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## Supplementary information

## Halosulfonamidation of Camphene: Chemo and Stereoselectivity, Rearrangement, Solvent Interception, Heterocyclization

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#### **Materials and Methods**

**Experimental.** All reactions were carried out under argon atmosphere in dry solvents unless otherwise noted. Reactions were stirred using Teflon-coated magnetic stir bars. Elevated temperatures were maintained using thermostat-controlled heating blocks. Organic solutions were concentrated using a rotary evaporator with a diaphragm vacuum pump. Analytical TLC analysis was carried out on aluminum plates coated with silica gel 60  $F_{254}$ , 0.2 mm thickness, visualized by 254 nm UV lamp or aqueous NalO<sub>4</sub> solutions. Purification of products was accomplished by flash column chromatography on silica gel 60 Å 230 mesh. Reagents and solvents were purchased from commercial sources and were used without further purification. Camphene was used as a racemic mixture of enantiomers.

**Analytical.** Melting points were determined on a MeltEMP apparatus and are uncorrected. NMR spectra were recorded on a on Bruker DPX 400 nuclear magnetic resonance spectrometer at working frequencies 400 (<sup>1</sup>H), 100 (<sup>13</sup>C), 376 (<sup>19</sup>F) Hz. The NMR spectra were calibrated using residual undeuterated solvent as internal references (CHCl<sub>3</sub> peak [7.27 (<sup>1</sup>H) and 77.1 (<sup>13</sup>C) ppm] and CD<sub>3</sub>CN peak [1.95 (<sup>1</sup>H), 1.3 and 118.0 (<sup>13</sup>C) ppm]). Data for <sup>1</sup>H NMR are recorded as follows: chemical shift ( $\delta$ =, ppm), multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t= triplet, m = multiplet or unresolved, br = broad, dd = doublet of doublets, dt= doublet of triplets, ddd = doublet of doublet of doublets, coupling constants in Hz, integration). IR spectra were taken on a Bruker Vertex 70 spectrophotometer in KBr or film. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were measured on an Agilent 1200 HPLC chromatograph with Agilent 6210 mass spectrometer (HR-TOF-MS, ESI<sup>+</sup> ionization in acetonitrile with 0.1% HFBA). Elemental compositions were determined by accurate mass measurement with standard deviation. Crystal data were collected on a Bruker D8 Venture diffractometer with MoKa radiation ( $\lambda$  = 0.71073) using the  $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans.

## Preparation of camphene amidation products 3-17 Procedures for the Synthesis of all products

#### 1. Addition of triflamide 1a to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



To 1 g (6.7 mmol) of triflamide **1a** dissolved in 50 ml of acetonitrile was added 0.92 g (6.7 mmol) of camphene **2**, then 1.66 g (1.1 equiv., 7.0 mmol) of NIS. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The residue was purified on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 0.19 g (11%) of product **4** and 2.18 g (72%) of product **3a**.

N-(1-(lodomomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)acetamidine **(3a).** 

White solid. M.p. 160°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 5.84 (s, 1H), 4.85 – 4.66 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 2.37 – 2.29 (m, 1H), 2.10 – 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.94 – 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.68 – 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.50-1.42 (m, 1H), 1.49 – 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.32 – 1.24 (m, 2H), 1.22 (s, 3H), 1.10 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 167.9, 119.4 (q, CF<sub>3</sub>, J = 319.8 Hz), 69.7, 51.8, 51.1, 46.7, 33.6, 27.2, 23.0, 22.8, 21.9, 21.3, 11.2.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ -79.04. IR: 3308, 2964, 1630, 1547, 1316, 1208, 1202, 1126, 1054, 775, 652, 601 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for  $C_{13}H_{21}IF_3N_2O_2S^+$ : 453,03205 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>; found: 453,03218.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>3</sub>IN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 34.52; H, 4.46; N, 6.19; I, 28.06; found: C, 34.50; H, 4.48; N, 6.16; I, 28.21.

3-(*Iodomethylene*)-2,2-*dimethylbicyclo*[2.2.1]heptane<sup>1</sup> (4). Colorless liquid.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 5.52 (s, 1H), 3.02 (m, 1H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 1.81 - 1.77 (m, 1H), 1.75 - 1.61 (m, 2H), 1.53 - 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.33 - 1.24 (m, 2H), 1.08 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 167.4, 64.6, 49.7, 49.3, 45.4, 36.6, 28.9, 27.0, 25.8, 23.5.

IR: 3051, 2969, 2868, 1627, 1462, 1304, 1234, 1130, 1105, 948, 765, 645 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>I<sup>+</sup>: 263,02967 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>; found: 263.02957.

2. Addition of 4-methoxyphenylsulfonamide 1b to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



*N'-((4-Methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-N-(2-(iodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)acetamidine* (*3b*). The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1 g (5.3 mmol) of 4-methoxyphenylsulfonamide **1b**, 0.74 g (5.3 mmol) of **2**, 1.30 g (5.8 mmol) of NIS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 0.13 g (9%) of product **4** and product **3b** as white solid (2.24 g, 84%).

White solid. M.p. 199°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.85 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 5.26 (s, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.29 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.25 – 2.17 (m, 1H), 2.00 – 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.93 – 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.59 – 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.33 (m, 2H), 1.28 – 1.20 (m, 1H), 1.18 (s, 3H), 0.95 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 164.7, 162.1, 135.4, 128.4, 113.8, 68.1, 55.5, 51.8, 50.9, 46.4, 33.6, 27.5, 22.8, 21.9, 21.66, 21.62, 13.5.

Anal. calcd (%) for  $C_{19}H_{27}IN_2O_3S$ : C, 46.54; H, 5.55; I, 25.88; N, 5.71; S, 6.54; found: C, 46.68; H, 5.62; I, 25.39; N, 5.75; S, 6.50.

#### 3. Addition of tosylamide 1c to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



*N-(2-(lodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-tosylacetamidine* **(3c).** The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1 g (5.8 mmol) of tosylamide **1c**, 0.79 g (5.8 mmol) of **2**, 1.45 g (6.4 mmol) of NIS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:4, ether) to afford 0.17 g (11%) of product **4** and of product **3c** as white solid **(**1.98 g, 72%).

White solid. M.p. 197°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.83 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.24 - 2.12 (m, 2H), 2.03 - 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.94 - 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.57 - 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.45 - 1.35 (m, 2H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 0.95 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 164.8, 142.2, 140.4, 129.2, 126.4, 68.1, 51.8, 50.8, 46.5, 33.6, 27.5, 22.8, 21.9, 21.8, 21.6, 21.5, 13.4.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>27</sub>IN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 48.10; H, 5.74; N, 5.91; S, 6.76; I, 26.75; found: C, 48.02; H, 5.62; N, 5.99; S, 6.88; I, 26.39.

4. Addition of phenylsulfonamide 1d to camphene in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



N-(2-(Iodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-

*phenylsulfonylacetamidine* (*3d*). The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1 g (6.4 mmol) of phenylsulfonamide **1d**, 0.87 g (6.4 mmol) of **2**, 1.58 g (7.0 mmol) of NIS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane -

ether 1:4) to afford 0.13 g (8%) of product **4** and product 3**d** as white solid (2.58 g, 88%).

White solid. M.p. 172°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.94 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (tr, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.21 (s, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.27 – 2.16 (m, 1H), 2.04 – 1.97 (s, 1H), 1.92 – 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.64 – 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.58 – 1.49 (m, 2H), 1.43 – 1.30 (m, 2H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 0.93 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 164.9, 143.2, 131.7, 128.69, 125.92, 68.2, 51.8, 51.0, 46.5, 33.6, 27.5, 22.8, 21.9, 21.8, 21.5, 13.2.

IR: 3312, 2958, 1544, 1445, 1274, 1141, 1086, 771, 689, 587 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for  $C_{18}H_{26}IN_2O_2S^+$ : 461,0760 (M+H)+; found: 461.07603.

## 5. Addition of 4-chlorophenylsulfonamide 1e to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



### N'-((4-Chlorophenyl)sulfonyl)-N-(2-(iodomethyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-

*yl)acetamidine* (**3e**). The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1 g (5.2 mmol) of 4-chlorophenylsulfonamide **1e**, 0.71 g (5.2 mmol) of **2**, 1.30 g (5.7 mmol) of NIS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 0.16 g (12 %) of product **4** and product **3e** as white solid (1.80 g, 70%).

White solid. M.p. 211°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.88 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.11 (br. s, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.25 – 2.16 (m, 1H), 2.05 – 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.93 – 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.57 – 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.46 – 1.32 (m, 2H), 1.25 – 1.21 (m, 1H), 1.19 (s, H-9, 3H), 0.94 (s, H-10, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 165.0, 141.7, 138.0, 128.9, 127.9, 68.3, 51.7, 51.0,
46.5, 33.6, 27.5, 22.8, 22.1, 21.8, 21.6, 13.2.

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Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>ClIN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 43.69; H, 4.89; N, 5.66; S, 6.48; found: C, 43.80; H, 4.95; N, 5.72; S, 6.43.

## 6. Addition of 4-bromophenylsulfonamide 1f to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



*N'-((4-Bromophenyl)sulfonyl)-N-(2-(iodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)acetamidine (3f).* The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1 g (4.2 mmol) of 4-bromophenylsulfonamide **1f**, 0.58 g (4.2 mmol) of **2**, 1.05 g (4.6 mmol) of NIS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 0.16 g (14 %) of product **4** and 1.69 g (74%) of product **3f** as white solid.

White solid. M.p. 218°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.80 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.13 (s, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.30 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.25 – 2.17 (m, 1H), 2.03 – 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.68 –1.07 (m, 4H), 1.26 – 1.19 (m, 1H), 1.18 (s, 3H), 1.05 – 0.84 (m, 1H), 0.94 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 165.0, 142.3, 131.9, 128.1, 126.5, 68.3, 51.7, 51.0, 46.5, 33.6, 27.5, 22.8, 22.1, 21.8, 21.6, 13.0.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BrIN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 40.09; H, 4.49; N, 5.19; S, 5.95; found: C, 39.99; H, 4.42; N, 5.26; S, 6.01.

7. Addition of 4-nitrobenzenesulfonamide 1g to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



#### N-(2-(lodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4-

*nitrophenyl)sulfonyl)acetamidine* (*3g*). The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1 g (5.0 mmol) of 4-nitrobenzenesulfonamide **1g**, 0.67 g (5.0 mmol) of **2**, 1.23 g (5.5 mmol) of NIS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 0.18 g (14 %) of product **4** and 1.60 g (64%) *of* product **3g** as white solid.

White solid. M.p. 190°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (δ, ppm, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ= 8.35 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 8.12 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.21 (br. s, 1H), 4.55 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (d, J = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H), 2.27 – 2.17 (m, 1H), 2.04 - 2.00 (m, 1H), 1.95 – 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.60 – 1.51 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 1.15 – 0.94 (m, 2H), 0.92 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 165.3, 149.5, 145.5, 127.7, 124.1, 68.6, 51.7, 50.7,
46.5, 29.7, 27.5, 22.8, 22.4, 21.9, 21.7, 12.5.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>IN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S: C, 42.78; H, 4.79; N, 8.31; S, 6.34; I, 25.11; found: C, 42.54; H, 4.85; N, 8.37; S, 6.22; I, 24.90.

