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# **Supplementary Information 1**

# Multi-task Rhodium-Catalyzed Remote C(sp<sup>3</sup>)–H Functionalization Reactions of Acyclic Dienes to Yield Benzene-fused Heterocycles

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# **General information**

All reactions involving air-sensitive materials were carried out in pre-dried glassware under a nitrogen atmosphere working in a nitrogen-filled glove box (MBRAUN Co., Ltd., LABstar). All solvents were reagent grade. Toluene (anhydrous,  $\geq$ 99.0%), *p*-xylene (anhydrous,  $\geq$ 98.0%), ethyl acetate (anhydrous,  $\geq$ 99.0%) and dichloromethane (anhydrous,  $\geq$ 98.0%) were purchased from Nacalai tesque. THF (anhydrous,  $\geq$ 99.5%, Stabilizer Free) was purchased from KANTO CHEMICAL Co., Inc. Solvents were dehydrated by MS3A, MS4A, or MS5A.

<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>11</sup>B and <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra were recorded on JEOL JNM-ECS 400, JEOL ECS 300, or JEOL JNM-LA 500 spectrometers. <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra were recorded using an internal deuterium lock at ambient temperature on a JEOL 500, 400 or 300 MHz spectrometer. Internal reference of  $\delta$  H 7.26 was used for CDCl<sub>3</sub>,  $\delta$  H 3.30 for CD<sub>3</sub>OD. Data are presented as follows: chemical shift (in ppm on the  $\delta$  scale), multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet), coupling constant (J/Hz) and integration. Resonances that are either partially or fully obscured are denoted obscured (obs.). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra were recorded at 125, 100 or 75 MHz using CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta$  C 77.0) or CD<sub>3</sub>OD ( $\delta$  C 49.0) as the internal reference. Column chromatography was performed with silica gel 60N (spherical, neutral, 63-210 µm, Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.), flash silica gel 60 (spherical, neutral, 40-50 µm, Kanto Chemical Co., Inc.) unless otherwise noted. ESI-MS and APCI-MS analysis were performed on an Orbitrap XL (THERMO). Microwave heating reactions were carried out using a microwave generator (Anton Paar, Monowave 300). All calculations were carried with the Gaussian 16 program package. Single point energies were calculated at the RB3PW91-D3BJ level using the SDD basis set for Rh and the 6-311++G\*\* basis set for H, C, O and P in p-xylene solvent (i-pcm model). Dispersion correction with Becke–Johnson damping (with EmpiricalDispersion = GD3BJ keyword) was also used to calculate the cycloisomerization step, and the results were consistent with those calculated with zero-damping.

# **Optimization of reaction conditions**

~	[Rh(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> Cl] <sub>2</sub> (5 mol%) (mesityl) <sub>3</sub> P (X mol%) AgOTf (10 mol%)	HBpin (2.0 eq.)	Bpin NTsMe
<b>10</b> ( <i>E</i> / <i>Z</i> = 10/1)	<i>p</i> -xylene (0.1 M) 120 °C, 24h	60 °C, 3 h	30
entry	Х		yield (%)
1	10		12 <sup>a</sup>
2	20		37 <sup>a</sup>
3	30		50 <sup>b</sup>

Optimization of ligand loading

a NMR yield. b) isolated yield.

Results of studies with other ligands



a) NMR yield (1,3,5-trimethoxybenzene was used as an internal standard.)

# **Preparation of 1a-1ag**

Typical procedure A



To a round-bottom flask, alkene **A** (1.0 eq.), alkene **B** (3.0 eq.) and DCM (0.5 M) were added. Then, Grubbs 2nd (2 mol%) was added to the mixture and stirred for 5 h with heating under reflux. After removal of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to afford the corresponding alkenyl bromide.

To a round-bottom flask containing the alkenyl bromide and  $K_2CO_3(2.0 \text{ eq.})$  in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (0.5 M) was added 2-allylphenol (2.0 eq.). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 10 h. The mixture was filtered through a glass filter with AcOEt, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-hexane/ AcOEt as an eluent to afford products.



Typical procedure B

To a round-bottom flask containing an alkenyl bromide and  $K_2CO_3$  (2.0 eq.) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (0.5 M) was added 2-allylphenol (2.0 eq.). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 10 h. The mixture was filtered through a glass filter with AcOEt, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-hexane/ AcOEt as an eluent to afford products.



To a round-bottom flask, alkene **A** (1.0 eq.), alkene **B** (3.0 eq.) and DCM (0.5 M) were added. Then, Grubbs 2nd (2 mol%) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 5 h with heating under reflux. After removal of the solvent, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel to afford the corresponding alkenyl alcohol. To a round-bottom flask containing the alkenyl alcohol (1.0 eq.), 2-allylphenol (2.0 eq.), PPh<sub>3</sub> (1.5 eq.) and THF (4.7 mL), DIAD (1.5 eq.) were added and stirred for 10 h, at room temperature. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and obtained residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/ AcOEt) to afford products.



Typical procedure D

To a round-bottom flask containing a 2-allylphenol derivative (prepared according to the known literature,  $^{1,2}$  1.0 eq.), **S1** (1.2 eq. prepared by known method<sup>3</sup>), PPh<sub>3</sub> (1.2 eq.) and THF (0.5 M), DIAD (1.2 eq.) was added and stirred for 10 h, at room temperature. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and obtained residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/ AcOEt) to afford products.

Typical procedure E



To a round-bottom flask containing a phosphonium salt (2.2 eq.) in THF (0.4 M), *t*-BuOK (2.2 eq.) was added and stirred for 1 h at room temperature. Then, this suspension cooled to 0 °C and salicylaldehyde (1.0 eq.) in THF (1M) was added to the mixture and stirred at room temperature for 6 h. Afterwards, sat. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl was added to quench the reaction. The organic compounds were extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic phase was washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After evaporation, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 10/1) to afford a 2-(vinyl)phenol derivative. Next, to a round-bottom flask containing the 2-(vinyl)phenol derivative and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> in MeCN (0.5 M), 5-bromo-1-pentene (2.0 eq.) was added and stirred at 60 °C for 10 h. The mixture was filtered through the glass filter with AcOEt and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-hexane/ AcOEt as an eluent to afford products.

Typical procedure F



To a round-bottom flask containing 2-allyphenol (1.0 eq.), a corresponding diol (3.0 eq.) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (1.5 eq.) in THF (0.3 M) was added DIAD (1.5 eq.) at 0 °C and stirred for 10 h, at room temperture. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and obtained residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/ AcOEt) to afford corresponding alcohol. To a round-bottom flask containing the alcohol in AcOEt (0.1 M), IBX (1.6 g, 5.6 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 h with heating under reflux. The mixture was filtered through a glass filter with AcOEt, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 6/1 as an eluent to afford corresponding aldehyde. To a suspension of a corresponding phosphonium salt (1.5 eq.) in THF (0.2 M), *t*-BuOK (1.5 eq.)) was slowly added and stirred for 30 min. Then, reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and the solution of the aldehyde (1 M in THF) was added to the mixture and stirred for 3 h at room temperature. Afterwards, sat. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl was added to quench the reaction and extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic phase was washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After evaporation, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 20/1) to afford products.

Compound 1a



Using Alkene A = 1-hexene, B = 4-bromo-1-butene. Following the typical procedure A 1-Hexene (300 mg, 3.7 mmol) was converted to 1a (E/Z = 9/1, 560 mg, 64%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1).

A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture)  $\delta$ : 7.18-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.88 (dd, J = 7.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.04-5.95 (m, 1H), 5.60-5.48 (m, 1.8H, E isomer), 5.47-5.40 (m, 0.2H Z isomer), 5.08-5.01 (m, 2H), 3.97 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.55 (q, J = 6.7 Hz, 0.2H, Z

isomer), 2.48 (q, J = 6.5 Hz, 1.8H, *E* isomer), 2.09 (q, J = 6.7 Hz, 0.2H, *Z* isomer), 2.01 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 1.8H, *E* isomer), 1.37-1.28 (m, 4H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, *E/Z* mixture); 156.6, 137.1, 133.2, 132.5, 129.7, 128.8, 127.2, 125.7, 125.0, 120.3, 115.2, 111.2, 67.8, 67.6, 34.5, 32.7, 32.3, 31.8, 31.6, 27.6, 27.1, 22.3, 22.2, 14.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 245.1905, found: 245.1894.

#### Compound 1b



Following the typical procedure B, 6-bromo-1-hexene (400 mg, 2.5 mmol) was converted to **1b** (480 mg, 90%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.20 -

7.09 (m, 2H), 6.88 (dd, J = 7.3 Hz, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.06-5.92 (m, 1H), 5.90-5.77 (m, 1H), 5.10-4.94 (m, 4H), 3.97 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.20-2.06 (m, 2H), 1.87-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.65-1.54 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  156.7, 138.6, 137.1, 129.7, 128.8, 127.2, 120.3, 115.3, 114.7, 111.1, 67.6, 34.4, 33.4, 28.8, 25.4; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 217.1592, found: 217.1586.

## Compound 1c



Following the typical procedure B, 8-bromo-1-octene (400 mg, 2.1 mmol) was converted to 1c (487 mg, 95%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil.; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)

δ: 7.19-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.90-6.86 (m, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.04-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.87-5.77 (m, 1H), 5.09-4.92 (m, 4H), 3.95 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.09-2.04 (m, 2H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.52-1.33 (m, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>); δ 156.7, 139.1, 137.1, 129.7, 128.8, 127.2, 120.2, 115.2, 114.3, 111.1, 67.8, 34.5, 33.7, 29.3, 28.8 (overlapped), 26.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 245.1905, found: 245.1899.

# Compound 1d

Following the typical procedure B, 9-bromo-1-nonene (400 mg, 2.0 mmol) was converted to 1d (482 mg, 96%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.19-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.90-6.86 (m, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.04-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.87-5.77 (m, 1H), 5.09-4.92 (m, 4H), 3.95 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.09-2.04 (m, 2H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.52-1.33 (m, 6H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  156.7, 139.1, 137.1, 129.6, 128.7, 127.2, 120.2, 115.2, 114.2, 111.1, 67.8, 34.5, 33.8, 29.3, 29.2, 29.0, 28.8, 26.1; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>27</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 259.2062, found: 259.2054 .

#### Compound 1e



Following the typical procedure B, 10-bromo-1-decene (400 mg, 1.8 mmol) was converted to **1e** (436 mg, 88%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless

oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.19-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.87 (dd, J = 7.6 Hz, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.04-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.87-5.76 (m, 1H), 5.09-4.92 (m, 4H), 3.95 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.07-2.02 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.26 (m, 10H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  156.7, 139.2, 137.1, 129.7, 128.8, 127.2, 120.2, 115.2, 114.1, 111.1, 67.9, 34.5, 33.8, 29.4, 29.35, 29.31, 29.1, 28.9, 26.1; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>29</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 273.2218, found: 273.2210.

Compound 1f



Following the typical procedure B, 11-bromo-1-undecene (400 mg, 1.8 mmol) was converted to **1f** (383 mg, 78%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless

oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.20-7.14 (m, 2H), 6.89 (dd, J = 7.3, 7.3, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.06-5.96 (m, 1H), 5.88-5.78 (m, 1H), 5.10-4.92 (m, 4H), 3.96 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.05 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.52-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.43-1.31 (m, 10H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  156.7, 139.2, 137.1, 129.6, 128.7, 127.2, 120.2, 115.2, 114.1, 111.1, 67.8, 34.5, 33.8, 29.5, 29.4, 29.3 (overlapped), 29.1, 28.9, 26.1; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 287.2375, found: 287.2361.

