Supplementary Information (SI) for Organic & Biomolecular Chemistry. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2024

Electronic Supplementary Information

Investigating Chemical Diversity: *o*-Propargylphenols as Key Compounds in the Divergent Synthesis of 2-Substituted Benzofurans and Chromenes

Alessandra Gritti,^{a,b} Elisa Brambilla,^{a*} Ilaria Nania,^a

Federico Turba,^a Valentina Pirovano,^a and Giorgio Abbiati^{a*}

^a Dipartimento di Scienze Farmaceutiche, Sezione di Chimica Generale e Organica "A. Marchesini", Università degli Studi di Milano, Via Golgi, 19, 20133 Milano, Italy.

^b Dipartimento di Chimica, Università degli Studi di Milano, Via Golgi, 19, 20133 Milano, Italy.

Table of Contents

General information	S2
Synthesis of <i>o</i> -propargyl phenols 6a-q	\$3
Synthesis of benzofurans 7a-q	S14
Synthesis of 4H-chromenes 8a-q	S19
Isomerization of 9p to 7p	S25
COSY-, HSQC- and NOESY-NMR of product 9p	S26
Copies of ¹ H- and ¹³ C-NMR spectra of compounds 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9	S30

General information.

All the reactions, that involve the use of reagents sensitive to oxygen or hydrolysis, were carried out under a nitrogen atmosphere. The glassware was previously dried with a heating gun and set with cycles of reduced pressure and nitrogen. Syringes, used to transfer reagents and solvents, were previously set under a nitrogen atmosphere. All chemicals and solvents are commercially available and were used without further purification. Microwave-enhanced reactions were performed with the single-mode microwave synthesizer Personal Chemistry® "Emrys Creator". The chromatographic column separations were performed by flash technique, using silica gel (pore size 60, particle size 230–400 mesh, Merck Grade 9385). For large volumes of products, we used Biotage[®] select flash chromatography instrument with different preloaded column Biotage® SNAP. For thin-layer chromatography (TLC), Silica on TLC Alu foils with a fluorescent indicator (254 nm) was employed and the detection was performed by irradiation with UV light (λ = 254 nm and/or 366 nm). ¹H NMR analyses were performed with 300 and 400 MHz spectrometers at room temperature or stated temperature. The coupling constants (J) are expressed in Hertz (Hz), the chemical shifts (δ) in ppm. The multiplicities of the proton spectra were described by the following abbreviations: s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), p (quintet), dt (double triplet), dd (double doublet), m (multiplet), br (broad). ¹³C NMR analyses were performed with the same instruments at 74.45 and 101 MHz; the APT sequence was used to distinguish the methine and methyl carbon signals from those arising from methylene and quaternary carbon atoms. All ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded with complete proton decoupling. Low-resolution MS spectra were recorded with electrospray/ion trap instruments, using a syringe pump device to directly inject sample solutions. The values are expressed as mass-charge ratio and the relative intensities of the most significant peaks are shown in brackets. Elemental analyses were recorded in the analytical laboratories of Università degli Studi di Milano. Alkyne 4a-I, AgSbF₆, CuBr Fe(OTf)₃, NaAuCl₄ were commercially supplied, catalysts *i*PrAuNTf₂, Ph₃PAuNTf₂, P(OAr)₃AuNTf₂, JhonPhosAuNTf₂,¹ compounds **3a**² and **3b**³ were known compound and were prepared according to literature procedures.

¹ (a) L. Ricard and F. Gagosz, Synthesis and Reactivity of Air-Stable N-Heterocyclic Carbene Gold(I) Bis (trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imidate Complexes, *Organometallics*, 2007, **26**, 4704-4707. (b) N. Mézailles, L. Ricard and F. Gagosz, Phosphine Gold(I) Bis-(trifluoromethanesulfonyl)imidate Complexes as New Highly Efficient and Air-Stable Catalysts for the Cycloisomerization of Enynes, *Org. Lett.*, 2005, **7**, 4133-4136. (c) A. Homs, I. Escofet and A. M. Echavarren, On the Silver Effect and the Formation of Chloride-bridged Digold Complexes, *Org. Lett.*, 2013, **15**, 5782-5785.

² J. A. Gartman and U. K. Tambar, Total Synthesis of (+)-Rubellin C., Org. Lett., 2020, **22**, 9145-9150.

³ Q.-Q. Yang and W.-J. Xiao, Catalytic Asymmetric Synthesis of Chiral Dihydrobenzofurans through a Formal [4+1] Annulation Reaction of Sulfur Ylides and In Situ Generated ortho-Quinone Methides, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.*, 2017, 233-236.

Synthesis of o-propargyl phenols 6a-q



General procedure for 2c-e

To a Schlenk vial, the corresponding *o*-cresol **1c-e** (1 equiv.) was added to a solution of TBSCI (1.1 equiv.), DMAP (10 mol%) and imidazole (1.6 equiv.) in CH_2CI_2 (0.5M). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour and the reaction was monitored by TLC. After complete consumption of the starting material, the reaction was quenched with HCI (0.2 M) and extracted with CH_2CI_2 . The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was purified by flash column chromatography to yield the corresponding tert-butyldimethyl(*o*-tolyloxy)silane **2c-e**.

Tert-butyl(5-fluoro-2-methylphenoxy)dimethylsilane (2c)

The general procedure was followed using 5-fluoro-2-methylphenol **1c** (1 g, 7.93 mmol), TBSCI (1.314 g, 8.72 mmol), DMAP (96.51 mg, 0.79 mmol), imidazole (864 mg 12.69 mmol) and 15 ml of CH₂Cl₂. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **2c** (1.840 g, 96%), as a sticky liquid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.07 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (td, J = 8.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (dd, J = 10.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.04 (s, 9H), 0.25 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 161.43 (d, J = 242.7 Hz, C), 154.54 (d, J = 10.6 Hz, C), 130.99 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, CH), 124.52 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 107.46 (d, J = 20.7 Hz, CH), 106.09 (d, J = 22.8 Hz, CH), 25.66 (CH₃), 18.23 (C), 16.21 (CH₃), 4.28 (CH₃). ESI(-)-MS: m/z (%) = 241 (80) [M + H]⁺, C₂₂H₂₈OSi [240.39]: calcd for C, 64.95; H, 8.81; found C, 65.01; H, 8.84.

Tert-butyldimethyl(2-methyl-4-nitrophenoxy)silane (2d)

O₂N The general procedure was followed using 2-methyl-4-nitrophenol **1d** (2.0 g, 9.8 mmol), TBSCI (1.61 g, 10.72 mmol), DMAP (119 mg, 0.98 mmol), imidazole (1.06 g 15.68 mmol) and 20 ml of CH₂Cl₂. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 99:1 → 95:5) yielded **2d** (2.48 g, 95%), as a pale yellow solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.06 (dd, J = 2.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J = 8.9, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.02 (s, 9H), 0.28 (s,

6H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 159.90 (C), 141.45 (C), 130.15 (C), 126.54 (CH), 123.11 (CH), 117.84 (CH), 25.58 (CH_3) , 18.27 (C), 16.89 (CH₃), -4.21 (CH₃). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 268 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₃H₂₁NO₃Si [267.4]: calcd for C, 58.39; H, 7.92; N, 5.24; found C, 58.47; H, 7.91; N, 5.22.

Tert-butyldimethyl((1-methylnaphthalen-2-yl)oxy)silane (2e)



The general procedure was followed using 3-methylnaphthalen-2-ol 1e (2 g, 12,7 mmol), TBSCI (2.106 g, 13.9 mmol), DMAP (155 mg, 1.27 mmol), imidazole (1.383 g, 20.32 mmol) and 24 ml CH₂Cl₂. Purifications of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **2e** (3.099 g, 90%) as orange/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.94 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), OTBS 7.78 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (ddd, J = 8.0, 6.8, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 9H), 0.25 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 150.54 (C), 134.08 (C), 129.39 (C), 128.27 (CH), 126.72 (CH), 125.89 (CH), 123.56 (CH), 123.29 (CH), 121.16 (C), 121.05 (CH), 25.87 (CH₃), 18.36 (C), 11.59 (CH₃), -4.02 (CH₃). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 273 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₇H₂₄OSi [272.4]: calcd for C, 74.94; H, 8.88; found C, 75.16; H, 8.91.

General procedure for 3c-e

A benzene solution (0.15-0.18 M) of tert-butyldimethyl(o-tolyloxy)silane 2c-e (1 equiv.), NBS (1 equiv.) and AIBN (0.06 mol%) was refluxed for 12 hours. After cooling to room temperature, the mixture was partitioned between ether-water. The aqueous phase was extracted with additional ether. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was purified by flash column chromatography to yield the corresponding (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane 3cе.

(2-(bromomethyl)-5-fluorophenoxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (3c)

The general procedure was followed using tert-butyl(5-fluoro-2-Br methylphenoxy)dimethylsilane 2c (1.6 g, 6.7 mmol), NBS (1.19 g, 6.7 mmol), AIBN (13 OTBS mg, 0.08 mmol) and 37 ml benzene. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **3c** (1.861 g, 84%), as a sticky liquid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.29 (m, 1H), 6.67 (td, J = 8.3, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (dd, J = 10.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 1.08 (s, 9H), 0.33 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 163.34 (d, *J* = 247 Hz, C), 155.07 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, C), 131.96 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, CH), 124.57 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, C), 108.27 (d, J = 21.6 Hz, CH), 106.25 (d, J = 23.4 Hz, CH), 28.66 (CH₂), 25.72 (CH₃), 18.27 (C), 16.21 (CH₃), 4.21 (CH₃). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 241 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₇H₂₄OSi [240.39]: calcd for C, 64.95; H, 8.81; found C, 64.78; H, 8.82.

