

## Supporting information

### Additive Manufacturing via Protein Denaturation

Chang-Uk Lee<sup>a</sup>; Sung June Kim<sup>a</sup>; Rachel B. Dietrich<sup>b</sup>; Audrey L. Girard<sup>b</sup>; Andrew J. Boydston<sup>a,c,d\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, <sup>b</sup>Department of Food Science, <sup>c</sup>Department of Chemical & Biological Engineering, <sup>d</sup>Department of Materials Science & Engineering, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin 53706, USA

**Table S1.** Results from compressive tests on cylinders of BSA with glycerol, BSA with glycerol after post-curing, and BSA after post-curing and hydration.

Sample	Compressive modulus (MPa)	Stress at 60% strain (MPa)
BSA after post-curing at 120 °C and hydration <sup>a</sup>	62 ± 9	53 ± 8
BSA with glycerol after post-curing	60 ± 5	39 ± 4
BSA with glycerol	23 ± 0.6	12 ± 2
BSA with hydration <sup>a</sup>	2.3 ± 0.4	2.9 ± 0.4

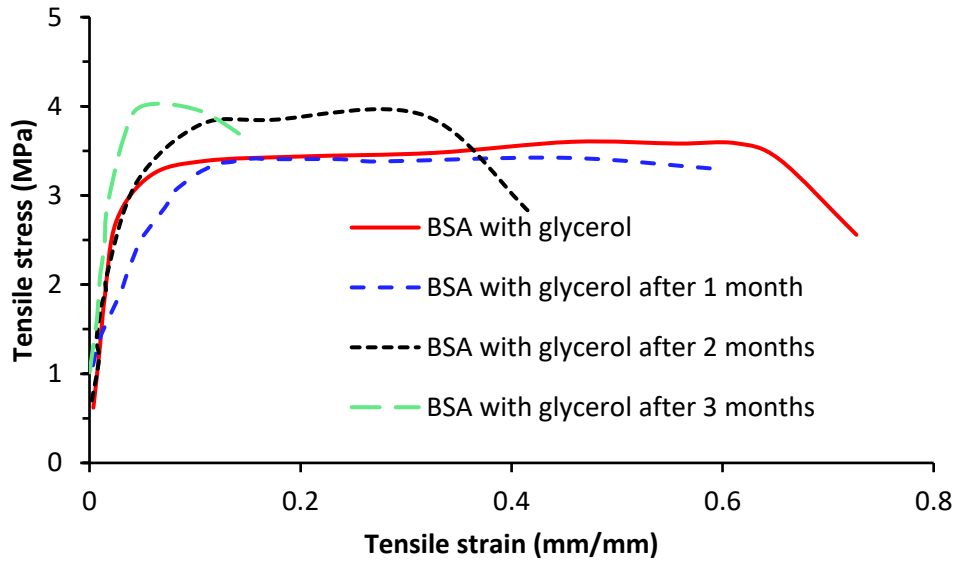
a. Without hydration, cylinders were too brittle for the compressive tests.

**Table S2.** Storage modulus ( $E'$ ) and  $\tan\delta$  of BSA with glycerol with or without post-curing by DMA.

	$E'$ at 25 °C (MPa)	Peak at $\beta$ transition (°C)	Glass transition (°C)	Peak at $\tan\delta$ at glass transition	Crosslinking density ( $v_e$ , kmol/m <sup>3</sup> )
BSA with glycerol	159	-45	80	0.387	0.58
BSA with glycerol after post-curing	131	-43	70	0.301	0.61
BSA without glycerol after post-curing and no hydration	616 <sup>a</sup>	- <sup>b</sup>	123	0.148	14.41

a.  $E'$  at 40 °C

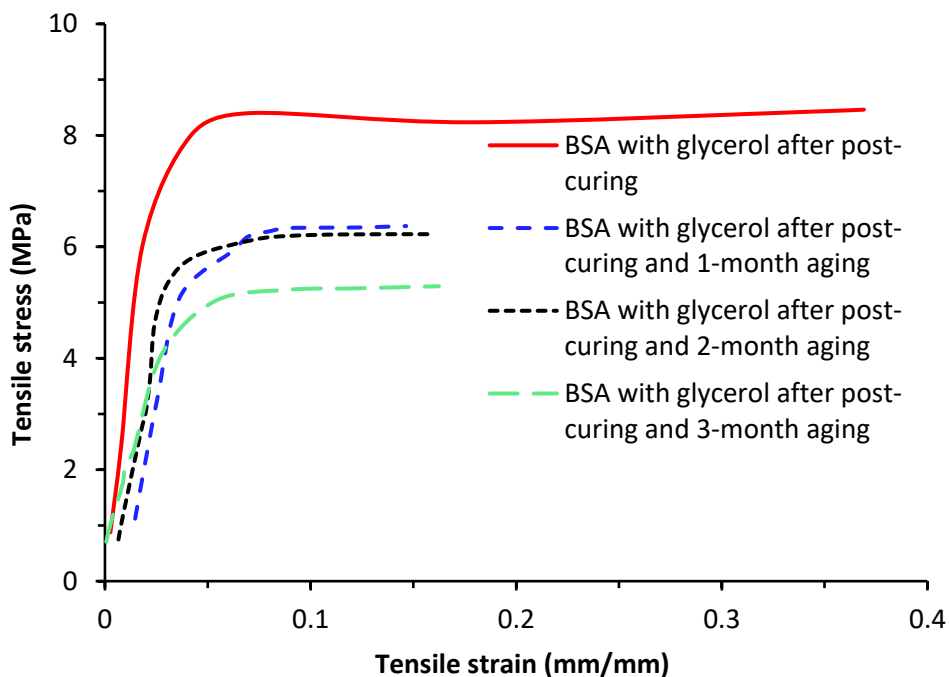
b. We were not able to measure  $\beta$  transition for BSA after post-curing and no hydration since the sample became too brittle at low temperature from -80 °C.



