0	2.06%	6.18%	31.25%

Table S4. Comparative summary of previously published studies on hematological and circulatory systems toxicities

NPs type	Species	Size (nm)	Concentration range	Exposure duration	Main toxicological findings	Reference
PS-NPs	mice	40 nm	16, 40, 100 µg/day	1/4/12 weeks	Cardiotoxicity mitochondria damage	1
PS-NPs	mice	100 nm	10, 50, 100 µg/mL	30/180 days	vascular toxicity tiRNA-Glu-CTC/Cacna1f axis	2
PS-NPs	mice	100 nm	5, 10 mg/kg	3 months	Atherosclerosis Oxidative stress	3
PS-NPs	mice	50 nm	25 mg/kg BW	28 days	Blood-brain barrier Inhibiting Ferroptosis	4
PS-NPs	mice	100 nm	0.1, 0.5, 2.5 mg/day	6 weeks	cardiotoxicity upregulated HIPK2 activated the P53 and TGF-beta	5
PS-NPs	zebrafish	80 nm	1, 10, 100 µg/mL	7 days	Cardiotoxicity disrupting the Notch and Wnt signaling pathways	6
PS-NPs	mice	80 nm	0, 30, 60, and 120 µg d	42 days	hematopoietic damage cell oxeiptosis and senescence vascular malformation	7
PS-NPs	zebrafish	20 nm	2, 5, 8 mg/L	22/46/70h	interfering with the VEGFA/VEGFR pathway vascular toxicity	8
PS-NPs	mice	100 nm	100 µg/mL	30/180 days	regulation of the PIWI- interacting RNA expression	9
PS-NPs	mice	50 nm	2.5, 25, 250 mg kg ⁻¹	19 weeks	atherosclerosis upregulating MARCO	10

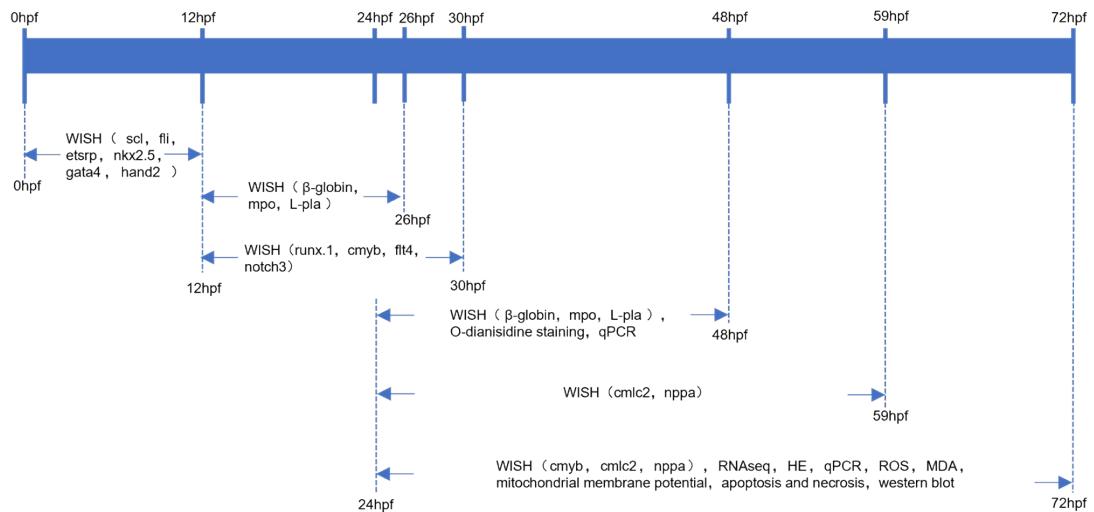


Figure S1. The flow chart depicting the experimental design for acute exposure during embryonic stages.