(2-(bromomethyl)-4-nitrophenoxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (3d)

procedure was followed using: tert-butyldimethyl(2-methyl-4-General O_2N nitrophenoxy)silane 2d (2.0 g, 7.5 mmol), NBS (1325 mg 7.5 mmol), AIBN (16 mg, 0.1 OTBS mmol) and 50 ml benzene. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 99:1 \rightarrow 95:5) yielded **3d** (2.145 g, 85%), as a sticky liquid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.29 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (dd, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (s, 2H), 1.09 (s, 9H), 0.38 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 159.57 (C), 141.45 (C), 129.55 (C), 126.94 (CH), 125.75 (CH), 118.33 (CH), 27.10 (CH_2) , 25.65 (CH3), 18.34 (C), -4.12 (CH₃). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 348 (90) [M + 2H]⁺, C₁₃H₂₀BrNO₃Si [346.3] calcd for C, 45.09; H, 5.82; N, 4.04; found C, 45.24; H, 5.80; N, 4.05.

((1-(bromomethyl)naphthalen-2-yl)oxy)(tert-butyl)dimethylsilane (3e)



General procedure was followed using: *tert*-butyldimethyl((1-methylnaphthalen-2-yl)oxy)silane **2e** (2.0 g, 7.34 mmol), NBS (1.306 g, 7.34 mmol), AIBN (8 mg, 0.05 mmol) and 41 ml benzene. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 98:2) yielded **3e** (1.610 g, 63%), as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.06 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.61 (m, J = 19.34 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (m,

J = 19.03 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (s, 2H), 1.14 (s, 9H), 0.37 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 151.83 (C), 132.63 (C), 130.55 (CH), 129.44 (C), 128.55 (CH), 127.03 (CH), 123.99 (CH), 122.96 (CH), 120.30 (C), 120.12 (CH), 25.89 (CH₂), 25.87 (CH₃), 18.40 (C), -3.81 (CH₃). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 352 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₇H₂₃BrOSi [351,36]: calcd for C, 58.11; H, 6.60; found C, 57.95; H, 6.57.

General procedure for 5a-p

In a Schlenk vial, BuLi (1.2 equiv) in Hex (2.5 M) was added to a solution of alkyne **4a-I** (1.2 equiv.) in THF (0.25 M) at -78 °C. After 30 min at – 78 °C, a solution of ZnBr_2 (1.2 equiv.) in THF (1.2 M) was added and stirred for 10 min, then the reaction was warmed to 0°C over 20 minutes and successively at room temperature. (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane **3a-e** (1 equiv) and Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (1 mol%) were added. The reaction was heated at 70°C for 18 hours. The reaction mixture was quenched with HCl (1 M), extracted with diethyl ether, washed with aqueous NaHCO₃, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was purified by flash column chromatography to yield the corresponding *tert*-butyldimethyl(2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane **5a-p**. The products were directly used for the next step without further characterization.

Tert-butyldimethyl(2-(3-(p-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane (5a)



The general procedure was followed using: (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (640 mg, 2.13 mmol), 1-ethynyl-4-methylbenzene **4a** (296 mg, 2.55 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5 M (1.05 ml, 2.55 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (14 mg, 0.02 mmol), ZnBr₂ (574 mg, 2.55 mmol) and 8.5 mL of THF. Purification of

the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 99:1) yielded **5a** (652 mg, 91%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.58 (ddd, *J* = 7.5, 1.4, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.20 – 7.06 (m, 3H), 6.97 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 9H), 0.27 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyldimethyl(2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane (5b)



General procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (700 mg, 2.37 mmol), ethynylbenzene **4b** (286 mg, 2.8 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5 M (1.15 ml, 2.8 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (17 mg, 0.023 mmol), ZnBr₂ (630 mg, 2.8 mmol) and 9.3 mL of THF. Purification of the crude by flash

chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **5b** (627 mg, 82%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.61 – 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.49 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.19 – 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.98 (td, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.81 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 2H), 1.05 (s, 9H), 0.27 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyl(2-(3-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane (5c)



The general procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (800 mg, 2.7 mmol), 1-ethynyl-4-fluorobenzene **4c** (389 mg, 3.24 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (1.29 ml, 3.24 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (22 mg, 0.03 mmol), ZnBr₂ (729 mg, 3.24 mmol) and 13 mL of THF. Purification of the crude

by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 98:2) yielded **5c** (510.8 mg, 75%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.55 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.45 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.15 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.02 – 6.93 (m, 3H), 6.80 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 1.03 (s, 9H), 0.26 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyl(2-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane (5d)



General procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (600 mg, 2 mmol), 1-ethynyl-4-methoxybenzene **4d** (316 mg, 2.4 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (0.98 ml, 2.4 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (15 mg, 0.02 mmol), ZnBr₂ (540 mg, 2.4 mmol) and 8 mL of THF. Purification of the

crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 99:1) yielded **5d** (493.5 mg, 70%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.62 – 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.44 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.20 – 7.13 (m, 1H), 7.00 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.89 – 6.81 (m, 3H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 1.07 (s, 9H), 0.29 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyldimethyl(2-(3-(m-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane (5e)



General procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (600 mg, 2 mmol), 1-ethynyl-3-methylbenzene **4e** (278 mg, 2.4 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (0.98ml, 2.4 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (16 mg, 0.02 mmol), ZnBr₂ (540 mg, 2.4 mmol) and 8 mL of THF. Purification of the crude by

flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 98:2) yielded **5e** (585.6 mg, 87%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.60 – 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.21 – 7.07 (m, 3H), 6.97 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 9H), 0.26 (s, 6H)

Tert-butyl(2-(3-(3-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane (5f)



General procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (889 mg, 2.95 mmol), 1-ethynyl-3-fluorobenzene **4f** (425 mg, 3.54 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (1.41 ml, 3.54 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (22 mg, 0.03 mmol), ZnBr₂ (796 mg, 3.54 mmol) and 12 mL of THF. Purification of

the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 99:1) yielded **5f** (876 mg, 92%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.53 (ddd, *J* = 7.5, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.18 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.99 (tdt, *J* = 7.5, 5.8, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 2H), 1.05 (s, 9H), 0.27 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyl(2-(3-(3-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane (5g)



General procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (600 mg, 2 mmol), 1-ethynyl-3-methoxybenzene **4g** (316 mg, 2.4 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (0.98 ml, 2.4 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (14 mg, 0.02 mmol), ZnBr₂ (540 mg, 2.4 mmol) and 8 mL of THF. Purification of the crude

by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **5g** (472 mg, 67%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.55 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.17 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 7.04 (dt, J = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 1H),

7.01 – 6.93 (m, 2H), 6.85 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 2.7, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 2H), 1.04 (s, 9H), 0.26 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyldimethyl(2-(3-(o-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane (5h)



General procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (700 mg, 2.33 mmol), 1-ethynyl-2-methylbenzene **4h** (327 mg, 2.8 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (1.15ml, 2.8 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (17 mg, 0.023 mmol), ZnBr₂ (630 mg, 2.8 mmol) and 9.33 mL of THF. Purification of the crude by

flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 99:1) yielded **6h** (596 mg, 76%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.62 (ddt, *J* = 7.6, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.44 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.23 – 7.09 (m, 4H), 6.98 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 9H), 0.27 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyl(2-(3-(2-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane (5i)



General procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (700 mg, 2.33 mmol), 1-ethynyl-2-fluorobenzene **4i** (338 mg, 2.8 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (1.15 ml, 2.8 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (17 mg, 0.023 mmol), ZnBr₂ (630 mg, 2.8 mmol) and 9.33 mL of THF. Purification of the crude by

flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 99:1) yielded **5i** (531 mg, 67%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.62 – 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.44 (td, J = 7.6, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (s, 2H), 7.18 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.97 (td, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 2H), 1.03 (s, 9H), 0.26 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyl(2-(3-(2-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane (5j)



General procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (700 mg, 2.32 mmol), 1-ethynyl-2-methoxybenzene **4j** (367 mg, 2.78 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (1.11 ml, 2.78 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (17 mg, 0.023 mmol), ZnBr₂ (625 mg, 2.78 mmol) and 9 mL of THF. Purification of the crude by

flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **5j** (466 mg, 57%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.68 (m, 1H), 7.43 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.17 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 7.00 – 6.93 (m, 1H), 6.93 – 6.85 (m, 2H), 6.79 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 2H), 1.03 (s, 9H), 0.25 (s, 6H).

4-(3-(2-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)phenyl)prop-1-yn-1-yl)pyridine (5k)



General procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (1 g, 3.32 mmol), 3-ethynylpyridine **4k** (410 mg, 3.98 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (1.59 ml, 3.98 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (29 mg, 0.04 mmol), ZnBr₂ (895 mg, 3.98 mmol) and 13 mL of THF. Purification of the crude by flash

chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **5k** (644 mg, 50%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃: 8.70 (bs, 1H), 8.52 (bs, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.54 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.20 – 7.12 (m, 1)H), 6.98 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 1.04 (s, 7H), 0.26 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyldimethyl(2-(3-(thiophen-3-yl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane (5l)



The general procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)phenoxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane **3a** (700 mg, 2.33 mmol), 3-ethynylthiophene **4l** (302 mg, 2.8 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (1.15 ml, 2.8 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (15 mg, 0.023 mmol), ZnBr₂ (540 mg, 2.8 mmol) and 9.33 mL of THF. Purification of the crude by flash

chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **5I** (354 mg, 71%), as a brown/yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.56 -7.51 (m, 1H), 7.39 (dd, J = 3.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 -7.22 (m, 1H), 7.19 -7.09 (m, 2H), 6.96 (td, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (dd, J = 8.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 2H), 1.03 (s, 9H), 0.25 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyldimethyl((1-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)naphthalen-2-yl)oxy)silane (5m)



The general procedure was followed using ((1-(bromomethyl)naphthalen-2-yl)oxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane **3e** (700 mg, 1.99 mmol), ethynylbenzene **4b** (244 mg, 2.38 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (0.95ml, 2.38 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (14 mg, 0.019 mmol), ZnBr₂ (536 mg, 2.38 mmol) and 7.96 mL of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **5m** (339 mg, 46%), as a

brown/yellow sticky solid. The product **5m** was isolated together with some inseparable impurities. The picks are referred only to **5m**. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.21 - 8.14 (m, 1H), 7.83 - 7.77 (m, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.37 - 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.25 - 7.20 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 1.11 (s, 9H), 0.32 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyl(5-fluoro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane (5n)



General procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)-4fluorophenoxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane **3c** (700 mg, 2.2 mmol), ethynylbenzene **4b** (269 mg, 2.64 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (1.08 ml, 2.64 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (14 mg, 0.022 mmol), ZnBr₂ (594 mg, 2.64 mmol) and 8.6 mL of THF.

Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc) yielded **5n** (535 mg, 71%), as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.53 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 6.68 (td, *J* = 8.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.53 (dd, *J* = 10.3, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 2H), 1.03 (s, 9H), 0.27 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyl(4-fluoro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane (50)



The general procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)-4fluorophenoxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane **3b** (700 mg, 2.19 mmol), ethynylbenzene **4b** (269 mg, 2.63 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (1.05 ml, 2.63 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (16.09 mg, 0.022 mmol), ZnBr₂ (592 mg, 2.63 mmol) and 8.57 mL of

THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **S3o** (641 mg, 86%), as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.49 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.29 (m, 4H), 6.87 – 6.79 (m, 1H), 6.73 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 1.04 (s, 9H), 0.25 (s, 6H).

Tert-butyldimethyl(4-nitro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane (5p)



The general procedure was followed using (2-(bromomethyl)-4nitrophenoxy)(*tert*-butyl)dimethylsilane **3d** (1.5 g, 4.33 mmol), ethynylbenzene **4b** (531 mg, 5.2 mmol), BuLi in Hex 2.5M (2.08 ml, 5.2 mmol), Pd(dppf)Cl₂ (29 mg, 0.04 mmol), ZnBr₂ (1.17 g, 5.2 mmol) and 17.33 mL of

THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **5p** (981 mg, 60%), as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.51 (dd, *J* = 2.9, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.30 (m, 3H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 1.05 (s, 9H), 0.32 (s, 6H).

Synthesis of 2-propargylphenols (6a-p)

General Procedure: To a solution of *tert*-butyldimethyl(2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane **5a-p** (1 equiv.) in THF (0.33 M), TBAF 1 M in THF (1 equiv.) was added. The reaction was stirred for 1.5 hours at room temperature. Then it was quenched with saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was purified by flash column chromatography to yield the corresponding 2-propargylphenols **6a-p**.

2-(3-(p-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6a)



The general procedure was followed using *tert*-butyldimethyl(2-(3-(*p*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane **5a** (525 mg, 1.63 mmol), TBAF (1.63 ml, 1.63 mmol) and 4.93 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 9:1) yielded **6a** (336 mg, 93%), as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz,

 $CDCI_3$): 7.36 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 3H), 7.20 – 7.13 (m, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.97 – 6.89 (m, 1H), 6.84 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (bs, 1H), 3.80 (s, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCI₃): 153.86 (C), 138.17 (C), 131.55 (CH), 129.54 (CH), 129.03 (CH), 128.21 (CH), 122.81 (C), 120.93 (CH), 120.00 (C), 115.85 (CH), 85.34 (C), 83.72 (C), 21.45 (CH₃), 21.02 (CH₂). ESI(-)-MS: m/z (%) = 221 (85) [M - H]⁻, C₁₆H₁₄O [222.29]: calcd for C, 86.45; H, 6.35; found C, 86.37; H, 6.33.

2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6b)



General procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyldimethyl(2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane **5b** (492 mg, 1.53 mmol), TBAF (1.53 ml, 1.53 mmol) and 4.5 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 9:1) yielded **6b** (279 mg, 82%), as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.49 – 7.43

(m, 2H), 7.42 - 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.33 - 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.21 - 7.14 (m, 1H), 6.95 (td, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.86 - 6.82 (m, 1H), 5.45 (bs, 1H), 3.82 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 153.74 (C), 131.69 (CH), 129.57 (CH), 128.29 (CH), 128.25 (CH), 128.10 (CH), 123.14 (C), 122.75 (C), 121.01 (CH), 115.82 (CH), 86.22 (C), 83.57 (C), 20.94 (CH₂). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁴

2-(3-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6c)



The general procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyl(2-(3-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane **5c** (507 mg, 1.49 mmol), TBAF (1.49 ml, 1.49 mmol) and 4.5 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 9:1) yielded **6c** (260 mg, 75%), as a brown

solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.48 – 7.38 (m, 3H), 7.20 (td, J = 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 6.94 (m, 3H), 6.86 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (bs, 1H), 3.83 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 162.38 (d, J = 249.1 Hz, C), 153.66 (C), 133.54 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, CH), 129.57 (CH), 128.29 (CH), 122.72 (C), 121.05 (C), 119.29 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, C), 115.78 (CH), 115.53 (d, J = 21.9 Hz, CH), 86.04 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, C), 82.39 (C), 20.80 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁FO [226.25]: calcd for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.47; H, 4.89.

⁴ J. Peng, X. Huang, P.-F. Zheng and Y.-C. Chen, Stereoselective Synthesis of Five-Membered Spirooxindoles through Tomita Zipper Cyclization, *Org. Lett.*, 2013, **15**, 5534-5537.

2-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6d)



General procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyl(2-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)-dimethylsilane **5d** (367 mg 1.13mmol), TBAF (1.13 ml, 1.13mmol) and 3.39 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 9:1) yielded **6d** (229 mg,

85%), as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.44 – 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.20 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.89 – 6.84 (m, 3H), 5.63 (s, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.83 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 159.47 (C), 153.91 (C), 133.10 (CH), 129.58 (CH), 128.25 (CH), 122.92 (C), 120.97 (C), 115.92 (CH), 115.25 (CH), 113.95 (CH), 84.59 (C), 83.52 (C), 55.31 (CH₃), 21.07 (CH₂). ESI(-)-MS: m/z (%) = 237 (80) [M - H]⁻, C₁₆H₁₄O₂ [238.1]: calcd for C, 80.65; H, 5.92; found C, 80.82; H, 5.94.

2-(3-(m-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6e)



The general procedure was followed using *Ter*t-butyldimethyl(2-(3-(*m*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane **6e** (600 mg, 1.78 mmol), TBAF (1.78 ml, 1.78 mmol) and 5.78 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 9:1) yielded **6e** (385 mg, 97%), as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (300

MHz, CDCl₃): 1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.40 – 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.09 (m, 5H), 6.94 (td, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (bs, 1H), 3.81 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 153.80 (C), 137.97 (C), 132.29 (CH), 129.55 (CH), 129.00 (CH), 128.73 (CH), 128.24 (CH), 128.19 (CH), 122.90 (C), 122.76 (C), 120.97 (CH), 115.87 (CH), 85.77 (C), 83.78 (C), 21.20 (CH₃), 20.99 (CH₂). ESI(-)-MS: m/z (%) = 221 (100) [M - H]⁻, C₁₆H₁₄O [222.29]: calcd for C, 86.45; H, 6.35; found C, 86.26; H, 6.38.

2-(3-(3-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6f)



The general procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyl(2-(3-(3-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane **5f** (810 mg, 2.4 mmol), TBAF (2.4 ml, 2.4 mmol) and 7.44 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 9:1) yielded **6f** (429 mg, 79%) as a yellow

solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.44 – 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.31 – 7.11 (m, 4H), 7.06 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 6.83 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (bs, 1H), 3.81 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 162.34 (d, *J* = 246.2 Hz, C), 153.49 (C), 129.82 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, CH), 129.56 (CH), 128.30 (CH), 127.57 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, CH), 125.10 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, C), 122.56 (C), 121.08 (CH), 118.51 (d, *J* = 22.7 Hz, CH), 115.57, 115.39 (d, *J* = 21.2 Hz, CH), 115.25 (CH), 87.59 (C), 82.19 (C), 20.70 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁FO [226.25]: calcd for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.47; H, 4.89.

2-(3-(3-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6g)



The general procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyl(2-(3-(3-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane **5g** (468 mg, 1.33 mmol), TBAF (1.33 ml, 1.33 mmol) and 4 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 8:1) yielded **6g** (280 mg, 89%) as a

brown solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.43 – 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.27 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.06 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.01 – 6.81 (m, 4H), 5.39 (bs, 1H), 3.82 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 159.27 (C), 153.69 (C), 129.59 (CH), 129.37 (CH), 128.28 (CH), 124.28 (CH), 124.17 (C), 122.72 (C), 121.03 (CH), 116.51 (CH), 115.79 (CH), 114.73 (CH), 86.15 (C), 83.43 (C), 55.30 (CH₃), 20.89 (CH₂). ESI(-)-MS: m/z (%) = 237 (80) [M - H]⁻, C₁₆H₁₄O₂ [238.1]: calcd for C, 80.65; H, 5.92; found C, 80.59; H, 5.93.

2-(3-(o-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6h)



General procedure was followed using *Ter*t-butyldimethyl(2-(3-(o-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane **5h** (587 mg, 1.69 mmol), TBAF (1.69 ml, 1.69 mmol) and 5 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **6h** (359 mg, 95%), as a light brown solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.46 –

7.39 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.11 (m, 4H), 6.95 (td, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (s, 1H), 3.88 (s, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 53.75 (C), 140.15 (C), 132.06 (CH), 129.53 (CH), 129.43 (CH), 128.24 (CH), 128.10 (CH), 125.53 (CH), 122.93 (C), 122.91 (C), 121.00 (CH), 115.82 (CH), 90.01 (C), 82.59 (C), 21.13 (CH₂), 20.80 (CH₃). ESI(-)-MS: m/z (%) = 221 (100) [M - H]⁻, C₁₆H₁₄O [222.29]: calcd for C, 86.45; H, 6.35; found C, 86.72; H, 6.38.

