The recoverable Isatin resin as a ligand for copper-type Ullmann C-

N coupling reaction

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1. General information

Unless otherwise noted, all chemical reagents and solvents were obtained from commercial sources and were used without further purification. Chloromethyl Polystyrene Resin cross-linked with 1 % DVB (100-200 mesh, 1-1.24 mmol/g). TLC was performed on silicagel 60 GF254 and monitored under UV light. Melting points (m.p.) were measured with Hanon MP420 melting point apparatus and was uncorrected. Column chromatography was performed on 200-400 mesh silica gel under pressure. NMR spectra were obtained on a Bruker AVIII-HD-400 spectrometer (¹H), TMS as internal standard and chemical shifts (δ) were given ppm. The following abbreviations were applied in reporting NMR data: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), dd (doublet of doublets), dt (doublets of triplet), td (triplets of doublet) and m (multiplet). The mass spectral date were obtained on Waters ACQUITY QDa Mass Detector. The infrared spectral data were measured on FTIR-650 Fourier transform infrared spectrometer.

2. Synthesis of polymer ligand L

2.1 General procedure for the preparation indole-2,3-dione ligand L



Chloromethyl polystyrene resin

DIPEA,DMA







indole-2,3-dione

Figure S1. Synthesis of L

Chloromethyl polystyrene resin 5.000 g (5-6.20 mmol -Cl) swelled in 50 mL DMA for 12 h. Then indole-2,3-dione (7.35 g, 50 mmol) , DIPEA (6.46 g, 50 mmol) were added to the mixture. The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was filtered, and the filter cake was washed with acetonitrile and 70 °C deionized water, and then dried under vacuum to give ligand L (5.906 g) as a red solid.

2.2 Fourier transform infrared (FTIR) spectra of ligand L



Figure S2. FTIR spectra of A (indole-2,3-dione), B (Chloromethyl polystyrene resin) and C (L)

Compared with the FTIR spectrum of Chloromethyl polystyrene resin, the most significant change in the infrared spectrum of L is the addition of a C=O stretching vibration peak at 1735 cm⁻¹. The strong absorption peaks at 1727 cm⁻¹ and 1625 cm⁻¹ in the FTIR spectrum of L correspond to the stretching vibration peaks of the carbonyl in the ketone carbonyl group.

2.3 Determination of Isatin in reaction wastewater by high performance liquid

chromatography (HPLC)

A: HPLC conditions: Agilent ZORBAX Extend-C18, 4.6×150 mm, 20 um, 25 % acetonitrile/75 % H₂O eluent, 1



峰#	保留时间	面积	高度	面积%	高度 %
1	1.213	1720	162	0.082	0.138
2	1.420	5444	615	0.259	0.521
3	1.650	15305	872	0.729	0.738
4	2.510	5755	656	0.274	0.556
5	2.977	2783	152	0.132	0.129
6	4.950	2042851	113073	97.243	95.795
7	5.378	26904	2506	1.281	2.123
总计		2100762	118036	100.000	100.000

B: HPLC conditions: Agilent ZORBAX Extend-C18, 4.6×150 mm, 20 um, 25 % acetonitrile/75 % H₂O eluent, 1



Figure S3 HPLC of reaction wastewater and Isatin. (**A**) Isatin; (**B**) wastewater (Reaction conditions: 4-Bromotoluene (3 mmol), pyrazole (3.75 mmol), Cu₂O (0.3 mmol), **L9** (0.3 g, 0.3 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (6 mmol) and 4 mL DMSO)

3. General procedure for amination

3.1 General procedure for the Cu₂O-catalyzed coupling of aryl bromides with nitrogen

aromatic heterocycles



A 25 mL of seal tube with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with aryl bromides (3 mmol), amines (3.6 mmol), Cu_2O (0.04 g, 0.3 mmol), ligand L (0.47 g, 0.3 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (1.95 g, 6 mmol), 5 mL DMSO. The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, suction filtration to recover the ligand L. The filtrate was diluted by 20 mL water and extracted with ethyl acetate (3×30 mL). The combined extracts was washed with brine and dried with MgSO₄. Filtered and evaporated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified with column chromatography on silica gel and eluting with petroleum ether /ethyl acetate or dichloromethane/methanol to give pure desired products.

3.2 General procedure for the Cu₂O-catalyzed coupling of aryl bromides with cyclic secondary amines



To a 25 mL seal tube with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with aryl bromides (3 mmol), amines (3.6 mmol), Cu₂O (0.3 mmol), ligand L (0.47 g, 0.3 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (1.95 g, 6 mmol), 4 mL DMSO. The mixture was stirred at 105 °C for 24 h. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was filtered to recover the ligand L. The filtrate was diluted by 20 mL water and extracted with ethyl acetate (3×30 mL). The combined extracts was washed with brine and dried with MgSO₄. Filtered and evaporated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified with column chromatography on silica gel and eluting with petroleum ether /ethyl acetate or dichloromethane/methanol to give pure desired products.

