Supporting Information

Imidazole-Catalysed Construction of Bridged Bicyclo [3.3.1] Ketals via formal [3+3] Cycloaddition of Naphthols and 2-Hydroxyl Chromene Derivatives.

Table of Contents

1	General Information	S1
2	Preparation of Substrates	S2
3	General Procedure for bridged bicyclo [3.3.1] ketals	S4
4	Spectral Data	S4
5	Gram Scale Reaction and Synthetic Transformations	S17
6	Spectra	S20
7	References	S45

[1] General Information

All the reagents and solvents used in experimentation were of analytical or laboratory grade and used without further purification unless otherwise stated. The reactions were monitored on Merck aluminium silica gel thin layer chromatography (TLC, UV 254nm) plates. Column chromatography was carried out on silica gel (100-200 and 230-400 mesh). ¹H (500 MHz) and ¹³C NMR (125 MHz) spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance III HD 500 and Bruker AVANCE 400 MHZ spectrometer. Using deuterated chloroform as solvent, TMS was considered as an internal standard for calibration. Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) shift (δ -value) based on the peak of the solvent. Signal patterns are indicated as s, singlet; bs, broad singlet; d, doublet; dd, double doublet; t, triplet; m, multiplet. Coupling constants (J) are given in Hertz. Column chromatography was done in 100-200 Å mesh silica gel of Merck Company. All solvents were distilled for purification in column chromatography. Reagents and starting materials were used as received from company. High Resolution Mass Spectra (HRMS) were recorded on Q-TOF mass spectrometer at CSIR-CIMAP, Lucknow, India. The X-ray intensity data were collected from a Bruker APEX-II CCD diffractometer at CSIR-CIMAP, using CuKa ($\lambda = 1.54178$ Å) radiation. Data were acquired using a combination of ϕ and ω scans at room temperature (300 K).

Data collection was performed through the APEX5 software, while SAINT package was used for cell determination and data reduction. The structures were solved by direct methods using SHELXS-97 (Sheldrick, 2008) and were refined against F^2 with full-matrix least squares method using SHELXL-2014 (Sheldrick, 2015). All the heavy atoms very refined anisotropically, while the hydrogen atoms were placed at ideal geometries and were refined using a riding atom model.^{1,2}

2. Preparation of Substrates

2.1. The substrates examined in this report



2.2. General Procedure for (1a and 1b):



A general literature procedure was followed for the synthesis of starting materials.^{3,4} A 100 mL single-port flask was charged with substituted salicylaldehyde (1g,1.0 equiv.), acetyl acetone (1.1 equiv), and absolute EtOH (25 mL). Then piperidine (0.1 equiv) was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 6-20 h until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. Then the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and recrystallized (CH₂Cl₂: n-pentane = 1:10) afforded the corresponding analytically pure products **1a** and **1b** in 95% (1.6g) and 90% (1.4g) yields, respectively.

For 1c:



A 100 mL single-port flask was charged with salicylaldehyde (1g,1 equiv.), heptane-3,5-dione (1.1 equiv) and absolute Ethanol (10 mL). Then piperidine (0.1 equiv.) was added at 0°c. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. Then the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by a silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford the product **1c** as yellow solid (1.7 g, 89% yield).

For 1d:



A 100 mL single-port flask was charged with salicylaldehyde (1g,1 equiv.), 1-phenyl 1,3butanedione (1.1 equiv.) and absolute EtOH (25 mL). Then piperidine (0.1 equiv.) was added at 0°C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3h until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. Then the reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced

pressure and the residue was purified by a silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 10:1) to afford the product **1d** as yellow oil (937 mg, 70% yield).

3. General Procedure for the Synthesis of bridged bicyclo [3.3.1] ketals.



To a 10 mL glass vial was added 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives **1a-1d** (1.1 equiv.), 1or 2- naphthols **2a-2h** (1.0 equiv), imidazole (20 mol%) in toluene. The resulting suspension was stirred at 100°C for 2–24 h until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) in ethyl acetate/ hexane to afford desired compound **3** in good to excellent yield.

4. Spectral data:

1-(2-Hydroxy-2-methyl-2H-chromen-3-yl)-ethanone (1a)

Yellow solid, Yield; 95%



¹**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 7.34 (s, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 2 H), 4.70 (s, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.80 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 198.4, 153.1, 135.04, 133.1, 128.9, 121.8, 118.7, 116.9, 98.9, 27.9, 26.3, 21.02.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]+ calculated for C₁₂H₁₁O₃: 203.0708 found: 203.0738.

(2-Hydroxy-8-methoxy-2-methyl-2H-chromen-3-yl)-ethanone (1b)



Pale yellow solid, Yield; 90%;

¹**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 7.41 (s, 1H), 6.97 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 197.8, 148.2, 142.4, 135.0, 133.3, 121.5, 120.8, 119.5, 115.2, 98.9, 56.2, 27.8, 26.6.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]+ calculated for C₁₃H₁₃O₄: 233.0814 found: 233. 0829.

1-(2-ethyl-2-hydroxy-2H-chromen-3-yl)-propan-1-one (1c)



Pale yellow solid, Yield; 89%

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 7.43 (m, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 198.3, 148.6, 134.9, 121.49, 119.5, 115.3, 98.8, 56.26, 29.70, 27.80, 26.59.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]+ calculated for C₁₄H₁₅O₃: 231.1021 found: 231.1033.

