

Investigation of $\text{Mo}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{C}_3\text{T}_x$ MXene in electrochemical immunosensor for respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) detection

Supporting information:

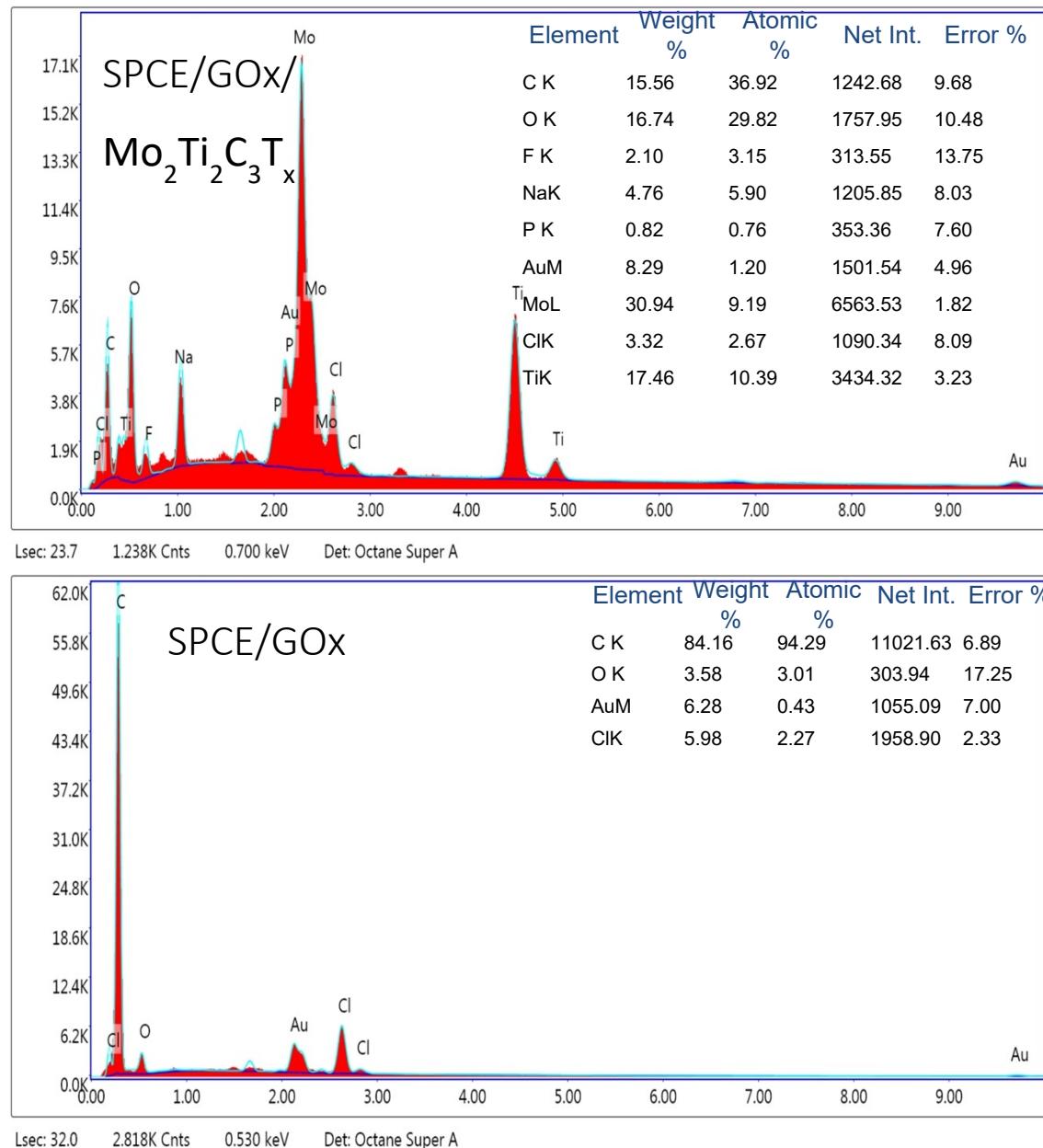


Figure S.1: Elemental mapping images of the SPCE/GOx before and after addition of $\text{Mo}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{C}_3\text{T}_x$.

