Supplementary Information

Photo-driven reduction/cyclization of nitroarenes via electron donor-

acceptor complexes: a novel acquisition for *N*-heterocycles

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I. General Information

¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker AV 600 or AV 400 NMR spectrometer. Chemical shifts were reported in parts per million (ppm) and calibrated using residual undeuterated solvent as an internal reference (CDCl₃: 7.26 ppm ¹H NMR, 77.0 ppm ¹³C NMR; DMSO-*d6*: 2.50 ppm ¹H NMR, 39.6 ppm ¹³C NMR). All high-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained on an Agilent 6545 LC/Q-TOF spectrometer. The UV-Vis measurements were carried out using a UV-Vis spectrophotometer (ULN 2209003, MAPADA P6). The thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using glass plates covered with SiO₂. Visualization was achieved by short wave (254 nm) ultraviolet light. Unless otherwise indicated, all reactions were carried out under air atmosphere at room temperature with magnetic stirring. All reagents were purchased from commercial source and without prior purification. Flash column chromatography was performed on silica gel (200-300 mesh) and the elution was performed with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate. The experiments were conducted in sealed 10 mL or 20 mL Schlenk tube.

Photochemical reactions were performed with a 100 W 390 nm LED purchased from Shanghai 3S Technology Co., Ltd (https://www.3s-tech.net/en/#).



Figure S1. Emission spectrum of 100 W 390 nm LED strips. The maximum emission occurs at approximately 390 nm.

II. Preparation of Substrate

Synthesis of N-benzyl-2-nitroaniline derivatives



Prepared following a modified literature procedure.¹ To a suspension of 2-fluoronitroaniline (5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DMF (10 mL), benzylamine (5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added dropwise at room temperature. Stir the reaction mixture continuously until starting material is consumed as monitored by TLC. After that, the mixture was poured into H_2O and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was then washed with aqueous LiCl, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated under reduced pressure to obtain the corresponding product **S1-S20**.

Synthesis of 2-(2-nitrophenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline derivatives



Prepared following a modified literature procedure.² Dissolve 2-fluoronitroaniline (5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (10 mL). Amine (15 mmol, 3.0 equiv.) was added dropwise at room temperature. The mixture was heated to reflux with 120 °C and stirred for 1 h. After that, the reaction mixture cooled to room temperature was diluted with H_2O and DCM. The organic layer was then dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated under reduced pressure to obtain the corresponding product **S21-S24**.

Synthesis of cholesterol derivatives S26



Prepared following modified literature procedures.^{1,3} To a suspension of 4-fluoro-3-nitrobenzoic acid (5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DMF (10 mL), benzylamine (5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added dropwise at room temperature. Stir the reaction mixture continuously until starting material is consumed as monitored by TLC. After that, the mixture was poured into H_2O and extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was then washed with aqueous LiCl, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated under reduced pressure to obtain 4-(benzylamino)-3-nitrobenzoic acid. After that, to a solution of acid (4.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), cholesterol (4.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), DCC (8 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), DMAP (0.32 mmol, 8 mol%) was added in DCM at room temperature for 12 h. Then the reaction mixture was diluted with H_2O and DCM. The organic layer was then dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated under reduced pressure to obtain product

Synthesis of (3,4-dihydroisoquinolin-2(1H)-yl)(2-nitrophenyl)methanone derivatives



Prepared following a modified literature procedure.⁴ To the solution of 2-nitrobenzoic acid (5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (10 mL), HATU (6 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) and Et₃N (10 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) were added at room temperature. 15 min later, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline derivatives (5.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) were added dropwise. Stir the reaction mixture continuously until starting material is consumed as monitored by TLC. After the completion of the reaction, the organic layer was washed with saturated NH₄Cl solution, 1 M NaOH solution, saturated NaCl solution, and then dried over Na₂SO₄. The organic solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography on silica gel to obtain the corresponding product **S27-S29**.

Synthesis of N- substituted 2-nitrobenzamide derivatives



Prepared following a modified literature procedure.⁵ To the solution of 2-nitrobenzoic acid (5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM: DMF (25:1), EDCI (5.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv.), HOBt (5.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) and DMAP (0.25 mmol, 0.05 equiv.) were added at room temperature. Then amine (10 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) was added dropwise. The mixture was heated to reflux with 60 °C and stirred for 4 h. After that, the reaction mixture was poured into H_2O and extracted with DCM. The organic layer was washed with saturated NaCl solution, dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated under reduced pressure. Purification by column chromatography on silica gel to obtain the corresponding product **S30-S53**.

III. Optimization of the reaction conditions

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		Amine, LED Solvent, Reaction) irradiation , r.t., air on time		\neg
Entry	Amine	Solvent	Light source	Time (h)	Yield (%) ^b
1	Piperazine	DMSO	390 nm LED	48	75
2°	Piperazine	DMSO	390 nm LED	48	34
3 ^d	Piperazine	DMSO	390 nm LED	48	51
4 ^e	Piperazine	DMSO	390 nm LED	48	74
5	TMEDA	DMSO	390 nm LED	48	40
6	HTMP	DMSO	390 nm LED	48	48
7	DIPEA	DMSO	390 nm LED	48	n.d.
8	Piperazine	DMSO	370 nm LED	48	69
9	Piperazine	DMSO	455 nm LED	48	65
10	Piperazine	DMF	390 nm LED	48	68
11	Piperazine	MeCN	390 nm LED	48	12
12	Piperazine	THF	390 nm LED	48	45
13	Piperazine	DCE	390 nm LED	48	n.d.
14	Piperazine	H_2O	390 nm LED	48	n.d.
15	Piperazine	Diox	390 nm LED	48	n.d.
16	Piperazine	<i>i</i> -PrOH	390 nm LED	48	n.d.
17	Piperazine	MeOH	390 nm LED	48	n.d.
18	Piperazine	EA	390 nm LED	48	n.d.
19	Piperazine	Acetone	390 nm LED	48	61
20	Piperazine	Ethyl formate	390 nm LED	48	n.d.
21	Piperazine	DMSO	390 nm LED	12	45
22	Piperazine	DMSO	390 nm LED	36	63
23	None	DMSO	390 nm LED	48	Trace
24^{f}	Piperazine	DMSO	390 nm LED	48	73
25 ^g	Piperazine	DMSO	In dark	48	n.d.