(2-hydroxy-2-methyl-2H-chromen-3-yl)(phenyl)methanone (1d)



Yellow solid, Yield; 70%

¹**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.35 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.17 – 7.13 (m, 1H),

7.03 – 6.95 (m, 3H), 4.34 (s, 1H), 1.93 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 195.6, 152.6, 137.4, 135.5, 133.0, 132.7, 129.8, 128.8, 128.6, 121.9, 118.9, 117.1, 98.3, 27.3.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]+ calculated for C₁₇H₁₃O₃: 265.0865 found: 265.0887.

1-(6-methyl-14H-6,14-methanobenzo[d]naphtho[1,2-g][1,3]dioxocin-15-yl)ethan-1-one (3a):



General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives **1a** (155 mg, 0.762 mmol), 2- naphthol **2a** (100 mg, 0.694 mmol) and imidazole (9.4 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 5 h, until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel

(100-200 mesh) in 15% ethyl acetate: hexane, provide **3a** as a white solid (190 mg, 83%).

¹**H NMR** (**500 MHz**, **CDCl**₃): δ 8.12 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 0.5H), 8.10 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 0.5H), 7.91 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 0.5H), 7.89 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 0.5H), 7.67 (dd, J = 6.6, 2.0 Hz, 0.5H), 7.64 (dd, J = 6.6, 2.0 Hz, 0.5H), 7.52 (s, 0.5H), 7.50 (s, 0.5H), 7.39 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 0.5H), 7.33 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 0.5H), 7.15-7.06 (m, 3H), 6.90 (t, J = 8.6, 8.6Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 1.2, 7.5Hz, 0.5H), 6.81 (dd, J = 1.2, 7.5 Hz, 0.5H) 5.32 (dd, J = 8.4,7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 0.5H), 4.89 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 0.5 H), 3.34 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 0.5H), 3.29 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 0.5H), 2.25 (s, 1.5H), 2.16 (s, 1.5H), 1.98 (s, 1.5H), 1.90 (s, 1.56.H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.9, 203.4, 152.3, 151.6, 149.1, 130.8, 130.2, 129.8, 129.5, 129.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.7, 128.3, 128.2, 127.1, 127.0, 126.6, 126.0, 123.8, 123.7, 122.0, 121.4, 121.1, 121.0, 1182, 116.5, 116.4, 97.4, 51.1, 50.9, 32.2, 32.0, 29.7, 29.4, 25.3.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]+ calculated for C₂₂H₁₇O₃: 329.1197 found: 329.1190.

1-(10-bromo-6-methyl-14H-6,14-methanobenzo[d]naphtho[1,2-g][1,3]dioxocin-15-yl)ethan-1-one (3b): General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives 1a (155 mg, 0.762 mmol), 6-bromo-2- naphthol 2b (100 mg, 0.450 mmol) and imidazole (9.4 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 8h, until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) in 12% ethyl acetate: hexane, provide 3b as a white solid (170 mg, 93%).

White solid, yield; 93%



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.13 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 0.5H), 8.11 (d, J=8.8Hz, 0.5H), 7.91(d, J=8.8Hz, 0.5H), 7.90 (d, J=1.9Hz, 0.5H), 7.68-7.64 (m, 1H), 7.52 (s, 0.5H), 7.50 (s, 0.5H),

7.40 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 0.5H), 7.35 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 0.5H), 7.16-7.06 (m, 2H), 6.92-6.88 (m, 1H), 6.85-6.80 (m, 1H),

4.90 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 0.45H), 3.35 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 0.55H), 3.30 (d, *J* = 2.5Hz, 0.45H), 2.26 (s, 1.3H), 2.17 (s, 1.7H), 1.20 (s, 1.6H), 1.99 (s, 1.4H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.6, 203.2, 152.2, 151.5, 150.1, 149.4, 131.0, 130.9, 130.6, 130.1, 130.2, 129.3, 128.8, 128.5, 128.3, 128.0, 127.8, 127.0, 126.5, 125.6, 123.1, 122.9, 128.0, 127.8, 127.0, 126.5, 125.6, 123.1, 122.9, 121.7, 121.5, 121.1, 119.43, 119.40, 118.5, 117.6, 117.4, 116.5, 114.7, 97.5, 97.4, 51.0, 50.6, 32.2, 32.0, 30.0, 29.7, 29.5, 25.3, 25.2.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]+ calculated for C₂₂H₁₆BrO₃: 407.0283 found: 407.0268.

1-(6-methyl-13H-6,13-methano[1,3]dioxolo[4',5':4,5]benzo[1,2-d]benzo[g][1,3]dioxocin-14-



yl)ethan-1-one (3c):

General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives **1a** (162 mg, 0.796 mmol), 3,4 methylenedioxyphenol **2c** (100 mg, 0.723 mmol) and imidazole (10 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL

toluene for 10 h, until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) in in 15% ethyl acetae: hexane, provide **3c** as a white solid (175 mg, 75%).