3.3 General procedure for the Cu₂O-catalyzed coupling of aryl bromides with ammonia solution



A 25 mL of seal tube with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with aryl bromides (3 mmol), 25 % ammonia aqueous solution (4 mL), Cu₂O (0.04 g, 0.3 mmol) and ligand L (0.47 g, 0.3 mmol). The resulting solution was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, suction filtration to recover the ligand L. The filtrate was diluted by 20 mL water and extracted with ethyl acetate (3×30 mL). The combined extracts was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified with petroleum ether /ethyl acetate or dichloromethane/methanol to give pure desired products.

3.4 Procedure for 4-Aminoacetophenone (6f)



A 100 ml of flask with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with *p*-Bromoacetophenone (2.99 g, 15 mmol), Cu₂O (0.21 g, 1.50 mmol), ligand L (1.50 g, 1.5 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (4.89 g, 15 mmol), 50 ml NH₃·H₂O (25 %). The resulting solution was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature and 50 ml H₂O was added, suction filtration to recover the ligand L. The filtrate was extracted with ethyl acetate (3×30 mL). The combined extracts was dried over MgSO₄, filtered and evaporated under vacuum to give the crude product, which was purified with petroleum ether /ethyl acetate to give compound **6f** as a white solid (1.82 g; yield: 90 %). The ligand L was washed with water and ethyl acetate, and reusing under as is condition for the next catalytic cycle.

4. A possible reaction mechanism



Figure S4. Possible Cu(I)/Cu(III) catalytic cycle mechanism for the Ullmann coupling reaction

Furthermore, we proposed a possible reaction mechanism to explain the copper-catalyzed coupling reaction. As described in **Figure S3**, the cross-coupling reaction might go through a prototypical Cu(I)/Cu(III) catalytic cycle *via* an oxidative addition and reductive elimination pathway. Firstly, the coordination of the Ketones carbonyl on the isatin with the Cu(I) center formed the reactive species A, and then the chelating aryl halides to afford complexes B via oxidative addition process. Secondly, the complexes B react with amine to afford intermediate C under the action of base. Finally, the desired product was obtained by reductive elimination process and release the reactive species A ready to re-enter the next catalytic cycle.

5. Characterization





1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1*H***-pyrazole (3a)**: Colorless oil;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (d, *j* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *j* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.62 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 6.98 (d, *j* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.47 – 6.41 (m, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 175.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[1]





1-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-1*H***-pyrazole (3b)**: Colorless oil;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, *j* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, *j* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 7.27 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.83 (dd, *j* = 8.7, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 6.48 – 6.43 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 175.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[2]





1-(2-Methoxyphenyl)-1*H***-pyrazole (3c)**: Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (d, *j* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.74 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.09 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.42 (d, *j* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 175.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[3]





1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1*H***-imidazole (3d)**: white solid; m. p. 85-86 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, *j* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, *j* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.69 – 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 6.50 – 6.45 (m, 1H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 179.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[4]



1-(Benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-1*H***-imidazole (3e**): white solid; m. p. 78-80 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (d, *j* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *j* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *j* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, *j* = 8.4, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, *j* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.45 – 6.41 (m, 1H), 6.02 (s, 2H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 189.0 [M+H]⁺. ^[2]



1-*p***-Tolyl-1***H***-pyrazole (3f)**: white oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (d, *j* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, *j* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, *j* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, *j* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.44 – 6.41 (m, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 159.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[4]



1-(4-Ethylphenyl)-1*H***-pyrazole (3g)**: White solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 (d, *j* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (d, *j* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, *j* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, *j* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.45 (t, *j* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (q, *j* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.26 (t, *j* = 7.6 Hz, 3H); ESI-MS (*m*/*z*): 173.1 [M+H]⁺; m. p. 37-40 °C. ^[5]



4-(1*H***-Pyrazol-1-yl)aniline (3h)**: White solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.17 (d, *j* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (d, *j* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 6.69 – 6.59 (m, 2H), 6.46 – 6.36 (m, 1H), 5.15 (s, 2H);ESI-MS (*m/z*): 160.1 [M+H]⁺;m. p. 41-42 °C. ^[6]



