Electronic Supporting Information

Benzylamine promoted direct C–H arylation of arenes and heteroarenes via excitation with heat or light

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1. Optimization of the 1-promoted C–H arylation of benzene with iodobenzene under heating condition:



Scheme S1. 1-promoted C-H arylation of benzene with iodobenzene.

In a pressure tube, KO'Bu (0-3 mmol) promotor 1-4 (0-0.3 mmol) and benzene (1.5 mL) were added under inert condition. An instant colour change from colorless to red was observed. After that, substrate iodobenzene (1 mmol) and 18-crown-6 (0-1 mmol) were added, and then the resulting mixture was stirred for 30-36 h at 80-90 $^{\circ}$ C under an inert atmosphere. Next, the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature and quenched with water (4 mL). After quenching, the biphenyl product 7a was extracted with 30 mL (3 x 10 mL) of ethyl acetate and the combined organic part was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The organic part was evaporated under reduced pressure leads to the crude 7a which was further purified by column chromatography on silica gel using hexane as eluent to get the pure 7a.

2. Kinetic Study

Table S1	. Yield	of benzyla	amine hyd	rochloride s	salt (4a)	at different	time inte	ervals
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+		1 (30 mol%)	
5a	6a	KO ^t Bu (3 equiv.)	7a
1.5 mL	1 mnol	90 °C, 5-40 h	
Entry		Reaction time	Yield (%) ^[a]
1		5 h	18
2		10 h	39
3		15 h	57
4		20 h	68
5		25 h	76
6		30 h	82
7		35 h	86
8		40 h	86

^[a] Isolated yield.



Figure S1. Graphical representation of yield of C-H arylation of benzene (7a) vs time.

3. Procedure for gram-scale synthesis of 7a:

In a pressure tube, KO^tBu (1.68 g, 15 mmol, 3.0 equiv.), promotor 1 (161 mg, 1.5 mmol) and benzene (7.5 mL) were added under inert condition. After that, iodobenzene (1.02 g, 5 mmol) and 18-crown-6 (1.32 g, 5 mmol) were added, and then the resulting mixture was stirred for 36 h at 90 °C under an inert atmosphere. Next, the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature and quenched with water (20 mL). After quenching, the arylated products were extracted with 150 mL (3 x 50 mL) of ethyl acetate and the combined organic part was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The organic part was evaporated under reduced pressure leads to the crude arylated product which was further purified by column chromatography on silica gel using hexane as eluent. The yield of the isolated pure compound is 618 mg (80 %).



Scheme S2: 1-promoted C–H arylation of benzene in gram-scale.

4. Mechanistic studies

4.1. 1-promoted C-H arylation of toluene using iodobenzene in presence of excess TEMPO:

In a pressure tube, KO'Bu (336 mg, 3 mmol, 3.0 equiv.), promotor **1** (32 mg, 30 mol %) and toluene (1.5 mL) were added under inert condition. After that, TEMPO (0-2 mmol), iodobenzene (1 mmol) and 18-crown-6 (264 mg, 1 equiv.) were added, and then the resulting mixture was stirred for 36 h at 90 °C under an inert atmosphere. Next, the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature and quenched with water (4 mL). After quenching, the arylated products were extracted with 30 mL (3 x 10 mL) of ethyl acetate and the combined organic part was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The organic part was evaporated under reduced pressure leads to the crude mixture of phenyl-toluene and TEMPO-trapped radical. Further purification by column chromatography on silica gel using hexane/ethylacetate as eluent leads to the pure phenyl-toluene product and TEMPO-trapped radical (**5a'**). The **5a'** was isolated with 64% yield when 2 equivalent TEMPO was used in the reaction mixture.



Scheme S3. 1-catalysed C–H arylation of furan in presence of TEMPO.



Figure S2: ¹H NMR spectrum of 5a'.



Figure S3: ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectrum of 5a'.



Figure S4: GC-MS spectrum of 5a'.

