

Supporting Information for
Hydroquinone colorimetric sensing based on Core-shell
structured $\text{CoFe}_2\text{O}_4@\text{N-GQDs}@\text{CeO}_2$ nanocomposites as oxidase
mimics

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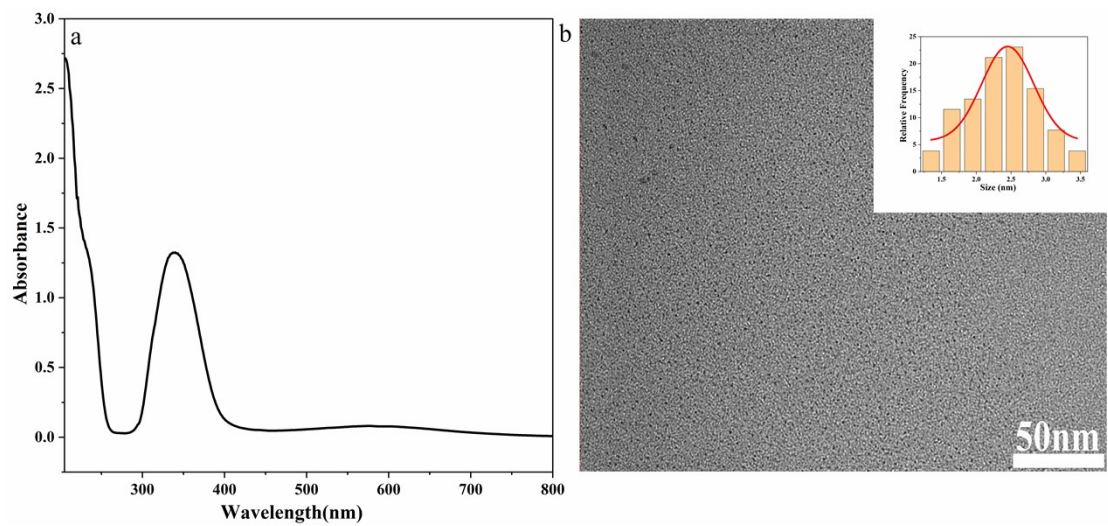


Figure S1 (a) UV-visible spectrum of N-GQDs; (b) TEM image of N-GQDs. Inset is the size distribution of N-GQDs.