# Compound 1g

Using 1,8-octanediol and hexyltriphenylphosphonium bromide. Following the typical procedure F, 2-allylphenol, (500 mg, 3.7 mmol) was converted to **1g** (980 mg, 51%, E/Z = 1/5.6) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture)  $\delta$ : 7.19-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.88 (ddd, J = 7.3, 7.3, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.04-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.40-5.38 (m, 0.3H, E isomer), 5.37-5.31 (m, 1.7H, Z isomer), 5.09-5.00 (m, 2H), 4.02-3.94 (m, 2H), 3.39 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.03-1.97 (m, 4H), 1.82-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.49-1.44 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.23 (m, 12H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture); 156.8, 137.2, 130.6, 130.3, 130.1, 129.9, 129.8, 128.9, 127.3, 120.3, 115.3, 111.2, 68.0, 34.6, 32.7, 31.6, 29.8, 29.7, 29.5, 29.4, 29.4, 29.3, 29.2, 27.3, 26.2, 22.7, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>37</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 329.2844, found: 329.2837.

## Compound 1h

Using 1,10-decancediol and hexyltriphenylphosphonium bromide. Following the typical procedure F, 2-allylphenol, (500 mg, 3.7 mmol) was converted to **1h** (990 mg, 75%, E/Z = 1/6.7) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture)  $\delta$ : 7.18-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.87 (dd, J = 10.1 Hz, 10.1 Hz, 11H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.04-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.40-5.38 (m, 0.26H  $\times$  *E* isomer), 5.36-5.31 (m, 1.74H, *Z* isomer), 5.09-5.00 (m, 2H), 3.95 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.04-1.96 (m, 4H), 1.82-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.43 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.25 (m, 16H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture); 156.7, 137.1, 129.9, 129.9, 129.6, 128.8, 127.2, 120.2, 115.2, 111.1, 67.9, 34.5, 32.6, 31.5, 31.4, 29.8, 29.6, 29.5, 29.4, 29.4, 29.3, 29.1, 27.2, 26.2, 22.6, 14.1; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>41</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 357.3157, found: 357.3149.

Compound 1i



Using alkene A = allylcyclohexane, B = 4-bromo-1-butene. Following the typical procedure A, allylcyclohexane (1.95 g, 15.7 mmol) was converted to 1i (820 mg, 18%, E/Z = 4.7/1) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-

hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, *E/Z* mixture)  $\delta$ : 7.18-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.87 (dd, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.04-5.93 (m, 1H), 5.58-5.48 (m, 1.65H, *E* isomer), 5.46-5.41 (m, 0.35H, *Z* isomer), 5.08-5.00 (m, 2H), 3.98-3.94 (m, 2H), 3.38 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.55-2.45 (m, 2H), 1.97 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 0.35H, *Z* iomer), 1.90 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1.65H, *E* isomer), 1.70-1.61 (m, 5H), 1.32-1.06 (m, 4H), 0.95-0.81 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, *E/Z* mixture); 156.7, 137.2, 131.8, 131.1, 129.8, 129.0, 127.3, 126.9, 125.7, 120.5, 120.4, 115.4, 111.4, 67.9, 67.7, 40.8, 38.3, 38.1, 35.3, 34.5, 33.3, 33.2, 32.9, 27.7, 26.7, 26.5; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>29</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 285.2218, found: 285.2211.

Compound 1j



Using 1,3-propanediol and triphenyl(3-phenylpropyl)phosphonium bromide. Following the typical procedure F, 2-allylphenol (1.0 g, 7.45 mmol) was converted to 1j (823 mg, 38%, E/Z = 1/4) after column

chromatography on silica gel (n-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z

mixture)  $\delta$ : 7.29-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.20-7.12 (m, 5H), 6.90-6.86 (m, 1H), 6.83-6.77 (m, 1H), 6.04-5.93 (m, 1H), 5.65-5.57 (m, 0.4H, *E* isomer), 5.56-5.47 (m, 1.6H, *Z* isomer), 5.08-5.00 (m, 2H), 3.95 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 0.4 H, *E* isomer), 3.86 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1.6H, *Z* isomer), 3.42-3.37 (m, 2H), 2.69 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.50-2.29 (m, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, *E/Z* mixture);  $\delta$  156.6, 142.0, 137.2, 132.2, 131.2, 129.8, 128.9, 128.6, 128.4, 127.3, 126.7, 126.1, 125.9, 125.9, 120.5, 115.4, 111.4, 67.8, 67.5, 36.0, 35.9, 34.6, 34.6, 34.5, 32.8, 29.4, 27.7; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 293.1905, found: 293.1891.

# Compound 1k

Using alkene **A** = stylene, **B** = 5-bromo-1-butene. Following the typical procedure C, stylene (700 mg, 6.72 mmol) was converted to **1k** (802 mg, 43%, E/Z = 4.6/1) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture)  $\delta$ : 7.72-7.62 (m, 4H), 7.58-7.49 (m, 3H), 7.15-7.29 (2H), 6.88 (d, J = 12Hz, 0.18H, Z isomer), 6.78 (d, J = 16 Hz, 0.82H, E isomer), 6.71-6.58 (m, 1H), 6.41-6.30 (m, 1H), 5.45-5.34 (m, 2H), 4.44 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 0.36H, Z isomer), 4.37 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 1.64H, E isomer), 3.77 (d, J = 6.6Hz, 2H), 3.09-3.04 (m, 0.36H, Z isomer), 2.81-2.75 (m, 1.64H, E isomer), 2.37-2.30 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture);  $\delta$  156.6, 156.0, 137.6, 137.4, 137.1, 132.1, 130.5, 129.8, 129.7, 128.7, 128.5, 127.3, 127.1, 126.9, 126.4, 126.0, 125.9, 120.5, 120.4, 115.3, 115.3, 111.2, 111.1, 77.3, 77.0, 76.7, 75.2, 67.4, 67.0, 34.5, 33.1, 29.6, 29.1; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>223</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 279.1749, found: 279.1741.

Compound 11



Following the typical procedure D, 2-allylphenol (512 mg, 3.82 mmol) was converted to **11** (823 mg, 75%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.19-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.88 (dd, J = 7.3 Hz, 7.3 Hz 1H), 6.83

(d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.04-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.59-5.46 (m, 2H), 5.08-5.00 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (dt, J = 6.4 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.45-2.35 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer);  $\delta$  173.1, 156.5, 137.0, 129.9, 129.7, 128.8, 127.2, 126.8, 120.5, 115.3, 111.2, 67.4, 60.3, 34.4, 34.2, 27.5, 22.9, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 289.1804, found: 289.1796.

#### Compound 1m



Using alkene  $\mathbf{A}$  = methyl acrylate,  $\mathbf{B}$  = 4-bromo-1-butene Following the typical procedure D, methyl acrylate (500 mg, 5.81 mmol) was converted to

**1m** (947 g, 66%, only *E* isomer) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 4/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *E* isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.20-7.13 (m, 2H), 7.10-7.03 (m, 1H), 6.91 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.01-5.91 (m, 2H), 5.07-5.01 (m, 2H), 4.09 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.37 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.73-2.68 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *E* isomer);  $\delta$  166.7, 156.1, 145.2, 136.9, 129.9, 128.8, 127.3, 123.0, 120.8, 115.4, 111.1, 65.9, 51.5, 34.4, 32.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 247.1334, found: 247.1326.

Preparation of compound 1n



**S2** was prepared according to the known literature.<sup>4</sup> To a suspension of 2-(1,3-dioxan-2yl)ethyltriphenylphosphonium bromide (3.0 g, 6.6 mmol, 1.3 eq.) in toluene (25 mL), KHMDS (11 mL, 0.6 M in toluene, 6.6 mmol, 1.3 eq.) was slowly added and stirred for 30 min. Then, solution of **S2** (1.8 g, 5.1mmol, 0.2 M in toluene) was slowly added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 3 h. Afterwards, sat. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl was added to quench the reaction and extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic phase was washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After evaporation, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 10/1) to afford **S3** (1.4 g, 63%).

To a round-bottom flask containing **S3** in THF (0.2 M), TBAF (1 M in THF, 3.9 mL, 3.9 mmol, 1.2 eq.) was added and stirred for 1 h at room temperature. The mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and obtained residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 3/1) to afford **S4** (676 mg, quant.).

To a round-bottom flask containing 2-allylphenol (250 mg, 1.86 mmol), **S4** (439 mg, 2.05 mmol, 1.1 eq.) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (538 mg, 2.05 mmol, 1.1 eq.) in THF (4.7 mL) was added DIAD (402  $\mu$ L, 2.05 mmol, 1.1 eq.) and stirred for 10 h at room temperature. The reaction mixture was concentrated *in vacuo* and obtained residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 15/1) to afford **1n** (450 mg, 73%). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.19-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.88 (ddd, *J* 

= 7.4, 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.04-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.57-5.40 (m, 2H), 5.09-5.01 (m, 2H), 4.54 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.13-4.09 (m, 2H), 3.95 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.79-3.73 (m, 2H), 3.39 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.40-2.36 (m, 2H), 2.15-2.03 (m, 3H), 1.83-1.76 (m, 2H), 1.53-1.39 (m, 4H), 1.36-1.30 (m, 1H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> Z isomer);  $\delta$  156.7, 137.1, 132.4, 129.7, 128.8, 127.2, 123.1, 120.2, 115.3, 111.1, 101.9, 67.8, 67.0, 34.4, 33.5, 29.2 (overlapped), 27.3, 25.8, 25.7; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 331.2273, found: 331.2266.

# Compound 10

Using alkene N,4-dimethyl-N-(pent-4-en-1-Α \_NTsMe yl)benzenesulfonamide,  ${}^{5}$  **B** = 5-bromo-1-pentene Following the typical procedure A 1,1-Dimethylethyl N,4-dimethyl-N-(pent-4-en-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (1.0 g, 3.95 mmol) was converted to 10 (1.25 g, 74% E/Z = 4.8/1) after column chromatography on silica gel (nhexane/AcOEt = 4/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture)  $\delta$ : 7.66 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.11 (m, 2H), 6.90-6.86 (m, 1H), 6.82 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.04-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.56-5.42 (m, 1.67 H, E isomer), 5.40-5.39 (m, 033H, Z isomer), 5.09-5.01 (m, 2H), 3.96 (t, J = 1006.4 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.96 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 2.42-2.42 (m, 3H), 2.26-2.23 (m, 033H, Z isomer), 2.22-2.17 (m, 1.67H, E isomer), 2.09-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.89-1.82 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.51 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> E/Z mixture); δ 156.6, 143.2, 137.1, 134.5, 130.3, 129.7, 129.7, 129.6, 129.3, 129.2, 128.7, 128.6, 127.4, 127.2, 120.3, 115.3, 111.1, 67.0, 66.9, 49.7, 49.6, 34.6, 34.4, 31.6, 31.2, 29.4, 29.2, 29.1, 29.0, 27.6, 27.4, 24.2, 23.7, 21.5; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>34</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 428.2259, found: 428.2248.

#### Compound **1p**



Using alkene  $\mathbf{A} = 1,1$ -Dimethylethyl *N*-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-*N*-2propen-1-ylcarbamate,<sup>6</sup>  $\mathbf{B} = 4$ -bromo-1-butanol Following the typical procedure C 1,1-Dimethylethyl *N*-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-*N*-2-

propen-1-ylcarbamate (.0 g, 6.42 mmol) was converted to **1p** (899 mg, 30% E/Z = 4/1) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 4/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture)  $\delta$ : 7.79-7.76 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.12 (m, 5H), 6.92-6.82 (m, 2H), 6.05-5.65 (m, 3H), 5.09-5.01 (m, 2H), 4.54 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 0.4H, Z isomer), 4.42 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1.6H, E isomer), 4.05-3.97 (m, 2H), 3.4 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 0.4H, Z isomer), 3.35 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 1.6H, E isomer), 2.73 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 0.4H), 2.57 (q, J = 6.6 Hz, 1.6H, E isomer), 2.43 (s, 0.6H, Z isomer), 2.39 (s, 2.4H, E isomer), 1.33 (s, 9H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> E/Z mixture);  $\delta$  156.4, 150.7, 144.0, 137.2, 136.9, 130.9, 129.7, 129.6, 129.2, 129.1, 128.9, 128.0, 127.9, 127.8, 127.4, 127.2, 127.0, 120.5, 115.4, 111.2, 84.1, 67.1, 48.2, 43.6, 34.4, 32.3, 27.9, 27.6, 21.6; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>33</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>SNa (M+Na)<sup>+</sup>: 494.1977, found: 494.1963.

