

Supporting Information

Rh(III)-Catalyzed Redox-Neutral C–H Activation/Annulation of Oxadiazolones with Sulfoxonium Ylides to access oxadiazoloisoquinolinone

Pothapragada SK Prabhakar Ganesh,^{‡a} Eswaran Kamaraj,^{‡b} Vairaperumal Veeramani,^c Rajaram Rajmohan,^{*d} Muthuraja Perumal,^{*d}

^a Department of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Science Education and Research (IISER), Tirupati, 517 507, India.

^b Department of Chemistry, Yeungnam University, Gyeongsan 38541, Republic of Korea.

^c Organic Chemistry Division, Syngene International Limited, Bangalore, Karnataka, 560 099, India,

^d School of Chemical Engineering, Yeungnam University, Gyeongsan 38541, Republic of Korea.

E-mail: pmuthuraja.chem@yu.ac.kr ; rajmohanau@yu.ac.kr

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1.0 General remarks

All chemicals were obtained from commercial sources and were used as received unless otherwise noted. All the required anhydrous solvents were purchased from Sigma Aldrich. Reactions were monitored using precoated Aluminum supported silica gel 60 F254 TLC (thin layer chromatography) plates (Merck) and are visualized by UV light at 254 nm. All the final products were purified using column chromatography (100-200 mesh silica gel purchased from Merck). ¹H NMR (400 MHz), ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz), and ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) spectra were recorded on the Bruker AVANCE NEO 400 MHz spectrometer. Deuterated chloroform, DMSO-d₆ were used as solvents, and Chemical shifts (δ) for ¹H and ¹³C-NMR spectra are given in ppm relative to tetramethylsilane (TMS) [δ 7.27 for 1H (chloroform-d), δ 77.0 for 13C (chloroform-d); δ 2.50 for 1H (DMSO- d₆), δ 39.52 for 13C (DMSO-d₆)], ¹⁹F-NMR spectra are not externally calibrated and chemical shifts are given relative to CCl₃F as received from automatic data processing. Abbreviations used in the NMR follow-up experiments: br, broad; s, singlet; d, doublet; t, triplet; q, quartet; sep, septet; dd, doublet of doublet; m, multiplet. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were obtained from Orbitrap Elite HybridIon Trap-Orbitrap (Thermofischer scientific, Newington, NH, USA) Mass Spectrometer in electrospray ionization mode (ESI+) and Agilent Bio-QTOF-6545XT high resolution mass spectrometer in electrospray ionization mode (ESI+). X-ray data for the compound was collected on a Bruker D8 VENTURE diffractometer instrument with an I μ S 3.0 Mo source (λ = 0.7107 Å) and a PHOTON-III C28 detector.

Sulfoxonium ylides¹ (**2a-2p**), and 1,2,4-oxadiazol-5(2H)-one² (**1a-1k**) were prepared according to the literature procedures.

Table S1: Sulfoxonium ylides

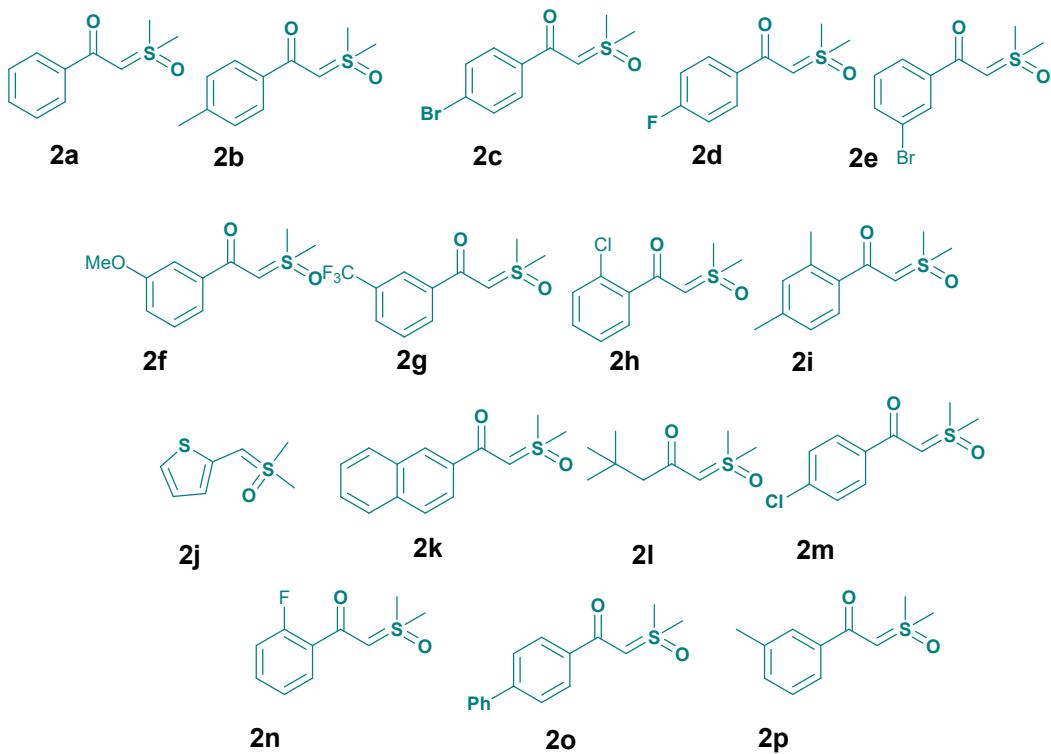
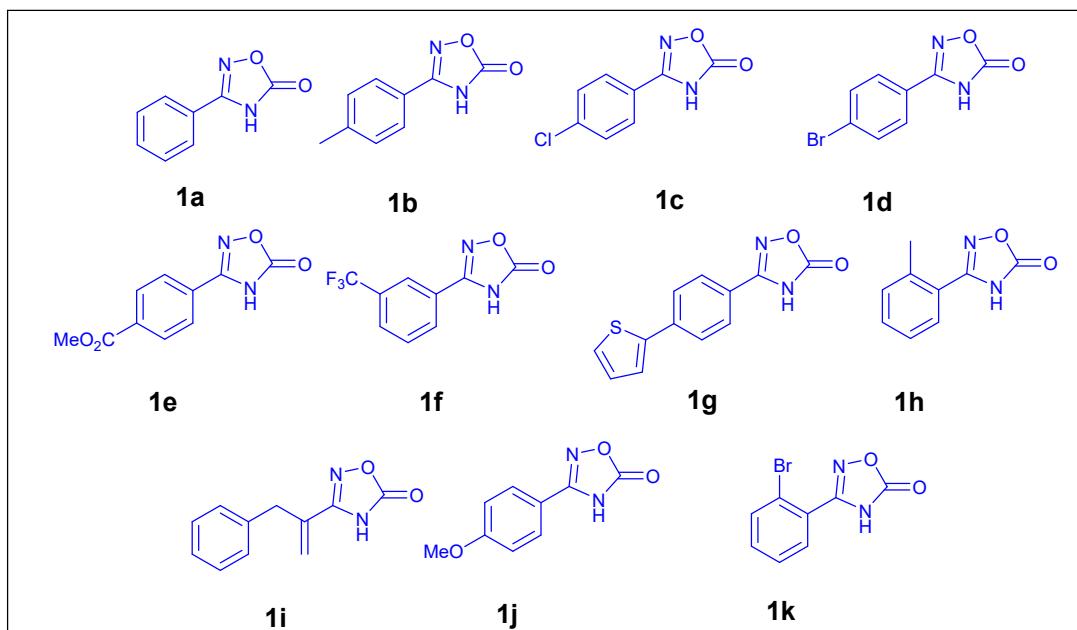


Table S2: Synthesized 1,2,4-oxadiazol-5(2H)-one



2 Experimental section

2.0 General procedure for the synthesis of compound **3a**

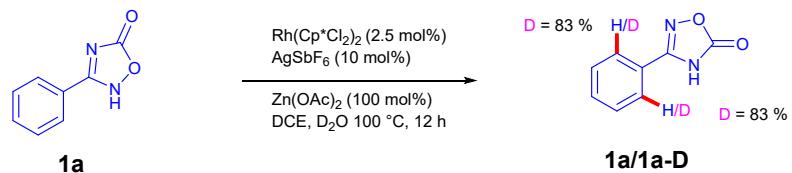
In a 10-mL screw cap reaction vial, 3-(*p*-tolyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5(4H)-one **1b** (18.0 mg, 0.1 mmol), phenyl sulfoxonium ylide **2a** (43.2 mg, 0.22 mmol), zinc acetate (18.3 mg, 0.1 mmol), [RhCp*Cl₂]₂ (1.23 mg, 2 mol%), Agsbf₆ (6.9 mg, 20 mol%), and 1.0 mL DCE were added. Then the reaction mixture was sealed with a screw cap after flushing with nitrogen and placed in oil bath at 100 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 12 h. After completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, filtered through a short silica gel bed (100-200 mesh), and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified on a flash column chromatography using hexane/ethyl acetate (8:2) to afford the desired product **3a** in 30.12 mg, 73% yield.

2.1 Representative 4 mmol scale synthesis of (**3a**)

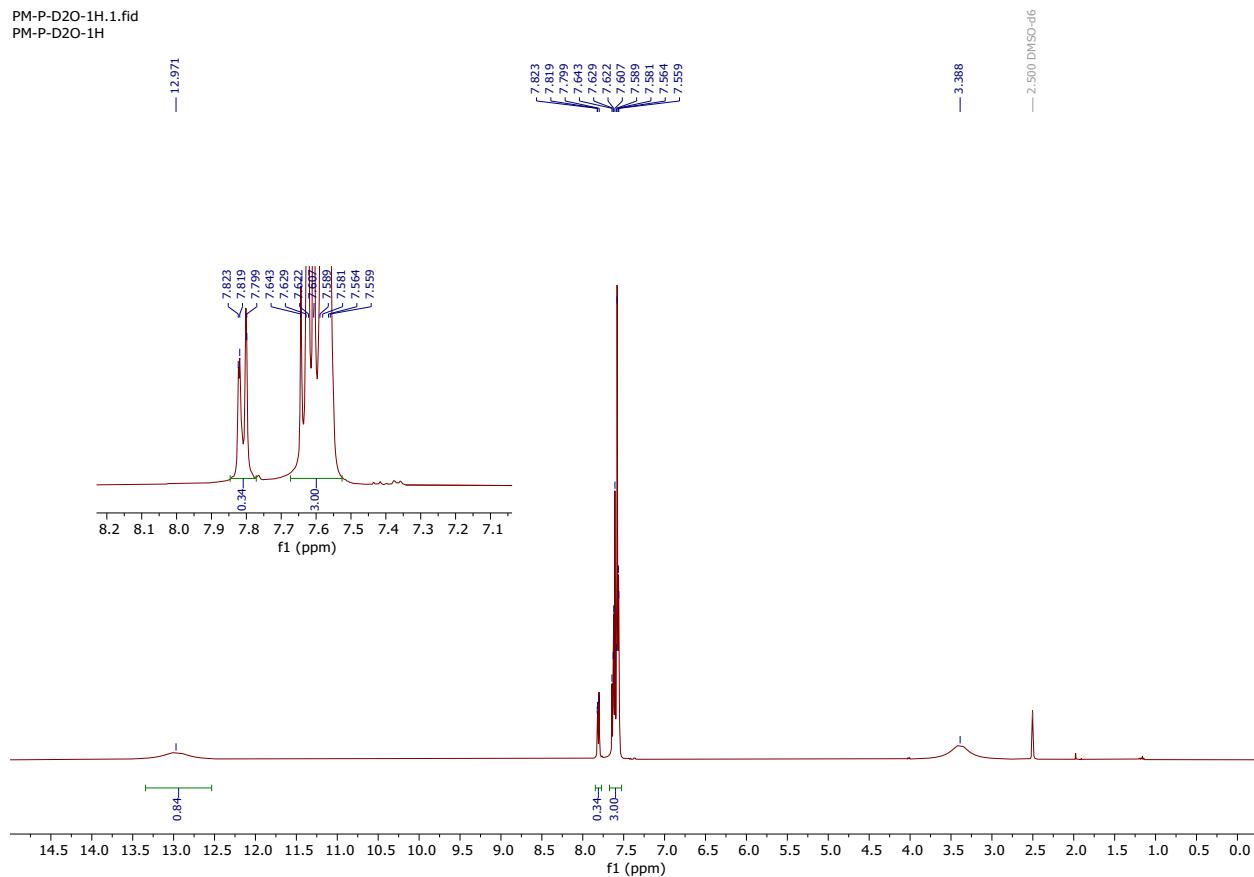
In a 25-mL screw cap reaction vial, 3-(*p*-tolyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5(4H)-one **1b** (180 mg, 1.0 mmol), phenyl sulfoxonium ylide **1a** (432 mg, 2.2 mmol), zinc acetate (183 mg, 1.0 mmol), [RhCp*Cl₂]₂ (12.3 mg, 2 mol%), Agsbf₆ (69 mg, 20 mol%), and 10 mL DCE were added. Then the reaction mixture was sealed with a screw cap after flushing with nitrogen and placed in oil bath at 100 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 12 h. After completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, filtered through a short silica gel bed (100-200 mesh), and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified on a flash column chromatography using hexane/ethyl acetate (8:2) to afford the desired product **3a** in 284.4 mg, 69% yield.

3.0 Control experiments:

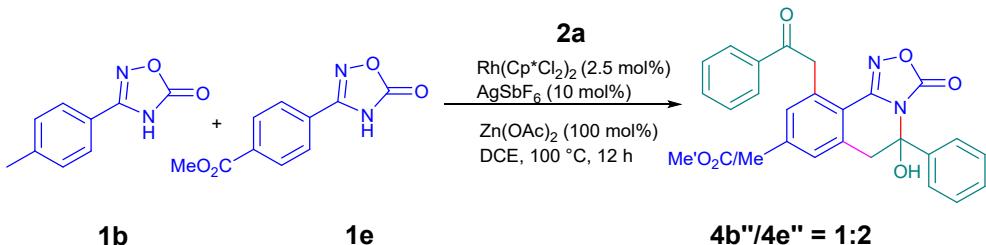
Deuterium incorporation studies



In a 10-mL screw cap reaction vial, 3-(*p*-tolyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5(4H)-one **2a** (18.0 mg, 0.1 mmol), zinc acetate (18.3 mg, 0.1 mmol), [RhCp*Cl₂]₂ (1.23 mg, 2 mol%), Agsbf₆ (6.9 mg, 20 mol%), D₂O (40.06 mg, 2.0 mmol), and 1.0 mL DCE were added. Then the reaction mixture was sealed with a screw cap after flushing with nitrogen and placed in oil bath at 100 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 12 h. After completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, filtered through a short silica gel bed (100–200 mesh), and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified on a flash column chromatography using hexane/ethyl acetate (8:2) to afford the desired deuterio **1a-D** in 12.14 mg, 74% yield. The incorporation of deuterium was calculated from ¹H NMR spectrum.

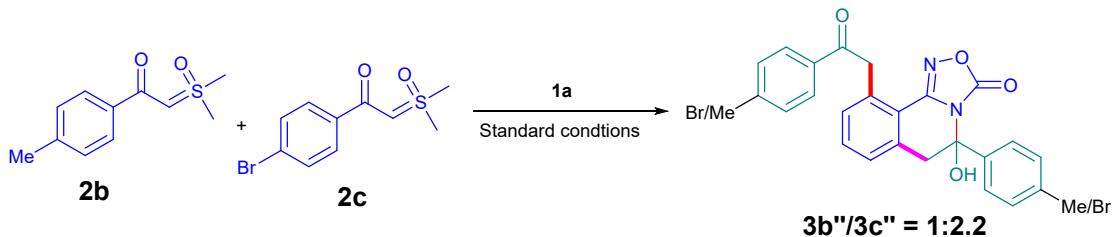


3.1 Competitive experiment between the oxadiazolone



In a 10-mL screw cap reaction vial, 3-(p-tolyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5(4H)-one **1b** (8.8 mg, 0.05 mmol), methyl 4-(5-oxo-4,5-dihydro-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)benzoate **1e** (11.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), phenyl sulfoxonium ylide **1a** (43.2 mg, 0.22 mmol), zinc acetate (18.3 mg, 0.1 mmol), $[\text{RhCp}^*\text{Cl}_2]_2$ (1.23 mg, 2 mol%), AgSbF_6 (6.9 mg, 20 mol%), and 1.0 mL DCE were added. Then the reaction mixture was sealed with a screw cap after flushing with nitrogen and placed in oil bath at 100 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 12 h. After completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, filtered through a short silica gel bed (100-200 mesh), and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified on a flash column chromatography using hexane/ethyl acetate (8:2) to afford the desired product **4b''/4e''** in 1:2 ratio

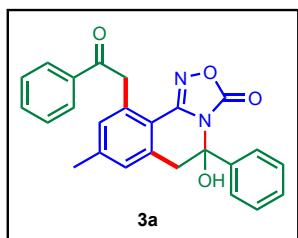
3.2 Competitive experiment between the sulfoxonium ylide



In a 10-mL screw cap reaction vial, 4-methyl-phenyl sulfoxonium ylide **2b** (46.26 mg, 2.2 mmol), 4-methyl-phenyl sulfoxonium ylide **2c** (60.53 mg, 2.2 mmol), 3-phenyl-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5(4H)-one **1a** (8.10 mg, 0.05 mmol), phenyl sulfoxonium ylide **1a** (43.2 mg, 0.22 mmol), zinc acetate (18.3 mg, 0.1 mmol), $[\text{RhCp}^*\text{Cl}_2]_2$ (1.23 mg, 2 mol%), AgSbF_6 (6.9 mg, 20 mol%), and 1.0 mL DCE were added. Then the reaction mixture was sealed with a screw cap after flushing with nitrogen and placed in oil bath at 100 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at the same temperature for 12 h. After completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, filtered through a short silica gel bed (100-200 mesh), and concentrated under vacuum. The crude product was purified on a flash column chromatography using hexane/ethyl acetate (8:2) to afford the desired product **3b''/3c''** in 1:2.2 ratio

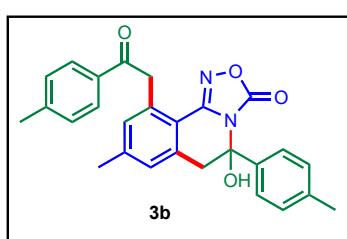
4.0 Characterization Data

5-Hydroxy-8-methyl-10-(2-oxo-2-phenylethyl)-5-phenyl-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3a)



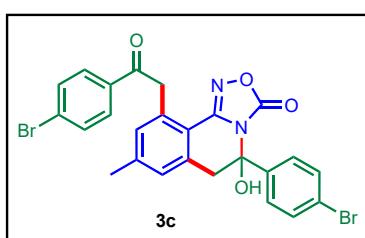
Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 30.10 mg, 73%); white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 186-187 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.61 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.39 – 7.29 (m, 5H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 4.93 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.68 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (s, 3H); **13C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.0, 157.2, 154.6, 143.3, 140.3, 137.0, 135.0, 134.3, 133.3, 132.8, 129.3, 129.0, 129.0, 128.7, 128.3, 124.8, 116.8, 86.2, 45.5, 45.1, 21.5; **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₅H₂₁N₂O₄⁺ [M+H⁺] 413.1496, found 413.1496.