4.2. Kinetic isotope effect experiment.

In a pressure tube, KO'Bu (336 mg, 3 mmol, 3.0 equiv.), promotor **1** (32 mg, 30 mol %) and 1:1 mixture of benzene and benzene-d6 (0.75 mL + 0.75 mL) were added under inert condition. After that, iodobenzene (1 mmol) and 18-crown-6 (264 mg, 1 equiv.) were added, and then the resulting mixture was stirred for 36 h at 90 °C under an inert atmosphere. Next, the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature and quenched with water (4 mL). After quenching, the arylated products were extracted with 30 mL (3 x 10 mL) of ethyl acetate and the combined organic part was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate. The organic part was evaporated under reduced pressure and then purified by column chromatography on silica gel using hexane as eluent. The GC-MS analysis indicates the formation of 1:1 mixture of phenyl-benzene **7a** and deuterated phenyl-benzene **7a'**.



Scheme S4. Kinetic isotope effect experiment.



Figure S5: GC-MS spectrum of the mixture of 7a and 7a'.

5. The analytical and spectroscopic characterization data of the products:

Phenylbenzene, 7a¹

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White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.65 (d, J = 7.1 Hz, 4H), 7.46 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H).
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 140.09, 128.82, 127.52, 127.31, 126.59.
GC-MS: calc. for 7a: 154.2; found: 154.2.

4-Methylphenylbenzene, 7b²



White crystalline solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.72-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (t, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 140.00, 137.20, 136.58, 129.40, 128.76, 126.99, 126.38, 126.30, 20.54.

GC-MS: calc. for 7b: 168.2; found: 168.2.

4-Methoxybiphenyl, 7c³



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.60 (m, 4H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 158.80, 139.74, 132.43, 128.76, 127.65, 126.60, 126.08, 114.26, 55.06.

GC-MS: calc. for 7c: 184.2; found: 184.2.

2-Aminobiphenyl, 7d⁴



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.43 (m, 4H), 7.33 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 145.58, 138.95, 128.49, 127.16, 125.05, 124.38,

 $120.44,\,116.85,\,115.51,\,115.02.$

GC-MS: calc. for 7d: 169.1; found: 169.1.

4-Fluorobiphenyl, 7e⁵



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.43 (m, 4H), 7.33 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 139.06, 136.58, 136.55, 128.86, 128.61, 128.53, 127.31, 126.55, 115.72, 115.50.

GC-MS: calc. for 7e: 172.2; found: 172.2.

4-(Trifluoromethyl)biphenyl, 7f⁶



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.89 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.52 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 144.07, 138.50, 129.00, 128.33, 127.91, 127.59, 127.36, 126.93, 125.65, 125.61.

GC-MS: calc. for 8h: 222.2; found: 222.2.

2-Methoxy-6-phenylnaphthalene, 7g⁷

White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.79 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 8.9 and 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 157.32, 140.00, 135.06, 133.45, 129.63, 128.78, 128.66, 127.25, 127.09, 126.59, 125.35, 124.96, 119.61, 105.94, 55.17, 55.11.
GC-MS: calc. for 7f: 234.2; found: 234.2.

p-Terphenyl, 7h⁸



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.78 (s, 4H), 7.72 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 4H), 7.49 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 7.39 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 139.50, 139.04, 128.89, 127.42, 127.08, 126.46.
GC-MS: calc. for 7g: 234.2; found: 234.2.

9-Hydroxy-5-phenyl-1H-phenalen-1-one, 7i⁹



Yellow solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane/DCM.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) *δ* (ppm): 14.08 (s, 1H), 8.66 (s, 2H), 8.49 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 178.36, 142.24, 138.86, 136.35, 131.64, 129.09, 127.82, 126.93, 125.60, 125.04, 123.37.

GC-MS: calc. for 7h: 273.1; found: 273.1.

2-phenylthiophene, 7j¹⁰



Yellow solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.87 (s, 1H), 7.71 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (t, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 141.33, 135.02, 128.76, 126.98, 126.96, 126.05,

125.95, 120.82.

GC-MS: calc. for 7i: 160.2; found: 160.2.

4-Phenylpyridine, 7k¹¹



Yellow solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 8.72 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (m, 3H), 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 148.47, 137.57, 132.89, 130.48, 128.11, 126.63.
124.09.