(4-Cyanophenyl)-1*H***-pyrazole (3i)**: White solid; m. p. 89-90 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (d, *j* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.87 – 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.78 (d, *j* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 – 7.73 (m, 2H), 6.54 (dd, *j* = 2.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H);ESI-MS (*m/z*): 170.1 [M+H]⁺.^[4]



1-[4-(1*H***-Pyrazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethanone (3j)**: White solid; m. p. 107-108 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (d, *j* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 8.02 (d, *j* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (s, 2H), 7.77 (d, *j* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.54 – 6.50 (m, 1H), 2.63 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 187.1 [M + H]⁺,209.0 [M+ Na]⁺.^[4]



1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1*H***-imidazole (3k)**: White solid; m. p. 60-61 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.19 (d, *j* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.01 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 175.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[7]



1-(3-Methoxyphenyl)-1*H***-imidazole (3l)**: Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (s, 1H), 7.38 (t, *j* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (s, 1H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 6.97 (d, *j* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.93 – 6.88 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 175.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[8]



3m

1-(2-Methoxy-phenyl)-1*H***-imidazole(3m)**: Colorless oil;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78 (s, 1H), 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.29 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 7.16 (s, 1H), 7.07 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 175.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[9]



1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1*H***-imidazole (3n)**: White solid; m. p. 84-85 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, *j* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.38 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 179.0 [M+H]⁺. ^[4]



1-(1,3-Benzodioxol-5-yl)-1*H***-imidazole (30)**: Brown solid; m. p. 81-83 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.18 (s, 2H), 6.89 – 6.82 (m, 3H), 6.05 (s, 2H); ESI - MS (*m/z*): 189.0 [M+H]⁺.



1-*p***-Tolyl-1***H***-imidazole (3p)**: White solid; m. p. 45-46 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.68 (t, *j* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *j* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *j* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 159.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[4]



1-(4-Ethylphenyl)-1*H***-imidazole (3q)**: Yellowish oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.69 (t, *j* = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.57 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.33 (d, *j* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (s, 1H), 2.63 (q, *j* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.19 (t, *j* = 7.6 Hz, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 173.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[5]



4-(1*H***-Imidazol-1-yl)aniline (3r)**: White solid; m. p. 142-143 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, *j* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 6.64 (d, *j* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.26 (s, 2H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 160.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[10]



4-(1*H***-Imidazol-1-yl)benzonitrile (3s)**: White solid; m. p. 152-154 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.05 – 7.99 (m, 2H), 7.95 – 7.90 (m, 3H), 7.16 (s, 1H);ESI-MS (*m/z*): 170.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[4]



1-[4-(1*H***-Imidazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethanone (3t)** :White solid; m. p. 112-114 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.08 (d, *j* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.89 (t, *j* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.87 – 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 2.61 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 187.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[7]





1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-1*H***-indole (3u)** :White solid; m. p. 59-61 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.69 (d, *j* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (d, *j* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, *j* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *j* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.04 (d, *j* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.66 (d, *j* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H). ^[11]



1-(4-Ethylphenyl)-1*H***-indole (3v)** : Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.65 (d, *j* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, *j* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (dd, *j* = 8.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.41 (d, *j* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.20 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 7.11 (ddd, *j* = 8.0, 7.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (dd, *j* = 3.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (q, *j* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.25 (d, *j* = 7.6 Hz, 3H). ^[12]



1-(4-Chlorophenyl)-1*H***-indole (3w)**: White solid; m. p. 64-66 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.68 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.63 (s, 4H), 7.56 (d, *j* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 7.14 (t, *j* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, *j* = 3.3 Hz, 1H). ^[13]



1-[4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1*H***-indole (3x)**: White solid; m. p. 45-47 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.94 (d, j = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.86 (d, j = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, j = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (ddd, j = 8.3, 2.6, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (ddd, j = 8.4, 7.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.21 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 6.78 (dd, j = 3.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H). ^[14]



3y (14:1)

 4-Methyl-1-(4-methylphenyl)-1*H*-imidazole
 and
 5-Methyl-1-(4-methylphenyl)-1*H*-imidazole(3y):

 imidazole(3y):
 Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d6*) δ 8.06 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (s, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.15 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 173.16 [M+H]⁺.