Compound 1q



Using alkene  $\mathbf{A} = 2$ -allylisoindoline-1,3-dione,<sup>7</sup>  $\mathbf{B} = 4$ -bromo-1-butanol. Following the typical procedure C 2-allylisoindoline-1,3-dione (1.0 g, 5.34 mmol) was converted to **1q** (1.15 g, 62% *E/Z* = 3.5/1) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 11/1). A colorless oil;

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, *E/Z* mixture)  $\delta$ : 7.86-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.73-7.70 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.87 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.98-5.81 (m,1.84H, *E* isomer), 5.80-5.75 (0.16H, *Z* isomer), 5.72-5.65 (m, 1H), 5.02-4.95 (m, 2H), 4.37 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 0.16H, *Z* isomer), 4.27 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1.84H, *E* isomer), 4.07 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 0.16H, *Z* isomer), 3.98 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1.84H, *E* isomer), 3.38 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 0.16H, *Z* isomer), 3.32 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1.84H, *E* isomer), 2.81 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 0.16H, *Z* isomer), 2.52 (q, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1.84H, *E* isomer); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub> *E* isomer);  $\delta$  167.9, 156.3, 137.0, 133.9, 132.1, 130.6, 129.7, 128.8, 127.2, 125.7, 123.3, 120.5, 115.2, 111.2, 66.9, 39.4, 34.4, 32.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 348.1600, found: 348.1592.

Compound **1r** 



CO<sub>2</sub>Et

Following the typical procedure D, 2-allyl-3-fluorophenol<sup>1</sup> (200 mg, 1.31 mmol) was converted to **1r** (324 mg, 80%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt =15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.14-7.03 (m, 1H), 6.68-6.61 (m, 2H), 5.98-5.88

(m, 1H), 5.57-5.47 (m, 2H), 5.06-4.95 (m, 2H), 4.14 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.97 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (dt, J = 6.4 Hz, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.45-2.35 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer); 173.2, 161.7 (<sup>1</sup>  $J_{CF} = 243.5$  Hz), 157.9 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 8.6$  Hz), 135.9, 130.2, 127.4 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 10.5$  Hz), 126.7, 115.0, 107.9 (<sup>2</sup>  $J_{CF} = 23.0$  Hz), 107.1 (<sup>4</sup>  $J_{CF} = 2.9$  Hz), 102.2 (<sup>2</sup>  $J_{CF} = 25.9$  Hz), 68.0, 60.5, 34.3, 27.5, 27.0, 23.0, 14.3; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) –117.4; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>FO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 307.1709, found: 307.1702.

Compound 1s



Following the typical procedure D, 2-allyl-5-chlorophenol<sup>1</sup> (200 mg, 1.2 mmol) was converted to **1s** (327 mg, 85%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.08 (dd, J = 7.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, J = 7.9,

1H), 6.74 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 5.96-5.86 (m, 1H), 5.57-5.47 (m, 2H), 5.05-4.97 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.96 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.54 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.44-2.35 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer);  $\delta$  173.1, 157.6, 135.1, 135.0, 130.1, 127.4, 126.8, 126.5, 121.6, 115.2, 109.7, 67.9, 60.4, 34.2, 31.3, 27.4, 22.9, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>ClO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 323.1414, found: 323.1406.

Compound 1t



Following the typical procedure D, 2-allyl-3-methoxyphenol<sup>1</sup> (200 mg, 1.2 mmol) was converted to **1t** (304 mg, 78%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.12 (dd, J = 8.2, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, J = 8.2 Hz,

1H), 6.52 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 5.98-5.88 (m, 1H), 5.58-5.45 (m, 2H), 5.01-4.89 (m, 2H), 4.16-4.11 (m, 2H), 3.98-3.94 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.41 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.56 (dt, J = 6.9 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.45-2.35 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer);  $\delta$  173.1, 158.2, 157.4, 136.9, 129.8, 127.0, 126.9, 116.8, 114.0, 104.8, 103.8, 67.8, 60.4, 55.8, 34.2, 27.6, 27.3, 22.9, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>27</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 319.1909, found: 319.1900.

Compound 1u

Following the typical procedure , 2-allyl-4-fluorophenol<sup>1</sup> (253 mg, 1.7 mmol) was converted to **1u** (341 mg, 67%) after column <br/>
CO<sub>2</sub>Et chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil;

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer)  $\delta$ : 6.88-6.81 (m, 2H), 6.76-6.71 (m, 1H), 5.99-5.89 (m, 1H), 5.57-5.47 (m, 2H), 5.10-5.05 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.56 (dt, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.45-2.35 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer);  $\delta$  173.1, 157.0 (<sup>1</sup> *J*<sub>CF</sub> = 237.7 Hz), 152.6 (<sup>4</sup> *J*<sub>CF</sub> = 1.9 Hz), 136.2, 130.7 (<sup>3</sup> *J*<sub>CF</sub> = 6.7 Hz), 130.0, 126.7, 116.4 (<sup>2</sup> *J*<sub>CF</sub> = 23.0 Hz), 116.1, 112.8 (<sup>2</sup> *J*<sub>CF</sub> = 22.0 Hz), 112.1 (<sup>3</sup> *J*<sub>CF</sub> = 7.7 Hz), 68.1, 60.4, 34.2 (2C, over lapped), 27.5, 22.9, 14.2; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer) –124.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>FO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 307.1709, found: 307.1701.

Compound 1v



Following the typical procedure D, 2-allyl-4-chlorophenol<sup>1</sup> (203 mg, 1.2 mmol) was converted to 1v (261 mg, 67%) after column CO<sub>2</sub>Et chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil;

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.13-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 5.99-5.89 (m, 1H), 5.56-5.48 (m, 2H), 5.10-5.04 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.33 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (dt, J = 6.4 Hz, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.45-2.35 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer); δ 1173.1, 155.1, 136.1, 130.7, 130.1, 129.5, 126.8, 126.5, 125.2, 116.1, 112.3, 67.8, 60.4, 34.2, 34.1, 27.4, 22.9, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>ClO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 323.1414, found: 323.1407.

#### Compound 1w



Following the typical procedure D, 2-allyl-4-methoxyphenol<sup>1</sup> (198 mg, 1.2 mmol) was converted to **1w** (224 mg, 62%) after column CO<sub>2</sub>Et chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless

oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer)  $\delta$ : 6.77 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.73-6.67 (m, 2H), 6.02-5.92 (m, 1H), 5.58-5.46 (m, 2H), 5.10-5.02 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.92 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.36 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.55 (dt, J = 6.6 Hz, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.46-2.35 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer);  $\delta$  173.1, 153.6, 150.7, 136.8, 130.2, 129.8, 126.9, 116.0, 115.6, 112.6, 111.3, 68.3, 60.4, 55.6, 34.4, 34.2, 27.6, 22.9, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>27</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 319.1909, found: 319.1896.





Following the typical procedure D, methyl 3-allyl-4hydroxybenzoate<sup>2</sup> (198 mg, 1.2 mmol) was converted to 1x (293 mg, 81%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-

hexane/AcOEt = 10/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.89 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.02-5.92 (m, 1H), 5.57-5.48 (m, 2H), 5.10-5.03 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.03 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.38 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.62-2.57 (m, 2H), 2.43-2.35 (m, 4H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer);  $\delta$  173.0, 167.0, 160.3, 136.2, 131.2, 130.3, 129.7, 128.7, 126.3, 122.1, 115.9, 110.3, 67.5, 60.4, 51.8, 34.3, 34.1, 27.3, 22.9, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>27</sub>O<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 347.1858, found: 347.1851.

Compound 1y



Following the typical procedure D, 2-allyl-5-fluorophenol<sup>1</sup> (200 mg, 1.58 mmol) was converted to **1y** (335 mg, 83%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil;

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.08-7.04 (m, 1H), 6.61-6.55 (m, 2H), 6.00-5.90 (m, 1H), 5.59-5.44 (m, 2H), 5.07-5.01 (m, 2H), 4.14 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.32 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (dt, J = 6.4 Hz, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.46-2.36 (m, 4H), 1.27(t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer);  $\delta$  173.1, 162.2 (<sup>1</sup>  $J_{CF} = 242.5$  Hz), 157.3 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 9.6$  Hz), 136.8, 130.2, 130.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 242.5$  Hz), 157.3 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 9.6$  Hz), 136.8, 130.2, 130.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 242.5$  Hz), 157.3 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 9.6$  Hz), 136.8, 130.2, 130.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 242.5$  Hz), 157.3 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 9.6$  Hz), 136.8, 130.2, 130.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 242.5$  Hz), 157.3 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 9.6$  Hz), 136.8, 130.2, 130.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 242.5$  Hz), 157.3 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 9.6$  Hz), 136.8, 130.2, 130.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 242.5$  Hz), 157.3 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 9.6$  Hz), 136.8, 130.2, 130.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 242.5$  Hz), 157.3 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 9.6$  Hz), 136.8, 130.2, 130.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 242.5$  Hz), 157.3 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 9.6$  Hz), 136.8, 130.2, 130.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 9.6$  Hz), 1

= 8.6 Hz), 126.4, 124.3 ( ${}^{4}J_{CF}$  = 2.9 Hz), 115.4, 106.5 ( ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 20.1 Hz), 99.4 ( ${}^{2}J_{CF}$  = 25.0 Hz), 67.6, 60.4, 34.2, 33.8, 27.3, 22.9, 14.2;  ${}^{19}$ F-NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer) -114.4; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>FO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 307.1709, found: 307.1699.

Compound 1z



CO<sub>2</sub>Et

Following the typical procedure D, 2-allyl-3-chlorophenol<sup>1</sup> (200 mg, 1.2 mmol) was converted to 1z (312 mg, 82%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil;

<sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.04 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.98-5.88 (m, 1H), 5.56-5.47 (m, 2H), 5.07-5.01 (m, 2H), 4.14 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.32 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (dt, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.43-2.35 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer);  $\delta$  173.1, 157.0, 136.4, 132.3, 130.4, 130.2, 127.3, 126.4, 120.3, 115.7, 111.8, 67.6, 60.4, 34.2, 33.9, 27.3, 22.9, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>ClO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 323.1414, found: 323.1408.

Compound 1aa



Following the typical procedure D, 2-allyl-5-methoxyphenol<sup>1</sup> (200 mg, 1.2 mmol) was converted to **1aa** (270 mg, 70%) after column CO<sub>2</sub>Et chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless

oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer) δ: 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 6.44-6.41 (m, 2H), 6.01-5.91 (m, 1H), 5.58-5.46 (m, 2H), 5.06-4.98 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.94 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.30 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.43-2.35 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only *Z* isomer); δ 173.1, 159.2, 157.3, 137.4, 129.9, 129.9, 126.7, 121.2, 114.9, 104.1, 99.2, 67.4, 60.4, 55.3, 34.2, 33.8, 27.4, 22.9, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>27</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 319.1909, found: 319.1901.