White solid, Yield; 75%.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.15-7.014 (m, 2H), 6.89-6.84 (m, 2H), 6.62 (s, 0.5H), 6.58 (s, 0.6 H), 6.44 (s, 0.6H), 6.41 (s,0.4H), 5.87 (d, *J*=12.3 Hz, 1H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 4.07 (s, 1H), 3.22 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 0.4H), 3.18 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 0.6H), 2.20 (s, 1.8H), 2.16 (s, 1.3H), 1.90 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.7, 203.6, 151.8, 151.2, 147.5 147.3, 146.5, 145.8, 142.2,141.9, 128.4, 128.3,126.8, 126.7, 126.3, 122.8, 121.6, 121.1, 118.2, 116.4, 116.3, 114.2, 106.1, 105.7, 101.1, 98.7, 98.6, 97.7, 97.6 51.2, 51.0, 37.5, 29.5, 29.5, 25.4, 25.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]⁺calculated for C₁₉H₁₅O₅: 323.0919 found: 323.0958

1-(6-methyl-11,12,13,14-tetrahydro-10*H*-6,14-methanobenzo[d]naphtho[1,2*g*][1,3]dioxocin-15-yl)ethan-1-one (3d)



General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives **1a** (206 mg, 1.01mmol), tetrahydro -2- naphthol **2d** (100 mg, 0.675 mmol) and imidazole (9 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 12 h, until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by

TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) in in 18% ethyl acetate: hexane, provide **3d** as a white solid (198 mg, 88 %).

White solid, Yield: 88%.

¹**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃)**: δ 7.19 (d, *J*=7.6, 0.6H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 0.4H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.88-6.82 (m, 3H), 6.61 (s, 0.6H), 6.59 (s, 0.4H) 4.14 (s, 1H), 3.23 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 0.4H), 3.21 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 0.6H), 2.69-2.59 (m, 4H), 2.20 (s, 2H), 2.17 (s, 2H), 2.17 (s, 1H), 1.9 (s, 3H), 1.72-1.67 (m, 4H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.9, 203.8, 151.8, 151.3, 149.1, 148.6, 137.6, 137.4, 130.4, 130.1, 128.4, 128.4, 127.3, 127.1, 127.0, 126.7, 126.5, 124.1, 122.9, 122.6, 121.2, 119.9, 116.4, 116.4, 116.2, 116.1, 97.6, 97.5, 51.5, 51.4, 37.8, 29.7, 29.6, 29.5, 29.3 29.2, 28.6, 25.5, 23.3, 23.2, 23.0, 22.9.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]⁺ calculated for C₂₂H₂₁O₃: 333.1491 found: 333.1485.



1-(6-methyl-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-6,13-methanobenzo[d]indeno[4,5g][1,3]dioxocin-14-yl)ethan-1-one (3e): General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives 1a (167 mg, 0.819 mmol), 2-indanol 2e (100 mg, 0.745 mmol) and imidazole (10 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 5h,until the complete consumption of the starting

materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) in in 18% ethyl acetate: Hexane, provide **3e** as a white solid (183 mg, 77%).

White solid, Yield: 77%.

¹**H NMR** (**500 MHz, CDCl₃**): δ 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 0.4H), 7.13 (d, J=7.4 Hz, 0.6H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 0.4H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 0.6H), 7.03 (s, 0.6 H), 6.97 (s, 4H), 6.89-6.84 (m, 2H), 6.76 (m, 0.4H), 6.74 (s, 0.6 H), 6.70 (s, 0.2H) 4.16 (bs, 1H), 3.22-3.23 (m, 1H), 2.74-2.82 (m, 4H), 2.19 (s, 1.2H), 2.18 (s, 1.8H), 1.98-2.03 (m, 2H), 1.91 (s, 1.2H), 1.907 (s, 1.8H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 204.0, 151.8, 151.2, 150.2, 149.7, 145.0, 144.8, 137.4, 137.0, 128.2, 127.1, 127.0, 126.5, 124.3, 122.9, 122.5, 122.0, 121.6, 121.2, 120.1, 116.4, 116.4, 112.3, 112.3, 97.7, 97.6, 51.4, 51.3, 37.8, 32.8, 32.0, 29.6, 25.8, 25.6, 25.5.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H]⁺ calculated for C₂₁H₁₉O₃: 319.1334 found: 319.1331

1-(4-methoxy-6-methyl-14H-6,14-methanobenzo[d]naphtho[1,2-g][1,3]dioxocin-15-

yl)ethan-1-one (3f): General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene



derivatives **1b** (179 mg, 0.763 mmol), 2- naphthol **2a** (100 mg, 0.694 mmol) and imidazole (9.4 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 6h, until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was

purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh), 12% ethyl acetate in Hexane, provide **3f** as a white solid (183 mg, 73%).