 [15]



1-[4-(4-Methyl-1*H***-imidazol-1-yl)phenyl]ethanone and 1-(4-(5-methyl-1***H***-imidazol-1yl)phenyl)ethan-1-one(3y): Brown solid;1***H* **NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d6***) δ 8.30 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (s, 1H), 2.59 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (m/z): 201.15 [M+H]⁺. ^[16]**



1-(4-Methoxyphenyl)piperidine (5a) : Colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 6.89 – 6.84 (m, 2H), 6.82 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.00 – 2.92 (m, 4H), 1.66 – 1.57 (m, 4H), 1.49 (q, *j* = 5.5 Hz, 2H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 192.1 [M+H]⁺.^[1]



1-(3-Methoxyphenyl)piperidine (5b): Colorless oil;¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 6.95 –

6.82 (m, 4H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.91 – 2.85 (m, 4H), 1.62 (p, *j* = 5.8 Hz, 4H), 1.54 – 1.46 (m, 2H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 192.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[17]





1-(4-Chlorophenyl)piperidine (5c): White solid; m. p. 208-209 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.20 (d, *j* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (s, 2H), 3.13 (s, 4H), 1.58 (s, 6H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 196.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[18]



5d

1-(4-Methylphenyl)piperidine (5d): White solid; m. p. 267-268 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO*d*₆) δ 6.99 (d, *j* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.83 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 3.08 – 2.99 (m, 4H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.60 (p, *j* = 5.5 Hz, 4H), 1.53 – 1.47 (m, 2H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 176.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[19]



1-[4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl]piperazine (5e): White solid; m. p. >300 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.48 (d, *j* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, *j* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 3.20 – 3.15 (m, 4H), 2.86 – 2.79 (m, 4H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 176.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[20]



1-(3-Methoxyphenyl)piperazine (5f): White solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.09 (t, *j* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.49 (dd, *j* = 8.2, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (t, *j* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.34 (dd, *j* = 8.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.02 (t, *j* = 3.6 Hz, 4H), 2.84 – 2.79 (m, 4H), 1.23 (s, 1H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 173.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[21]



1-(4-Chlorophenyl)piperazine (5g): White solid; m. p. 71-73 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.22 (d, *j* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (d, *j* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.05 (t, *j* = 5.1 Hz, 4H), 2.84 (s, 4H), 1.23 (d, *j* = 3.0 Hz, 1H);ESI-MS (*m/z*): 197.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[21]



1-(4-Acetylphenyl)piperazine (5h): White solid; m. p. 95-96 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.82 – 7.76 (m, 2H), 6.96 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 3.25 – 3.21 (m, 4H), 2.83 – 2.78 (m, 4H), 2.44 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 205.2 [M+H]⁺. ^[22]



1-Benzo[b]thien-4-ylpiperazine (5i): yellow solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 7.68 (d, j = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, j = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, j = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (t, j = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, j = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (d, j = 1.0 (d, j = 1.0) (d, j = 1.0 (d, j = 1.0) (d, j = 1.0 (d, j = 1.0) (d, j = 1.0) (d, j = 1.0 (d, j = 1.0) (d, j = 1 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (d, j = 11.2 Hz, 8H), 1.23 (s, 1H); ESI-MS (m/z): 219.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[23]



1-(4-Ethylphenyl)piperazine (5j): Pale yellow solid; m. p. 74-76 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.11 (d, *j* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, *j* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.18 – 3.11 (m, 4H), 3.07 (d, *j* = 3.9 Hz, 4H), 2.58 (q, j = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.21 (d, j = 15.0 Hz, 3H); ESI-MS (m/z): 191.2 [M+H]⁺. ^[24]



4-(4-Methoxyphenyl)morpholine (5k): White solid; m. p. 73-74 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO d_6) δ 7.03 (d, j = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.83 (d, j = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.74 – 3.70 (m, 4H), 3.05 – 3.00 (m, 4H), 2.20 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m*/*z*): 178.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[17]



4-(4-Trifluoromethylphenyl)morpholine (5i): White solid; m. p. 57-58 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.52 (d, *j* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, *j* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 3.76 – 3.71 (m, 4H), 3.25 – 3.20 (m, 4H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 219.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[25]



4-(4-Ethylphenyl)morpholine (5m): White solid; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.14 (d, *j* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.92 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 4H), 3.15 (s, 4H), 2.59 (q, *j* = 6.6, 5.7 Hz, 2H), 1.22 (d, *j* = 7.6 Hz, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 192.2 [M+H]⁺. ^[26]



4-(4-Benzofuranyl)morpholine (5n): m. p. 98-100 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.88 (d, *j* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *j* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, *j* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (dd, *j* = 9.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, *j* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.81 – 3.71 (m, 4H), 3.12 – 3.03 (m, 4H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 204.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[27]





4-Methoxybenzenamine (6a): Brown solid; m. p. 57-58 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 6.66 – 6.61 (m, 2H), 6.53 – 6.48 (m, 2H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 124.2 [M+H]⁺. ^[8]



3-Methoxybenzenamine (6a): Brown oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 6.89 (t, *j* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.14 (dd, *j* = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 6.07 (dd, *j* = 8.6, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (s, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 124.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[28]