2-(3-(2-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6i)



General procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyl(2-(3-(2-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane **5i** (290 mg, 0.85 mmol), TBAF (0.85 ml, 0.85 mmol) and 2.55 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 9:1) yielded **6i** (109 mg, 57%) as a pale-yellow solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.44

(ddd, J = 9.0, 7.8, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.33 - 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.18 (ddd, J = 8.4, 7.7, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.12 - 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.95 (td, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (s, 1H), 3.86 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 162.92 (d, J = 250.7 Hz, C), 153.61(C), 133.51 (d, J = 1.3 Hz, CH), 129.73 (d, J = 7.39, CH), 129.57 (CH), 128.29 (CH), 123.89 (d, J = 3.8, CH), 122.49 (C), 121.08 (CH), 115.81 (CH), 115.43 (d, J = 22.8, CH), 111.74 (d, J = 15.9, C), 91.79 (d, J = 3.2, C), 76.85 (C) 21.05 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺, $C_{15}H_{11}FO$ [226.25]: calcd for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.83; H, 4.91.

2-(3-(2-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6j)



The general procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyl(2-(3-(2-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane **5j** (440 mg, 1.25 mmol), TBAF (1.25 ml, 1.25 mmol) and 3.75 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 7:1) yielded **6j** (219 mg, 74%) as orange/yellow solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz,

CDCl₃): 7.39 (ddd, *J* = 7.5, 1.8, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 6.95 – 6.86 (m, 4H), 6.09 (s, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 160.11 (C), 154.39 (C), 132.98 (CH), 129.62 (CH), 129.58 (CH), 128.33 (CH), 122.94 (C), 120.96 (CH), 120.45 (CH), 116.82 (CH), 112.09 (C), 110.42 (CH), 90.36 (C), 80.10 (C), 55.72 (CH₃), 21.94 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 239 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₆H₁₄O₂ [238.1]: calcd for C, 80.65; H, 5.92; found C, 80.48; H, 5.90.

2-(3-(pyridin-4-yl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6k)



The general procedure was followed using 4-(3-(2-((*Tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)phenyl)prop-1-yn-1-yl)pyridine **5k** (500 mg, 1.55 mmol), TBAF (1.55 ml, 1.55 mmol) and 4.65 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 8:2) yielded **6k** (349 mg, 65%) as a brown solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.73 (s, 1H), 8.53 (s, 1H), 7.80 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (td, *J* = 7.8, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 154.25 (C), 151.77 (CH), 147.37 (CH), 139.33 (CH), 129.43 (CH), 128.20 (CH), 123.39 (CH), 122.78 (C), 121.44 (C), 120.37 (CH), 115.42 (CH), 115.42 (CH), 91.86 (C), 78.90

(C), 20.55 (CH₃). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 210 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₄H₁₁NO [209.25]: calcd for C, 80.36; H, 5.30; N, 6.69; found C, 80.12; H, 5.31; N, 6.66.

2-(3-(thiophen-3-yl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6l)



The general procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyldimethyl(2-(3-(thiophene-3-yl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane **5I** (540 mg 1.6 mmol), TBAF (1.6 ml, 1.6 mmol) and 4.9 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 8:1) yielded **6I** (324 mg, 92%), as a brown oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):

7.45 (dd, J = 2.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.20 (td, J = 7.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (dd, J = 5.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (td, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (dd, J = 8.0, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.42 (s, 1H), 3.82 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 153.72 (C), 129.97 (CH), 129.61 (CH), 128.49 (CH), 128.30 (CH), 125.23 (CH), 122.73 (C), 122.13 (C), 121.05 (CH), 115.85 (CH), 85.83 (C), 78.62 (C), 20.93 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 215 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₃H₁₀OS [214.28]: calcd for C, 72.87; H, 4.70; found C, 73.01; H, 4.68.

1-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)naphthalen-2-ol (6m)



The general procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyldimethyl((1-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)naphthalene-2-yl)oxy)silane **5m** (212 mg, 0.57 mmol), TBAF (0.57 ml, 0.57 mmol) and 1.71 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 9:1) yielded **6m** (87 mg, 59%) as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.07 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.71

(d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.44 – 7.32 (m, 4H), 7.27 (q, J = 3.8 Hz, 3H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.84 (s, 1H), 4.21 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 151.22 (C), 132.76 (C), 131.70 (CH), 129.43 (C), 128.92 (CH), 128.62 (CH), 128.18 (CH), 127.97 (CH), 126.82 (CH), 123.39 (CH), 123.18 (C), 122.89 (CH), 118.30 (CH), 114.33 (C), 86.89 (C), 82.04 (C), 15.90 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 259 (45) [M + H]⁺, C₁₉H₁₄O [258.32]: calcd for C, 88.34; H, 5.46; found C, 88.74; H, 5.45.

5-fluoro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6n)



The general procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyl(5-fluoro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane **5n** (535 mg, 1.57 mmol), TBAF (1.57 ml, 1.57 mmol) and 4.71 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 95:5 \rightarrow 8:2) yielded **6n** (192 mg, 96%) as deep brown oil. ¹H

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.52 - 7.41 (m, 2H), 7.38 - 7.29 (m, 4H), 6.67 (td, J = 8.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 6.62 (dd, J = 9.8, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 162.56 (d, J = 244.9 Hz, C), 154.81 (d, J = 11.3 Hz, C), 131.70 (CH), 130.30 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, CH), 128.34 (CH), 128.27 (CH), 122.91 (C), 118.49 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, C), 107.64 (d, J = 21.2 Hz, CH), 103.68 (d, J = 24.6 Hz, CH), 85.78 (C), 83.86 (C), 20.55 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺, $C_{15}H_{11}FO$ [226.25]: calcd for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.49; H, 4.90.

4-fluoro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (60)



The general procedure was followed using *Tert*-butyl(4-fluoro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)dimethylsilane **50** (636 mg, 1.87 mmol), TBAF (1.87 ml, 1.87 mmol) and 5.6 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 9:1) yielded **60** (402 mg, 95%) as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (300

MHz, CDCl₃): 7.50 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.32 (dt, J = 4.9, 1.6 Hz, 3H), 7.15 (dd, J = 9.1, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (ddd, J = 8.6, 7.9, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (dd, J = 8.8, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (bs, 1H), 3.79 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 157.17 (d, J = 238.3 Hz, C), 149.55 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, C), 131.70 (CH), 128.33 (CH), 128.24 (CH), 124.45 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, C),

122.91 (C), 116.44 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, CH), 116.04 (d, J = 24.2 Hz, CH), 114.27 (d, J = 23.1 Hz, CH), 85.41 (C), 83.92 (C), 20.97 (CH₂). ESI(-)-MS: m/z (%) = 225 (100) [M - H]⁻, C₁₅H₁₁FO [226.25]: calcd for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.56; H, 4.92.

4-nitro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6p)



phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenoxy)silane 5p (980 mg, 2.67 mmol), TBAF (2.67 ml, 2.67 mmol) and 8 ml of THF. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 5:1) yielded **6p** (554 mg, 82%). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.37 (dt, J = 2.9, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.50 - 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.39 - 7.30 (m, 3H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (s, 1H), 3.87 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 159.32 (C), 131.74 (CH), 128.50 (CH), 128.39 (CH), 125.73 (CH), 124.61 (CH), 123.88 (C), 122.52 (C), 115.81 (CH), 84.89 (C), 84.20 (C), 62.42 (C), 20.90 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 254 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁FO [253.26]: calcd for C, 71.14; H, 4.38; N, 5.53; found C, 71.06; H, 4.39; N, 5.55.

4-amino-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (6q)



In a solution of 4-nitro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol 6p (235 mg, 0.93 mmol) in EtOH (0.1 M) was added Fe⁰ (259 mg, 4.65 mmol) and then NH₄Cl in H₂O (2M). The reaction was conducted at 80°C for 1h. It was monitored by TLC (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc 9:1). Filtered on celite and extracted in EtOAc and H₂O then

The general procedure was followed using Tert-butyldimethyl(4-nitro-2-(3-

dried under reduced pressure. Finally, the crude was purified by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 3:1) to yield **6q** (161 mg, 77%) as a light brown solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.50 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.35 – 7.30 (m, 3H), 6.81 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.54 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 146.64 (C), 139.85 (C), 131.72 (CH), 128.28 (CH), 128.03 (CH), 123.93 (C), 123.30 (C), 116.87 (CH), 116.75 (CH), 115.11 (CH), 86.57 (C), 83.27 (C), 20.94 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 224 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₃NO [223.28]: calcd for C, 80.69; H, 5.87; N, 6.27; found C, 80.93; H, 5.86; N, 6.24.

Synthesis of benzofurans (7a-q).

General procedure: In a microwave vial, K_2CO_3 (10 mol%) was added to a solution of 2-propargylphenols **6aq** (0.2 mmol) in DMF (0.1 M). The mixture was heated at 70°C under microwave heating for 5 min. Then, water was added to the mixture and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was purified by flash column chromatography to yield the corresponding benzofurans **7a-q**.