White solid, yield: 73%

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.26 (d, J = 7.93 Hz, 0.5H) 8.20 (d, J = 7.9 Hz 0.5H), 7.71(t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.57 (m, 2H),7.39 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 0.5H), 7.35 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 0.5H), 7.14 (d, J=8.9, 0.5H), 7.11 (d, J=8.9Hz, 0.5H), 7.08 (dd, J= 7.8,1.2Hz, 0.5H), 7.03 (dd, J=7.8, 1.2 Hz, 0.5H) 6.80-6.75 (m, 1H), 6.69-6.67 (m,1H), 5.04 (d, J = 3.3,Hz,0.5H), 4.98 (d, J=3.3Hz, 0.5H), 3.8 (s, 3H), 3.36 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 0.5H), 3.3 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 0.5H), 2.25 (s, 1.5H), 2.14 (s, 1.5H), 2.08 (s, 1.5H), 2.07 (s, 1.5H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.6, 147.7, 146.4, 141.2, 133.7, 133.5, 127.4, 127.4, 126.3, 125.6, 124.8, 124.5, 124.20, 123.7, 122.1, 122.0, 121.5, 121.3, 121.0, 120.2, 118.9, 118.3, 116.3, 111.0, 110.6, 98.05, 98.01, 56.07, 56.0, 51.2, 37.64, 37.60, 98.0, 56.07, 56.0, 51.24, 37.64, 37.60, 29.7, 29.6, 26.4, 25.5, 25.4.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z calcd for C₂₃H₂₁O₄ [M+H]⁺cal:361.1440, found:361.1435.

11-(4-methoxy-6-methyl-14H-6,14-methanobenzo[d]naphtho[1,2-g][1,3]dioxocin-15-

yl)ethan-1-one (3g): General procedure was followed as with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene



derivatives **1b** (115 mg, 0.493 mmol), 7-bromo-2- naphthol **2b** (100 mg, 0.448 mmol) and imidazole (6.1 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 12 h, until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was

purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh), 12% ethyl acetate in Hexane, provide **3g** as a white solid (180 mg, 91.4%).

White solid, yield: 91.4%.

¹**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.12 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 0.5H), 8.08 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 0.5H), 7.91 (d, J = 2.1Hz, 0.5H), 7.89 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 0.5H), 7.66-7.63 (m, 1H), 7.51 (s, 0.5H), 7.49 (s, 0.5H), 7.15 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 0.5H), 7.11 (d, J=8.9Hz, 0.5H), 7.01 (dd, J=1.4, 7.7 Hz, 0.5H), 6.99 (dd, J= 1.4, 7.7 Hz, 0.5H), 6.80-6.75 (m, 1H), 6.70-6.68 (m, 1H),4.96 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, 0.5H), 4.90 (d, J = 2.3Hz, 0.5H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.37 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 0.5H), 3.28 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 0.5H), 2.26 (s, 1.5H), 2.16 (s, 1.5H), 2.07 (s, 1.5H), 2.06 (s, 1.5H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 198.4, 153.1, 144.5, 135.4, 132.0, 128.8, 122.9, 117.3, 116.3, 99.1, 27.8, 26.3, 21.9.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H]⁺ calculated for C₂₃H₂₀BrO₄: 439.0545 found: 439.0558

1-(4-methoxy-6-methyl-13H-6,13-methano[1,3]dioxolo[4',5':4,5]benzo[1,2-



d]benzo[g][1,3]dioxocin-14-yl)ethan-1-one (3h): General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives **1b** (186 mg, 0.796 mmol), 3,4 methylenedioxyphenol **2c** (100 mg, 0.724 mmol) and imidazole (9.8 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 5 h until the complete consumption of the starting materials

monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) 16% ethyl acetate in Hexane, provide **3h** as a white solid (200 mg, 78%).

White solid, Yield; 78%.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.84-6.79 (m, 1H), 6.77 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (d, J = 7.80 Hz, 1H), 6.5 (s, 1H), 5.84 (d, J = 1.41 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (d, J = 1.41 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (d, J = 2.87 Hz, 1H), 3.8 (s, 3H), 3.21 (d, J = 2.45 Hz, 1H), 2.2 (s, 3H), 1.9 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.7, 147.9, 147.4, 146.6, 142.1, 140.6, 127.5, 121.2, 118.2, 114.1, 110.7, 106.0, 101.2, 98.7, 97.7, 56.0, 51.0, 37.4, 29.5, 25.3.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H]⁺ calculated for C₂₀H₁₉O₆: 355.1182 found: 355.1174

1-(4-methoxy-6-methyl-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-6,13-methanobenzo[d]indeno[4,5-

g][1,3]dioxocin-14-yl)ethan-1-one (3i): General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-



methylchromene derivatives **1b** (.192 mg, 0.819 mmol), 2- Indanol **2e** (100 mg, 0.745 mmol) and imidazole (10 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 5h until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was

purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh), 15 % ethyl acetate in Hexane, provide **3i** as a white solid (180 mg, 69%).

White solid, yield: 69%.

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 7.01 (s, 0.5H), 6.95 (s, 0.5H), 6.81-6.67 (m, 4H), 4.15-4.13 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.20 (d, *J* = 2.27 Hz, 0.5H), 3.19 (d, *J* = 2.27 Hz, 0.5H), 2.80-2.71 (m, 4H), 2.17 (s, 1.5H), 2.15 (s, 1.5H), 2.02-1.08 (m, 2H), 1.97 (s, 1.6H), 1.96 (s, 1.6H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 204.1, 204.0, 150.3, 150.0, 148.0, 145.0, 144.7, 141.2, 140.6, 137.2, 136.9, 127.8, 124.3, 123.9, 121.8, 121.5, 121.2, 111.0, 110.6, 37.8, 37.7, 32.8, 32.0, 31.6, 25.8, 25.6, 25.6, 25.4.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H]⁺ calculated for C₂₂H₂₃O₄: 351.1596 found: 351.1589.