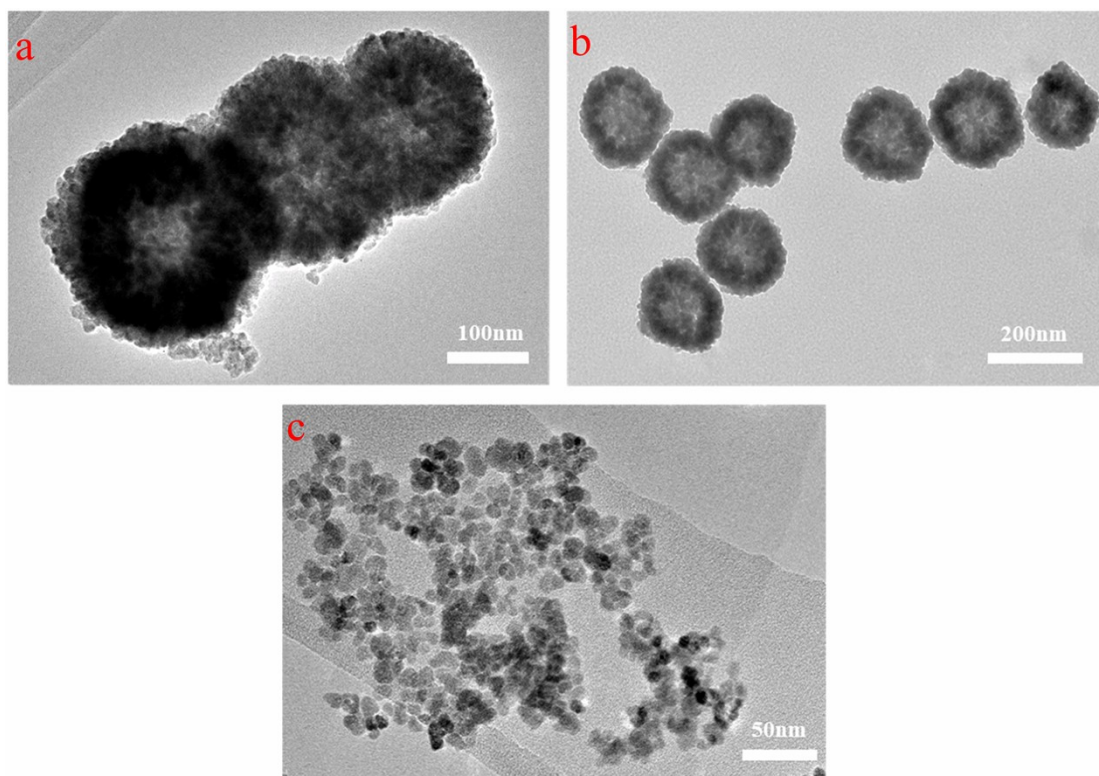


Figure S2 TEM images of (a) CoFe₂O₄, (b) CoFe₂O₄@N-GQDs, (c) 5 CoFe₂O₄@N-GQDs.

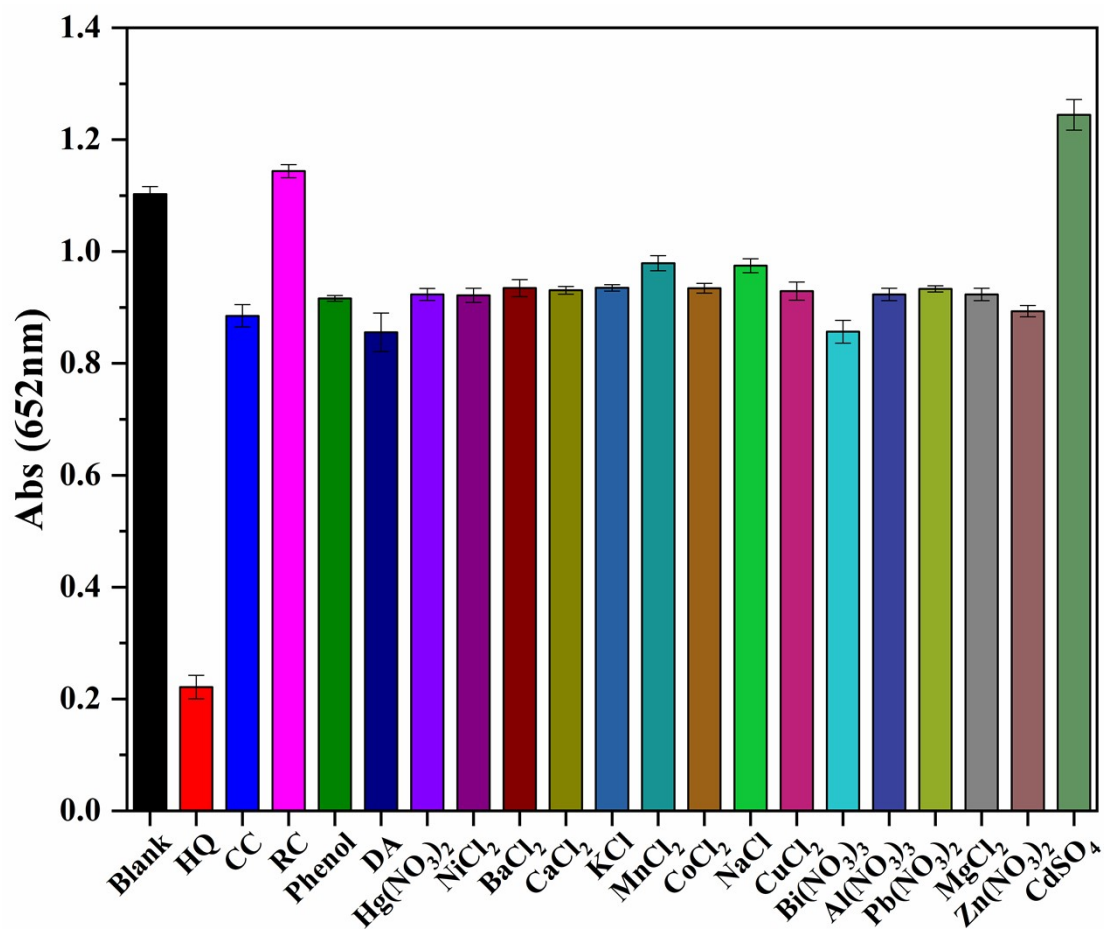


Figure S3 The $\text{CoFe}_2\text{O}_4@\text{N-GQDs}@ \text{CeO}_2\text{-TMB}$ system has the selectivity to detect HQ (40 μM) at 10 times the potential interference.