GC-MS: calc. for 7j: 155.0; found: 155.0.

n-(Pphenyl)toluene, 8a



After completion of the reaction followed by quenching with water, product was extracted in 30 mL ethyl acetate and then dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. All isomeric products (ortho, meta and para) were collected together from other reaction impurities by column chromatography over silica gel (100-200 mesh) using 3% EtOAc in hexane mixture. Total yield was calculated by taking weight of obtained mixture of products. This mixture of products was subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization. Analysis of NMR data suggests the presence of three regio-isomers in the product.

n-(Methylphenyl)toluene, 8b

The same procedure mentioned above for **8a** was followed for the isolation of the product **8b**. Total yield was calculated by taking weight of obtained mixture of products. The mixture of product isomers was subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization. Analysis of NMR data suggests the presence of three regio-isomers in the product.

n-(Thiophen-2-yl)toluene, 8c



The 8c was synthesized and isolated according to the procedures mentioned for **8a**. Total yield was calculated by taking weight of obtained mixture of products. The mixture of product isomers was subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization. Analysis of NMR data suggests the presence of three regio-isomers in the product.

n-(Phenyl)-m-xylene, 8d



The **8d** was synthesized and isolated according to the procedures mentioned for **8a**. The purification was carried out by column chromatography over silica gel (100-200 mesh) using hexane. Total yield was calculated by taking weight of obtained mixture of products. The mixture of product isomers was subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization. Analysis of NMR data suggests the presence of three regio-isomers in the product.

n-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-m-xylene, 8e



The **8e** was synthesized and isolated according to the procedures mentioned for **8a**. The purification was carried out by column chromatography over silica gel (100-200 mesh) using hexane. Total yield was calculated by taking weight of obtained mixture of products. The mixture of product isomers was subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization. Analysis of NMR data suggests the presence of three regio-isomers in the product.

n-(4-Fluorophenyl)-m-xylene, 8f

The **8e** was synthesized and isolated according to the procedures mentioned for **8a**. The purification was carried out by column chromatography over silica gel (100-200 mesh) using hexane. Total yield was calculated by taking weight of obtained mixture of products. The mixture of product isomers was subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization. Analysis of NMR data suggests the presence of three regio-isomers in the product.

2,5-Dimethylbiphenyl, 8g¹²



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.47 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 141.37, 141.02, 137.04, 134.56 (d), 131.32, 130.20 (d), 128.71 (d), 128.08 (d), 127.76, 126.69, 20.41, 19.57.

GC-MS: calc. for 8g: 183.2; found: 183.2.

4'-Methoxy-2,5-dimethyl-1,1'-biphenyl, 8h¹³

OMe

White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.23 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 157.98, 140.61, 134.45, 133.51, 131.31, 129.96, 129.78, 127.28, 113.40, 54.75 (d), 20.28, 19.50.

GC-MS: calc. for 8h: 212.2; found: 212.2.

4'-Fluoro-2,5-dimethyl-1,1'-biphenyl, 8i¹³



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (m, 1H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 162.35, 159.94, 139.96, 137.62, 127.58, 134.74, 131.44, 130.72 (d), 130.11(d), 127.91, 114.85 (d), 20.41 (d), 19.53.

GC-MS: calc. for 8i: 200.2; found: 200.2.

2-(2,5-Dimethylphenyl)-6-methoxynaphthalene, 8j

OMe

White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.10 (m, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H).
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 157.22, 140.99, 136.50, 134.67, 132.96, 131.57, 130.16 (d), 129.32, 128.24, 127.72 (d), 127.09, 126.24, 124.48, 120.95, 118.68, 117.62, 55.11, 20.42, 19.67.

GC-MS: calc. for 8j: 262.1; found: 262.1.

2-(2,5-Dimethylphenyl)-6-methoxynaphthalene, 8k



The **8k** was synthesized and isolated according to the procedures mentioned for **8a**. The purification was carried out by column chromatography over silica gel (100-200 mesh) using hexane. Total yield was calculated by taking weight of obtained mixture of products. The mixture of product isomers was subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization. Analysis of NMR data suggests the presence of three regio-isomers in the product.

4''-iodo-2,5-dimethyl-1,1':4',1''-terphenyl, 8l



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.72 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 3H), 7.55-7.36 (m, 5H), 7.19 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (m, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 140.53, 140.43, 139.70, 138.49, 134.77, 131.44, 130.25, 130.04, 129.44, 128.89, 128.67, 128.13, 127.89, 127.37, 126.54, 126.37.
GC-MS: calc. for 8I: 384.1; found: 384.1.

2-phenylthiophene, 9a¹⁰



Colorless oil. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (dd, *J* = 4.8 Hz, and *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (m, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 143.22, 113.64, 129.01, 128.77, 128.38, 127.45, 125.56, 125.30, 123.58.