Table S1. Selected reaction optimization for benzimidazoles and polycyclic quinazolinones derivatives^{a,b}

^a Conditions: **S1** (0.3 mmol), amine (2.0 equiv.), DMSO (0.1 M), room temperature, air atmosphere, 48 h under 390 nm irradiation. ^b Isolated yields. ^c Piperazine (1.0 equiv.). ^d Piperazine (1.5 equiv.) ^e Piperazine (3.0 equiv.) ^f Nitrogen atmosphere. ^g The tube was wrapped with tin foil to ensure that the reaction was performed in darkness while keeping all other variables constant.

Table S2. Selected reaction optimization for quinazolin-4(3H)-one derivatives^{a,b}



Entry	Amine	Base	Solvent	Light source	Time (h)	Yield (%) ^b
1	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	86
2°	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	43
3 ^d	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	62
4 ^e	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	84
5	DIPEA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	41
6	DBU	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	n.d.
$7^{\rm f}$	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	52
8^{g}	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	79
9 ^h	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	84
10	TMEDA	K_3PO_4	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	78
11	TMEDA	Cs_2CO_3	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	85
12	TMEDA	K_2CO_3	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	67
13	TMEDA	Na ₂ CO ₃	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	42
14	TMEDA	t-BuOK	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	n.d.
15	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO	390 nm LED	24	64
16	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMF	390 nm LED	24	62
17	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	MeCN	390 nm LED	24	59
18	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	THF	390 nm LED	24	37
19	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	H_2O	390 nm LED	24	n.d.
20	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	Acetone	390 nm LED	24	61
21	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	EA	390 nm LED	24	53
22	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DCM	390 nm LED	24	43
23	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	12	59
24	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	370 nm LED	24	74
25	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	455 nm LED	24	n.d.
26	TMEDA	None	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	Trace
27	None	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	n.d.
28 ⁱ	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	390 nm LED	24	82
29 ^j	TMEDA	Na ₃ PO ₄	DMSO/H ₂ O (3 mL/0.5 mL)	In dark	24	n.d.

^a Conditions: **S30** (0.3 mmol), amine (2.0 equiv.), base (2.0 equiv.), DMSO (0.1 M), H₂O (0.6 M), room temperature, air atmosphere, 24 h under 390 nm irradiation. ^b Isolated yields. ^cTMEDA (1.0 equiv.). ^dTMEDA (1.5 equiv.). ^cTMEDA (3.0 equiv.). ^fNa₃PO₄ (1.0 equiv.). ^gNa₃PO₄ (1.5 equiv.) ^hNa₃PO₄ (3.0 equiv.) ⁱ Nitrogen atmosphere. ^j The tube was wrapped with tin foil to ensure that the reaction was performed in darkness while keeping all other variables constant.

IV. General procedure for cyclization of nitroarenes



Procedure A: To a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was added the corresponding nitroarenes (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), piperazine (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and DMSO (3 mL). The resulting solution was stirred under irradiation of a 100 W 390 nm LED for 48 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with H_2O , poured into a separatory funnel, and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified via silica gel chromatography to give the corresponding products **1-30**.



Procedure B: To a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was added the corresponding nitroarenes (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), N,N,N',N'-tetramethylethylenediamine (i.e. TMEDA, 0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), Na₃PO₄ (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), H₂O (0.5 mL) and DMSO (3 mL). The resulting solution was stirred under irradiation of a 100 W 390 nm LED for 24 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O, poured into a separatory funnel, and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified via silica gel chromatography to give the corresponding products **31-54**.



Figure S2. Reaction vessel and reaction set-up (0.3 mmol scale).

V. Application of the methodology

(1) Gram-scale synthesis



To a dry 100 mL round-bottom flask was added methyl 4-(benzylamino)-3-nitrobenzoate (5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), piperazine (10 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and 50 mL DMSO under air atmosphere. The resulting solution was stirred under irradiation of 100 W 390 nm LEDs for 48 h. On completion, the reaction mixture was quenched with H_2O , poured into a separatory funnel, and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography gave the compound **1** as yellow solid (756 mg, 60% yield).



To a dry 100 mL round-bottom flask was added *N*-benzyl-2-nitrobenzamide (5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), TMEDA (10 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), Na_3PO_4 (10 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), 50 mL DMSO and 8.3 mL H₂O under air atmosphere. The resulting solution was stirred under irradiation of 100 W 390 nm LEDs for 24 h. On completion, the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O, poured into a separatory funnel, and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography gave the compound **31** as white solid (838 mg, 71% yield).



Figure S3. Reaction vessel and reaction set-up (gram scale).

(2) Extend-scale using continuous-flow reactor



To a dry 50 mL round-bottom flask was added *N*-benzyl-2-nitrobenzamide (1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), TMEDA (2 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), Na₃PO₄ (2 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), 10 mL DMSO and 1.7 mL H₂O. The resulting solution was stirred under air atmosphere, transferred to a 5 mL syringe and then placed on a syringe pump set at a flow rate of 50 μ L/min. Later, the mixture was introduced into feeding tubes under irradiation of 100 W 390 nm LEDs. Due to the capacity limitation of the syringe and feeding tubes, the reaction was prepared twice with 5 mL reaction mixture each time, and the total reaction time was 4 h. On completion, the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O, poured into a separatory funnel, and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by flash column chromatography gave the compound **31** (172 mg, 75% yield). Other substrates are similar to the above experimental steps.