5-Hydroxy-8-methyl-10-(2-oxo-2-(*p*-tolyl)ethyl)-5-(*p*-tolyl)-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3b)



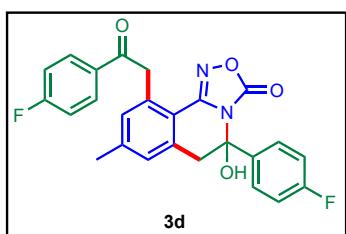
Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 33.92 mg, 77%); light brown solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 196-198 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.84 – 6.74 (m, 1H), 4.83 (d, *J* = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, *J* = 17.0 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H). **13C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.9, 157.2, 154.6, 143.1, 140.3, 138.8, 137.0, 135.1, 134.3, 134.0, 132.7, 130.0, 128.9, 128.7, 125.4, 121.7, 116.8, 86.22, 45.49, 45.04, 21.52, 21.47, 21.44. δ 204.01, 177.82, 174.88, 159.85, 152.49, 138.43, 135.54, 129.27, 127.64, 125.99, 124.53, 124.31, 114.79, 55.67, 44.21, 41.59, 37.67, 29.95. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₇H₂₅N₂O₄⁺ [M+H⁺] 441.1809, found 441.1800.

5-(4-bromophenyl)-10-(2-(4-bromophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-5-hydroxy-8-methyl-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3c)



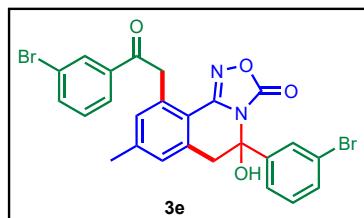
Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 35.97 mg, 66%); brown solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 186-197 °C; **1H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 5.19 (s, 1H), 4.90 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.32 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H). **13C NMR** (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.0, 157.1, 154.4, 143.7, 139.4, 135.7, 134.8, 134.1, 133.0, 132.2, 132.1, 129.9, 129.8, 129.2, 128.6, 126.7, 123.7, 116.7, 85.9, 45.4, 45.0, 21.6. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₅H₁₉Br₂N₂O₄⁺ [M+H⁺] 571.9706, found 571.9701.

5-(4-Fluorophenyl)-10-(2-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-5-hydroxy-8-methyl-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3d)



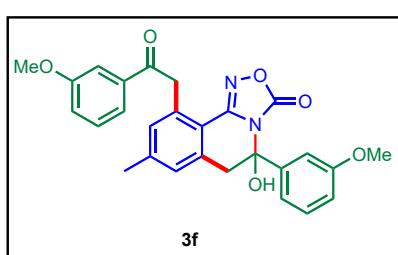
Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 29.60 mg, 66%); off white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 229-231 °C; **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.08 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 5.14 (s, 1H), 4.93 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.4, 167.2(d, ¹J_{CF} = 253.1 Hz), 164.4(d, ¹J_{CF} = 247.4 Hz), 157.2, 154.5, 143.6, 136.3(d, ⁴J_{CF} = 3.2 Hz), 134.5, 134.2, 133.5(d, ⁴J_{CF} = 3.2 Hz), 132.9, 131.0(d, ³J_{CF} = 9.3 Hz), 129.1, 126.9(d, ³J_{CF} = 8.5 Hz), 116.8, 116.1(d, ²J_{CF} = 21.7 Hz), 116.0(d, ²J_{CF} = 21.7 Hz), 85.9, 45.4, 45.2, 21.6. **¹⁹F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -104.91, -112.36. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₅H₁₉F₂N₂O₄⁺ [M+H⁺] 449.1307, found 449.1302.

5-(3-Bromophenyl)-10-(2-(3-bromophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-5-hydroxy-8-methyl-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3e)



Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 31.36 mg, 55%); white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 196-198 °C; **¹H NMR** (600 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) **¹H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 (s, 1H), 7.99 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (s, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (s, 1H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 4.88 (d, *J* = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 17.4 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (d, *J* = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.6, 157.0, 154.3, 143.7, 142.6, 138.7, 136.2, 134.6, 134.0, 133.0, 132.5, 131.3, 130.5, 130.4, 129.2, 128.3, 126.9, 123.5, 123.3, 123.1, 116.7, 85.4, 45.6, 45.1, 21.6. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₅H₁₉Br₂N₂O₄⁺ [M+H⁺] 571.9706, found 571.9711.

5-Hydroxy-5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-10-(2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-8-methyl-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3f)

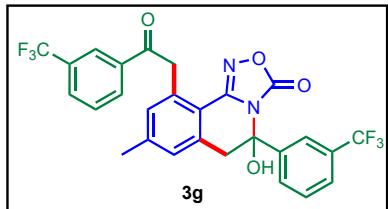


Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 37.32 mg, 79%); white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 7.5:2.5, V/V). Melting point: 193-195 °C; **¹H NMR** (600 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (s, 1H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 6.93 – 6.84 (m, 3H), 5.16 (s, 1H), 4.93 (d, *J* = 17.5 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.73 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 3.41 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.4, 167.2(d, ¹J_{CF} = 253.1 Hz), 164.4(d, ¹J_{CF} = 247.4 Hz), 157.2, 154.5, 143.6, 136.3(d, ⁴J_{CF} = 3.2 Hz), 134.5, 134.2, 133.5(d, ⁴J_{CF} = 3.2 Hz), 132.9, 131.0(d, ³J_{CF} = 9.3 Hz), 129.1, 126.9(d, ³J_{CF} = 8.5 Hz), 116.8, 116.1(d, ²J_{CF} = 21.7 Hz), 116.0(d, ²J_{CF} = 21.7 Hz), 85.9, 45.4, 45.2, 21.6. **¹⁹F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -104.91, -112.36. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₂₅H₂₁O₅N₂⁺ [M+H⁺] 449.1307, found 449.1302.

CDCl_3) δ 196.7, 160.0, 159.9, 157.2, 154.5, 143.3, 142.1, 138.4, 135.1, 134.3, 132.8, 130.1, 129.7, 129.0, 120.9, 119.6, 117.0, 116.8, 114.8, 112.7, 110.6, 86.09, 55.5, 55.4, 45.6, 45.0, 21.5.

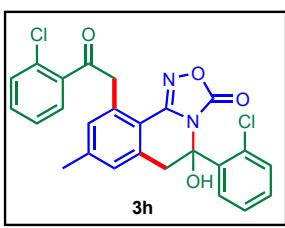
HR-MS (ESI) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6^+$ [M+H $^+$] 473.1707, found 324. 473.1702.

5-Hydroxy-8-methyl-10-(2-oxo-2-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)ethyl)-5-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3g)



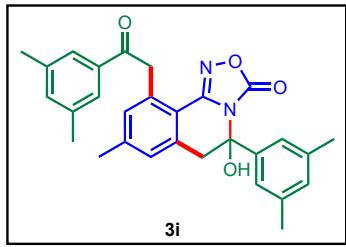
Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 27.97 mg, 51%); white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 183-185 °C; **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.30 (s, 1H), 8.25 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.67 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 5.28 (s, 1H), 4.96 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 195.6, 156.8, 154.2, 143.7, 141.3, 137.4, 134.3, 133.8, 133.0, 132.0 (q, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 32.5 Hz), 131.4, 130.8 (q, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 32.5 Hz), 129.8 (q, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 3.7 Hz), 129.4, 129.2, 128.1, 127.8 (q, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 270.7 Hz), 126.2 (q, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 3.6 Hz), 125.0 (q, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 3.6 Hz), 121.1 (q, $J_{\text{C}-\text{F}}$ = 3.6 Hz), 116.5, 85.4, 45.5, 45.1, 21.4. **HR-MS (ESI)** m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{19}\text{F}_6\text{N}_2\text{O}_4^+$ [M+H $^+$] 549.1244, found 549.1238.

5-(2-Chlorophenyl)-10-(2-(2-chlorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-5-hydroxy-8-methyl-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3h)



Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 30.80 mg, 64%); light brown solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2 V/V). Melting point: 161-163 °C; **¹H NMR** (600 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.03 (t, J = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (dt, J = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (ddd, J = 8.0, 2.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.10 (dt, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 5.18 (s, 1H), 4.89 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.36 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 195.7, 157.0, 154.4, 143.7, 142.4, 138.5, 135.2, 135.1, 134.6, 134.0, 133.3, 133.0, 130.3, 130.1, 129.6, 129.2, 128.4, 126.4, 125.4, 123.0, 116.7, 85.6, 21.6. **HR-MS (ESI)** m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{19}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_4^+$ [M+H $^+$] 481.0716, found 481.0700.

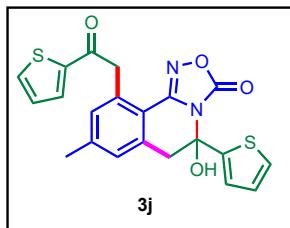
5-(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)-10-(2-(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-5-hydroxy-8-methyl-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3i)



Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 36.54 mg, 81%); white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 186-188 °C; **¹H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.68 (s, 2H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 6.91 (s, 3H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.37 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 6H), 2.32 (s, 4H), 2.30 (s, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 197.0, 157.4,

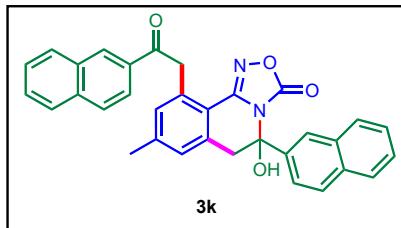
154.8, 143.1, 140.3, 138.6, 138.3, 137.2, 135.31, 134.9, 134.4, 132.7, 131.0, 128.9, 126.0, 122.6, 116.9, 86.3, 45.6, 45.0, 21.5, 21.4, 21.4. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{29}H_{29}N_2O_4^+ [M+H^+]$ 469.2122, found 469.2122.

5-Hydroxy-8-methyl-10-(2-oxo-2-(thiophen-2-yl)ethyl)-5-(thiophen-2-yl)-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3j)



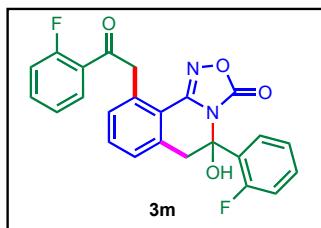
Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 27.16 mg, 64%); white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 180-182 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.57 (d, $J = 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.87 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 6.84 – 6.74 (m, 1H), 4.83 (d, $J = 17.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.59 (d, $J = 17.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H). **13C NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 195.4, 156.9, 154.2, 143.6, 142.5, 138.6, 136.1, 134.5, 133.9, 132.5, 131.2, 130.4, 129.1, 126.7, 123.4, 123.2, 116.6, 85.4, 45.5, 44.9, 21.5. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{21}H_{17}N_2O_4S_2^+ [M+H^+]$ 425.0624, found 425.0616.

5-Hydroxy-8-methyl-5-(naphthalen-2-yl)-10-(2-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3k)



Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 39.98 mg, 78%); off white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 198-200 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.67 (s, 1H), 8.15 (dd, $J = 8.2, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.92 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 7.86 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.84 – 7.78 (m, 1H), 7.71 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.67 – 7.56 (m, 3H), 7.54 – 7.47 (m, 3H), 7.07 (s, 1H), 6.90 (s, 1H), 5.25 (s, 1H), 5.18 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.47 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.29 (s, 3H). **13C NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 196.8, 157.4, 154.9, 143.4, 137.4, 135.9, 135.2, 134.5, 134.4, 133.5, 132.9, 132.9, 132.7, 130.0, 129.8, 129.3, 129.1, 128.9, 128.6, 128.6, 127.9, 127.6, 127.0, 126.9, 126.8, 124.4, 124.1, 122.4, 117.1, 86.6, 45.6, 45.1, 21.5. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{33}H_{25}N_2O_4^+ [M+H^+]$ 513.1809, found 513.1801.

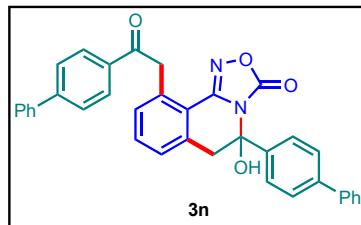
5-(2-Fluorophenyl)-10-(2-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-5-hydroxy-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3m)



Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 32.15 mg, 74%); off white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 182-184 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.96 (d, $J = 7$ Hz, 1H), 7.88 – 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.63 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.35 (d, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 7.17 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.12 (td, $J = 8.4, 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 5.45 (s, 1H), 5.03 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.79 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.52 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H). **13C NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 195.8, 164.27 (d, ${}^1J_{C-F} = 246.4$

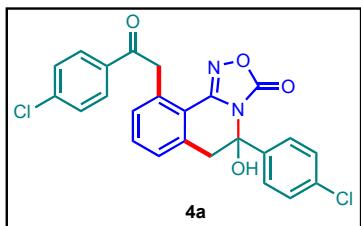
Hz), 164.22 (d, $^1J_{C-F} = 246.4$ Hz), 157.0, 154.3, 142.7 (d, $^3J_{C-F} = 6.6$ Hz), 138.9 (d, $^3J_{C-F} = 6.4$ Hz), 134.8, 134.2, 132.8, 132.1, 130.7 (d, $^3J_{C-F} = 7.9$ Hz), 130.5 (d, $^3J_{C-F} = 7.9$ Hz), 129.5, 126.1, 124.1 (d, $^4J_{C-F} = 2.9$ Hz), 120.64, 120.4, 119.4, 116.6 (d, $^2J_{C-F} = 21.0$ Hz), 115.2 (d, $^1J_{C-F} = 22.2$ Hz), 112.7 (d, $^2J_{C-F} = 23.6$ Hz), 85.6, 45.8, 45.2. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{24}H_{17}F_2N_2O_4^+ [M+H^+]$ 435.1151, found 435.1144.

5-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-10-(2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2-oxoethyl)-5-hydroxy-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (3n)



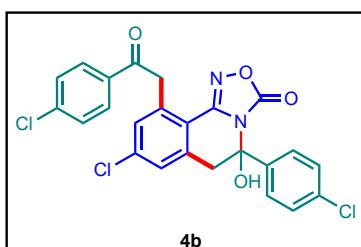
Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 45.70 mg, 83%); off white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 198–200 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.16 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.75 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H), 7.57 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.51 – 7.46 (m, 5H), 7.46 – 7.40 (m, 5H), 7.35 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 5.05 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.76 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.48 (s, 1H), 3.75 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.49 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H). **^{13}C NMR** (125 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 196.7, 161.7, 157.3, 157.1, 154.6, 146.1, 142.2, 140.0, 138.9, 135.7, 135.3, 134.5, 132.6, 132.6, 132.0, 129.4, 129.0, 128.9, 127.8, 127.7, 127.4, 127.1, 126.1, 125.4, 122.6, 119.6, 86.2, 45.8, 45.4. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{36}H_{27}N_2O_4^+ [M+H^+]$ 551.1965, found 551.1975.

5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-10-(2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-5-hydroxy-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-onedione (4a)



Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 34.11 mg, 79%); off white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 191–193 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.00 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.47 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.33 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.22 (m, 4H), 7.14 (d, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.12 (s, 1H), 4.96 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.72 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.39 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H). **^{13}C NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 195.6, 157.0, 154.4, 139.9, 138.7, 135.5, 135.3, 135.0, 134.2, 132.7, 132.1, 131.6, 129.7, 129.3, 129.1, 129.0, 128.5, 126.4, 119.6, 85.8, 45.6, 45.2. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{24}H_{17}Cl_2N_2O_4^+ [M+H^+]$ 467.0560, found 467.0566.

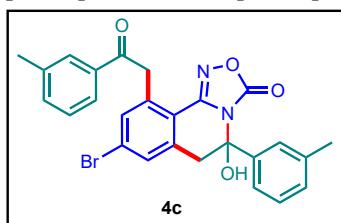
8-Chloro-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-10-(2-(4-chlorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-5-hydroxy-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (4b)



Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 33.11 mg, 66%); white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 189–190 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.00 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 4H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 4.96 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, $J = 17.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.37 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H). **^{13}C NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 195.0, 156.8, 153.9, 140.1, 138.8, 138.4, 136.8,

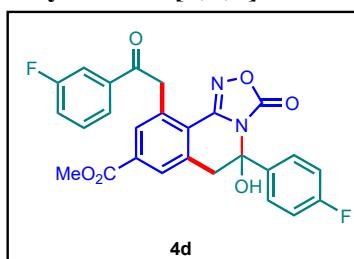
135.8, 135.7, 135.0, 132.2, 131.6, 129.7, 129.4, 129.2, 129.0, 128.5, 126.4, 118.2, 85.7, 45.4, 45.1. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{24}H_{17}Cl_3N_2O_4^+ [M+H^+]$ 501.0170, found 501.0162.

8-bromo-5-hydroxy-10-(2-oxo-2-(*m*-tolyl)ethyl)-5-(*m*-tolyl)-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (4c)



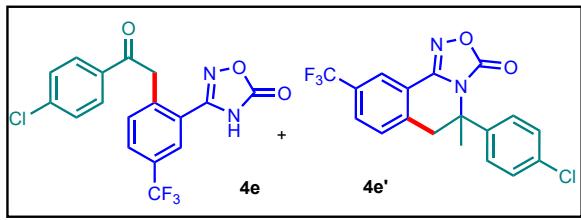
Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 34.37 mg, 68%); white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 170–172 °C; 400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.84 (s, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.27 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (s, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (s, 1H), 4.98 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.63 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, J = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 196.1, 157.0, 154.1, 139.9, 139.1, 138.6, 138.4, 137.2, 136.8, 136.1, 134.3, 132.0, 130.4, 129.0, 128.8, 128.7, 128.3, 125.5, 125.4, 121.8, 118.4, 86.2, 45.5, 45.0, 21.6, 21.5. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{26}H_{22}BrN_2O_4^+ [M+H^+]$ 505.0757, found 505.0748.

