

## Supplementary Information

# Passive Fractionating Mechanism for Oil Spill Using Shear-Wettability Modulation

Vinay Arya<sup>1</sup>, Abhirup Chaudhuri<sup>2</sup> and Chirodeep Bakli<sup>1\*</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Thermofluidics and Nanotechnology for Sustainable Energy Systems Laboratory, School of Energy Science and Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur, India

<sup>2</sup>Department of Mechanical Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur, India

### SI. Force field equations and parameters

The force field equations are mathematically expressed using the set of equations S1-S5 which are as follows:

$$U(r) = U_{\text{non-bonded}}(r) + U_{\text{bond}}(r) + U_{\text{angle}}(r) + U_{\text{dihedral}}(r) \quad (\text{S1})$$

where,

$$U_{\text{non-bonded}}(r) = f_{ij} \left( \frac{q_i q_j}{r_{ij}^2} + 4\epsilon_{ij} \left[ \left( \frac{\sigma_{ij}}{r_{ij}} \right)^{12} - \left( \frac{\sigma_{ij}}{r_{ij}} \right)^6 \right] \right) \quad (\text{S2})$$

$$U_{\text{bond}} = k_b (r - r_0)^2 \quad (\text{S3})$$

$$U_{\text{angle}} = k_\theta (\theta - \theta_0)^2 \quad (\text{S4})$$

$$U_{\text{dihedral}} = 0.5k_1(1 + \cos(\phi)) + 0.5k_2(1 + \cos(2\phi)) + 0.5k_3(1 + \cos(3\phi)) + 0.5k_4(1 + \cos(4\phi)) \quad (\text{S5})$$

Moreover, Table S1 indicates the parameters used for the simulations performed.

**Table S1.** Interaction parameters in the simulations<sup>1</sup>

Non-bonded interaction parameters (used in Equation 2)			
	$\epsilon$ (eV)	$\sigma$ (nm)	Charge

Graphene C	0.07	0.355	0
Terminal alkane C	0.002862	0.35	-0.18
Other carbons in alkanes	0.002862	0.35	-0.12
Hydrogen atoms	0.001301	0.25	0.06
Bond interaction parameters (used in Equation 3)			
Bonds	$k_b$ (eV)	$r_0$ (nm)	
C-C	11.6216	0.1529	
C-H	14.7438	0.1090	
Angle Interaction parameters (used in Equation 4)			
Angles	$k_\theta$ (eV)	$\theta_0$ (°)	
C-C-C	2.5303	112.7	
H-C-C	1.6262	110.7	
H-C-H	1.4310	107.8	
Dihedral Interaction parameters (used in Equation 5)			
Dihedrals	$k_1$ (eV)	$k_2$ (eV)	$k_3$ (eV)
C-C-C-C	0.07545	-0.00681	0.01210
H-C-C-C	0	0	0.01587
H-C-C-H	0	0	0.01379

## SII. Results from *NPzT* simulations

**Table S2.** Number of water ( $N_{water}$ ) and *n*-dodecane ( $N_{D12}$ ) molecules for different *n*-dodecane mass percentages (DMP) and wall wettability ( $\varepsilon$ ) values obtained from *NPzT* simulations

DMP	Number of Molecules		
	$\varepsilon = 0.2 \text{ kJ/mol}$	$\varepsilon = 0.5 \text{ kJ/mol}$	$\varepsilon = 1 \text{ kJ/mol}$
Pure water	$N_{water}: 12869$	$N_{water}: 13090$	$N_{water}: 13253$
5%	$N_{D12}: 67$ $N_{water}: 12019$	$N_{D12}: 68$ $N_{water}: 12248$	$N_{D12}: 69$ $N_{water}: 12425$
10%	$N_{D12}: 132$ $N_{water}: 11222$	$N_{D12}: 135$ $N_{water}: 11441$	$N_{D12}: 136$ $N_{water}: 11585$
15%	$N_{D12}: 195$ $N_{water}: 10456$	$N_{D12}: 198$ $N_{water}: 10630$	$N_{D12}: 201$ $N_{water}: 10776$
20%	$N_{D12}: 256$ $N_{water}: 9683$	$N_{D12}: 261$ $N_{water}: 9860$	$N_{D12}: 264$ $N_{water}: 9994$
40%	$N_{D12}: 487$ $N_{water}: 6912$	$N_{D12}: 496$ $N_{water}: 7029$	$N_{D12}: 499$ $N_{water}: 7071$
60%	$N_{D12}: 696$ $N_{water}: 4384$	$N_{D12}: 703$ $N_{water}: 4427$	$N_{D12}: 711$ $N_{water}: 4480$
80%	$N_{D12}: 886$ $N_{water}: 2092$	$N_{D12}: 899$ $N_{water}: 2122$	$N_{D12}: 904$ $N_{water}: 2135$
Pure <i>n</i> -dodecane	$N_{D12}: 1066$	$N_{D12}: 1085$	$N_{D12}: 1092$

## References

<sup>1</sup> S. Schmitt, F. Fleckenstein, H. Hasse, and S. Stephan, “Comparison of Force Fields for the Prediction of Thermophysical Properties of Long Linear and Branched Alkanes,” *J. Phys. Chem. B* **127**(8), 1789–1802 (2023).