Compound 1ab



Following the typical procedure D, 2-allyl-6-fluorophenol<sup>1</sup> (200 mg, 1.3 mmol) was converted to **1ab** (300 mg, 75%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer) δ: 6.96-6.90 (m, 3H), 6.00-5.90 (m, 1H), 5.58-5.47 (m, 2H), 5.08-5.02 (m, 2H), 4.13

(q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 4.04 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.41 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.56 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.43-2.34 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer); 173.1, 155.6 ( $^{1}J_{CF} = 246.3$  Hz), 144.5 ( $^{3}J_{CF} = 10.5$  Hz), 136.8, 134.9, 130.1, 126. 6, 125.1 ( $^{4}J_{CF} = 2.9$  Hz), 123.3 ( $^{3}J_{CF} = 8.6$  Hz), 115.8, 114.7 ( $^{2}J_{CF} = 19.2$  Hz), 73.0 ( $^{4}J_{CF} = 5.8$  Hz), 60.3, 34.2, 34.0 ( $^{4}J_{CF} = 1.9$  Hz), 28.4, 22.9, 14.2; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer) -130.1; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>FO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 307.1709, found: 307.1702.

# Compound 11ac



CO<sub>2</sub>Et

mmol) was converted to **11ac** (258 mg, 67%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz,

Following the typical procedure D, 2-allyl-6-chlorophenol<sup>1</sup> (200 mg, 1.2

CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer)  $\delta$ : 7.23 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (dd, J = 7.8, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.00-5.90 (m, 1H), 5.63-5.48 (m, 2H), 5.10-5.03 (m, 2H), 4.13 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.93 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.44 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.62 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, H), 2.59 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 2.44-2.36 (m, 4H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, only Z isomer);  $\delta$  173.1, 153.0, 136.7, 135.3, 130.1, 128.8, 128.4, 128.0, 126.5, 124.6, 116.2, 72.6, 60.3, 34.2, 34.2, 28.2, 22.9, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>ClO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 323.1414, found: 323.1406.

# Preparation of 1ad

To a round-bottom flask containing 2-(3-buten-1-yl)phenol (300 mg, 2.0 mmol, prepared by known method<sup>8</sup>), and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (560 mg, 4.1 mmol, 2.0 eq.) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (4.1 mmL, 0.5 M) was added allyl bromide (980 mg, 8.1 mmol, 4.0 eq.). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 3 h. The mixture was filtered through a glass filter with AcOEt and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 6/1) as an eluent to afford **1ae**. A colorless oil.; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.19-7.15 (m, 2H), 6.90 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.13-6.04 (m, 1H), 5.96-5.86 (m, 1H), 5.45 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (d, *J* = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (dt, *J* = 7.8, 6.9 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$ 156.4, 138.7, 133.5, 130.5, 129.9, 126.9, 120.5, 116.7, 114.5, 111.5, 68.5, 33.9, 30.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 189.1279, found: 189.1273.

#### Compound 11ae



Using butyltriphenylphosphonium bromide. Following the typical procedure E, salicylaldehyde (400 mg, 3.3 mmol) was converted to **1ae** (602 mg, 85%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z = 1/1.2)  $\delta$ : 7.42 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 0.46H, E isomer), 7.26 (dd, J = 7.3, 1.4

Hz, 0.54H Z isomer), 7.22-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.93-6.83 (m, 2H), 6.72 (d, J = 15.8 Hz, 0.46H, E isomer), 6.55 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 0.54H, Z isomer), 6.24 (dt, J = 15.8, 6.9 Hz, 0.46H, E isomer), 5.93-5.81 (m, 1H), 5.70 (dt, J = 11.9, 7.3 Hz, 0.54H, Z isomer), 5.10-4.98 (m, 2H), 4.01-3.97 (m, 2H), 2.31-2.19 (m, 4H), 1.96-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.55-1.42 (m, 2H), 0.98-0.91 (m, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture);  $\delta$  156.5, 155.7, 137.9, 132.5, 131.5, 130.0, 127.8, 127.7, 126.9, 126.4, 124.5, 124.2, 120.5, 119.8, 115.1, 115.1, 111.9, 111.6, 67.5, 67.4, 35.6, 30.8, 30.3, 30.2, 28.5, 28.4, 23.2, 22.7, 13.9, 13.8; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 231.1749, found: 231.1741.

mass

# Compound 1af

Using pentyltriphenylphosphonium bromide. Following the typical procedure E, salicylaldehyde (400 mg, 3.3 mmol) was converted to **1af** (630 mg, 90%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z = 2.4/1)  $\delta$ : 7.42 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 0.71H, E isomer), 7.26 (dd, J = 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 0.29H, Z isomer), 7.22-7.13 (m, 1H), 6.93-6.83 (m, 2H), 6.71 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 0.71H, E isomer), 6.54 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 0.29H, Z isomer), 6.24 (dt, J = 16.0, 6.9 Hz, 0.71H, E isomer), 5.93-5.81 (m, 1H), 5.70 (dt, J = 11.7, 7.3 Hz, 0.29H, Z isomer), 5.11-4.98 (m, 2H), 4.01-3.97 (m, 2H), 2.31-2.21 (m, 4H), 1.97-1.87 (m, 2H), 1.51-1.30 (m, 4H), 0.95-0.87 (m, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture);  $\delta$  156.4, 155.7, 137.9, 132.7, 131.7, 129.9, 127.8, 127.6, 127.1, 126.9, 126.3, 124.3, 124.0, 120.5, 119.8, 115.1, 111.9, 111.6, 67.5, 67.4, 33.2, 32.2, 31.6, 30.3, 30.2, 28.5, 28.4, 22.4, 22.3, 14.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 245.1905, found: 245.1897.

#### Compound **1ag**

Using octyltriphenylphosphonium bromide. Following the typical procedure H, salicylaldehyde (400 mg, 3.3 mmol) was converted to **1ag** (602 mg, 85%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z = 3/2)  $\delta$ : 7.41 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 0.6H, E isomer), 7.24 (d, J = 7.6, 1.4 Hz, 0.4H, Z isomer), 7.21-7.12 (m, 1H), 6.93-6.82 (m, 2H), 6.70 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 0.6H, E isomer), 6.53 (d, J = 11.4 Hz, 0.4H, Z isomer), 6.23 (dt, J = 16.0, 7.0 Hz, 0.6H, E isomer), 5.93-5.81 (m, 1H), 5.69 (dt, J = 11.4, 7.3 Hz, 0.4H, Z isomer), 5.10-4.98 (m, 2H), 4.01-3.96 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.19 (m, 4H), 1.96-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.50-1.25 (m, 10H), 0.90-0.85 (m, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, E/Z mixture);  $\delta$  156.4, 155.7, 137.9, 132.7, 131.8, 129.9, 127.8, 127.6, 127.1, 126.9, 126.4, 124.3, 124.0, 120.5, 119.8, 115.1, 111.9, 111.6, 67.5, 67.4, 33.5, 31.9, 30.3, 30.2, 30.0, 29.5, 29.3, 29.2, 28.7, 28.5, 28.4, 22.7, 14.1; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 287.2375, found: 287.2366.

Preparation of 2a



In a glovebox, to an oven-dried 10-mL vial were added  $[Rh(C_2H_4)_2Cl]_2$  (3.98 mg 10.2 µmol, 5 mol%), trimesityl phosphine (23.8 mg, 61.4 µmol, 30 mol%) and anhydrous *p*-xylene (2.1 mL, 0.1 M). The resulting solution was stirred

for 30 min at ambient temperature, then AgOTf (5.26mg, 20.1 µmol 10 mol%) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, diene **1a** (50 mg, 0.205 mmol, 1.0 eq.) was added and the reaction mixture was sealed, removed from the glovebox and heated at 110 °C for 24 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered by short silica gel column chromatography (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1) and concentrated in vacuo to remove the solvent. The obtained residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give corresponding 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran **2a** (41.2 mg, 82%). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (500 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  7.07 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 7.4 Hz 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 5.85-5.79 (m, 1H), 5.22-5.14 (m, 2H), 4.37-4.33 (m, 1H), 3.67 (dd, *J* = 80., 8.0 Hz, 1H), 1.84-1.73 (m, 2H), 1.53-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.38-1.25 (m, 8H), 0.96-0.83 (m, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (125 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.7, 139.5, 130.8, 129.5, 125.8, 121.4, 117.3, 110.3, 89.9, 54.6, 35.9, 33.0, 30.6, 30.4, 26.7, 23.7, 14.5; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 245.1905, found: 245.1895.

Preparation of 2a'



In a glovebox, to an oven-dried 10-mL vial, were added  $[Rh(C_2H_4)_2Cl]_2(3.98 mg 10.2 \mu mol, 5 mol%)$ , tri(*o*-tolyl) phosphine (18.7.8 mg, 61.4  $\mu$ mol, 30 mol%) and anhydrous *p*-xylene (2.1 mL, 0.1 M). The resulting solution was

stirred for 30 min at ambient temperature, then AgOTf (5.26mg, 20.1 µmol 10 mol%) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, diene **1a** (50 mg, 0.205 mmol, 1.0 eq.) was added and the reaction mixture was sealed, removed from the glovebox and heated at 110 °C for 24 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered by short silica gel column chromatography (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1) and concentrated in vacuo to remove the solvent. The obtained residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give corresponding 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran **2a'** (31.6 mg, 63%). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  7.46-7.44 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.11 (m, 2H), 2.72 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.64 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.73-1.66 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.27 (m, 8H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (125 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  155.5, 155.0, 130.6, 124.0, 123.0, 119.8, 117.1, 111.4, 32.9, 30.2, 30.2, 29.5, 27.0, 23.7, 17.7, 15.2, 14.4; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 245.1905, found: 245.1893.

# Preparation of 3a, 3b, 3d-3l, 3n-3ag



Typical procedure G

In a glovebox, to an oven-dried 10-mL vial were added  $[Rh(C_2H_4)_2Cl]_2(5 \text{ mol}\%)$ , trimesitylphosphine (30 mol%) and anhydrous *p*-xylene (0.1 M). The resulting solution was stirred for 30 min at ambient temperature, then AgOTf (10 mol%) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, diene **1** (1.0 eq.) was added and the reaction mixture was sealed, removed from the glovebox and heated at 110 °C for 14 h. Finally, HBin (2.0 eq.) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred at 60 °C for 3 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered by short silica gel column chromatography and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to remove the solvent. The obtained residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give corresponding 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran **3**.

Typical procedure H



In a glovebox, to an oven-dried 10-mL vial were added  $[Rh(C_2H_4)_2Cl]_2$  (5 mol%), trimesityl phosphine (30 mol%) and anhydrous *p*-xylene (0.1 M). The resulting solution was stirred for 30 min at ambient temperature, then AgOTf (10 mol%) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, diene **1** (1.0 eq.) was added and the reaction mixture was sealed, removed from the glovebox and heated at 120 °C for 14 h. Finally, HBpin (2.0 eq.) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred at 60 °C for 3 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered by short silica gel column chromatography and concentrated in vacuo to remove the solvent. The obtained residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give corresponding 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran **3**.

Typical procedure I



In a glovebox, to an oven-dried 10-mL vial were added  $[Rh(C_2H_4)_2Cl]_2$  (4.5 mol%), trimesitylphosphine (30 mol%) and anhydrous *p*-xylene (0.1 M). The resulting solution was stirred for 30 min at ambient temperature, then AgOTf (10 mol%) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, diene **1** (1.0 eq.) was added and the reaction mixture was sealed, removed from the glovebox and heated at 120 °C for 14 h. Finally, HBpin (4.0 eq.) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred at 60 °C for 3 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered by short silica gel column chromatography and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to remove the solvent. The obtained residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give corresponding 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran **3**. Typical procedure J



In a glovebox, to an oven-dried 10-mL vial were added  $[Rh(C_2H_4)_2Cl]_2$  (4.5 mol%), trimesitylphosphine (30 mol%) and anhydrous *p*-xylene (0.1 M). The resulting solution was stirred for 30 min at ambient temperature, then AgOTf (10 mol%) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, diene **1** (1.0 eq.) was added and the reaction mixture was sealed, removed from the glovebox and heated at 110 °C for 14 h. Finally, HBin (3.0 eq.) was added to the reaction mixture and stirred at 60 °C for 3 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered by short silica gel column chromatography and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to remove the solvent. The obtained residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give corresponding 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran **3**.