GC-MS: calc. for 9a: 160.1; found: 160.1.

2-(4-Methylphenyl)thiophene, 9b14



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 143.22, 113.64, 129.01, 128.77, 128.38, 127.45, 125.56, 125.30, 123.58.

GC-MS: calc. for 9b: 174.2; found: 174.2.

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)thiophene, 9c15

White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane. The product contain small amount of another region isomer. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.59 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (t, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 158.71, 143.19, 128.15, 127.08, 126.59, 124.26, 122.28, 114.33, 54.96.
GC-MS: calc. for 9c: 190.2; found: 190.2.

2-(4-Fluorophenyl)thiophene, 9d¹⁶

White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.69 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.25 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (t, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 162.72, 160.28, 142.07, 130.30 (d), 128.45, 127.34 (d), 125.63, 123.77, 116.01, 115.79.

GC-MS: calc. for 9d: 178.0; found: 178.0.

n-[4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thiophene, 9e



The **9e** was synthesized and isolated according to the procedures mentioned for **8a**. The purification was carried out by column chromatography over silica gel (100-200 mesh) using hexane. Total yield was calculated by taking weight of obtained mixture of products. The mixture of product isomers was subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization. Analysis of NMR data suggests the presence of two regio-isomers, 2-[4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thiophene and 3-[4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl]thiophene in the product.

2-[1,1'-Biphenyl]-4-ylthiophene, 9f17



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.77-7.70 (m, 6H), 7.58 (m, 2H), 7.48 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 142.81, 139.30, 139.04, 132.78, 128.92, 128.54, 127.51, 127.22, 126.38, 125.83, 125.74, 123.75.
GC-MS: calc. for 9e: 236.2; found: 236.2.

n-Phenylpyridine, 9g¹⁸



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane. Two isomers are formed in our catalytic condition and isolated them separately during the column purification. Both isomers were subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization.

2-Phenylpyridine: Yield 42%.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 8.67 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.87 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 155.88, 149.44, 138.58, 137.13, 128.93, 128.64, 126.40, 122.50, 120.12.

GC-MS: calc. for 9f: 155.1; found: 155.2.

3-Phenylpyridine: Yield 47%.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 8.89 (s, 1H), 8.57 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 7.43 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 148.38, 147.56, 136.98, 135.45, 134.00, 129.02, 128.02, 126.78, 123.75.

GC-MS: calc. for 9f: 155.1; found: 155.1.

n-(4-Methoxyphenyl)pyridine, 9h¹⁹

OMe

White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane. Two isomers are formed in our catalytic condition and isolated them separately during the column purification. Both isomers were subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization.

2-(4-Methoxyphenyl)pyridine: Yield 40%.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) *δ* (ppm): 8.60 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.88 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 160.00, 155.64, 149.21, 136.90, 131.04, 127.68, 121.60, 119.21, 113.97, 55.07.

GC-MS: calc. for 9g: 185.2; found: 185.2.

3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)pyridine: Yield 45%.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) *δ* (ppm): 8.51 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.51 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (q, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 159.32, 147.66, 147.13, 135.11, 133.38, 129.21, 127.93, 123.68, 114.50, 55.13.

GC-MS: calc. for 9g: 185.2; found: 185.2.

n-(4-Fluorophenyl)pyridine, 9i²⁰



White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane. Two isomers are formed in our catalytic condition and isolated them separately during the column purification. Both isomers were subjected to NMR and GC-MS spectroscopic characterization.

2-(4-Fluorophenyl)pyridine: Yield 43%.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 8.65 (d, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 8.42 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (m, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 163.98, 161.53, 154.86, 149.43, 137.20, 128.56
(d), 122.44, 119.96, 115.48 (d).

GC-MS: calc. for **9h**: 173.2; found: 173.2.

3-(4-Fluorophenyl)pyridine: Yield 46%.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 8.88 (s, 1H), 8.56 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 8.06 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.78 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.34 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 163.36, 160.93, 148.30, 147.44, 134.44, 133.90, 133.42 (d), 128.84 (d), 123.66, 115.92, 115.71.
GC-MS: calc. for 9h: 173.2; found: 173.2.

2-(4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl)pyridine, 9j²¹

White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane/EtOAc (20:1).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 8.72 (s, 1H), 8.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.09 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 154.25, 149.71, 142.38, 137.45, 127.15, 125.58, 125.54, 123.49, 120.88.