# 8. Addition of 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide 1h to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



N-(2-(lodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-(2-

(*trifluoromethyl*)phenylsulfonyl)acetimidamide (3h). The reaction was carried out as above: 1 g (4.4 mmol) of 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide **1h**, 0.60 g (4.4 mmol) of **2**, 1.00 g (4.4 mmol) of NIS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane – ether 3:1, hexane – ether 1:4, hexane – ether 1:6) to afford 1.43 g (61%) of product **3h** and 0.1 g (8%) of product **4**.

White solid. M.p. 159°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.29 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 7.7, 1H), 7.65 (m, 2H), 5.44 (s, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.20 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 1H), 1.95 (m, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.34 (m, 2H), 1.17 (m, 1H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 0.78 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 164.81, 141.95, 132.16, 131.84, 130.61, 127.76 (q, J = 6.2 Hz), 123.00 (q, J = 274.4 Hz), 68.28, 51.85, 50.99, 46.37, 33.62, 27.27, 22.83, 22.17, 21.87, 21.18, 12.85.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): -56.69.

IR: 3997, 3373, 3267, 3113, 2962, 2612, 2381, 2310, 1651, 1551, 1440, 1309, 1141, 1038, 921, 776, 727, 655, 595 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>24</sub>F<sub>3</sub>IN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 43.19; H, 4.58; F, 10.79; I, 24.02; N, 5.30; S, 6.07; found: C, 42.95; H, 4.63; F, 10.70; I, 23.43; N, 5.21; S, 6.37.

9. Addition of 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide 1i to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



### N-(2-(Iodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-(4-

(*trifluoromethyl*)phenylsulfonyl)acetimidamide (3i). The reaction was carried out as above: 1 g (4.4 mmol) of 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide **1i**, 0.60 g (4.4 mmol) of **2**, 1.00 g (4.4 mmol) of NIS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane – ether 3:1, hexane – ether 1:4) to afford 0.14 g (12%) of product **4** and 1.59 g (68%) of product **3i** as white solid.

White solid. M.p. 159°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.09 – 8.02 (m, 2H), 7.78 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 5.32 (s, 1H), 4.63 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 1H), 2.00 (s, 1H), 1.53 (s, 1H), 1.39 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz, 1H), 1.27 (s, 1H), 1.18 (s, 2H), 0.92 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 165.38, 146.65, 133.58 (q, J = 32.9 Hz), 126.98, 125.94, 125.90, 123.44 (q, J = 273.4 Hz), 68.51, 51.76, 50.94, 46.55, 33.66, 27.51, 22.82, 22.16, 21.89, 21.64, 12.82.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): -62.69.

IR: 3567, 3322, 3119, 2946, 1547, 1404, 1323, 1144, 894, 843, 724, 658, 606, 542, 427 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>24</sub>F<sub>3</sub>IN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 43.19; H, 4.58; F, 10.79; I, 24.02; N, 5.30; S, 6.07; found: C, 43.40; H, 4.59; F, 10.51; I, 23.78; N, 5.15; S, 6.30.

10. Addition of sulfamide 1j to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



N-(2-(lodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-

*sulfamoylacetimidamide (3j).* The reaction was carried out as above: 1 g (10.4 mmol) of sulfamide **1**j, 0.60 g (4.4 mmol) of **2**, 1.00 g (4.4 mmol) of NIS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane – ether 3:1, hexane – ether 1:10) to afford to afford 0.51 g (18%) of product **4** and 2.54 g (63%) of product **3**k as white solid.

White solid. M.p. 124°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CD_3CN$ )  $\delta$  6.10 (s, 1H), 5.13 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (s, 2H), 3.51 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.26 (m, 1H), 1.97 (m, J = 16.2 Hz, 2H), 1.66 – 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.46 – 1.38 (m, 2H), 1.23 (s, 3H), 1.12 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN) δ 166.00, 68.56, 52.77, 51.20, 47.27, 34.33, 27.89, 23.39, 22.66, 21.93, 20.11, 15.61.

IR: 3329, 3119, 2946, 1708, 1546, 1409, 1365, 1299, 1213, 1138, 1035, 980, 896, 759, 643 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>22</sub>IN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 36.10; H, 5.55; I, 31.78; N, 10.52; S, 8.03; found: C, 35.94; H, 5.42; I, 32.00; N, 10.64; S, 8.12.

### 11. Addition of triflamide 1a to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



#### N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-

((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)acetamidine (5a) and 3-(bromomethylene)-2,2dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptane (6). To 2 g of triflamide 1a (1 equiv., 13.4 mmol) dissolved in 50 ml of acetonitrile was added 1.83 g (1 equiv., 13.4 mmol) of camphene 2, then 2.63 g (1.1 equiv., 14.8 mmol) of NBS. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The residue was purified on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 0.4 g (14%) of product **6** and 4.18 g (77%) of product **5a**.

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-*((trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl)acetamidine **(5a).** 

White solid. M.p. 154°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN):  $\delta$  7.34 (s, 1H), 4.02 (dt, *J* = 8.1, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 3.54 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 1.93 – 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.82 – 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.76 – 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.62 – 1.49 (m, 1H), 1.29 – 1.20 (m, 1H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.95 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ 169.4, 119.14 (q, CF<sub>3</sub>, *J* = 320 Hz), 59.8, 53.3, 49.9, 47.4, 39.2, 35.5, 35.2, 27.0, 21.8, 20.78, 20.74.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ - 80.2.

IR: 3433, 3354, 2959, 2935, 1634, 1574, 1542, 1439, 1328, 1220, 1191, 1146, 1060, 778, 651, 594 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>BrF<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 38.53; H, 4.97; N, 6.91; S, 7.91; found: C, 38.45; H, 4.92; N, 6.90; S, 7.83.

3-(Bromomethylene)-2,2-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptane<sup>1</sup>,<sup>2</sup> (6). Colorless liquid.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 5.62 (s, 1H), 3.15 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.08 – 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.79 – 1.65 (m, 3H), 1.49 – 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.33 – 1.28 (m, 1H), 1.27 – 1.24 (m, 1H), 1.08 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 160.9, 94.1, 49.1, 45.1, 44.3, 36.8, 28.9, 27.0, 25.8, 23.5.

IR: 3067, 2959, 2883, 1641, 1461, 1307, 1241, 950, 887, 770, 696 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>Br<sup>+</sup>: 215,04354 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>; found: 215.04340.

#### 12. Addition of tosylamide 1c to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



*N*-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-tosylacetamidine **(5c).** The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1.5 g (8.8 mmol) of tosylamide **1c**, 1.19 g of **2**, 1.72 g (9.7 mmol) of NBS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 0.28 g (15%) of product **6** and compound **5c** as white solid (2.74 g, 73%).

White solid. M.p. 156°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ 7.74 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (s, 1H), 4.03 (dt, J = 8.1, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.90 – 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.80 – 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.56 – 1.48 (m, 1H), 1.29 – 1.24 (m, 1H), 1.24 – 1.19 (m, 1H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.93 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ 166.6, 143.2, 142.4, 130.1, 127.0, 58.4, 53.3, 49.8, 47.4, 39.5, 35.5, 35.4, 27.0, 21.4, 20.9, 20.84, 20.81.

IR: 3352, 2955, 1538, 1281, 1145, 1088, 809, 764, 665, 604 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>27</sub>BrN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 53.39; H, 6.37; N, 6.55; S, 7.50 Br, 18.70; found: C, 53.44; H, 6.40; N, 6.48; S, 7.52 Br, 18.89.

## 13. Addition of 4-chlorophenylsulfonamide 1e to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



*N-(1-(Chloromethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4-chlorophenyl)-sulfonyl)acetamidine* **(5e).** The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1.5 g (7.8 mmol) of 4-chlorophenylsulfonamide **1e**, 1.06 g (7.8 mmol) of **2**, 1.53 g (8.2 mmol) of NBS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane - ether

3:1, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 0.32 g (19%) of product **6** and product **5e** as white solid (2.45 g, 70%).

White solid. M.p. 162°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CD_3CN$ ):  $\delta$  7.84 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.59 (s, 1H), 4.03 (dt, J = 8.2, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.89 – 1.82 (m, 3H), 1.81 – 1.67 (m, 5H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.94 (s, 3H), 0.93 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ 166.8, 143.9, 138.0, 130.1, 129.8, 128.8, 128.6, 58.5, 53.3, 49.8, 47.4, 39.4, 35.49, 35.47, 27.04, 20.9, 20.8, 20.7, 20.6, 20.4.

IR: 3374, 2954, 1534, 1293, 1274, 1146, 1086, 1011, 778, 635, 602 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BrClN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 48.28; H, 5.40; N, 6.26; S, 7.16; found: C, 48,77; H, 5.35; N, 6.12; S, 7.40.

## 14. Addition of 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide 1h to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-(2-(trifluoromethyl-phenyl)sulfonyl)acetimidamide* (*5h*). The reaction was carried out as above: (1 g (4.4 mmol) of 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide **1h**, 0.60 g (4.4 mmol) of **2**, 0.79 g (4.4 mmol) of NBS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane – ether 3:1, hexane – ether 1:4) to afford 0.13 g (14%) of product **6** and of product **5h** as white solid (1.60 g, 75%).

White solid. M.p. 149°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN)  $\delta$  8.26 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (m, 2H), 6.65 (s, 1H), 4.05 – 3.90 (m, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.48 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.84 (m, 1H), 1.81-1.65 (m, 3H), 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.92 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN) δ 166.51, 143.26, 133.55, 132.99, 130.99, 129.06 (q, J = 6.3 Hz), 127.58 (q, J = 32.9 Hz), 124.31 (q, J = 273.7 Hz), 58.64, 53.24, 49.83, 47.43, 39.46, 35.43, 35.37, 27.05, 21.19, 20.89, 20.78.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): -57.18.

IR: 3341, 3109, 2961, 1601, 1543, 1440, 1310, 1149, 1034, 964, 870, 762, 653 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BrF<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 47.41; H, 5.03; Br, 16.60; F, 11.84; N, 5.82; S, 6.66; found: C, 47.55; H, 5.01; Br, 16.59; F, 11.38; N, 5.72; S, 6.60.

## 15. Addition of 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide 1i to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-(4-

(*trifluoromethylphenyl*)*sulfonyl*)*acetimidamide* (5*i*). The reaction was carried out as above: 1 g (4.4 mmol) of 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide **1i**, 0.60 g (4.4 mmol) of **2**, 0.79 g (4.4 mmol) of NBS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane – ether 3:1, hexane – ether 1:4) to afford 0.16 g (17%) of product **6** and of product **5i** as white solid (1.65 g, 77%).

White solid. M.p. 151°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $CD_3CN$ )  $\delta$  8.05 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 4.04 (q, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.87 (m, 2H), 1.76 (m, 3H), 1.51 (m, 1H), 1.21 (m, 1H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.93 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN) δ 167.01, 127.84, 127.72, 126.86 (q, *J* = 3.9 Hz), 124.81 (q, *J* = 272 Hz), 58.67, 53.36, 49.87, 47.47, 39.41, 35.47, 27.03, 21.10, 20.86, 20.78.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): -63.19.