#### Compound 3a



Following the typical procedure G, **1a** (30.0 mg, 0.123 mmol) was converted to **3a** (36.9 mg, 81%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil. **2a'** was a byproduct of this reaction and could be separated by column chromatography using this eluent.; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.06-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.80-6.76 (m, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.36-4.32 (m, 1H), 3.00-2.96 (m,

1H), 1.81-1.28 (m, 14H), 1.23 (s, 12H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.80 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  159.2, 130.7, 127.8, 124.4, 119.8, 108.9, 88.3, 83.2, 48.9, 36.0, 31.7, 29.4, 29.2, 29.1, 25.1, 24.0, 24.0, 22.4, 13.2; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>38</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 373.2914, found: 373.2906.

Following the typical procedure J, 1c (30.0 mg, 0.123 mmol) was also converted to 3a (31.8 mg, 70%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30 :1).

Compound 3b



Following the typical procedure G, **1b** (30.0 mg, 0.139 mmol) was converted to **3b** (37.9 mg, 80%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.03-6.99 (m, 1H), 6.76-6.72 (m, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.32-4.28 (m, 1H), 2.94 (dt, *J* = 7.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 1.77-1.27 (m, 10H), 1.17 (s, 12H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.1

Hz, 3H), 0.75 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  159.2, 130.7, 127.7, 124.4, 119.7, 108.8, 88.3, 83.1, 48.9, 35.9, 31.6, 29.2, 24.8, 23.9, 23.9, 22.4, 13.1; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>34</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 345.2601, found: 345.2591.

Compound 3d



Following the typical procedure G, 1d (30.0 mg, 0.139 mmol) was converted to 3d (37.9 mg, 80%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.05-7.01 ddd, *J* = 8.0, 8.0, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (ddd, *J* = 7.4, 7.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.5

Hz, 1H), 1.79-1.28 (m, 16H), 1.22-1.20 (m, 12H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.78 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.6, 132.0, 129.1, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 89.6, 84.5, 50.2, 37.3, 33.1, 30.7, 30.6, 30.4 (overlapped), 26.4, 25.2, 25.2, 23.7, 14.5; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>40</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 387.3071, found: 387.3062.

Compound 3e



Following the typical procedure G, **1e** (30.0 mg, 0.110 mmol) was converted to **3e** (26.9 mg, 61%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80-6.77 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dt, *J* = 7.4,

5.3 Hz, 1H), 2.99 (dt , J = 7.4, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 1.81-1.26 (m, 18H), 1.24 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 12H), 0.85-0.92 (3H), 0.75-0.83 (2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.6, 132.0, 129.1, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 89.6, 84.5, 50.2, 37.3, 33.1, 30.72, 30.70 (overlapped), 30.6, 30.5, 26.4, 25.2, 25.2, 23.8, 14.5; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>42</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 401.3227, found: 401.3218.

Compound **3f** 



Following the typical procedure G, **1f** (30.0 mg, 0.104 mmol) was converted to **3f** (25 mg, 59%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.07-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.80-6.76 (m, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.99 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 1.80-1.25 (m, 20H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 12H),

0.85-0.92 (3H), 0.75-0.83 (2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD); δ 160.6, 132.0, 129.1, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 89.6, 84.5, 50.2, 37.3, 33.1, 30.7, 30.7, 30.7, 30.6, 30.5, 30.5, 26.4, 25.2, 25.2, 23.8, 14.5; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ 33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>44</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 415.3384, found: 415.3369.

Compound 3g



Following the typical procedure G, **1g** (40.0 mg, 0.122 mmol) was converted to **3g** (27.9 mg, 50%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (ddd, *J* = 7.8, 7.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (ddd, *J* = 7.4,

7.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dt, J = 7.3, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.99 (dt, J = 7.3, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 1.87-1.38 (m, 26H), 1.23-1.22 (m, 12H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.6, 132.0, 129.1, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 89.6, 84.5, 50.2, 37.3, 33.1, 30.8 (overlapped), 30.7 (overlapped), 30.6, 30.5, 26.4, 25.23 (overlapped), 25.22 (overlapped), 25.1, 23.8, 14.5; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.6; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>50</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 457.3853, found: 457.3843.

Compound **3h** 



Following the typical procedure G, **1h** (40.0 mg, 0.112 mmol) was converted to **3h** (14.9 mg, 39%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.12 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.05-7.01 (m, 1H), 6.77 (ddd, *J* = 7.6, 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dt, *J* = 7.3, 5.3 Hz,

1H), 2.97 (dt, J = 7.3, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 1.79-1.26 (m, 30H), 1.22-1.20 (m, 12H), 0.87 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 0.80-0.76 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.6, 132.0, 129.1, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 89.6, 84.5, 50.2, 37.3, 33.1, 30.80 (overlapped), 30.78 (overlapped), 30.69 (overlapped), 30.67 (overlapped), 30.6, 30.5, 26.4, 25.2, 25.2, 23.8, 14.5; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>54</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 485.4166, found: 485.4142.

Compound 3i



Following the typical procedure H, **1i** (30.0 mg, 0.105 mmol) was converted to **3i** (30.6 mg, 70%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dt, J = 7.5, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.98 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 5.7 Hz, 1H),

1.80-1.31 (m, 12H), 1.28-1.10 (m, 19H), 0.88-0.76 (m, 4H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.6, 132.0, 129.1, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 89.6, 84.5, 50.2, 39.0, 38.7, 37.3, 34.6, 30.6, 27.9, 27.8, 27.5, 26.7, 25.2, 25.2; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>42</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 413.3227, found: 413.3212.

Compound 3j



Following the typical procedure H, **1j** (30.0 mg, 0.103 mmol) was converted to **3j** (17.6 mg, 41%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.22 (dd, J = 7.3, 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.15-7.10 (m, 4H), 7.07-7.03 (m, 1H), 6.81-6.76 (m, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dt, J = 7.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (dt, J = 7.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.85-1.31 (m, 10H), 1.26-

1.22 (m, 12H), 0.79 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD); 160.6, 143.9, 132.0, 129.4, 129.3, 129.1, 126.6, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 89.5, 84.5, 50.2, 37.2, 36.8, 32.7, 30.5, 30.2, 26.2, 25.2, 25.2; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>38</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 421.2914, found: 421.2897.

Compound **3k** 



Following the typical procedure H, **1k** (30.0 mg, 0.108 mmol) was converted to **3k** (14.5 mg, 33%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.25-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.17-7.10 (m, 4H), 7.07-7.03 (m, 1H), 6.78 (ddd, *J* = 7.4, 7.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H),

2.61 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.82-1.38 (m, 8H), 1.23-1.20 (m, 12H), 0.78 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD); 160.6, 143.7, 132.0, 129.4, 129.3, 129.1, 126.7, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 89.5, 84.5, 50.2, 37.1, 36.8, 32.7, 30.5, 26.1, 25.2, 25.2; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>36</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 407.2758, found: 407.2747.

Compound 31



Following the typical procedure H, 11 (30.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) was converted to 31 (33.7 mg, 75%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-

hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (dt, *J* = 7.3, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.99 (dt, *J* = 7.8, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.81-1.33 (m, 10H), 1.24-1.19 (m, 15H), 0.81-0.77 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD); 175.5, 160.5, 132.0, 129.1, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 89.4, 84.5, 61.4, 50.2, 37.1, 35.0, 30.5, 30.1, 26.1, 26.0, 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>38</sub>BO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 417.2812, found: 417.2798.

Compound 3n



Following the typical procedure H, **1n** (30.0 mg, 0.0908 mmol) was converted to **3n** (25.9 mg, 62%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.13 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (ddd, *J* = 7.3, 7.3, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (t, *J* = 5.3

Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dt, J = 7.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.05-4.01 (m, 2H), 3.79-3.73 (m, 2H), 2.99 (dt , J = 7.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.03-1.32 (m, 18H), 1.24-1.22 (m, 12H), 0.80 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD); 160.6, 132.0, 129.1, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 103.6, 89.6, 84.5, 67.9, 50.2, 37.3, 36.2, 30.6 (over lapped), 30.5, 27.0, 26.4, 25.2 (over lapped), 25.2, 25.0; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>44</sub>BO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 459.3282, found: 459.3266.

Compound 30



Following the typical procedure H, **10** (50.0 mg, 0.117 mmol) was converted to **30** (32.5 mg, 50%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 6/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.65 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (ddd, J = 7.9, 7.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.79

(ddd, J = 7.4, 7.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (dt, J = 7.4, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.01-2.94 (m, 3H), 2.67 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.26-1.88 (14H), 1.23 (s, 12H), 0.80 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD); 159.2, 143.6, 134.5, 130.7, 129.5, 127.7, 127.2, 124.4, 119.7, 108.8, 88.2, 83.2, 49.8, 48.9, 35.9, 33.7, 29.2, 29.2, 28.8, 27.1, 26.1, 25.0, 23.9, 23.9, 20.1; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.1; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>31</sub>H<sub>47</sub>BNO<sub>5</sub>S (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 556.3268, found: 556.3263.

Compound 3p'



Following the typical procedure H, 1p (50.0 mg, 0.106 mmol) was converted to 3p. Next, to 3p in THF/H<sub>2</sub>O (0.4 mL each), sodium perborate tetrahydrate (48.9 mg, 0.318 mmol) was added and stirred at room temperature. After 4 h, the mixture was extracted three times with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The combined organic phases were washed with brine, quickly dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. Purification of the crude material by silica gel column chromatography (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1) gave **3p**' (26.4 mg, 63%). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.73 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.15-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.84 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (br, s, 1H), 4.42 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.82-3.75 (m, 2H), 3.21(dt, *J* = 8.0, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.97-2.94 (m, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.01-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.86-1.79 (m, 1H), 1.69-1.43 (m, 7H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>); 159.0, 143.4, 136.9, 130.3, 129.7, 128.3, 127.1, 124.5, 120.3, 109.5, 88.4, 60.2, 44.1, 42.9, 37.7, 34.9, 29.2, 22.2, 21.5; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>S (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 390.1739, found: 390.1724.

Compound 3q



Following the typical procedure H, 1q (100.0 mg, 0.289 mmol) was converted to 3q (98.7 mg, 68%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 6/1). A colorless oil.; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.84-7.76 (m, 4H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (ddd, *J* = 7.8. 7.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (ddd, *J* = 7.4, 7.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* =

7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dt, J = 7.2, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.97 (dt, J = 7.2, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 1.79-1.38 (m, 8H), 1.24-1.19 (m, 12H), 0.78 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD); 169.8, 160.5, 135.3, 133.4, 131.9, 129.1, 125.6, 124.1, 121.1, 110.2, 89.3, 84.5, 50.2, 38.6, 36.7, 30.4, 29.4, 25.2, 23.8; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>35</sub>BNO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 476.2608, found: 476.2603.

Compound 3r



Following the typical procedure I, **1r** (35.0 mg, 0.114 mmol) was converted to **3r** (40.0 mg, 81%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.10-7.04 (m, 1H), 6.54-6.49 (m, 2H), 4.46 (dt, *J* = 7.8, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.22 (dt, *J* = 7.8, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H),

1.89-1.33 (m, 10H), 1.25-1.19 (m, 15H), 0.74 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  175.5, 163.0 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 8.6$  Hz), 161.4 (<sup>1</sup>  $J_{CF} = 241.5$  Hz), 130.8 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 8.6$  Hz), 117.9 (<sup>2</sup>  $J_{CF} = 21.1$  Hz), 108.0 (<sup>2</sup>  $J_{CF} = 21.1$  Hz), 106.5 (<sup>4</sup>  $J_{CF} = 2.9$  Hz), 90.0, 84.5, 61.4, 48.4, 36.9, 35.0, 30.0, 29.2, 25.9 (overlapped), 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) –120.4; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>37</sub>BFO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 435.2718, found: 435.2704.