**Figure S1.** Results from tensile tests on dogbones of BSA with glycerol after aging for 2 weeks, 1 month, 2 months or 3 months under ambient conditions.

**Table S3.** Results from tensile tests on dogbones of BSA with glycerol after aging for 2 weeks, 1 month, 2 months or 3 months under ambient conditions.

	Young's modulus (MPa)	Ultimate strength (MPa)	Elongation at break (%)	Moisture content (%)
BSA with glycerol (after 2 weeks)	79 ± 17	4 ± 0.3	66 ± 7	10 ± 0.5
BSA with glycerol after 1-month aging	41 ± 9	3 ± 0.4	42 ± 17	13 ± 1.1
BSA with glycerol after 2-month aging	101 ± 23	4 ± 0.4	44 ± 10	12 ± 0.8
BSA with glycerol after 3-month aging	140 ± 47	4.8 ± 1.1	18 ± 9	13 ± 1.5



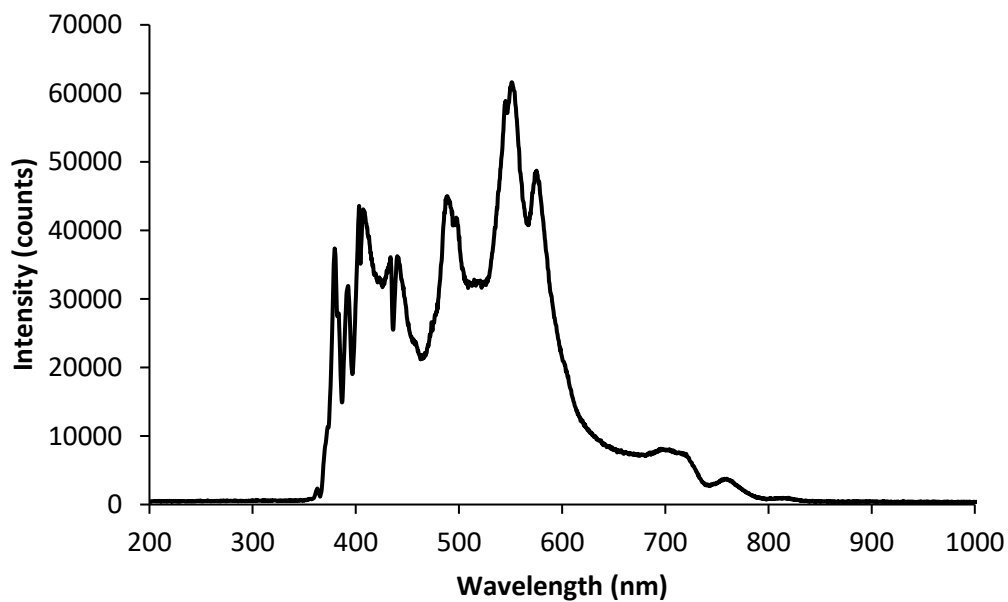
**Figure S2.** Results from tensile tests on dogbones of BSA with glycerol after post-curing and aging for 2 weeks, 1 month, 2 months or 3 months under ambient conditions.

**Table S4.** Results from tensile tests on dogbones of BSA with glycerol after post-curing and aging for 2 weeks, 1 month, 2 months or 3 months under ambient conditions.

	Young's modulus (MPa)	Ultimate strength (MPa)	Elongation at break (%)	Moisture content (%)
BSA with glycerol after post-curing (2 days)	233 ± 9	8 ± 1	31 ± 6	8.0 ± 1.4
BSA with glycerol after post-curing and 1-month aging	180 ± 47	5 ± 1	14 ± 2	11.0 ± 0.1
BSA with glycerol after post-curing and 2-month aging	187 ± 39	6 ± 0.3	12 ± 3	11.4 ± 0.4
BSA with glycerol after post-curing and 3-month aging	131 ± 14	5 ± 0.2	20 ± 9	13.4 ± 0.8

**Table S5.** Degradation profiles of printed BSA cylinders without or after post-curing at 120 C.

	Mass (%) after 5 days	Mass (%) after 10 days	Mass (%) after 13 days	Mass (%) after 17 days
Cylinders without post-curing	64.5 ± 13.3	12.0 ± 8.7	0	-
Cylinders after post-curing	71.4 ± 5.0	33.1 ± 6.7	-	0



**Figure S3.** Emission spectrum of the DLP projector for HAPPI.