Figure S4. Reaction vessel and reaction set-up (flow chemistry).

(3) Synthesis of drug⁶



To a dry 25 mL round-bottom flask was added 3-(2-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethyl)quinazolin-4(3*H*)-one **53** (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), TFAA (1.5 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) and 3 mL MeCN under air atmosphere. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 0.5 h, and solid was filtered in suspension. After then, add

KOH (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), H_2O_2 (30% in H_2O , 0.75 mL) to a solution of the solid in H_2O /EtOH (1:2, 3 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 0.5 h and proceeded at 60 °C overnight until it was cooled to room temperature and quenched by saturated NaHCO₃ solution. The mixture was then extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered and evaporated. Purification by column chromatography gave the product Rutaecarpine **55** as white solid (68.9 mg, 80% yield).

VI. Mechanistic Investigation

(1) HRMS Analysis for Proposed Intermediates



To a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was added the corresponding nitroarenes (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), piperazine (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and DMSO (3 mL). The resulting solution was stirred under irradiation of a 100 W 390 nm LED for 12 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was detected via HRMS. Evidently, the by-product of dehydrogenated piperazine was detected by HRMS.



Figure S5. HRMS data of by-product of dehydrogenated piperazine.



To a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was added the corresponding nitroarenes (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), TMEDA (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), Na₃PO₄(0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), H₂O (0.5 mL) and DMSO (3 mL). The resulting solution was stirred under irradiation of a 100 W 390 nm LED for 6 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was detected via HRMS. Evidently, the proposed intermediates were detected by HRMS.



Figure S6. HRMS data of the by-product of TMEDA hydrolysis.



Figure S7. HRMS data of Int-11.



Figure S8. HRMS data of Int-14.

(2) UV-vis spectra

The UV-vis absorption spectrum is an effective means of directly representing the electronic properties of compounds and is often used to detect the presence of electron donor-acceptor (EDA) complexes in photochemical reactions.⁷ In this part, UV-vis spectra of **S1**, **1a** and their 1:2 mixture (the molar ratio was in consistence with the reaction mixture) were recorded with a MAPADA P6 spectrophotometer. As shown in Figure S10, the 1:2 mixture of **S1** and **1a** exhibited a bathochromic shift, indicating the occurrence of EDA complexes during the reaction.



Figure S9. UV/vis absorption spectra of individual reaction components and a combination thereof. All spectra were measured in DMSO with a concentration of 0.1 M **S1**, 0.2 M **1a**.

Next, Absorption spectra of individual reaction components (**S30**, **1b**) and mixtures thereof were recorded. A bathochromic shift was observed for a mixture of **S30** and **1b**, which indicated the formation of EDA complexes. Moreover, there was a more pronounced redshift of the mixed solution occurred when Na_3PO_4 was added, implying that the base promoted the formation of EDA complexes between **S30** and **1b**.



Figure S10. UV/vis absorption spectra of individual reaction components and a combination thereof. All spectra were measured in DMSO with a concentration of 0.1 M **S30**, 0.2 M **1b**, 10 mg Na₃PO₄.

(3) Control experiments



To a 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was added the corresponding nitroarenes (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), tribenzylamine (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), Na₃PO₄ (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), H₂O (0.5 mL) and DMSO (3 mL). The resulting solution was stirred under irradiation of a 100 W 390 nm LED for 24 h. After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was quenched with H₂O, poured into a separatory funnel, and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified via silica gel chromatography to give the corresponding product **56** and benzaldehyde, proving that amines serve as C1 synthons during the reaction.



¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 10.02 (s, 1H), 7.90 – 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.66 – 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.44, 136.42, 134.51, 129.78, 129.03.

- 10.02 7.87 7.87 7.87 7.87 7.87 7.7.65 7.7.65 7.7.65 7.7.65 7.7.65 7.7.65 7.7.65 7.7.65 7.7.55 7.7.55 7.7.55 7.7.55 7.7.55



(4) Light on/off experiments



Five parallel reactions were performed between methyl 4-(benzylamino)-3-nitrobenzoate **S1** (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), piperazine **1a** (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) according to the procedure A. The yield of **1** was recorded at specified time intervals. The light irradiation was represented by the white area, while the blue area indicates the duration in darkness.



Figure S11. Light on/off experiments of 1.



Five parallel reactions were performed between *N*-benzyl-2-nitrobenzamide S30 (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), TMEDA **1b** (0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) according to the procedure B. The yield of **31** was recorded at specified time intervals. The light irradiation was represented by the white area, while the red area indicates the duration in darkness.



Figure S12. Light on/off experiments of 31.

(5) Calculations of green chemistry metrics

In recent years, the importance of sustainability has been steadily increasing. EcoScale is a semiquantitative tool for selecting green reagents based on economic and ecological parameters. In this part, we selected some reported strategies as control groups, and systematically evaluated the EcoScales of our strategy and control groups in terms of six parameters including yield, price of reaction components, safety, technical setup, temperature/time, workup and purification. Our strategy received EcoScale scores of 66.5 and 72, which is deemed acceptable regarding sustainability.