Compound 3s



Following the typical procedure I, 1s (35.0 mg, 0.108 mmol) was converted to

**3s** (24.3 mg, 50%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.01 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.50-4.46 (m, 1H), 4.11 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (dt, *J* = 8.7, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.02-1.30 (m, 10H), 1.26-1.21 (m, 15H), 0.75 (t, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (125 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  175.5, 161.7, 131.9, 130.7, 129.6, 121.6, 109.1, 88.9, 84.5, 61.4, 50.1, 36.8, 35.0, 30.0, 27.9, 25.9, 25.8, 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (160 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>37</sub>BClO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 451.2423, found: 451.2403.

Compound 3t



Following the typical procedure I **1t** (30.0 mg, 0.942 mmol) was converted to **3t** (29.1 mg, 69%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (500 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.02 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (dt, *J* = 7.3, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s,

3H), 3.07 (dt, J = 7.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.29 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.89-1.82 (m, 1H), 1.64-1.32 (m, 9H), 1.25-1.20 (m, 15H), 0.68 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (125 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  175.5, 161.7, 158.6, 130.3, 118.0, 103.8, 103.6, 89.3, 84.4, 61.4, 55.7, 48.8, 37.0, 35.0, 30.1, 28.6, 26.0, 25.9, 25.2 (overlapped), 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (160 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>BO<sub>6</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 447.2918, found: 447.2902.

Compound 3u



Following the typical procedure I, **1u** (35.0 mg, 0.114 mmol) was converted to **3u** (28.8 mg, 58%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 6.90-6.87 (m, 1H), 6.80-6.75 (m, 1H), 6.62-6.59 (m, 1H), 4.39 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 1

6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.81-1.35 (m, 10H), 1.28-1.19 (m, 15H), 0.81-0.77 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  175.5, 164.7 (<sup>1</sup>  $J_{CF} = 241.5$  Hz), 161.9 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 13.4$  Hz), 127.9 (<sup>4</sup>  $J_{CF} = 2.9$  Hz), 126.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 10.5$  Hz), 107.3 (<sup>2</sup>  $J_{CF} = 23.0$  Hz), 98.3 (<sup>2</sup>  $J_{CF} = 26.8$  Hz), 91.1, 84.5, 61.4, 49.5, 37.0, 35.0, 30.6, 30.0, 26.0, 26.0, 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (471 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) +25.1; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>37</sub>BFO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 435.2718, found: 435.2709.

Compound 3v



Following the typical procedure I, 1v (35.0 mg, 0.108 mmol) was converted to 3v (34.3 mg, 70%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). Colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.12 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (dt, J = 7.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.02 (dt, J = 7.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.81-1.33 (m, 10H), 1.24-1.20 (m, 15H), 0.84-0.72 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  175.5, 159.4, 134.3, 128.9, 125.8, 125.6, 111.3, 90.3, 84.6, 61.4, 50.1, 36.9, 35.0, 30.2, 30.0, 26.0, 25.9, 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>37</sub>BClO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 451.2423, found: 451.2403.

Compound 3w



Following the typical procedure I **1w** (30.0 mg, 3.73 mmol) was converted to **3w** (28.6 mg, 68%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 6.74 (d, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (dd, *J* = 8.6, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q,

 $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{H}, 3.71 \text{ (s, 3H)}, 2.96 \text{ (dt}, J = 7.5, 5.5 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}), 2.30 \text{ (t}, J = 7.6 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{H}), 1.81-1.34 \text{ (m, 10H)}, 1.25-1.19 \text{ (m, 15H)}, 0.80 \text{ (t}, J = 8.0 \text{ Hz}, 2\text{H}); {}^{13}\text{C-NMR} (100 \text{ MHz}, \text{CD}_3\text{OD}); \delta 174.2, 154.1, 153.3, 131.6, 112.8, 110.6, 108.7, 88.3, 83.2, 60.1, 55.1, 49.3, 35.7, 33.7, 28.9, 28.7, 24.8, 24.6, 23.9, 23.8, 13.2; {}^{11}\text{B-NMR} (128 \text{ MHz}, \text{CD}_3\text{OD}) \delta 33.0; \text{HRMS} (APCI) calcd for C_{25}\text{H}_{40}\text{BO}_6 \text{ (M+H)}^+: 447.2918, found: 447.2919$ 

Compound 3x



Following the typical procedure I, **1x** (40.0 mg, 0.115 mmol) was converted to **3x** (35.2 mg, 64%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 10/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.84-7.81 (m, 2H), 6.74 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (dt, *J* = 7.3, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.06

(dt, J = 7.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.85-1.36 (m, 10H), 1.24-1.19 (m, 15H), 0.83-0.78 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  175.5, 168.7, 165.1, 132.8, 132.3, 127.6, 123.3, 110.1, 91.1, 84.6, 61.4, 52.3, 49.4, 37.0, 35.0, 30.4, 30.0, 25.9, 25.9, 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>40</sub>BO<sub>7</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 475.2867, found: 475.2850.

Compound 3y



Following the typical procedure I, **1y** (40.0 mg, 0.131 mmol) was converted to **3y** (27.1 mg, 50%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz,

CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.11-7.07 (m, 1H), 6.53-6.48 (m, 1H), 6.43-6.40 (m, 1H), 4.43 (dt, J = 7.1, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.96 (dt, J = 7.1, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.79-1.33 (m, 10H), 1.25-1.21 (m, 15H), 0.80-0.76 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  175.5, 164.7 (<sup>1</sup>  $J_{CF} = 241.5$  Hz), 161.9 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 13.4$  Hz), 127.9 (<sup>4</sup>  $J_{CF} = 2.9$  Hz), 126.1 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 10.5$  Hz), 107.3 (<sup>2</sup>  $J_{CF} = 23.0$  Hz), 98.3 (<sup>2</sup>  $J_{CF} = 26.8$  Hz), 91.1, 84.5, 61.4, 49.5, 37.0, 35.0, 30.6, 30.0, 26.0, 26.0, 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) –116.7; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>37B</sub>FO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 435.2718, found: 435.2700.

Compound 3z



Following the typical procedure I, **1z** (35.0 mg, 0.108 mmol) was converted to **3z** (34.1 mg, 70%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.04 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (dt, *J* = 7.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz,

2H), 2.92 (dd, J = 7.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.29 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.81-1.31 (m, 10H), 1.27-1.23 (m, 15H), 0.87-0.78 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  175.5, 161.6, 134.4, 131.2, 126.5, 121.1, 110.7, 90.7, 84.5, 61.4, 49.6, 37.0, 35.0, 30.4, 30.0, 26.0, 25.9, 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>37</sub>BClO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 451.2423, found: 451.2403.

Compound 3aa



Following the typical procedure I, **1aa** (30.0 mg, 0.942 mmol) was converted to **3aa** (17.1 mg, 41%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30 :1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 7.00 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dd, J = 8.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 6.27 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (dt, J = 7.3, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q,

J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 2.91 (dt, J = 7.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.76-1.35 (m, 10H), 1.25-1.21 (m, 15H), 0.78 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  175.5, 162.0, 161.8, 125.7, 124.0, 106.6, 96.8, 90.5, 84.5, 61.4, 55.8, 49.6, 37.1, 35.0, 30.7, 30.1, 26.1, 26.0, 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>BO<sub>6</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 447.2918, found: 447.2920.

#### Compound 3ab



Following the typical procedure I **1ab** (40.0 mg, 0.131 mmol) was converted to **3ab** (30.1 mg, 55%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30 :1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz,

CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ : 6.95 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.90-6.85 (m, 1H), 6.79-6.74 (m, 1H), 4.49 (dt, J = 7.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.07 (dt, J = 7.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.81-1.35 (m, 10H), 1.25-1.21 (m, 15H), 0.82-0.77 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  175.5, 148.9 (<sup>1</sup>  $J_{CF} = 243.4$  Hz), 146.9 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 10.5$  Hz), 136.0 (<sup>4</sup>  $J_{CF} = 2.9$  Hz), 121.7 (<sup>3</sup>  $J_{CF} = 5.6$  Hz), 121.2, 116.0 (<sup>2</sup>  $J_{CF} = 17.3$  Hz), 91.2, 84.5, 61.4, 50.6, 36.9, 35.0, 30.3, 30.0, 26.0, 25.9, 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; <sup>19</sup>F-NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) –141.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>37</sub>BFO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 435.2718, found: 435.2704.

Compound 3ac



Following the typical procedure I, **1ac** (35.0 mg, 0.108 mmol) was converted to **3ac** (29.4 mg, 60%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30 :1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  7.09-7.07 (m, 2H), 6.78 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (dt, *J* = 7.3, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.12-3.07 (m, 1H), 2.31 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.82-1.34 (m, 10H), 1.25-1.21 (m, 15H), 0.82-0.77 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100

MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD); δ δ 175.6, 156.4, 134.1, 129.3, 124.2, 122.2, 115.8, 90.5, 84.5, 61.4, 50.8, 36.9, 35.0, 30.4, 30.0, 25.9 (overlapped), 25.2, 25.2, 14.6; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ 33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>37</sub>BClO<sub>5</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 451.2423, found: 451.2404.

Compound 3ad



Following the typical procedure J, **1ad** (40.0 mg, 0.212 mmol) was converted to **3ad** (58.0 mg, 86%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30 :1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  7.11 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.06-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.77 (ddd, *J* = 7.4, 7.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (dt, *J* = 6.4, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 6.4, 5.9

Hz, 1H), 1.69-1.42 (m, 6H), 1.22 (s, 12H), 1.00 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.79-0.75 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.5, 132.2, 129.0, 125.5, 121.1, 110.1, 91.1, 84.3, 48.1, 39.1, 30.0 (over lapped), 25.2, 22.2, 10.0; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>3</sub>0BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 317.2288, found: 317.2281.

Compound 3ae



Following the typical procedure J, **1ae** (30.0 mg, 0.130 mmol) was converted to **3ae** (36.5 mg, 78%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30 :1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  7.12 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H),

7.06-7.02 (m, 1H), 6.77 (ddd, J = 7.4, 7.4, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dt, J = 7.5, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.99 (dt, J = 7.5, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 1.71-1.34 (m, 12H), 1.21 (s, 12H), 0.94-0.91 (m, 3H), 0.76-0.73 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.5, 132.2, 129.0, 125.6, 121.1, 110.1, 89.9, 84.3, 48.6, 37.0, 36.3, 30.2, 28.8 (over lapped), 25.2, 25.1, 23.7, 14.4; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>36</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 359.2758, found: 359.2749.

Compound 3af



Following the typical procedure J, **1af** (50.0 mg, 0.204 mmol) was converted to **3af** ((53.7 mg, 71%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30 :1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  7.12 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 5.2

Hz, 1H), 3.01 (dt, J = 7.4, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 1.71-1.34 (m, 14H), 1.22 (s, 12H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.72 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.5, 132.2, 129.0, 125.6, 121.1, 110.1, 89.9, 84.3, 48.5, 37.0, 36.4, 33.3, 28.8, 27.6, 25.2 (over lapped), 24.9, 23.7, 14.4; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.1; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>38</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 373.2914, found: 373.2903.

Compound 3ag



Following the typical procedure M, **1ag** (50.0 mg, 0.175 mmol) was converted to **3ag** (35.9 mg, 50%) after column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30 :1). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  7.12 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.07-7.03 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (ddd, *J* = 7.4, 7.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 1.69-1.28 (m, 20H), 1.22 (s, 12H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.71 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.5, 132.2, 129.0, 125.6, 121.1, 110.1, 89.9, 84.2,

48.3, 37.0, 36.5, 33.3, 30.7, 30.5, 30.4, 28.7, 27.8, 25.2 (overlapped), 25.0, 23.7, 14.4; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ 33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>44</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 415.3384, found: 415.3384.