IR: 3345, 3104, 2961, 1716, 1596, 1543, 1404, 1324, 1136, 1063, 963, 843, 760, 654, 427 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BrF<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 47.41; H, 5.03; Br, 16.60; F, 11.84; N, 5.82; S, 6.66; found: C, 47.12; H, 4.97; Br, 16.50; F, 11.71; N, 5.84; S, 6.67.

#### 16. Addition of triflamide 1a to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)acetimidamide (7a) N-(1-(bromomethyl)-7,7and dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-trifluoromethanesulfonamide (8a). To 0.45 g of triflamide 1a (3.0 mmol) dissolved in 180 ml of acetonitrile was added 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of camphene 2, then 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The residue was purified on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:2, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford bromosubstituted camphene, 0.23 g (21%) of product 8a and 0.87 g (71%) of product 7a. The amidines formed, except triflamide, were washed twice with ether (2\*5 mL) to give analytically pure samples. The monoadducts, except triflamide, were also washed twice with ether (2\*5 mL) to obtain analytically pure samples.

*N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-*(*trifluoromethylsulfonyl)acetimidamide* **(7a)**. Colorless oil.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.87 (s, 1H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 2.36 (m, 1H), 1.95 (m, 2H), 1.61 (m, 3H), 1.52 – 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.35 – 1.25 (m, 1H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 1.07 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 168.02, 119.46 (q, J = 319.4 Hz), 70.27, 51.25, 49.42, 47.47, 34.19, 33.94, 26.79, 23.17, 22.93, 22.02, 20.91.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): -79.11.

IR: 3347, 3118, 2960, 1778, 1713, 1557, 1445, 1322, 1190, 1136, 1057, 939, 879, 777, 648, 598, 482 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>BrF<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 38.53; H, 4.97; Br, 19.72; F, 14.06; N, 6.91; S, 7.91; found: C, 38.14; H, 5.06; Br, 19.62; F, 13.98; N, 6.99; S, 8.00.

N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-

trifluoromethanesulfonamide (8a). White solid. M.p 120°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.02 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (dt, *J* = 8.9, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (d, *J* = 10.7, 1H), 3.42 (d, *J* = 10.7, 1H), 2.04 – 1.90 (m, 3H), 1.88 – 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.61 – 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.28 – 1.18 (m, 1H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.96 (s, 3H), 1.14 – 0.77 (m, 1H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 60.7, 52.8, 48.8, 46.51, 39.58, 34.34, 32.32, 26.23, 20.74, 20.61.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ - 77.0.

IR: 3321, 2963, 1440, 1383, 1231, 1192, 1149, 1069, 953, 686, 609 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>17</sub>BrF<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S: C, 36.27; H, 4.70; N, 3.85; S, 8.80; found: C, 36.50; H, 4.65; N, 3.92; S, 8.89.

## 17. Addition of 4-methoxyphenylsulfonamide 1b to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4-methoxyphenyl)-sulfonyl)acetimidamide* (7b) and *N-(1-(bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4-methoxyphenylsulfonamide* (8b). The reaction was carried out as above: 0.56 g (3.0 mmol) of 4-methoxyphenylsulfonamide 1b, 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of 2, 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS, 180 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was further purified after extraction on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane – ether 1:2, hexane – ether 1:4) to afford of product **8b** as white solid (0,29 g, 24%) and **7b** as white solid (0.80 g, 60%).

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4-methoxyphenyl)*sulfonyl)acetimidamide (7b).

White solid. M.p. 180°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.94 – 7.77 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.12 – 6.85 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 5.24 (br. s, 1H), 4.88 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 3.44 (d, J = 10.5

Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.29 – 2.20 (m, 1H), 1.87 (m, 2H), 1.53 (m, 3H), 1.44 – 1.33 (m, 1H), 1.19 (m, 1H), 1.15 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C (100 MHz, CDCl3) δ 164.91, 162.16, 135.48, 128.39, 113.80, 68.71, 55.58, 51.29, 49.36, 47.27, 35.51, 33.94, 27.06, 23.29, 22.03, 21.67, 21.12.

IR: 3320, 2919, 1602, 1340, 1201, 1069, 797, 761, 663, 601 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for  $C_{19}H_{28}BrN_2O_3S^+$ : 443,10040 (M+H)+; found: 443.10078.

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4methoxyphenylsulfonamide (8b).* 

White solid. M.p. 153°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.92 – 7.78 (m, 2H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 4.81 (br. d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 3.49 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.26 – 3.14 (m, 1H), 1.92 – 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.76 – 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.64 – 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.45 – 1.32 (m, 1H), 1.14 – 1.05 (m, 1H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 162.9, 131.60, 129.70, 114.21, 59.05, 55.65, 52.78,
48.83, 46.85, 38.83, 34.46, 33.95, 26.38, 20.84, 20.60.

IR: 3258, 2842, 1774, 1702, 1597, 1557, 1500, 1335, 1260, 1156, 1098, 1024, 909, 834, 672, 567 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>BrNO<sub>3</sub>S<sup>+</sup>: 402.07385 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>; found: 402.07404. Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BrNO<sub>3</sub>S: C, 50.75; H, 6.01; N, 3.48; Br, 19.86; found: C, 50.68; H, 6.14; N, 3.45; Br, 19.94.

#### 18. Addition of tosylamide 1c to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



*N*-(2-(*Bromomethyl*)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-tosylacetimidamide (7c) and *N*-(1-(*bromomethyl*)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (8c). The reaction was carried out as above: 0.51 g (3.0 mmol) of tosylamide 1c, 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of 2, 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS, 180 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was further purified after extraction on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane – ether 1:2, hexane – ether 1:4) to afford of product **8c** as white solid (0.22 g, 19%) and **7c** as white solid (0,87 g, 68%).

*N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-tosylacetimidamide* **(7c).** White crystals. M.p. 140°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.78 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.27 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 5.38 (s, 1H), 4.88 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 6H), 2.30 – 2.19 (m, 1H), 1.85 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 2H), 1.57 – 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.20 (m, 1H), 1.15 (s, 3H), 0.91 (s, 3H).

 $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.15, 142.22, 140.46, 129.25, 126.37, 68.74, 51.25, 49.28, 47.27, 35.50, 33.94, 27.04, 23.26, 22.02, 21.67, 21.54, 21.09.

IR: 3980, 3295, 3122, 2955, 2410, 2305, 1546, 1418, 1272, 1140, 1088, 1037, 987, 896, 815, 709, 630, 556 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>27</sub>BrN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 53.39; H, 6.37; Br, 18.70; N, 6.55; S, 7.50; found: C, 53.08; H, 6.32; Br, 18.67; N, 6.64; S, 7.59.

N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (8c).

White solid. M.p. 154°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.90 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 4.53 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 3.27 – 3.15 (m, 1H), 2.44 (m, 3H), 2.09 – 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.85 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.65 – 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.13 (m, 1H), 1.03 (s, 3H), 0.89 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 143.59, 136.91, 129.72, 127.64, 59.18, 52.83, 48.90,
46.89, 38.69, 34.42, 33.84, 26.41, 21.65, 20.86, 20.64.

IR: 3285, 2904, 2850, 1435, 1260, 1174, 1104, 805, 769, 668, 600 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BrNO<sub>2</sub>S: C, 52.85; H, 6.26; Br, 20.68; N, 3.63; S, 8.30; found: C, 53.14; H, 6.31; Br, 20.24, N, 3.59; S, 8.12.

19. Addition of phenylsulfonamide 1d to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-

(phenylsulfonyl)acetimidamide **7(d)** and *N-(1-(bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)phenylsulfonamide* (**8d**)<sup>3</sup>. The reaction was carried out as above: 0.47 g (3.0 mmol) of phenylsulfonamide **1d**, 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of **2**, 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS, 180 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was further purified after extraction on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane – ether 1:2, hexane – ether 1:4) to afford of product and **8d** as white solid (0.30 g, 27%) and **7d** as white solid (0.73 g, 59%).

N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-

(phenylsulfonyl)acetimidamide (7d).

White solid. M.p. 173°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.92 (d, *J* = 7.9, 2H), 7.68 – 7.42 (m, 3H), 4.85 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.25 (m, 1H), 1.87 (m, *J* = 11.3, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.58 – 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.46 – 1.35 (m, 2H), 1.19 (m, 1H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 3H).

 $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  165.15, 143.30, 131.75, 128.68, 126.35, 68.81, 51.27, 49.34, 47.27, 35.38, 33.93, 27.03, 23.27, 22.01, 21.81, 21.04.

IR: 3368, 2950, 1662, 1359, 1210, 1043, 829, 770, 709, 654, 591 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>25</sub>BrN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 52.30; H, 6.10; Br, 19.33; N, 6.78; S, 7.76; found C, 52.48; H, 6.12; Br, 18.99; N, 6.71; S, 7.80.

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)phenylsulfonamide* (*8d*)<sup>3</sup>.

White solid. M.p. 147 °C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.91 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (tr, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, NH, 1H), 3.47 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.28 – 3.19 (m, 1H), 1.91 - 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.77 – 1.54 (m, 4H), 1.45 – 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.02 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 140.0, 132.7, 129.0, 127.5, 59.1, 52.8, 48.8, 46.8, 38.9, 34.4, 33.7, 26.3, 20.8, 20.6.

IR: 3289, 2957, 1715, 1460, 1322, 1160, 1095, 1027, 926, 757, 690, 645, 592 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>BrNO<sub>2</sub>S: C, 51.62; H, 5.96; N, 3.76; S, 8.61; Br, 21.46; found: C, 51.99; H, 6.00; N; 3.61; S, 8.45; Br, 21.02.

## 20. Addition of 4-chlorophenylsulfonamide 1e to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



*N*-(2-(*Bromomethyl*)-7,7-*dimethylbicyclo*[2.2.1]*heptan*-2-*yl*)-*N'*-((4*chlorophenyl*)*sulfonyl*)*acetimidamide* (7e) and *N*-(1-(*bromomethyl*)-7,7*dimethylbicyclo*[2.2.1]*heptan*-2-*yl*)-4-*chlorobenzenesulfonamide* (8e). The reaction was carried out as above: 0.57 g (3.0 mmol) of 4-chlorophenylsulfonamide 1e, 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of 2, 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS, 180 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was further purified after extraction on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane – ether 1:2, hexane – ether 1:4) to afford of product 8e as white solid (0.24 g, 20%) and 7e as white solid (0.91 g, 62%).

*N*-(2-(*Bromomethyl*)-7,7-*dimethylbicyclo*[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4chlorophenyl)sulfonyl)acetimidamide **(7e).** White solid. M.p. 185°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.86 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 5.26 (s, 1H), 4.78 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 8.9 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.26 (m, 1H), 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.51 (m, 2H), 1.46 - 1.35 (m, 2H), 1.22 (m, 1H), 1.15 (s, 3H), 0.90 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 165.22, 141.89, 138.07, 128.97, 127.91, 96.22, 68.93, 51.25, 49.38, 47.29, 35.21, 33.94, 27.05, 23.26, 22.00, 21.17.

IR: 3347, 2896, 1644, 1351, 1199, 1074, 802, 765, 660, 598 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BrClN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 48.28; H, 5.40; Br, 17.84; Cl, 7.92; N, 6.26; S, 7.16; found: C, 48.59; H, 5.54; Br, 17.60; Cl, 7.63; N, 6.25; S, 7.28.

