

(F5PhO)₂-F16-SiPc as an Air-Stable, High-Performance n-Type Semiconductor with Poor Cannabinoid Sensing Capabilities

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Supporting Information (SI)

Table S1. Comparison of in-air performance of $(F_5PhO)_2-F_{16}-SiPc$ detailed in this work (BGBC, Au electrodes) with previously reported performance (BGTC, Ag electrodes).

	This Work	Previous Work ¹³
μ_e (cm ² /Vs) ^a	$(3.8 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-2}$	$(8.1 \pm 0.3) \times 10^{-3}$
V_T (V) ^a	9.9 ± 1.9	10.1 ± 4.1
$I_{On/Off}$	$10^4 - 10^5$	$10^3 - 10^4$
I_{On} (A) ^b	3.16×10^{-4}	4.91×10^{-6}

^a μ_e and V_T calculated from an average of a minimum of 20 devices; ^b I_{On} taken from the median.

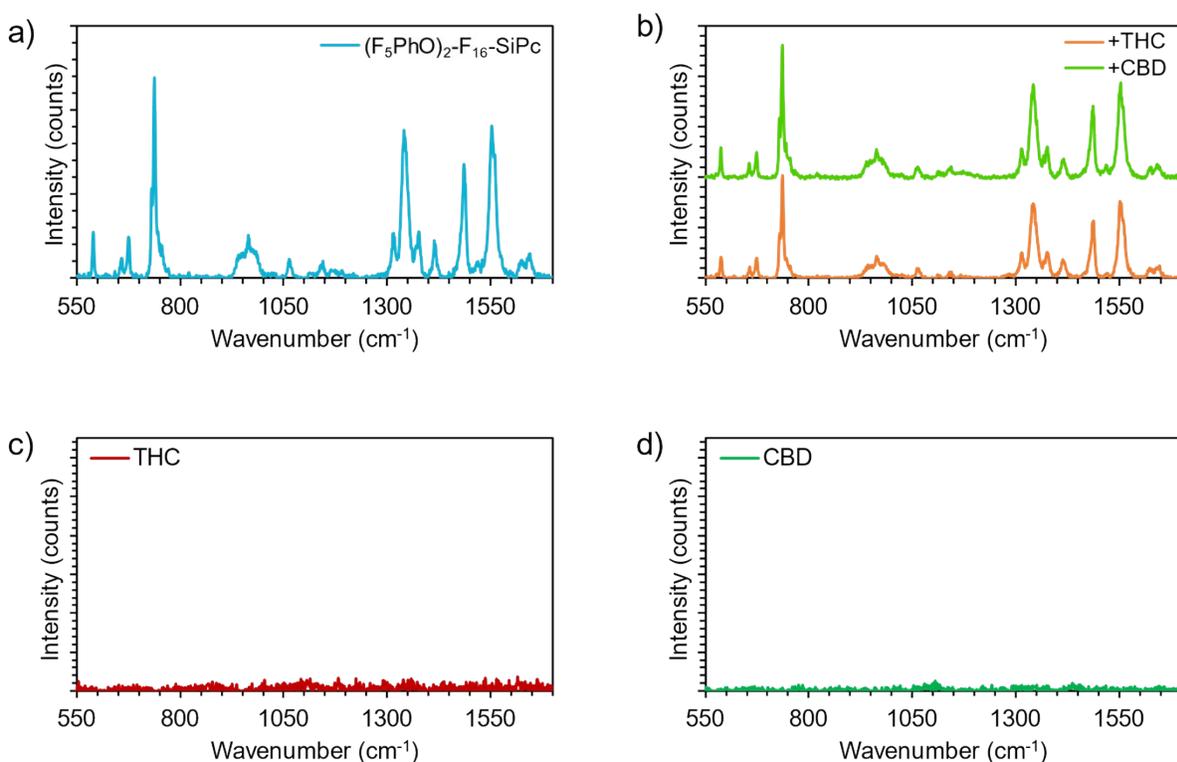


Figure S1. Raman spectra of (a) $(F_5PhO)_2-F_{16}-SiPc$ and (b) $(F_5PhO)_2-F_{16}-SiPc$ after exposure to THC and CBD. The baseline spectra of (c) THC and (d) CBD are included.