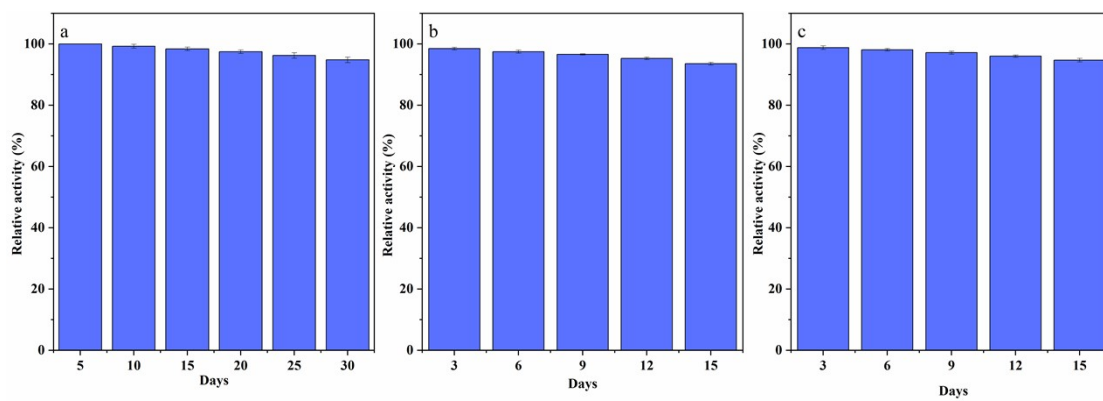


Figure S4 Stability of the catalytic activity of CoFe₂O₄@N-GQDs@CeO₂ oxidase: (a) under optimal conditions; (b) the Yellow River water; (c) Tap water.

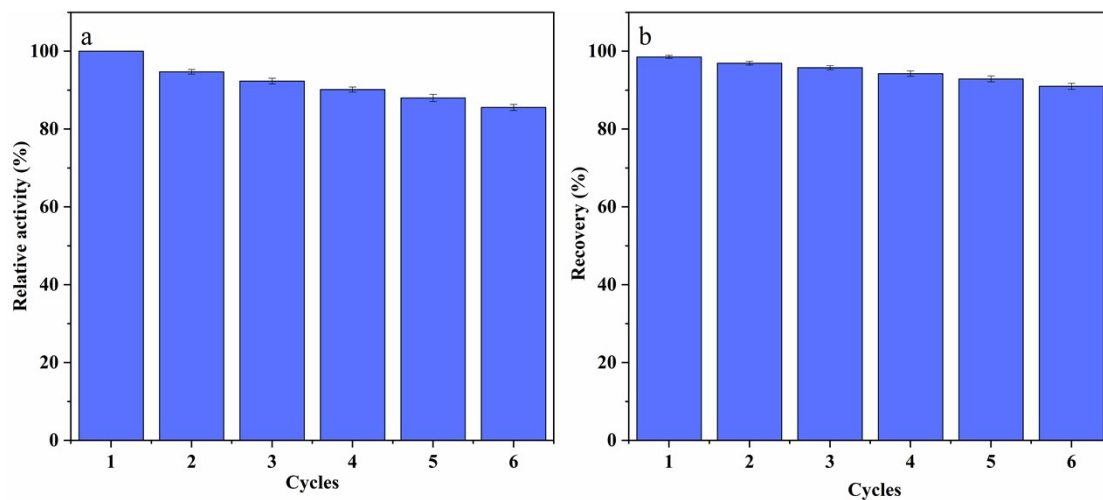


Figure S5 (a) Relative activity (%) and (b) recovery (%) of the CoFe₂O₄@N-GQDs@CeO₂ within six cycles under the optimum conditions.

Table S1 Comparison of the sensing performance of other catalysts in the detection of hydroquinone.

Method	Catalysts	Linear range(μM)	LOD(μM)	References
Colorimetric	Fe/Mn-N-C	0-100	0.216	[1]
Colorimetric	Pt/Cds	100-1000	45.5	[2]
Colorimetric	NiCo ₂ O ₄	5-110	2.7	[3]
Colorimetric	Co ₃ O ₄ -CeO ₂	2-200	0.789	[4]
Colorimetric	NiMnO ₃	1-85	0.68	[5]
Electrochemistry	Ce-MOF/CNTs	10-100	3.5	[6]
Electrochemistry	Pretreated PGE	10-70	0.59	[7]
Fluorometry	C-dots	0.1-50	0.1	[8]
Colorimetric	CoFe ₂ O ₄ @N-GQDs@CeO ₂	0.25-60	0.166	This work

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