Supplementary Information

Identification of potential novel insect TRPV channel modulators by homology modeling, binding mode analysis, virtual screening studies and chemical optimization

Xiaoyang Li^{a#}, Cong Zhou^{a#}, Lujue He^a, Zhiping Xu^a, Zhong Li^a and Jiagao Cheng^{a*}

^aShanghai Key Laboratory of Chemical Biology, School of Pharmacy, East China University of Science and Technology, Shanghai 200237, China

*Corresponding author:

Jiagao Cheng

Address: Shanghai Key Laboratory of Chemical Biology, School of Pharmacy, East China University of Science and Technology, 130 Meilong Road, Shanghai 200237,

PO Box 544, P.R. China

E-mail: jgcheng@ecust.edu.cn

Tel: +86-21-64251348

Fax: +86-21-64252603

[#]These authors contributed equally to this paper

Contents

- 1. Synthetic procedures and characterization of compounds
- 2. Sequence alignment of *N. lugens* Nanchung with rabbit TRPV5 (PDB code: 6B5V)
- 3. Sequence alignment of *N. lugens* Inactive with human TRPV6 (PDB code: 7S8C).
- 4. PROCHECK Ramachandran plot and Prosa-web z-score for N. lugens Nanchung and Inactive
- 5. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra of the compounds **B1-B5**

1. Synthetic procedures and characterization of compounds



Scheme 1 Synthetic route for the preparation of compounds **B1-B5**. (a) HCl, NaNO₂, 0 °C, (b) NaOAc, EtOH, 0-5 °C.

3-aminopyridine (3 mmol, 1.0 eq) was dissolved in 6 M HCl (2 mL), the solution was cooled to 0°C and sodium nitrite (270 mg, 1.3 eq) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min at 0°C to obtain 3-pyridyl diazonium salt, which was used without further purification.

The solution of diazonium salt was added dropwise to a solution of compound **b1-b5** (3 mmol, 1 eq) in NaOAc aqueous (10 %, 25 mL) and EtOH (3 mL) at 0-5 °C. The mixture was stirred for 5 h at 0-5 °C, and the completion of the reaction was confirmed by TLC analysis. The aqueous was then extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 30 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash column chromatography to yield compound **B1-B5**.

Data for Ethyl-2-oxo-*N*-(pyridin-3-yl)propanehydrazonothioate (**B1**): yellow solid; yield 57.0%; mp 59.4 - 60.2°C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.23 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.31 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 2.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H) ppm. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.67, 144.22, 138.56, 137.56, 136.90, 124.13, 121.31, 27.70, 25.57, 15.97 ppm. HRMS (ESI) calc. for C₁₀H₁₃N₃OS [M+H]⁺: 224.0852 , found: 224.0855.

Data for 3-(2-(pyridin-3-yl)hydrazono)pentane-2,4-dione (B2): yellow solid; yield 88.9%; mp

84.6 – 85.7 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.62 (s, 1H), 8.72 (d, J = 2.8, Hz, 1H), 8.47 (dd, J = 4.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (ddd, J = 8.4, 2.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (dd, J = 8.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 2.52 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.43, 196.85, 146.60, 138.59, 138.13, 134.41, 124.15, 122.90, 31.69, 26.58 ppm. HRMS (ESI) calc for C₁₀H₁₁N₃O₂ (M+H)⁺: 206.0924, found: 206.0923.

Data for 1,1,1-trifluoro-3-(2-(pyridin-3-yl)hydrazono)pentane-2,4-dione (**B3**): yellow solid; yield 76.4%; mp 76.6 – 77.6°C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 15.10 (s, 1H), 8.72 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.55 (dd, J = 4.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (ddd, J = 8.4, 2.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dd, J = 8.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.00, 177.22 (q, ² J_{CF} = 32.6 Hz), 148.28, 139.52, 137.46, 129.12, 124.56, 123.89, 117.23 (q, ¹ J_{CF} = 290.5 Hz), 31.06 ppm. HRMS (ESI) calc for C₁₀H₈F₃N₃O₂ (M+H)⁺: 260.0641, found: 260.0639.

Data for *N*-methyl-3-oxo-2-(2-(pyridin-3-yl)hydrazono)butanamide (**B4**): whilt solid; yield 90.7%; mp 178.8 – 179.6°C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.80 (s, 1H), 9.24 (s, 1H), 8.64 (d, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 8.37 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 2.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.89 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 3H), 2.49 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.04, 165.41, 145.75, 138.32, 138.18, 127.76, 124.01, 122.18, 25.98, 25.17 ppm. HRMS (ESI) calc for C₁₀H₁₂N₄O₂ (M+H)⁺: 221.1033, found: 221.1031.

Data for *N*-acetyl-3-oxo-2-(2-(pyridin-3-yl)hydrazono)butanamide (**B5**): yellow solid; yield 76.4%; mp 157.3–158.4°C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 14.43 (s, 1H), 11.72 (s, 1H), 8.72 (dd, *J* = 2.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.49 (dd, *J* = 4.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 2.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 4.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H) ppm. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.90, 171.03, 163.01, 147.13, 138.68, 137.71, 126.28, 124.23, 122.96, 26.28, 26.16 ppm. HRMS (ESI) calc for

 $C_{11}H_{12}N_4O_3$ (M+H)⁺: 249.0982, found: 249.0980.



2. Sequence alignment of N. lugens Nanchung with rabbit TRPV5 (PDB code: 6B5V)

Figure S1 Sequence alignment of N. lugens Nanchung with rabbit TRPV5 (PDB ID 6B5V).

Conserved residues are marked with purple



3. Sequence alignment of N. lugens Inactive with human TRPV6 (PDB code: 7S8C).

Figure S2 Sequence alignment of N. lugens Inactive with human TRPV6 (PDB ID 7S8C).

Conserved residues are marked with purple

4. PROCHECK Ramachandran plot and Prosa-web z-score for N. lugens Nanchung and

Inactive



Figure S3 The Ramachandran plots (a), the Z-Score plots (b) results of *N. lugens* Nanchung model and the Ramachandran plots (c), the Z-Score plots (d) results of *N. lugens* Inactive model. In Ramachandran plots, residues are color-coded as red (favorable), yellow (allowed), light yellow (generously allowed), and white (disallowed) based on their ψ and φ angles.

5. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra of the compounds B1-B5



Figure S4 ¹H NMR spectrum of B1 (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



Figure S5 ¹³C NMR spectrum of B1 (100 MHz, CDCl₃)



Figure S6 ¹H NMR spectrum of B2 (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



Figure S7 ¹³C NMR spectrum of B2 (100 MHz, CDCl₃)



Figure S9 ¹³C NMR spectrum of B3 (100 MHz, CDCl₃)



Figure S11 ¹³C NMR spectrum of B4 (100 MHz, CDCl₃)



Figure S12 ¹H NMR spectrum of B5 (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



Figure S13 ¹³C NMR spectrum of B5 (100 MHz, CDCl₃)