Methyl 5-(4-fluorophenyl)-10-(2-(3-fluorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-5-hydroxy-3-oxo-5,6-dihydro-3*H*-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinoline-8-carboxylate (4d)



Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 35.46, 72%); brown solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 171–172 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 8.08 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J = 8.8, 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (t, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 5.04 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.70 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.76 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (d, J = 16.0 Hz, 1H). **^{13}C NMR** (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 194.7, 167.3(d, $^1J_{C-F}$ = 253.6 Hz), 165.5, 164.5(d, $^1J_{C-F}$ = 247.8 Hz), 156.8, 154.0, 135.7(d, $^4J_{C-F}$ = 3.2 Hz), 135.5, 134.6, 133.5, 133.2(d, $^4J_{C-F}$ = 2.9 Hz), 132.8, 131.0(d, $^3J_{C-F}$ = 9.3 Hz), 129.3, 127.0(d, $^3J_{C-F}$ = 8.4 Hz), 123.5, 116.3(d, $^2J_{C-F}$ = 21.6 Hz), 116.0(d, $^2J_{C-F}$ = 21.9 Hz), 86.0, 52.8, 45.5, 45.3. **^{19}F NMR** (376 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ -104.40, -111.93. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for $C_{26}H_{19}F_2NO_6^+ [M+H^+]$ 493.1206, found 493.1200.

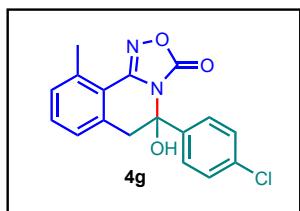
3-(2-(2-(4-Chlorophenyl)-2-oxoethyl)-3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5(4*H*)-one (4e+4e')



Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 27.56 mg, 72%); Yellow solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). **1H NMR** (400 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ 12.11 (s, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.2, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.02 (s, 2H). **^{13}C NMR** (100 MHz, $DMSO-d_6$) δ 195.3, 159.3, 156.8, 139.6, 138.3, 135.0, 131.1(q, J_{C-F} = 270 Hz), 129.9, 128.9, 128.7,

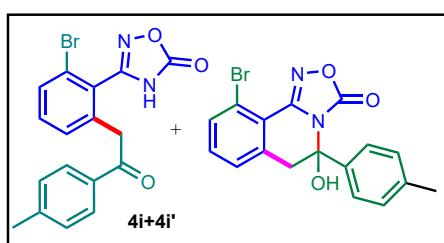
128.1, 128.0, 127.9(q, $J_{C-F} = 3.6$ Hz), 127.5(q, $J_{C-F} = 3.8$ Hz), 125.70, 125.14, 44.2. **^{19}F NMR** (376 MHz, DMSO-d δ) δ -61.16. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₁₁ClF₃N₂O₃⁺ [M+H⁺] 383.0405 found 383.0400.

5-(4-Chlorophenyl)-5-hydroxy-10-methyl-5,6-dihydro-3H-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[3,4-a]isoquinolin-3-one (4g)



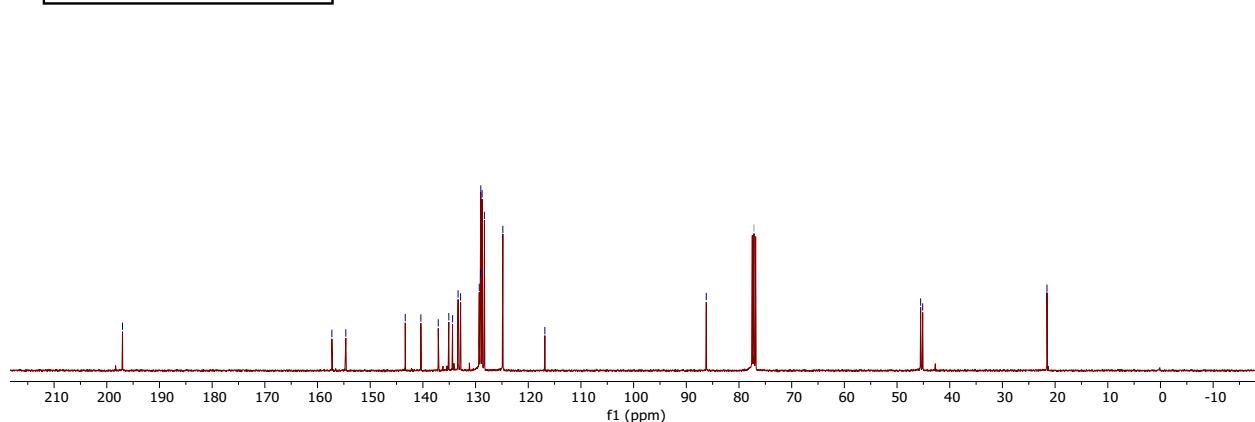
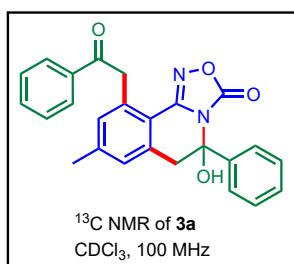
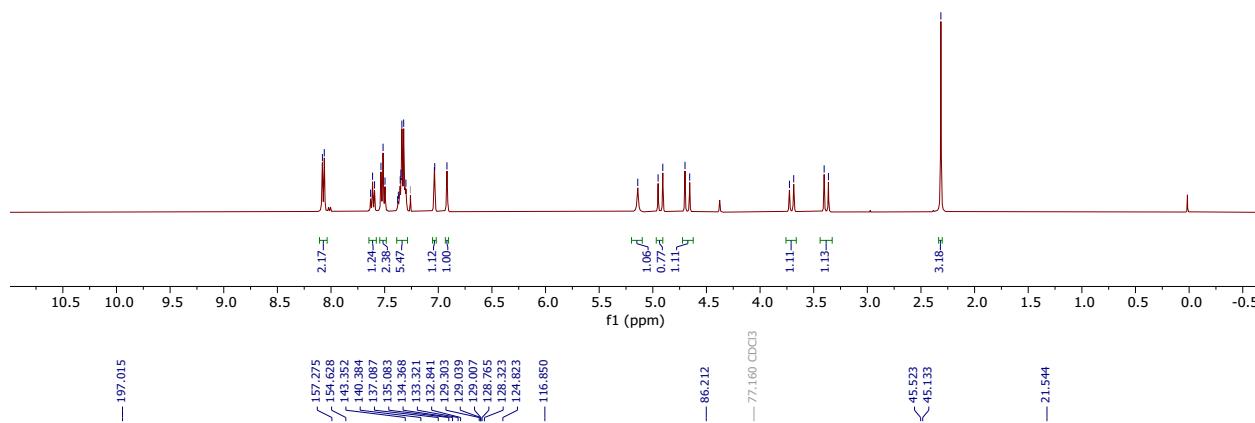
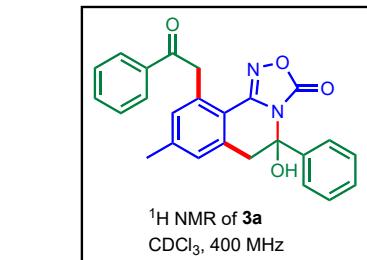
Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 25.26 mg, 77%); white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 178-180 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.01 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 1H), 3.70 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.37 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.70 (s, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.5, 154.8, 139.4, 139.1, 135.5, 133.7, 132.5, 131.3, 129.3, 126.9, 126.2, 118.5, 85.7, 45.0, 22.9. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₁₄ClN₂O₃⁺ [M+H⁺] 329.0687, found 329.0681.

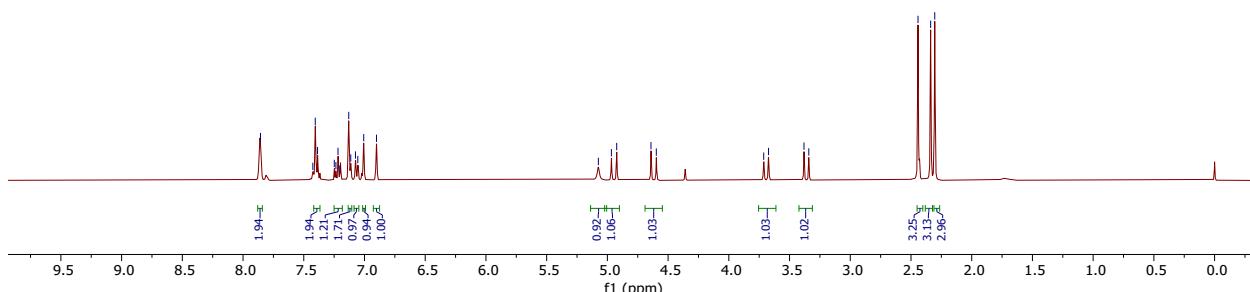
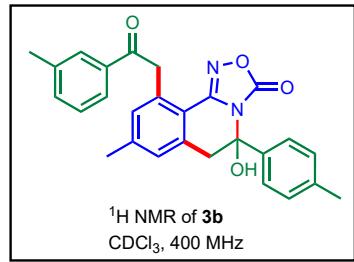
3-(2-Bromo-6-(2-oxo-2-(p-tolyl)ethyl)phenyl)-1,2,4-oxadiazol-5(4H)-one (4i+4i')



Yield (0.1 mmol scale, 24.63 mg, 66%); white solid; (hexane/ethyl acetate = 8:2, V/V). Melting point: 175-176 °C; **1H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (s, 1H), 7.63 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.44 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.40 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.24 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.15 – 7.11 (m, 1H), 4.47 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (125 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.6, 158.8, 156.0, 139.0, 137.8, 135.8, 135.2, 133.0, 132.4, 130.3, 129.1, 128.9, 125.8, 43.6, 21.4. **HR-MS** (ESI) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₁₄BrN₂O₃⁺ [M+H⁺] 374.0182, found 374.0190.

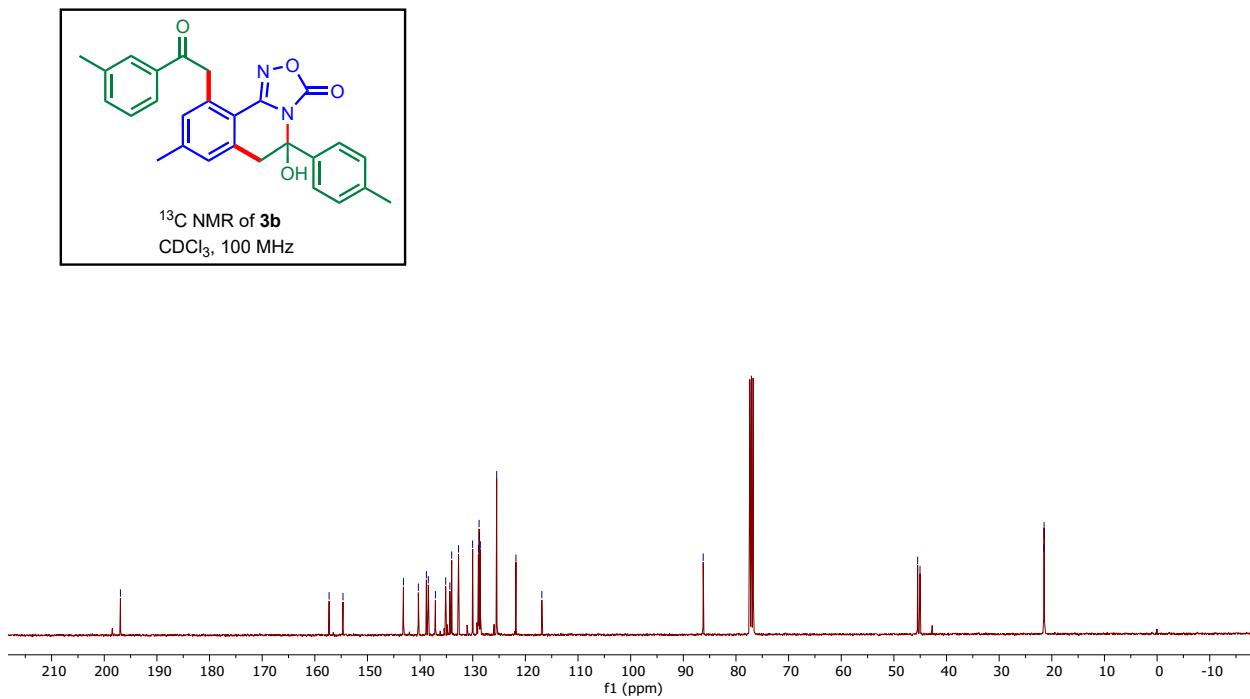
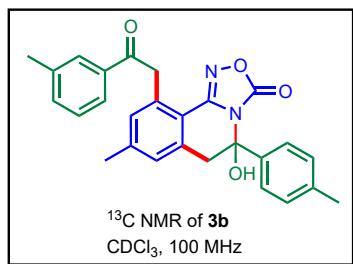
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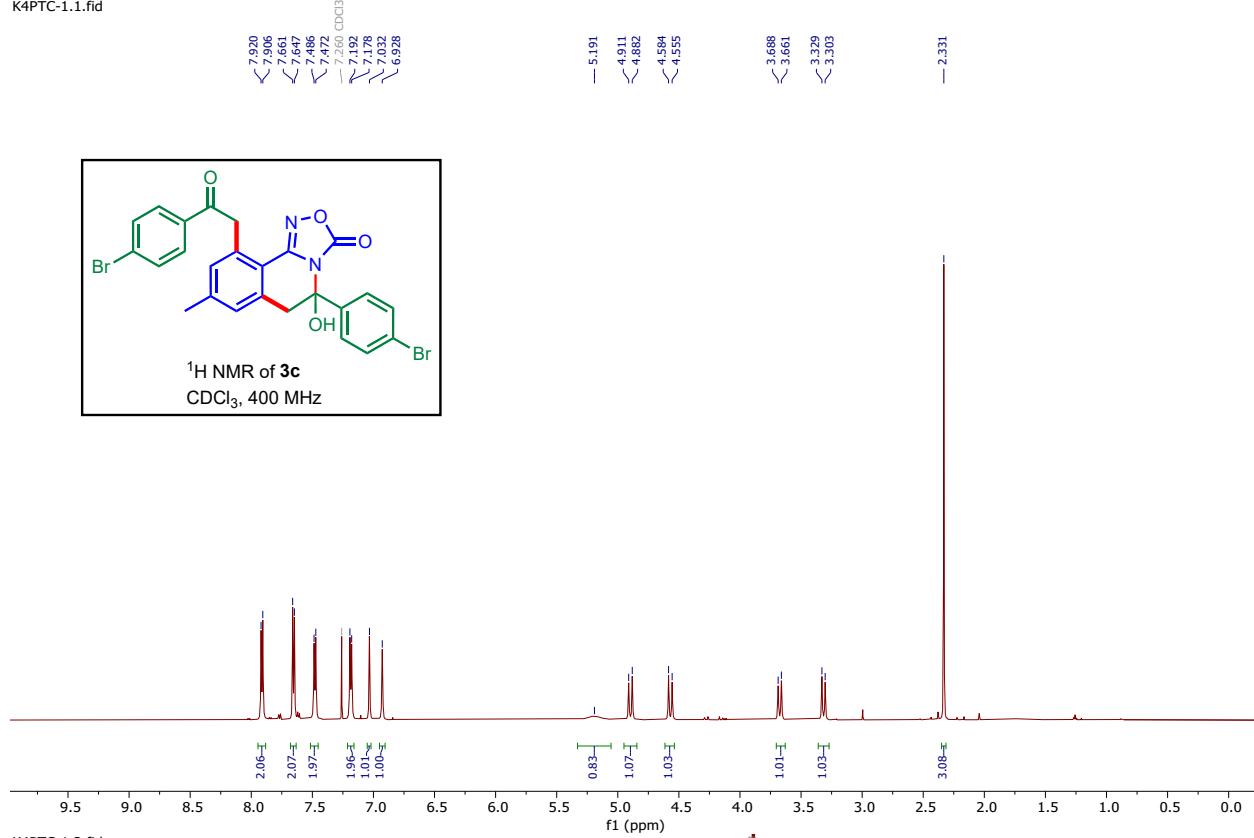


