

## Fenton–RAFT Polymerization in Organic Media

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<b>Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
Characterization date of the Fe(II)-MOF particles	2
Deoxygenated organic Fenton-RAFT polymerization	3
Deoxygenated organic Fenton-RAFT polymerization	4
Kinetic study of the organic Fenton-RAFT polymerization	5
Fenton reaction-mediated bulk polymerization	6
Effect of MA/DMSO ratio on the polymerization rate	7
Recycling experiments	8
Temperature effect on the polymerization rate	9
References	10

- Characterization date of the Fe(II)-MOF particles

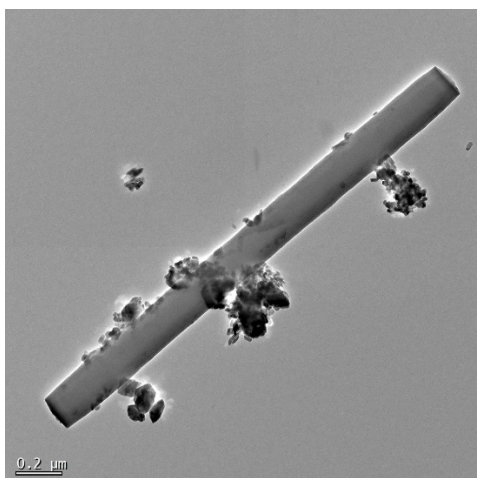


Figure S1. HR-TEM image of the employed Fe(II)-MOF particles in this study.

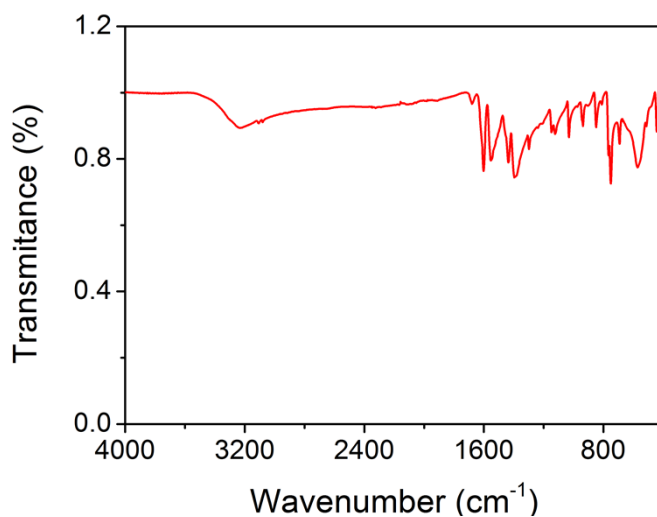


Figure S2. FTIR spectra of the employed Fe(II)-MOF particles.

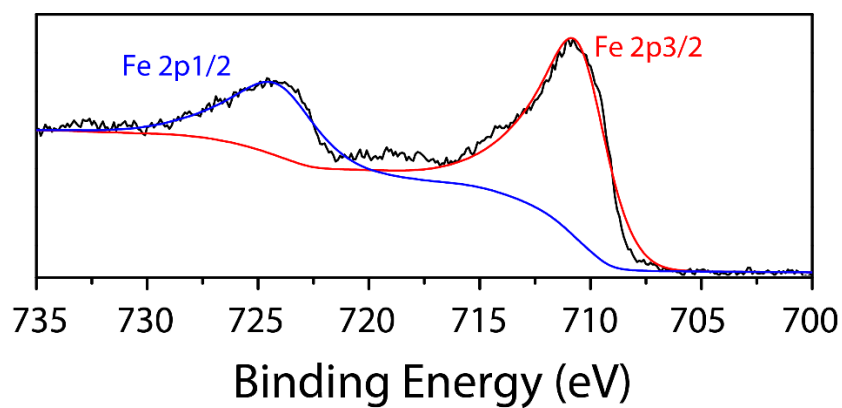
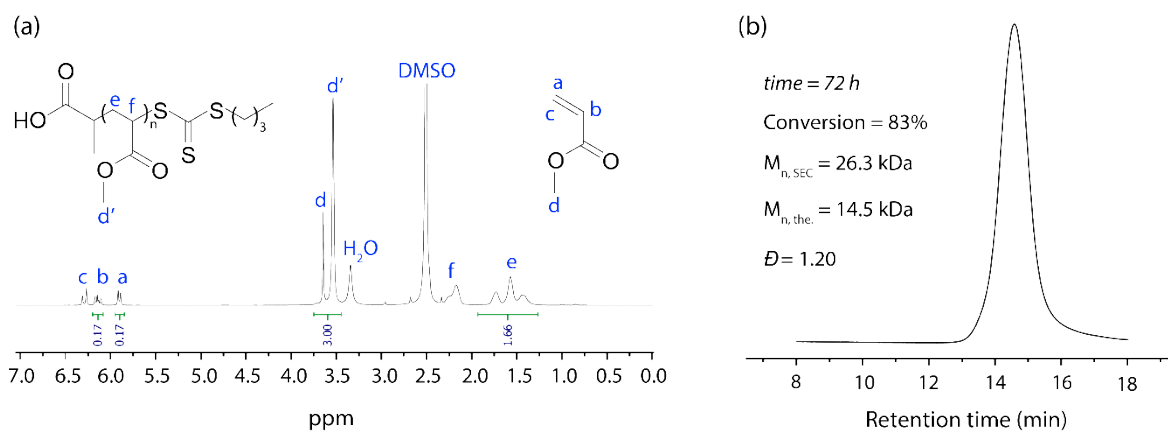