1-(6-ethyl-14*H*-6,14-methanobenzo[*d*]naphtho[1,2-g][1,3]dioxocin-15-yl)propan-1-one (3j):



General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives **1c** (177 mg, 0.762 mmol), **2a** (100 mg, 0.694 mmol) and imidazole (9.4 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 8h until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC.

The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) 20% ethyl acetate, provide **3j** as a white solid (200 mg, 80%).

White solid, Yield: 80%.

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 8.26 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 0.5H), 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 0.5H), 7.62 (t, *J* = 7.5, 1H), 7.60-7.54 (m, 2H), 7.45-7.31 (m, 2H), 7.15 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08-7.03 (m, 1H), 6.92-6.89 (m,1H), 6.83-6.76 (m,1H), 4.95 (d, *J*=2.2 Hz, 0.5H), 4.90 (d, *J*=2.2 Hz, 0.5H)

4.87 (s, 0.4H), 4.81 (s, 0.5H), 3.39 (s, 0.6H), 3.34 (s, 0.4H), 2.61-2.53 (m, 1H), 2.50-2.44 (m, 1H), 2.35 -2.29 (m, 1H), 2.25 -2.19 (m, 1H), 1.17 (dt, *J* = 7.11, 7.49 Hz, 3H), 1,01 (dd, *J* = 6.6,7.4 Hz, 1.4H), 0.982 (dd, *J* = 7.1,7.4 Hz, 1.9H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 206.4, 206.1, 152.3, 152.0, 150.2, 149.8, 131.02, 131.0, 127.0, 126.0, 123.2, 123.0, 122.2, 121.4, 121.1,119.5, 119.4, 119.0, 117.4, 117.2, 116.3, 115.0, 99.4, 99.3, 48.0, 47.6, 35.70, 35.5, 32.14, 32.01, 30.74, 30.67.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]⁺ calculated for C₂₄H₂₁O₃: 357.1491found: 357.1491.

1-(11-bromo-6-ethyl-14H-6,14-methanobenzo[d]naphtho[1,2-g][1,3]dioxocin-15-yl)propan-



1-one (**3k**): General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2methylchromene derivatives **1c** (114 mg, 0.493 mmol), 7-bromo-2naphthol **2b** (100 mg, 0.448 mmol) and imidazole (6.1 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 5 h until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) 16%

ethyl acetate, provide **3k** as a white solid (170 mg, 87%).

White solid, yield: 87%.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.09 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 0.4H), 8.08 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 0.6H), 7.87 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 0.4H), 7.85 (d, J = 1.7Hz, 0.6H), 7.64-7.59 (m,1H), 7.47 (s, 0.5H), 7.45 (s,0.5H)7.39 (d, J = 7.6, Hz, 0.5H), 7.30 (d, J = 7.6 Hz,0.5H), 7.14-7.03 (m, 2H), 6.91 (s, 0.5H), 6.89 (s,0.5H), 6.83-6.76 (m, 1H), 4.87 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 0.6H), 4.83 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 0.4H), 2.67-2.17 (m, 4H), 1.15 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 1.00 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1.4H), 0.90 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1.8H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 198.4, 153.1, 144.5, 135.4, 132.0, 128.8, 122.9, 117.3, 116.3, 99.1, 27.8, 26.3, 21.9.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H]⁺ calculated for C₂₄H₂₂BrO₃: 437.0752 Found: 437.0776

(6-methyl-14*H*-6,14-methanobenzo[*d*]naphtho[1,2-g][1,3]dioxocin-15-



yl)(**phenyl**)**methanone** (**3l**): General procedure was followed with 2hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives **1d** (203 mg, 0.762 mmol), 2naphthol **2a** (100 mg, 0.694 mmol) and imidazole (9.4 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 5 h until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was

concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) 15% ethyl acetate, provide **3l** as a white solid (200 mg, 73 %).

White solid, Yield:73%.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.16 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 0.5H), 8.79 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 0.5H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H) 7.79 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 0.5H), 7.72 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 0.5H), 7.66-7.53 (m, 3H) 7.48-7.35 (m, 3H), 7.30-7.05 (m, 3H) , 6.98 (t, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 0.5H) 6.75 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 0.5H), 5.0 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 0.5H), 4.96 (d, J = 2.2Hz, 0.5H), 4.31 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 0.43H), 4.26 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 0.47H), 1.9 (d, J=2.2 Hz, 3H)

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 195.6, 195.2, 152.7, 151.8, 150.1, 149.3, 136.1, 133.7, 133.6, 130.8, 130.5, 129.8, 129.6, 129.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.4, 128.3, 127.2, 127.0, 126.8, 126.7, 126.3, 123.8, 123.4, 121.8, 121.5, 121.2, 121.1, 121.1, 118.5, 118.2, 116.7, 116.1, 114.1, 98.1, 97.9, 45.0, 44.7, 33.6, 33.2, 29.8, 25.2.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H]⁺ calculated for C₂₇H₂₁O₃: 393.1491, found:393.1483.