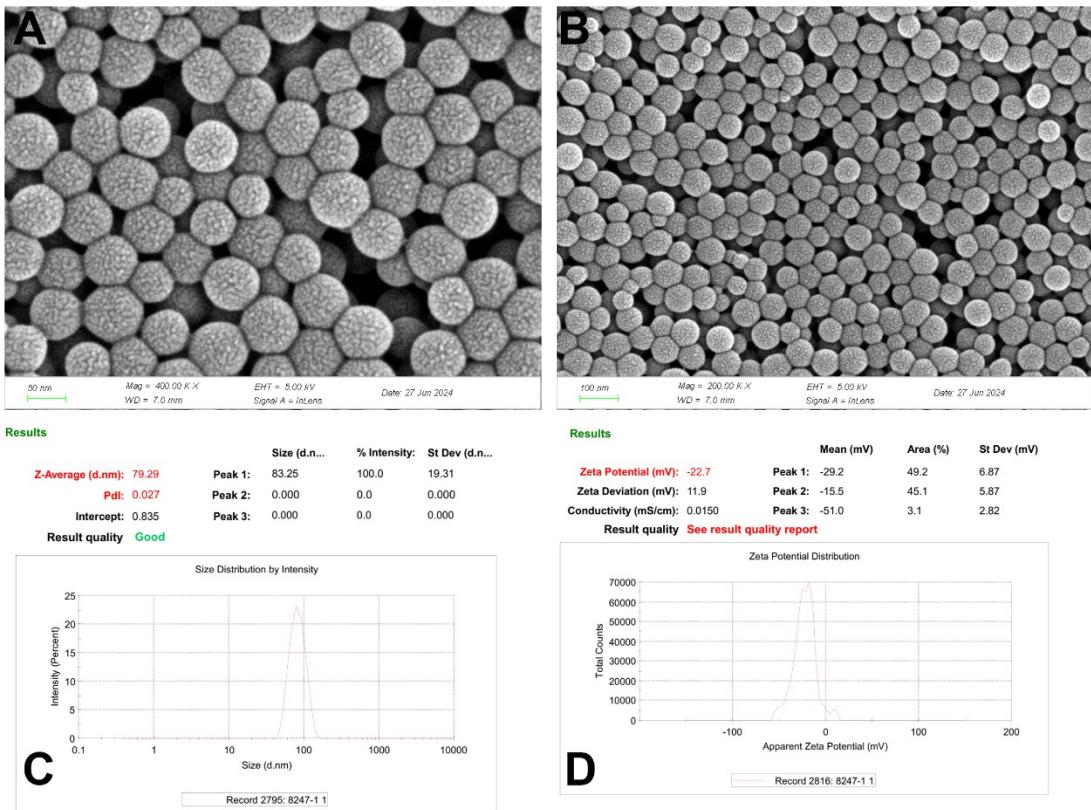


Figure S2. The characteristics of PS-NPs. (A-B) Morphology of PS-NPs (80 nm) was obtained by the SEM; (C) The hydrodynamic diameters of PS-NPs; (D) The zeta potential of PS-NPs.

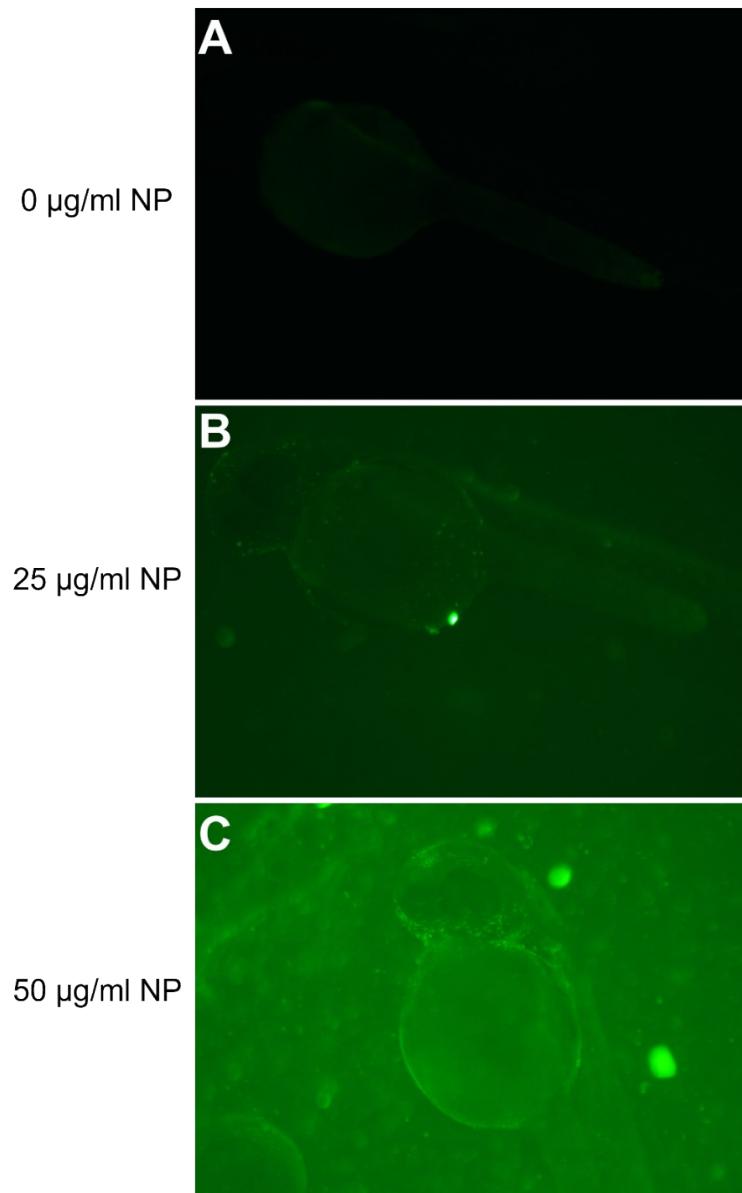


Figure S3. The distribution of G-PS-NPs with green fluorescence (25 µg/mL and 50 µg/mL) in zebrafish at 72 hpf. (A) 0 µg/mL G-PS-NPs. (B) 25 µg/mL G-PS-NPs. (C) 50 µg/mL G-PS-NPs. Images are taken at the same exposure time.

