

Supporting information

Rhodium(III)-Catalyzed direct C-H activation of 2-Aryl-3*H*-indoles: A strategy for 4-heteroaryl pyrazoles synthesis

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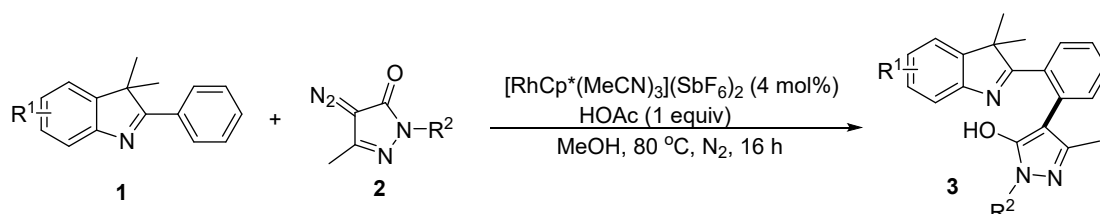
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1. General Information

All chemicals were analytically pure and used directly after purchased. All solvents were used without any particular precautions to extrude moisture. ^1H NMR spectra were recorded on 400 MHz spectrometer, and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded on a 100 MHz spectrometer. All spectra were referenced to the solvent peaks (^1H : residual $\text{CDCl}_3 = 7.26$ ppm, ^{13}C : $\text{CDCl}_3 = 77.00$ ppm). High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were equipped with an ESI source and a TOF detector. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel (70-230 mesh ASTM) using the reported eluents. Thin-layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on 4×15 cm plates with a layer thickness of 0.2 mm (silica gel 60 F254). 2-phenyl-3*H*-indoles^[1] and diazopyrazolones^[2] were synthesized according to the previously reported procedure.

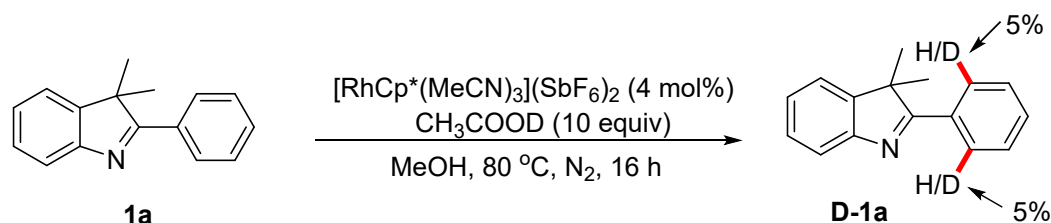
2. Typical procedure for synthesis of 3



To a tube equipped with magnetic stir bar, 2-phenyl-3*H*-indoles (**1**, 0.20 mmol), diazopyrazolones (**2**, 0.30 mmol), $[\text{RhCp}^*(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (4 mol%), and HOAc (1 equiv.) in MeOH (2.0 mL) were added and stirred at 80 °C for 16 h under N_2 atmosphere. After removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, purification was performed by flash column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (gradient mixture ratio from 20:1 to 10:1) as eluent to afford the corresponding products.

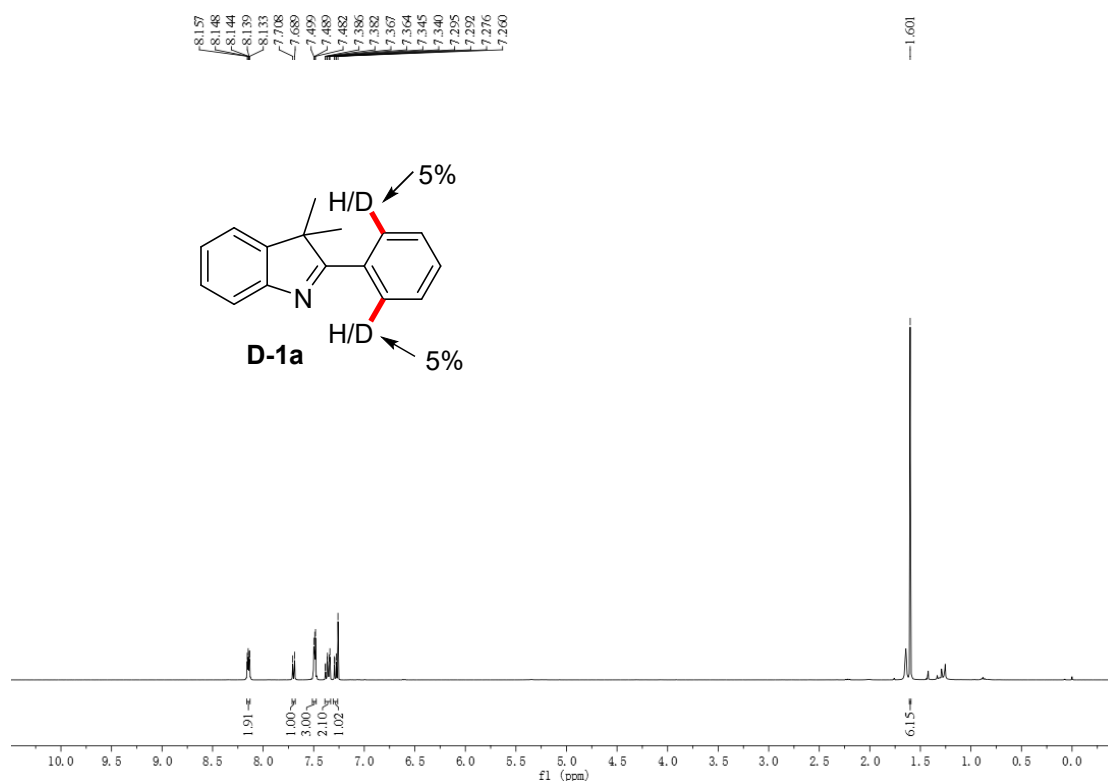
3. Mechanism Experiments

(1) H/D exchange

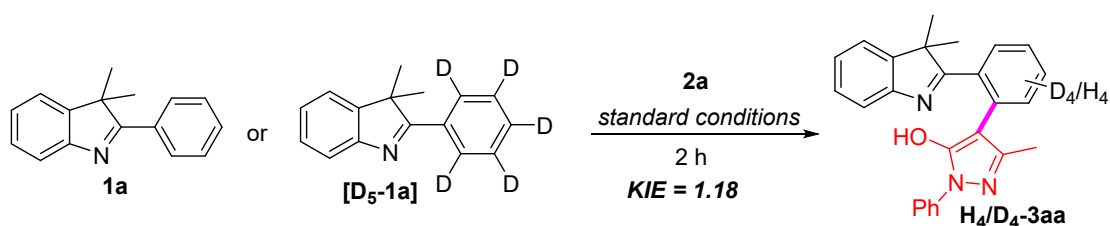


To a tube equipped with magnetic stir bar, 2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (**1a**, 0.20 mmol), $[\text{RhCp}^*(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (4 mol%), and CH_3COOD (2.0 mmol, 10 equiv.) in MeOH (2.0 mL) were added and stirred at 80 °C for 16 h under N_2 atmosphere. After removal

of the solvent under reduced pressure, purification was performed by flash column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (gradient mixture ratio from 30:1 to 20:1) as eluent to afford the corresponding products **D-1a**. The D-incorporation in **D-1a** was determined by $^1\text{H-NMR}$ spectroscopy.

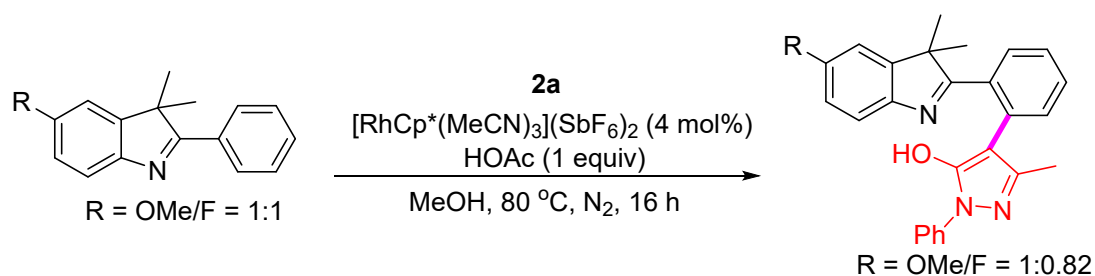


(2) General procedure for estimation of the KIE:



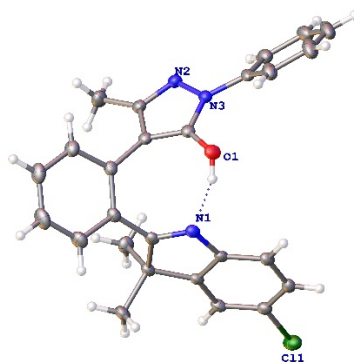
To two separated tube charged with 2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (**1a**, 0.20 mmol) or **D₅-1a** (0.20 mmol), diazopyrazolones (**2a**, 0.3 mmol), $[\text{RhCp}^*(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (4 mol%), and HOAc (1 equiv.) in MeOH (2.0 mL) were added and stirred at 80 °C for 2 h under N_2 atmosphere. After removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, purification was performed by flash column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (gradient mixture ratio from 20:1 to 10:1) as eluent to afford the corresponding products **3aa** (31.4 mg, 40%) and **D₄-3aa** (26.9 mg, 34%).

(3) Intermolecular competition reaction with differently substituted 2-phenyl-3*H*-indoles



A suspension of 2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (**1f**, 0.2 mmol) and (**1g**, 0.2 mmol), **2a** (68.4 mg, 0.3 mmol), [RhCp*(MeCN)₃](SbF₆)₂ (4 mol%), and HOAc (1 equiv.) in MeOH (2.0 mL) were added and stirred at 80 °C for 16 h under N₂ atmosphere. After removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, purification was performed by flash column chromatography on silica gel with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate (gradient mixture ratio from 20:1 to 10:1) as eluent to afford the corresponding products **3fa** and **3ga** at a ratio of 1:0.82.

4. The Crystal Structure of Product 3ha



X-ray molecular structure of 3ha

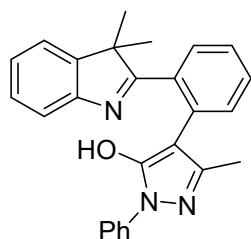
Table 1 Crystal data and structure refinement for exp_13844_auto.

Identification code	exp_13844_auto
Empirical formula	C ₂₆ H ₂₂ ClN ₃ O
Formula weight	427.91
Temperature/K	293.15
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /n
a/Å	9.4744(9)
b/Å	16.0747(14)
c/Å	14.7594(11)
α/°	90
β/°	99.735(9)
γ/°	90

Volume/Å ³	2215.5(3)
Z	4
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{cm}^3$	1.283
μ/mm^{-1}	0.195
F(000)	896.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.14 × 0.12 × 0.1
Radiation	Mo K α (λ = 0.71073)
2 θ range for data collection/°	4.768 to 58.622
Index ranges	-12 ≤ h ≤ 10, -21 ≤ k ≤ 18, -14 ≤ l ≤ 19
Reflections collected	11487
Independent reflections	5140 [R _{int} = 0.0290, R _{sigma} = 0.0451]
Data/restraints/parameters	5140/0/283
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.030
Final R indexes [I >= 2 σ (I)]	R ₁ = 0.0542, wR ₂ = 0.1094
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0873, wR ₂ = 0.1247
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.18/-0.23

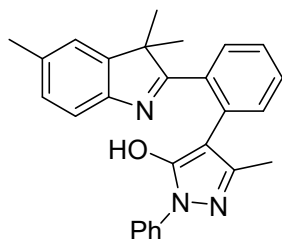
5. Characterization of compounds 3

4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3aa)



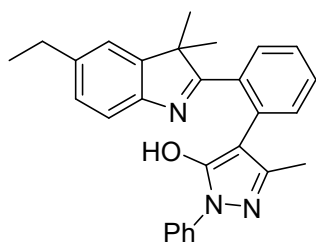
The compound prepared using [Cp**Rh*(MeCN)₃](SbF₆)₂ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (60.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3aa** as a yellow liquid (56.6 mg, 72%). **¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 12.46 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (dd, *J* = 17.7, 8.1 Hz, 4H), 7.38 - 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.22 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 187.9, 173.1, 169.8, 163.1, 159.8, 150.6, 150.1, 146.8, 144.8, 138.9, 133.3, 132.9, 131.9, 129.7, 128.6, 127.9, 127.3, 126.4, 125.4, 121.7, 121.5, 104.2, 55.6, 23.5, 22.2, 12.9. **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd for C₂₆H₂₃N₃O [M+H]⁺: 394.1914; found: 394.1915.

3-methyl-1-phenyl-4-(2-(3,3,5-trimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3ba)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3,5-trimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (47.0 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (60.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ba** as a yellow liquid (50.5 mg, 62%). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.78 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.54 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 1H), 7.42 (dt, $J = 16.0, 8.0$ Hz, 4H), 7.21 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.17 - 7.11 (m, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 186.8, 150.7, 148.0, 146.8, 145.1, 138.9, 136.8, 133.5, 133.0, 132.1, 129.7, 128.6, 127.4, 126.4, 125.5, 122.4, 121.6, 119.2, 118.6, 104.3, 55.5, 23.6, 22.4, 21.5, 12.9. HRMS (ESI): Calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_3\text{O}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 408.2070; found: 408.2071.

4-(2-(5-ethyl-3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3ca)

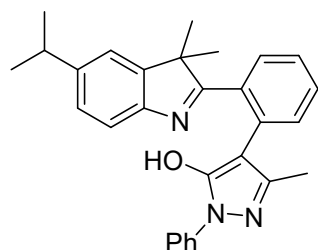


The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 5-ethyl-3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (49.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (60.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ca** as a pale yellow solid (53.1 mg, 63%). m.p. 112-114 °C.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76 (d, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.57 - 7.48 (m, 3H), 7.46 - 7.36 (m, 4H), 7.25 - 7.11 (m, 3H), 2.70 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H),

1.28 - 1.23 (m, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 186.9, 150.8, 148.2, 146.9, 145.1, 143.4, 138.9, 133.6, 133.1, 132.1, 129.7, 128.6, 127.6, 127.5, 126.5, 125.5, 121.7, 121.2, 119.4, 104.3, 55.6, 28.9, 23.7, 22.5, 15.9, 12.9. HRMS (ESI): Calcd for $\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_3\text{O}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 422.2227; found: 422.2227.

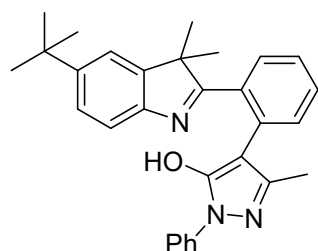
4-(2-(5-isopropyl-3,3-dimethyl-3H-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-5-ol (3da)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 5-isopropyl-3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3H-indole (52.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3H-pyrazol-3-one (60.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3da** as a pale yellow solid (52.2 mg, 60%). m.p. 174-176 °C.

^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 12.58 (s, 1H), 7.84 - 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.58 - 7.49 (m, 3H), 7.47 - 7.34 (m, 4H), 7.24 - 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.17 (d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.97 (hept, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.27 (d, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 6H), 1.06 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 187.2, 150.8, 148.3, 148.1, 146.8, 145.1, 139.1, 133.5, 133.1, 132.1, 129.7, 128.6, 127.4, 126.4, 126.1, 125.4, 121.6, 119.7, 119.3, 104.3, 55.6, 34.3, 24.2, 23.8, 22.5, 13.0. HRMS (ESI): Calcd for $\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{29}\text{N}_3\text{O}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 436.2383; found: 436.2383.

4-(2-(5-(tert-butyl)-3,3-dimethyl-3H-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-5-ol (3ea)

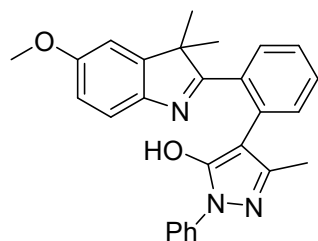


The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 5-(tert-

butyl)-3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (55.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (60.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ea** as a pale yellow liquid (55.7 mg, 62%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.64 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.58 - 7.50 (m, 3H), 7.46 - 7.36 (m, 5H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 9H), 1.07 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 187.5, 150.8, 150.3, 147.9, 146.9, 144.7, 139.0, 133.6, 133.1, 132.2, 129.7, 128.6, 127.5, 126.4, 125.4, 125.2, 121.6, 118.9, 118.6, 104.4, 55.7, 35.0, 31.6, 23.9, 22.6, 13.0. **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd for C₃₀H₃₁N₃O [M+H]⁺: 450.2540; found: 450.2540.

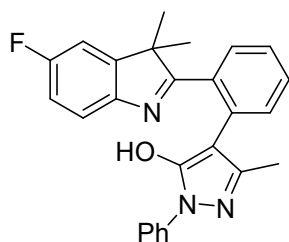
4-(2-(5-methoxy-3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (**3fa**)



The compound prepared using [Cp**Rh*(MeCN)₃](SbF₆)₂ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 5-methoxy-3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (50.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (60.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4:1) to afford **3fa** as a pale yellow solid (57.5 mg, 68%). m.p. 118-120 °C.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.57 - 7.48 (m, 3H), 7.46 - 7.36 (m, 4H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.90 - 6.79 (m, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 185.8, 159.1, 150.7, 146.9, 146.7, 143.8, 138.9, 133.5, 133.0, 132.1, 129.7, 128.6, 127.5, 126.4, 125.5, 121.6, 120.2, 112.7, 108.3, 104.3, 55.7, 55.7, 23.8, 22.5, 12.9. **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 424.2020; found: 424.2019.

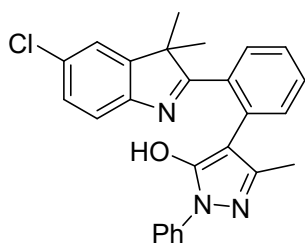
4-(2-(5-fluoro-3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (**3ga**)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 5-fluoro-3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (47.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (60.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ga** as a pale white solid (47.7 mg, 58%). m.p. 172-174 °C.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 12.12 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, $J = 8.3$ Hz, 2H), 7.54 (dd, $J = 13.8, 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 7.48 - 7.34 (m, 4H), 7.21 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, $J = 14.6, 5.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 188.0, 161.9 (d, $J = 247.0$ Hz), 150.4, 147.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 6.7$ Hz), 146.8, 146.22, 138.9, 133.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 9.9$ Hz), 131.9, 129.9, 128.6, 127.4, 126.5, 125.5, 121.5, 120.6 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 8.3$ Hz), 114.8 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 24.0$ Hz), 109.5 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 24.6$ Hz), 104.2, 56.1 (d, $J_{\text{C-F}} = 1.9$ Hz), 23.5, 22.2, 13.1. $^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (376 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -114.23. HRMS (ESI): Calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{22}\text{FN}_3\text{O}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 412.1820; found: 412.1820.

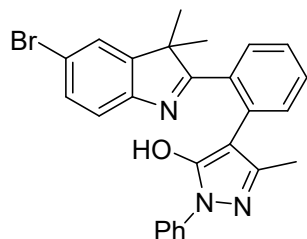
4-(2-(5-chloro-3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (**3ha**)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 5-chloro-3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (51.0 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (60.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ha** as a yellow solid (52.1 mg, 61%). m.p. 142-144 °C.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.98 (s, 1H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (dt, *J* = 14.4, 7.1 Hz, 3H), 7.42 (dt, *J* = 19.1, 7.7 Hz, 4H), 7.34 - 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 188.6, 150.4, 148.8, 146.9, 138.9, 133.2, 132.0, 130.0, 128.7, 128.3, 127.4, 126.6, 125.6, 122.4, 121.6, 120.7, 104.1, 56.1, 23.5, 22.2, 13.0. **HRMS (ESI):** Calcd for C₂₆H₂₂ClN₃O [M+H]⁺: 428.1524; found: 428.1524.

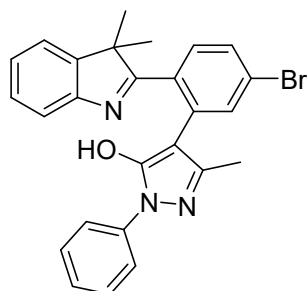
4-(2-(5-bromo-3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3ia)



The compound prepared using [Cp*Rh(MeCN)₃](SbF₆)₂ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 5-bromo-3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (59.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (60.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ia** as a pale yellow solid (63.1 mg, 67%). m.p. 177-179 °C.

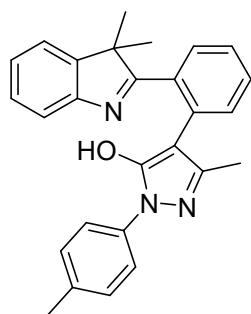
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.92 (s, 1H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (dd, *J* = 16.3, 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.49 - 7.32 (m, 7H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 188.6, 150.3, 149.3, 146.8, 138.9, 133.2, 131.9, 131.2, 130.0, 128.7, 127.3, 126.6, 126.6, 125.6, 125.3, 121.6, 121.2, 118.7, 118.6, 104.2, 56.1, 23.5, 22.2, 13.0. **HRMS (ESI):** Calcd for C₂₆H₂₂BrN₃O [M+H]⁺: 472.1019; found: 472.1017.

4-(5-bromo-2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3la)



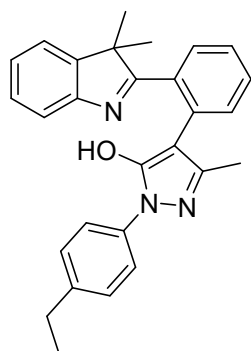
The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 2-(4-bromophenyl)-3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indole (59.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (60.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3la** as a yellow liquid (71.6 mg, 76%). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 12.44 (s, 1H), 7.75 (d, $J = 7.9$ Hz, 2H), 7.58 (q, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 3H), 7.45 – 7.28 (m, 6H), 7.22 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.63 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 186.9, 150.7, 149.9, 146.5, 144.6, 138.7, 135.7, 134.2, 132.1, 129.60, 128.8, 128.6, 128.1, 126.9, 126.8, 125.6, 124.1, 121.7, 121.6, 119.7, 103.1, 55.6, 23.5, 22.2, 13.0. **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{22}\text{BrN}_3\text{O}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 472.1019; found: 472.1017.