Preparation of compound **4** 



To a vigorously stirred solution of **31** (22.0 mg, 0.053 mmol) in THF/H<sub>2</sub>O (0.4 mL each) at room temperature was added sodium perborate tetrahydrate (24.4 mg, 0.159 mmol, 3.0 eq.). After stirring for 4 h, the

mixture was extracted three times with Et<sub>2</sub>O. The combined organic portions were washed with brine, quickly dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. Purification of the crude material by silica gel column chromatography (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 4/1) gave **4** (14.6 mg, 0.048 mmol, 90%). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.16-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.84 (ddd, *J* = 7.3, 7.3, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.80-3.76 (m, 2H), 3.22 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.02-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.77-1.34 (m, 7H), 1.28-1.23 (m, 5H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  173.9, 159.1, 130.3, 128.2, 124.6, 120.1, 109.5, 88.7, 60.2, 44.1, 37.8, 35.5, 34.2, 28.9, 25.0, 24.8, 24.8, 14.2; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>27</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 307.1909, found: 307.1898.

Preparation of compound 5



To a stirred solution of **31** (30.0 mg, 0.072 mmol) in THF at -78 °C, was dropwised diisobutylaluminium hydride (0.99M, 109 µL, 0.108 mmol, 1.5 eq.). After stirring for 3 h, the mixture was quenched by MeOH and sat. potassium sodium (+)-tertrate aq. and extracted three times with AcOEt. The combined organic phase was washed with brine, quickly dried over

Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered, and concentrated. Purification of the crude material by silica gel column chromatography (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1) gave **5** (23.7 mg, 88%). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$ :  $\delta$  7.13 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.47 (dt, *J* = 7.3, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.99 (dt, *J* = 7.3, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 1.81-1.37 (m, 12H), 1.24-1.23 (m, 12H), 0.81-0.78 (m, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD);  $\delta$  160.6, 132.0, 129.1, 125.7, 121.1, 110.1, 99.9, 89.6, 84.5, 50.2, 37.8, 37.2, 30.5, 30.5, 26.4, 25.8, 25.2, 25.2; <sup>11</sup>B-NMR (128 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  33.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>36</sub>O<sub>4</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 375.2707, found: 375.2723.

Preparation of compound 6



To a 10-mL vial containing **3ae** (40.0 mg, 0.107 mmol), RuPhos (3.01 mg, 6 mol%), 1-bromo-4-methoxybenzene )60.3 mg, 3.0 eq.) and *t*-BuONa (31.0 mg, 3.0 eq.) in Toluene/H<sub>2</sub>O (10/1), was added Pd<sub>2</sub>dba<sub>3</sub> (2.95 mg, 3 mol%) and stirred at 80 °C for 16 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered by short silica gel column chromatography and concentrated in vacuo to remove the solvent. The obtained residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 15/1) to give **6** (33.2 mg, 87%).

A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.13-7.08 (m, 4H), 6.85-6.81 (m, 3H), 6.76 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (dt, J = 7.6, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.01 (dt, J = 7.6, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.77-1.55 (m, 6H), 1.53-1.29 (m, 6H), 0.92 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  159.2, 157.7, 134.5, 131.0, 129.2, 128.0, 124.5, 119.9, 113.7, 109.4, 88.9, 55.2, 47.2, 35.8, 35.2, 34.8, 31.8, 27.5, 26.4, 22.6, 14.0; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 339.2324, found: 339.2316.

# Deuterium labeling experiment (<sup>2</sup>H-NMR)

In a glovebox, to an oven-dried 10-mL vial were added  $[Rh(C_2H_4)_2Cl]_2$  (5 mol%), trimesitylphosphine (30 mol%) and anhydrous *p*-xylene (0.1 M). The resulting solution was stirred for 30 min at ambient temperature, then AgOTf (10 mol%) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, diene **1**-*d* (1.0 eq.) was added, and the reaction mixture was sealed, removed from the glovebox and heated at 110 °C for 24 h. After being cooled to room temperature, the reaction mixture was filtered by short silica gel column chromatography (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 10/1) and the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo to remove the solvent. The obtained residue was purified by flash column chromatography (*n*-hexane/AcOEt = 30/1) on silica gel to give corresponding 2,3-dihydrobenzofuran **2**-*d*. The resulting **2**-*d* was dissolved in CHCl3 and CDCl3 was added as an internal standard. Then, <sup>2</sup>H-NMR spectrum of the mixture was measured.

•  $1ah-d_2$  to  $2ah-d_2$ 



• 1ai- $d_1$  to 2ai- $d_1$ 





3-Allyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ol was prepared according to the known literature.<sup>9</sup> To a round-bottom flask containing 3-bromopropan-1-ol (2.6 g, 19.0 mmol, 2.0 eq.) and K<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (1.97 g 14.3 mmol, 1.5 eq.) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (0.5 M) was added 3-allyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ol (2.0 g, 9.5 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 10 h. The mixture was filtered through a glass filter with AcOEt and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 3/1 as an eluent to afford **S5** (1.98 g, 7.4 mmol, 78%). To a round-bottom

flask containing S5 (1.0 g, 3.7 mmol) in AcOEt (0.1 M) was added IBX (1.6 g, 5.6 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 h with heating under reflux. The mixture was filtered through a glass filter with AcOEt and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 6/1 as an eluent to afford **S6** (620 mg, 3.3 mmol, 88%). To a suspension of (methyl- $d_3$ )triphenylphosphonium bromide (prepared by known method<sup>10</sup>, 100%D, 1.3 g, 3.5 mmol, 1.5 eq.) in toluene (12 mL), KHMDS (0.6 M in toluene, 3.3 mL, 1.4 eq.)) was slowly added and stirred for 30 min. Then, reaction mixture was cooled to -78 °C and the solution of S6 (12 mL in toluene) was slowly added to the reaction mixture and stirred for 3 h. Afterwards, sat. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl was added to quench the reaction and extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic phase was washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After evaporation, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 20/1) to afford **1ah**- $d_2$  (108 mg, 17%). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.56-7.52 (m, 2H), 7.43-7.38 (m, 4H), 7.31-7.28 (m, 1H), 6.86-6.95 (1H), 6.07-5.90 (m, 2H), 5.22-5.03 (m, 2.88H), 4.07 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.45 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.58 (dt, J =6.5, 6.5 Hz, 2H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>); δ 156.1, 141.0, 136.9, 134.7, 133.5, 129.1, 128.6, 128.6, 126.7, 126.5, 125.8, 117.0, 115.6, 111.4, 67.4, 34.6, 33.8; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>D<sub>2</sub>O (M+H)+: 267.1718, found: 267.1704.





To a round-bottom flask containing 5-bromopentan-1-ol (2.8 g, 16.8 mmol 1.5 eq.) and  $K_2CO_3$  (2.3 g 16.8 mmol, 1.5 eq.) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (22.4 mL, 0.5 M) was added 2-allylphenol (1.5 g, 11.2 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 10 h. The mixture was filtered through a glass filter with AcOEt and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 3/1 as an eluent to afford **S7** (1.98 g, 11.2 mmol, 80%). To a round-bottom flask containing **S7** (1.0 g, 4.5 mmol) in AcOEt (0.1 M) was added IBX (2.5 g, 9.1 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 5 h with heating under reflux. The mixture was filtered

through a glass filter with AcOEt, and the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using *n*-hexane/ AcOEt (6/1) as an eluent to afford **S8** (892 mg, 4.1 mmol, 90%). To a suspension of triphenyl(propyl-1,1-*d*<sub>2</sub>)phosphonium bromide (prepared by known method<sup>10</sup>, 100%D, 799 mg, 2.1 mmol, 1.5 eq.) in THF (12 mL), *t*-BuOK (232 mg, 2.1 mmol, 1.5 eq.) was added and stirred for 30 min. Then, reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C and **S8** (300 mg, 1.4 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture and warm up to rt. The reaction mixtures stirred for 3 h. Afterwards, sat. NH<sub>4</sub>Cl was added to quench the reaction and extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic phase was washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After evaporation, the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (*n*-hexane/ AcOEt = 20/1) to afford **11aj**-*d*<sub>1</sub> (181 mg, 69%). A colorless oil; <sup>1</sup> H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.19-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.90-6.82 (m, 2H), 6.04-5.94 (m, 1H), 5.43-5.32 (m, 1.2H), 5.09-5.01 (m, 2H), 3.97 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.39 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.14-2.02 (m, 4H), 1.85-1.77 (m, 2H), 1.59-1.51 (m, 2H), 0.97 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H); <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  156.7, 137.1, 132.1, 129.7, 128.8, 128.6, 127.2, 120.2, 115.3, 111.1, 67.7, 34.4, 29.0, 26.8, 26.3, 20.4, 14.3; HRMS (APCI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>24</sub>DO (M+H)<sup>+</sup>: 246.1968, found: 246.1957.

# **Crossover experiment**



Only trace amounts of deuterium incorporation into 3q were observed. This result suggested that the intermolecular transfer of rhodium hydride may be slow.

## **Computational studies**

All calculations were carried with the Gaussian 16 program package.<sup>11</sup> Geometry optimizations were performed using density functional theory (DFT) with the RB3PW91-GD3BJ functional, and the basis sets SDD (for Rh) and 6-311++G(d,p) (for the other atoms) with the PCM solvation model in *p*-xylene. Harmonic vibrational analyses were performed at the same level of theory with the geometry optimization to confirm no imaginary vibration was observed for the optimized structure, and only a single imaginary vibration was observed for the transition state. Intrinsic reaction coordinate (IRC) method was used to track minimum energy paths from transition states to the corresponding local minima.

L1 with Me groups and L2 with Et groups were compared to examine the influence of the substituent of the ligand. The cycloisomerization step was compared because chain walking proceeded in both cases using L1 and L2, but cycloisomerization did not proceed in the case of L2. The calculation results showed no significant difference in the transition state energies.





EE + Thermal Free Energy Correction = -1805.865416 Hartree charge = 0, spin = 1

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TS (L1)



EE + Thermal Free Energy Correction = -1805.839354 Hartree

charge = 0, spin = 1

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charge	= 0, spin =	= 1				

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Н	-4.997698	-3.161814	-1.642049	С	2.290574	-2.844957	0.953236
С	-2.974063	-0.644033	1.203714	Н	1.282628	-2.778597	0.519819
Н	-3.565569	-1.009279	2.064442	Н	2.995175	-2.888827	0.115047
С	-1.467908	-0.684064	1.54099	Н	2.370952	-3.785122	1.508381
Н	-1.185807	0.255694	2.034259	С	3.882097	2.367592	-0.218212
С	2.229762	-0.33249	1.522652	Н	4.079698	1.660123	0.591744
С	2.452433	0.686754	2.464867	Н	4.175398	1.881289	-1.15457
С	2.564482	-1.670236	1.863124	Н	4.538809	3.231307	-0.073572
С	3.030117	0.420568	3.705843	С	0.354681	-0.776166	-2.888112
Н	2.16764	1.706006	2.224617	Н	-0.151676	-1.508735	-2.206914
С	3.152061	-1.910049	3.113519	Н	-0.067259	0.223208	-2.735278
С	3.391889	-0.885862	4.02862	Н	0.081232	-1.101065	-3.897379
Н	3.193179	1.230857	4.411285				
Н	3.4135	-2.932921	3.375029	Int A	(L2)		
Н	3.845456	-1.111589	4.990119				R
С	1.320913	1.935118	-0.172134			<u> </u>	5
С	2.437222	2.810962	-0.25282		I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2 2	2
С	0.027381	2.488319	-0.224325			r a h	-37
С	2.192862	4.186863	-0.382227			5-0-01	
С	-0.189759	3.859719	-0.352888			7	
Н	-0.821809	1.81216	-0.168227		The second	4.00	
С	0.904119	4.716092	-0.435521				5
Н	3.046142	4.858603	-0.443029		9	0 20	
Н	-1.20664	4.240547	-0.383955	EE -	+ Thermal Fre	e Energy Cor	rection $=$ -
Н	0.762969	5.789219	-0.536978	1923.	.728057 Hartree		
С	2.433706	-0.517935	-1.423474	charg	ge = 0, spin = 1		
С	3.81459	-0.695871	-1.256304	-			
С	1.849028	-0.830657	-2.672978	С	-5.520645	-1.687099	-2.195827