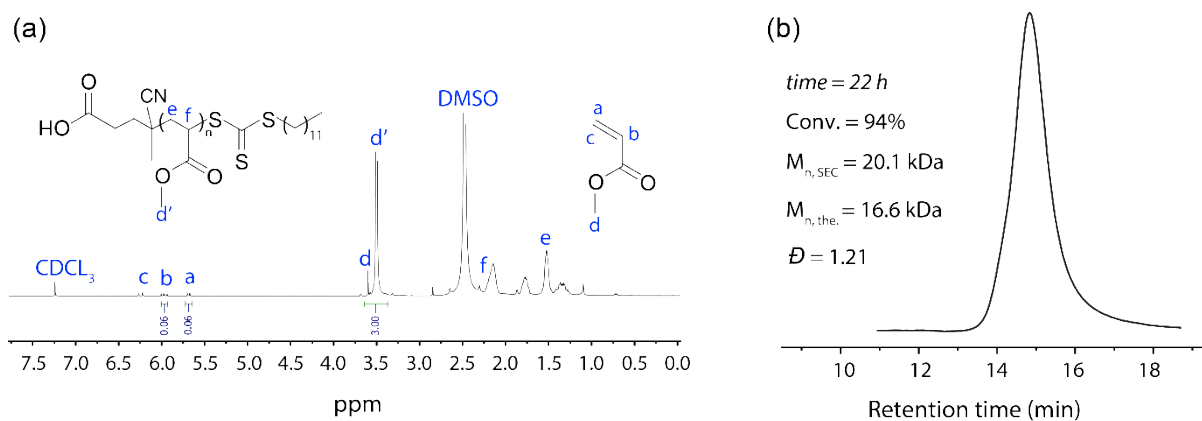
Figure S3. XPS analysis of the Fe(II)-MOF particles before the polymerization.<sup>1</sup>

## - Non-deoxygenated organic Fenton-RAFT polymerization



**Figure S4.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR and SEC peaks of the synthesized PMA with TTC-1 *via* the non-deoxygenated Fenton-RAFT in DMSO.  $[\text{Fe(II)-MOF}] = 1.6 \text{ mg mL}^{-1}$ , and  $[\text{H}_2\text{O}_2]_0 = 35 \text{ mM}$ .