4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-(*p*-tolyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3ab)



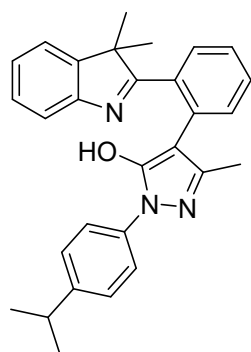
The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-(*p*-tolyl)-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (64.2 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ab** as a yellow liquid (57.0 mg, 70%). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 12.27 (s, 1H), 7.66 - 7.51 (m, 5H), 7.43 (dd, $J = 9.9$, 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.38 - 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 188.1, 150.5, 150.2, 146.5, 144.9, 136.5, 135.2, 133.4, 133.0, 132.1, 129.8, 129.2, 128.0, 127.4, 126.7, 126.4, 121.7, 121.7, 119.7, 104.1, 55.7, 23.6, 22.4, 20.9, 13.0. **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_3\text{O}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 408.2070; found: 408.2070.

4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-1-(4-ethylphenyl)-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3ac)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-2-(4-ethylphenyl)-5-methyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (68.4 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ac** as a yellow liquid (56.4 mg, 67%). **¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.61 (t, J = 9.1 Hz, 3H), 7.54 (dd, J = 7.0, 3.9 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (dd, J = 11.7, 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.37 - 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.22 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.65 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.25 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 187.5, 150.5, 150.2, 146.6, 144.9, 141.7, 136.6, 133.4, 133.0, 132.1, 129.8, 128.1, 128.0, 127.4, 126.7, 126.4, 121.9, 121.7, 119.7, 104.1, 55.7, 28.4, 23.6, 22.4, 15.5, 12.9. **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd for C₂₈H₂₇N₃O [M+H]⁺: 422.2227; found: 422.2227.

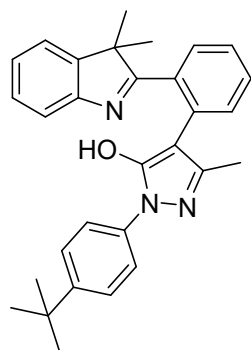
4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-1-(4-isopropylphenyl)-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (**3ad**)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-2-(4-isopropylphenyl)-5-methyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (72.6 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography

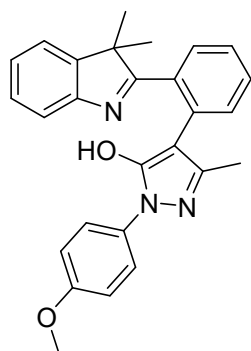
(petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ad** as a yellow liquid (53.9 mg, 62%). **¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.71 - 7.57 (m, 3H), 7.57 - 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.47 - 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.34 (ddd, *J* = 19.0, 10.7, 4.4 Hz, 3H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (dp, *J* = 14.1, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.17 (d, *J* = 17.5 Hz, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H), 1.05 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 188.4, 150.4, 150.3, 146.6, 146.3, 144.9, 136.6, 133.5, 133.0, 132.1, 129.8, 128.1, 127.4, 126.7, 126.6, 126.4, 121.9, 121.7, 119.7, 104.1, 55.7, 33.7, 23.9, 23.6, 22.4, 12.9. **HRMS (ESI):** Calcd for C₂₉H₂₉N₃O [M+H]⁺: 436.2383; found: 436.2381.

1-(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)-4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3ae)



The compound prepared using [Cp**Rh*(MeCN)₃](SbF₆)₂ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 2-(4-(*tert*-butyl)phenyl)-4-diazo-5-methyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (76.8 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ae** as a yellow liquid (53.0 mg, 59%). **¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 7.62 (dd, *J* = 7.8, 5.7 Hz, 3H), 7.57 - 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.47 - 7.26 (m, 7H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 9H), 1.06 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 188.8, 150.4, 150.3, 148.6, 146.6, 144.9, 136.3, 133.5, 133.0, 132.1, 129.8, 128.1, 127.4, 126.7, 126.4, 125.6, 121.7, 121.5, 119.7, 104.1, 55.7, 34.4, 31.3, 23.6, 22.4, 12.9. **HRMS (ESI):** Calcd for C₃₀H₃₁N₃O [M+H]⁺: 450.2540; found: 450.2540.

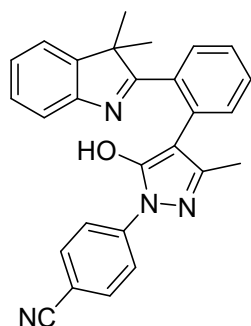
4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3af)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-methyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (69.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4:1) to afford **3af** as a yellow liquid (53.3 mg, 63%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 - 7.57 (m, 3H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (dd, *J* = 11.8, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.37 - 7.26 (m, 3H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 187.7, 157.6, 150.3, 150.2, 146.4, 144.9, 133.4, 133.0, 132.1, 132.1, 129.8, 128.1, 127.4, 126.7, 126.4, 123.6, 121.7, 119.6, 113.8, 103.9, 55.7, 55.4, 23.6, 22.4, 12.9. **HRMS (ESI):** Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅N₃O₂ [M+H]⁺: 424.2020; found: 424.2020.

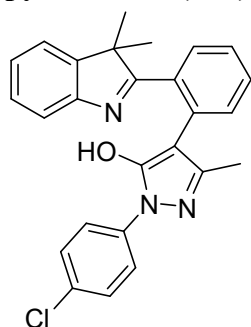
4-(4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-5-hydroxy-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)benzonitrile (**3ag**)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-(4-diazo-3-methyl-5-oxo-4,5-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazol-1-yl)benzonitrile (67.5 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4:1) to afford **3ag** as a pale yellow solid (44.3 mg, 53%). m.p. 196-198 °C.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (dt, *J* = 7.5, 6.1 Hz, 3H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.41 - 7.27 (m, 4H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.12 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 187.5, 151.8, 149.6, 148.7, 144.8, 142.6, 133.2, 132.9, 132.8, 131.4, 130.1, 128.2, 127.5, 126.9, 126.8, 121.8, 120.4, 119.4, 118.9, 107.8, 104.9, 55.7, 23.5, 22.5, 13.1. **HRMS (ESI):** Calcd for C₂₇H₂₂N₄O [M+H]⁺: 419.1866; found: 419.1866

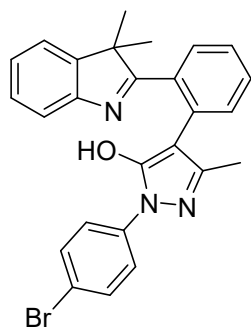
1-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3ah)



The compound prepared using [Cp**Rh*(MeCN)₃](SbF₆)₂ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 2-(4-chlorophenyl)-4-diazo-5-methyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (70.2 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ah** as a yellow liquid (39.3 mg, 46%).

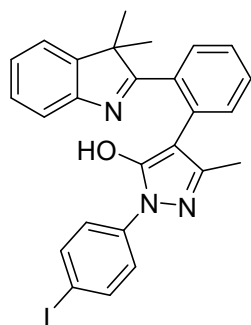
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.69 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 3H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.38 - 7.27 (m, 5H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 184.6, 150.9, 150.0, 147.3, 144.9, 137.6, 133.3, 133.1, 131.9, 130.7, 129.9, 128.7, 128.1, 127.4, 126.8, 126.6, 122.4, 121.8, 119.6, 104.4, 55.7, 23.7, 22.3, 13.0. **HRMS (ESI):** Calcd for C₂₆H₂₂ClN₃O [M+H]⁺: 428.1524; found: 428.1524.

1-(4-bromophenyl)-4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3ai)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 2-(4-bromophenyl)-4-diazo-5-methyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (83.4 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ai** as a yellow liquid (37.7 mg, 40%). $^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 12.72 (s, 1H), 7.73 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.60 - 7.48 (m, 5H), 7.45 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.37 - 7.26 (m, 3H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 188.0, 150.9, 150.0, 147.3, 144.9, 138.1, 133.3, 133.0, 131.8, 131.7, 129.9, 128.1, 127.4, 126.8, 126.6, 122.7, 121.8, 119.6, 118.5, 104.5, 55.7, 23.7, 22.5, 13.0. **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{22}\text{BrN}_3\text{O}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 472.1019; found: 472.1019.

4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-1-(4-iodophenyl)-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (**3aj**)

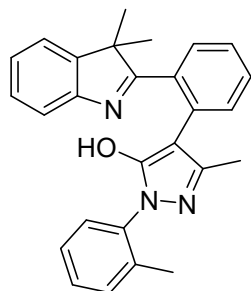


The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-2-(4-iodophenyl)-5-methyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (97.8 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3aj** as a pale yellow solid (51.9 mg, 50%). m.p. 168-170 °C.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 12.67 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, $J = 8.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.61 (d, $J = 8.8$

Hz, 2H), 7.55 (t, $J = 8.9$ Hz, 3H), 7.44 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.37 - 7.26 (m, 3H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 188.5, 150.9, 149.9, 147.4, 144.8, 138.8, 137.6, 133.3, 133.0, 131.8, 129.9, 128.1, 127.4, 126.8, 126.6, 122.9, 121.8, 119.6, 104.5, 89.5, 55.7, 23.6, 22.3, 13.1. HRMS (ESI): Calcd for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{22}\text{IN}_3\text{O}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 520.0880; found: 520.0879.

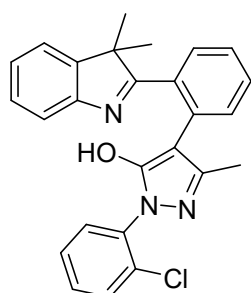
4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-(*o*-tolyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3ak)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-(*o*-tolyl)-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (64.2 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ak** as a pale yellow liquid (63.5 mg, 78%).

^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.55 (dd, $J = 12.4, 4.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.51 - 7.40 (m, 3H), 7.38 - 7.30 (m, 3H), 7.25 (dt, $J = 14.9, 5.2$ Hz, 4H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.82 (s, 3H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 188.7, 150.6, 150.4, 146.4, 144.9, 137.3, 135.7, 133.6, 132.8, 132.1, 130.4, 129.6, 128.5, 127.9, 127.8, 127.4, 126.7, 126.3, 126.2, 121.6, 119.9, 102.5, 55.8, 23.6, 22.1, 17.2, 13.0. HRMS (ESI): Calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_3\text{O}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$: 408.2070; found: 408.2070.

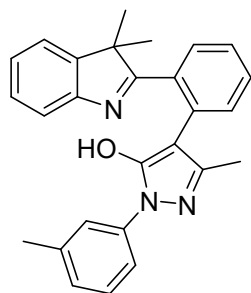
1-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3al)



The compound prepared using [Cp*Rh(MeCN)₃](SbF₆)₂ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 2-(2-chlorophenyl)-4-diazo-5-methyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (70.2 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3al** as a white solid (64.1 mg, 75%). m.p. 195-197 °C.

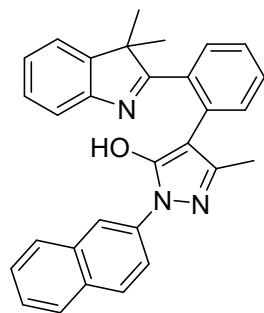
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.81 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.49 - 7.39 (m, 5H), 7.39 - 7.27 (m, 5H), 2.19 (s, 3H), 1.60 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 188.7, 151.2, 150.5, 147.4, 144.8, 136.1, 133.7, 132.7, 132.1, 131.8, 129.8, 129.7, 129.6, 129.6, 127.7, 127.6, 127.2, 126.6, 126.4, 121.5, 120.4, 102.9, 55.8, 23.7, 22.1, 13.1. **HRMS (ESI):** Calcd for C₂₆H₂₂ClN₃O [M+H]⁺: 428.1524; found: 428.1524.

4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-(*m*-tolyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (**3am**)



The compound prepared using [Cp*Rh(MeCN)₃](SbF₆)₂ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-(*m*-tolyl)-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (64.2 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3am** as a yellow liquid (40.7 mg, 50%). **¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 12.38 (s, 1H), 7.57 (td, *J* = 13.3, 7.0 Hz, 5H), 7.43 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.38 - 7.27 (m, 4H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 1.65 (s, 3H), 1.06 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 188.1, 150.6, 150.2, 146.7, 144.9, 138.8, 138.5, 133.5, 133.1, 132.1, 129.8, 128.4, 128.0, 127.4, 126.7, 126.4, 126.4, 122.5, 121.7, 119.7, 118.9, 104.2, 55.7, 23.6, 22.3, 21.4, 13.0. **HRMS (ESI):** Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅N₃O [M+H]⁺: 408.2070; found: 408.2070.

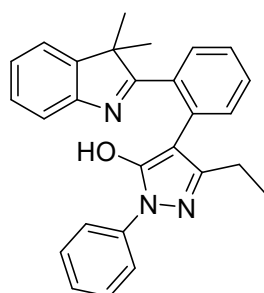
4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-methyl-1-(naphthalen-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3an)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-methyl-2-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (75.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3an** as a white solid (53.2 mg, 60%). m.p. 170-172 °C.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.63 (s, 1H), 8.25 (s, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.91 - 7.81 (m, 3H), 7.64 - 7.54 (m, 3H), 7.47 (dd, *J* = 17.5, 7.4 Hz, 4H), 7.36 - 7.27 (m, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.09 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃)** δ 188.1, 151.0, 150.1, 147.1, 144.8, 136.6, 133.5, 133.0, 132.0, 131.3, 129.8, 128.4, 128.1, 128.1, 127.5, 127.4, 126.7, 126.5, 126.2, 125.4, 121.7, 120.9, 119.6, 118.9, 104.4, 55.7, 23.6, 22.3, 13.1. **HRMS (ESI):** Calcd for C₃₀H₂₅N₃O [M+H]⁺: 444.2070; found: 444.2070.

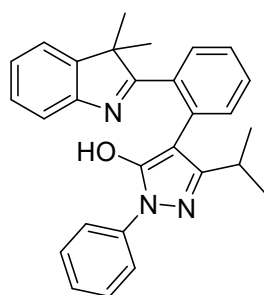
4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3*H*-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-ethyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-5-ol (3ao)



The compound prepared using $[\text{Cp}^*\text{Rh}(\text{MeCN})_3](\text{SbF}_6)_2$ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-ethyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (64.2 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography

(petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ao** as a yellow liquid (52.9 mg, 65%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.78 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.65 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.57 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.47 – 7.28 (m, 7H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (qd, *J* = 7.5, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 1.69 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 3H), 1.11 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 187.7, 152.2, 150.7, 150.0, 144.9, 139.1, 133.2, 132.3, 129.8, 128.60, 128.0, 127.4, 126.7, 126.3, 125.4, 124.4, 123.9, 121.6, 119.7, 103.3, 55.7, 23.9, 22.6, 20.8, 13.3. **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd for C₂₇H₂₅N₃O [M+H]⁺: 408.2070; found: 408.2070.

4-(2-(3,3-dimethyl-3H-indol-2-yl)phenyl)-3-isopropyl-1-phenyl-1H-pyrazol-5-ol (3ap)



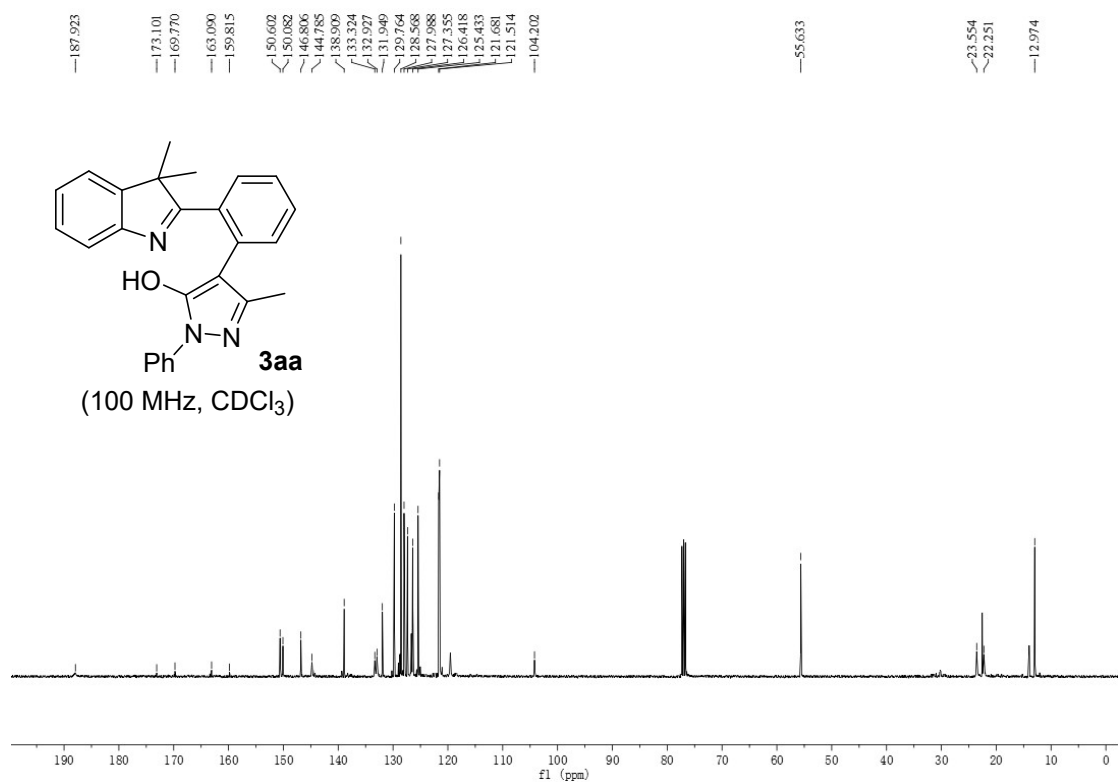
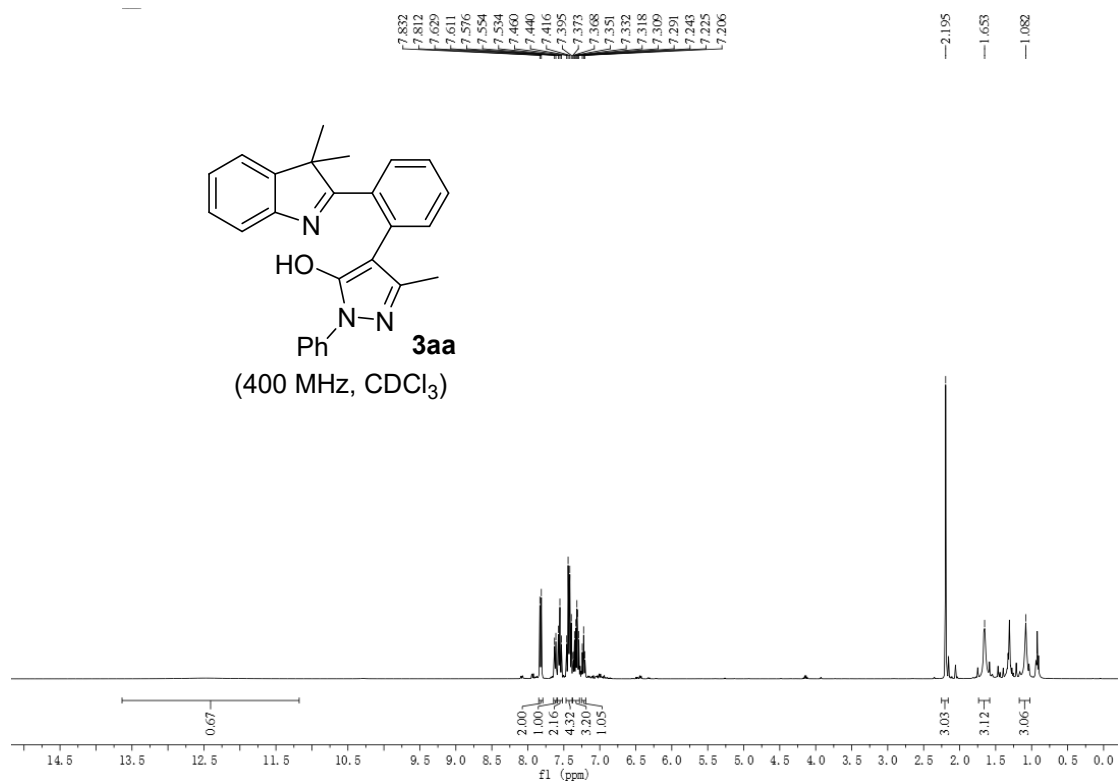
The compound prepared using [Cp*Rh(MeCN)₃](SbF₆)₂ (6.6 mg, 0.008 mmol), 3,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3*H*-indole (44.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), 4-diazo-5-isopropyl-2-phenyl-2,4-dihydro-3*H*-pyrazol-3-one (68.4 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), and HOAc (12 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1 equiv.). After 16 h, it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford **3ap** as a yellow liquid (61.5 mg, 73%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 12.78 (s, 1H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.36 (m, 5H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (dd, *J* = 13.1, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 1.72 (s, 3H), 1.42 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 1.15 (s, 3H), 1.02 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 187.5, 155.8, 150.4, 150.1, 145.0, 139.3, 133.5, 132.6, 129.7, 128.58, 128.0, 127.5, 126.8, 126.3, 125.3, 121.7, 121.6, 119.7, 103.0, 55.7, 31.5, 23.0, 22.7, 22.6, 14.1. **HRMS (ESI)**: Calcd for C₂₈H₂₇N₃O [M+H]⁺: 422.2227; found: 422.2226.