EcoScale = 100 - sum of individual penalties Score on Eco Scale: > 75, Excellent; > 50, Acceptable; < 50, Inadequate

Table S3. Calculation of Ecoscale score for this work (Conditions A)



A. Calculation of Penalty Points:

Parameters

Penalty Points

	Total penalty points:	33.5
6. Workup and pu Liquid-liquid ext Classical chrom	rification raction atography	3 10
5. Temperature/tir Room temperat	ne ure, 48 h	1
 Technical Setur Photochemical 	activation	2
3. Safety Piperazine (T)		5
 b. benzylamine c. piperazine = Total cost of synth Thus inexpensive, 	= 13.3 mmol = 1.42 g = USD 0.2 26.6 mmol = 2.29 g = USD 0.18 esis of 1 = (1.0 + 0.2 + 0.18) = USD 1.38 since (total cost of synthesis of 10 mmol of 1) < \$10:	0
2. Price of reaction a. methyl 4-fluo	n components (To obtain 10 mmol of end product, 1) ro-3-nitrobenzoate = 13.3 mmol = 2.65 g = USD 1.0	
1. Yield:	(100- % of yield)/2 = (100-75)/2	12.5

Total penalty points:

B. Ecoscale calculation:

EcoScale score: (100-33.5) = 66.5 (> 50; it is an acceptable synthesis)





A. Calculation of Penalty Points:

Parameters

Penalty Points

Total penalty points:	28
Liquid-liquid extraction Classical chromatography	3 10
6. Workup and purification	
5. Temperature/time Heating (120 °C), 24 h	1
4. Technical Setup Room temperature, 24 h	2
3. Safety DMAP (T)	5
Total cost of synthesis of $31 = (0.14 + 0.35 + 0.43 + 1.08 + 0.004 + 0.6 + 0.19)$ Thus inexpensive, since (total cost of synthesis of 10 mmol of 31) < \$10:	9) = USD 2.79 0
 2. Price of reaction components (To obtain 10 mmol of end product, 31) a. 2-nitrobenzoic acid = 11.6 mmol = 1.94 g = USD 0.14 b. benzylamine = 23.2 mmol = 2.48 g = USD 0.35 c. EDCI = 12.76 mmol = 2.40 g = USD 0.43 d. HOBt = 12.76 mmol = 1.72 g = USD 1.08 e. DMAP = 0.58 mmol = 0.071 g = USD 0.004 f. TMEDA = 23.2 mmol = 2.7 g = USD 0.6 g. Na₃PO₄ = 23.2 mmol = 3.8 g = USD 0.19 	
1. Yield: (100- % of yield)/2 = (100-86)/2	7

Total penalty points:

B. Ecoscale calculation:

EcoScale score: (100-28) = 72 (> 50; it is an acceptable synthesis)



Table S5. Calculation of Ecoscale score for control groups⁸⁻¹¹

VII. Analytic Data of Products (reactions was conducted at 0.3 mmol scale).



methyl 2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole-5-carboxylate

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (57 mg, 75%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 13.29 (s, 1H), 8.22 – 8.20 (m, 3H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.61 – 7.52 (m, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 166.85, 154.87, 147.26, 143.49, 138.64, 130.59, 129.62, 129.17, 126.87, 123.84, 123.52, 112.77, 111.47, 52.12.

(Known compound: ChemistrySelect, 2021, 6, 8080-8084).



5-bromo-2-phenyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (55 mg, 68%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 13.13 (s, 1H), 8.17 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.58 – 7.50 (m, 4H), 7.34 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 152.54, 144.48, 130.34, 129.71, 129.12, 126.68, 125.07, 117.99, 114.33.

(Known compound: Synlett., 2019, 30, 319-324).



5-chloro-2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (44 mg, 64%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 13.13 (s, 1H), 8.19 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.77 – 7.47 (m, 5H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ 152.79, 130.28, 129.79, 129.09, 126.67, 122.64.

(Known compound: Green Chem., 2019, 21, 6154-6160).



2-phenyl-5-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (56 mg, 72%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 13.38 (s, 1H), 8.24 – 8.21 (m, 2H), 8.03 – 7.78 (m, 2H), 7.62 – 7.53 (m, 4H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 154.36, 131.02, 129.89, 129.54, 127.26, 126.88, 124.18, 123.17 (C-F, *J* = 31.5 Hz), 119.37.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ -58.87.

(Known compound: Molecular Catalysis., 2024, 561, 114159-114168).



ethyl 2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole-5-carboxylate

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 2:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (59 mg, 74%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 13.27 (s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 8.20 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (dd, *J* = 15.8, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.63 – 7.56 (m, 3H), 4.33 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.35 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ 166.35, 153.50, 143.50, 138.60, 130.51, 129.63, 129.17, 126.83,

123.77, 122.91, 118.76, 111.45, 60.61, 14.36.

(Known compound: Eur. J. Inorg., 2021, 25, 2493-2498).



2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole-5-carbonitrile

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (47 mg, 72%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 13.48 (s, 1H), 8.22 – 8.14 (m, 3H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.61 – 7.53 (m, 4H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 154.41, 130.85, 129.35, 129.21, 126.99, 125.80, 120.12, 104.08. (Known compound: *Synlett.*, 2019, **30**, 319-324).



5-methyl-2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (15 mg, 24%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 12.81 (s, 1H), 8.16 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (s, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ 151.32, 131.77, 130.72, 130.13, 129.37, 126.75, 124.04, 116.15, 21.81.

(Known compound: Molecular Catalysis., 2024, 561, 114159-114168).



2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole-5-carbaldehyde

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (42 mg, 63%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*6) δ 13.46 (s, 1H), 10.08 – 10.06 (m, 1H), 8.23 – 8.18 (m, 3H), 7.78 – 7.59 (m, 4H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) & 192.51, 154.35, 131.31, 130.63, 129.46, 129.10, 126.88, 123.01.

(Known compound: J. Med. Chem., 1996, 39, 992-998).



1-(2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazol-5-yl)ethan-1-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (45 mg, 66%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d,

J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 2.63 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.43, 154.47, 145.92, 142.83, 132.39, 131.00, 129.24, 128.91, 127.01, 123.72, 116.25, 115.23, 26.87.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2009, 74, 7974-7977).