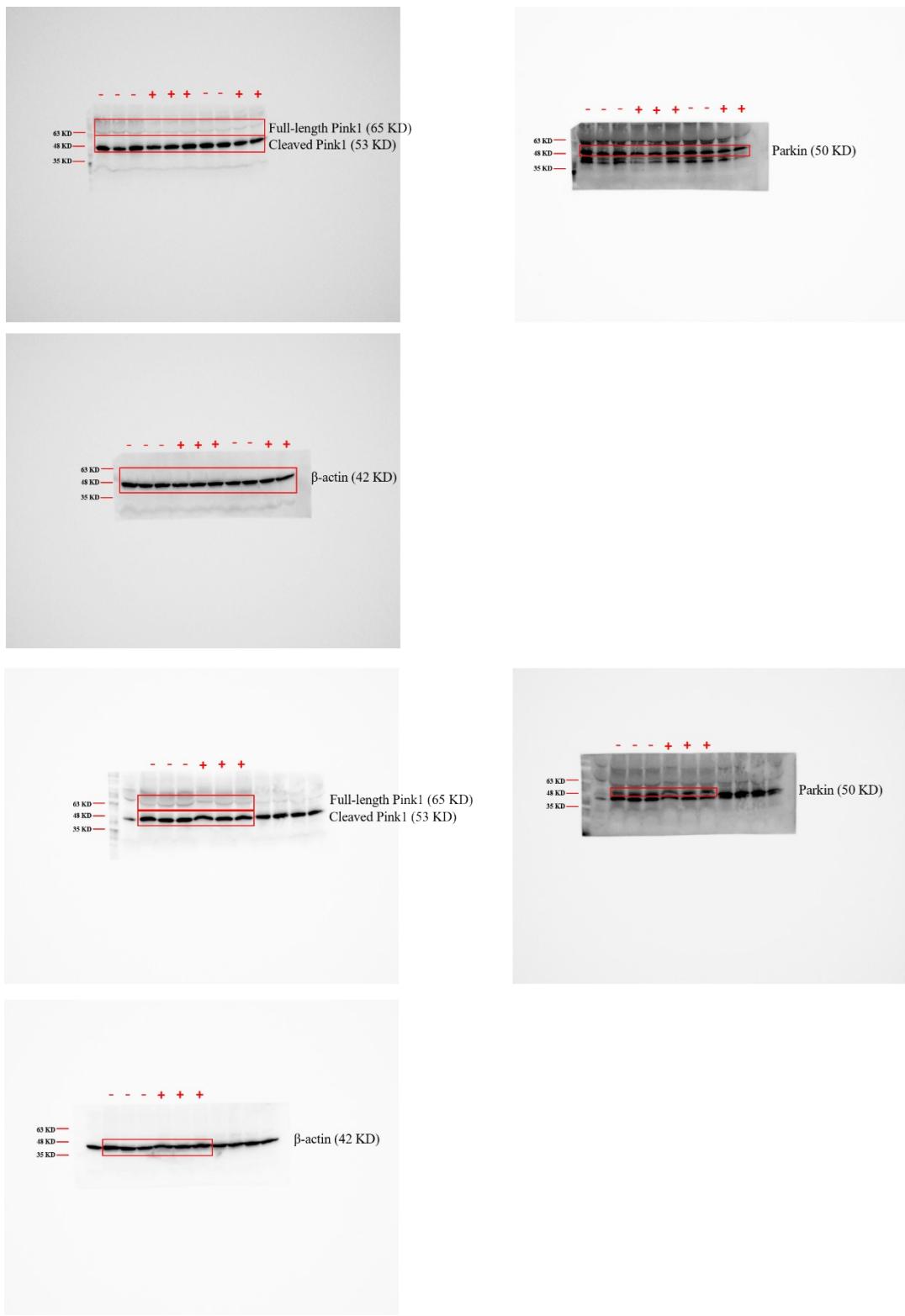


Figure S4. The raw data of western blot. The red box represents the target band. “-“ represents PS-NPs untreated zebrafish, and “+” represents PS-NPs treated zebrafish.

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