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4-chlorobenzenesulfonamide* (8e). White solid. M.p. 152°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.96 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.71 – 7.47 (m, 2H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.44 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.30 – 3.18 (m, 1H), 2.07 – 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.69 (m, 2H), 1.50 – 1.34 (m, 1H), 1.22 – 1.04 (m, 2H), 1.03 (s, 3H), 0.89 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 147.95, 139.35, 138.44, 129.41, 129.11, 59.18, 52.88, 48.94, 46.89, 38.99, 34.50, 33.73, 26.38, 20.78, 20.64.

IR: 3293, 2901, 2752, 1511, 1310, 1170, 1103, 769, 702, 669, 635, 597 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>21</sub>BrClNO<sub>2</sub>S: C, 47.25; H, 5.20; Br, 19.64; Cl, 8.72; N, 3.44; S, 7.88; found: C, 47.11; H, 5.39; Br, 19.86; Cl, 9.00; N, 3.47; S, 7.59.

## 21. Addition of 4-bromophenylsulfonamide 1f to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



*N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl)acetamidine* (**7f**) and *N-(1-(bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4-bromobenzenesulfonamide* (**8f**). The reaction was carried out as above: 0.71 g (3.0 mmol) of 4-bromophenylsulfonamide **1f**, 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of **2**, 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS, 180 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was further purified after extraction on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane – ether 1:2, hexane – ether 1:4) to afford of product **8f** as white solid (0.30 g, 22%) and **7f** (0.90 g, 61%).

*N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl)acetamidine (7f).* White solid. M.p. 194°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.79 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.11 (s, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.26 (br. m, 1H), 1.91 – 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.53 – 1.34 (m, 3H), 1.28 – 1.21 (m, 2H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 0.90 (s, 3H).

<sup>3</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 165.2, 142.4, 131.9, 128.0, 126.5, 68.9, 51.2, 49.4, 47.2, 35.2, 33.9, 27.0, 23.2, 22.0, 22.0, 21.1.

IR: 3285, 2955, 1773, 1700, 1575, 1471, 1433, 1390, 1349, 1329, 1168, 1068, 1009, 915, 819, 741, 644, 621 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>25</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: 491,0003; (M+H); found: 491,0006.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 43.92; H, 4.91; N, 5.69; Br, 32.46; found: C, 43.83; H, 5.00; N, 5.63; Br, 32.32.

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4-bromobenzene-sulfonamide* (*8f).* White solid. M.p. 160°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.88 – 7.71 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 2H), 7.71 – 7.60 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 2H,), 4.74 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.77 – 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.21 – 1.10 (m, 1H), 1.02 (s, 3H), 0.89 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 147.95, 139.35, 138.44, 129.41, 129.11, 77.42, 77.10, 76.78, 59.18, 52.88, 48.94, 46.89, 38.99, 34.50, 33.73, 26.38, 20.78, 20.64.

IR: 3263, 2817, 2756, 1402, 1326, 1191, 1114, 800, 765, 669, 599 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>21</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S: C, 42.59; H, 4.69; Br, 35.42; N, 3.10; S, 7.11; found: C, 42.17; H, 4.74; Br, 35.02; N, 3.09; S, 7.18.

## 22. Addition of 4-nitrobenzenesulfonamide 1g to camphene in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



*N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4-nitrophenyl)-sulfonyl)acetimidamide* (*7g*) and *N-(1-(bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4-nitrophenylsulfonamide* (*8g*). The reaction was carried out as above: 0.61 g (3.0 mmol) of 4-nitrobenzenesulfonamide 1g, 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of 2, 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS, 180 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was further purified after extraction on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane – ether 1:2, eluents: hexane – ether 1:4) to afford of product **8g** as white solid (0.33 g, 26%) and **7g** as white solid (0.81 g, 59%).

N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4-nitrophenyl)sulfonyl)acetimidamide (7g). White solid. M.p. 198°C. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  8.76 – 8.29 (m, 2H), 8.29 – 8.11 (m, 2H), 7.45 (br.s, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 10.7 Hz,1H), 3.66 (d, J = 10.7 Hz,1H), 2.49 (s, 3H), 2.26 – 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.77 – 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.52 – 1.32 (m, 2H), 1.32 – 1.22 (m, 1H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 0.96 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, Acetone-*d*<sub>6</sub>) 166.97, 150.55, 128.51, 124.98, 69.64, 51.99, 49.39, 48.19, 36.63, 34.63, 27.40, 23.71, 22.64, 21.33, 21.08.

IR: 3332, 2911, 1610, 1265, 1207, 1123, 902, 836, 712, 658, 601 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BrN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S: C, 47.17; H, 5.28; Br, 17.43; N, 9.17; S, 6.99; found: C, 46.98; H, 5.24; Br, 17.68; N, 9.01; S, 7.16.

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4nitrophenylsulfonamide (8g).* White solid. M.p. 171 °C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  8.37 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 8.11 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 4.91 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.29 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 1.96 – 1.85 (m, 2H), 1.80 – 1.63 (m, 3H), 1.49 – 1.34 (m, 1H), 1.21 – 1.10 (m, 1H), 1.03 (s, 3H), 0.89 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 150.3, 145.7, 128.9, 124.3, 59.2, 52.9, 49.0, 46.8, 39.4, 34.5, 33.6, 26.3, 20.69, 20.66.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>21</sub>BrN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S: C, 46.05; H, 5.07; N, 6.71; S, 7.68; Br, 19.15; found: C, 46.14; H, 5.09; N, 6.63; S, 7.73; Br, 19.45.

## 23. Addition of 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide 1h to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)sulfonyl)acetimidamide (7h) and N-(1-(bromomethyl)-7,7dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-2-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide (8h). The reaction was carried out as above: 0.67 q (3.0 mmol) of 2-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide **1h**, 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of **2**, 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS, 180 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed

in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was further purified after extraction on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane – ether 1:2, : hexane – ether 1:4) to afford of product **8h** as white solid (0.47 g, 24%) and **7h** as white solid (0.81 g, 57%).

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo*[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-*N'-((2-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl)sulfonyl)acetimidamide* (*7h*). White solid. M.p. 145°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 8.29 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (m, 2H), 5.38 (br. s, 1H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (s, 3H), 2.26 (m, 1H), 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.50 (m, 1H), 1.22 – 1.15 (m, 1H), 1.10 (s, 3H), 0.89 (m, 1H), 0.75 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 164.82, 141.96, 132.16, 131.85, 130.53, 130.50, 127.81 (q,  ${}^{3}J$  = 6.2 Hz), 127.43, (q,  ${}^{2}J$  = 33.2 Hz), 123.02 (q,  ${}^{1}J$  = 274.2 Hz), 68.87, 51.33, 49.40, 47.16, 35.12, 33.90, 29.77, 26.82, 23.26, 22.20, 21.99, 20.73.

IR: 3393, 2915, 1563, 1277, 1140, 1066, 796, 751, 603 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for  $C_{19}H_{25}BrF_3N_2O_2S+:$  481.0772 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>; found: 481.0772.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BrF<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 47.41; H, 5.03; Br, 16.60; F, 11.84; N, 5.82; S, 6.66; found: C, 47.58; H, 5.18; Br, 16.22; F, 11.53; N, 5.80; S, 6.60.

N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-2-

(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide (8h). White solid. M.p. 137°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.25 (m, 1H), 7.87 (m, 1H), 7.71 (m, 2H), 4.97 – 4.73 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (m, 1H), 3.32 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.68 (m, 3H), 1.62 – 1.55 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.14 – 1.05 (m, 1H), 0.97 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 139.20, 132.73, 132.39, 131.90, 128.57 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 6.4 Hz), 127.62 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 32.7 Hz), 123.22 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 273.8 Hz), 59.15, 52.71, 48.76, 46.71, 39.50, 34.43, 33.29, 26.26.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl3) δ -57.68.

IR: 3396, 2900, 1617, 1200, 1136, 1020, 899, 743, 620, 599 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for  $C_{17}H_{22}BrF_3NO_2S+:$  440.0507 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>; found: 440.0508.

24. Addition of 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide 1i to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in MeCN.



N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)sulfonyl)acetimidamide (7i) and N-(1-(bromomethyl)-7,7dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide (8i). The reaction carried out as above: 0.68 (3.0 mmol) of 4was g (trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide 1i, 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of 2, 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS, 180 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was further purified after extraction on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane - ether 1:2, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford of product 8i as white solid (0.33 g, 25%) and **7i** as white solid (0.90 g, 63%).

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-((4-(trifluoromethyl)-phenyl)sulfonyl)acetimidamide* (7i). White solid. M.p. 146°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.02 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.76 (br. s, 1H), 4.78 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.26 (m, 1H), 1.98 – 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.58 – 1.45 (m, 2H), 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.23 – 1.17 (m, 1H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 0.87 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 165.78, 146.66, 133.51 (q,  ${}^{2}J_{C-F}$  = 32.9 Hz), 126.83, 125.88 (q,  ${}^{3}J_{C-F}$  = 3.8 Hz), 123.48 (q,  ${}^{1}J_{C-F}$  = 273.0 Hz), 69.06, 51.11, 49.09, 47.31, 35.17, 33.95, 26.99, 23.17, 21.98, 21.84, 21.12.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ -62.67.

IR: 3404, 2810, 1499, 1297, 1143, 1102, 797, 711, 651, 588 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BrF<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 47.41; H, 5.03; Br, 16.60; F, 11.84; N, 5.82; S, 6.66; found: C, 46.99; H, 5.08; Br, 16.36; F, 11.71; N, 5.92; S, 6.79.

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide* (*8i).* White solid. M.p. 140°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.23 – 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 5.16 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 10.6 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (m, 1H), 1.87 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 1.80 – 1.62 (m, 3H), 1.41 (m, 1H), 1.11 (m, 1H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.88 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl3) δ 143.74, 134.38 (q, J = 32.6 Hz), 128.09, 126.24 (q, J = 3.8 Hz), 123.54 (q, J = 273.4 Hz) 59.10, 52.90, 48.88, 46.82, 39.29, 34.57, 33.65, 26.31, 20.71, 20.60.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ -62.80.

IR: 3310, 2897, 1540, 1302, 1104, 1009, 800, 762, 667, 600, 568 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>17</sub>HBrF<sub>3</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S: C, 46.37; H, 4.81; Br, 18.15; F, 12.94; N, 3.18; S, 7.28; found: C, 46.71; H, 4.90; Br, 17.91; F, 12.77; N, 3.10; S, 7.56.

#### 25. Addition of sulfamide 1j to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.



*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'*sulfamoylacetimidamide (7j) and *N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-*2-yl)sulfamide (8j). The reaction was carried out as above: 0.29 g (3.0 mmol) of sulfamide 1j, 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of 2, 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS, 180 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was further purified after extraction on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane – ether 1:2, hexane – ether 1:4) to afford of product 8j (0.19 g, 20%) and 7j as white solid (0.55 g, 52%).

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'*sulfamoylacetimidamide **(7j).** White solid. M.p. 113°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, acetone- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  6.79 (br. s, 1H), 5.80 (br. s, 2H), 5.37 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 2.83 (m, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.37 (m, 1H), 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.74 – 1.68 (m, 1H), 1.44 – 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.34 (m, 2H), 1.30 (s, 3H), 1.16 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl3) δ 166.37, 69.48, 53.03, 50.38, 48.83, 38.26, 35.38, 28.34, 24.65, 23.48, 22.16, 20.64.