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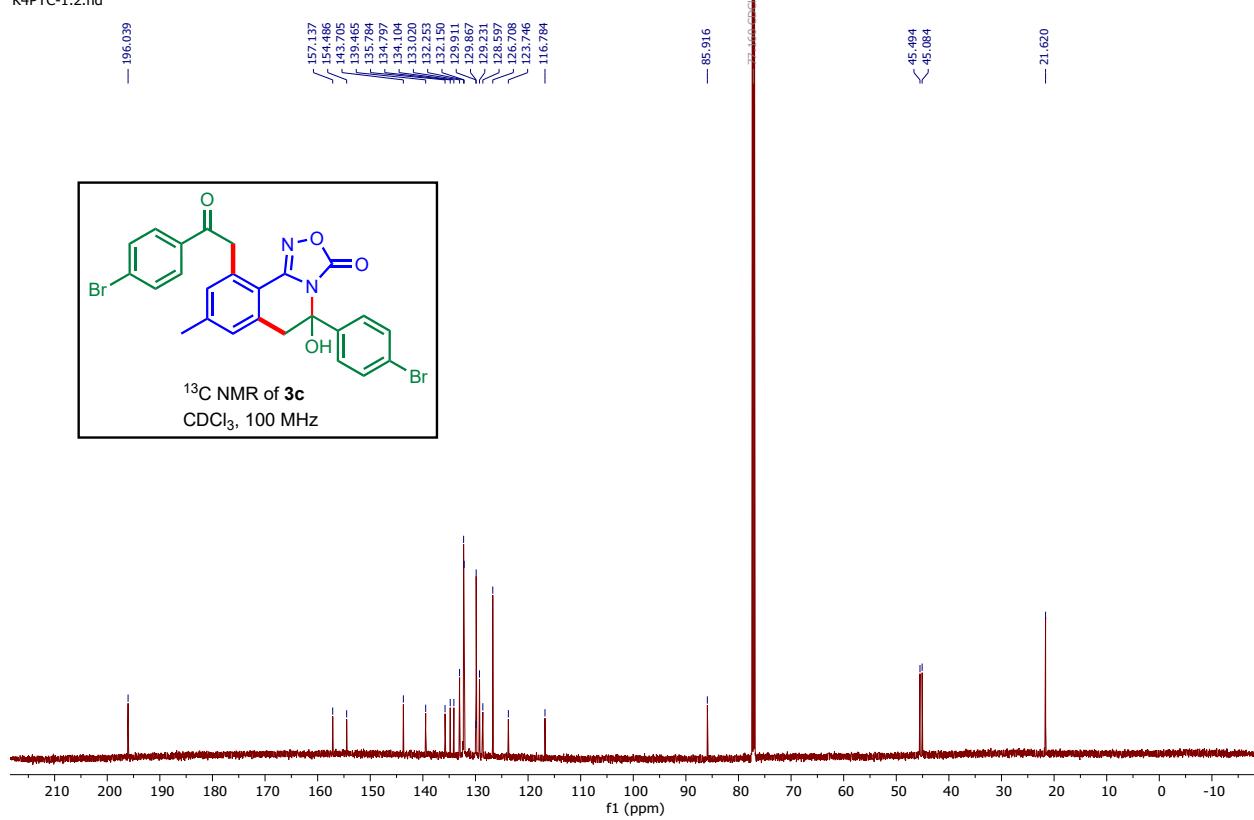
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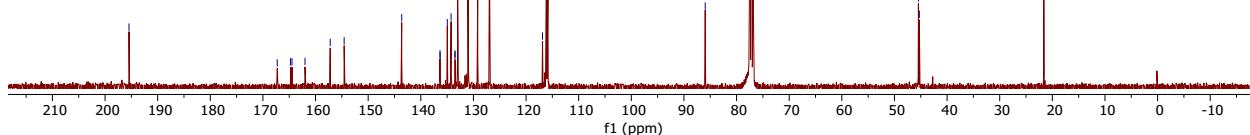
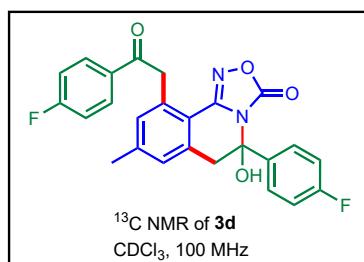
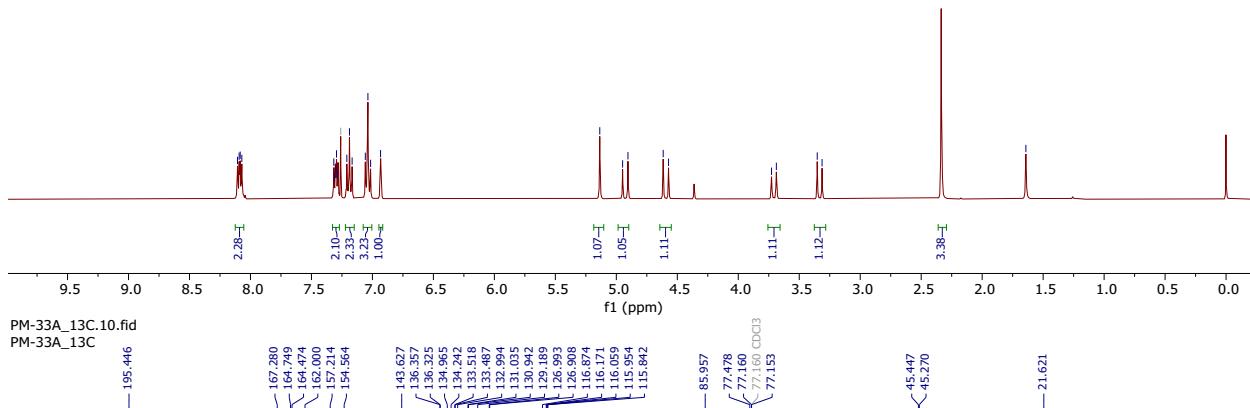
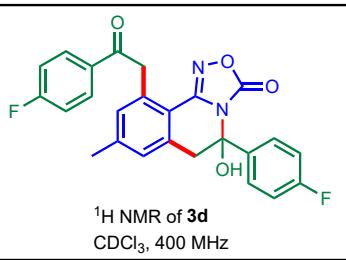
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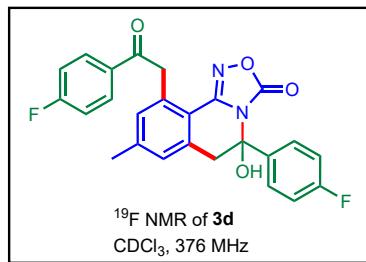


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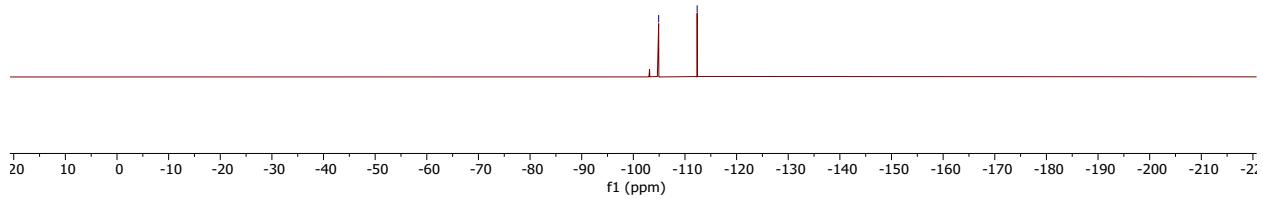


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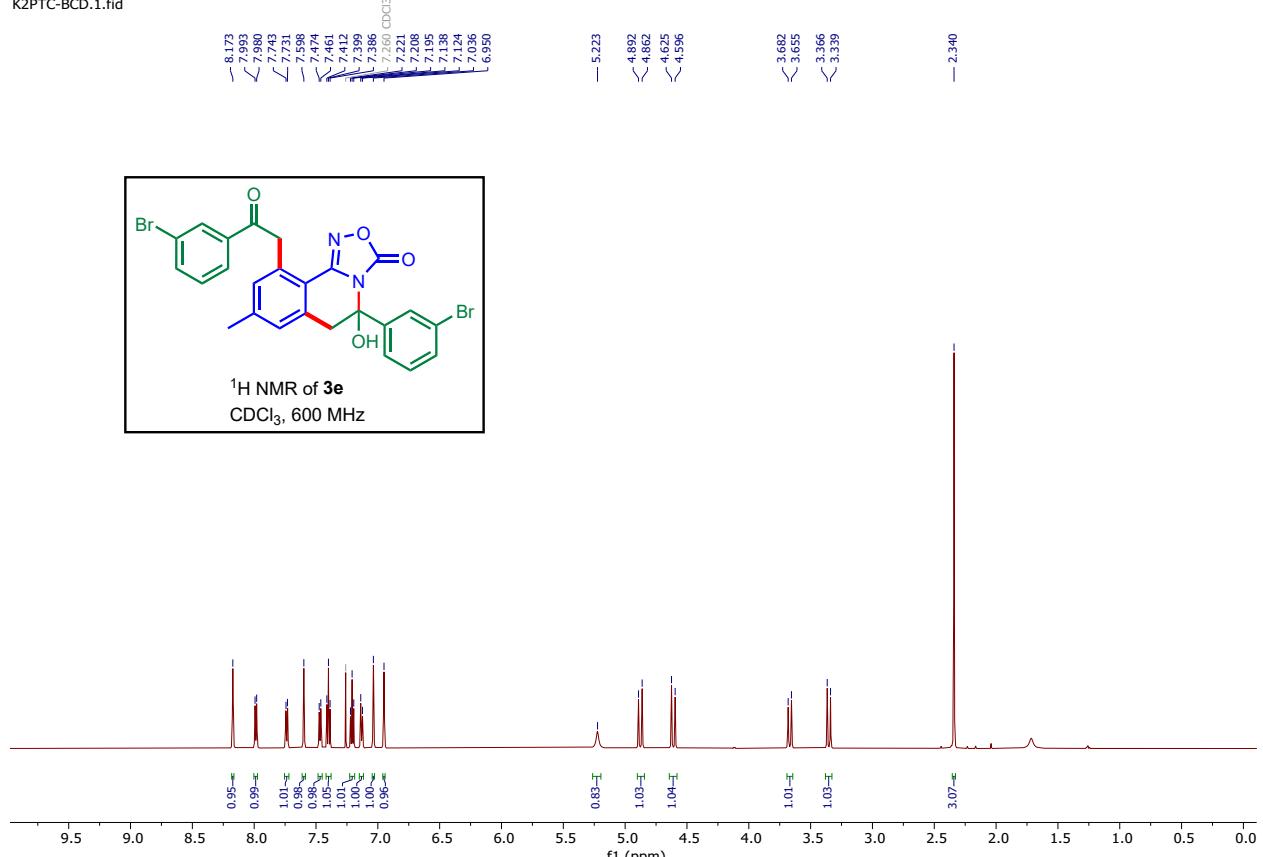
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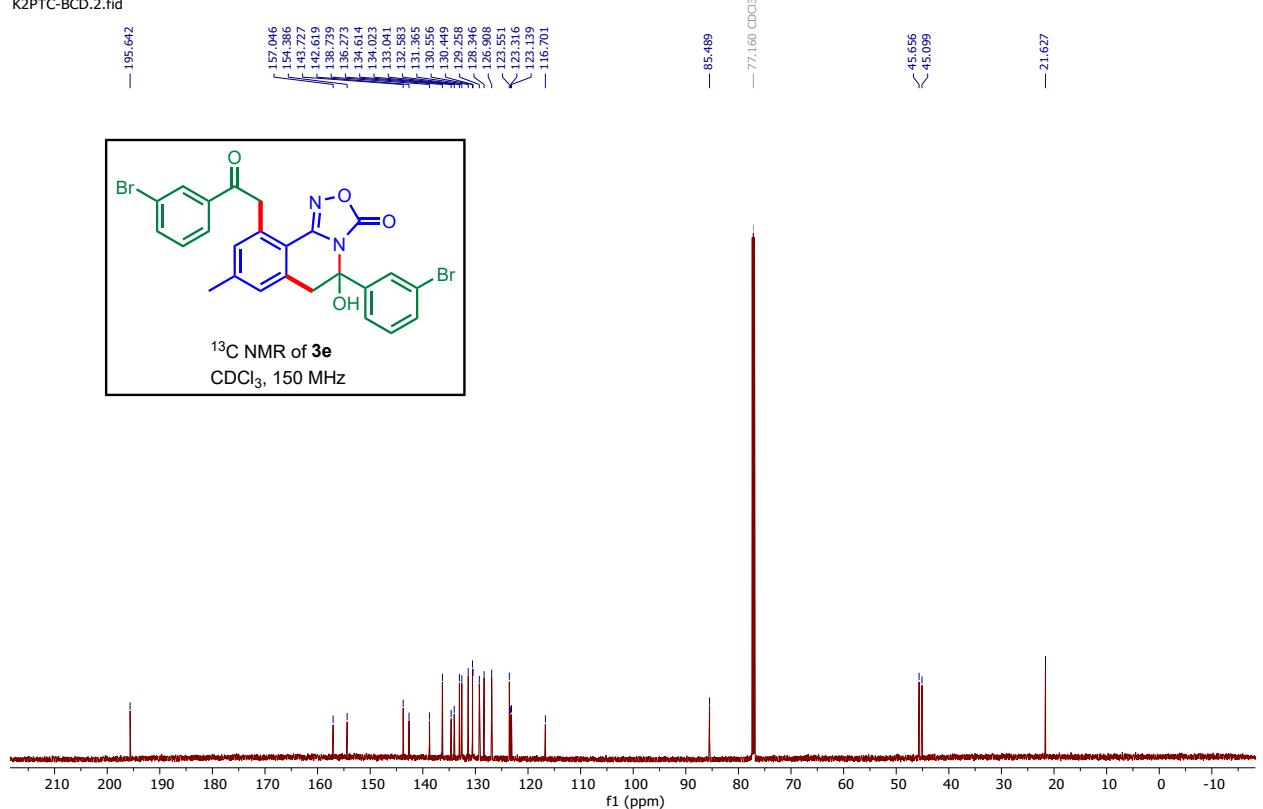
¹⁹F NMR of **3d**
 CDCl_3 , 376 MHz



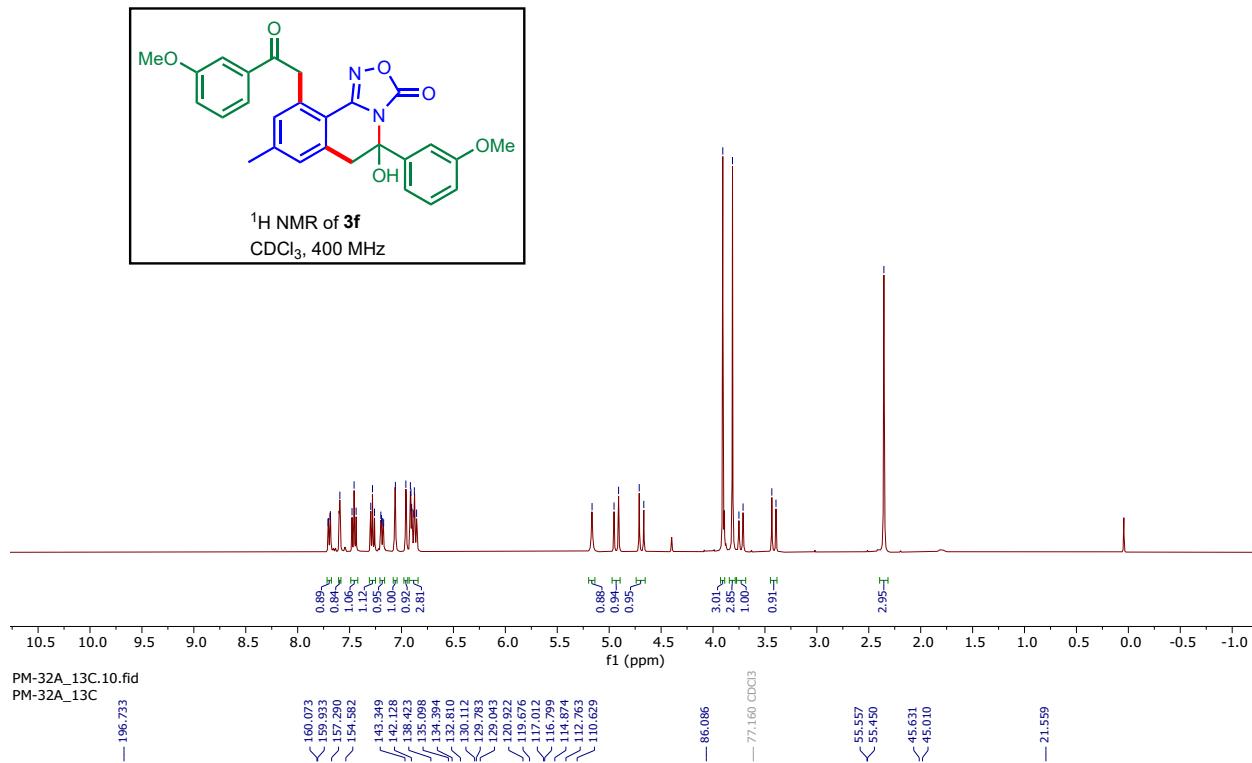
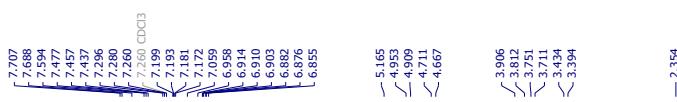
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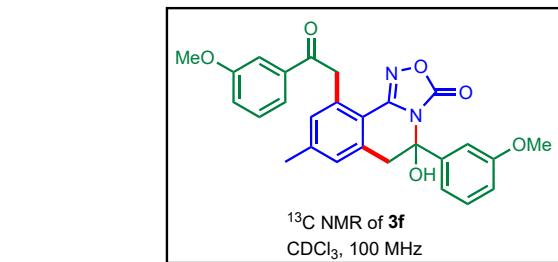
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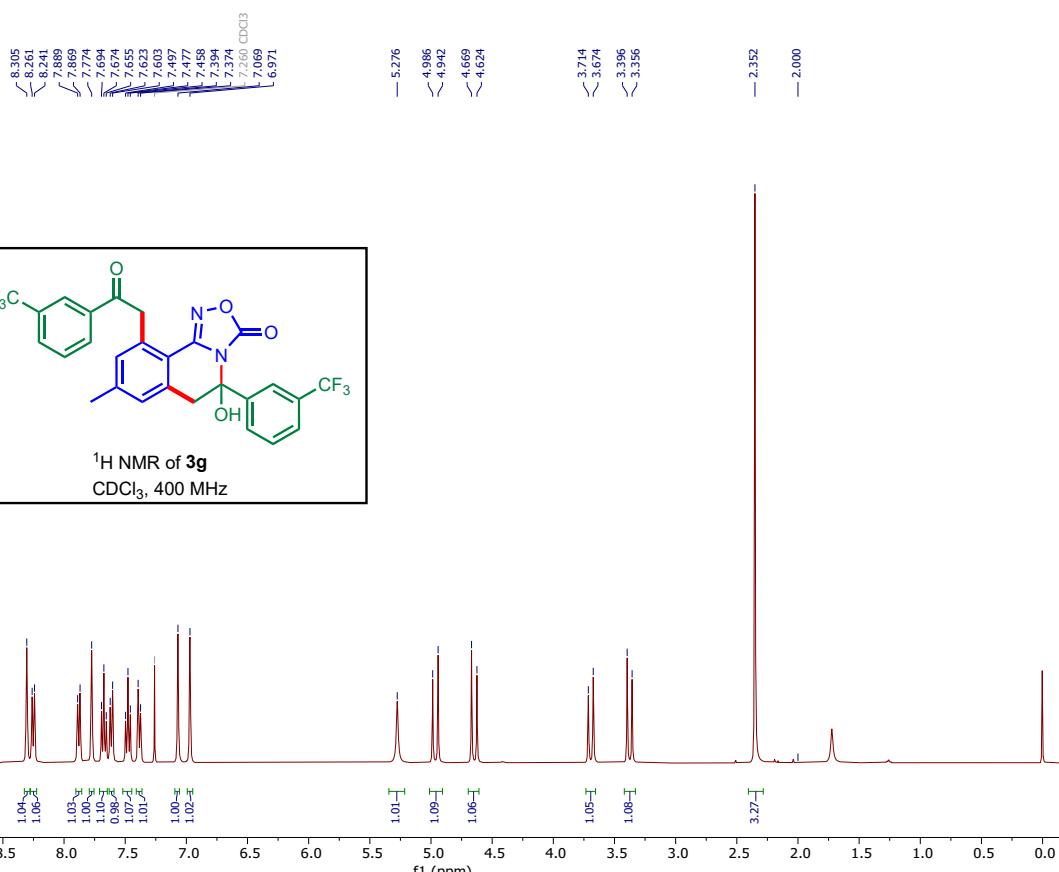