(11-bromo-6-methyl-14H-6,14-methanobenzo[d]naphtho[1,2-g][1,3]dioxocin-15-



yl)(phenyl)methanone (3m): General procedure was followed with 2hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives 1d (131 mg, 0.493 mmol), 7bromo-2- naphthol 2b (100 mg, 0.448 mmol) and imidazole (6.1 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 5 h until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200

mesh) 12% ethyl acetate, provide **3b** as a white solid (196 mg, 93%).

White solid, Yield; 93%.

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.8Hz, 0.5H), 7.92-7.84 (m, 3H), 7.65-7.44 (m, 5H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 6.97 Hz, 0.5H), 7.23-7.07 (m, 3H), 6.98 (t, *J* = 8.6Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 7.38 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 0.5H), 6.78 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 0.5H), 4.92 (d, *J*=2.12, 0.5H), 4.89 (d, *J*=2.12, 0.5H), 4.31 (d, *J*=2.37, 0.47H), 4.25 (d, *J*=2.37 Hz, 0.43H), 1.9 (d, *J*=2.2 Hz, 3H)

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 195.4, 195.13, 151.6, 150.3,149.5, 136.1, 136.0, 133.7, 130.9, 130.7, 130.2, 129.8, 129.3, 128.2, 127.7, 127.0, 126.8, 126.5, 126.0, 123.2, 123.9, 121.5, 121.2, 121.1, 119.6, 119.2, 118.7, 117.5, 116.7, 116.1, 98.0, 97.8, 44.8, 44.5, 33.5, 33.1, 25.1.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]⁺ calculated for C₂₇H₁₈BrO₃: 469.0439, found:471.0433

15-acetyl-10-methoxy-8-methyl-1H,14H-8,14-methanobenzo[7,8][1,3]dioxocino[5,4-

c]chromen-1-one (3n): General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives 1b (155 mg, 0.762 mmol), 4-hydroxy coumarin 2f (100 mg,



derivatives **1b** (155 mg, 0.762 mmol), 4-hydroxy coumarin **2f** (100 mg, 0.694 mmol) and imidazole (9.4 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 5 h, until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and

residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) 25% ethyl acetate in hexane, provide **3n** as a white solid (194 mg, 83%).

White solid, yield: 83%.

¹**H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃)**: 7.84 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 0.6H), 7.76 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 0.4H), 7.46 (s,1H), 7.22 (s, 2H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 7.83 Hz, 0.6H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 7.83 Hz, 0.4H), 6.91-6.84 (m, 1H), 6.79-6.74

(m, 1H), 4.6 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz, 1H), 3.83(s, 3H), 3.38 (s, 0.5H), 3.23 (s, 0.5H), 2.31 (s, 1.8H), 2.23 (s, 1.2H), 2.16 (s, 1.4H), 2.10 (s, 1.7H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 202.6, 201.8, 161.6, 161.1, 159.0, 157.9, 152.4, 147.8, 147.5, 140.7, 139.7, 132.2, 132.1, 126.1, 124.1, 124.0, 123.2, 123.0, 120.0, 119.5, 116.6, 116.5, 114.5, 111.6, 111.0, 105.8, 102.0, 100.2, 100.1, 99.0, 30.6, 30.3, 30.0, 24.7, 24.4.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H]⁺calculated for C₂₂H₁₉O₆: 379.1182, found:379.1196

1-(4-(1-hydroxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-methyl-4H-chromen-3-yl)-ethan-1-one) (4a): General



procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives **1a** (779 mg, 3.81 mmol), 1- naphthol **2b** (500 mg, 3.47 mmol) and imidazole (47 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 40 mL toluene for 2 h, minor amount of unreacted **2b** was monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) 10%

ethyl acetate in hexane, provide 4a as a white solid (861mg, 75%).

White solid, Yield: 75%.

¹**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 8.24 (d, *J* = 7.56 Hz, 1H), 7.5 (d, *J* = 7.56 Hz, 1H), 7.49-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.42 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.22-7.20 (m,1H), 7.12 -7.08 (m, 1H), 6.09-6.86 (m, 2H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 2.46, 1H), 3.38 (d, *J* = 2.49 Hz, 1H,), 2.24 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s,3H).

¹³CNMR: (125 MHz, CDCl₃): 203.7, 151.9, 146.3, 133.6, 128.45, 127.5, 126.9, 126.2, 125.7, 121.7, 121.6, 121.1,116.4, 98.1, 51.2, 37.8, 29.5,25.3.

HRMS (ESI-): m/z: [M-H]⁺calculated for C₂₂H₁₇O₃: 329.1178 found:329.1188

1-(8-methyl-14H-8,14-methanobenzo[d]naphtho[2,1-g]-[1,3]-dioxocin-15-yl)-ethan-1-one



(5a): In a round bootom flask 4a (0.5mg, .151mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (.054mg, .0151mmol) and 1ml toluene was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 12 h resulted 5a as a white solid (45 mg, 90%).

White solid, Yield: 90%.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.28 (d, J = 7.64 Hz, 0.5H), 8.25 (d, J = 7.64 Hz, 0.4H), 8.02 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 0.6H), 7.40 (td, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (td, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (td, J = 7.4,

Hz, 0.9 H), 6.51 (s, 0.9H), 6.46 (s, 0.6H), 4.15 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 0.9H), 4.13 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 0.6H), 3.89 (s, 2.8H), 3.87 (s, 0.2H), 3.30 (d, *J* = 2.3H, 0.9H), 3.16 (d, *J* = 2.3Hz, 0.6H), 2.14 (s, 2.8H, 2.07 (s, 0.3H), 1.98 (s, 3H).