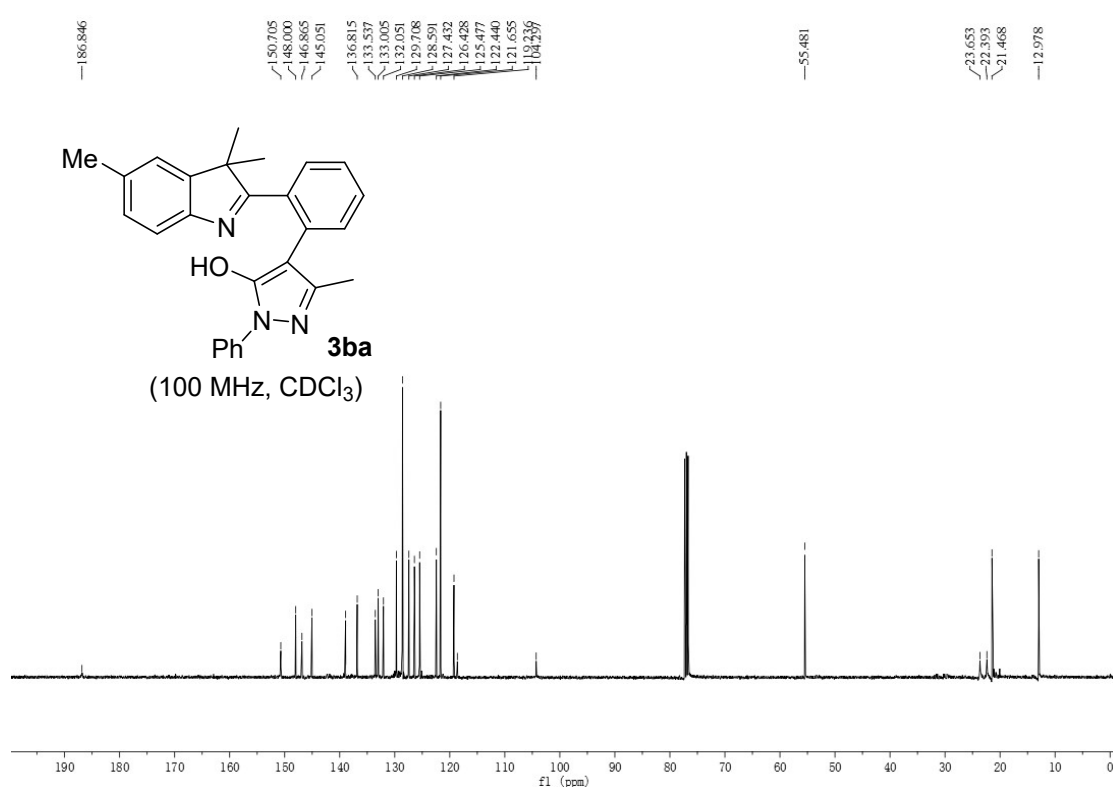
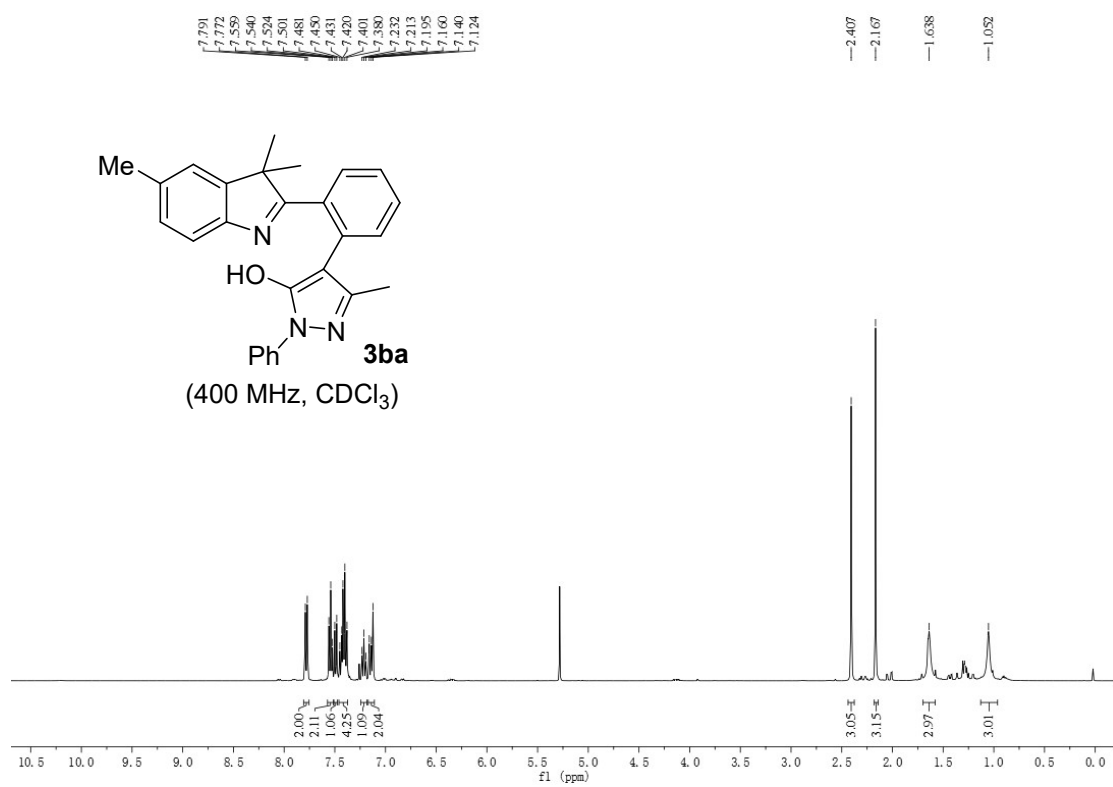
6. References

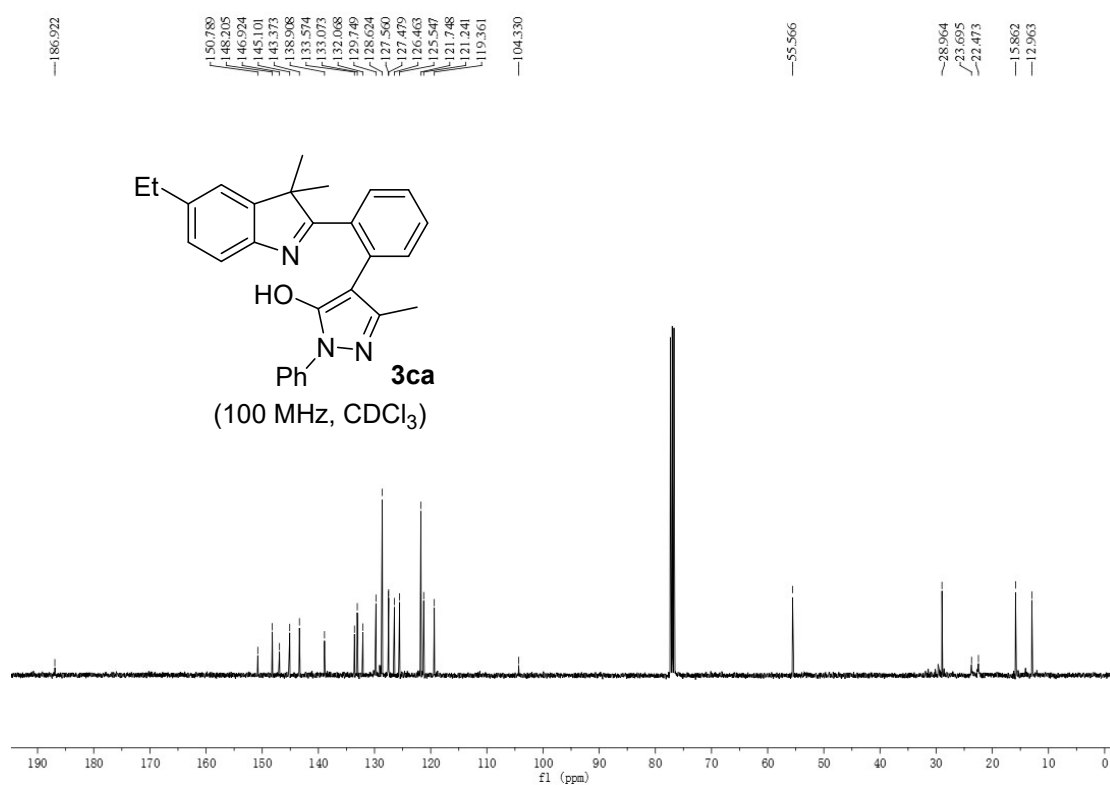
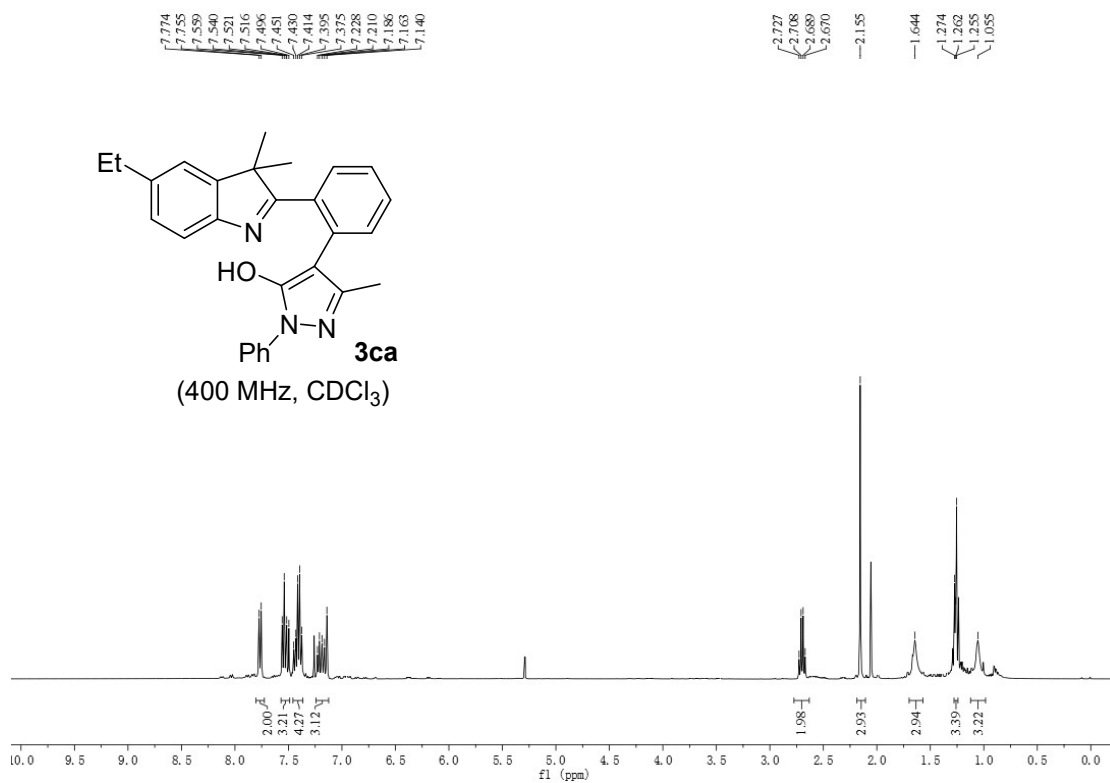
1. Gao, J.; Luo, K.; Wei, X.; Wang, H.; Liu, H.; Zhou, Z. Rh(III)-Catalyzed Successive C-H Activations of 2-Phenyl-3*H*-indoles and Cyclization Cascades to Construct Highly Fused Indole Heteropolycycles. *Org. Lett.* **2023**, *25*, 3341-3346.
2. F. Fang, S. Hu, C. Li, Q. Wang, R. Wang, X. Han, Y. Zhou, H. Liu, Catalytic System-

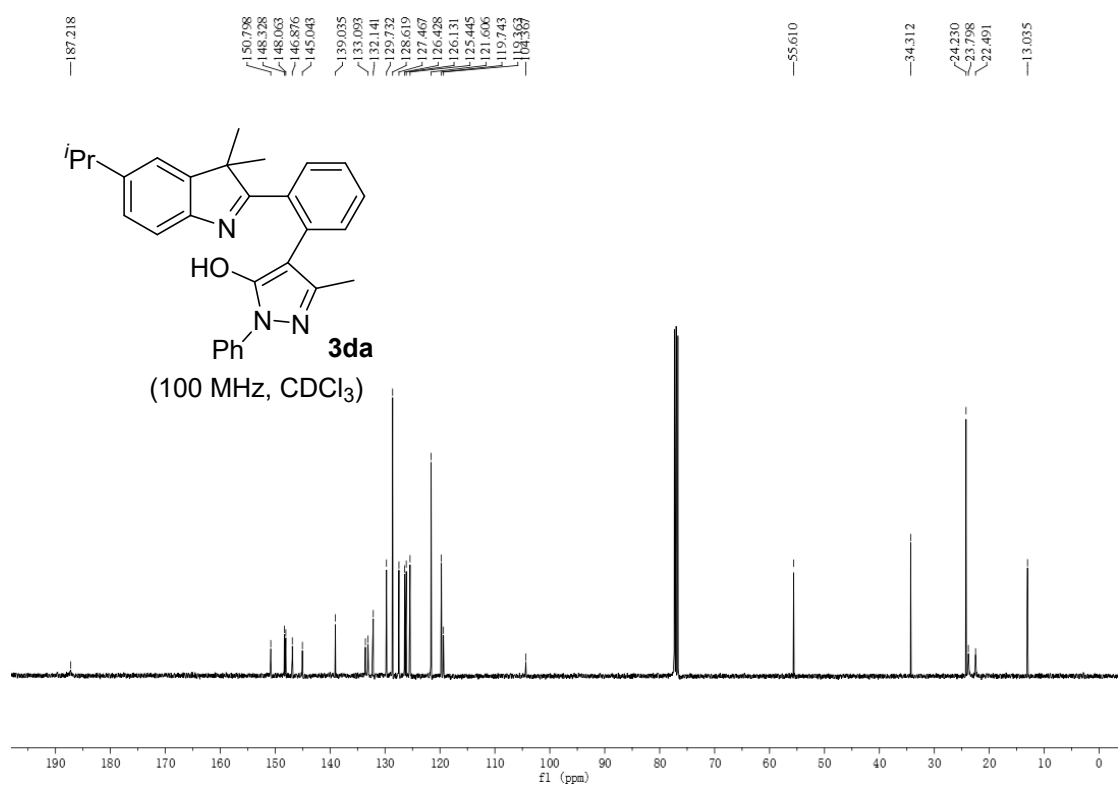
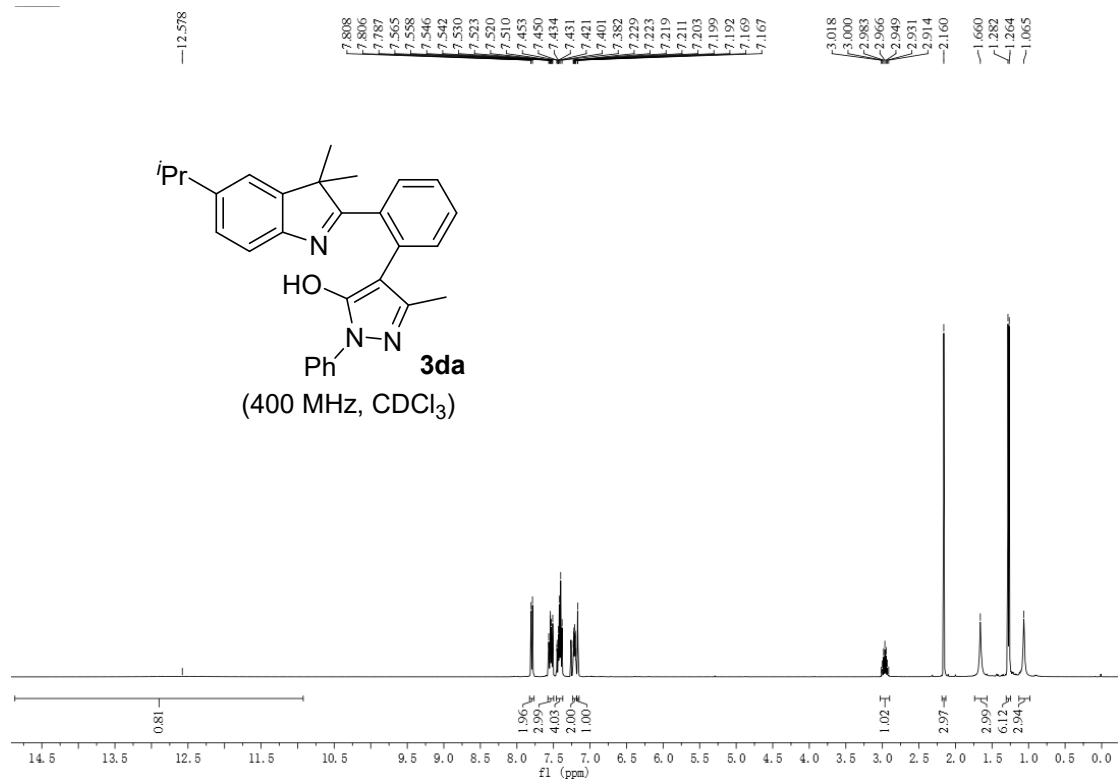
Controlled Divergent Reaction Strategies for the Construction of Diversified Spiropyrazolone Skeletons from Pyrazolidinones and Diazopyrazolones, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2021**, *60*, 21327–21333.

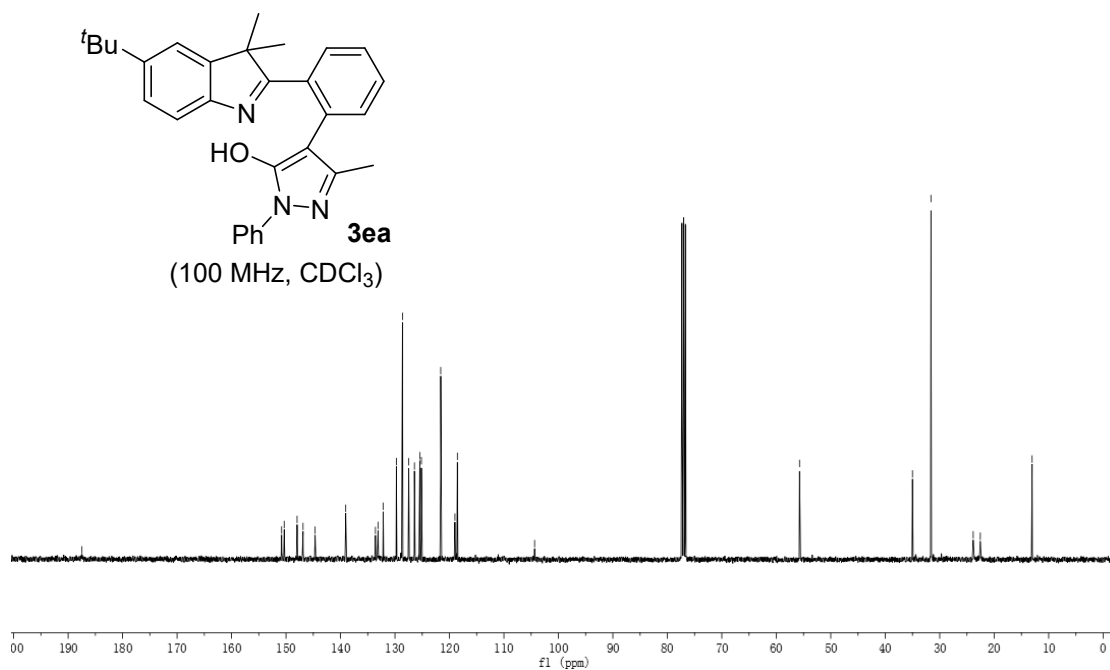
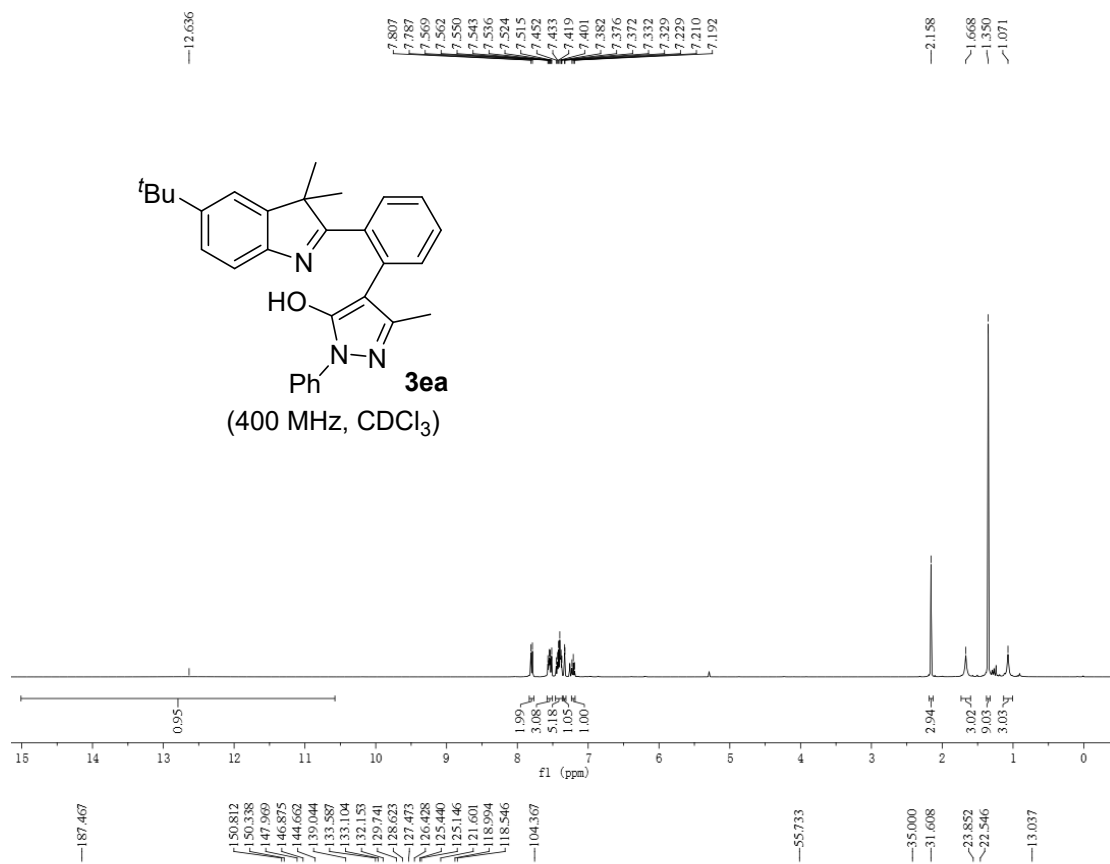
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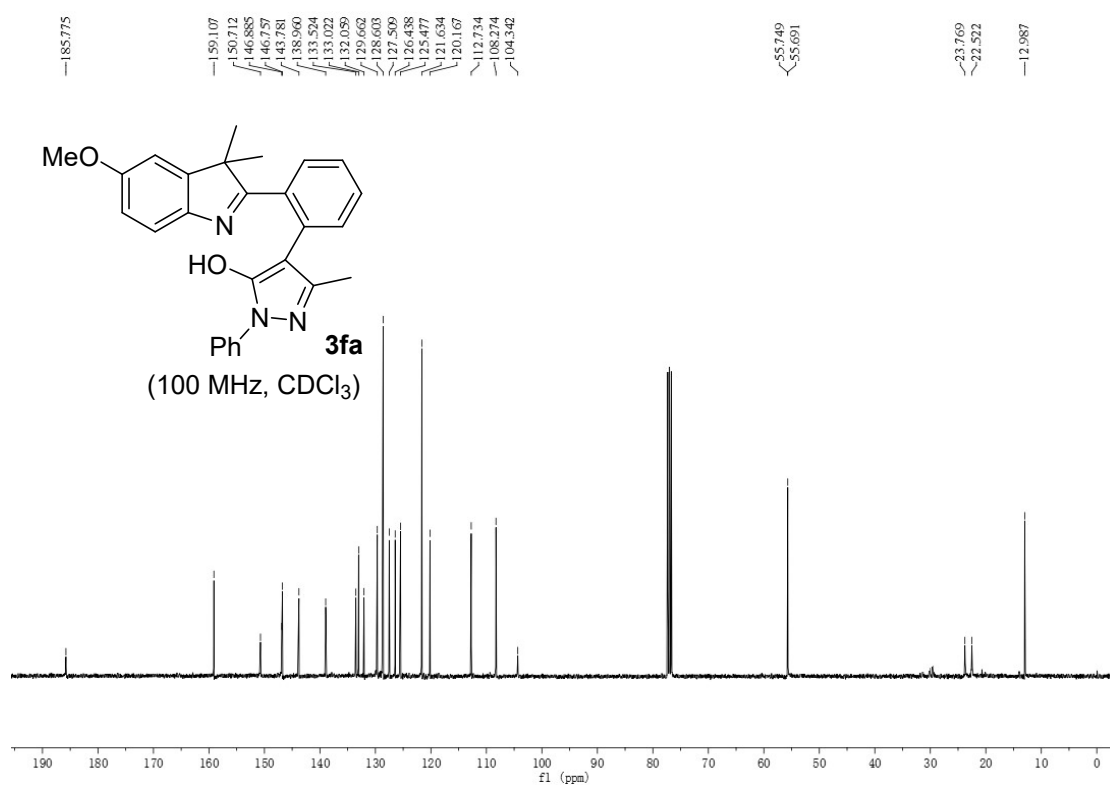
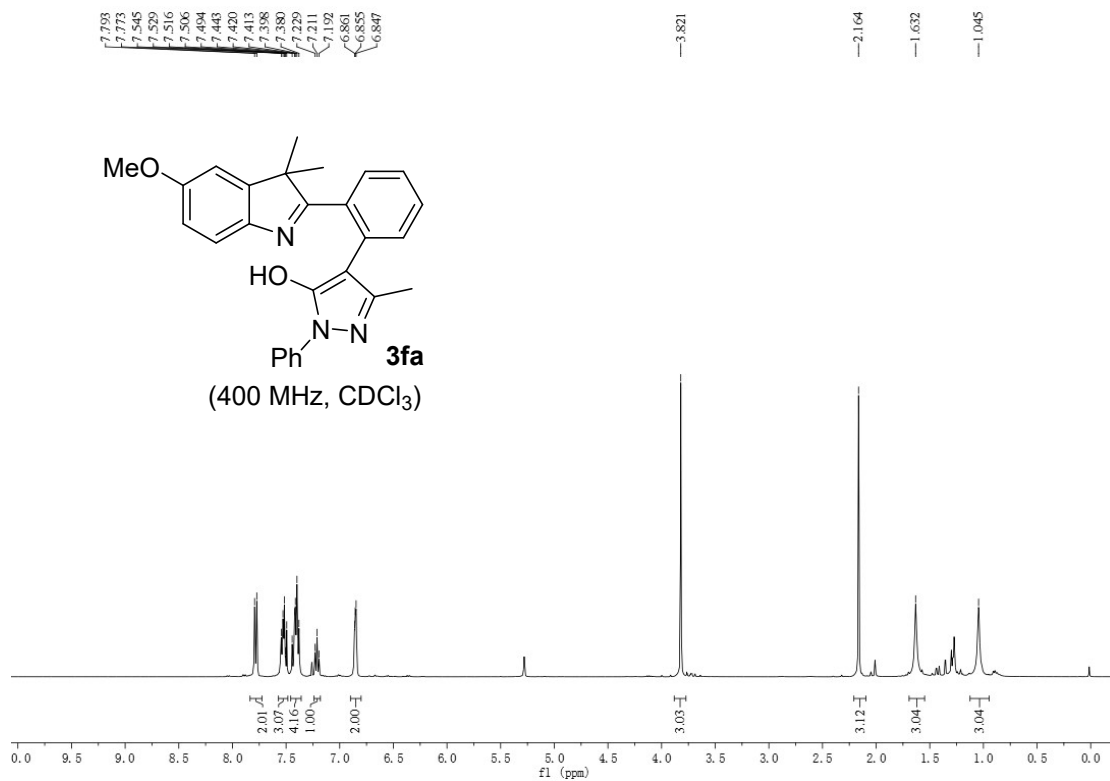


