Supporting Information

Orthogonal effect on Pyrene-Porphyrin conjugates towards the detection of Volatile Organic Compounds under UV and Visible light illumination through Surface Photovoltage

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1. Structural Characterization



Fig. S1 Stacked FT-IR spectra of H₂PyP and ZnPyP.

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Fig. S2 ¹H NMR (300 MHz) of H₂PyP in CDCl₃.



Fig. S3 ¹³C NMR (75 MHz) of H₂PyP in CDCl₃.



Fig. S4 ¹H NMR (300 MHz) of ZnPyP in CDCl₃.







Fig. S6 The ESI-MS of H₂PyP.



Fig. S7 The ESI-MS of ZnPyP.

2. Photophysical properties





Fig. S8 Absorption spectra of H_2PyP and ZnPyP (a) in chloroform solution. Fluorescence Emission spectra of (b, c) H_2PyP and ZnPyP, lifetime decay profile of (d) H_2PyP and ZnPyP in solution.



Fig. S9 UV-visible and emission spectrum of solution and thin film H_2PyP and ZnPyP comparison studies.

3. SKP Measurements



Fig. S10 Surface photovoltage changes of H₂PyP and ZnPyP under visible light illumination under various VOC media.

Table S1. The η values of H₂PyP and ZnPyP under visible light illumination for various VOC atmospheres

η	Acetone	Ethanol	1-hexanol	Acetonitrile	Nonanal	Triethylamine
ZnPyP	-7.218	-4.90663	-10.098	-2.60796	-8.935	-2.617
H ₂ PyP	-0.5246	-0.79701	-5.0918	-2.22788	-4.55	-1.67582

Table. S2 Various pyrene and porphyrin derivatives have been employed previously for VOC detection

Sl	Material	VOCs	Reference
No.			
1.	H ₂ TPPSH,	Triethylamine	1
	CoTPPSH	-	
2.	Pyrene Tetratopic	Ethanol	2
	Ligands Layered	(alcohol) and	
	on ZnO Nanorods	n-hexane	
		(alkane)	
3	Porphyrin-	Triethylamine	3
	Functionalized		
	ZnO Nanorods		
4	Pyrene Coated	Triethylamine	http://dx.doi.org/
	ZnO Nanorods		10.5162/IMCS20
			18/P2NG.20
5	triphenylamine	Nonanal	4

	derivatives functionalized		
	zinc oxide nanorods		
6	multi-walled carbon nanotubes coated with pyrene based organic molecules	Triethylamine	5
7	porphyrin functionalized boron doped diamond thin films	Triethylamine	6
8	Triphenylamine- porphyrin conjugates as antenna modular systems	1-hexanol	7
9	Porphyrinoid- Functionalized ZnO Nanoflowers	Benzylamine	8



Fig. S11 Raster scan images on dark and UV light illumination of (a, c, e, g, i) H₂PyP and (b, d, f, h, j) ZnPyP under VOC exposure.



Fig. S12 Raster scan images on dark and Visible light illumination of (a, c, e, g, i) H₂PyP and (b, d, f, h, j) ZnPyP under VOC exposure.

4. DFT



Fig. S13 Optimised structures of (a) EtOH, (b) Acetone, (c) ACN, (d) 1-Hexanol, (e) Nonanal, and (f) TEA

Table 55. details on the adsorption energy of VOCs with H_2F_3	Table S3.	details on the	ne adsorption	energy of	VOCs with	H ₂ PyP
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Name of VOC	Adsorption energy (eV)
Ethanol	-0.21
Acetone	-0.08
Acetonitrile	-0.12
1-hexanol	-0.15
Nonanal	-0.11
Triethylamine	-0.02

 Table S4.
 details on the adsorption energy of VOCs with ZnPyP

Name of VOC	Adsorption energy (eV)
Ethanol	-0.33
Acetone	-0.26
Acetonitrile	-0.23
1-hexanol	-0.34
Nonanal	-0.28
Triethylamine	-0.02



Fig. S14 Plot of Mulliken Charge analyses in VOCs adsorbed H₂PyP and ZnPyP.

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