IR: 3341, 3006, 1520, 1270, 1136, 1072, 800, 756, 661, 589 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>22</sub>BrN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 40.91; H, 6.29; Br, 22.68; N, 11.93; S, 9.10; found: C, 40.57; H, 6.32; Br, 22.52; N, 12.04; S, 9.30.

*N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)sulfamide* (*8j).* White solid. M.p. 107°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  4.79 (s, 2H), 4.66 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (m, 1H), 3.43 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (m, 3H), 1.77 (s, 2H), 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.21 (m, 1H), 1.00 (m, 3H), 0.92 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 59.39, 52.74, 48.97, 46.85, 39.88, 35.10, 34.62, 26.41, 20.79, 20.60.

IR: 3301, 3073, 2962, 1652, 1538, 1471, 1418, 1371, 1310, 1237, 1164, 1081, 1032, 944, 758, 641, 549 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>19</sub>BrN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C, 38.59; H, 6.15; Br, 25.67; N, 9.00; S, 10.30; found: C, 38.40; H, 6.07; Br, 25.55; N, 8.89; S, 10.09.

## 26. Addition of methanesulfonamide 1k to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in acetonitrile



*N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-(methylsulfonyl)acetamidine* (**7***k*) and *N-(1-(bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2yl)methanesulfonamide* (**8***k*). The reaction was carried out as above: 0.29 g (3.0 mmol) of methanesulfonamide **1***k*, 4.08 g (30.0 mmol) of **2**, 5.34 g (30.0 mmol) of NBS, 180 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was further purified after extraction on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane – ether 1:2, hexane – ether 1:4) to afford of product **8***k* (0.28 g, 30%) and **7***k* as white solid (0.46 g, 42%).

*N-(2-(Bromomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-(methylsulfonyl)acetamidine* (7k). White solid. M.p. 144°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 5.07 (s, 1H), 4.96 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 3.00 (s, 3H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.32 – 2.26 (m, 1H), 1.96 – 1.88 (m, 2H), 1.62 – 1.55 (m, 3H), 1.53 – 1.38 (m, 2H), 1.24 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 164.9, 68.6, 49.5, 51.3, 47.2, 43.0, 35.1, 33.9, 27.1,
23.3, 22.0, 21.9, 21.3.

IR: 3308, 2964, 1571, 1544, 1446, 1273, 1141, 1087, 977, 757, 691, 639, 586 cm<sup>-</sup>

1

HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for  $C_{13}H_{24}BrN_2O_2S^+$ : 351,07419 (M+H)<sup>+</sup>; found: 351,07428. N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)methanesulfonamide

(8k). White solid. M.p. 105°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  4.68 (d, *J* 8.7 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (dt, *J* = 8.6, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.05 (s, 3H), 2.00 (m, 3H), 1.80 – 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.55 (t, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 1.20 (t, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 1.01 (s, 3H), 0.92 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 59.13, 52.66, 48.94, 46.88, 41.28, 40.84, 34.68, 34.45, 26.36, 20.79, 20.65.

IR: 3342, 2957, 2719, 1703, 1635, 1595, 1539, 1266, 1143, 1086, 1029, 805, 462, 604, 566 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/z calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>21</sub>BrNO<sub>2</sub>S<sup>+</sup>: 310.04764 (M+H); found: 310.04779.

### 27. Addition of triflamide 1a to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



### N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-

*trifluoromethanesulfonamide* (8a). The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1 g (6.7 mmol)) of triflamide 1a, 0.91 g (6.7 mmol) of camphene 2, 1.31 g (7.4 mmol) of NBS were dissolved in 40 ml of  $CH_2Cl_2$ . The mixture was stirred on a magnetic stirrer for 30 min. The solvent was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was washed with 50 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The residue was purified on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:2) to afford 0.37 g (14%) of product **6** and 1.56 g (77%) of product **8a**.

## 28. Addition of methanesulfonamide 1k to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in MeCN.

$$\frac{\text{MeSO}_2\text{NH}_2}{1\text{k}} + \underbrace{1\text{k}}_2 + \underbrace{1\text{NIS, MeCN}}_{\text{r.t., 30 min}} + \underbrace{1\text{k}}_{\text{g}} + \underbrace{1\text{Me}}_{\text{h}} + \underbrace{1\text{Me}}$$

*N-(2-(iodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)acetamide* (9) and *N-(1-(iodomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)acetamide* (10).

The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1 g (10.5 mmol) of methanesulfonamide **1k**, 1.43 g (10.5 mmol) of **2**, 2.61 g (11.6 mmol) of NIS, 40 ml of MeCN. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in a vacuum, the resulting residue was dissolved in 15 ml of chloroform. The formed succinimide was extracted three times from the chloroform in a separating funnel by adding 100 mL of water and shaking vigorously. The chloroform was removed in a vacuum. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 1.42 g (42%) of product **9** and 0.68 g (20%) of product **10**.

*N-(2-(iodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)acetamide* **(9)**. White solid. M.p. 159°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 5.27 (s, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (d, J = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 2.17 –2.10 (m, 1H), 2.04 – 2.00 (m, 1H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.94 – 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.65 – 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.48 – 1.34 (m, 2H), 1.24 –1.18 (m, 1H), 1.16 (s, 3H), 1.09 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 170.4, 65.9, 51.8, 50.7, 45.8, 33.5, 27.3, 24.0, 22.4, 22.3, 21.7, 15.1.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>21</sub>ONI<sup>+</sup>: (M+H)<sup>+</sup> 322,06679; found: 322,06663.

*N-(1-(lodomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)acetamide* (10). White solid. M.p. 165°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.52 (s, NH, 1H), 4.07 (dt, *J* = 8.9, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.19 (d, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 3.12 (d, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.11 – 2.03 (m, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.98 – 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.79 – 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.69 – 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.35 – 1.12 (m, 2H), 0.99 (s, 3H), 0.93 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 169.0, 55.4, 51.4, 48.3, 47.0, 39.4, 36.4, 26.3, 23.8, 20.8, 20.6, 6.6.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>21</sub>ONI 322,06679; found 322,06656.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>20</sub>INO: C, 44.87; H, 6.28; N, 4.36; I, 39.51; found: C, 44.69; H, 6.26; N, 4.31; I, 39.45.

## 29. Addition of triflamide 1a to camphene 2 in the presence of *t*-BuOCI+Nal in MeCN.



Reaction with triflamide **1a**. 1 g (6.7 mmol) of triflamide **1a**, 0.92 g (6.7 mmol) of camphene **2**, and 2.51 g (16.8 mmol) of Nal were dissolved in 40 mL of MeCN. The mixture was cooled to -30 °C and 1.92 ml (16.8 mmol) of *t*-BuOCI was added dropwise and stirred on a magnetic stirrer for 2 hours at -30 °C. Next, MeCN was removed in a vacuum, the residue was dissolved in 50 ml of ether, washed with 10 ml of an aqueous solution of sodium thiosulfate, the extract was dried under CaCl<sub>2</sub>, and the solvent was removed in a vacuum. The residue was purified on a silica gel column (eluents: hexane – ether 3:1, hexane – ether 1:4) (1.30 g, 43%) of product **3a**.

# 30. Addition of phenylsulfonamide 1d to camphene 2 in the presence of *t*-BuOCI+Nal in MeCN.



*Reaction with phenylsulfonamide* **1***d.* The reaction was carried out as mentioned above (1 g (6.4 mmol) of phenylsulfonamide **1***d*, 0.92 g (6.4 mmol) of **2**, 2.4 g (16.0 mmol) of Nal, 1.85 mL (16.0 mmol) *t*-BuOCI, 40 ml of MeCN). The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 1.40 g (45%) of product **3***d*.

### 31. Addition of tosylamide 1c to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>.



2-Bromo-1-(bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptane (11) and 5,5dimethyl-6-methylenebicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol<sup>3</sup> (12). The reaction was carried out as mentioned above: 1 g (5.8 mmol) of tosylamide 1c, 0.79 g (5.8 mmol) of camphene 2, 1.13 g (6.4 mmol) of NBS, 40 ml of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was purified on a silica gel column (80 g; eluents: hexane - ether 3:1, 2:1, 1:1) to afford 0.34 g (27%) of product 6, 0.24 g (14%) of product 11 and 0.18 g (21%) of product 12. 2-Bromo-1-(bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptane<sup>4</sup> (11). White solid. M.p. 56°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  4.27 (dd, J = 8.5, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (d, J = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 2.53 – 2.37(m, 1H), 2.24 – 2.13 (m, 1H), 2.05 – 1.89 (m, 2H), 1.87 – 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.67 - 1.50 (m, 1H), 1.22 (s, 3H), 1.03 (m, 1H), 0.95 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 56.7, 53.1, 49.4, 48.4, 42.1, 37.2, 34.5, 26.4, 21.0, 20.4.

IR: 2989, 2958, 2884, 1731, 1458, 1305, 1231, 1103, 951, 831, 758, 649, 573 cm<sup>-</sup> 1.

Anal. calcd (%) for  $C_{10}H_{16}Br_2$ : C, 40.57; H, 5.45; Br, 53.98; found: C, 40.97; H, 5.49; Br, 53.88.

5,5-Dimethyl-6-methylenebicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-ol<sup>5</sup> (**12**). White solid. M.p. 176°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  4.89 (s, 1H), 4.67 (s, 1H), 3.84 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (m, 1H), 2.23 (ddd, *J* = 13.5, 6.9, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.77 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (*J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 1.55 (br. s, 1H), 1.20 (dt, *J* = 14.0, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H), 0.99 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 161.18, 103.17, 74.07, 55.97, 47.72, 41.00, 36.92, 33.50, 29.34, 25.47.

IR: 2923, 2363, 1733, 1653, 1559, 1457, 1220, 1158, 1094, 772 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O: C, 78.90; H, 10.59; found: C: 78.63, H, 10.44.

### 32. Addition of triflamide 1a to camphene 2 in the presence of NBS in PhCN.



To 0.3 g (2.0 mmol) of triflamide **1a** dissolved in 15 ml of benzonitrile was added 0.27 g (2.0 mmol) of camphene **2**, then 0.43 g (1.2 equiv., 2.4 mmol) of NBS. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, benzonitrile was removed in a vacuum distillation, the resulting residue was washed with 25 ml of diethyl ether, and after cooling, the succinimide was filtered off, and the solvent was distilled in a vacuum. The residue was purified on a silica gel column (80 g, eluents: hexane - ether 1:2, hexane - ether 1:4) to afford 0.09 g (12%) of product **8**, 0.31 g (33%) of product **13** and 0.26 g (28%) of product **14**.

*N*-(2-(Bromomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-*N'*-(triflyl)benzimidamide (**13**). White powder. M.p. 177°C

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ 7.60–7.55 (m, 5H, Ph), 7.16 (br.s, 1H, NH), 4.97 (d, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H, C $H^A$ HBr), 3.82 (d, J = 11.2 Γц, 1H, CH $H^B$ Br), 2.43–2.42 (m, 1H), 1.85–1.81 (m, 1H), 1.65–1.62 (m, 2H), 1.50–1.48 (m, 1H), 1.32 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.12 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ 169.02 (C=N), 132.60 (C<sup>*u*</sup>), 129.37 (C<sup>*p*</sup>), 129.33 (C<sup>*m*</sup>), 128.58 (C<sup>o</sup>), 60.74 (CNH), 52.26 (CHCH<sub>2</sub>), 51.98 (CHCH<sub>2</sub>), 49.40 (C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 35.78 (CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)), 34.84 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 27.19 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 23.64 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 22.81 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 21.14 (CH<sub>3</sub>).