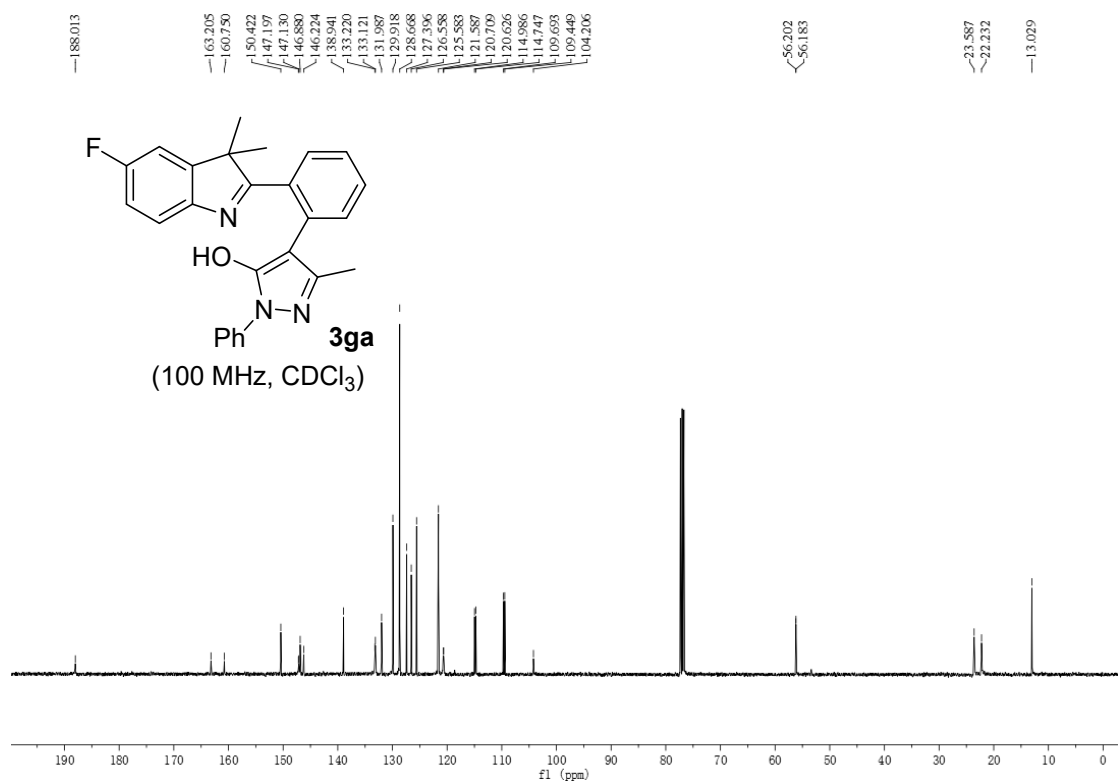
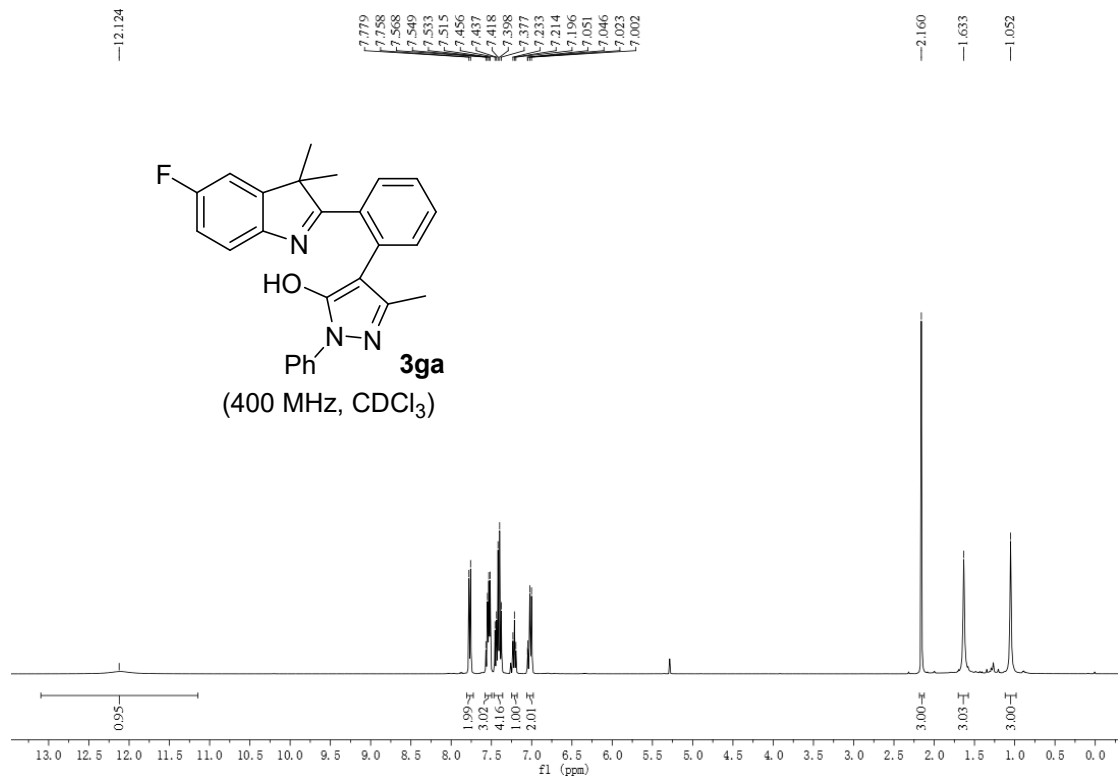


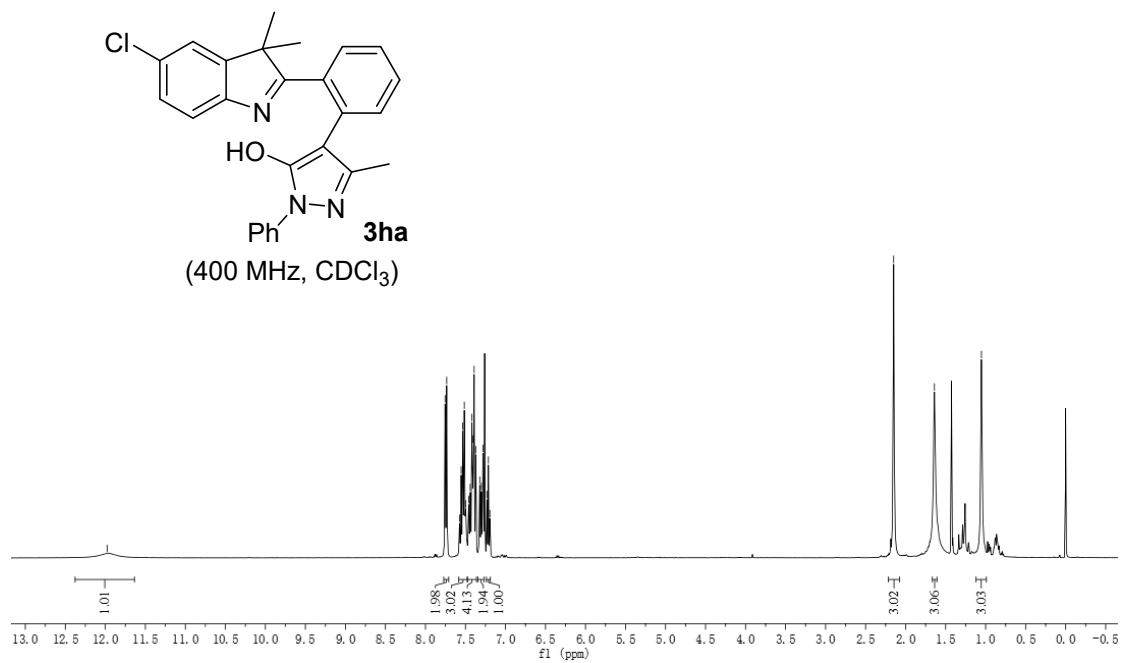
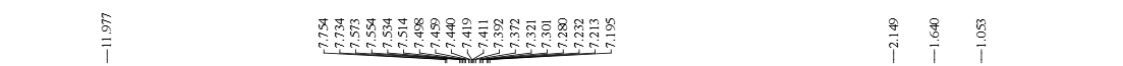
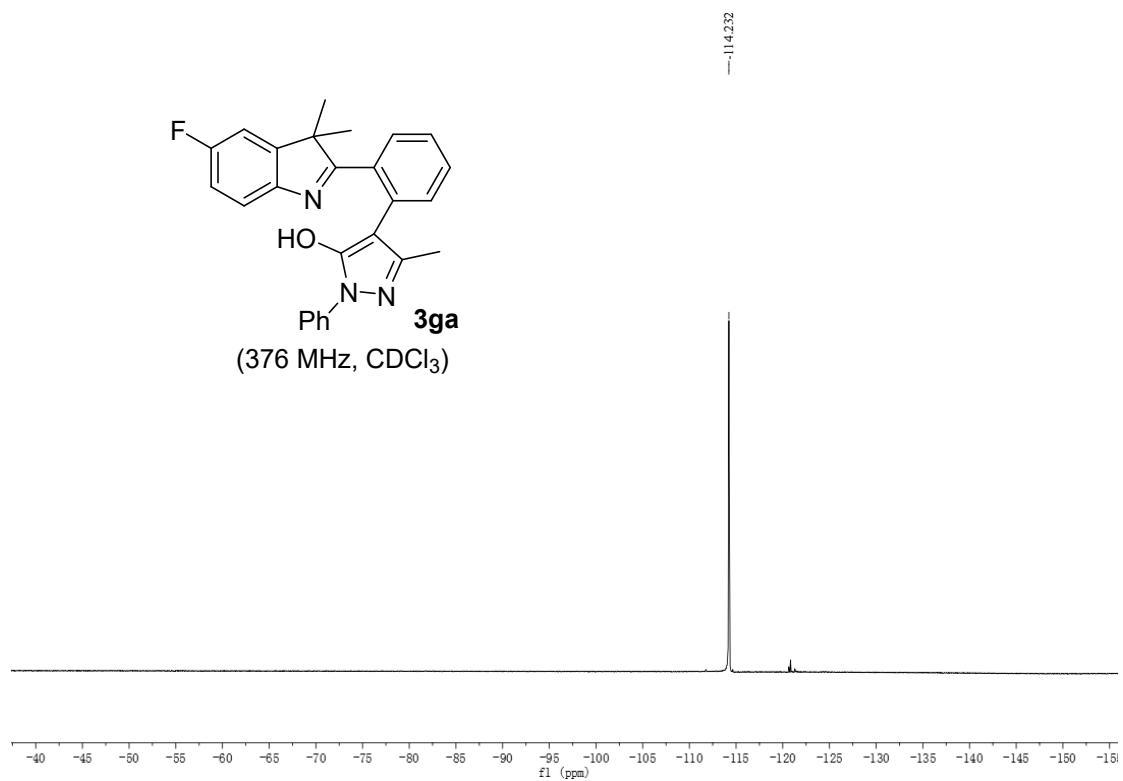


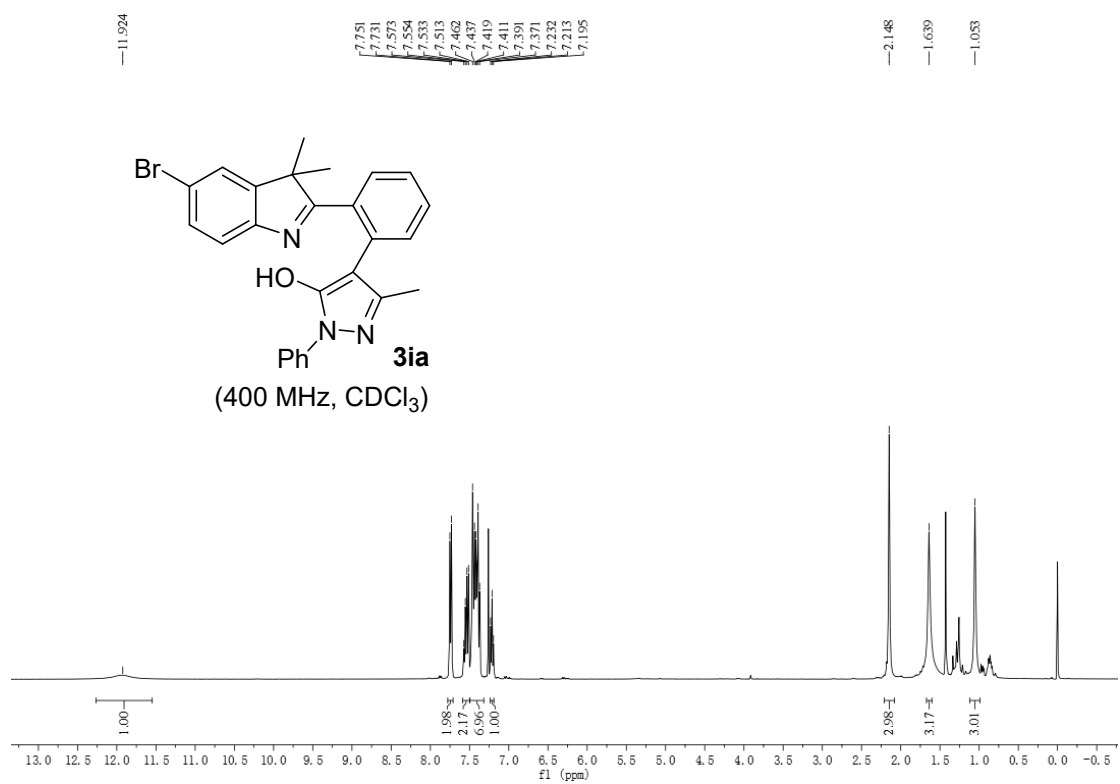
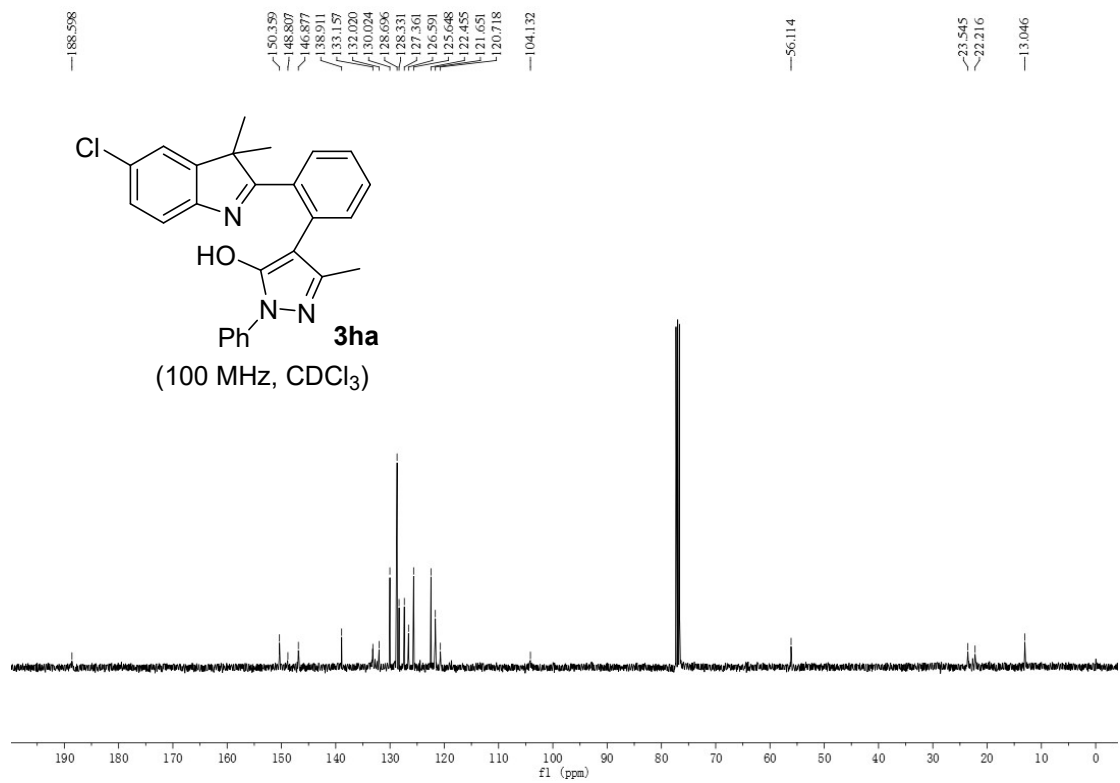