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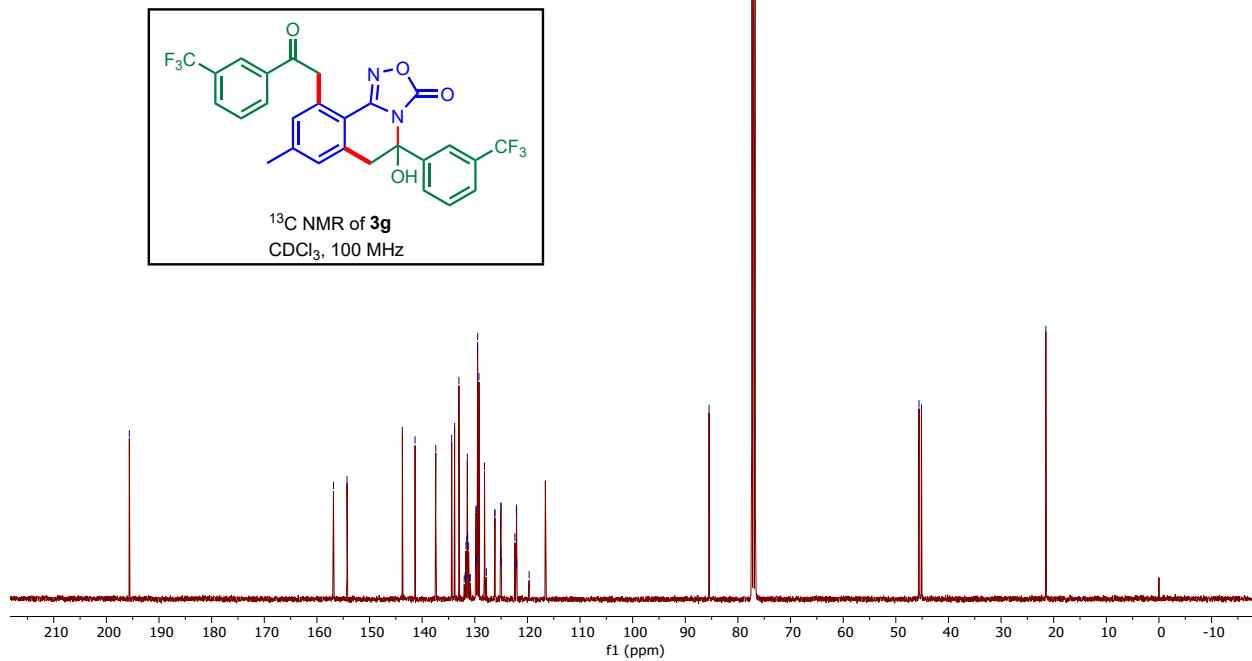


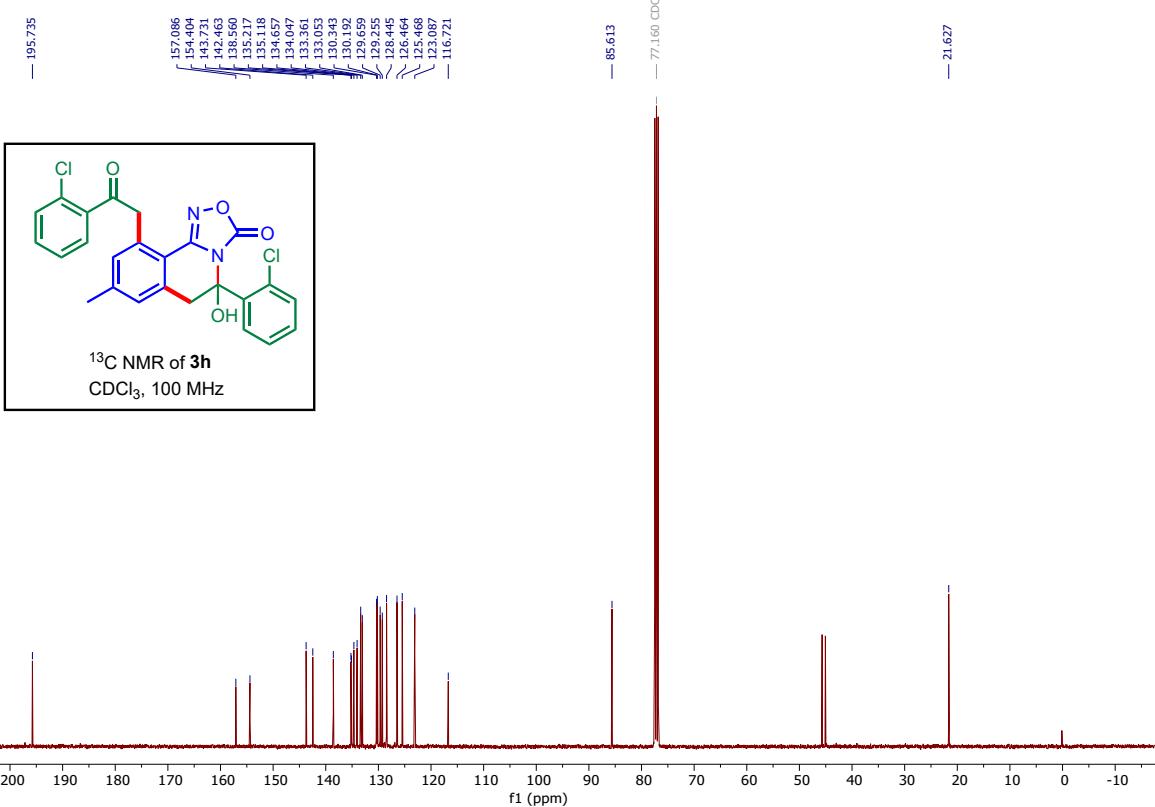
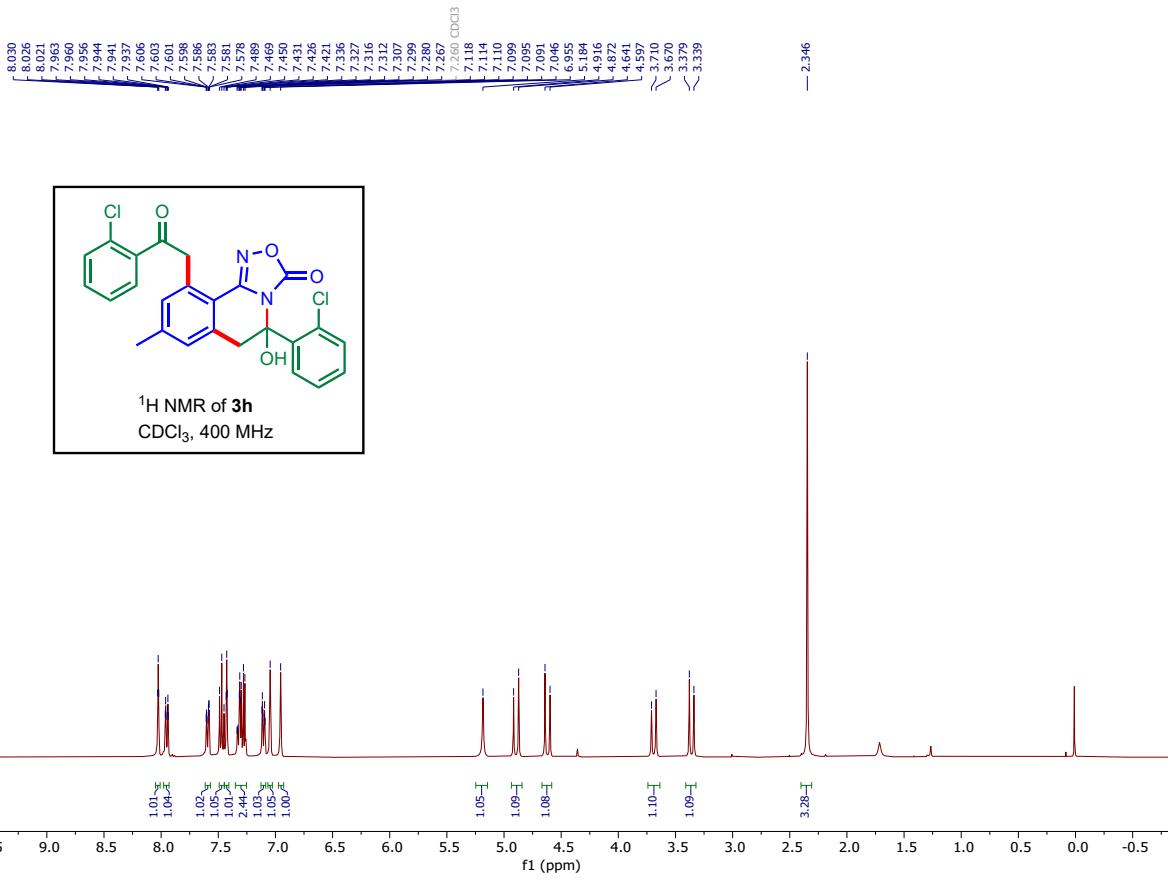
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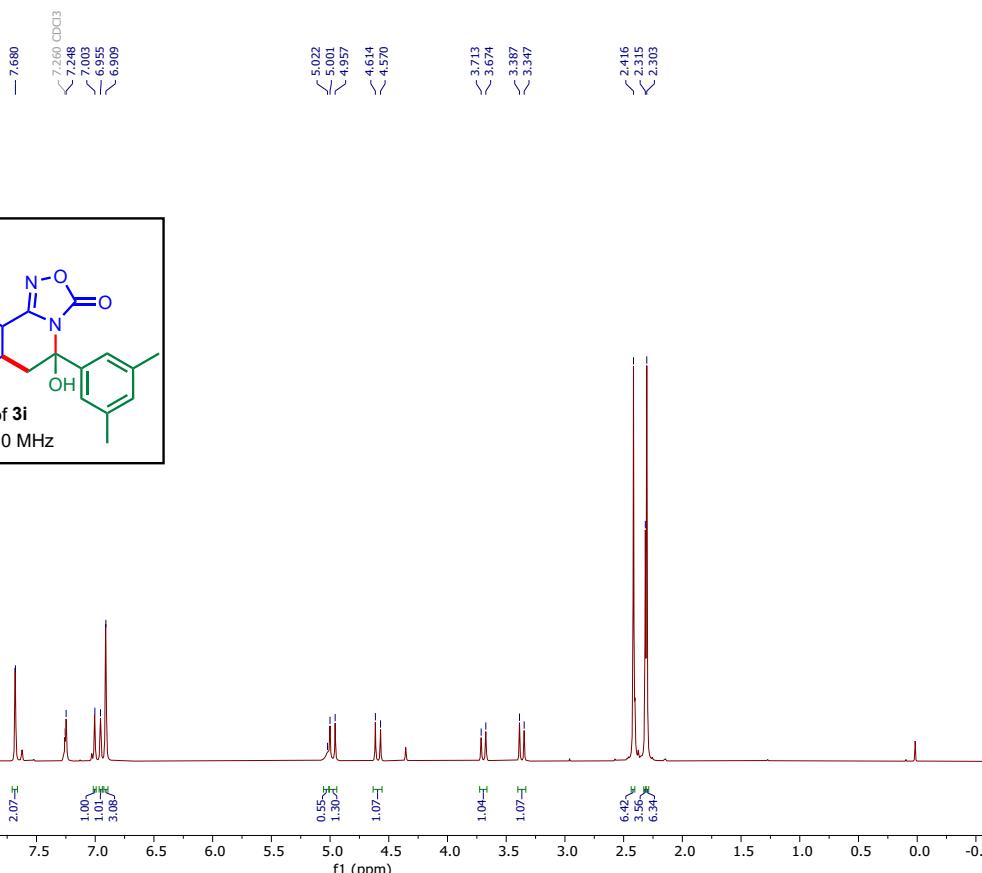


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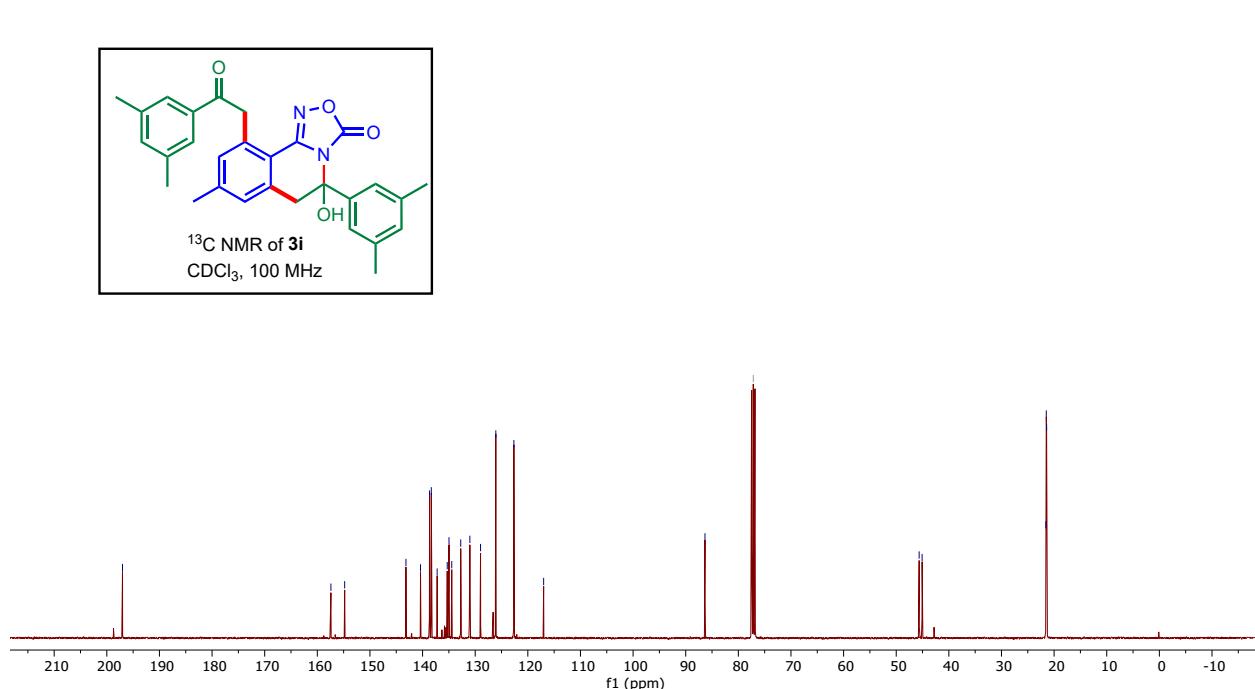