2-phenyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (20 mg, 35%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) 12.96 (s, 1H), 8.24 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (dd, *J* = 5.8, 3.2 Hz, 2H),

7.56 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.21 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 151.36, 139.80, 130.29, 129.93, 129.05, 126.56, 122.22, 115.41.

(Known compound: Molecular Catalysis., 2024, 561, 114159-114168).



5,6-dichloro-2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (54 mg, 69%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 13.25 (s, 1H), 8.17 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.75 (s, 1H),

7.58 - 7.53 (m, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 154.27, 143.98, 130.97, 129.75, 129.49, 127.19, 124.81, 120.43, 113.14.

(Known compound: Green Chem., 2021, 23, 9439-9446).





2-phenyl-1H-imidazo[4,5-b]pyridine

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 2:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (41 mg, 71%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 13.78 (s, 1H), 8.65 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 8.54 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 8.32 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.89 – 7.81 (m, 3H), 7.55 – 7.53 (m, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 152.77, 143.88, 131.25, 130.58, 129.72, 129.08, 128.25, 127.51, 126.80, 118.15.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2011, 76, 9577-9583).





2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (44 mg, 56%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 13.18 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.29 - 7.21 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 149.72, 143.79, 135.17, 134.04, 130.18 (C-F, *J* = 31.7 Hz), 127.14,

126.07 (C-F, J = 3.9 Hz), 125.57 (C-F, J = 270.5 Hz), 123.29, 122.16, 119.34, 111.74.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ -61.18.

(Known compound: Chem. Commun., 2019, 55, 5958-5961).



2-(p-tolyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (27 mg, 43%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 12.82 (s, 1H), 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.65 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.19 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 156.58, 149.03, 144.76, 140.15, 134.72, 132.66, 131.59, 127.52,

126.76, 123.91, 116.39, 26.20.

(Known compound: Adv. Synth. Catal., 2017, 359, 3332-3340).





2-(pyridin-4-yl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (36 mg, 62%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 13.31 (s, 1H), 8.77 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 2H), 8.11 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (s, 2H), 7.29 – 7.27 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ 150.96, 149.22, 138.52, 137.59, 123.41, 120.80.

(Known compound: RSC Adv., 2024, 14, 6906-6916).





2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (63 mg, 78%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 12.93 (s, 1H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (s, 2H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 151.00, 141.37, 139.34, 129.22, 129.13, 128.00, 127.24, 127.09, 126.79, 122.23, 119.12, 111.71.

(Known compound: RSC Adv., 2019, 9, 753-760).



methyl 2-(naphthalen-2-yl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole-5-carboxylate

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (67 mg, 74%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 9.05 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (s, 1H), 8.14 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.74 – 7.58 (m, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H).
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 166.87, 154.02, 133.68, 130.83, 130.50, 128.58, 128.41, 127.40, 126.95, 126.57, 126.07, 125.36, 123.60, 123.46, 52.13.

HRMS: C₁₉H₁₅N₂O₂ [M+H] ⁺; calculated: 303.1133, found: 303.1133.





methyl 2-(4-cyanophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole-5-carboxylate

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (58 mg, 70%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 13.54 (s, 1H), 8.35 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 8.29 – 8.16 (m, 1H), 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.88 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 166.66, 151.67, 144.01, 138.64, 133.69, 133.14, 127.42, 124.52, 123.21, 118.58, 112.57, 112.56, 111.92, 52.18.

HRMS: C₁₇H₁₁N₃O₂ [M+H] ⁺; calculated: 278.0929, found: 278.0918.





methyl 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole-5-carboxylate

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (65 mg, 68%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 13.48 (s, 1H), 8.39 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 8.29 – 8.13 (m, 1H), 7.94 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.88 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 166.73, 151.86, 143.34, 138.65, 133.38, 128.17 (C-F, *J* = 271.0

Hz), 127.47, 126.08 (C-F, *J* = 5.0 Hz), 124.23, 123.73, 120.97, 113.40, 111.81, 52.10.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ -61.32.

HRMS: C₁₆H₁₀F₃N₂O₂ [M-H] ⁻; calculated: 319.0695, found: 319.0701.



$methyl\ 2-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1 H-benzo[d] imidazole-5-carboxylate$

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (65 mg, 66%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 13.19 (s, 1H), 8.31 – 8.18 (m, 1H), 7.97 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.90 – 7.84 (m, 3H), 7.82 – 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.79 – 7.67 (m 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 166.77, 151.63, 146.85, 143.09, 138.01, 134.31, 132.55, 132.26,

130.67, 129.66, 128.43 (C-F, J = 31.0 Hz), 126.82 (C-F, J = 5.0 Hz), 125.09 (C-F, J = 272.0 Hz),

113.41, 111.74, 52.08.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-*d*6) δ -57.07.

HRMS: C₁₆H₁₂F₃N₂O₂ [M+H] ⁺; calculated: 321.0851, found: 321.0847.



5,6-dihydrobenzo[4,5]imidazo[2,1-a]isoquinoline

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (50 mg, 76%).

 $^{1}\text{H NMR} \text{ (400 MHz, CDCl}_{3}\text{) } \delta 8.31 - 8.29 \text{ (m, 1H)}, 7.85 - 7.81 \text{ (m, 1H)}, 7.43 - 7.38 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 7.37 - 7.38 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 7$

7.34 (m, 1H), 7.33 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 4.31 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.27 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.11, 143.84, 134.65, 134.31, 130.22, 128.12, 127.78, 126.63,

125.70, 122.74, 122.53, 119.76, 109.10, 40.44, 28.27.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2020, 85, 1991-2009).