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ –80.63

IR: 3319 (NH), 3064, 2962 (Ph), 2264, 1959, 1588, 1537 (C=N), 1446, 1337 (SO<sub>2</sub>), 1198 (CF<sub>3</sub>), 1122, 1080, 1031, 966, 928, 870, 779, 721, 670, 609, 596, 505 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

N-(1-(Bromomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-

(triflyl)benzimidamide (14).

White powder. M.p. 181°C.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ 7.59 – 7.47 (m, 5H, Ph), 7.40 (br.s, 1H, NH), 4.17 – 4.14 (m, 1H, CHN), 3.77 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H, C*H*<sup>A</sup>HBr), 3.56 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H, CH*H*<sup>B</sup>Br), 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.33 – 1.29 (m, 3H), 1.16 – 1.13 (m, 1H), 1.04 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.97 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ 168.83 (C=N), 132.88 (C<sup>*u*</sup>), 129.31 (C<sup>*p*</sup>), 129.10 (C<sup>*m*</sup>), 128.49 (C<sup>*o*</sup>), 60.70 (CHNH), 53.59 (CCH<sub>2</sub>), 48.60 (C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 47.50 (CH), 39.43 (CH<sub>2</sub>Br), 35.55 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 35.42 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 27.07 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 20.78 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.63 (CH<sub>3</sub>).

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ –80.57.

IR: 3336 (NH), 2959, 2925, 2853 (Ph), 1588, 1532 (C=N), 1446, 1394 (SO<sub>2</sub>), 1339, 1200 (CF<sub>3</sub>), 1123, 1080, 1031, 928, 872, 779, 732, 698, 662, 598, 502 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>22</sub>BrF<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C 46.26; H 4.75; Br 17.10; F 12.20; N 5.99; S 6.86. found: C 46.72; H 4.89; Br 16.87; F 12.05; N 6.04; S 6.93

#### 33. Addition of triflamide 1a to camphene 2 in the presence of NIS in PhCN.



The interaction of triflamide (**1a**) with camphene (**2**) in the NIS + PhCN system was carried out similarly to the interaction in the NBS + PhCN system, triflamide (0.30 g, 2 mmol), camphene (0.27 g, 2 mmol), 15 ml of benzonitrile, 0.54 g (1.2 eq, 2.4 mmol) of

NIS were used in the reaction. The residue (~0.75 g) was placed on a silica gel column (0.063-0.2 mm, Acros Organics) and eluted with ether-hexane (2:1), ether-hexane (4:1) to give 0.65 g (63%) of a mixture of 2 isomers: N-(2-(iodomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-(triflyl)benzimidamide (**15**) and N-(1-(iodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-N'-(triflyl)benzimidamide (**16**) as a white powder.

*N*-(2-(iodomethyl)-3,3-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-*N'*-(triflyl)benzimidamide (15).

White powder. M.p. 192°C

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ 7.63–7.60 (m, 5H, Ph), 7.17 (br.s, 1H, NH), 4.86 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH*H*<sup>A</sup>I), 3.36 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH*H*<sup>B</sup>I), 2.39–2.38 (m, 1H), 1.77–1.75 (m, 1H), 1.69–1.66 (m, 2H), 1.62–1.58 (m, 2H), 1.46–1.42 (m, 2H), 1.35 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.16 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): 168.89 (C=N), 134.49 (C<sup>*u*</sup>), 132.52 (C<sup>*p*</sup>), 129.34 (C<sup>*m*</sup>), 128.58 (C<sup>*o*</sup>), 118.53 (q, J = 319.2 Hz, CF<sub>3</sub>), 70.98 (CNH), 52.91 (CH), 49.29 (C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 47.90 (CH), 34.56 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 27.64 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 23.23 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 22.68 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 21.60 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 9.12 (CH<sub>2</sub>I).

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): -80.46.

IR: 3317 (NH), 2963, 2888 (Ph), 1586, 1542 (C=N), 1492, 1465, 1446, 1413, 1380 (SO<sub>2</sub>), 1338, 1262, 1200 (CF<sub>3</sub>), 1154, 1121, 1090, 1031, 988, 957, 928, 895, 881, 864, 840, 808, 777, 717, 633, 609, 555, 503 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

*N*-(1-(iodomethyl)-7,7-dimethylbicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)-*N*'-(triflyl)benzimidamide (16).

White powder. M.p. 188°C

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): δ 7.65–7.62 (m, 5H, Ph), 7.38 (br.s, 1H, NH), 4.04– 4.02 (m, 1H, CHN), 3.67 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H, CH*H*<sup>A</sup>I), 3. 44 (d, J = 10.5 Γц, 1H, CH*H*<sup>A</sup>I), 2.11 (m, 2H), 1.66–1.63 (m, 1H) 1.48–1.43 (m, 1H), 1.27–1.22 (m. 1H), 1.01 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.94 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): 169.11 (C=N), 134.47 (C<sup>*u*</sup>), 132.77 (C<sup>*p*</sup>), 129.28 (C<sup>*m*</sup>), 128.48 (C<sup>*o*</sup>), 118.36 (q, J = 318.8 Hz, CF<sub>3</sub>), 61.92 (CHNH), 52.47 (CCH<sub>2</sub>I), 50.96 (CH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 49.26 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 37.38 (CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 34.53 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 23.20 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 20.74 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.61 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 12.70 (CH<sub>2</sub>I).

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN): -80.40.

IR: 3315 (NH), 2961, 2886 (Ph), 1586, 1538 (C=N), 1492, 1471, 1446, 1413, 1390 (SO<sub>2</sub>), 1338, 1262, 1191 (CF<sub>3</sub>), 1154, 1121, 1080, 1031, 984, 957, 928, 895, 881, 864, 840, 808, 777, 735, 717, 669, 609, 570, 507 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

Anal. calcd (%) for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>22</sub>F<sub>3</sub>IN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S: C 42.03; H 4.31; F 11.08; I 24.67; N 5.45; S 6.23, found: C 42.25; H 4.34; F 11.00; I 24.42; N 5.60; S 6.35.

34. Heterocyclization of amidine 5a in the presence CsF im MeCN.



2,9,9-Trimethyl-3-(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)-3,5,6,7,8,8a-hexahydro-4H-4a,7-

*methanoquinazoline (17).* 100 mg (0.25 mmol) of **5a** was dissolved in 5 ml of MeCN and CsF (113 mg, 0.75 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 30 min. Next, acetonitrile was removed in vacuum to afford 64 mg (80%) of product **17**.

Colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 3.83 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 1H) 3.25 (ddd, *J* = 9.1, 5.6, 2.5 Hz 1H), 2.30 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 3H), 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.68 – 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.22 (m, 2H), 0.94 (s, 3H), 0.93 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 144.98, 119.95 (q, *J* = 323.5 Hz), 62.47, 47.71, 46.85, 46.52, 46.12, 37.93, 33.52, 26.64, 24.31, 20.93, 19.49.

<sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ -75.18.

IR: 3980, 3350, 3113, 2961, 1539, 1444, 1373, 1323, 1188, 1057, 939, 880, 837, 777, 602, 505 cm<sup>-1</sup>.

HRMS (ESI): *m*/*z* calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>F<sub>3</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S<sup>+</sup>: 325.1198 (M+H<sup>+</sup>); found: 325.1204.

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#### X-ray study and refinement

Crystal data were collected on a Bruker D8 Venture diffractometer with MoKa radiation ( $\lambda = 0.71073$ ) using the  $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans. The structures were solved and refined by direct methods using the SHELX programs set<sup>1</sup>. Data were corrected for absorption effects using the multi-scan method (SADABS). Nonhydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically using SHELX programs set<sup>1</sup>. **CCDC 2164790 (3a), CCDC 2159125 (5a), CCDC 2177719 (7k), CCDC CCDC 2177406 (8k), , CCDC 2306786 (8a)** contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via https://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures

#### X-Ray single crystal structure analysis

The single crystals of **3a** were obtained by re-crystallization from acetonitrile solution. In order to investigate the molecular structure and intermolecular interactions in the solid state, X-ray structure analysis of the single crystal of compound **3a** was carried out. The molecular structure is depicted in Figure S1. Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table S1. Principal bond distances, bond angles and torsion angles are presented in Table S2.



Figure S1. Molecular structure of compound 3a (ORTEP, 20% probability ellipsoids).

Table S1. Crystal data, details of intensity measurements, and structure refinement forcompound 3a

Empirical formula	$C_{13}H_{20}IF_{3}N_{2}O_{2}S$
Formula weight / g⋅mol⁻¹	452.27
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	C 2/c
a/Å	32.242(4)
b/Å	7.985(1)
c / Å	13.549(2)
α, β, γ / °	90, 98.260(4), 90
Volume / Å <sup>3</sup>	3451.9(7)
Ζ	8
Density (calculated) / g·cm <sup>-3</sup>	1.741
Absorptions coefficient / mm <sup>-1</sup>	2.012
Radiation (λ / Å)	ΜοΚα (0.71073)
Temperature / K	293(2)
2O range / °	5.01 – 60.60
Crystal size / mm	0.10 × 0.38 × 0.50
Crystal habit	colorless plate
F(000)	1792
Index ranges	-45 ≤ h ≤ 45, -11 ≤ k ≤ 11, -18 ≤ l ≤ 19
Reflections collected	72361
Independent reflections	5163
Max. and min. transmission	0.5407 / 0.7460
Number of ref. parameters	202
$R_1 / wR_2 \ [I > 2\sigma(I)]$	0.0351 / 0.0794
$R_1 / wR_2$ (all data)	0.0891 / 0.0884
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.056
Largest diff. peak and hole / e·Å- <sup>3</sup>	1.384 / -1.232
Weight scheme	$w=1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0411 P)^2 + 1.4451 P]$
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	where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

Bond	<i>I</i> , Å	Angle	φ, <sup>°</sup>	Torsion angle	θ, °
I1-C7	2.170(2)	01-S1-O2	117.2(1)	01-S1-N1-C2	9.5(3)
S1-01	1.432(2)	01-S1-N1	118.7 (1)	02-S1-N1-C2	146.4(2)
S1-02	1.432(2)	02-S1-N1	108.4(1)	C1-S1-N1-C2	-104.1(2)
S1-N1	1.572(2)	01-S1-C1	104.4(1)	01-S1-C1-F1	-58.8(2)
S1-C1	1.835(3)	02-S1-C1	104.3(1)	02-S1-C1-F1	177.7(2)
F1-C1	1.315(3)	N1-S1-C1	101.6(1)	N1-S1-C1-F1	65.1(2)
F2-C1	1.323(3)	C2-N1-S1	126.4(2)	01-S1-C1-F2	-180.0(2)
N1-C2	1.329(3)	C2-N2-C3	129.4(2)	02-S1-C1-F2	56.5(2)
N2-C2	1.311(3)	F1-C1-F2	108.7(2)	N1-S1-C1-F2	-56.1(2)
N2-C3	1.488(3)	F1-C1-S1	110.4(2)	01-S1-C1-F3	60.2(2)
C2-C13	1.507(3)	N2-C2-N1	118.5(2)	O2-S1-C1-F3	-63.3(2)
C3-C7	1.523(3)	N2-C2-C13	116.2(2)	N1-S1-C1-F3	-175.9(2)
C3-C10	1.559(3)	N1-C2-C13	125.3(2)	C3-N2-C2-N1	-0.7(3)
C3-C4	1.618(3)	N2-C3-C7	109.6(2)	C3-N2-C2-C13	179.1(2)
C4-C5	1.557(4)	C3-C7-I1	112.8(2)	N2-C3-C7-I1	60.7(2)
C5-C6	1.538(4)	C7-C3-C10	113.9(2)	S1-N1-C2-C13	-0.2(4)
C6-C9	1.543(4)	C7-C3-C4	112.7(2)	C2-N2-C3-C7	51.4(3)

Table S2. Bond lengths, bond and torsion angles in compound 3a

Molecules of compound **3a** crystallize in monoclinic space group C 2/c. There are one molecule in the asymmetric unit. The geometry of triflimidamide fragment is near to geometry of that in other similar structures [2-4]. In molecule of compound **3a** formally double bond N1-C4 (1.329(3)Å) is longer than the ordinary bond C4-N2 (1.311(3)Å). This is the result of very strong conjugation in the triad NH-C=NTf due to strong electron-withdrawing effect of the triflyl group, as in the earlier studied by us compounds.<sup>2-4</sup>

In the crystal molecules of **3a** connected by intermolecular hydrogen bonds NH···O=S by lengths 2.180 Å (Figure S2).