2-(4-methylbenzyl)benzofuran (7a).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(*p*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6a** (44 mg, 0.2 mmol), K₂CO₃ (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7a** (40 mg, 89%), as a yellowish wax. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.10 (m, 6H), 6.36 (q, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 2.34 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 3H). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁵

2-benzylbenzofuran (7b).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6b** (42 mg, 0.2 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7b** (36 mg, 87%), as a yellowish wax. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.0 (m, 1H), 7.37 – 7.25 (m, 5H), 7.22 – 7.16

(m, 2H), 6.38 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (s, 2H). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁵

2-(4-fluorobenzyl)benzofuran (7c).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6c** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), K₂CO₃ (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7c** (39 mg, 86%), as a yellowish wax. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.32 – 7.13 (m, 4H), 7.08 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 6.38 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 161.81 (d, J = 244.9 Hz, C), 157.49 (C), 154.97 (C),132.89 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, C), 130.37 (d,

J = 7.9 Hz, CH), 128.70 (C), 123.55 (CH), 122.60 (CH), 120.47 (CH), 115.43 (d, *J* = 21.3 Hz, CH), 110.93 (CH), 103.41 (CH), 34.19 (CH₂). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁵

2-(4-methoxybenzyl)benzofuran (7d).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6d** (48 mg, 0.2 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). The reaction was conducted at 90°C for 5 minutes. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7d** (38 mg, 79%), as a yellowish wax. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.29 – 7.10 (m, 4H), 6.94 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 6.36 (q, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75

MHz, CDCl₃): 158.46 (C), 158.29 (C), 154.95 (C), 129.91 (CH), 129.26 (C), 128.83 (C), 123.34 (CH), 122.48 (CH),

⁵ M. Rajesh, N. Thirupathi, T. J. Reddy, S. Kanojiya and M. S. Reddy, Pd-Catalyzed Isocyanide Assisted Reductive Cyclization of 1-(2-Hydroxyphenyl)-propargyl Alcohols for 2-Alkyl/Benzyl Benzofurans and Their Useful Oxidative Derivatization, *J. Org. Chem.*, 2015, **80**, 12311–12320.

120.37 (CH), 114.02 (CH), 110.90 (CH), 103.13 (CH), 55.28 (CH₃), 34.14 (CH₂). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁵

2-(3-methylbenzyl)benzofuran (7e).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(*m*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6e** (44 mg, 0.2 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded (32 mg, 72%), as a yellowish wax. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.16 –

7.07 (m, 3H), 6.40 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 2.36 (d, J = 0.7 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 157.94 (C), 154.97 (C), 138.26 (C), 137.14 (C), 129.66 (CH), 128.86 (C), 128.51 (CH), 127.52 (CH), 125.94 (CH), 123.37 (CH), 122.50 (CH), 120.39 (CH), 110.94 (CH), 103.32 (CH), 34.94 (CH₂), 21.41 (CH₃). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁶

2-(3-fluorobenzyl)benzofuran (7f).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(3-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6f** (45 mg, 0.3 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg,0.02 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7f** (37 mg, 82%), as a yellowish wax. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.35 – 7.16

(m, 3H), 7.09 (M, 1h), 7.06 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 6.43 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (s, 2H).¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : 162.96 (d, J = 245.9 Hz, C), 156.78 (C), 154.99 (C), 139.70 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, C), 130.04 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, CH), 128.66 (C), 124.53 (d, J = 2.9 Hz, CH), 123.63 (CH), 122.64 (CH), 120.52 (CH), 115.85 (d, J = 21.6 Hz, CH), 113.74 (d, J = 21.0 Hz, CH), 110.96 (CH), 103.67 (CH), 34.67 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁FO.[226.25]: calcd. for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.81; H, 4.90.

2-(3-methoxybenzyl)benzofuran (7g).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(3-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6g** (48 mg, 0.3 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg,0.02 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7g** (47 mg, 98%), as a yellowish wax. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.29 – 7.13 (m, 3H), 6.94 – 6.77 (m, 3H), 6.40 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s,

3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 159.80(C), 157.59(C), 154.96 (C), 138.76 (C), 129.60 (CH), 128.80 (C), 123.43 (CH), 122.52 (CH), 121.29 (CH), 120.43 (CH), 114.70 (CH), 112.11 (CH), 110.93 (CH), 103.43 (CH), 55.20 (CH₃), 35.02(CH₂). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁵

2-(2-methylbenzyl)benzofuran (7h).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(*o*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6h** (44 mg, 0.3 mmol), K₂CO₃ (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). The reaction was conducted at 90°C for 5 minutes. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7h** (40 mg, 91%), as a yellowish wax. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.55 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.42 – 7.13 (m, 6H), 6.32 (q, J = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (s, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR

(101 MHz, CDCl₃): 157.60 (C), 155.00 (C), 136.67 (C), 135.48 (C), 130.48 (CH), 129.90 (CH), 128.93 (C), 127.17

⁶ H. Watanabe, M. Okubo, K. Watanabe, T. Udagawa and M. Kawatsura, Palladium-catalyzed Intermolecular Coupling of 3-Substituted Propargylic Carbonates with Phenols: Synthesis of 2-Substituted Benzofuran Derivatives, *Tetrahedron Letters*, 2017, **58**, 2893–2897.

(CH), 126.29 (CH), 123.41 (CH), 123.38 (CH), 122.57 (CH), 120.42 (CH), 120.38 (CH), 110.97 (CH), 110.93 (CH), 103.35 (CH), 32.80 (CH₂), 19.50 (CH₃). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.²⁵

2-(2-fluorobenzyl)benzofuran (7i).



General procedure was followed using2-(3-(2-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6i** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). The reaction was conducted at 90°C for 5 minutes. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7i** (36 mg, 80%), as a yellowish wax. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.46 m, 1H), 7.37 – 7.17 (m, 4H), 7.16 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.44 (q, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (s,

2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 160.98 (d, *J* = 246.5 Hz, C), 156.35 (C), 154.97 (C), 131.05 (d, *J* = 4.1 Hz, CH), 128.80 (C), 128.68 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, CH), 124.36 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, C), 124.21 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, CH), 123.52 (CH), 122.59 (CH), 120.49 (CH), 115.47 (d, *J* = 21.7 Hz, CH), 110.96 (CH), 103.53 (CH), 27.99 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, CH2). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁FO.[226.25]: calcd. for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.76; H, 4.92.

2-(2-methoxybenzyl)benzofuran (7j).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(2-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6j** (48 mg, 0.3 mmol), K₂CO₃ (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). The reaction was conducted at 90°C for 5 minutes. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **6j** (44 mg, 93%), as a yellowish wax.¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.59 – 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.38 – 7.21 (m, 4H), 7.07 – 6.92

(m, 2H), 6.42 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (s, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 157.97 (C), 157.44 (C), 154.95 (C), 130.41 (CH), 129.13 (C), 128.19 (CH), 125.84 (C), 123.22 (CH), 122.47 (CH), 122.44 (CH), 120.65 (CH), 120.36 (CH), 110.95 (CH), 110.63 (CH), 103.19 (CH), 55.51 (CH₃), 29.04 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 239 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₆H₁₃O₂ [238.29]: calcd. for C, 80.65; H, 5.92; found C, 80.39; H, 5.90.

4-(benzofuran-2-ylmethyl)pyridine (7k).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(pyridine-3-yl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6k** (42 mg, 0.2 mmol), K₂CO₃ (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7k** (36 mg, 87%) as a yellow wax. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.63 (s, 1H), 8.55 (s, 1H), 7.65 (dt, J = 7.9, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.33 – 7.13 (m, 3H), 6.43 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR

 $(101 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCI}_3)$: 156.21 (C), 155.04 (C), 150.03 (CH), 148.16 (CH), 136.52 (CH), 132.98 (C), 128.56 (C), 123.80 (CH), 123.60 (CH), 122.75 (CH), 120.59 (CH), 110.97 (CH), 103.81 (CH), 32.25 (CH₂). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁷

2-(thiophen-3-ylmethyl)benzofuran (7l).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(pyridine-3-yl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6I** (43 mg, 0.2 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). The reaction was conducted at 110°C in MW for 5min. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7I** (34 mg, 80%) as an opalescent powder. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃):

7.50 (m, 1H), 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J = 4.9, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 7.13 (m, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J = 4.9,

⁷ T. Udagawa, M. Kogawa, Y. Tsuchi, H. Watanabe, M. Yamamoto and M. Kawatsura, Synthesis of 2-Substituted Benzofuran Derivatives by the Palladium-catalyzed Intermolecular Coupling of 2-Fluoroallylic Acetates with Phenols, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, 2017, **58**, 227–230.

1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (q, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 157.27 (C), 154.91 (C), 137.23 (C), 128.80 (C), 128.34 (CH), 125.80 (CH), 123.46 (CH), 122.56 (CH), 122.12 (CH), 120.44 (CH), 110.91 (CH), 103.08 (CH), 29.70 (CH), 29.64 (CH₂). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁸

2-benzylnaphtho[2,1-b]furan (7m).



General procedure was followed using 1-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)naphthalen-2-ol **6m** (52 mg, 0.2 mmol), K₂CO₃ (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 9:1) yielded **7m** (30 mg, 58%) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 0H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.75 – 7.53 (m, 4H), 7.47 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 6.9, 1.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 – 7.25 (m, 7H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 157.09 (C), 152.28 (C), 137.47 (C),

130.26 (C), 128.96 (CH), 128.69 (CH), 127.52 (C), 126.81 (CH), 126.02 (CH), 124.27 (CH), 124.22 (CH), 123.88 (C), 123.43 (CH), 112.24 (CH), 102.52 (CH), 35.17 (CH₂). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁹

2-benzyl-6-fluorobenzofuran (7n).



The general procedure was followed using 5-fluoro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6n** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). The reaction was conducted at 110°C in MW for 5min. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 98:2) yielded **7n** (45 mg, quantitative) as a sticky

white solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 – 7.24 (m, 6H), 7.14 (dddd, J = 9.0, 2.3, 1.0, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (ddd, J = 9.6, 8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.35 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (s, J = 0.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.34 (*J* = 240.8 Hz, C), 158.56 (*J* = 4.2 Hz, C), 154.84 (*J* = 13.6 Hz, C), 137.03 (C), 128.88 (CH), 128.65 (CH), 126.85 (CH), 124.95 (*J* = 1.6 Hz, C), 120.50 (*J* = 9.8 Hz, CH), 110.66 (*J* = 23.8 Hz, CH), 103.06 (CH), 98.80 (*J* = 26.5 Hz, CH), 56.15 (C), 34.96 (CH₂). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁷

2-benzyl-5-fluorobenzofuran (7o).