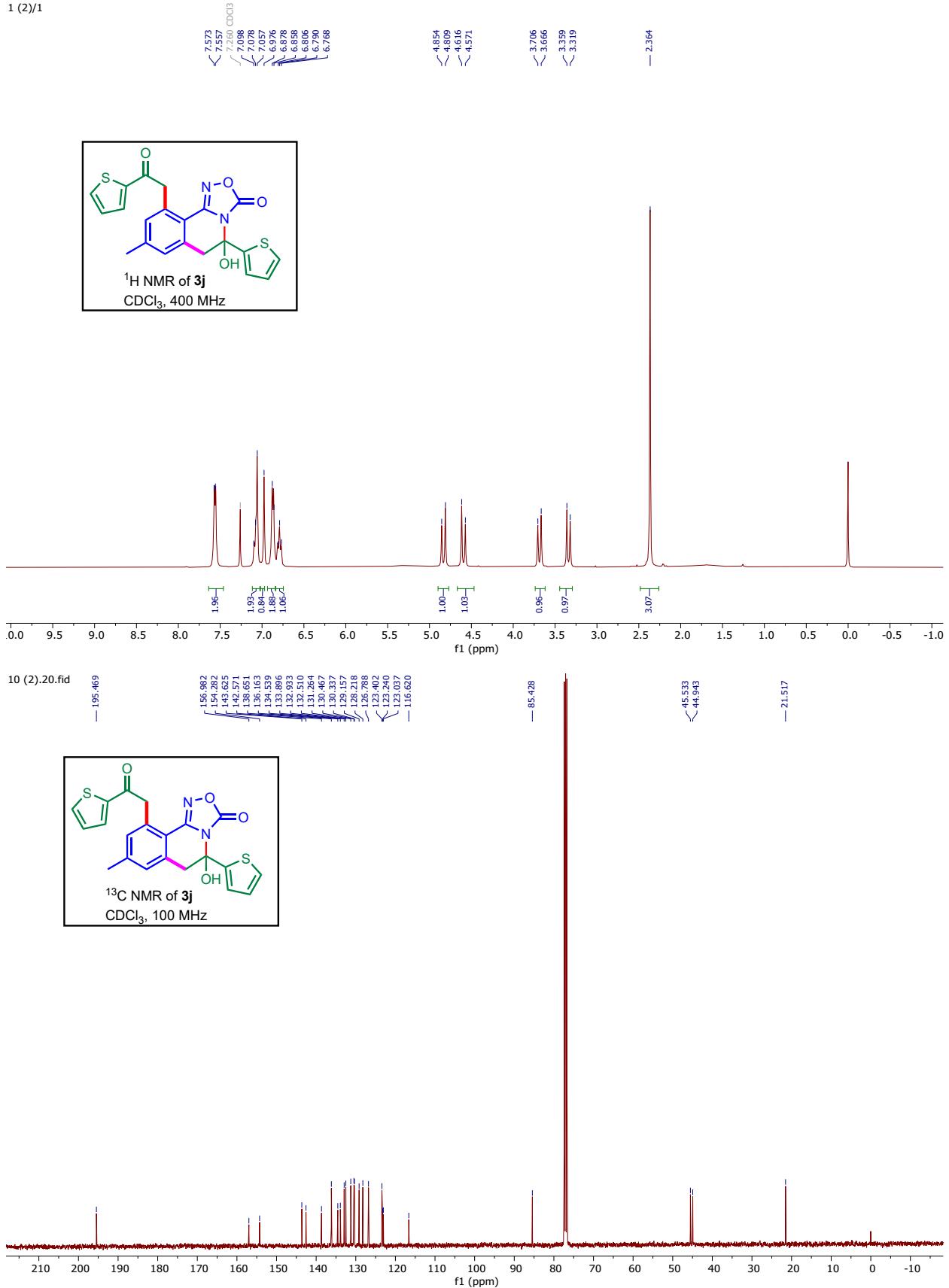


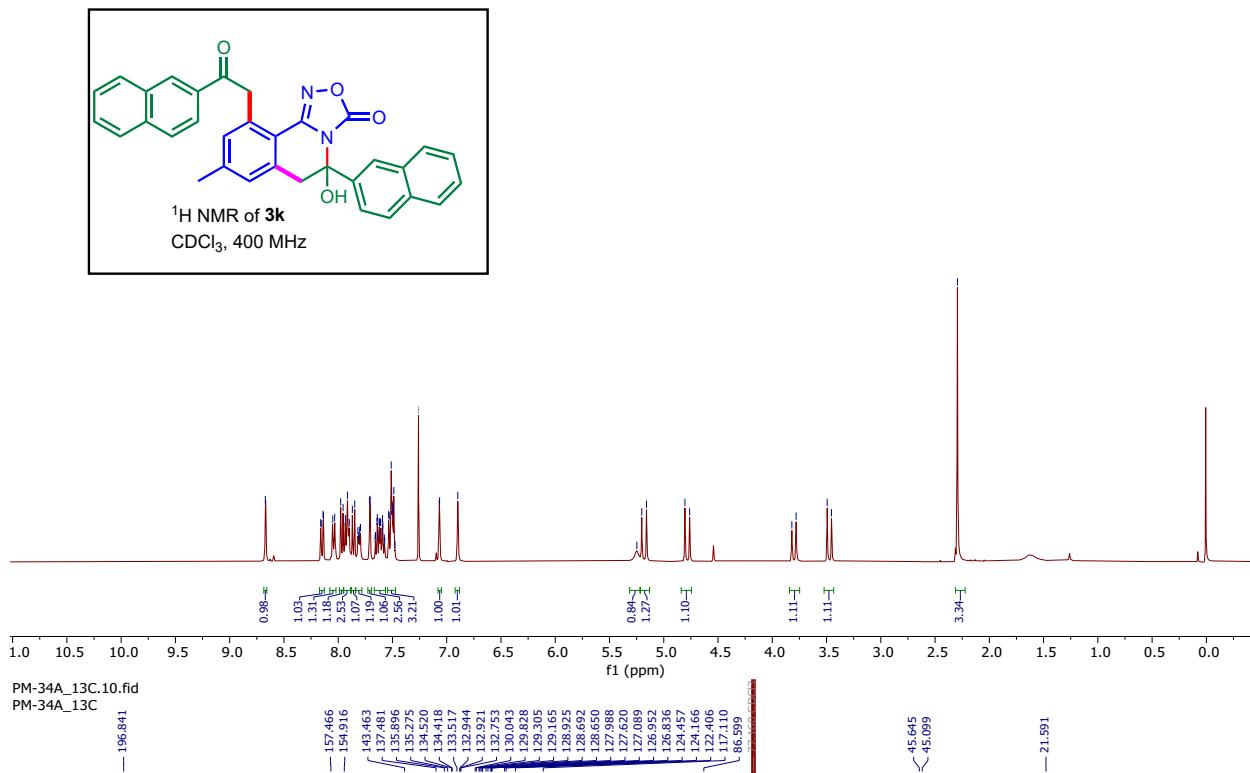
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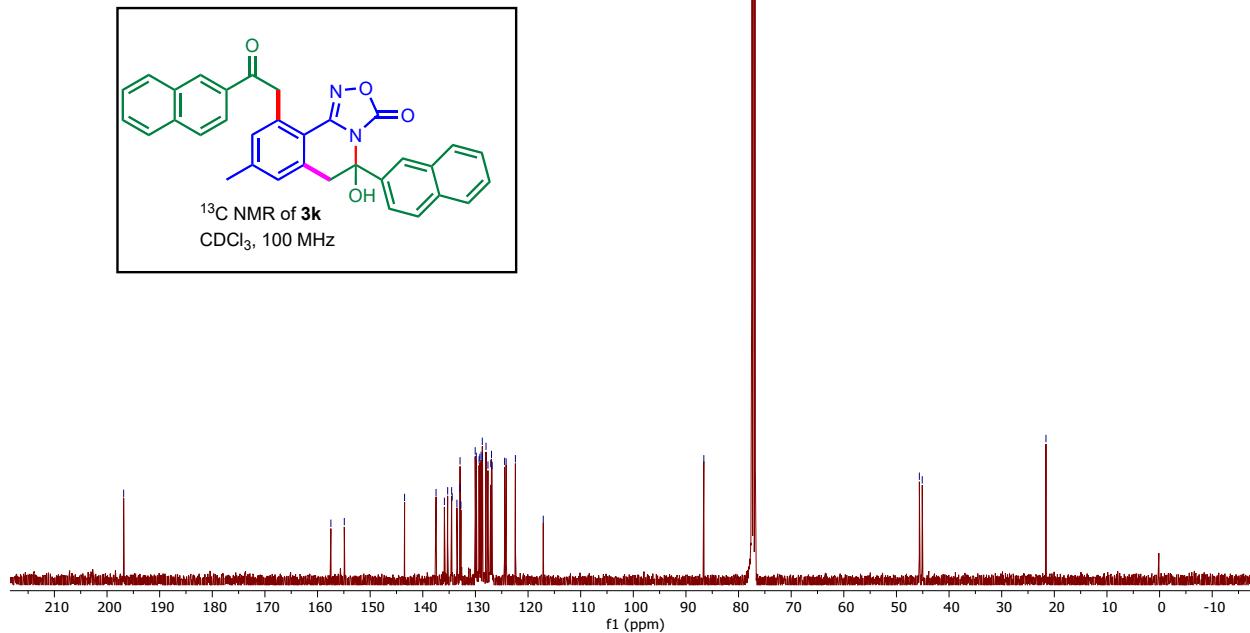
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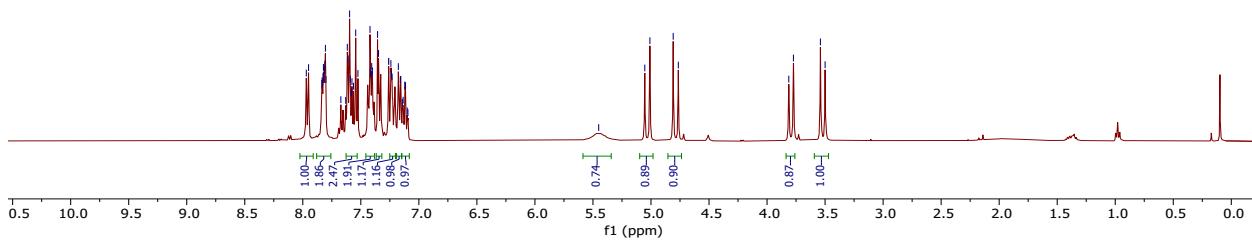
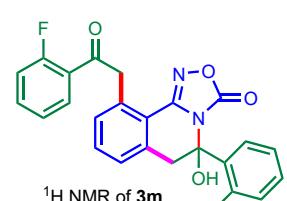
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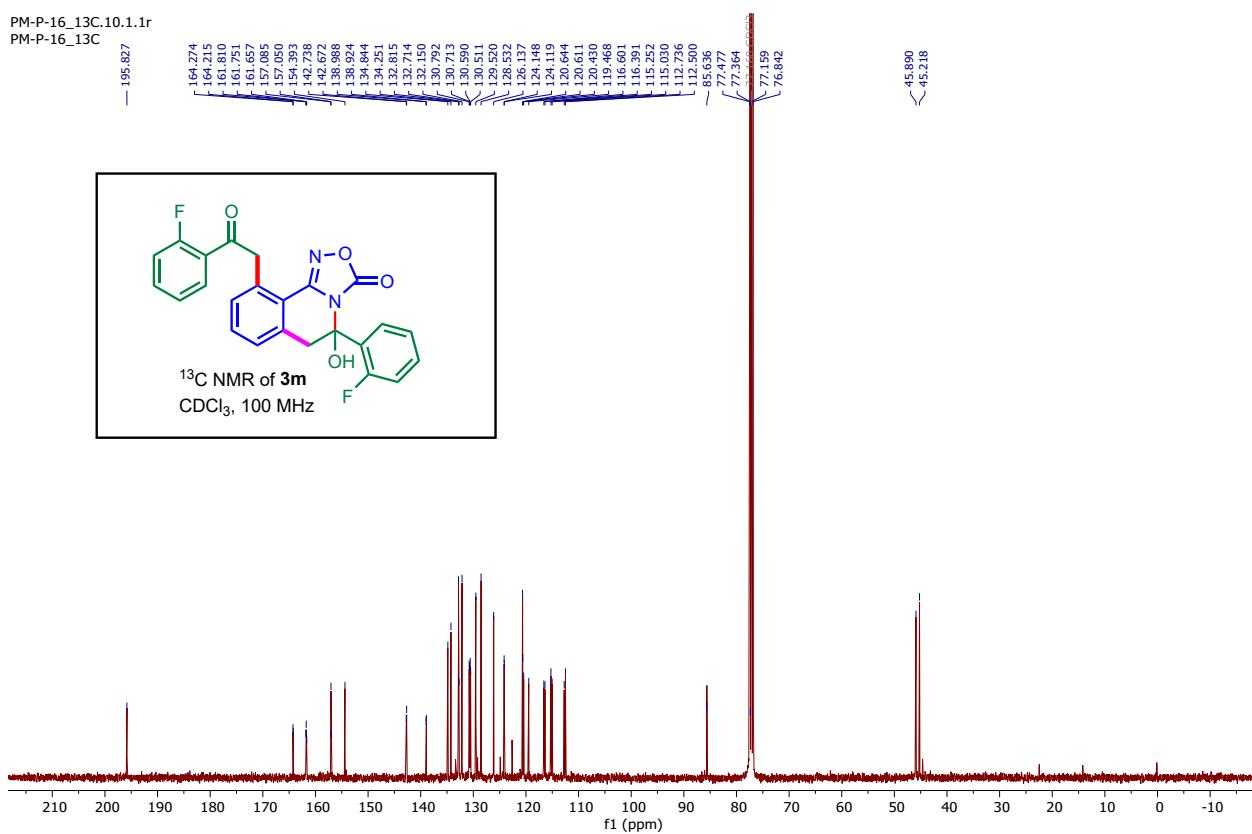
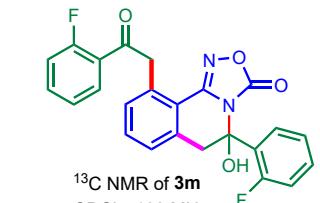
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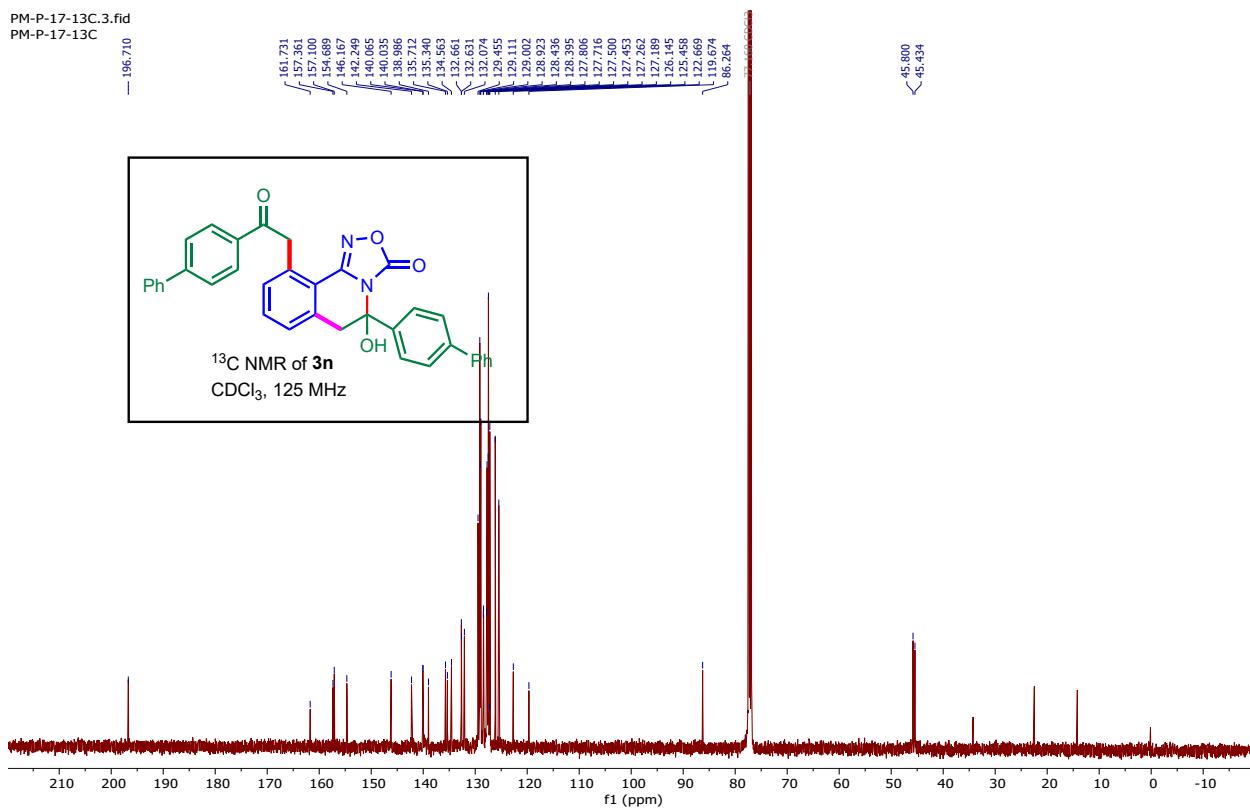
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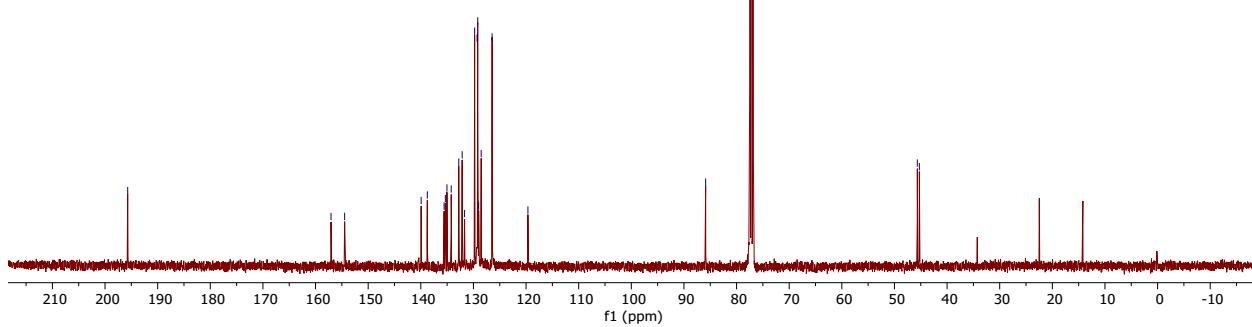
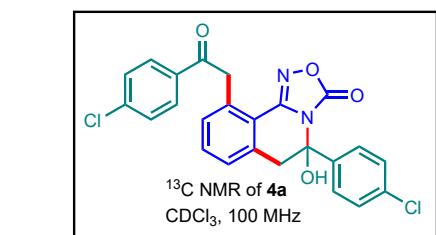
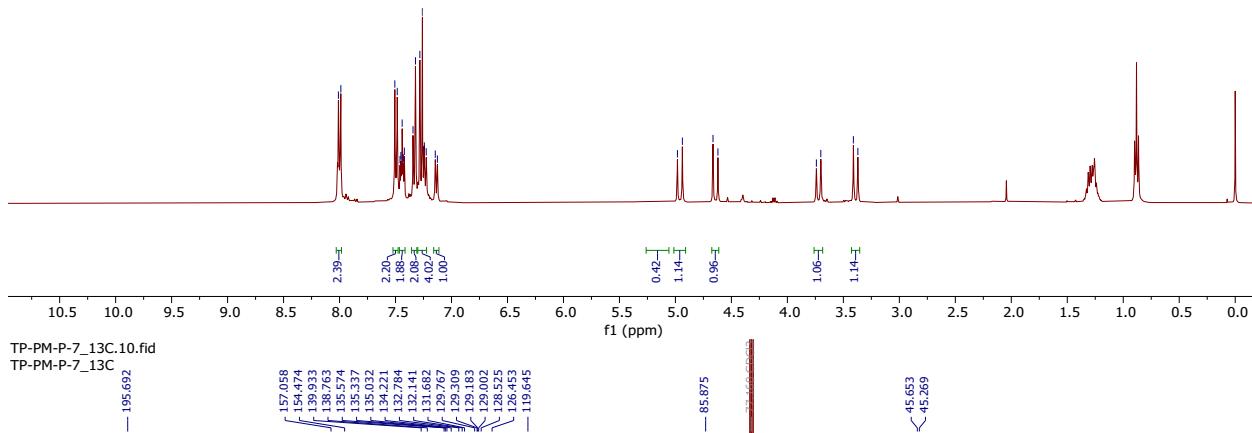
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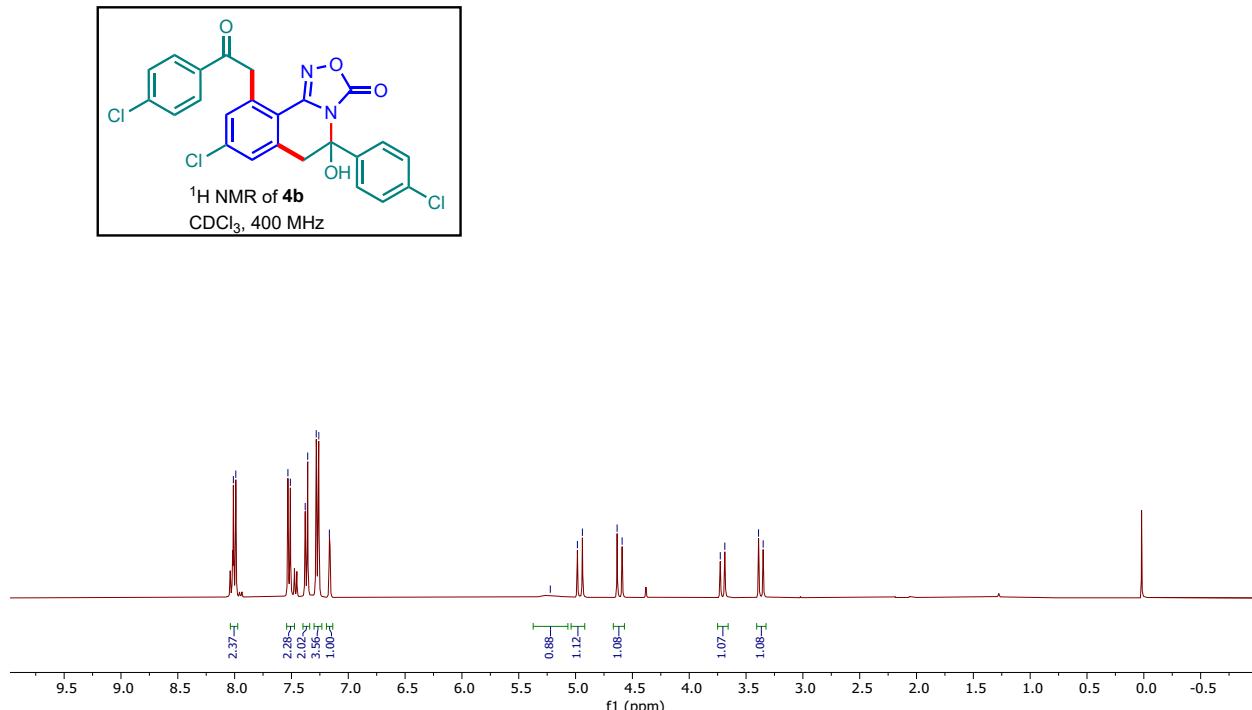
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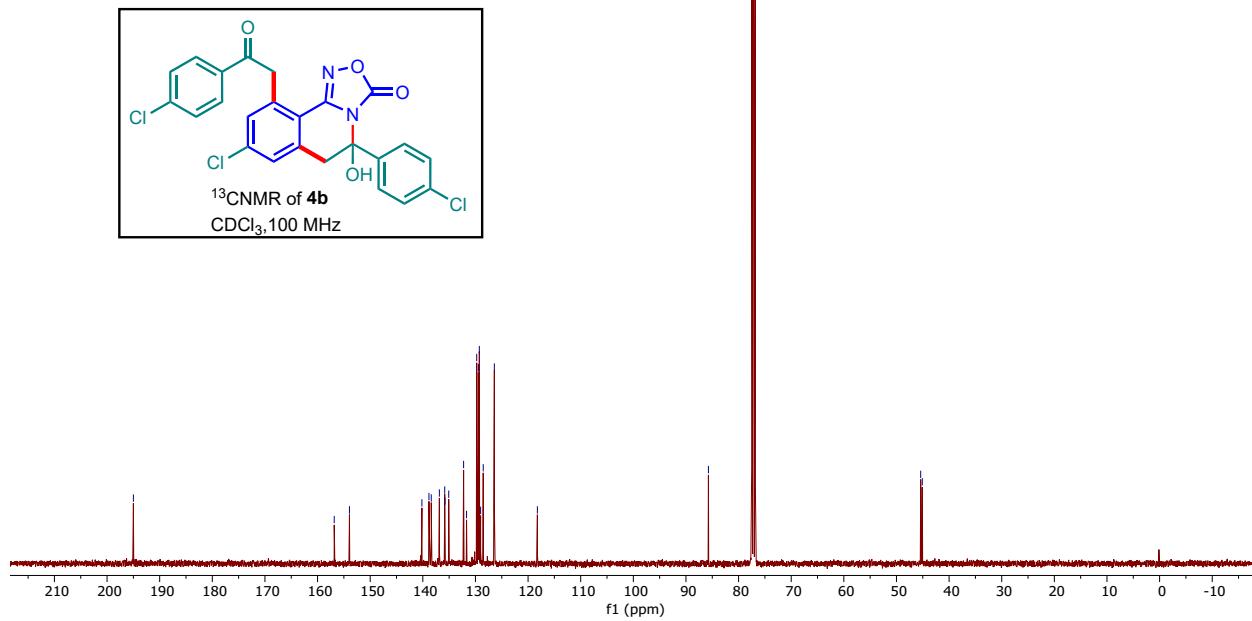
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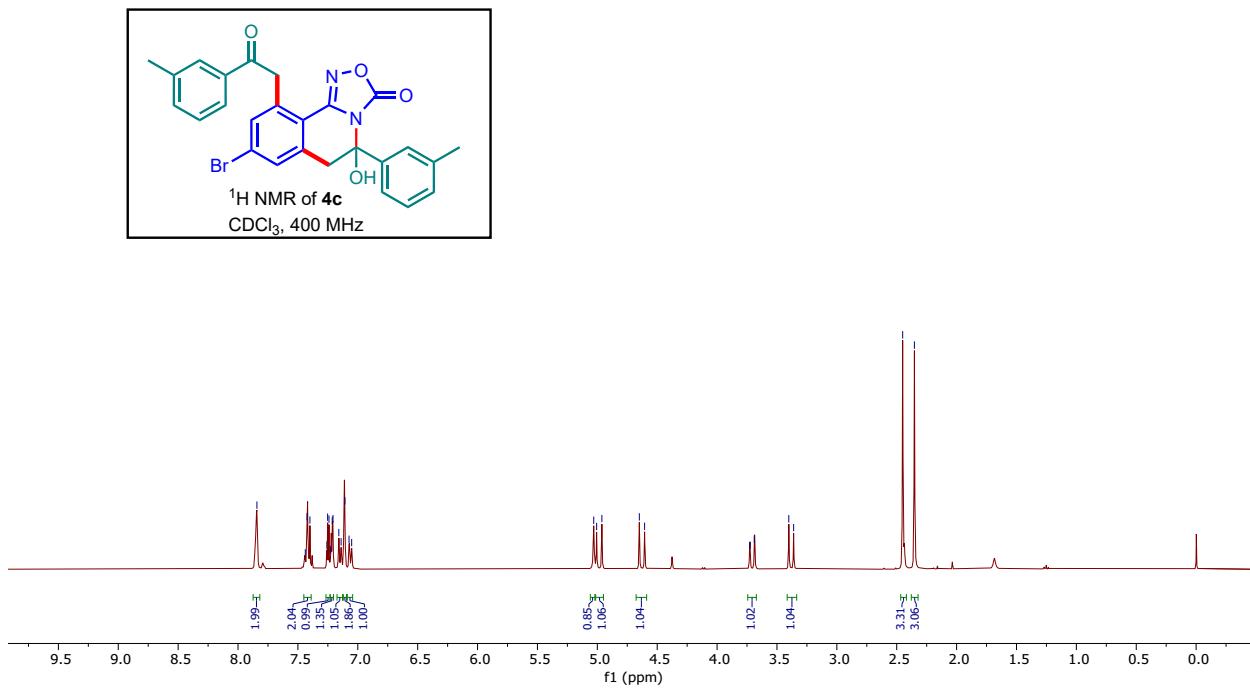
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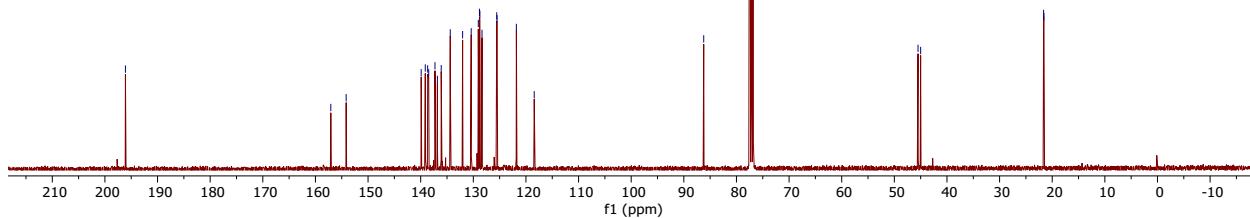
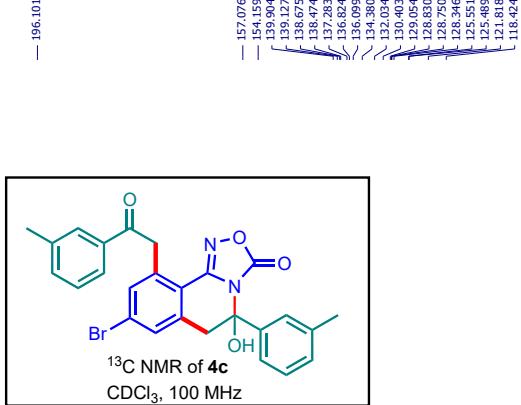
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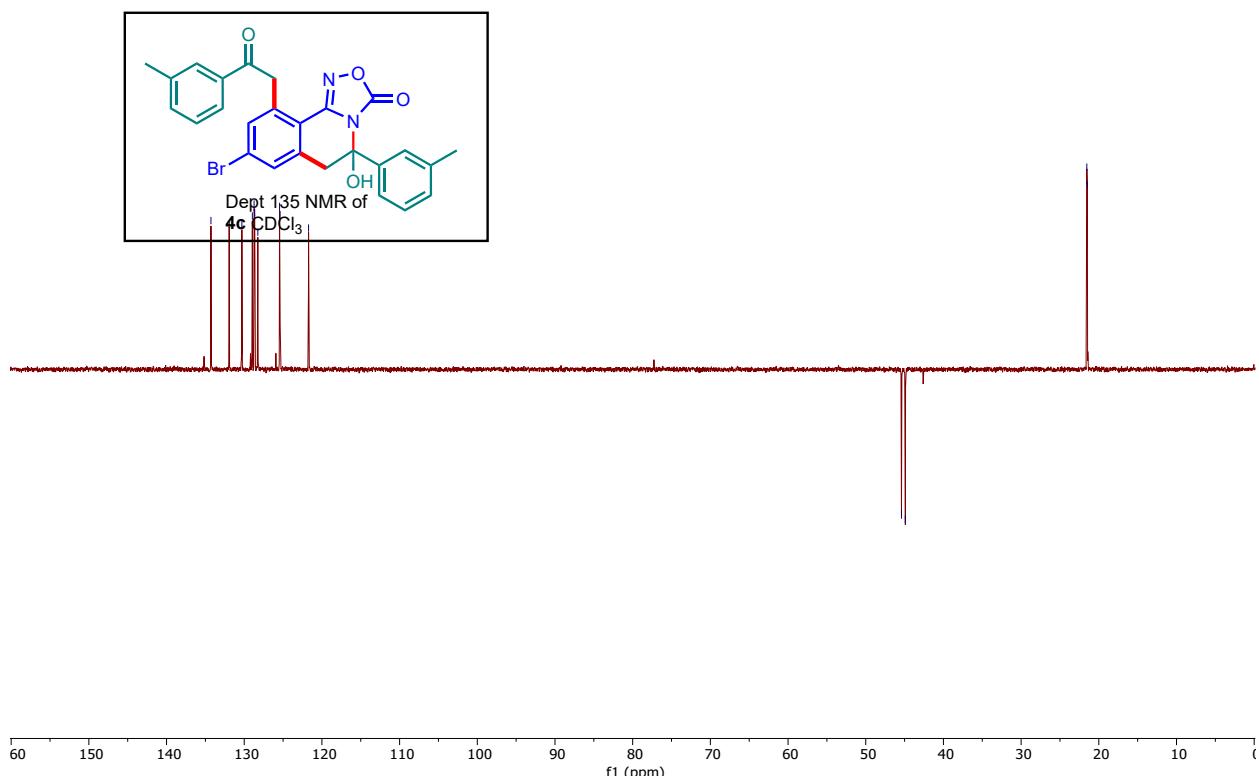