GC-MS: calc. for 9j: 223.1; found: 223.1.

2,3'-Bipyridine, 9k²²

White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 8.72 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.07 (td, J = 7.6 Hz and J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 8.01-7.95 (m, 2H), 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.55 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 154.51, 148.50, 137.61, 135.91, 132.93, 130.52, 128.15, 126.67, 124.08.

GC-MS: calc. for 9i: 156.1; found: 156.1.

4-(2-Thienyl)pyridine, 9l²³

€S S

White solid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 8.57 (m, 2H), 7.81 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.22 (t, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 150.26, 140.41, 140.15, 128.77, 128.17, 127.07
(d), 126.34, 119.39.

GC-MS: calc. for 9j: 161.1; found: 161.1.

2,2'-Bithiophene, 9m²⁴

Colorless liquid. The crude product was purified by column chromatography using Merck silica gel 100-200 mesh with hexane.

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ (ppm): 7.49 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.08 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d6) δ(ppm): 136.38, 128.15, 125.18, 123.88.

GC-MS: calc. for 9k: 166.0; found: 166.0.

6. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra of the products:



Figure S6: ¹H NMR spectrum of 7a.



Figure S7: ${}^{13}C \{ {}^{1}H \}$ NMR spectrum of 7a.



Figure S8: GC-MS spectrum of 7a.



Figure S9: ¹H NMR spectrum of 7b.



Figure S10: ${}^{13}C \{{}^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 7b.







Figure S12: ¹H NMR spectrum of 7c.



Figure S13: ${}^{13}C \{{}^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 7c.



Figure S14: GC-MS spectrum of 7c.



Figure S15: ¹H NMR spectrum of 7d.



Figure S16: ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectrum of 7d.



Figure S17: GC-MS spectrum of 7d.



Figure S18: ¹H NMR spectrum of 7e.



Figure S19: ${}^{13}C \{ {}^{1}H \}$ NMR spectrum of 7e.



Figure S20: GC-MS spectrum of 7e.







Figure S22: ^{13}C { ^{1}H } NMR spectrum of 7f.



Figure S23: GC-MS spectrum of 7f.



Figure S24: ¹H NMR spectrum of 7g.



140 130 120 110 100 ppm





Figure S26: GC-MS spectrum of 7g.







Figure S28: ${}^{13}C \{ {}^{1}H \}$ NMR spectrum of 7h.



Figure S29: GC-MS spectrum of 7h.



Figure S30: ¹H NMR spectrum of 7i.



Figure S31: ${}^{13}C$ { ${}^{1}H$ } NMR spectrum of 7i.



Figure S32: GC-MS spectrum of 7i.







Figure S34: ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectrum of 7j.


Figure S35: GC-MS spectrum of 7j.



Figure S36: ¹H NMR spectrum of 7k.







Figure S38: GC-MS spectrum of 7k.



Figure S39: ¹H NMR spectrum of 8a.



Figure S40: $^{13}C \{^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 8a.



Figure S41: GC-MS spectrum of 8a.



Figure S42: ¹H NMR spectrum of 8b.



Figure S43: ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectrum of 8b.



Figure S44: GC-MS spectrum of 8b.







Figure S46: $^{13}C \{^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 8c.







Figure S48: ¹H NMR spectrum of 8d.



Figure S49: ^{13}C { ^{1}H } NMR spectrum of 8d.



Figure S50: GC-MS spectrum of 8d.



190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 ppm

Figure S52: ${}^{13}C \{{}^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 8e.







Figure S54: ¹H NMR spectrum of 8f.



Figure S55: ^{13}C { ^{1}H } NMR spectrum of 8f.



Figure S56: GC-MS spectrum of 8f.







Figure S58: ^{13}C { ^{1}H } NMR spectrum of 8g.







Figure S60: ¹H NMR spectrum of 8h.



Figure S61: ${}^{13}C \{{}^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 8h.



Figure S62: GC-MS spectrum of 8h.



Figure S63: ¹H NMR spectrum of 8i.



Figure S64: ${}^{13}C \{ {}^{1}H \}$ NMR spectrum of 8i.







Figure S66: ¹H NMR spectrum of 8j











Figure S69: ¹H NMR spectrum of 8k.