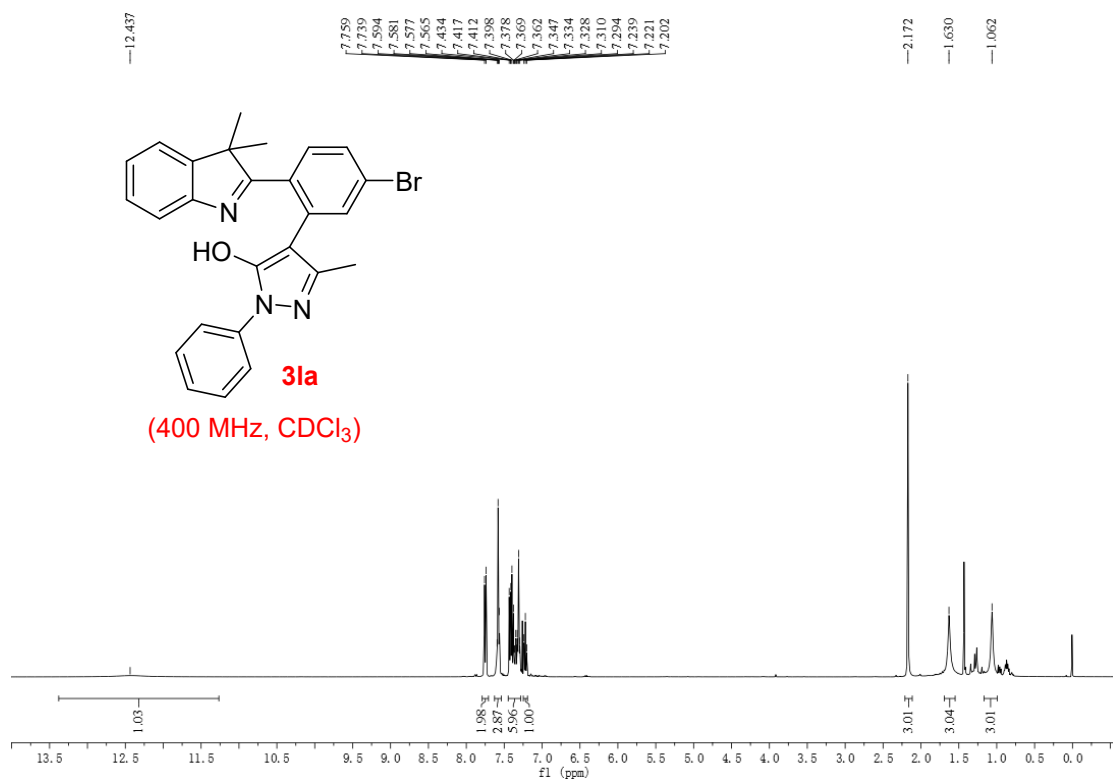
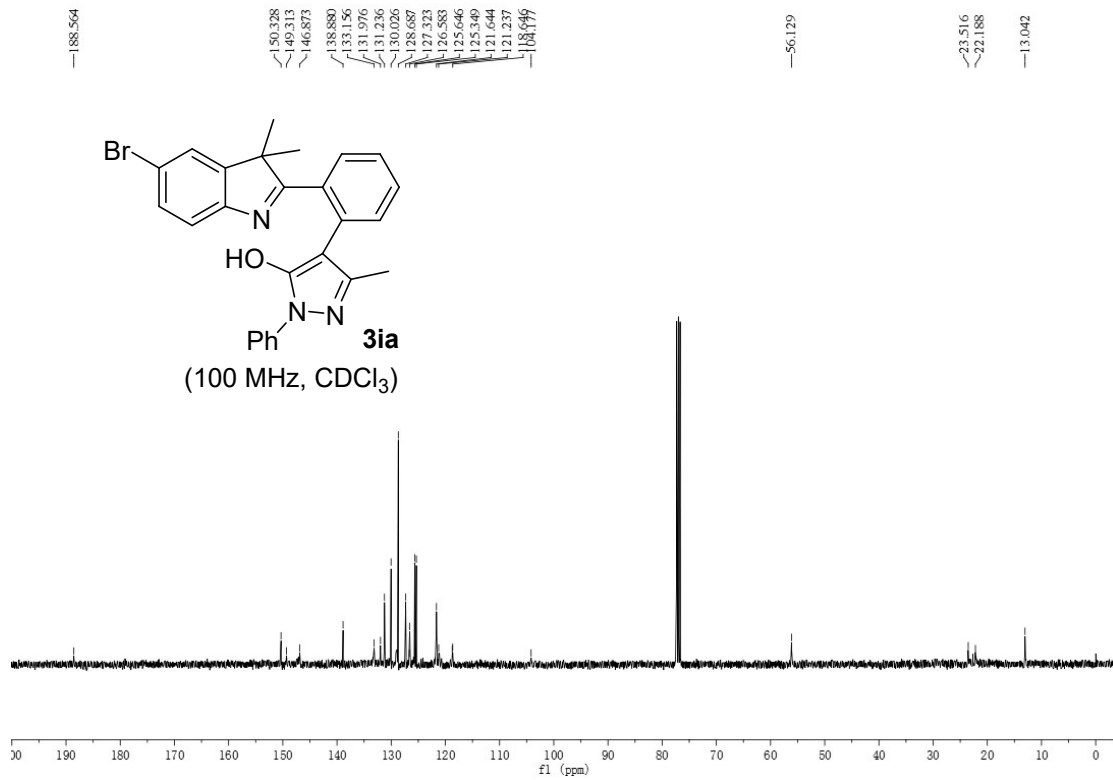


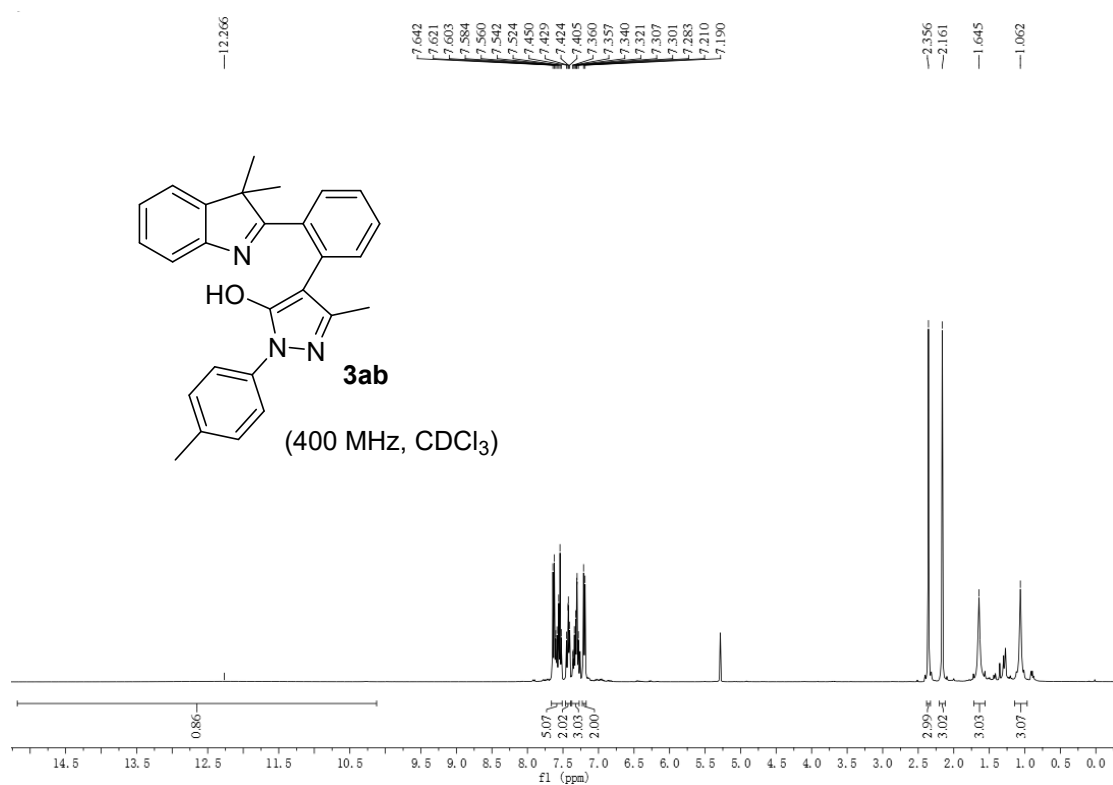
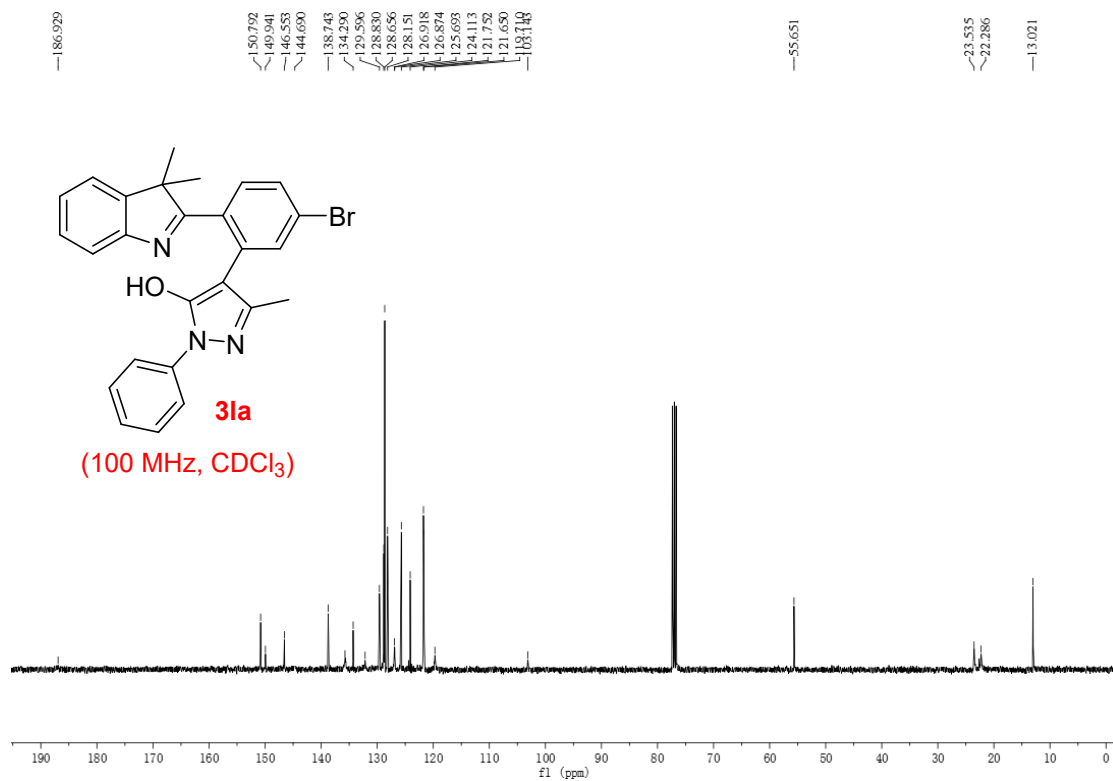


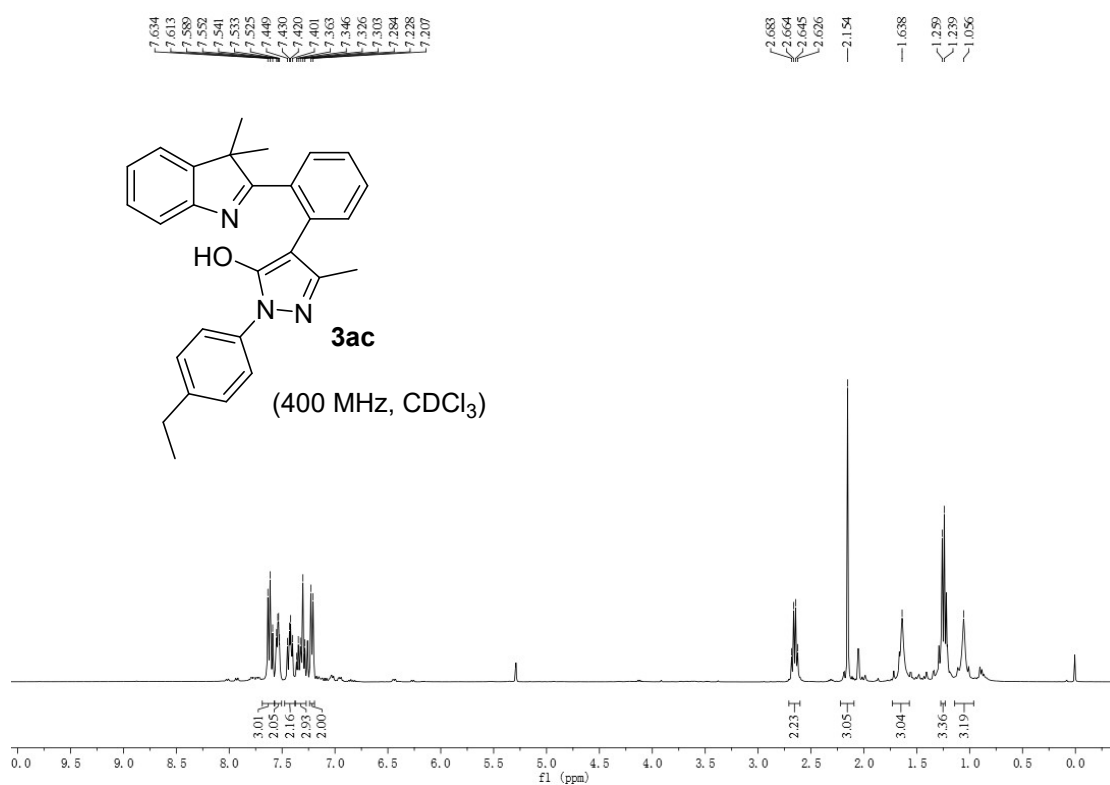
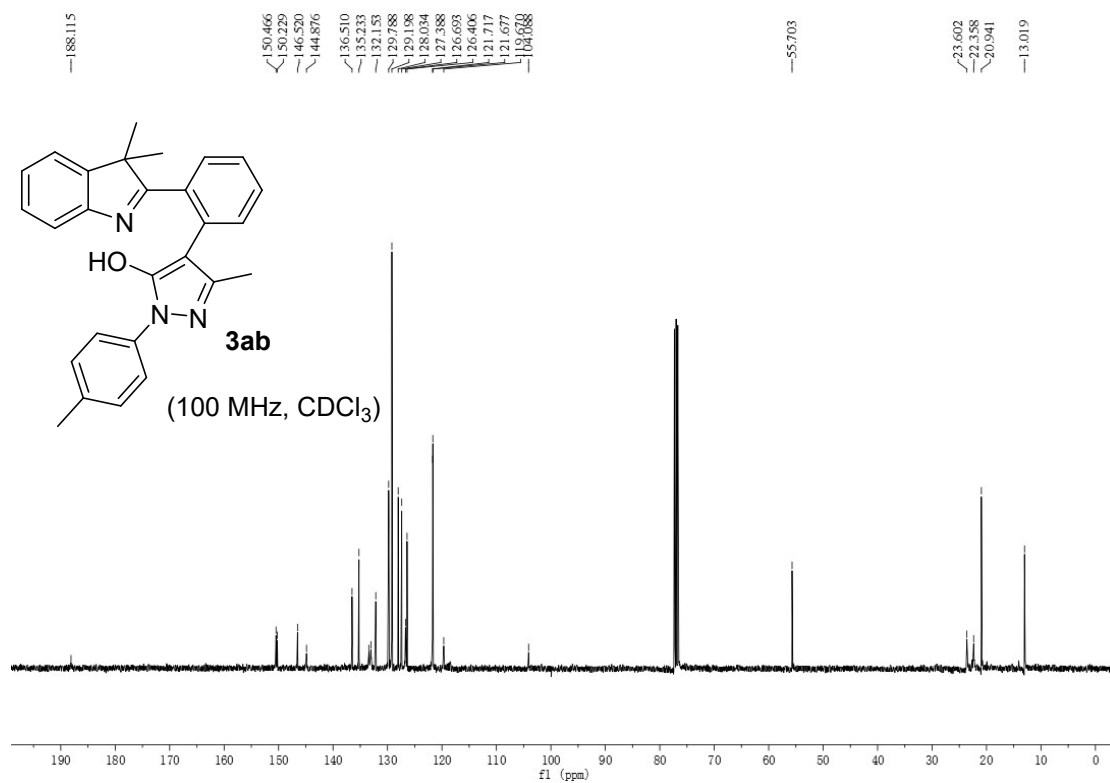


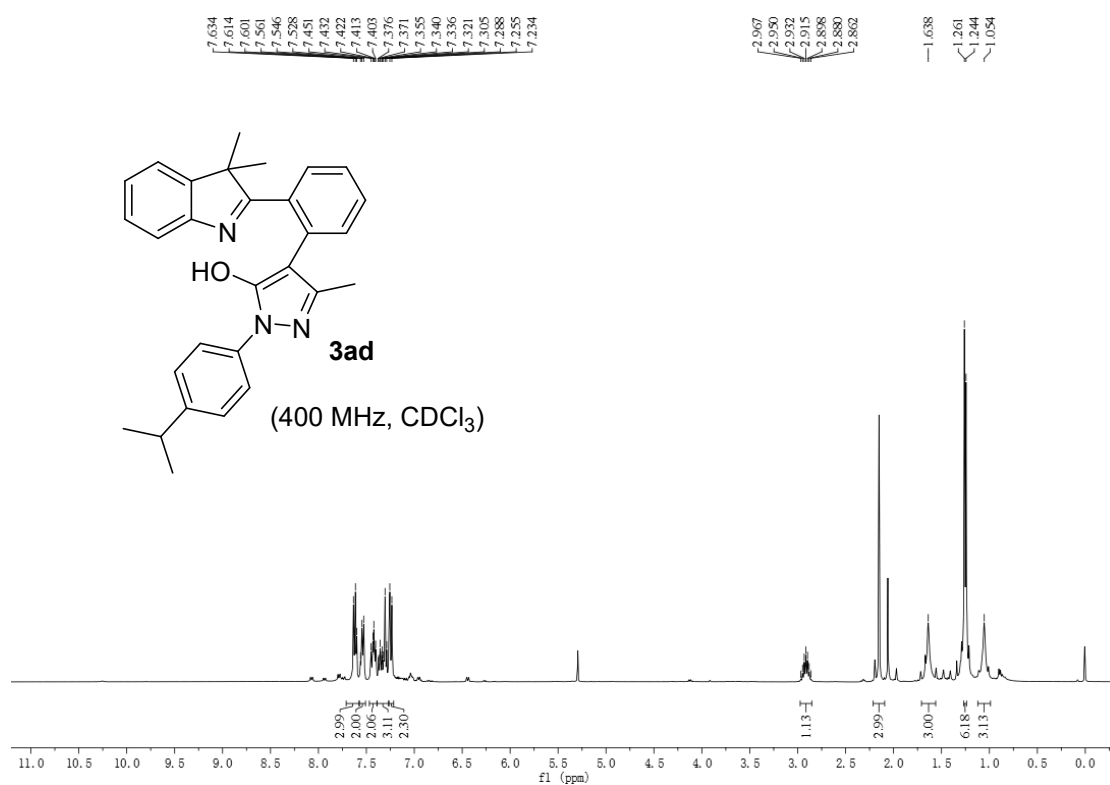
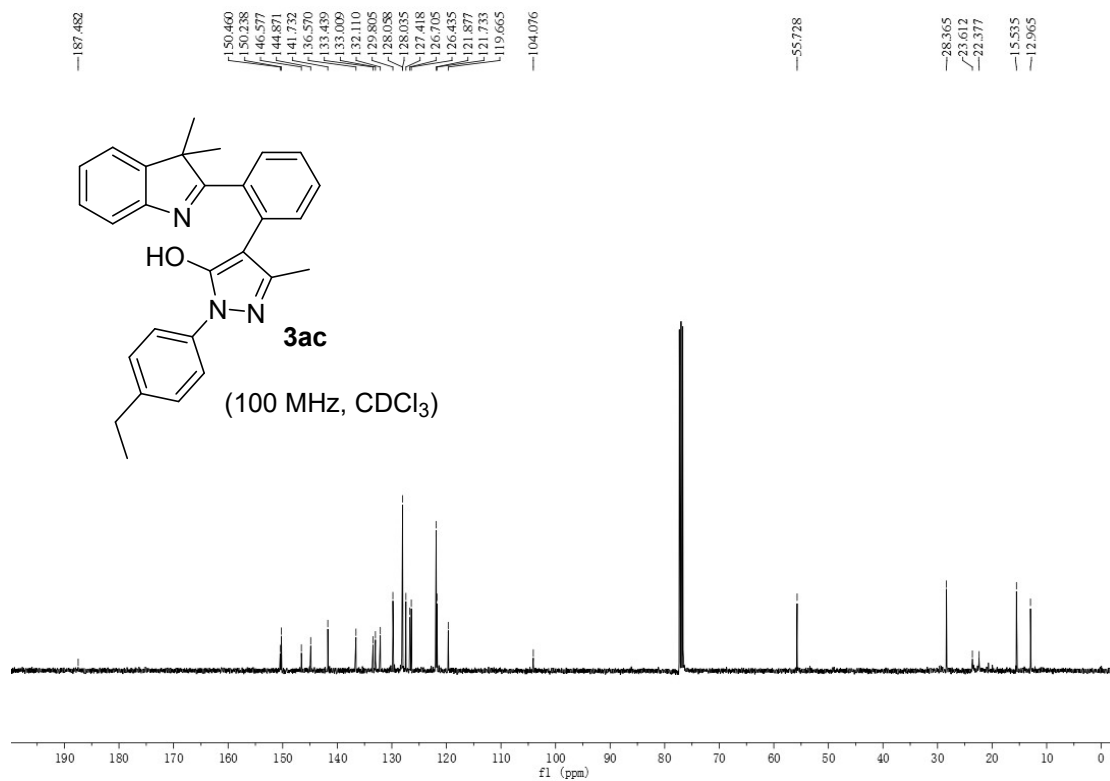