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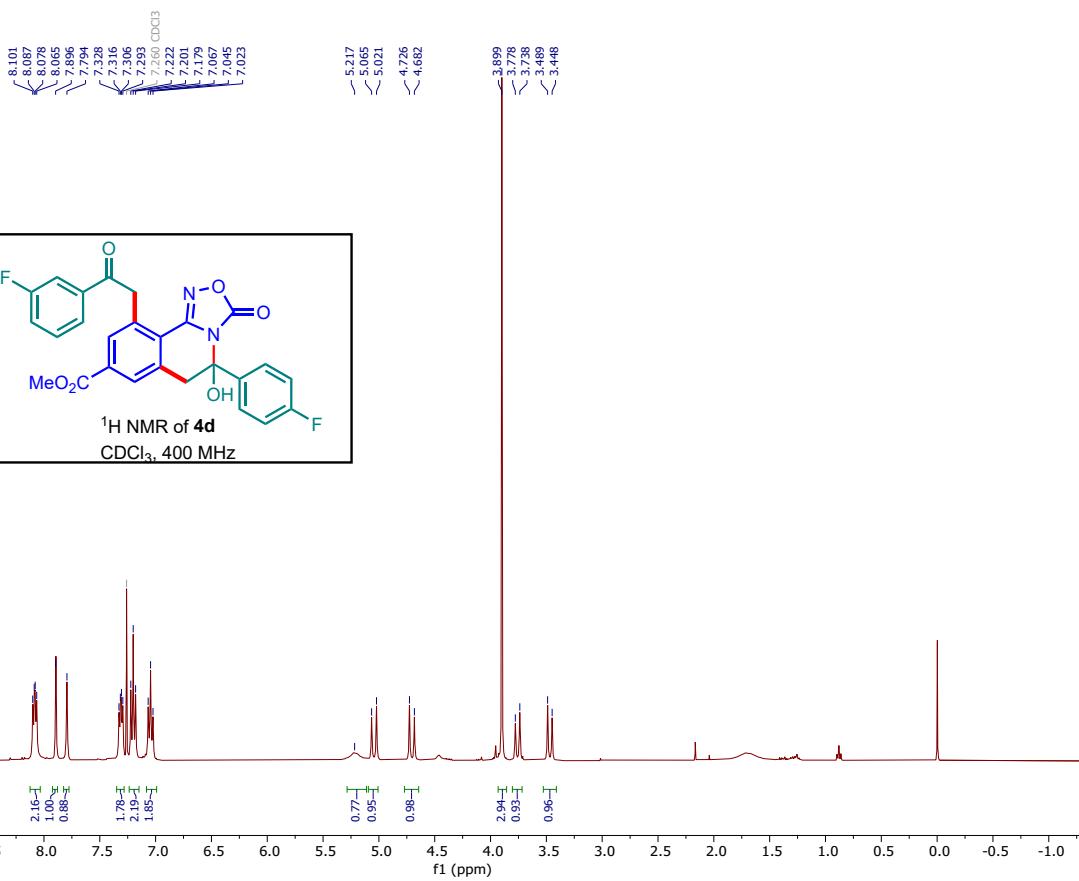
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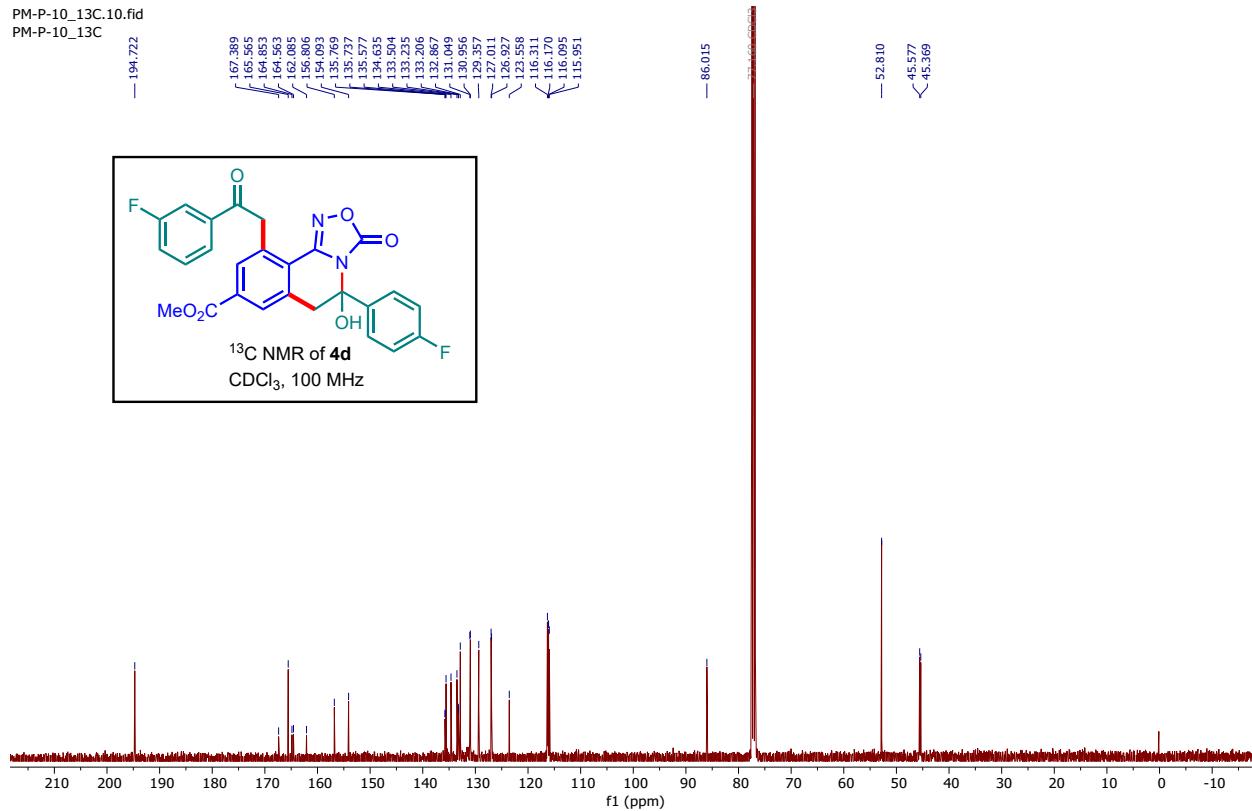
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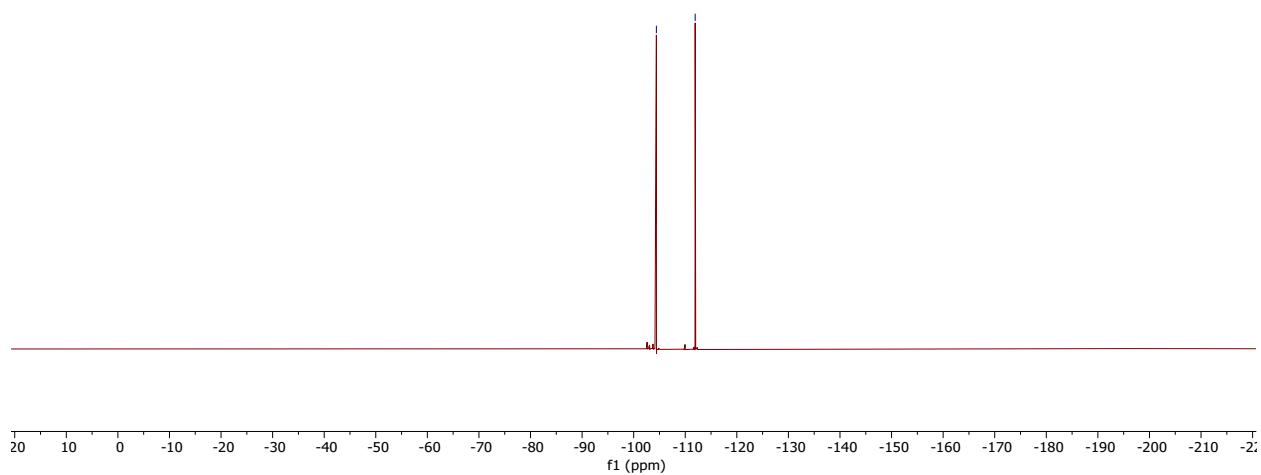
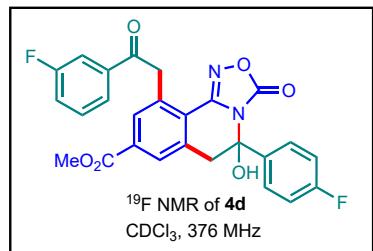
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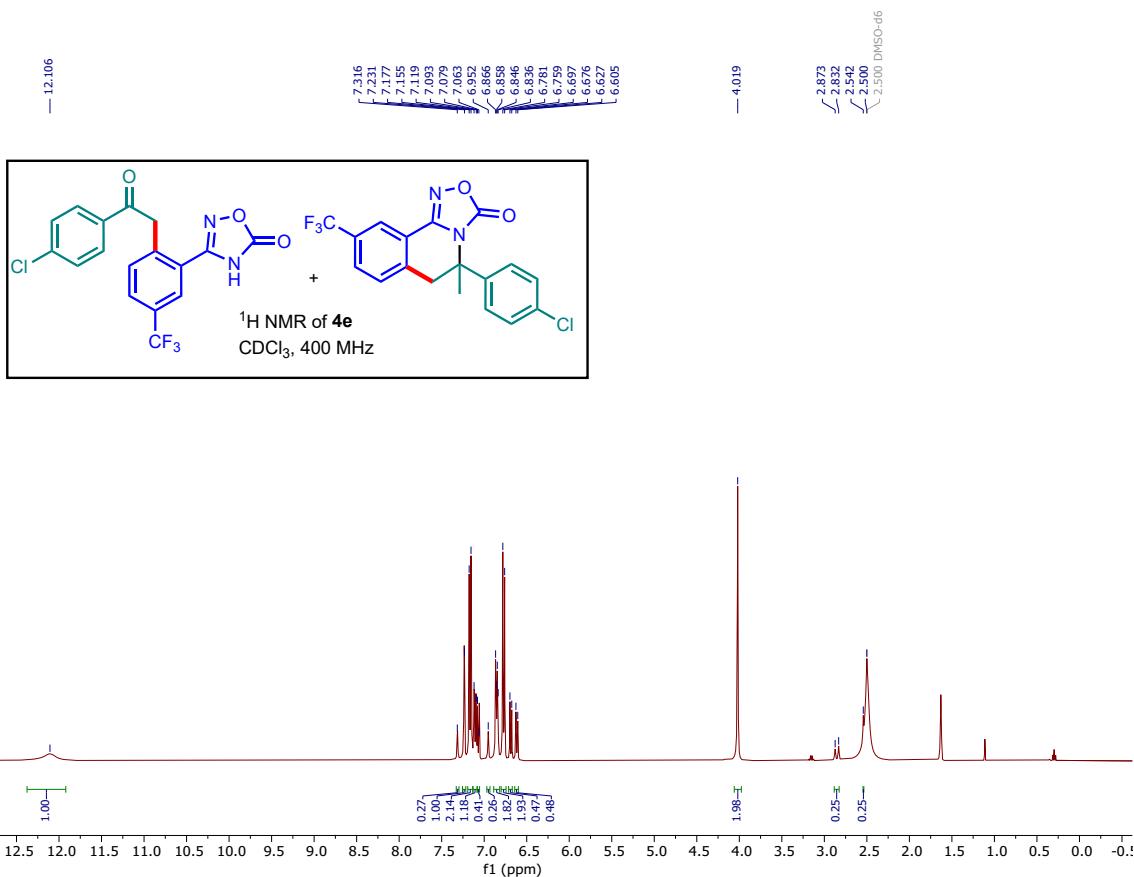
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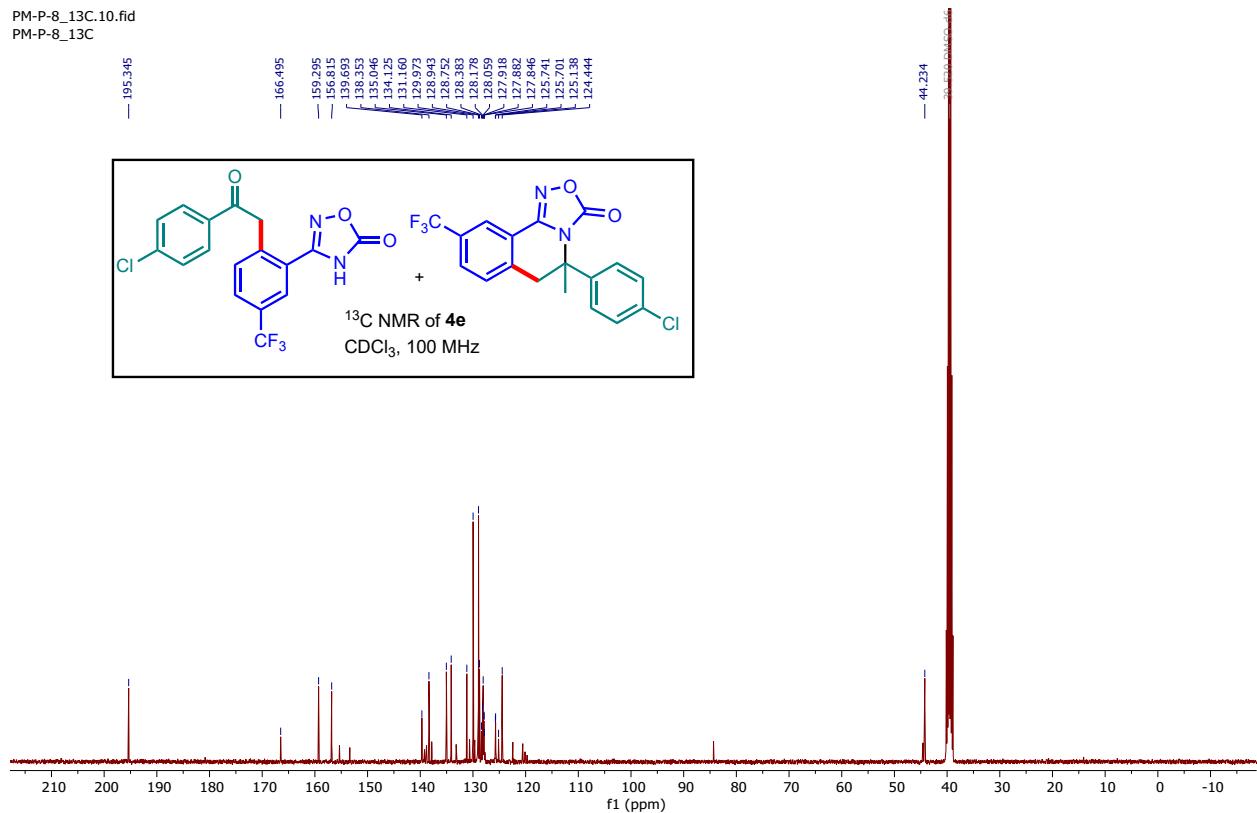
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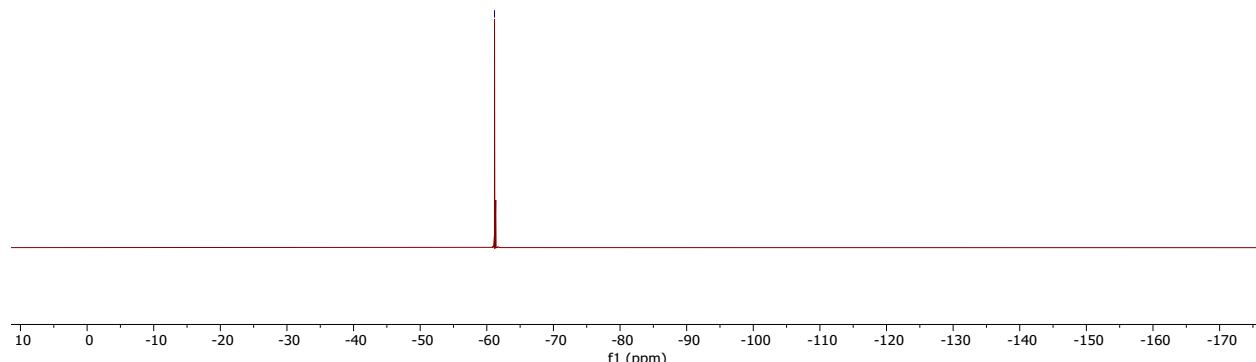
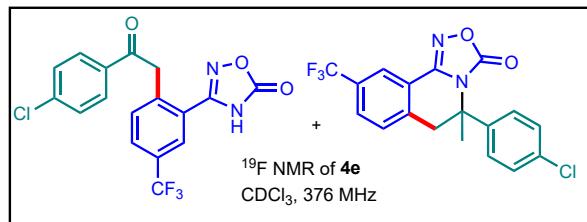
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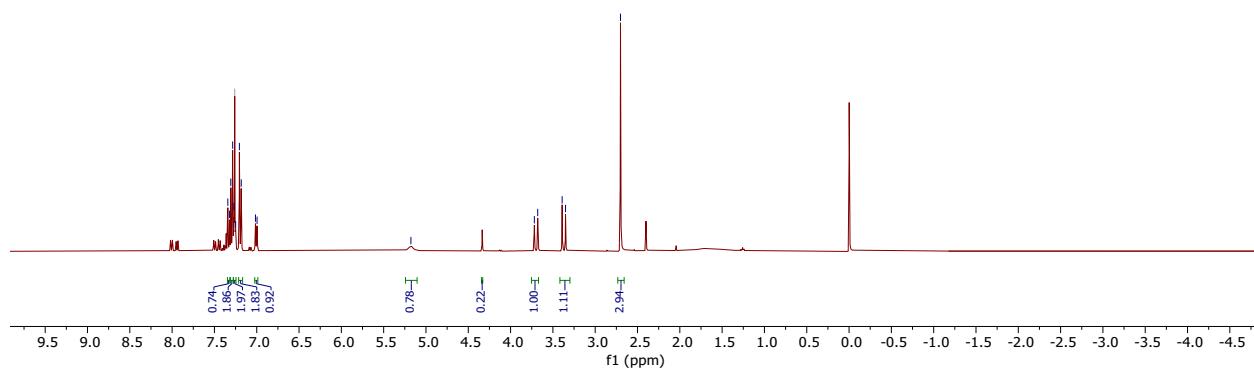
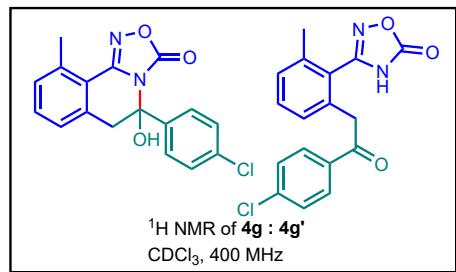
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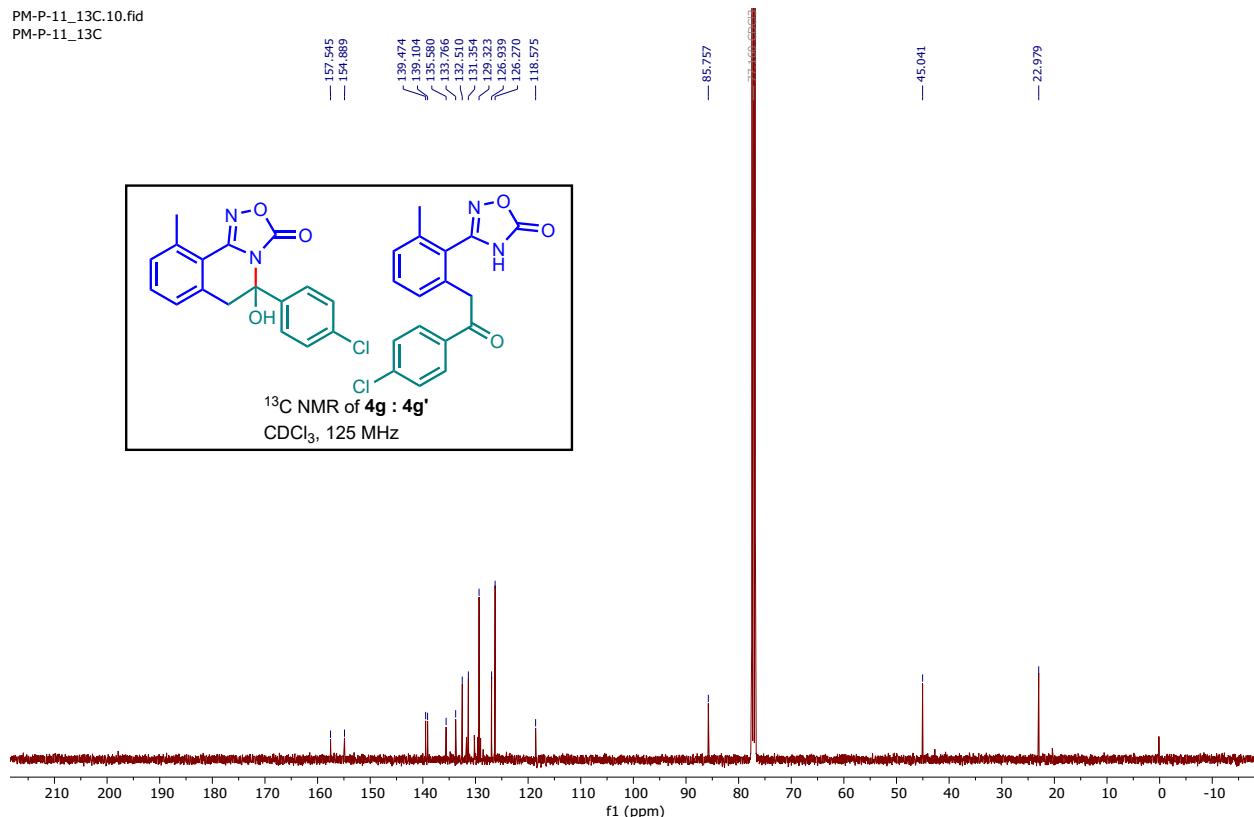
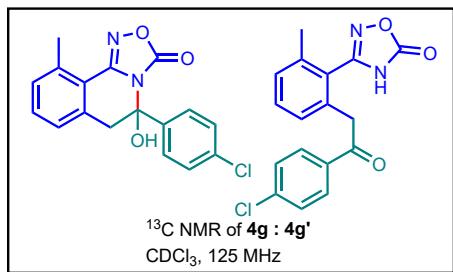
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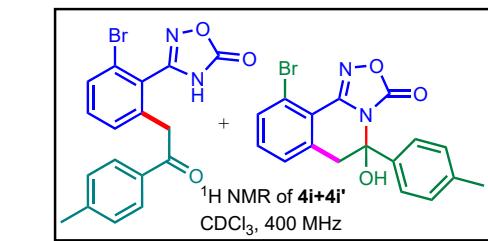
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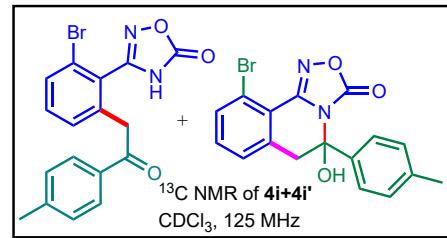
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5.1. Experimental procedure for anti-inflammatory activity

