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Supplementary Materials for

Embedded 3D Printing of UV-curable Thermosetting Composites with Continuous Fiber

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Figure S1. Stress-strain relationships of composite filament with and without glass fiber additives



Figure S2. An experimental picture taken during the embedded composite printing highlighting the size of the applied laser beam and filament spacing.



Figure S3. Printed single-layer composite lamina with continuous carbon fiber. The different fiber volume fractions are enabled by controlling the filament spacing. From left to right, the fiber volume fractions are 9.6%, 6.0%, and 2.5%, respectively.



Figure S4. A three-layer composite lamina sample embedded with 2.1% continuous polyester fiber.



Figure S5. Printed composites that require changes in printing directions, including a (a) five-pointed star sample with carbon fiber, (b) a squared spiral sample with carbon fiber, and (c) a zig-zag sample with polyester fiber.