¹³CNMR (101MHz, CDCl₃): 203.9, 203.4, 152.4, 152.3, 151.6, 149.8, 149.05, 130.8, 130.2, 129.8, 129.5, 129.1, 129.03, 128.9, 128.7, 128.3, 128.1, 127.7, 127.1, 127.0, 126.9, 126.6, 126.5, 126.35, 126.0, 123.8, 123.7, 123.5, 122.0, 121.3, 121.4, 121.0, 121.0, 118.3, 118.2, 116.4, 116.7, 114.3, 109.5, 97.4, 51.2, 50.9, 32.1, 32.0, 29.7, 29.3, 25.3.

HRMS (**ESI-**): m/z: [M-H]⁺ calculated for C₂₂H₁₇O₃: 329.1178 found: 329.1188.

1-(4-(1-hydroxy-4-methoxynaphthalen-2-yl)-2-methyl-4H-chromen-3-yl)-ethan-1-one:(4b)



General procedure was followed with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivatives **1a** (257 mg, 1.26 mmol), 4-methoxy-1- naphthol **2h** (200 mg, 1.15 mmol) and imidazole (15 mg, 20 mol%) and heated at 100 °C in 4 mL toluene for 4h, reaction was montitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) 12%

ethyl acetate, provide **4b** as a white solid (280mg, 68%).

White solid, Yield: 68%.

¹**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃):** δ 8.16 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.49-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.22 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.68, 7.66 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (m, 2H), 6.5 (s,1H), 4.29 (d, J = 2.29 Hz, 1H), 3.9 (s, 3H), 3.38 (d, J = 2.29 Hz,1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s,3H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.8, 152.2, 139.9, 128.4, 126.7, 126.3, 125.6, 125.4, 125.1, 122.8, 121.8, 121.5, 121.4, 119.2, 116.3, 102.3, 97.8, 55.3, 51.5, 38.2, 29.7, 29.6, 25.3.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H]⁺calculated for C₂₃H₂₁O₄: 361.1440 found:361.1435

1-(2-methoxy-8-methyl-14H-8,14-methanobenzo[d]naphtho[2,1-g]-[1,3]-dioxocin-15-yl)-



ethan-1-one (5b): In a round bootom flask 4b (200 mg, .56 mmol), Cu(OTf)₂ (20 mg, .055mmol) and 4 ml toluene was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at rt for 10 h. resulted 5b as a white solid (175 mg, 85%). White solid, Yield: 85%.

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.11 (dd, J = 8.6, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (dd, J = 2.0, 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.62 (m, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 7.18-7.09 (m, 2H), 7.01 (dd, J = 1.9, 7.6, Hz, 0.5H), 6.96 (dd, J = 1.5, 7.7 Hz, 0.5H), 6.80-6.75 (m, 1H), 6.70-6. 67(m, 1H), 5.0 (d, J = 2.3Hz, 0.5H), 4.90 (d, J = 2.3Hz, 0.5H), 3.81 (s, 2.8H), 3.37 (d, J=2.5Hz, 0.5H), 3.28 (d, J = 2.5Hz, 0.5H), 2.26 (s, 1.5 H), 2.16 (s, 1.5 H), 2.06 (d, J=2.0Hz, 3H).

¹³CNMR (101MHz, CDCl₃): 203.8, 152.3, 150.03, 139.9, 128.4, 126.4, 125.6, 125.5, 125.1, 122.8, 121.8, 121.5, 121.4, 119.2, 116.3, 102.3, 97.8, 55.8, 51.5, 38.2, 29.61, 25.3.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H]⁺calculated for C₂₃H₂₁O₄: 361.1440 found:361.1435

5. Gram Scale Synthesis and Synthetic Transformations:



A 100 mL flask equipped with a stirring bar was charged with 2-hydroxy-2-methylchromene derivative **1b** (2.32 g, 4.93 mmol), 7-bromo-2-naphthol (**2b**, 2.0 g, 4.48 mmol), imidazole (20 mol%) and toluene (30.0 mL). The resulting suspension was stirred at 100 °C for 12 h until the complete consumption of the starting materials monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was concentrated and residue was purified by silica gel (100-200 mesh) in hexane: ethyl acetate to afford desired compound **3g** in 3.62 g, 92% yield, as white solid.

5.1 Sonogashira Coupling: Compound **3g** (50 mg, 0.11 mmol) was taken in an oven dried Schlenck tube degassed under nitrogen atmosphere then 5 mL dry triethylamine, Pd(PPh₃)₄ (0.05 mmol) and CuI (0.025 mmol) was added after 15 min. Phenyl acetylene (0.22 mmol) was added

to the reaction mixture and stirred at 80°C for 18h, resulted 6 as a single product (43 mg, 85%).