Figure S2. Hydrogen bonds NH···O=S in the crystal of 3a

The single crystals of **5a** were obtained by re-crystallization from acetonitrile solution. In order to investigate the molecular structure and intermolecular interactions in the solid state, X-ray structure analysis of the single crystal of compound **5a** was carried out. The molecular structure is depicted in Figure S3. Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table S3. Principal bond distances, bond angles and torsion angles are presented in Table S4.



Figure S3. Molecular structure of compound 5a (ORTEP, 20% probability ellipsoids).

 Table S3. Crystal data, details of intensity measurements, and structure refinement for compound 5a

Empirical formula	$C_{13}H_{20}BrF_3N_2O_2S$
Formula weight / g⋅mol⁻¹	405.28
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P 2 <sub>1</sub> /c
a/Å	10.233(4)

b/Å	12.379(4)
c / Å	13.802(4)
α, β, γ / °	90, 105.009(13), 90
Volume / Å <sup>3</sup>	1688.8(10)
Ζ	4
Density (calculated) / g·cm <sup>-3</sup>	1.594
Absorptions coefficient / mm <sup>-1</sup>	2.594
Radiation (λ / Å)	ΜοΚα (0.71073)
Temperature / K	293(2)
20 range / °	4.49 - 60.64
Crystal size / mm	0.12 × 0.32 × 0.40
Crystal habit	colorless plate
F(000)	824
Index ranges	$-14 \le h \le 14, -17 \le k \le 17, -19 \le l \le 19$
Reflections collected	60138
Independent reflections	5035
Max. and min. transmission	0.4649 / 0.7460
Number of ref. parameters	202
$R_1 / wR_2 [l > 2\sigma(l)]$	0.0929 / 0.2417
$R_1 / wR_2$ (all data)	0.1864 / 0.2728
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.058
Largest diff. peak and hole / e·Å-3	1.185 / -0.819
Weight scheme	w=1/[ $\sigma^2(F_o^2)$ + (0.1339 P) <sup>2</sup> + 1.6510 P] where P=( $F_o^2$ + 2 $F_c^2$ )/3

# Table S4. Bond lengths, bond and torsion angles in compound 5a

Bond	<i>I</i> , Å	Angle	φ, <sup>°</sup>	Torsion angle	θ, °
Br1-C12	1.969(6)	01-S1-O2	117.7(3)	O1-S1-N2-C5	1.9(6)
S1-01	1.421(4)	01-S1-N2	119.1(2)	O2-S1-N2-C5	141.2(4)
S1-02	1.425(4)	02-S1-N2	109.3(2)	C6-S1-N2-C5	-109.9(5)
S1-N2	1.576(4)	O1-S1-C6	103.7(3)	C11-C2-C3-C12	-60.8(6)
S1-C6	1.832(6)	O2-S1-C6	104.2(3)	C1-C2-C3-C12	63.7(6)
F1-C6	1.327(8)	N2-S1-C6	99.8(3)	C8-C2-C3-C12	-178.5(4)

F2-C6	1.325(7)	C5-N1-C4	122.7(4)	C11-C2-C3-C10	63.0(6)
F3-C6	1.306(7)	C5-N2-S1	126.2(3)	C1-C2-C3-C10	-172.5(5)
N1-C5	1.316(6)	N1-C4-C3	114.8(4)	C8-C2-C3-C10	-54.6(4)
N1-C4	1.470(6)	N1-C4-C7	114.1(4)	C11-C2-C3-C4	170.5(5)
N2-C5	1.323(6)	N1-C5-N2	116.0(4)	C1-C2-C3-C4	-65.0(6)
C1-C2	1.541(7)	N1-C5-C13	117.0(4)	C2-C3-C4-N1	93.4(5)
C2-C3	1.561(7)	N2-C5-C13	127.0(4)	C10-C3-C4-N1	-161.0(4)
C3-C4	1.556(6)	F1-C6-S1	110.9(4)	S1-N2-C5-N1	172.0(4)
C3-C10	1.549(7)	F2-C6-S1	110.7(5)	C10-C3-C12-	66.8(5)
				Br1	
C2-C8	1.553(8)	C4-C7-C8	103.6(4)	C4-C3-C12-Br1	-54.9(5)
C8-C9	1.536(9)	C3-C12-	112.3(3)	C2-C3-C12-Br1	-176.3(3)
		Br1			

Molecules of compound **5a** crystallize in monoclinic space group P2<sub>1</sub>/c. The geometry of triflimidamide fragment is near to geometry of that in other similar structures.<sup>2-4</sup> In molecule of compound **3a** formally double bond N1-C4 (1.323(2)Å) is longer than the ordinary bond C4-N2 (1.316(2)Å). This is the result of very strong conjugation in the triad NH-C=NTf due to strong electron-withdrawing effect of the triflyl group, as in the earlier studied by us compounds.<sup>2-4</sup>

In the crystal molecules of **5a** connected by intermolecular hydrogen bonds NH···O=S by lengths 2.215 Å (Figure S4).



Figure S4. Hydrogen bonds NH...O=S in the crystal of 5a

The single crystals of **7k** were obtained by re-crystallization from diethyl ether. In order to investigate the molecular structure and intermolecular interactions in the solid state, X-ray structure analysis of the single crystal of compound **7k** was carried out. The molecular structure is depicted in Figure S5. Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table S5. Principal bond distances, bond angles and torsion angles are presented in Table S6.





**Table S5.** Crystal data, details of intensity measurements, and structure refinement for<br/>compound **7k** 

Empirical formula	$C_{13}H_{22}BrN_2O_2S$
Formula weight / g·mol⁻¹	350.29
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub> /n
a/Å	8.417(7)
b/Å	16.197(13)
c/Å	12.549(12)
α, β, γ / °	90, 107.97(3), 90
Volume / Å <sup>3</sup>	1627(2)
Ζ	4
Density (calculated) / g·cm <sup>-3</sup>	1.430
Absorptions coefficient / mm <sup>-1</sup>	2.655
Radiation (λ / Å)	ΜοΚα (0.71073)
Temperature / K	293(2)
2Θ range / °	5.03 – 60.41

Crystal size / mm	0.04 × 0.24 × 0.35
Crystal habit	colorless plate
F(000)	724
Index ranges	$-11 \le h \le 11, -20 \le k \le 22, -17 \le l \le 14$
Reflections collected	24712
Independent reflections	4684
Max. and min. transmission	0.7460 / 0.5861
Number of ref. parameters	180
$R_1 / wR_2 \ [I > 2\sigma(I)]$	0.0839 / 0.1712
R <sub>1</sub> / wR <sub>2</sub> (all data)	0.2170 / 0.2111
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.010
Largest diff. peak and hole / $e \cdot A^{-3}$	1.278 / -0.650
Weight scheme	w=1/[ $\sigma^2(F_o^2)$ + (0.0889 P) <sup>2</sup> + 0.9183P], where P=( $F_o^2$ + 2 $F_c^2$ )/3

Bond	<i>I</i> , Å	Angle	φ, <sup>°</sup>	Torsion angle	θ, °
Br1-C8	1.966(6)	02-S1-O1	115.6(2)	O2-S1-N2-C5	78.5(4)
S1-O2	1.447(4)	02-S1-N2	111.2(2)	01-S1-N2-C5	-53.5(5)
S1-01	1.450(4)	01-S1-N2	113.1(2)	C6-S1-N2-C5	-168.1(4)
S1-N2	1.603(4)	O2-S1-C6	107.8(3)	C9-C1-C2-C11	35.1(6)
S1-C6	1.760(5)	01-S1-C6	108.2(3)	C9-C1-C2-C3	-72.4(6)
N1-C5	1.324(6)	N2-S1-C6	99.6(2)	C11-C2-C3-C12	82.3(5)
N1-C4	1.503(6)	C5-N1-C4	127.7(4)	C1-C2-C3-C13	-53.4(6)
N2-C5	1.317(6)	C5-N2-S1	123.3(3)	S1-N2-C5-N1	-177.1(3)
C1-C2	1.546(8)	C2-C1-C9	103.8(4)	S1-N2-C5-C7	2.4(7)
C1-C9	1.556(9)	C11-C2-C1	101.0(5)	C4-N1-C5-N2	-5.9(7)
C2-C3	1.561(8)	C11-C2-C3	101.8(4)	C4-N1-C5-C7	174.6(4)
C3-C4	1.609(7)	C1-C2-C3	111.3(5)	N1-C4-C8-Br1	-56.9(5)
C4-C8	1.528(7)	N1-C4-C8	108.5(4)	C3-C4-C8-Br1	177.7(3)
C5-C7	1.514(7)	N2-C5-N1	120.0(4)	N1-C4-C10-C11	-83.0(4)

Table S6. Selected bond lengths, bond and torsion angles in compound 7k

Molecules of compound **7k** crystallize in monoclinic space group  $P2_1/n$ . There are four molecules in the unit cell and one molecule in the asymmetric unit. In the crystal

molecules of **7k** connected by intermolecular hydrogen bonds NH···O=S by lengths 2.098 Å (Figure S6).



Figure S6. Hydrogen bonds NH···O=S in the crystal of 7k

The single crystals of **8a** were obtained by re-crystallization from chloroform solution. In order to investigate the molecular structure and intermolecular interactions in the solid state, X-ray structure analysis of the single crystal of compound **8a** was carried out. The molecular structure is depicted in Figure S7. Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table S7.