2-Methoxybenzenamine (6c): Brown oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 6.77 (dd, *j* = 8.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.69 – 6.60 (m, 2H), 6.54 – 6.49 (m, 1H), 4.64 (s, 2H), 3.74 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 124.1[M+H]⁺. ^[28]



4-Chloroaniline (6d): White solid; m.p. 72-73 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.03 – 6.98 (m, 2H), 6.57 – 6.52 (m, 2H), 5.24 (s, 2H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 128.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[8]



1,3-Benzodioxol-5-amine (6e): Grey solid; m. p. 44-46 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 6.57 (d, *j* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.22 (d, *j* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (dd, *j* = 8.2, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (s, 2H), 4.73 (s, 2H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 138.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[28]



4-Aminoacetophenone (6f): White solid; m. p. 106-107 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 – 7.78 (m, 2H), 6.69 – 6.61 (m, 2H), 4.10 (s, 2H), 2.51 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 136.1 [M+H]⁺. ^[29]



4-Methylaniline (6g): White solid; m. p. 44-45 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.97 (d, *j* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.62 (d, *j* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.49 (s, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H); ESI-MS (*m/z*): 108.2 [M+H]⁺. ^[29]

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7. Copies of MS and ¹H spectrum of products



¹H NMR spectrum of **3a** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

打印窗口 80: MS Spectrum 数据文件: : E:\DATA\DEF_LC1 2023-09-09 20-08-57\012-0201.D 样品名称 : XB-2 序列行: 2 位置:样品瓶 12 2023/9/9 20:19:19 进样次数: 1 进样量: 5.000 µl E E:\DATA\DEF_LC1 2023-09-09 20-08-5\\100701000P_AND_N.M 2023/9/4 15:50:50 : liutao C C:\CHEM32\\1METHODS\100701000P_AND_N.M 2023/9/9 16:14:23 : liutao (调用后修改) 2080F 操作者 仪器 进样日期 采集方法 ^{未采方伝} 最后修改 最后修改 方法信息 MS Spectrum "MSD1 SPC, time=0.071:0.318 of E:DATA\DEF_LC1 2023-09-09 20-08-57/012-0201.D ES-API, Pos, Scan, Frag: 70 ^{475.1} [M+H]+ 100 Max: 363200 80 ÓMe Exact Mass: 174.08 60 40 20 0 <u>100</u> 仪器 1 2023/9/10 16:42:39 liuta 200 400 500 700 800 1000 m/z 页 1/1 600 900

The MS spectrum of **3b**



¹H NMR spectrum of **3b** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



The MS spectrum of 3c



¹H NMR spectrum of **3c** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)







¹H NMR spectrum of **3d** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



The MS spectrum of 3e







The MS spectrum of 3f







The MS spectrum of 3g



¹H NMR spectrum of **3g** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

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The MS spectrum of **3h**







The MS spectrum of 3i







The MS spectrum of 3j







The MS spectrum of 3k



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The MS spectrum of 31











¹H NMR spectrum of **3m** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



Direct Mass Spectrometry Analysis

The MS spectrum of **3n**



¹H NMR spectrum of **3n** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



Direct Mass Spectrometry Analysis

The MS spectrum of 30







The MS spectrum of 3p







The MS spectrum of **3q**







The MS spectrum of 3r







The MS spectrum of 3S







The MS spectrum of **3t**



¹H NMR spectrum of **3t** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6)



¹H NMR spectrum of **3u** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR spectrum of **3v** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6)



¹H NMR spectrum of 3v (400 MHz, DMSO-d6)



¹H NMR spectrum of **3v** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6)



The MS spectrum of **3**y



¹H NMR spectrum of **3y** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d6*)



The MS spectrum of 3z



¹H NMR spectrum of **3z** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d6*)



The MS spectrum of 5a







The MS spectrum of 5b







The MS spectrum of 5c







The MS spectrum of 5d







The MS spectrum of 5e







The MS spectrum of 5f







The MS spectrum of 5g







The MS spectrum of 5h







The MS spectrum of 5i







The MS spectrum of 5j







The MS spectrum of 5k



¹H NMR spectrum of **5**k(400 MHz, DMSO-d6)



The MS spectrum of 51







The MS spectrum of 5m







The MS spectrum of 5n







The MS spectrum of 6a







The MS spectrum of 6b







The MS spectrum of 6c







The MS spectrum of 6d







The MS spectrum of 6e







The MS spectrum of 6f







The MS spectrum of 6g



¹H NMR spectrum of **6g**(400 MHz, CDCl₃)