Figure S70: GC-MS spectrum of 8k.



Figure S71: ¹H NMR spectrum of 8l.



Figure S72: ${}^{13}C \{{}^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 8l.



Figure S73: GC-MS spectrum of 8l.







Figure S75: ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectrum of 9a.



Figure S76: GC-MS spectrum of 9a.







Figure S78: ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectrum of 9b.



Figure S79: GC-MS spectrum of 9b.



Figure S80: ¹H NMR spectrum of 9c.



Figure S81: ^{13}C { ^{1}H } NMR spectrum of 9c.



Figure S82: GC-MS spectrum of 9c.



Figure S83: ¹H NMR spectrum of 9d.



Figure S84: ${}^{13}C \{ {}^{1}H \}$ NMR spectrum of 9d.



Figure S85: GC-MS spectrum of 9d.







Figure S87: ${}^{13}C \{{}^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 9e.







Figure S89: ¹H NMR spectrum of 9f.



Figure S90: ${}^{13}C \{{}^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 9f.



Figure S91: GC-MS spectrum of 9f.



Figure S92: ¹H NMR spectrum of 9g.



Figure S93: ${}^{13}C \{{}^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 9g.



Figure S94: GC-MS spectrum of 9g.



Figure S95: ¹H NMR spectrum of 9g.



Figure S96: $^{13}C \{^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 9g.



Figure S97: GC-MS spectrum of 9g.







Figure S99: ^{13}C { ^{1}H } NMR spectrum of 9h.



Figure S100: GC-MS spectrum of 9h.







Figure S102: ${}^{13}C$ { ${}^{1}H$ } NMR spectrum of 9h.



Figure S103: GC-MS spectrum of 9h.







Figure S105: ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectrum of 9i.






Figure S107: ¹H NMR spectrum of 9i.



Figure S108: ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectrum of 9i.



Figure S109: GC-MS spectrum of 9i.







Figure S111: ¹³C {¹H} NMR spectrum of 9j.



Figure S112: GC-MS spectrum of 9j.



Figure S113: ¹H NMR spectrum of 9k.



Figure S114: ${}^{13}C \{ {}^{1}H \}$ NMR spectrum of 9k.



Figure S115: GC-MS spectrum of 9k.







Figure S117: ${}^{13}C \{{}^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 91.



Figure S118: GC-MS spectrum of 9l.







Figure S120: ${}^{13}C \{{}^{1}H\}$ NMR spectrum of 9m.



Figure S121: GC-MS spectrum of 9m.

7. Theoretical calculation:

Geometry optimization of the compound 1 and 1a were carried out with the help of Gaussian16 at ub3lyp level of theory with basis 6-31g(d) for all the elements.



Coordinates of optimized structure 1:

С	-2.23856 0.30268 0.09986
С	-1.31436 1.33526 -0.10883
С	0.04727 1.03791 -0.25532
С	0.4847 -0.29202 -0.19311
С	-0.4395 -1.3246 0.01558
С	-1.80113 -1.02725 0.16207
Н	-3.2782 0.52971 0.2117
Н	-1.64835 2.35069 -0.15633
Н	0.75292 1.8263 -0.41466
Н	-0.10551 -2.34003 0.06308
Н	-2.50678 -1.81565 0.32141
С	1.981 -0.61878 -0.35409
Ν	2.78471 0.50608 0.14555
Н	3.75633 0.2939 0.04103
Н	2.57908 0.65928 1.11212
Н	2.20103 -0.7827 -1.38831
Н	2.21561 -1.50066 0.20461

Coordinates of optimized structure 1a:

S79



С	2.18459	-0.00803	0.25956
С	1.50704	-1.22816	0.13256
С	0.13677	-1.2415	-0.1609
С	-0.55595	-0.0347	-0.32735
С	0.1216	1.18543	-0.20034
С	1.49187	1.19876	0.09312
Н	3.23081	0.00215	0.48362
Н	2.03594	-2.14958	0.25965
Н	-0.38055	-2.17309	-0.25787
Н	-0.4073	2.10685	-0.32743
Н	2.00919	2.13036	0.19009
С	-2.06173	-0.04935	-0.64983
Ν	-2.83123	-0.03381	0.60258
Н	-2.45666	0.4148	1.41403
Н	-2.29933	-0.93362	-1.20347
Н	-2.31025	0.81342	-1.23186

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