White solid, Yield: 85%, ¹HNMR (400MHz, CDCl₃): δ 8.19 (dd, J=8.8, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 0.5H), 7.96 (d, J=5.1Hz, 1H), 7.8 (d, J=8.3 Hz, 0.5H), 7.7-7.4 (m,5H), 7.35-7.34 (m,3H), 7.15-7.09 (m, 2H), 7.05-6.98 (m, 2H), 5.01 (d, J=2.39Hz, 0.5H), 4.9 (td, J=2.9, 2.9 Hz, 0.5H), 3.81 (s, 2H), 3.33 (s, 1H), 2.26(s, 1H), 2.16 (s, 1H), 2.14 (s,1H), 2.07 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 203.2, 203.2, 150.8, 150.3, 148.0, 147.8, 141.0, 132.5, 132.4, 131.6, 131.0, 131.0, 130.2, 130.1, 129.6, 129.5, 129.4, 129.3, 128.8, 128.5, 128.4, 128.4, 128.3, 128.3, 127.9, 126.6, 126.5, 123.4, 123.3, 122.9, 122.8, 121.6, 121.4, 121.3, 121.1, 119.5, 119.0, 118.6, 118.4, 117.3, 114.6, 114.6, 110.9, 110.6, 110.6, 97.5, 97.5, 97.5, 89.6, 56.1, 56.0, 51.1, 50.6, 50.5, 32.0, 31.9, 31.9, 29.5, 29.5, 25.4, 25.2..

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H] ⁺calculated for C₃₁H₂₅O₄: 461.1753 found:461.1755

5.2. Deacetylation: Starting material **3g** (50 mg, 0.11mmol) was refluxed in the presence of ethylene glycol (9.2 μ l, 1.5 equiv) and p-TSA (20 mol %) in dry toluene using Dean stark apparatus at 80°C for 24 h. afforded deacetyled product **7** in 18 mg, 45% yield. (starting not consumed even after 24 h).



White solid, Yield: 45%.

¹**HNMR** (**400MHz, CDCl₃**): δ 8.15 (d, *J* = 2.09 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, *J*=2.19Hz, 1H) 7.64 (dd, *J*=2.18, 2.18 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 8.85 Hz, 1H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 8.16Hz 1H), 7.01 (dd, *J* = 1.36, 1.36 Hz, 1H), 6.77 (t, *J*=8.31, 7.81 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (dd, *J*=1.49, 1.33 Hz, 1H), 4.71 (t, *J* = 3.05, 2.69 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s,3H), 2.39 (dd, *J* = 3.17, 3.13 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (dd, *J* = 3.16, 3.03 Hz, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃): 150.04, 148.01, 141.68, 130.71, 130.64, 129.78, 129.37, 127.15, 126.49, 123.56, 120.72, 119.02, 118.41, 117.11, 110.23, 97.58, 55.97, 30.97, 28.29, 21.17.

HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H] ⁺calculated for C₂₁H₁₈BrO₃: 397.0439 found:397.0440

5.3. Bayer Villiger Oxidation:

A 100 mL Single-pot flask was charged with **3m** (50 mg, 0.106 mmol, 1.0 eq.), mCPBA, (48 mg, 0.276 mmol, 2.6 eq.) dry DCM under N₂ atmosphere was reaction mixture was cooled at 0°C. After cooling of the reaction mixture TFA (12 mg, 1.0 eq, 0.106 mmol) was added to the reaction mixture. After addition reaction was allow to stirred at rt for 24h to get desired compound **8** (27 mg, 50)



White solid, Yield; 50%.

¹**HNMR** (**400MHz, CDCl₃**): δ 7.62 (dd, *J* =2.0, 8.2Hz, 1H), 7.54 (d, J=1.9 Hz, 1H) 7.50-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, J=8.1Hz, 2H), 7.31 (t, 2H)), 7.24 (d, J=9.17, 1H), 7.16-7.11 (m, 1H), 6.91 (d, J=8.15, 1H), 6.67 (t, 1H), 6.50 (dd, *J* =1.6, 8.1 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H) 3.69 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101MHZ, CDCl₃): 198.37, 141.01, 140.90, 136.75, 133.20, 132.59, 132.41, 131.92, 130.57, 128.71, 127.41, 126.86, 126.80, 126.20, 122.98, 121.24, 119.75, 115.97, 107.78, 96.03, 55.88, 47.86, 22.34. HRMS (ESI+): m/z: [M+H]⁺calculated for C₂₇H₂₀BrO₄: 487.0545 found:487.0545







 $\begin{array}{c} 7.44 \\ 7.1.35 \\ 7.1.35 \\ 7.1.35 \\ 7.1.33 \\ 7.1.33 \\ 7.1.33 \\ 7.1.33 \\ 7.1.33 \\ 7.1.33 \\ 7.1.33 \\ 7.1.33 \\ 7.1.33 \\ 7.1.23$









$\begin{array}{c} 7.26\\ 7.16\\ 7.16\\ 7.16\\ 7.11\\ 7.11\\ 7.11\\ 7.11\\ 7.11\\ 7.12\\$









































7. References

- 1. G. M. Sheldrick, *Acta Cryst*, 2008, A 64, 112.
- 2. G. M. Sheldrick, Acta Cryst, 2015, **C71**, 3.
- 3. Zhenyu Yang, Ying He, F. Dean Toste, J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2016, **138**, 9775.
- 4. S. Shaohuan, B. Rongxian, G. Yanlong, *Chem. Eur. J.*, 2014, **20**, 549.