The general procedure was followed using 4-fluoro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **60** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg,0.02 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **70** (36 mg, 80%), as a yellowish wax. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.45 – 7.23 (m, 6H), 7.14 (ddd, *J* = 8.7,

2.6, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (td, J = 9.1, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 160.25 (d, J = 70.1 Hz, C), 157.57 (C), 151.19 (C), 136.90 (C), 129.60 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, C), 128.92 (CH), 128.69 (CH), 126.90 (CH), 111.42 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, CH), 110.93 (d, J = 26.2 Hz, CH), 106.01 (d, J = 25.0 Hz, CH), 103.62 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, CH), 35.09 (CH₂). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁶

2-benzyl-5-nitrobenzofuran (7p).



The general procedure was followed using 4-nitro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6p** (51 mg, 0.2 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). The reaction was conducted at 110°C for 5 minutes. Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, hex/EtOAc 95:5) yielded **7p** (36 mg, 71%), as a yellowish

⁸ L. Zhou, Y. Shi, Q. Xiao, Y. Liu, F. Ye, Y. Zhang and J. Wang, CuBr-Catalyzed Coupling of *N*-Tosylhydrazones and Terminal Alkynes: Synthesis of Benzofurans and Indoles, *Org. Lett.*, 2011, **13**, 968–971.

⁹ C.-Y. Huang, C.-W. Kuo, V. Kavala and C.-F. Yao, Syntheses of 2-Benzylbenzofuran Derivatives and 2-Aryl-nitrochroman Derivatives from Nitroalkene Precursors, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.*, 2016, 2720–2734.

wax. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.39 (dd, *J* = 2.4, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (ddd, *J* = 9.0, 0.9, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.42 – 7.14 (m, 5H), 6.51 (q, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 161.53 (C), 157.83 (C), 144.02 (C), 136.13 (C), 129.19 (C), 128.94 (CH), 128.86 (CH), 128.83 (CH), 127.18 (CH), 119.51 (CH), 116.91 (CH), 111.17 (CH), 104.09 (CH), 35.02 (CH₂). Data are in agreement with those reported in the literature.⁶

2-benzylbenzofuran-5-amine (7q).



The general procedure was followed using 4-amino-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6q** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), K_2CO_3 (3 mg, 0.02 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 3:1) yielded **7q** (35 mg, 78%) as a brown solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.39 – 7.14 (m, 6H), 6.76 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (q, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 3.45

(bs, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 158.27 (C), 149.55 (C), 141.81 (C), 137.36 (C), 129.65 (C), 128.90 (CH), 128.57 (CH), 126.70 (CH), 112.51 (CH), 111.10 (CH), 105.64 (CH), 103.04 (CH), 35.07 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 224 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₃NO [223.28]: calcd. for C, 80.69; H, 5.87; N, 6.27; found C, 80.52; H, 5.87; N, 6.30.

Synthesis of 4H-chromenes (8a-q).

General Procedure: In a microwave vial under nitrogen flush, JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (5 mol%) and 2-propargylphenols **6a-q** (0.2 mmol) were dissolved in DCE (0,1 M) in the presence of 4 Å molecular sieves (200 mg). The mixture was heated at 100°C under microwave heating for 15 min. Then, the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude was purified by flash column chromatography to yield corresponding 4*H*-chromenes (**8a-q**).

2-(p-tolyl)-4H-chromene (8a) and (Z)-2-(4-methylbenzylidene)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9a).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(p-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6a** (44 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded (34 mg, 77%) and **9a** (4 mg, 9%), both as brown solids. **8a**: ¹H

NMR (300 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.61 (d, 2H), 7.26 – 7.10 (m, 4H), 7.08 – 6.99 (m, 2H), 5.62 (t, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 151.87 (C), 148.74 (C), 138.02 (C), 131.60 (C), 129.03 (CH), 128.91 (CH), 127.50 (CH), 124.18 (CH), 123.33 (CH), 119.81 (C), 116.33 (CH), 95.60 (CH), 23.88 (CH₂), 20.28 (CH₃). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 223 (100) $[M + H]^+$, C₁₆H₁₄O [222.29]: calcd. for C, 86.45; H, 6.35; found C, 86.28; H, 6.38. **9a**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.38 – 7.12 (m, 4H), 7.05 – 6.93 (m, 2H), 5.58 (t, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃): 158.78 (C), 153.63 (C), 135.28 (C), 132.63 (C), 129.03 (CH), 128.09 (CH), 127.67 (HC), 124.88 (C), 124.49 (CH), 122.13 (CH), 109.77 (CH), 101.66 (CH), 34.44 (CH₂), 21.18 (CH₃). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 223 (100) $[M + H]^+$, C₁₆H₁₄O [222.29]: calcd. for C, 86.45; H, 6.35; found C, 86.53; H, 6.36

2-phenyl-4H-chromene (8b) and (Z)-2-benzylidene-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9b).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6b** (42 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **8b** (18 mg, 44%) and **9b** (6 mg, 16%), both as sticky yellow oils.

8b: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.80 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.30 (m, 3H), 7.24 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 7.10 – 6.99 (m, 2H), 5.70 (t, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 151.83 (C), 148.68 (C), 134.34 (C), 129.04 (CH), 128.31 (CH), 128.27 (CH), 127.54 (CH), 124.23 (CH), 123.41 (CH), 119.74 (C), 116.35 (CH), 96.55 (CH), 23.90 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 209 (65) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₂O [208.26]: calcd. for C, 86.51; H, 5.81; found C, 86.67; H, 5.78. **9b**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.71 – 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.41 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.28 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.11 – 6.94 (m, 2H), 5.62 (t, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (s, 2H). The by-product **9b** was isolated in a very small amount together with some inseparable impurities, thus only ¹H-NMR analysis was possible.

2-(4-fluorophenyl)-4H-chromene (8c) and (Z)-2-(4-fluorobenzylidene)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9c).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(4-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6c** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **8c** (42 mg, 93%) as a white solid and **9c** (3 mg, 6%) as a sticky white wax. **8c**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone-D₆):

7.84 - 7.71 (m, J = 9.0, 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.26 - 7.11 (m, 4H), 7.09 - 6.99 (m, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.66 (t, 1H), 3.57 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 162.7 (d, J = 246.0 Hz, C), 151.72 (C), 147.82 (C), 130.79 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, C), 129.04 (CH), 127.56 (CH), 126.36 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, CH), 123.48 (CH), 119.65 (C), 116.33 (CH), 115.07 (d, J = 21.0 Hz, CH), 96.48 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, CH), 23.84 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (70) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁FO [226.25]: calcd. for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.56; H, 4.88. **9c**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.68 - 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.30 - 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.14 - 6.94 (m, 4H), 5.58 (t, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (s, 2H). The by-product **9c** was isolated in a very small amount together with some inseparable impurities, thus only ¹H-NMR analysis was possible.

2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4H-chromene (8d).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(4-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6d** (48 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/ EtOAc 98:2 \rightarrow 95:5) yielded **8d** (33 mg, 69%) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.70 – 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 7.06 – 6.89 (m, 4H), 5.54 (t, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H),

3.55 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 159.97 (C), 151.91 (C), 148.60 (C), 129.01 (CH), 127.45 (CH), 126.92 (C), 125.64 (CH), 123.28 (CH), 119.88 (C), 116.31 (CH), 113.63 (CH), 94.55 (CH), 54.70 (CH₃), 23.87 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 237 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₆H₁₄O₂ [236.23]: calcd. for C, 80.65; H, 5.92; found C, 80.58; H, 5.91.

2-(m-tolyl)-4H-chromene (8e) and (Z)-2-(3-methylbenzylidene)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9e).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(m-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6e** (44 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **8e** (36 mg, 82%) and **9e** (4 mg, 10%), both as

amorphous white solids. **8e**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.57 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.29 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 7.08 – 6.99 (m, 2H), 5.66 (t, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 151.87 (C), 148.81 (C), 137.76 (C), 134.32 (C), 129.03 (CH), 128.96 (CH), 128.21 (CH), 127.51 (CH), 124.85 (CH), 123.36 (CH), 121.45 (CH), 119.77 (C), 116.34 (CH), 96.38 (CH), 23.91 (CH₂), 20.60 (CH₃). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 221 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₆H₁₄O [222.29]: calcd. for C, 86.45; H, 6.35; found C, 86.27; H, 6.38. The by-product **9e** was isolated in a very small amount in a 1:1 mixture with **8e**. The ¹H NMR spectrum of the mixture is reported below, but not described.

2-(3-fluorophenyl)-4*H*-chromene (8f) and (*Z*)-2-(3-fluorobenzylidene)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9f).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(3-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6f** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **8f** (18 mg, 39%) as an amorphous

white solid and **9f** (16 mg, 35%) as a white wax. **8f**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.57 (t, *J* = 1.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.00 (m, 5H), 5.81 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.60 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 164.43 (d, *J* = 243.4 Hz, C), 151.62 (C), 147.44 (C), 136.76 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, C), 130.21 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, CH), 129.04 (CH), 127.62 (CH), 123.59 (CH), 120.12 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz, CH), 119.55 (C), 116.39 (CH), 114.83 (d, *J* = 22.9 Hz, CH), 111.52 (d, *J* = 23.9 Hz, CH), 98.03 (CH), 23.86 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺,

C₁₅H₁₁FO [226.25]: calcd. for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.42; H, 4.90. **9f**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.52 (d, J = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 7.38 – 7.22 (m, 4H), 7.12 – 6.99 (m, 2H), 6.90 (m, 1H), 5.63 (t, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.02 (d, J = 243.3 Hz, C), 158.58 (C), 155.60 (C), 137.69 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, C), 129.58 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, CH), 128.29 (CH), 124.56 (CH), 123.49 (d, J = 2.6 Hz, CH), 122.53 (CH), 114.31 (d, J = 22.4 Hz, CH), 112.43 (d, J = 21.4 Hz, CH), 109.93 (CH), 100.93 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, CH), 34.65 (CH₂). One C is missing, probably overlapped. ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁FO [226.25]: calcd. for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.83; H, 4.89.