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9,10-dichloro-5,6-dihydrobenzo[4,5]imidazo[2,1-a]isoquinoline

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (67 mg, 78%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.23 – 8.21 (m, 1H), 7.84 (s, 1H), 7.42 – 7.40 (m, 3H), 7.32 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 4.26 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.28 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.98, 143.21, 134.25, 133.97, 130.91, 128.24, 127.96, 126.62, 126.45, 125.93, 125.90, 120.79, 110.52, 40.75, 28.07.

(Known compound: Org. Lett., 2022, 24, 8703-8708).



23

11*H*-benzo[4,5]imidazo[2,1-*a*]isoindole

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (44 mg, 71%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.08 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.86 – 7.83 (m, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H),

7.52 - 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.47 - 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.30 - 7.27 (m, 2H), 5.05 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.51, 148.22, 143.58, 132.71, 129.67, 129.39, 128.89, 123.93,

122.84, 122.36, 122.27, 120.58, 109.45, 47.39.

(Known compound: Org. Biomol. Chem., 2010, 8, 841-845).



1,2,3,4-tetrahydrobenzo[4,5]imidazo[1,2-a]pyridine

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (31 mg, 61%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.68 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 4.07 (t, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 2.15 – 2.11 (m, 2H), 2.04 – 2.00 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 151.66, 142.73, 134.56, 122.10, 121.67, 118.85, 108.71, 42.45, 25.44, 22.68, 20.77.

(Known compound: Org. Lett., 2022, 24, 8703-8708).



25

methyl 2-(2'-cyano-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole-4-carboxylate

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (86 mg, 81%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.25 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 8.07 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J = 7.7 Hz,

1H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.71 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz,

1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.05, 151.82, 144.63, 144.32, 140.22, 135.05, 133.91, 133.02,

130.02, 129.58, 129.46, 128.13, 127.17, 125.12, 125.00, 122.26, 118.52, 113.49, 111.22, 52.33.

HRMS: C₂₂H₁₆N₃O₂ [M+H] ⁺; calculated: 354.1242, found: 354.1244.



26

(3*S*,8*R*,9*S*,10*R*,13*R*,14*S*,17*R*)-10,13,14-trimethyl-17-((*R*)-6-methylheptan-2-yl)-2,3,4,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17-tetradecahydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[*a*]phenanthren-3-yl 2-phenyl-1*H*-benzo[*d*]imidazole-5-carboxylate

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (128 mg, 69%).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.38 (s, 1H), 8.16 (s, 2H), 7.98 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (s, 3H), 5.39 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.90 – 4.83 (m, 1H), 2.46 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.00 (t, J = 13.3 Hz, 3H), 1.92 (s, 1H), 1.89 – 1.77 (m, 1H), 1.76 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.58 – 1.49 (m, 4H), 1.46 (s, 2H), 1.35 – 1.33 (m, 2H), 1.25 (s, 2H), 1.24 – 1.18 (m, 2H), 1.14 (s, 2H), 1.10 (d, J = 11.1 Hz, 2H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.03 – 0.97 (m, 3H), 0.92 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 6H), 0.69 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.48, 153.72, 146.09, 139.73, 131.12, 129.22, 128.44, 127.25, 125.92, 124.82, 122.88, 112.17, 74.88, 56.81, 56.26, 50.16, 42.42, 39.84, 39.61, 38.36, 37.14, 36.75, 36.29, 35.89, 32.03, 31.97, 28.33, 28.10, 28.02, 24.38, 23.95, 22.91, 22.65, 21.15, 19.48, 18.82, 11.96. HRMS: C₄₁H₅₅N₂O₂ [M-H] ⁻; calculated: 605.4107, found: 605.4128.



27

5,6-dihydro-8*H*-isoquinolino[1,2-*b*]quinazolin-8-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (57 mg, 75%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.52 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 8.32 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.78 – 7.74(m, 1H), 7.51 – 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.11 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.70, 149.59, 147.59, 137.19, 134.41, 131.97, 129.38, 128.24, 127.78, 127.62, 127.52, 126.97, 126.72, 120.74, 39.73, 27.54.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2023, 88, 1061-1074).





10-methoxy-5,6-dihydro-8H-isoquinolino[1,2-b]quinazolin-8-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (58 mg, 70%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.45 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.35 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.46 – 4.38 (m, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 3.10 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.55, 158.38, 147.48, 142.47, 136.77, 131.43, 129.70, 129.27,

127.77, 127.68, 127.55, 124.76, 121.52, 106.22, 55.93, 39.83, 27.58.

(Known compound: RSC Adv., 2020, 10, 44382-44386).



29

isoindolo[1,2-b]quinazolin-10(12H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (50 mg, 71%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.38 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.21 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, J = 8.0 Hz,

1H), 7.79 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.67 – 7.58 (m, 3H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.65, 155.08, 149.34, 139.75, 134.40, 132.66, 132.51, 129.03,

127.36, 126.60, 126.55, 123.78, 123.58, 120.65, 49.94.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2024, 89, 4395-4405).



30

2-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (27 mg, 41%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 12.55 (s, 1H), 8.17 (t, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 3H), 7.84 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.51 (m, 4H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ 162.32, 152.39, 148.82, 134.71, 132.80, 131.49, 128.70, 127.85,

127.60, 126.69, 125.94, 121.07.

(Known compound: Chem. Commun., 2024, 60, 6043-6046).



31

3-benzylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (61 mg, 86%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.33 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.12 (s, 1H), 7.77 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.30 (m, 5H), 5.20 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.09, 147.97, 146.41, 135.74, 134.40, 129.09, 128.38, 128.07,

127.51, 127.47, 126.95, 122.23, 49.68.

(Known compound: Org. Biomol. Chem., 2020, 18, 5726-5733).