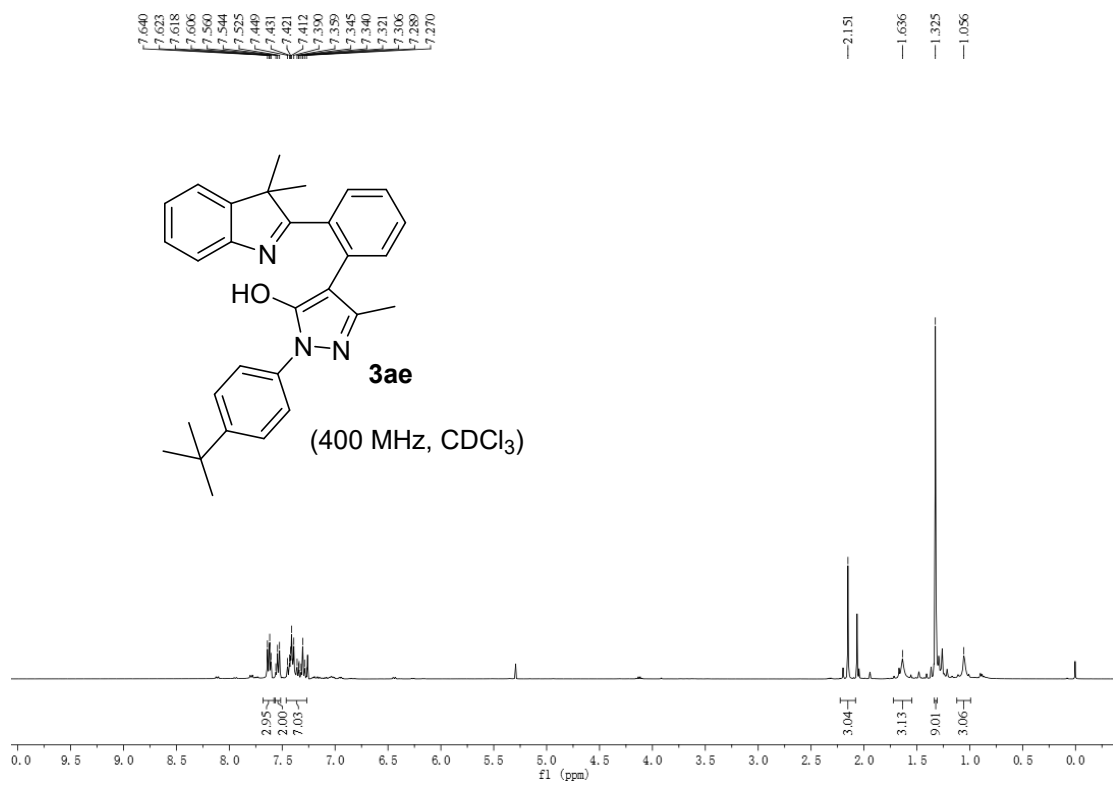
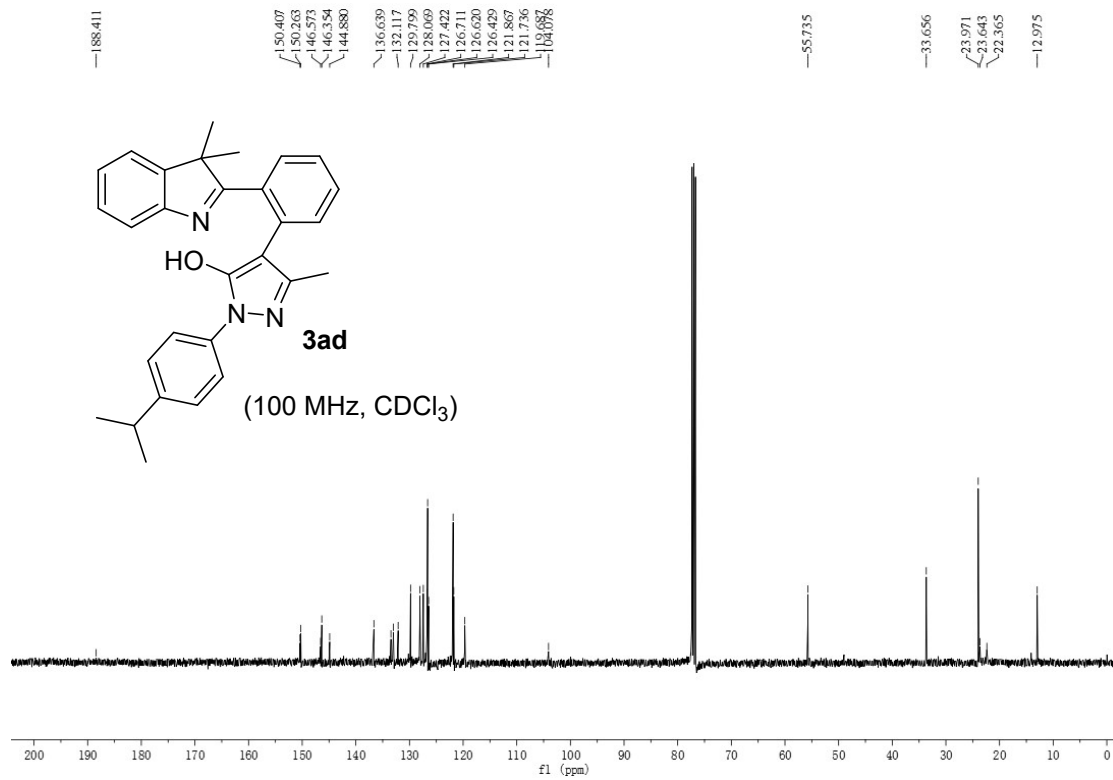


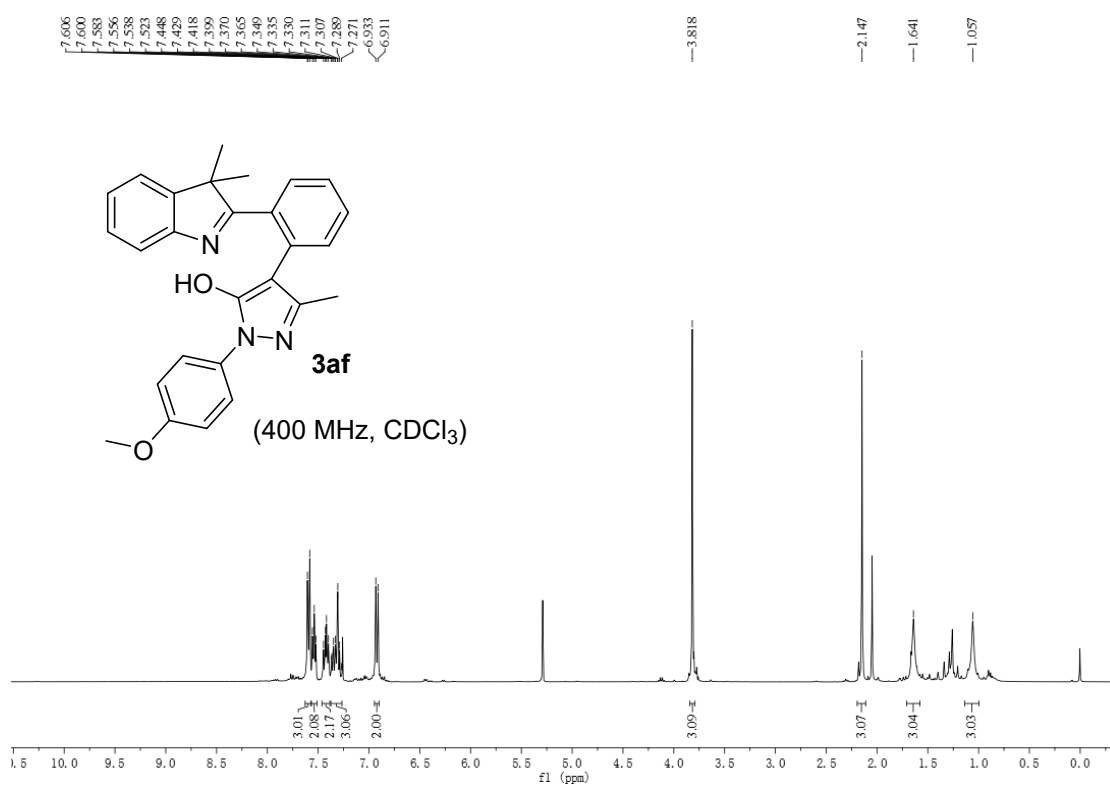
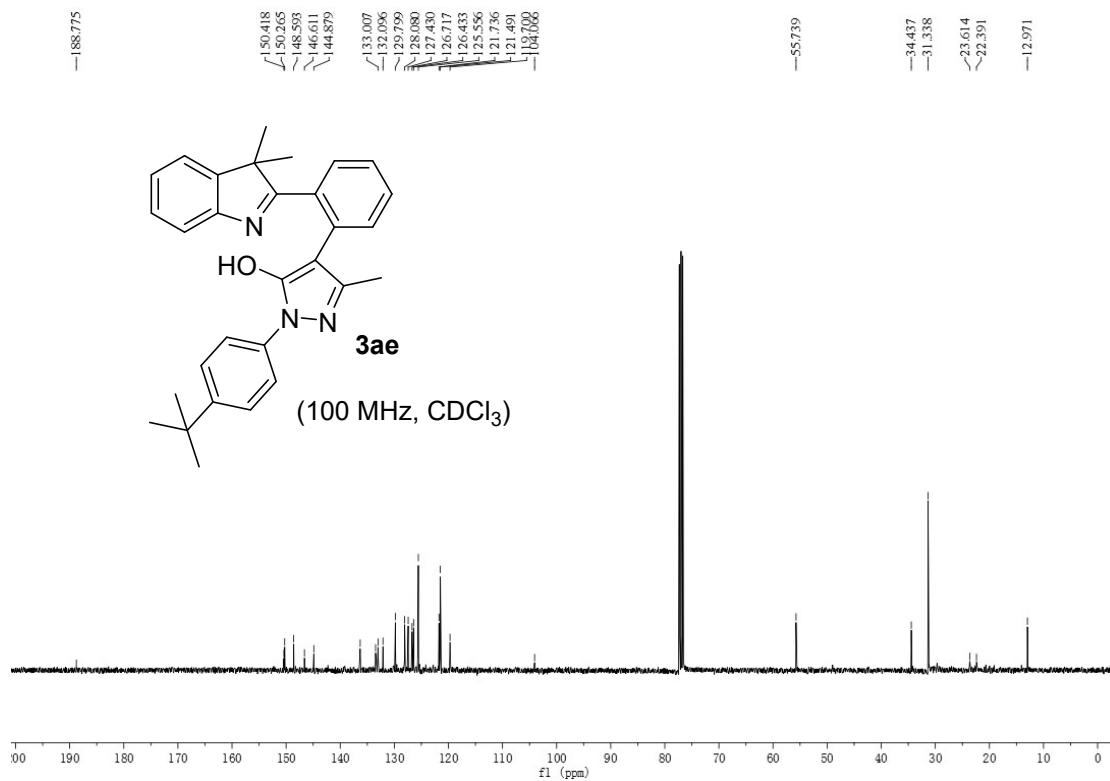


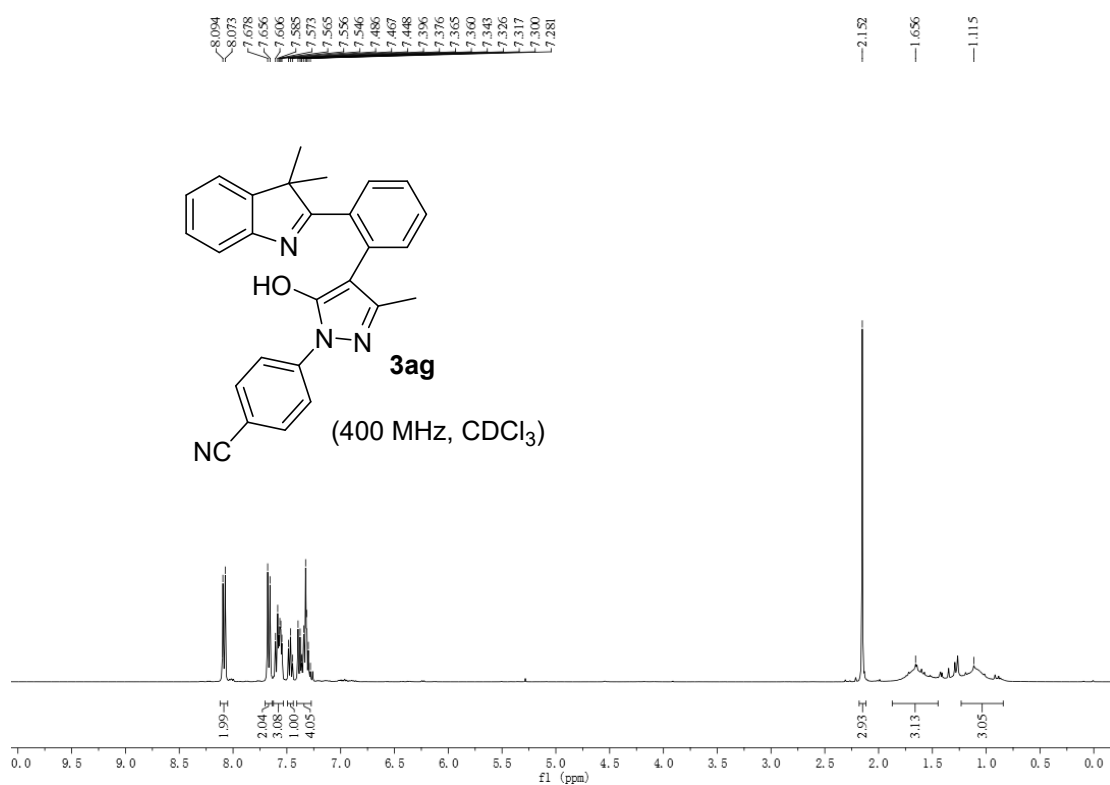
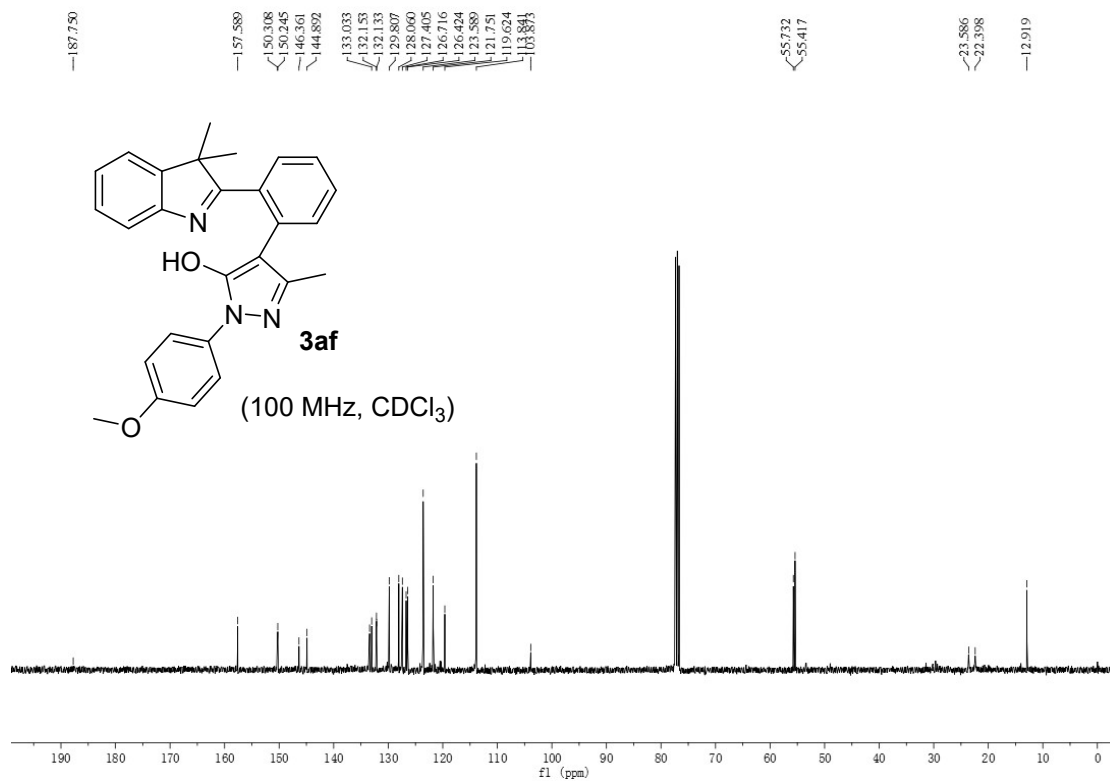


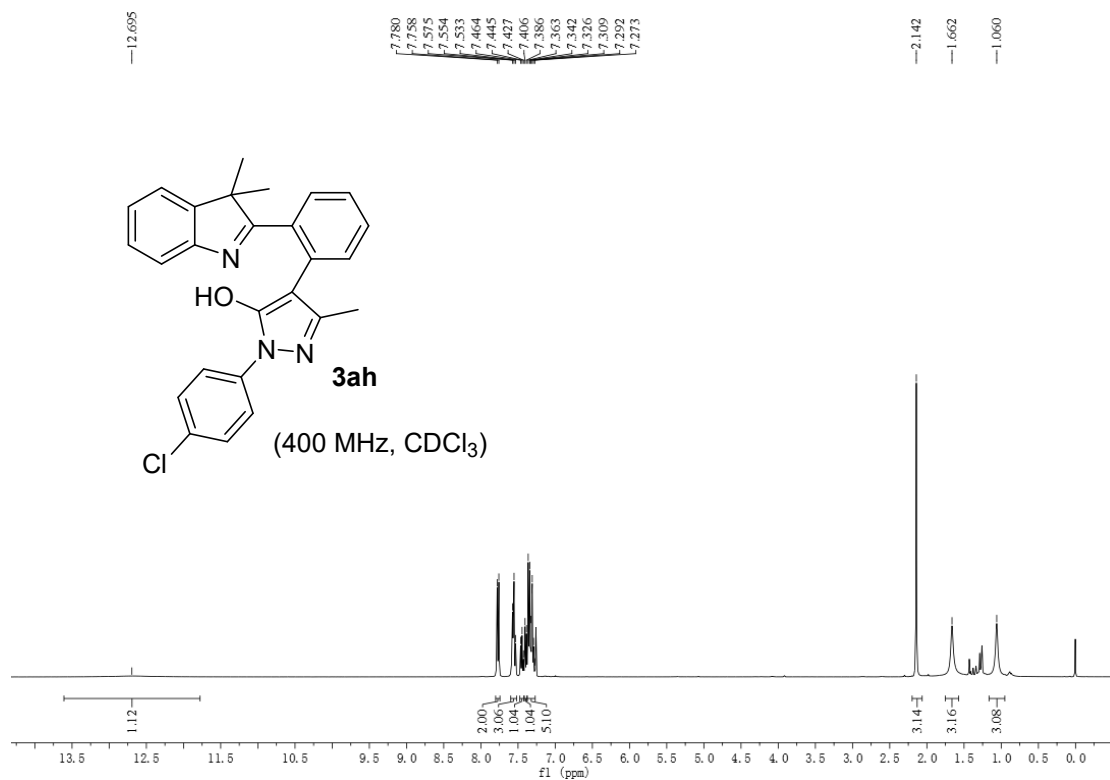
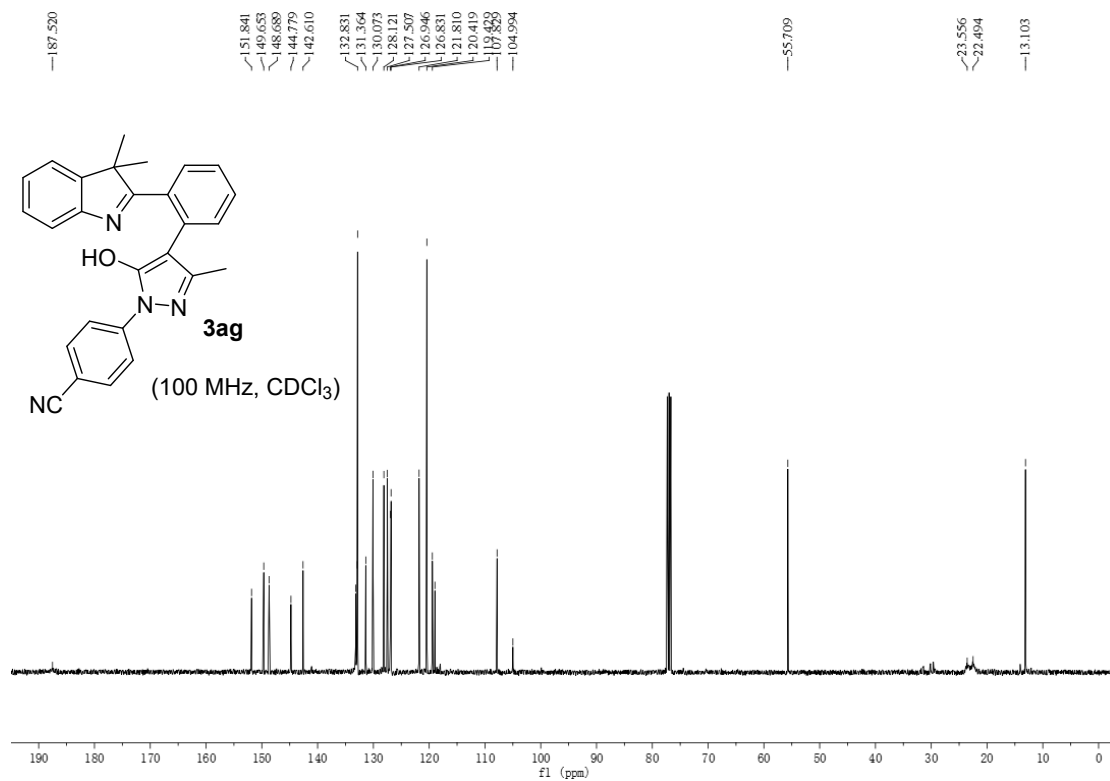


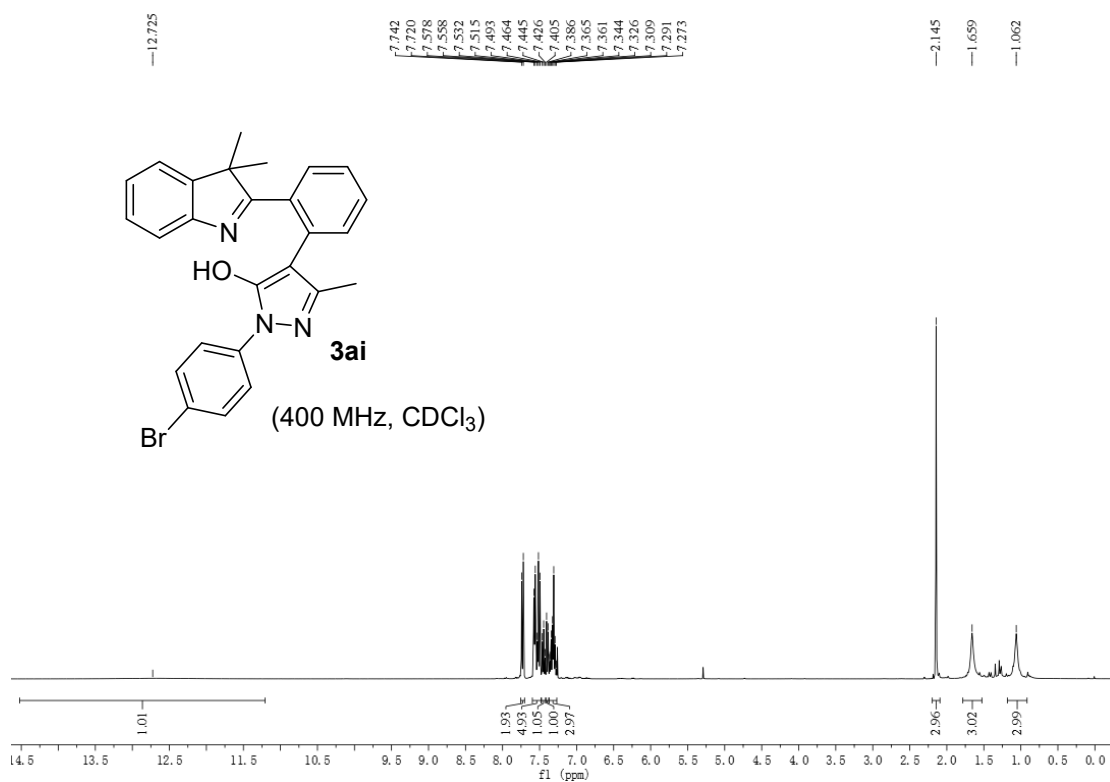
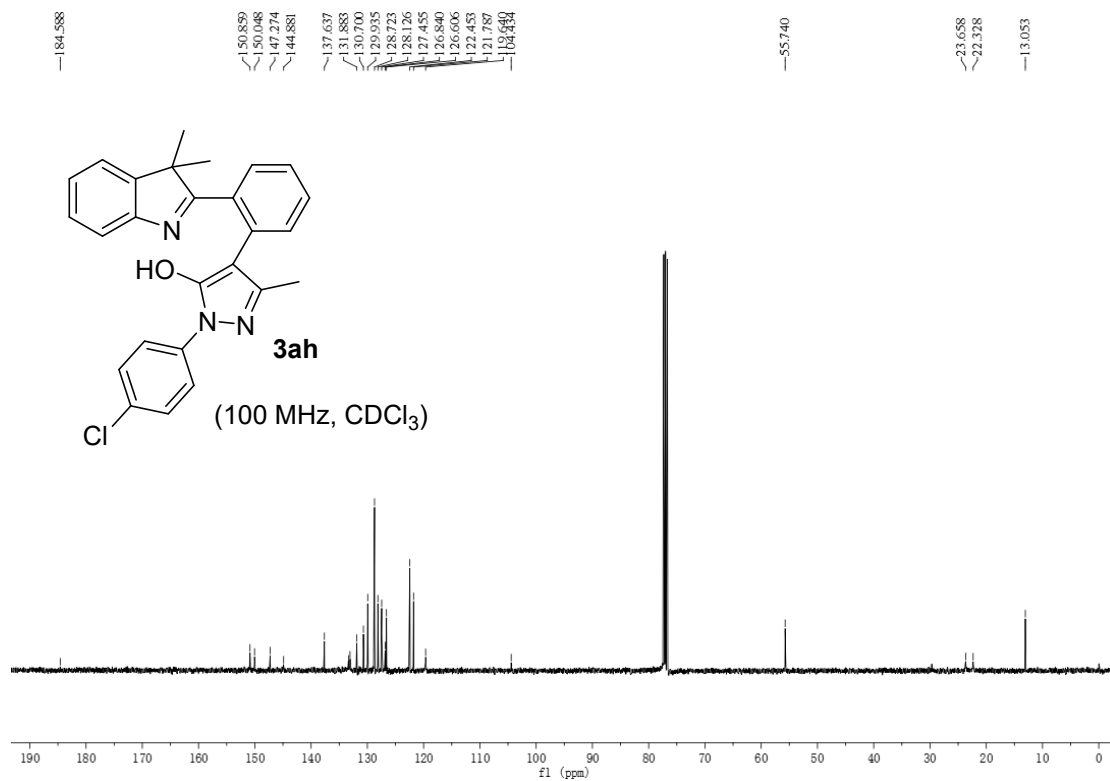