2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-4H-chromene (8g) and (Z)-2-(3-methoxybenzylidene)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9g).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(3-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6g** (48 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/ EtOAc 98:2 \rightarrow 95:5) yielded **8g** (22 mg,

46%) and **9g** (6 mg, 13%), both as yellow oils. **8g**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.36 – 7.14 (m, 4H), 7.14 – 6.96 (m, 3H), 6.88 (dt, J = 7.3, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 5.51 (t, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s,34H), 3.59 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H). The complete characterization was not possible due to the poor stability of the product. **9g**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.33 – 7.16 (m, 5H), 7.08 – 6.94 (m, 2H), 6.75 (ddd, J = 7.8, 2.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.60 (t, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H). The complete characterization was not possible due to the possible due to the poor stability of the product.

2-(o-tolyl)-4H-chromene (8h).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(*o*-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6h** (44 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **8h** (34.23mg, 77%) as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.38 (dd, 1H), 7.34 – 7.12 (m, 5H), 7.05 (ddd, J = 1.3

Hz, 1H), 6.94 (dd, J = 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (t, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 3.59 (d, J = 3.7, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 152.06 (C), 151.02 (C), 136.40 (C), 135.54 (C), 130.32 (CH), 129.11 (CH), 128.91 (CH), 128.63 (CH), 127.50 (CH), 125.65 (CH), 123.38 (CH), 119.86 (C), 116.18 (CH), 99.82 (CH), 24.11 (CH₂), 19.55 (CH₃). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 223 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₆H₁₄O [222.29]: calcd. for C, 86.45; H, 6.35; found C, 86.75; H, 6.37.

2-(3-(2-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol (8i).



General procedure was followed using 2-(3-(2-fluorophenyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6i** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **8i** (24 mg, 53%) as a colourless oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.74 (td, J = 7.8, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.22 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.12 – 6.98 (m, 4H), 5.68 (t, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 2H). The complete

characterization was not possible because of the product instability.

2-(2-methoxyphenyl)-4*H*-chromene (8j) and (*Z*)-2-(2-methoxybenzylidene)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9j).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(p-tolyl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6j** (48 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 98:2 \rightarrow 95:5) yielded **8j** with **9j** in an inseparable mixture (48

mg, 85% of **8j**, and 15% of **9j**) as a sticky pale-yellow oil. The signals are referred to **8j**. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.68 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 7.4, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (dttt, *J* = 7.0, 1.6, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.15 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 7.09 – 6.95 (m, 4H), 5.75 (t, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): 157.09 (C), 152.34 (C), 146.21 (C), 129.31 (CH), 128.84 (CH), 128.37 (CH), 127.29 (CH), 123.69 (C), 123.02 (CH), 120.29 (CH), 120.10 (C), 116.27 (CH), 111.35 (CH), 101.33 (CH), 55.54 (CH), 24.54 (CH).

2-(thiophen-3-yl)-4*H*-chromene (8l) and (*Z*)-2-(thiophen-3-ylmethylene)-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9l).



The general procedure was followed using 2-(3-(thiophene-3-yl)prop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6l** (43 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **8l** (20 mg, 46%) and **9l** (14 mg, 33%), both as amorphous

white solids. **8**I: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.50 (dd, J = 5.1, 3.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (dd, J = 5.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (m, 1H), 7.13 (m, J = 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 5.60 (t, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.57 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 151.74 (C), 145.99 (C), 136.56 (C), 129.09 (CH), 127.51 (CH), 126.13 (CH), 124.40 (CH), 123.33 (CH), 120.55 (CH), 119.69 (C), 116.33 (CH), 96.19 (CH), 23.61 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 215 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₃H₁₀OS [214.28]: calcd. for C, 72.87; H, 4.70; found C, 73.07; H, 4.69. **9I**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 7.4, 1.3, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (m, 1H), 5.84 (t, J = 0.5 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 158.47 (C), 153.64 (C), 136.43 (C), 128.14 (CH), 128.10 (CH), 125.35 (C), 124.83 (CH), 124.64 (CH), 122.36 (CH), 120.54 (CH), 109.44 (CH), 96.59 (CH), 33.30 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 215 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₃H₁₀OS [214.28]: calcd. for C, 72.69; H, 4.72.

3-phenyl-1H-benzo[f]chromene (8m) and (Z)-2-benzylidene-1,2-dihydronaphtho[2,1-b]furan (9m).



The general procedure was followed using 1-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)naphthalen-2-ol **6m** (51 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **8m** (35 mg, 68%) as an amorphous white solid and **9m** (14 mg, 28%) as a yellow solid. **8m**:

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.92 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.87 – 7.81 (m, 4H), 7.61 (ddd, J = 8.3, 6.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.52 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.42 – 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 5.92 (t, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (d, J = 3.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 148.81 (C), 148.14 (C), 134.22 (C), 132.06 (C), 130.64 (C), 128.38 (CH), 128.36 (CH), 128.26 (CH), 126.73 (CH), 124.31 (CH), 124.28 (CH), 122.59 (CH), 117.80 (CH), 111.26 (C), 96.65 (CH), 21.65 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 259 (65) [M + H]⁺, C₁₉H₁₄O [258.32]: calcd. for C, 88.34; H, 5.46; found C, 88.14; H, 5.45. **9m**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.86 (m, 1H), 7.78 (m, 1H), 7.71 (m, 2H), 7.54 (m, 1H), 7.43 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.20 (m, 1H), 5.77 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 155.92 (C), 155.32 (C), 135.77 (C), 130.26 (C), 130.06 (C), 129.33 (CH), 128.78 (CH), 128.24 (CH), 127.81 (CH), 127.10 (CH), 125.58 (CH), 123.89 (CH), 123.11 (CH), 117.81 (C), 111.34 (CH), 102.30 (CH), 33.23 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 259 (65) [M + H]⁺, C₁₉H₁₄O [258.32]: calcd. for C, 88.23; H, 5.47.

7-fluoro-2-phenyl-4*H*-chromene (8n) and (*Z*)-2-benzylidene-6-fluoro-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9n).



The general procedure was followed using 5-fluoro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6n** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **8n** (32 mg, 70%) as a pale yellow

oil and **9n** (15 mg, 30%) as a white solid. **8n**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.75 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.45 – 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 6.89 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 5.73 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.56 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 161.82 (d, *J* = 242.4 Hz, C), 152.58 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz, C), 148.38 (C), 133.92 (C), 130.21 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, CH), 128.40 (CH), 128.33 (CH), 124.24 (CH), 115.79 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, C), 110.19 (d, *J* = 21.6 Hz, CH), 103.50 (d, *J* = 25.0 Hz, CH), 96.92 (CH), 23.35 (CH₂).ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁FO [226.25]: calcd. for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.86; H, 4.92. **9n**: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.68 – 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.37 – 7.30 (m, 3H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 6.96 – 6.90 (m, 1H), 6.80 (ddd, J = 9.6, 8.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 5.72 (t, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 4.11 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 162.82 (d, *J* = 242.3 Hz, C), 159.35 (d, *J* = 13.3 Hz, C), 155.03 (C), 135.41 (C), 128.22 (CH), 127.81 (CH), 125.72 (CH), 125.42 (*J* = 10.2 Hz, CH), 121.03 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, C), 108.76 (d, *J* = 22.7 Hz, CH), 102.23 (CH), 98.04 (d, *J* = 27.4 Hz, CH), 33.26 (CH₂).). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁FO [226.25]: calcd. for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.71; H, 4.90.

6-fluoro-2-phenyl-4H-chromene (8o) and (Z)-2-benzylidene-5-fluoro-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9o).



General procedure F was followed using 4-fluoro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **60** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **80** (30 mg, 67%) as a white solid

and **9o** (5 mg, 11%) as a white wax. **8o**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 7.77 – 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.48 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.10 (dd, J = 8.9, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.03 – 6.90 (m, 2H), 5.68 (t, J = 0.6 Hz, 1H), 3.61 (d, J = 3.9, 1.1 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-D₆): 159.54 (d, J = 245.53, C), 148.81 (C), 148.07 (C), 134.15 (C), 128.38 (CH), 128.33 (CH), 124.27 (CH), 121.63 (d, J = 8.19, C), 117.75 (d, J = 8.73, CH), 114.83 (d, J = 23.09, CH), 114.1 (d, J = 24.67, CH), 95.61 (CH), 24.12 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 227 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁FO [226.25]: calcd. for C, 79.63; H, 4.90; found C, 79.57; H, 4.89. **90** was isolated together with traces of **80**. The picks are referred to **90.** ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): 7.73 – 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.18 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.06 – 6.85 (m, 3H), 5.60 (t, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 2H).

6-nitro-2-phenyl-4H-chromene (8p) and (Z)-2-benzylidene-5-nitro-2,3-dihydrobenzofuran (9p).



