Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for RSC Applied Interfaces. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2024

Supporting Information

Bile-Salts Templated Green Fluorescent Copper Nanoclusters: Detection of 4-Nitrophenol in

Nanomolar Range

Shivangi,^a Mandeep Kaur,^a Neeraj Sohal,^{ab} Mallika Phull,^a and Banibrata Maity^{*a}

^aDepartment of Chemistry and Biochemistry, Thapar Institute of Engineering and Technology Patiala

147004, India

^bDepartment of Chemistry, Lovely Professional University, Phagwara, 144411, India

**Corresponding Author E-mail: <u>banibrata.maity@thapar.edu</u> (B. Maity)*



Figure S1: PL emission on varying the reaction time of (a) NaC@CuNCs and (b) NaTC@CuNCs.



Figure S2: EDS spectra of (a) NaC@CuNCs and (b) NaTC@CuNCs.



Figure S3: (a) XPS survey spectra of NaTC@CuNCs; (b) deconvoluted XPS spectra of Cu2p; (c) deconvoluted XPS spectra of C1s; (d) deconvoluted XPS spectra of O1s; (e) deconvoluted spectra of S2p.



Figure S4: FTIR spectra of (a) NaC@CuNCs and (b) NaTC@CuNC



Figure S5: (a) UV-Visible spectra of NaC@CuNCs with inset of NaC@CuNCs under visible and UV radiations; (b) excitation and emission wavelength spectra of NaC@CuNCs; (c) excitation wavelength dependent behavior of NaC@CuNCs; (d) effect of storage duration (days) on PL stability of NaC@CuNCs.



Figure S6: (a) Effect of pH variations on PL intensity of NaC@CuNCs; (b) Effect of pH variations on PL intensity of NaTC@CuNCs ;(c) Effect of ionic variations on PL intensity of NaC@CuNCs; (d) Effect of ionic variations on PL intensity of NaTC@CuNCs.



Figure S7: (a) Selectivity study of NaTC@CuNCs with various metal ion solutions; (b) Selectivity study of NaTC@CuNCs with various biomolecule solutions; (c) effect of varying concentrations of 4-NP on the PL intensity of NaTC@CuNCs and (d) relationship between F_0 -F/ F_0 and varying concentration of 4-NP from 0-0.30 μ M (inset by varying the concentration of 4-NP from 0-1.0 μ M).



Figure S8: Stern-Volmer Plot of (a) NaC@CuNCs and (b) NaTC@CuNCs.



Figure S9: (a) Fluorescence excitation, emission peak of NaTC@CuNCs and the UV-Vis absorption peak of 4-NP; (b) Lifetime spectra of NaTC@CuNCs and (c) UV-Vis spectra of NaTC@CuNCs, NaTC@CuNCs + 4-NP (inset magnified image of same graph).



Figure S10: Dilution effect on [NaC@CuNCs + 4-NP] and [NaTc@CuNCs + 4-NP].

System	Fluorescence lifetime in ns(amplitude)			Mean lifetime in ns	
	τ1(α1)	τ2(α2)	τ3(α3)	τ_{m}	χ ²
NaC@CuNCs	1.70	6.03	0.21	0.93	1.05
	(0.25)	(0.06)	(0.69)		
NaC@CuNCs+4-NP	1.64	5.64	0.20	0.87	1.05
	(0.2)	(0.07)	(0.73)		
NaTC@CuNCs	1.27	4.82	0.17	0.70	1.09
	(0.23)	(0.06)	(0.72)		
NaTC@CuNCs+4-NP	1.34	4.86	0.21	0.71	1.07
	(0.2)	(0.06)	(0.74)		

 Table S1: Time-resolved emission parameters.

 $\tau_m = \tau_1(\alpha_1) + \tau_2(\alpha_2) + \tau_3(\alpha_3) / ((\alpha_1) + (\alpha_2) + (\alpha_3))$