3-benzyl-7-methoxyquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (66 mg, 83%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.33 (m, 5H), 7.32 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 5.21 (s, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.99, 158.89, 144.26, 142.57, 135.83, 129.07, 129.02, 128.35,

128.06, 124.66, 123.07, 106.27, 55.90, 49.78.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2022, 87, 9864-9874).



33

3-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 4:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (60 mg, 85%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.54 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (s, 1H), 8.29 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.77 – 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.67 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 5.28 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.13, 154.98, 149.80, 148.30, 147.08, 137.11, 134.37, 127.64,

127.30, 126.84, 123.18, 123.02, 122.23, 51.24.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2020, 85, 7378-7385).



3-(naphthalen-1-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 4:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (72 mg, 84%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl**₃) δ 8.41 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 2H), 7.89 (t, J = 9.4 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.52 (m, 3H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.09, 147.67, 145.97, 134.51, 134.02, 131.07, 130.78, 129.58,

129.07, 127.56, 127.46, 127.26, 127.22, 127.12, 126.43, 125.43, 123.01, 121.99, 46.84.

(Known compound: Org. Lett., 2020, 22, 2522-2526).





3-(furan-2-ylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 4:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (54 mg, 79%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.76 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.49 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 6.46 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 6.35 – 6.33 (m, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.71, 148.46, 147.96, 146.08, 143.24, 134.41, 127.53, 127.43,

126.88, 122.17, 110.84, 110.05, 42.18.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2022, 87, 9864-9874).



(R)-3-(1-phenylethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (60 mg, 80%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.35 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.77 – 7.73 (m, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.39 – 7.37 (m, 4H), 7.34 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 6.37 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.86, 147.57, 144.55, 139.48, 134.35, 129.14, 128.40, 127.44, 127.38, 127.35, 127.09, 121.93, 51.86, 19.29.

(Known compound: Tetrahedron Lett., 2014, 55, 6004-6006).



37

3-benzhydrylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (72 mg, 77%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.34 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.78 – 7.74 (m, 1H), 7.72 – 7.70 (m, 1H), 7.53 – 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.47 (s, 1H), 7.40 – 7.34 (m, 6H), 7.24 – 7.22 (m, 4H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.92, 147.60, 145.46, 138.05, 134.46, 129.09, 128.60, 128.40,

127.50, 127.42, 127.17, 121.87, 60.78.

(Known compound: Org. Lett., 2020, 22, 2522-2526).



3-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (50 mg, 75%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.37 (dd, *J* = 0.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.83 – 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.57 – 7.53 (m, 3H), 7.51 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.44 – 7.42 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.80, 147.89, 146.16, 137.55, 134.66, 129.72, 129.19, 127.73,

127.62, 127.26, 127.07, 122.44.

(Known compound: Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., 2014, 53, 1420-1424).



39

3-(pyridin-3-yl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (52 mg, 78%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.72 – 8.69 (m, 2H), 8.32 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (s, 1H), 7.84 – 7.74 (m, 3H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.47 (m, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.54, 150.13, 147.75, 147.54, 145.08, 134.94, 134.79, 134.19,

127.99, 127.77, 127.16, 123.99, 122.06.

(Known compound: Org. Lett., 2012, 14, 1150-1153).



40

3-phenethylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (64 mg, 85%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.36 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.74 – 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.53 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.25 (m, 3H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 4.23 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.12 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.06, 148.11, 146.50, 137.45, 134.23, 128.93, 128.92, 127.48,

127.26, 127.09, 126.69, 122.11, 48.92, 35.18.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2020, 85, 7378-7385).



41

3-(3-phenylpropyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (66 mg, 83%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.30 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.76 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.20 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 4.00 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.20 – 2.11 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.04, 148.06, 146.51, 140.33, 134.15, 128.57, 128.27, 127.39, 127.24, 126.65, 126.25, 122.13, 46.59, 32.71, 30.36.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2022, 87, 9864-9874).



3-(4-phenylbutyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (69 mg, 83%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.31 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.77 – 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.22 – 7.13 (m, 3H), 4.00 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.67 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.88 – 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.75 – 1.68 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.05, 148.05, 146.55, 141.63, 134.22, 128.46, 128.43, 127.40,

127.31, 126.75, 126.03, 122.19, 46.90, 35.45, 29.02, 28.46.

HRMS: C₁₈H₁₇N₂O [M-H] ⁻; calculated: 277.1341, found: 277.1342.



43

3-(2-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)ethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (76 mg, 86%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.33 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.77 – 7.73 (m, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.93 (s, 2H), 4.17 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.06, 148.08, 148.07, 146.65, 146.55, 134.30, 131.07, 127.47,

127.31, 126.72, 122.09, 122.02, 109.13, 108.67, 101.09, 49.12, 34.85.

(Known compound: Synthetic Commun., 2011, 42, 341-349).





quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (25 mg, 57%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 12.23 (s, 1H), 8.12 (dd, *J* = 1.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.79 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.6, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 160.85, 148.80, 145.48, 134.36, 127.25, 126.79, 125.91, 122.71. (Known compound: *Org. Biomol. Chem.*, 2020, **18**, 5726-5733).



3-isopropylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (42 mg, 73%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.28 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.74 – 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.20 – 5.14 (m, 1H), 1.47 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.66, 147.53, 143.60, 134.13, 127.26, 127.17, 126.89, 121.96, 46.08, 22.01.

(Known compound: Tetrahedron Lett., 2013, 54, 3518-3521).



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3-isobutylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (46 mg, 76%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.31 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.77 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.26 – 2.16 (m, 1H), 0.98 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.28, 148.08, 147.00, 134.23, 127.44, 127.30, 126.86, 122.24, 54.22, 28.23, 19.99.

(Known compound: Tetrahedron., 2013, 69, 1705-1711).