The general procedure was followed using 4-nitro-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6p** (51 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex) yielded **8p** (23 mg, 46%) and **9p** (27 mg,

53%), both as yellow solids. **8p**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.10 (dd, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.05 (m, 1H), 7.72 – 7.61 (m, 3H), 7.48 – 7.35 (m, 3H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 5.59 (t, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 156.86 (C), 148.94 (C), 143.35 (C), 133.31 (C), 128.87 (CH), 128.48 (CH), 125.14 (CH), 124.48 (CH), 123.73 (CH), 120.71 (C), 117.30 (CH), 96.30 (CH), 24.38 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 254 (100) [M + H]⁺,

 $C_{15}H_{11}NO_3$ [253.26]: calcd. for C, 71.14; H, 4.38; N, 5.53; found C, 70.98; H, 4.40; N, 5.52. **9p:** ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): 8.23 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.17 (s, *J* = 2.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, 2H), 7.40 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.12 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (t, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 163.39 (C), 153.07 (C), 143.38 (C), 134.38 (C), 128.50 (CH), 128.10 (CH), 126.56 (CH), 126.51 (C), 125.70 (CH), 120.82 (CH), 109.77 (CH), 104.32 (CH), 33.72 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 254 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₁NO₃ [253.26]: calcd. for C, 71.14; H, 4.38; N, 5.53; found C, 71.08; H, 4.34; N, 5.55.

2-phenyl-4H-chromen-6-amine (8q).



The general procedure was followed using 4-amino-2-(3-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)phenol **6q** (45 mg, 0.2 mmol), JohnPhosAuNTf₂ (7 mg, 0.01 mmol). Purification of the crude by flash chromatography (SiO₂, Hex/EtOAc 3:1) yielded **8q** (11 mg, 25%) as an amorphous white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): 7.73 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.33 (m, 3H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (ddt, J = 8.5, 2.7, 0.8 Hz,

1H), 6.45 (d, J = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 5.52 (t, J = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (d, J = 3.9 Hz, 2H), 3.45 (bs, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CD₂Cl₂): 148.94 (C), 144.60 (C), 142.50 (C), 134.75 (C), 128.21 (CH), 128.09 (CH), 124.33 (CH), 120.31 (C), 117.00 (CH), 114.48 (CH), 114.33 (CH), 95.52 (CH), 24.58 (CH₂). ESI(+)-MS: m/z (%) = 224 (100) [M + H]⁺, C₁₅H₁₃NO [223.28]: calcd. for C, 80.69; H, 5.87; N, 6.27; found C, 80.91; H, 5.86; N, 6.30.

Isomerization of 9p to 7p



In a microwave vial, K_2CO_3 (1 mg, 0.006 mmol) was added to a solution of (*Z*)-2-benzylidene-5-nitro-2,3dihydrobenzofuran **9p** (15 mg, 0.06 mmol) in DMF (0.1 M). The mixture-was heated at 70°C under microwave heating for 5 min. Then, water was added to the mixture and extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure to yield **7p** (quantitative).



COSY-, HSQC- and NOESY-NMR of product 9p

9p, COSY in CDCl₃ at T = 300 K





f1 (ppm)

9p, HSQC in $CDCI_3$ at T = 300 K



9p, NOESY in $CDCl_3$ at T = 300 K



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

OTBS

2c



0.93 - I

7.0

7.5

9.0

10.0

9.5

).5

8.5

8.0

0.91 0.89

6.5

6.0

5.5

5.0 f1 (ppm)

4.5

4.0

3.5

3.00 –≖

2.0

2.5

3.0

1.04



-0

6.04 🕳

0.0

0.5

9.04 -=

1.0

1.5









----0.28

1.02









¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)








13 C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl ₃)	132.01 131.90	$\sum_{108.37}$ 108.37 $\sum_{106.14}$ 106.14	
F OTBS 3c			
An airs a the shift had a constant as an airs a constant and a constant and a fact a fact had a constant a constant is the	ntanta divelta a distali nel de e a la tradica decantera se		, sina si caratafikinin i di kur tali ku andala, karatakan (di teoretaran, saina ida di ina dari panta minimerandi tara sa an'ay
ासली-अभियोती से तमी लेग को थी। सन्तर्भायन के कि प्रांत को लिया के प्रांत के प्रांत के प्रति के स्वासित के प्री सन्तरी संवति से स्वासित के प्राय के कि प्राय के कि प्राय के लिया के कि कि साम के प्राय के प्रति के स्वासित के स	a mi i feld di leni e dina di leni di l	. I da ilu Alifetai see artenia ali tõkletab tekustusa anni tadik õtese . "Inastalla attiska S.a. 2.2622. vakku kata tisean ilsend	i Land for And Labit Mand and on force of the 24 stad han over disch faue ta han the chindra hand of editional ou
200 190 180 170 160 150 14	ło 130 120	110 100 90 80 70 60 50 f1 (ppm)	40 30 20 10 0 -1 S37



























7.57 7.56 7.54 7.54 7.54 7.7.54 -7.23 -7.20 -7.18

9





 $\begin{array}{c} -7.06\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -7.05\\ -6.09\\ -6.09\\ -6.09\\ -6.08\\ -6$



S49

1.04





8084466886688866	.85
	52





—1.03

---0.25

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)













¹³C NMR (75 MHz, cdcl₃)







¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³ C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl ₃)	— 159.47 — 153.91	- 133.10 - 123.58 - 128.25 - 122.92 - 122.92 - 115.92 - 113.95	7 53 83.55 83.55	55.31	21.07
Gd Gd					
ዿቝዄዿጚዿኯኇኇዄዄዄቝጟ፞ኯኯዄዀኯዄጟኇዀጞዀፙቝቝዄዿኇፙዿቘቘቘኯኯፙዄቜዿዿዿዄዸኯፙፙኇኇጞኇዄኯኯፙፙኇ				241-241-411-411-411-411-411-411-411-411-	
200 190 180 170	160 150	140 130 120 110 10 f1 (p)0 90 80 70)pm)) 60 50 ·	40 30 20 10 0

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)







2.33



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)










- 90.01

-21.13





3.86





¹³ C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl ₃)	— 160.11 — 154.39	$ \begin{array}{c} & 132.98 \\ \hline 129.62 \\ \hline 129.63 \\ \hline 129.58 \\ \hline 120.45 \\ \hline 110.42 \\ \hline 110.42 \end{array} $				
G G G J						
««««««»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»»		ברייקאיני		ĸſĸ₩₩₽₩₩₩₽₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩		19 47/10-71-1-5-5-5-10-11-
200 190 180	170 160 150) 140 130 120 110 f1	100 90 80 . (ppm)	70 60 50 4	0 30 20 10	0 878









78.90 77.37 77.05 76.73



f1 (ppm)

20.55

¹³ C NMR (101 M	MHz, CDCl ₃)			∼154.23 ∼151.77 ∽147.38	— 139.31	~ 129.43 ~ 128.20	122.77 122.77 121.43 120.37 115.42			— 91.83	— 78.91								
OH 6k																			
												1							
haniyajinihinikaninaninaninani)hildennedendederende 	www.mahandrundri	damiliphan 			₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩ 	MppHine4WhitHim		p#indvibrat-viinplai)a	mummru4/ \u			·*************************************		niwyahahahahahahaha		,	
200 190	J 180	1/0	100	150	140	130	120	110	100 f1 (ppm)	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	U S81



¹³ C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl ₃)	— 153.72	-115.86		20.93
С ОН С Я				
61				
Mandalahan kalang kalang makang mang kalang kala	innationalised as independent of the second	ungrandatundatundati minatulukulari kitarakitati murandani kitari kungrandati kitari kungrandati kitari kungran Angrandatungrandati minatulukulari kitari	nnadanilarsasilwandalahan lahulannan kalakatahlanakanan kasalishadalawatinkishelakatipapaten bilikataran janganak	Macaletai dadar yukikan juban nyanya na pikata kata
200 190 180 170 16	0 150 14	0 130 120 110 100 90 f1 (ppm)	0 80 70 60 50 40 30	20 10 0 S83







¹³ C NM	R (101 MH	Iz, CDCl₃)		— 163.77 — 161.34 _ 154 87	154.76		$\sum_{\substack{130.35\\130.25\\128.34\\128.27}$	- 122.91 \angle 118.51 \angle 118.47	107.74 107.53	<103.56	85.78							20.55		
F	OH 6n	\bigcirc																		
					1															
200	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	100 f1 (ppm)	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	0 887









¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)







¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)

 6
 6
 8
 8
 6
 6
 6
 7
 7
 7

 7
 7
 7
 7
 7
 7
 7
 7
 7



















¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)









110 100

f1 (ppm)

-10

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) 00006464 5 4 4 6 5.93 ОМе 7g 0.93-[2.15-1.00 0.95 3.28-] 3.25— H 2.98— 5.5 f1 (ppm) 7.5 3.5 4.5 7.0 6.5 6.0 5.0 4.0

3.0





¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)







28.01





¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃):

































 1 H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone-D₆)





¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)





-0













-23.86

ha merind pedraid dama meningka kana harminin in terring
















200	190	180	170	160	150	140	130	120	110	100 f1 (ppm)	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10	0 S150
lne, Manifestinada	n fili (san sa	ti nya ya ku	14 19 1914	407471400UV	inikani vinikini vini	(14 44)))(A)(44)(M	ke pair ti na an	1 1411 1414 - 1411 - 141	hading had high	Udhuha Marina	uuquan fa daa yaa	ili (ni ki ki ni	wilinpianjan	Wİ İYPAY Manişi	Wowiele a tradition of the second second second second second second second second second second second second	Albeitu(Markula)	inter and interesting to the second second second second second second second second second second second second	I DANYANYANIA HI	undayini, lainayi	ININA ININA ININA INI
	h																			
	< , ,		- 0)		∕_ 152.06 ∕_ 151.02	✓ 136.40	129.11	1 127.50 1 125.65 1 123.38	116.18	— 99.82								— 24.10 — 19.54		

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



4













 1 H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-D₆)



28 28 28

5

ຄ



 1 H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-D₆)







¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃)



















 1 H NMR (300 MHz, cdcl₃)