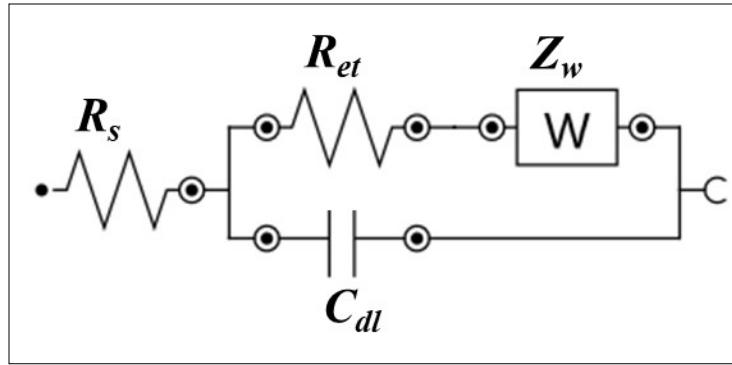


Figure S.2: Randles and Ershler equivalent circuit used for impedance spectra fitting.

Table S.1: Comparison of some biosensors reported for RSV and other respiratory viruses determination.

Target	Technique	Detection method	Linear range	LOD	Ref
RSV	4-aminothiophenol/glutaraldehyde/ glassy carbon electrode/immunosensor	Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy	1.0×10^5 PFU/mL to 1.5×10^7 PFU/mL	2.85×10^6 PFU/mL	[1]
RSV	Poly-L-lysine/gold electrode/ immunosensor	Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy	1.0×10^5 PFU/mL to 1.0×10^7 PFU/mL	1.1×10^3 PFU/mL	[1]
RSV	Gene biosensor	Surface plasmon resonance	$1 \text{ nM}-1 \mu\text{M}$	3 nM	[2]
RSV	Gold nanoparticles based immunoassay	Colorimetric	$0.5-20 \text{ pg/mL}$	0.01 pg/mL	[3]
SARS-CoV-2 Nucleocapsid and Spike proteins	Plasmonic nanostructure-immunosensor	SERS	0.1 pg/mL - 1 mg/mL and 1 fg/mL - 1 mg/mL	0.1 pg/mL and 1 fg/mL	[4]
SARS-CoV-2	Molecularly-imprinted polymer nanoparticles	SPR	$(0.25-1.75) \times 10^6$ particles/mL	$(0.1-3.61) \times 10^5$ particles/mL	[5]
SARS-CoV-2	double- π structure aptasensor	SERS	1 fg/mL to 1 ng/mL	0.16 and 0.1 fg/mL	[6]

2					
RSV	GOx/ Mo ₂ Ti ₂ C ₃ T _x MXene / /SPCEs immunosensor	Square wave voltammetry	0.01 pg/mL-10 µg/mL	0.015 pg/mL	This work

SERS: surface-enhanced Raman scattering

SPR: Surface plasmon resonance

1. Białobrzeska, W., et al., *Electrochemical immunosensors based on screen-printed gold and glassy carbon electrodes: comparison of performance for respiratory syncytial virus detection*. Biosensors, 2020. **10**(11): p. 175.
2. Shi, L., et al., *Development of SPR biosensor for simultaneous detection of multiplex respiratory viruses*. Bio-medical materials and engineering, 2015. **26**(s1): p. S2207-S2216.
3. Zhan, L., et al., *Sensitive immunosensor for respiratory syncytial virus based on dual signal amplification of gold nanoparticle layer-modified plates and catalyzed reporter deposition*. Sensors and Actuators B: Chemical, 2018. **255**: p. 1291-1297.
4. Yeh, Y.-J., et al., *Plasmonic nanostructure-enhanced Raman scattering for detection of SARS-CoV-2 nucleocapsid protein and spike protein variants*. Analytica chimica acta, 2023. **1239**: p. 340651.
5. Bajaj, A., et al., *Synthesis of molecularly imprinted polymer nanoparticles for SARS-CoV-2 virus detection using surface plasmon resonance*. Chemosensors, 2022. **10**(11): p. 459.
6. Dong, Y., et al., *Simultaneous and sensitive detection of SARS-CoV-2 proteins spike and nucleocapsid based on long-range SERS biosensor*. Analytica Chimica Acta, 2024. **1287**: p. 342070.