Figure S7. Molecular structure of compound 8a

Table S7. Crystal data, details of intensity measurements, and structure refinement forcompound 8a

CCDC number	2306786
Empirical formula	$C_{11}H_{17}BrF_3NO_2S$
Formula weight	364.22
Temperature, K	150(2)

CCDC number	2306786	
Crystal system	triclinic	
Space group	P-1	
a, Å	7.6458(8)	
b, Å	8.4634(10)	
c, Å	11.3756(8)	
α, °	75.804(8)	
β, °	81.317(7)	
γ, °	85.101(9)	
Volume, Å <sup>3</sup>	704.55(13)	
Z	2	
ρ <sub>calc</sub> , g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1.717	
μ, mm <sup>-1</sup>	3.096	
F(000)	368.0	
Crystal size, mm <sup>3</sup>	0.2 × 0.17 × 0.15	
Radiation	Μο Κα	
	(λ = 0.71073)	
2Θ range for data collection, °	4.97 to 51.994	
	$-9 \le h \le 9,$	
Index ranges	$-10 \le k \le 10,$	
	-14 ≤ I ≤ 14	
Reflections collected	6375	
Independent reflections	2717 [R <sub>int</sub> = 0.0437, R <sub>sigma</sub> =	
	0.0598]	
Data/restraints/parameters	2717/0/174	
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	0.974	
Final R indexes [l≥2σ (I)]	R <sub>1</sub> = 0.0426, wR <sub>2</sub> = 0.0971	

The single crystals of **8k** were obtained by re-crystallization from diethyl ether-hexane solution. In order to investigate the molecular structure and intermolecular interactions in the solid state, X-ray structure analysis of the single crystal of compound **8k** was carried out. The molecular structure is depicted in Figure S8. Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in

Table S8. Principal bond distances, bond angles and torsion angles are presented in Table S9.



Figure S8. Molecular structure of compound 8k (ORTEP, 20% probability ellipsoids).

**Table S8.** Crystal data, details of intensity measurements, and structure refinement for<br/>compound **8k** 

Empirical formula	C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>20</sub> BrNO <sub>2</sub> S
Formula weight / g·mol⁻¹	310.25
Crystal system	triclinic
Space group	P-1
a/Å	7.546(4)
b/Å	8.634(4)
c / Å	10.975(5)
α, β, γ / °	75.459(14), 80.375(16), 83.214(15)
Volume / Å <sup>3</sup>	680.2(5)
Z	2
Density (calculated) / g·cm <sup>-3</sup>	1.515
Absorptions coefficient / mm <sup>-1</sup>	3.163
Radiation (λ / Å)	ΜοΚα (0.71073)
Temperature / K	293(2)
2Ø range / °	3.68 - 60.36
Crystal size / mm	0.05 × 0.35 × 0.42
Crystal habit	yellow plate
F(000)	320

Index ranges	-10 ≤ h ≤ 10, -12 ≤ k ≤ 12, -15 ≤ l ≤ 15
Reflections collected	20988
Independent reflections	3982
Max. and min. transmission	0.7460 / 0.3260
Number of ref. parameters	148
$R_1 / wR_2 \ [I > 2\sigma(I)]$	0.0775 / 0.1720
$R_1 / wR_2$ (all data)	0.1647 / 0.1989
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.034
Largest diff. peak and hole / e·Å <sup>-3</sup>	0.526 / -0.870
Weight scheme	w=1/[ $\sigma^2(F_o^2)$ + (0.0742 P) <sup>2</sup> + 1.1921P], where P=( $F_o^2$ + 2 $F_c^2$ )/3

Table S9. Selected bond lengths, bond and torsion angles in compound 8k

Bond	<i>I</i> , Å	Angle	φ, °	Torsion angle	θ, °
Br1-C11	1.966(5)	02-S1-O1	118.1(3)	02-S1-N1-C2	-39.1(5)
S1-O2	1.428(4)	O2-S1-N1	108.1(2)	01-S1-N1-C2	-167.2(4)
S1-O1	1.441(4)	01-S1-N1	106.9(2)	C1-S1-N1-C2	78.5(5)
S1-N1	1.613(4)	02-S1-C1	108.8(4)	S1-N1-C2-C3	-165.5(3)
S1-C1	1.759(7)	01-S1-C1	106.5(4)	S1-N1-C2-C9	79.0(5)
N1-C2	1.463(6)	N1-S1-C1	108.2(3)	N1-C2-C3-C11	39.4(6)
C2-C3	1.554(6)	C2-N1-S1	121.4(3)	C9-C2-C3-C11	161.2(4)
C2-C9	1.557(7)	N1-C2-C3	113.8(4)	N1-C2-C3-C4	165.3(4)
C3-C11	1.512(6)	N1-C2-C9	112.8(4)	C9-C2-C3-C4	-73.0(5)
C3-C4	1.557(6)	C3-C2-C9	101.9(4)	N1-C2-C3-C6	-88.6(5)
C3-C6	1.575(7)	C11-C3-C2	117.5(4)	C9-C2-C3-C6	33.2(5)
C4-C5	1.550(8)	C11-C3-C4	112.7(4)	C11-C3-C4-C5	-157.8(4)
C5-C8	1.531(10)	C2-C3-C4	104.7(4)	C2-C3-C4-C5	73.5(5)
C6-C7	1.534(8)	C3-C11-	112.4(3)	C4-C3-C11-Br1	-62.8(5)
		Br1			

Molecules of compound **8k** crystallize in triclinic space group P-1. There are two molecules in the unit cell and one molecule in the asymmetric unit. In the crystal molecules of **8k** connected by intermolecular hydrogen bonds NH<sup>...</sup>O=S by lengths 2.333 Å (Figure S9).



Figure S9. Hydrogen bonds NH...O=S in the crystal of 8k

References:

- 1. G.M. Sheldrick, Acta Crystallogr, **2008**, D64, 112.
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- Moskalik M. Yu., Shainyan B. A., Ushakov I. A., Sterkhova I. V., Astakhova V. V., Tetrahedron 2020, 76,131018.
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## NMR spectra



## Figure S10. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 3a



Figure S12. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (*J-mod*) spectrum of compound 3a



											1									<u> </u>	
1	.90	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	100	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	0	-1
f1 (мд)																					



Figure S14. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 3b





Figure S17. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 3c



Figure S18. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 3d





Figure S21. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 3e



Figure S22. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 3f





Figure S25. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 3g



Figure S26. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 3h



60







Figure S31. <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectrum of compound 3i



Figure S34. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 4





Figure S36. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (J-mod) spectrum of compound 4



#### 13000 — 169.44 $\sim$ 125.51 $\sim$ 122.33 $\sim$ 119.16 $\sim$ 118.28 $\sim$ 115.98 -- 53.39 -- 49.96 -- 47.47 $\sim \frac{39.25}{35.53}$ $< \frac{35.53}{35.20}$ $\int_{-20.74}^{-27.03} \sum_{-20.78}^{-21.80} \sum_{-20.74}^{-20.74}$ --- 59.82 12000 11000 20.78 20.74 20.74 20.74 - 10000 8000 NSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub> 6000 9000 Ме 4000 Rr 8000 5a <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>CN) 2000 - 7000 0 21.5 f1 (ppm) 22.0 21.0 20.5 6000 - 5000 4000 - 3000 - 2000 - 1000 - 0 40 110 100 90 80 f1 (ppm) 50 20 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 70 60 30 10 0 -10 190 Figure S39. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (J-mod) spectrum of compound 5a - 2600 125.51 122.34 119.16 119.16 118.29 115.97 $\begin{array}{c|c} & - & 59.82 \\ & - & 53.39 \\ & - & 49.96 \\ & - & 47.47 \\ & - & 39.25 \\ & - & 35.50 \\ & - & 35.50 \\ & - & 21.80 \\ & - & 21.80 \\ & - & 21.80 \\ & - & 20.78 \\ & - & 20.74 \end{array}$ - 2400 - 2200 20.78 20.74 - 2000 -- 21.80 1800 NSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub> - 1600 Me - 1400 Br 5a <sup>13</sup>C NMR (*J-mod*) (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) - 1200 21.5 21.0 f1 (ppm) 22.0 20.5 - 1000 800 600 400 200 0 -200 -400 -600 -800 -1000 -1200 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 f1 (ppm) -20 30 20 10 -10 90 80 70 60 50 40 ò

### Figure S38. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 5a





### 







Figure S46. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 5h




Figure S50. <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectrum of compound 5i

















Figure S66. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 7g



Figure S68. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 7h



Figure S70. <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectrum of compound 7h





40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -220 -230 -240 -250 -260 -270 -280 -290 f1 (мд)







Figure S79. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 8a





Figure S81. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 8b





Figure S84. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 8c











Figure S92. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 8g





40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -220 -230 -240 -250 -260 -270 -280 -290 f1 (мд)

## Figure S96. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 8i















Figure S106. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of compound 10





Figure S109. <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of compound 12






Figure S113. <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectrum of compound 13





-79.0 -79.2 -79.4 -79.6 -79.8 -80.0 -80.2 -80.4 -80.6 -80.8 -81.0 -81.2 -81.4 -81.6 -81.8 -82.0 -82.2 -82.4 -82.6 -82.8 f1 (мд)

















MA 8'' 8' 6' 5' 7 4 1 6' -0.5 5' 109 1.0 6''ю ) 1.5 5''-6 1 2.0 6' R 2.5 4 f1 (мд) HO 3.0 12 2D COSY NMR (CDCl3) 3.5 7  $\frac{\theta}{2}$  a 4.0 1 4.5 d 8' 91 8'' 5.0 0 3.0 f2 (мд) 4.0 5.0 4.5 3.5 2.5 2.0 1.5 0.5 1.0 8" 8' 7 4 6' 1 5 6 10 0.5 5 -109 1.0 . • 6'' . 1.5 5'' 1 2.0 00 90 œ ¢ ¢1 6' 2.5 f1 (мд) 4 HO 3.0 12 2D COSY-LR NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 3.5 1000 7 11 11 4.0 -4.5 , ø 1 8' 0 ø 8'' 5.0 3.0 f2 (мд) 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.5 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5

2D-NMR spectra of compounds Figure S126. 2D COSY spectrum of compound 12



Λ 8'' 8' 7 Ą i. 9 -25 0 0 0 10 30 5 но 35 6 12 2D HMBC NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 40 2 Ň f1 (мд) Ő 45 1 - 50 0 0 ŧ - 55 08 4 6 6 0 - 60 65 4.2 4.1 4.0 3.9 3.8 3.7 3.6 3.5 3.4 3.3 f2 (мд) 5.1 5.0 4.9 4.8 4.7 4.6 4.5 4.4 4.3 8'' 8' 9 25 10 30 5 35 6 40 00 2 0 0 45 1 50 f1 (мд) 55 4 00 0 6 60 65 HO

Figure S129. 2D <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>13</sup>C HMBC spectrum of compound 12

4.75

5.05

5.00

4.95

4.90

4.85

4.80

0

4.65

4.60

4.55

4.70

f2 (мд)

-70

- 75 - 80 - 85

12 2D HMBC NMR (CDCI<sub>3</sub>)

4.50

4.45

4.40

4.35



HRMS (ESI) data



Figure S130. HRMS (ESI) of compound 3a



#### Figure S131. HRMS (ESI) of compound 3d











Figure S134. HRMS (ESI) of compound 7a







## Figure S136. HRMS (ESI) of compound 7f











#### Figure S139. HRMS (ESI) of compound 7k











#### Figure S142. HRMS (ESI) of compound 8k





### Figure S144. HRMS (ESI) of compound 10





# Figure S145. HRMS (ESI) of compound 17