С	-5.966657	-2.079712	-0.929809	С	3.635051	2.943883	-2.785008
С	-5.363722	-1.565187	0.213719	Н	4.379325	1.175965	-3.777767
С	-4.312101	-0.646904	0.100617	Н	2.708016	4.499102	-1.646342
С	-3.85445	-0.221673	-1.163909	Н	4.17281	3.641796	-3.421444
С	-4.476825	-0.769676	-2.29843	С	1.697649	-1.736769	-0.756529
0	-3.719821	-0.260121	1.268263	С	2.960294	-2.377339	-0.614287
С	-0.940545	1.685269	-2.854988	С	0.646037	-2.426749	-1.383242
С	-2.744798	0.782743	1.238157	С	3.097649	-3.672881	-1.133885
С	-3.401555	2.14912	1.416519	С	0.8095	-3.715249	-1.891206
С	-4.079362	2.323321	2.785905	Н	-0.323281	-1.943358	-1.447713
Rh	-1.13697	0.46765	0.035663	С	2.046755	-4.338655	-1.766616
Ρ	1.219695	-0.044934	-0.137313	Н	4.051892	-4.180449	-1.042064
Н	-5.987003	-2.085452	-3.092622	Н	-0.024295	-4.220367	-2.370781
Н	-6.782524	-2.79125	-0.831905	Н	2.200708	-5.342984	-2.152918
Н	-5.682283	-1.868394	1.206604	С	1.868999	0.006303	1.610537
Н	-4.133072	-0.44879	-3.279029	С	2.917344	0.874882	1.952654
Н	0.134536	1.534043	-2.990069	С	1.278557	-0.801866	2.6195
Н	-1.393766	1.728662	-3.857865	С	3.384148	0.976486	3.262347
Н	-1.087866	2.661934	-2.381545	Н	3.388908	1.471523	1.178362
Н	-2.086923	0.570634	2.117223	С	1.767954	-0.682632	3.928796
Н	-4.145696	2.301646	0.624741	С	2.801174	0.195121	4.256824
Н	-2.629767	2.917986	1.280694	Н	4.196817	1.658606	3.497121
Н	-4.548847	3.310539	2.868684	Н	1.330804	-1.290791	4.713647
Н	-3.351831	2.229073	3.602098	Н	3.148338	0.261089	5.284618
Н	-4.852603	1.563103	2.935605	С	1.149577	3.147899	0.125622
С	-2.767599	0.787381	-1.297099	Н	0.200777	2.57997	0.081179
Н	-3.089331	1.827114	-1.212777	Н	1.552298	2.942343	1.126078
С	-1.57824	0.573726	-2.047022	С	4.137305	-1.725375	0.098676
Н	-1.447956	-0.418234	-2.483578	Н	4.16238	-0.661051	-0.150709
С	2.239019	1.167344	-1.105786	Н	3.955446	-1.76226	1.180682
С	3.057464	0.698135	-2.146886	С	0.184602	-1.813611	2.305053
С	2.083761	2.5724	-0.926095	Н	-0.495263	-1.396559	1.542535
С	3.753354	1.571471	-2.982526	Н	0.642044	-2.683931	1.813095
Н	3.144755	-0.369155	-2.318302	С	5.52186	-2.320425	-0.188062
С	2.806128	3.426149	-1.771886	Н	5.743308	-2.334409	-1.261608

Н	6.290706	-1.71578	0.304817
Н	5.623646	-3.343287	0.190638
С	-0.661522	-2.29726	3.487582
Н	-0.076574	-2.880793	4.207463
Н	-1.121506	-1.459745	4.024835
Н	-1.467443	-2.94165	3.121927
С	0.837975	4.644339	0.021769
Н	1.722945	5.269361	0.189848
Н	0.421032	4.905391	-0.957825
Н	0.098312	4.918107	0.782033

TS (L2)



EE + Thermal Free Energy Correction = -1923.702129 Hartree charge = 0, spin = 1

С	-5.568572	-1.730075	-2.152199
С	-6.00565	-2.22033	-0.916532
С	-5.462288	-1.736561	0.27414
С	-4.47971	-0.750847	0.198367
С	-4.027287	-0.239467	-1.021512
С	-4.577247	-0.747254	-2.2029
0	-3.863274	-0.276597	1.320634
С	-1.217625	1.746109	-2.574292
С	-3.069067	0.872168	1.062919

С	-3.859775	2.164721	1.257292	
С	-4.310763	2.370532	2.709868	
Rh	-0.978697	0.431181	0.197731	
Ρ	1.219739	-0.032374	-0.09898	
Н	-5.999569	-2.112434	-3.07303	
Н	-6.774185	-2.987739	-0.878854	
Н	-5.781963	-2.109379	1.242152	
Н	-4.234386	-0.365997	-3.161535	
Н	-0.178669	1.587081 -2.8771		
Н	-1.821502	1.821369	-3.493243	
Н	-1.272931	2.712787	-2.060871	
Н	-2.27349	0.854537	1.832287	
Н	-4.7376	2.161813	0.597901	
Н	-3.219717	2.998547	0.941033	
Н	-4.884837	3.298755	2.808994	
Н	-3.450112	2.434906	3.387189	
Н	-4.942316	1.541364	3.04391	
С	-2.963418	0.808304	-0.940493	
Н	-3.336641	1.829583	-1.034179	
С	-1.712187	0.610684	-1.692521	
Н	-1.65354	-0.358565	-2.199551	
С	2.133291	1.117567	-1.242407	
С	2.789716	0.587449	-2.36583	
С	2.046046	2.533048	-1.098859	
С	3.391614	1.407229	-3.320629	
Н	2.823847	-0.487448	-2.505791	
С	2.671796	3.33269	-2.065982	
С	3.341962	2.788853	-3.162065	
Н	3.893044	0.963328	-4.176481	
Н	2.623696	4.412132	-1.968963	
Н	3.810011	3.446052	-3.890476	
С	1.613155	-1.75895	-0.707079	
С	2.878586	-2.410386	-0.699963	
С	0.488562	-2.460961	-1.173991	
С	2.940483	-3.727473	-1.179296	

С	0.577201	-3.770259	-1.646313
Н	-0.475449	-1.962426	-1.137504
С	1.814774	-4.405223	-1.649265
Н	3.89516	-4.242491	-1.187052
Н	-0.313531	-4.282188	-2.000321
Н	1.912247	-5.425976	-2.010471
С	2.11063	0.07668	1.541721
С	3.222977	0.91871	1.695065
С	1.633102	-0.647886	2.66783
С	3.862898	1.073066	2.924356
Н	3.606816	1.454983	0.832983
С	2.294158	-0.477714	3.893242
С	3.391661	0.372206	4.03138
Н	4.722012	1.733226	3.009633
Н	1.944428	-1.023099	4.763517
Н	3.874585	0.479032	4.99929
С	1.275698	3.174964	0.042272
Н	0.313069	2.638753	0.1364
Н	1.793704	2.979915	0.990216
С	4.144063	-1.745487	-0.175067
Н	4.151617	-0.697087	-0.48587
Н	4.09875	-1.719331	0.921157
С	0.468072	-1.621043	2.559991
Н	-0.314601	-1.183009	1.913949
Н	0.800415	-2.509258	2.004229
С	5.474673	-2.381849	-0.596672
Н	5.56179	-2.457124	-1.686899
Н	6.306239	-1.766843	-0.235943
Н	5.609543	-3.385078	-0.177628
С	-0.178855	-2.070638	3.873895
Н	0.503331	-2.666542	4.490993
Н	-0.516476	-1.2166	4.472856
Н	-1.052715	-2.694424	3.658132
С	1.008686	4.67938	-0.068947
Н	1.930177	5.272858	-0.036944

Н	0.47815	4.931355	-0.994784
Н	0.384921	5.004164	0.771284

Int B (L2)



EE + Thermal Free Energy Correction = -1923.733395 Hartree charge = 0, spin = 1

С	4.097478	3.250263	-1.102865
С	4.819618	3.17142	0.09188
С	4.962811	1.954678	0.771196
С	4.36011	0.836085	0.208734
С	3.626679	0.89063	-0.978419
С	3.499408	2.103237	-1.646403
0	4.425936	-0.423144	0.743725
С	1.306504	-1.87009	-2.469187
С	3.565111	-1.291466	-0.032635
С	4.278344	-2.617769	-0.277514
С	4.673617	-3.357187	1.003778
Rh	0.919965	-0.688227	0.289329
Ρ	-1.166115	0.05036	0.000171
Н	4.005617	4.202375	-1.61813
Н	5.280635	4.065591	0.503165
Н	5.524647	1.878447	1.696729

Н	2.941079	2.164167	-2.577389	С	-3.559888	-0.798092	1.326491
Н	0.240362	-1.911194	-2.709234	С	-1.564903	-0.698616	2.711468
Н	1.85962	-1.853258	-3.424621	С	-4.320897	-1.226162	2.415568
Н	1.566726	-2.807604	-1.962551	Н	-4.036371	-0.69958	0.356437
Н	2.688865	-1.528797	0.638309	С	-2.348565	-1.105834	3.798282
Н	5.168153	-2.405623	-0.885857	С	-3.713586	-1.364087	3.660708
Н	3.617365	-3.245126	-0.88818	Н	-5.376895	-1.447614	2.286295
Н	5.182828	-4.298096	0.768285	Н	-1.885434	-1.240533	4.770032
Н	3.789689	-3.597946	1.608095	Н	-4.291536	-1.686751	4.522732
Н	5.345933	-2.747901	1.615296	С	-1.933806	-2.96099	-0.805337
С	3.142747	-0.502977	-1.324749	Н	-0.939245	-2.706465	-0.404745
Н	3.734538	-0.889649	-2.175929	Н	-2.60564	-2.933839	0.062124
С	1.633766	-0.636763	-1.623611	С	-3.832621	2.203512	0.156019
Н	1.29357	0.25894	-2.160336	Н	-3.916302	1.381755	-0.56149
С	-2.084599	-0.493892	-1.513672	Н	-3.995284	1.749093	1.141022
С	-2.400567	0.46507	-2.490998	С	-0.06178	-0.52098	2.860997
С	-2.332187	-1.869465	-1.785307	Н	0.417291	-1.268817	2.170212
С	-2.990991	0.107682	-3.702752	Н	0.231446	0.483635	2.531764
Н	-2.178245	1.510449	-2.303	С	-4.970704	3.194656	-0.11832
С	-2.937581	-2.198757	-3.00643	Н	-4.849628	3.695714	-1.085703
С	-3.27165	-1.232134	-3.95556	Н	-5.926657	2.659942	-0.136384
Н	-3.22716	0.873161	-4.436969	Н	-5.046691	3.9669	0.654977
Н	-3.141851	-3.240582	-3.229779	С	0.54085	-0.771034	4.247152
Н	-3.737243	-1.531516	-4.890987	Н	0.133481	-0.077932	4.992132
С	-1.261976	1.928143	0.023124	Н	0.358464	-1.793749	4.595756
С	-2.41716	2.758022	0.102928	Н	1.624323	-0.618588	4.209362
С	0.005936	2.537653	-0.011494	С	-1.89904	-4.391163	-1.355399
С	-2.226119	4.147023	0.146197	Н	-2.892881	-4.753866	-1.642757
С	0.167931	3.922237	0.030145	Н	-1.243095	-4.473285	-2.229648
Н	0.881777	1.896149	-0.065502	Н	-1.516693	-5.070734	-0.585857
С	-0.959327	4.731409	0.112896				
Н	-3.092835	4.796178	0.207004				
Н	1.167197	4.346916	-0.004175				
Н	-0.86435	5.813878	0.149522				

1.454386

С

-2.193587 -0.513304

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