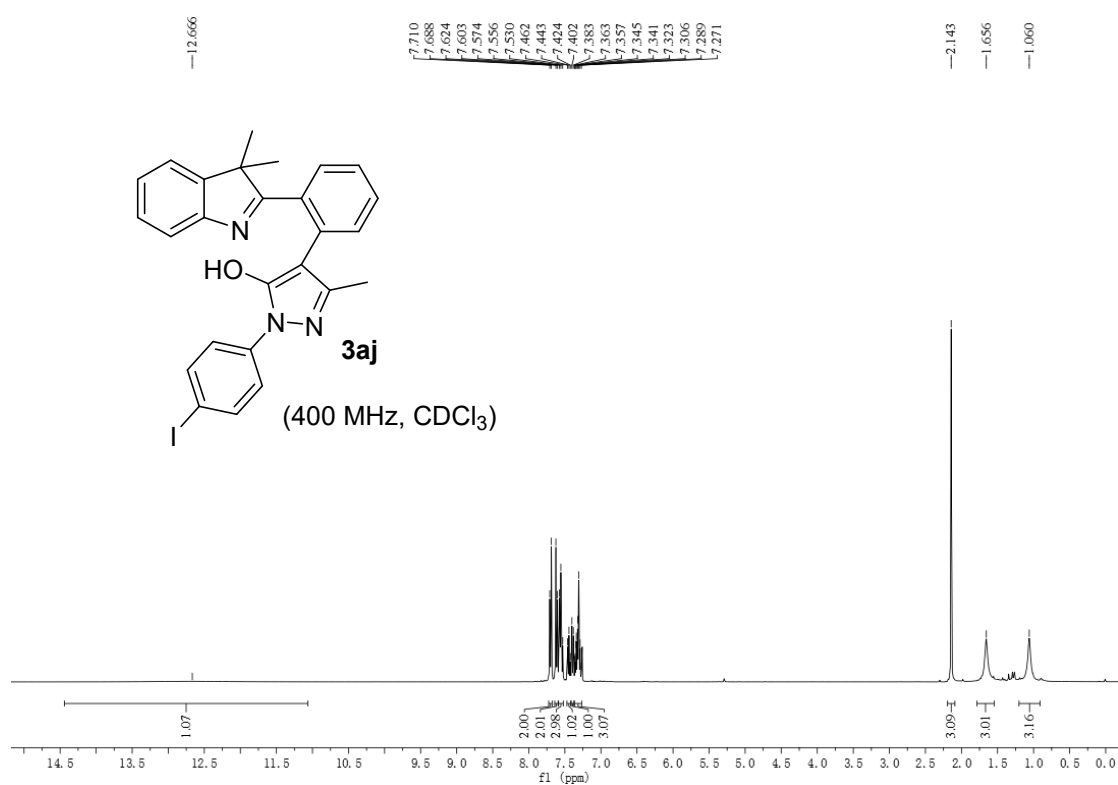
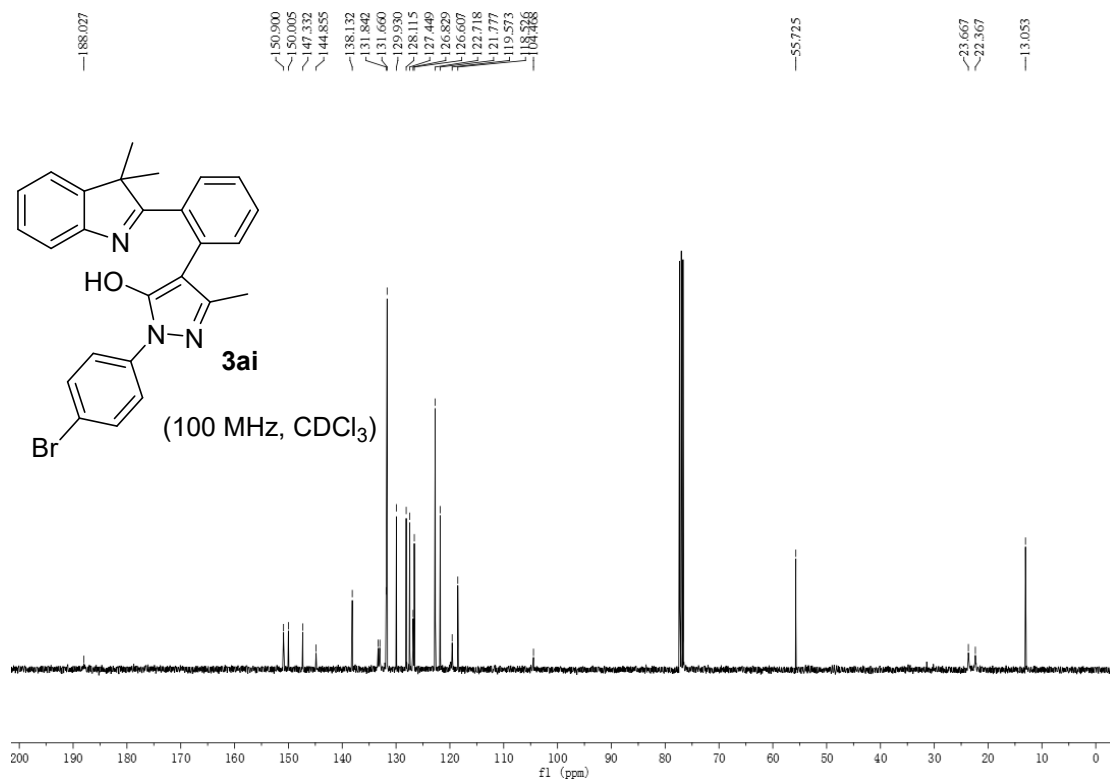


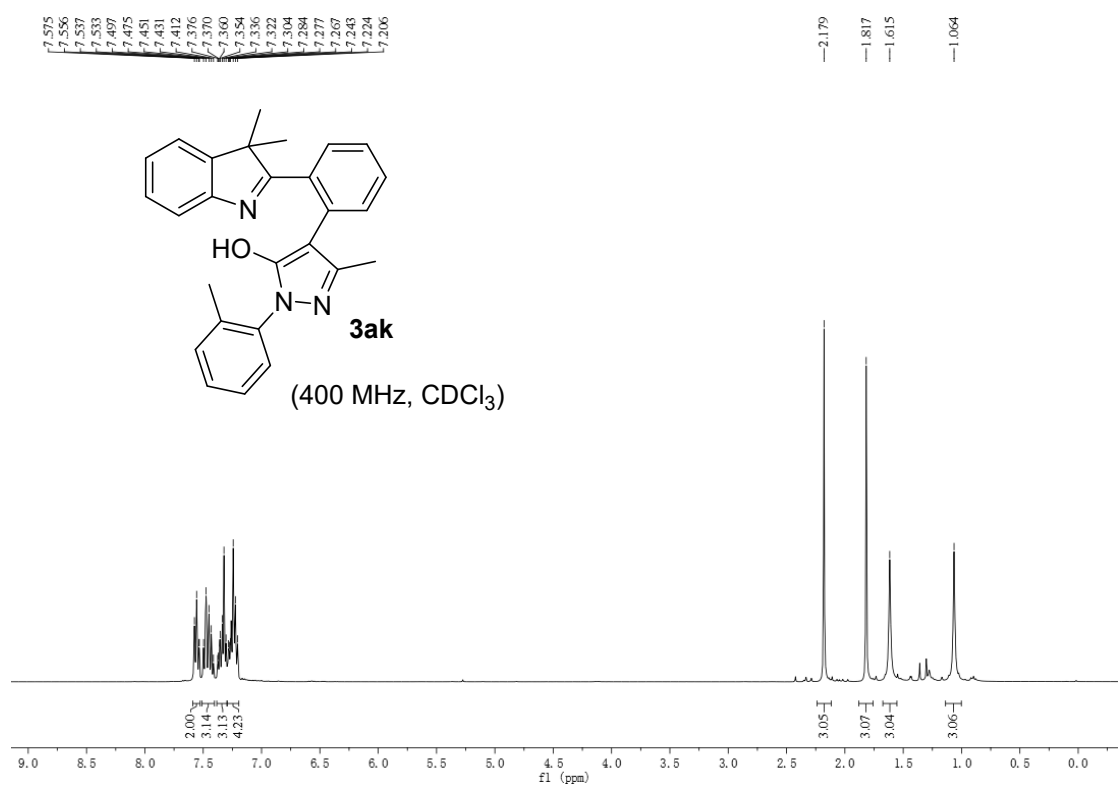
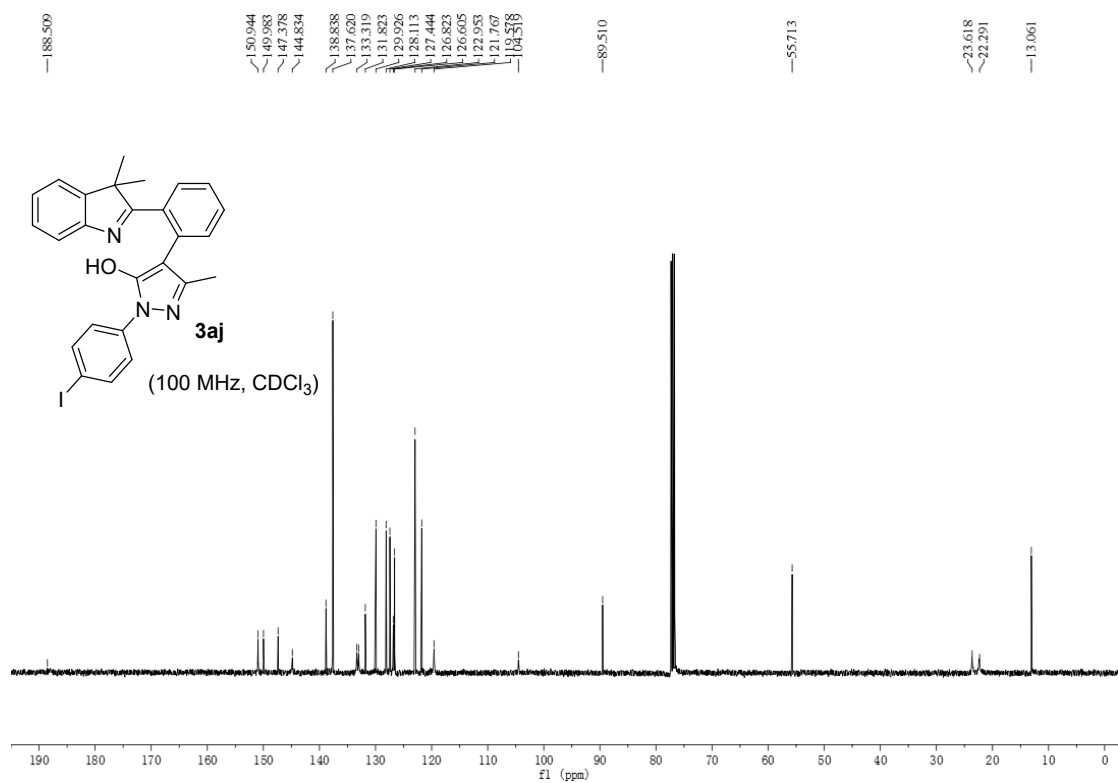


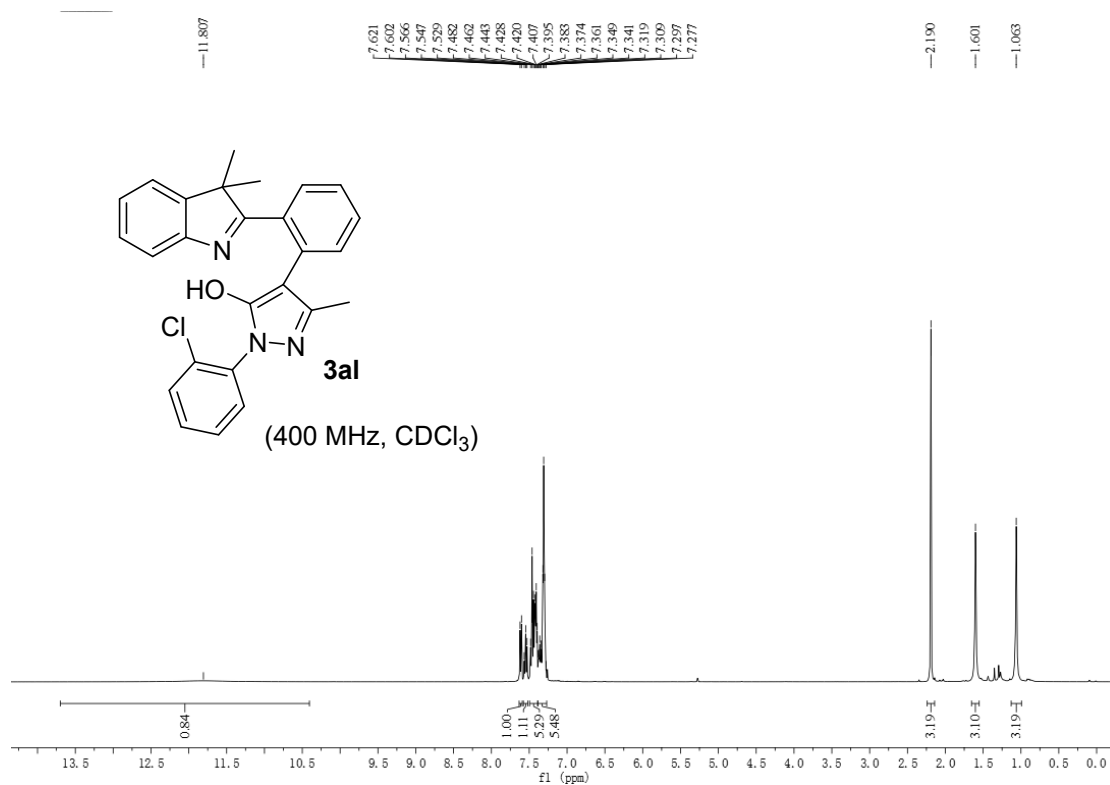
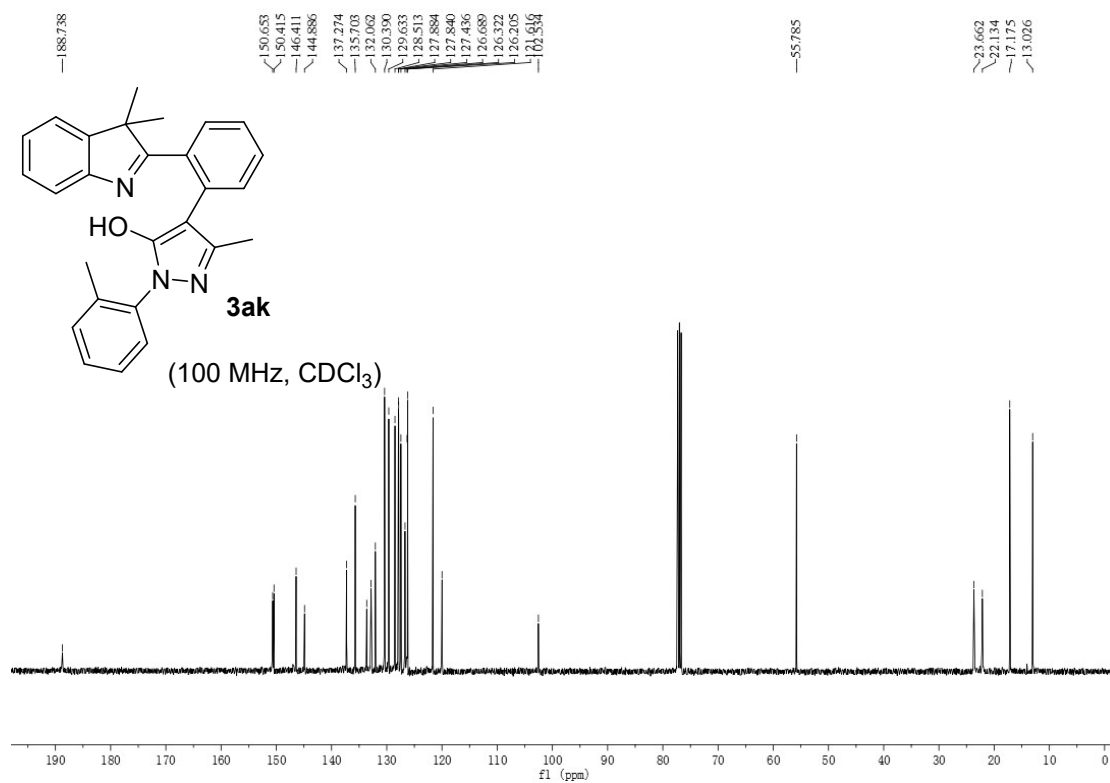


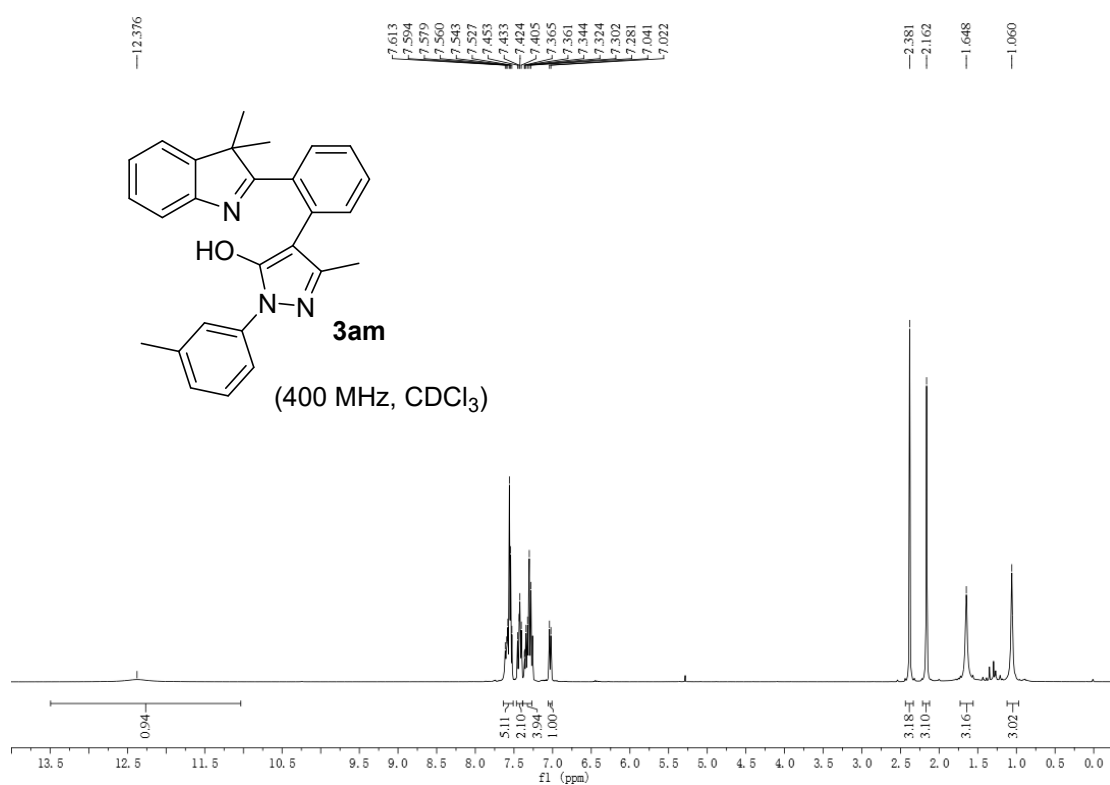
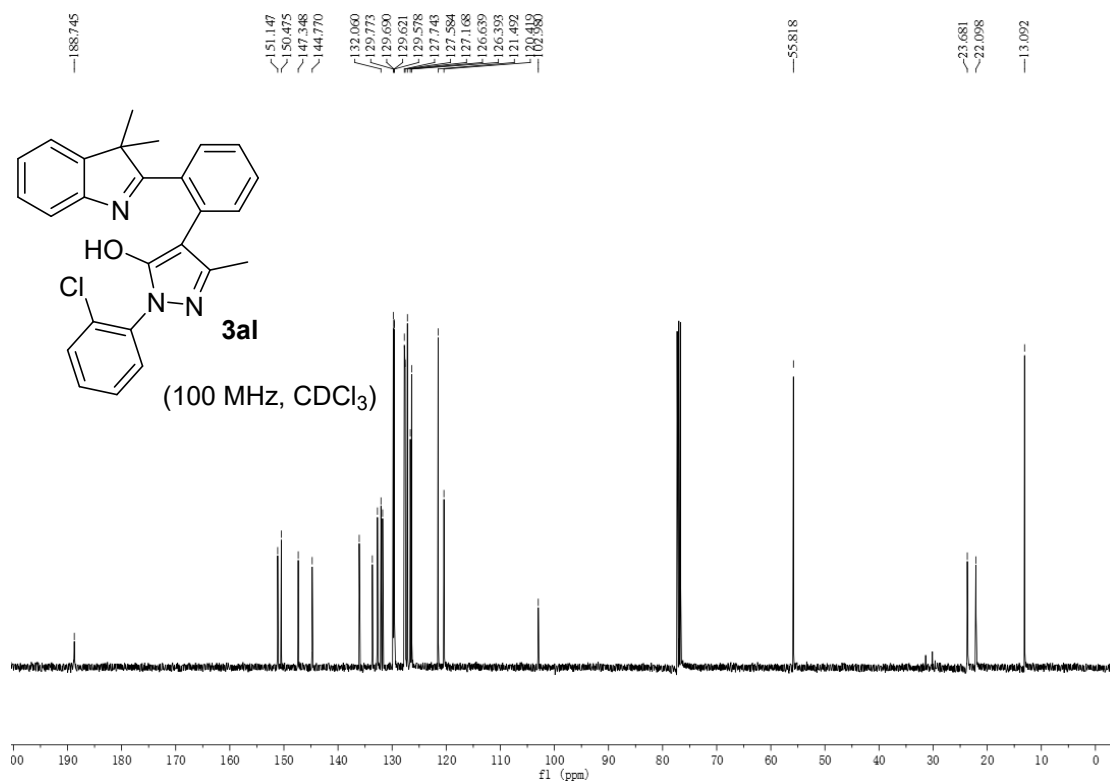