The synthesized compound and standard diclofenac sodium were screened for anti-inflammatory activity by inhibiting the albumin denaturation technique with minor modification. The standard drug and compound were dissolved in a minimum quantity of Dimethyl formamide (DMF) and diluted with phosphate buffer (0.2 M, pH 7.4). The final concentration of DMF in all solutions was less than 2.5%. Test Solution (2.5 mL) containing different drug concentrations was mixed with 1 mL of 1 mM Bovine serum albumin solution in phosphate buffer and incubated at 37 °C in an incubator for 10 min. Denaturation was induced by keeping the reaction mixture at 70 °C in a water bath for 10 min. After cooling, the turbidity was measured at 660 nm. The percentage inhibition of denaturation can be calculated from a reference where no drug was added. We noted that each experiment was done in triplicate and an average value was taken. The percentage inhibition of denaturation was calculated using the following formula:

$$\% \text{ of Inhibition} = 100 \times [A_c - A_t / A_c]$$

A_t : Absorbance of test

A_c : Absorbance of control.

5.2 Anti-diabetic activity α -amylase inhibition technique

The antidiabetic activity of the samples was performed using the α -amylase inhibition method. Briefly, Amylase (0.2%) was incubated with and without samples (in 1.5 mL) and standard for 10 min at 25 °C. This experiment was performed in 0.2 M phosphate buffer (pH 6.9). After pre-incubation, the 1% starch solution (0.5 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was incubated for 30 min at 25 °C. To stop the enzymatic reaction, DNSA reagent (0.5 mL) was added as the color reagent and then incubated in a boiling water bath for 90 min. After cooling down to room temperature, 0.5 mL of samples were diluted to 2.5 mL of distilled water and the absorbance was measured at 540 nm using a UV-visible spectrophotometer. The measured absorbance was compared with that of the control experiment. The percentage inhibition was calculated using the given formula.

$$\% \text{ of Inhibition} = 100 \times [A_c - A_t / A_c]$$

A_t : Absorbance of test

A_c: Absorbance of control

Statistical analysis

All experiments were carried out in triplicate. Regressions were made using Sigma-Plot (version 10.0.0.54), except in the case of the spectra graphics, which were made by the spectrofluorimeter software. A T-test was carried out using Rstudio (version 0.99.878) with a significance of P<0.05. Other mathematical operations were carried out using wxMaxima (version 12.04.0).

Table S1. Anti-inflammation activity of the synthesized compounds (3a to 5a)

Concentrations ($\mu\text{g/ml}$)	Anti-inflammation (% of inhibition)											
	3a	3b	3c	3d	3f	3g	3j	4a	4b	4d	4g	Standard
20	25.43	25.01	24.30	25.63	25.04	24.11	25.41	26.54	25.55	26.01	25.94	25.38
40	31.33	30.30	32.13	33.63	31.99	30.27	31.49	32.50	31.89	31.22	31.61	31.19
80	45.51	45.91	44.44	47.61	46.63	45.58	46.99	47.05	46.51	45.98	45.39	45.56
200	60.53	59.53	58.73	59.23	61.51	59.05	61.83	62.11	61.75	61.59	60.97	60.14
400	75.31	76.35	77.75	76.59	77.56	75.43	77.99	78.15	77.50	84.74	84.37	85.22

Table S2. Anti-diabetic activity of the synthesized compounds

Concentrations ($\mu\text{g/ml}$)	Anti-diabetic (% of inhibition)											
	3a	3b	3c	3d	3f	3g	3j	4a	4b	4d	4g	Standard
20	20.89	19.81	19.91	20.31	21.43	20.17	19.68	20.39	20.98	21.12	20.89	32.19
40	40.48	38.75	35.41	39.53	41.44	40.48	36.39	41.89	41.47	42.05	41.52	48.92
80	53.27	50.71	48.73	53.31	55.53	52.79	48.54	53.81	54.41	56.31	55.69	62.10
200	70.38	65.51	60.55	65.99	72.83	69.96	67.67	71.67	71.69	73.57	72.57	78.96
400	80.25	75.69	73.31	79.31	82.83	79.39	75.96	81.89	82.85	85.48	83.71	87.19

6.0 References:

- S1. P. Muthuraja, M. Saeed Akhtar, P. Gopinath and Y. Rok Lee, *Adv. Synth. Catal.*, 2023, **365**, 4595–4602.
- S2. Y. H. Fan, X. Y. Guan, W. P. Li, C. Z. Lin, D. X. Bing, M. Z. Sun, G. Cheng, J. Cao, J. J. Chen and Q. H. Deng, *Org. Chem. Front.*, 2022, **9**, 380–385.