3-butylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (45 mg, 74%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.75 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.48 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.80 – 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.35 (m, 2H), 0.96 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.08, 148.09, 146.65, 134.17, 127.39, 127.26, 126.74, 122.23, 46.86, 31.47, 19.94, 13.68.

(Known compound: Tetrahedron Lett., 2014, 55, 6004-6006).



48 3-(cyclohexylmethyl)quinazolin-4(3*H*)-one
The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (58 mg, 80%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.29 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.75 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.88 – 1.83 (m, 1H), 1.71 – 1.69 (m, 5H), 1.21 – 1.13 (m, 3H), 1.04 – 0.96 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.26, 148.08, 147.02, 134.14, 127.39, 127.20, 126.78, 122.21, 53.10, 37.25, 30.64, 26.22, 25.61.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2022, 87, 9864-9874).



3-cycloheptylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (61 mg, 84%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.30 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 7.76 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.51 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 4.96 – 4.89 (m, 1H), 2.08 – 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.93 – 1.81 (m, 4H), 1.74 – 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.58 (m, 4H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.40, 147.49, 144.48, 134.14, 127.24, 127.20, 127.00, 122.03, 55.72, 35.15, 27.36, 25.34.

(Known compound: Tetrahedron Lett., 2014, 55, 6004-6006).





The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 3:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (57 mg, 83%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.31 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.68 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.48 (m, 1H), 5.13 – 5.05 (m, 1H), 4.15 (dd, *J* = 11.7, 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.64 – 3.57 (m, 2H), 2.08 – 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.95 – 1.91 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.68, 147.36, 143.45, 134.44, 127.44, 127.39, 127.03, 121.71, 67.44, 50.49, 32.40.

(Known compound: Org. Lett., 2009, 11, 1421-1424).



3-((tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)methyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (52 mg, 75%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.30 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.76 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.51 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 4.34 (dd, *J* = 13.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 4.24 – 4.18 (m, 1H), 3.90 – 3.83 (m, 2H), 3.77 – 3.72 (m, 1H), 2.13 – 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.93 – 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.56 (m, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.34, 148.11, 147.57, 134.29, 127.47, 127.16, 126.81, 122.05, 76.89, 68.25, 49.58, 28.85, 25.87.

(Known compound: Tetrahedron Lett., 2014, 55, 6004-6006).





3-(adamantan-1-yl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (58 mg, 69%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.27 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 6H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 1.83 – 1.75 (m, 6H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.04, 146.76, 144.06, 134.03, 126.99, 126.81, 126.61, 123.18, 62.69, 39.96, 36.07, 30.08.

HRMS: C₁₈H₂₁N₂O [M+H] +; calculated: 281.1654, found: 281.1651.





3-(2-(1H-indol-3-yl)ethyl)quinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (64 mg, 74%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.37 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.27 (s, 1H), 7.74 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 7.53 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 4.30 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 3.27 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.17, 148.15, 146.80, 136.52, 134.23, 127.38, 127.21, 126.87,

126.70, 122.86, 122.42, 122.14, 119.79, 118.42, 111.58, 111.29, 47.62, 24.99.

(Known compound: J. Org. Chem., 2020, 85, 7378-7385).



3-ethyl 5-methyl 4-(2-chlorophenyl)-6-methyl-2-((2-(4-oxoquinazolin-3(4*H*)yl)ethoxy)methyl)pyridine-3,5-dicarboxylate

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a yellow solid (115 mg, 72%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.25 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.73 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.38 – 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.31 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.14 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.75 (dd, J = 33.0, 12.7 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (dd, J = 7.8, 4.6 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (t, J = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 3.49 (s, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 0.85 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.23, 166.31, 161.05, 156.36, 155.55, 148.07, 147.48, 145.04, 134.87, 134.17, 132.77, 130.18, 129.87, 129.08, 128.38, 127.35, 127.05, 126.57, 126.28, 126.15, 121.99, 73.04, 68.32, 61.41, 52.23, 46.63, 23.18, 13.44.

HRMS: C₂₈H₂₇ClN₃O₆ [M+H] ⁺; calculated: 536.1588, found: 536.1589.





The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 1:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (69 mg, 80%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***)** δ 11.87 (s, 1H), 8.16 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.83 – 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.69 – 7.63 (m, 2H), 7.50 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.28 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.17 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 160.68, 147.45, 145.37, 138.74, 134.49, 127.18, 126.67, 126.52, 126.05, 124.97, 124.81, 120.79, 120.03, 119.81, 117.93, 112.64, 40.90, 19.03.

(Known compound: Org. Chem. Front., 2020, 7, 2499-2504).



3-benzyl-2-phenylquinazolin-4(3H)-one

The product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (eluent: 5:1 petroleum ether: ethyl acetate) as a white solid (78 mg, 83%).

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 8.38 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.82 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.56 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.36 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.16 (m, 3H), 6.93 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 2.9 Hz, 2H), 5.28 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)δ 162.53, 156.44, 147.32, 136.63, 135.32, 134.63, 129.96, 128.66, 128.58, 128.06, 127.66, 127.50, 127.23, 127.17, 127.03, 120.92, 48.87.

(Known compound: Green Chem., 2024, 26, 4723-4732)

VIII. Supplementary References

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S41













S47





























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S72

























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8.33 8.28 7.77 7.77 7.77 7.77 7.77 7.77 7.77	$<_{3.79}^{3.81}$	60.022 60.022
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1.97-1 0.1.0.1 2.02.0 1.4.4 1.4.4 1.4.4 12.0 8.0 6.0 5.0 f1 (ppm) 11.0 7.0 2.0 1.0 10.0 4.0 0.0 9.0 3.0 <148.08 <147.02 124.14 127.39 126.78 126.78 126.78 -161.26 -53.10 -37.25 30.64 26.22 25.61





















Rutaecarpine 55, ¹H NMR 400 MHz, DMSO-d6