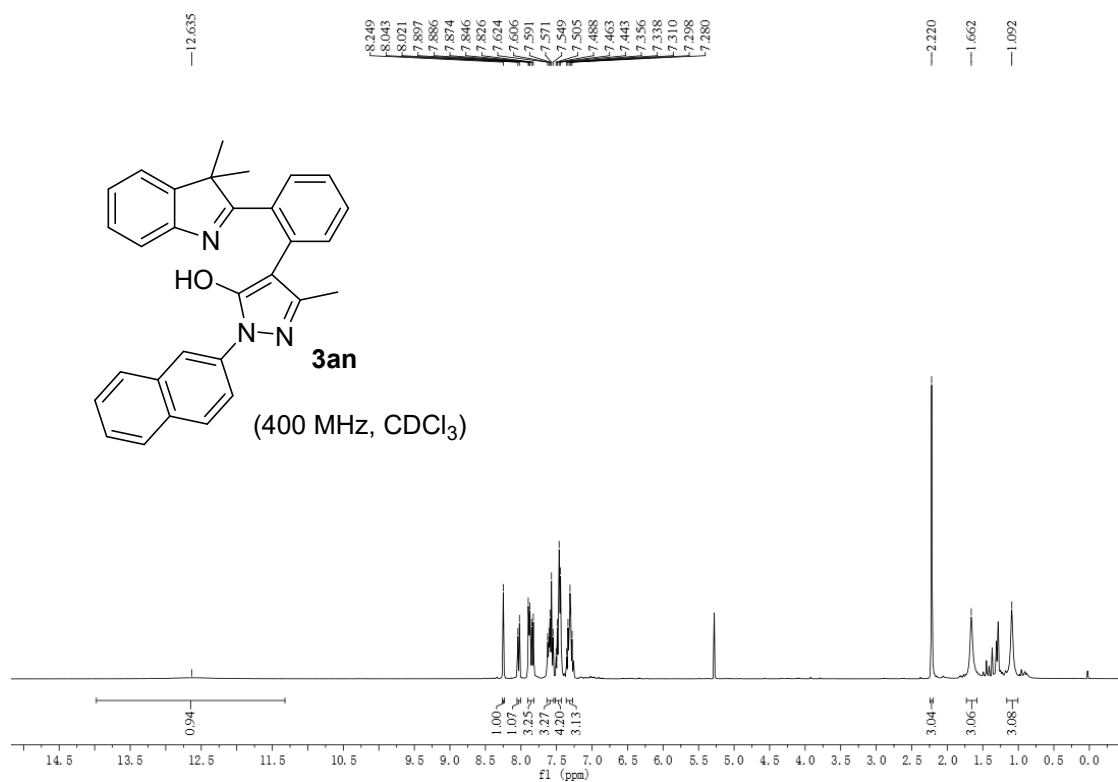
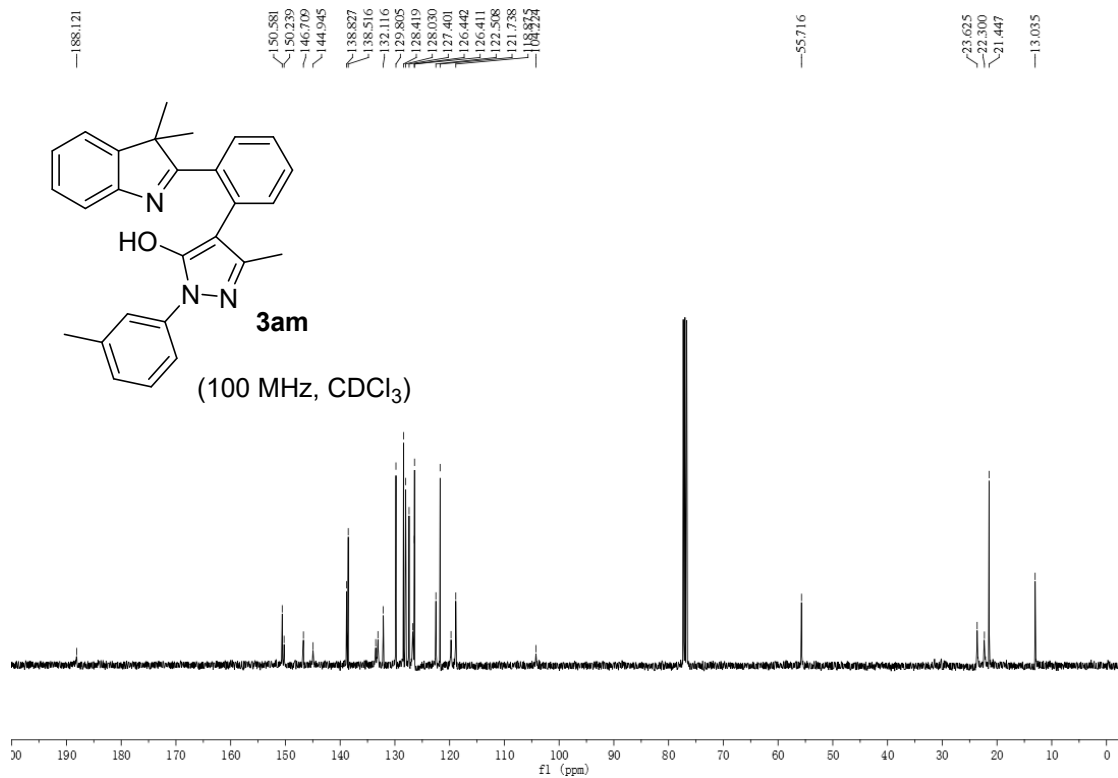


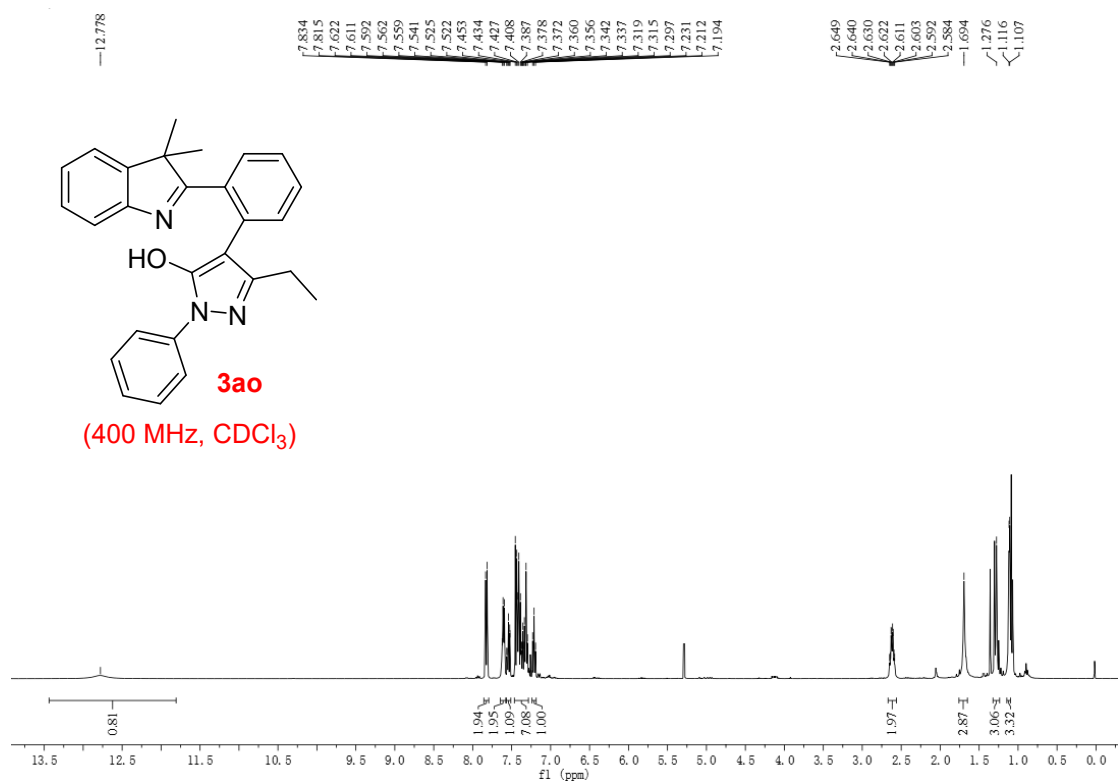
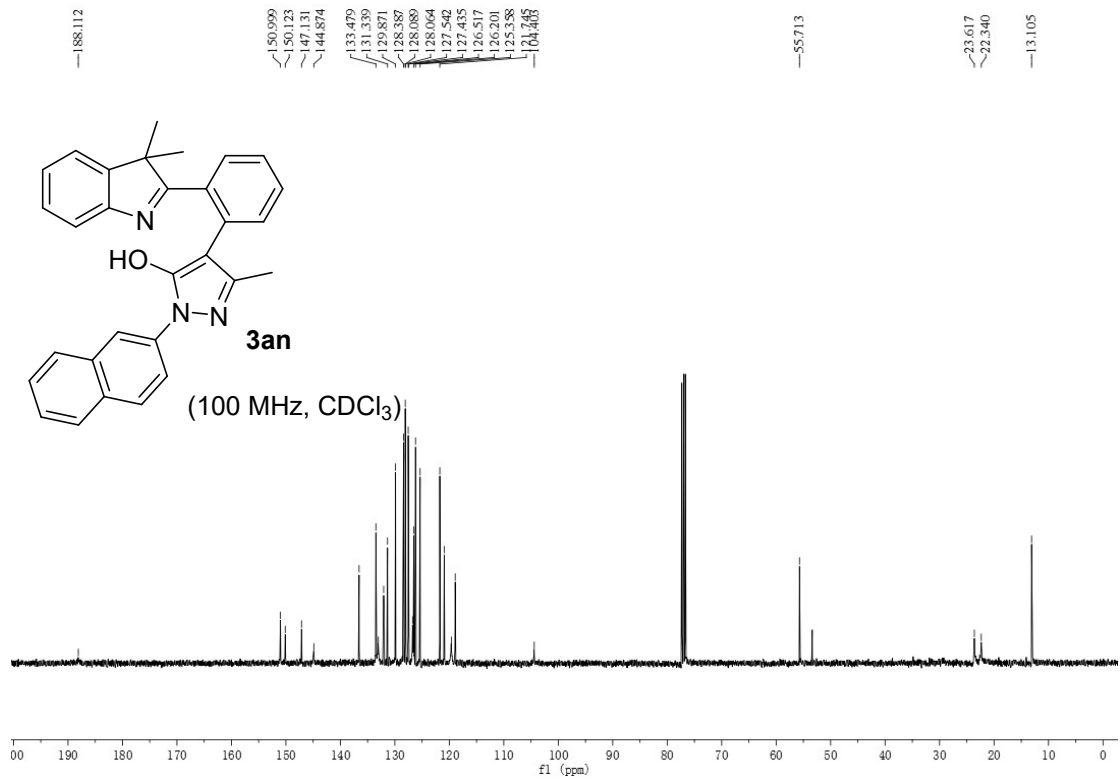


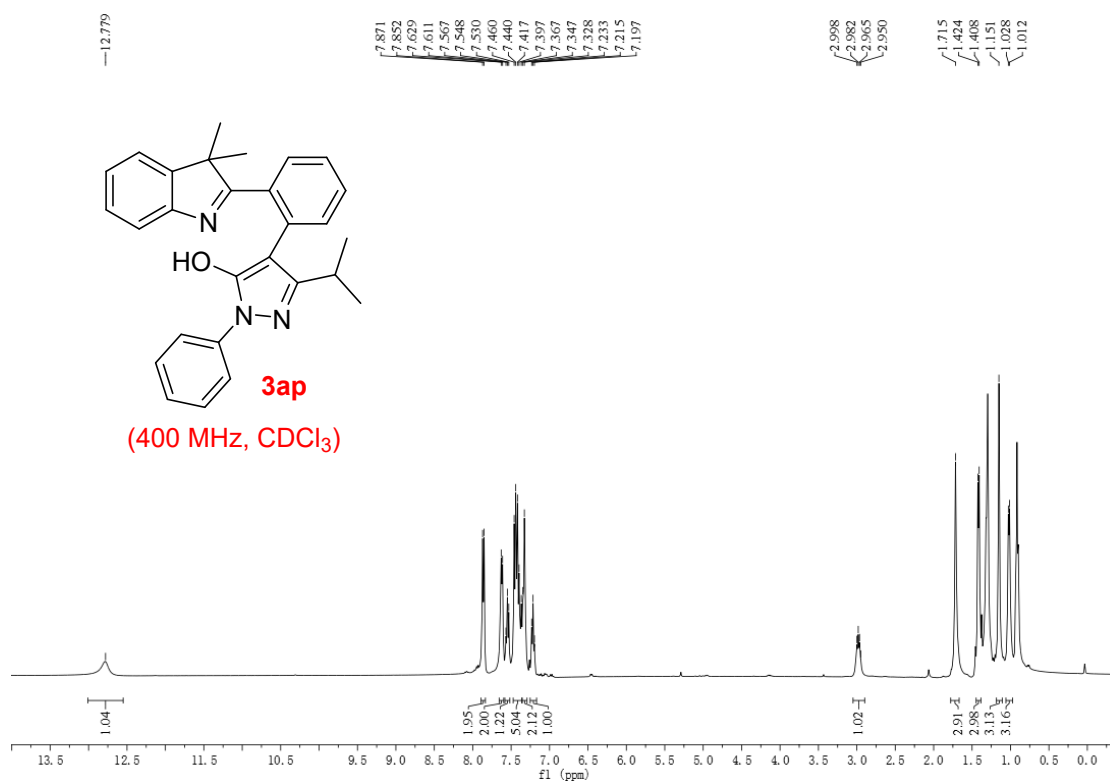
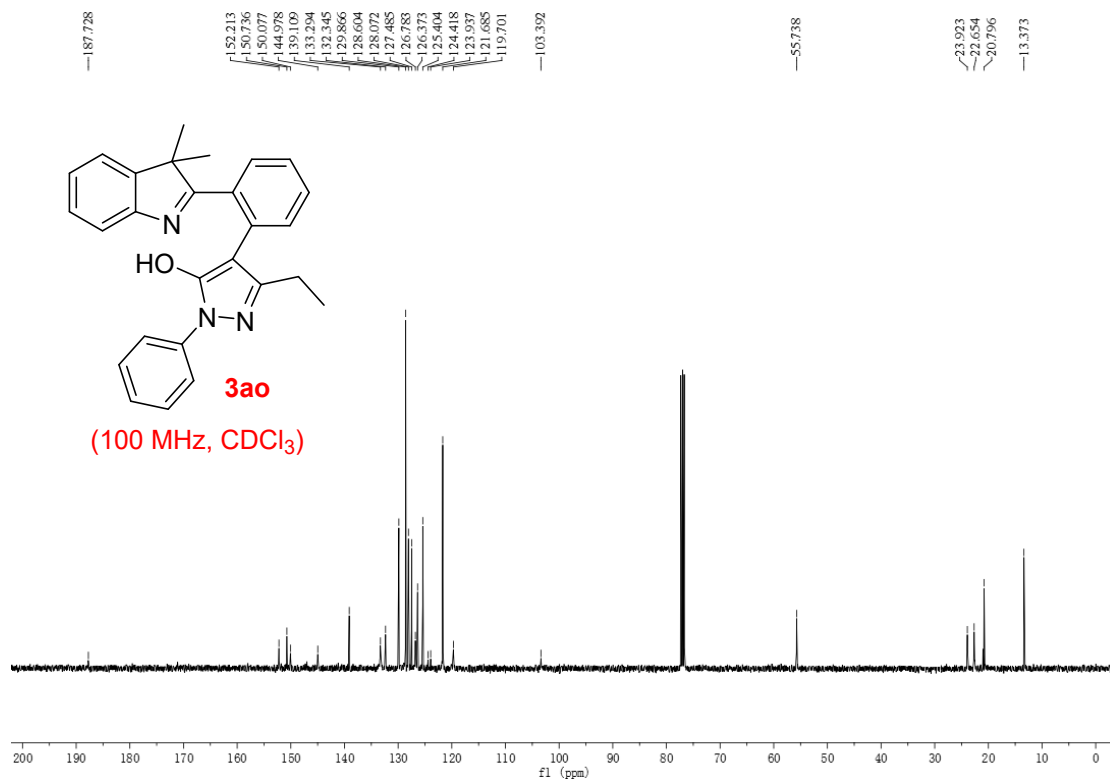


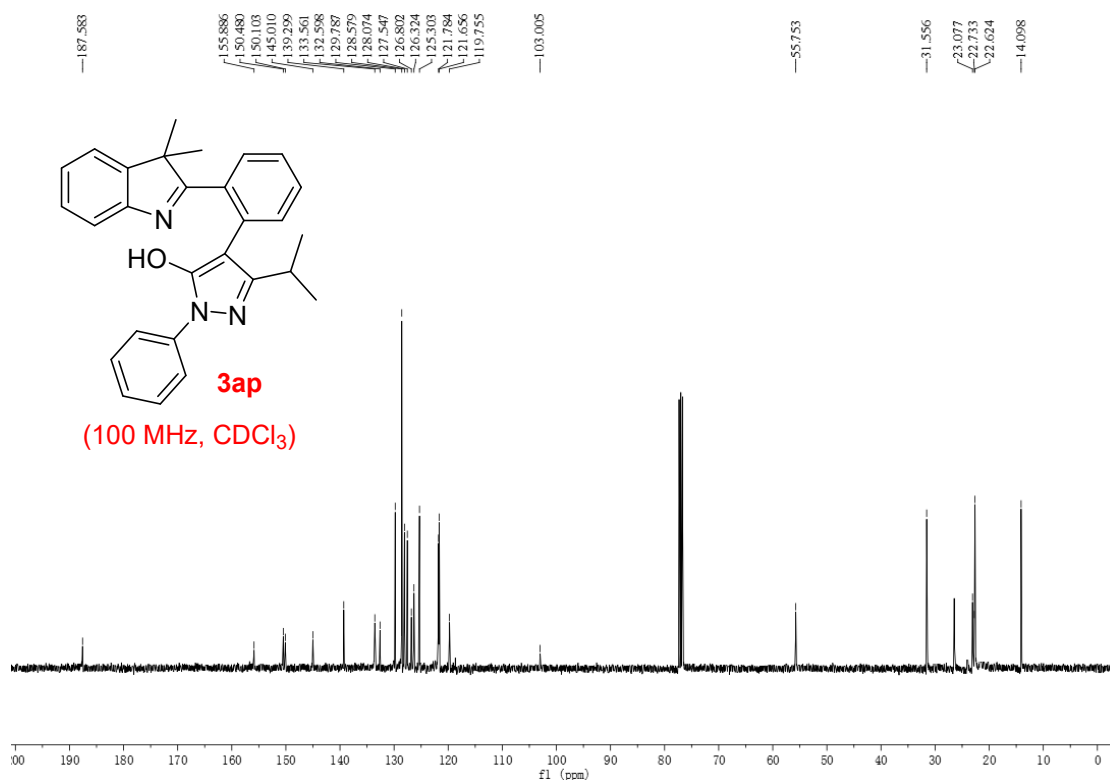












8. Cell antiproliferative activity assay

The cell antiproliferative activities of our compounds against HeLa cell were evaluated by the MTT method. HeLa cell suspensions were diluted in growth medium to desired density, and 200 μ L diluted suspensions were taken to 96-well plates (4×10^3 cells/well). The test compounds with different concentration gradients were prepared. Add 180 μ L culture medium containing compounds into 96-well plate according to the plate map. Final DMSO concentration in each well was below 1%. Then the cell was incubated at 37 $^{\circ}$ C, 5% CO₂ for 48 h. Equilibrate the assay plate to room temperature before measurement. Add 20 μ L of MTT into each well. Mix contents for 2 minutes on an orbital shaker to induce cell lysis. Incubate at 37 $^{\circ}$ C and 5% CO₂ for 4 hours, the cell medium was discarded and DMSO (150 μ L) was added. The absorbance of the wells was measured at 570 nm (BioTeK Synergy H1), and the viability of the untreated cells was set to 100% as a reference. The IC₅₀ values were calculated using GraphPad Prism 6.0 software and determined by the concentration causing a half-maximal percent activity. All assays were conducted with two parallel samples and two repetitions, and 5-fluorouracil was used as the positive control.