- Deoxygenated organic Fenton-RAFT polymerization



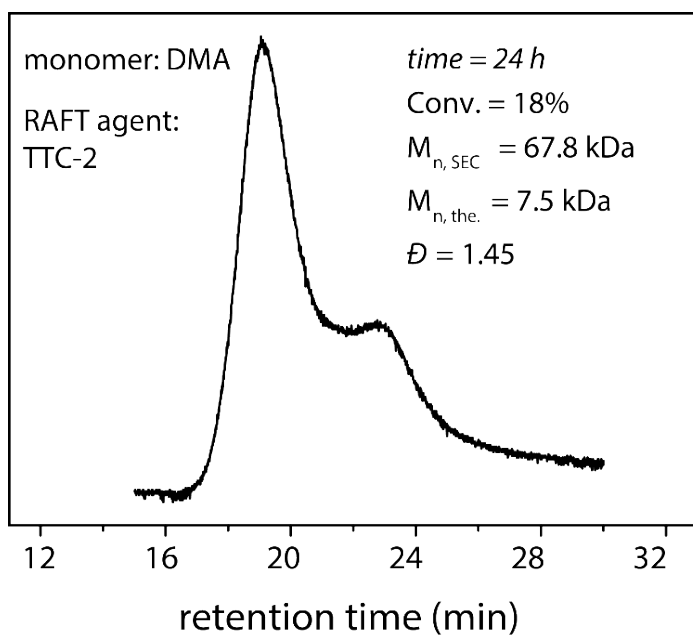
**Figure S5.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR and SEC peaks of the synthesized PMA with TTC-2 via the deoxygenated Fenton-RAFT in DMSO.  $[\text{Fe(II)-MOF}] = 3.2 \text{ mg mL}^{-1}$ , and  $[\text{H}_2\text{O}_2]_0 = 70 \text{ mM}$ .

- **Kinetic study of the organic Fenton-RAFT polymerization**

**Table S1.** Characterization data of the synthesized PMA via the kinetic study when [Fe(II)-MOF] = 9.6 mg mL<sup>-1</sup> and [H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>]<sub>0</sub> = 70 mM.

<b>time (h)</b>	<b>Conversion (%)</b>	<b>M<sub>n, the.</sub> (kDa)</b>	<b>M<sub>n, SEC</sub> (kDa)</b>	<b>Đ (-)</b>
0.5	2	-	-	-
1	15	-	-	-
3	34	6.1	3.2	1.34
5	46	8.2	4.3	1.35
7	56	9.9	7.4	1.26
9	71	12.5	10.0	1.19
11	80	14.1	12.8	1.15

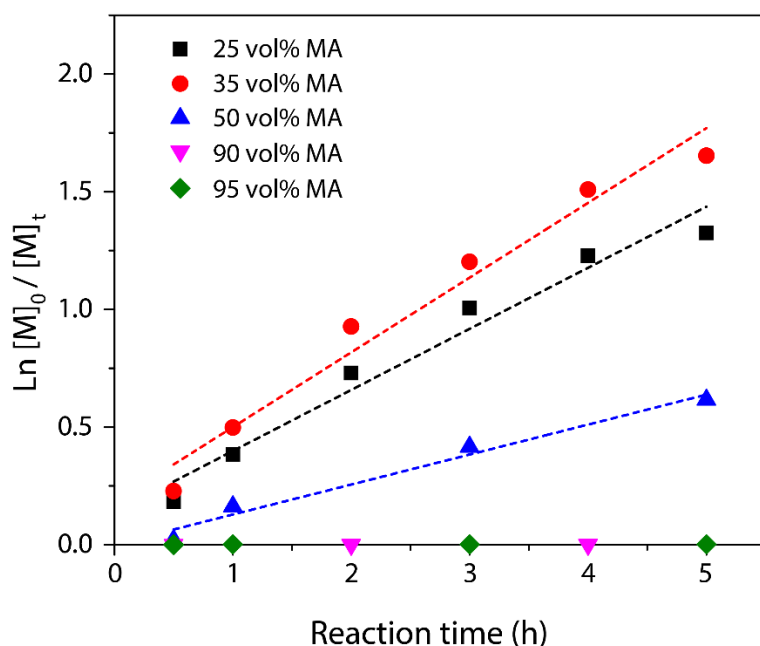
- Fenton reaction-mediated bulk polymerization



**Figure S6.** SEC chromatograms of PDMA synthesized via a bulk RAFT polymerization.  $[\text{Fe(II)-MOF}] = 9.6 \text{ mg mL}^{-1}$ , and  $[\text{H}_2\text{O}_2]_0 = 70 \text{ mM}$ .

*Note:*  $M_{n,SEC}$  and  $\bar{D}$  values of this polymer were obtained by using a light scattering detector coupled with SEC through an aqueous system.

- Effect of MA/DMSO ratio on the polymerization rate

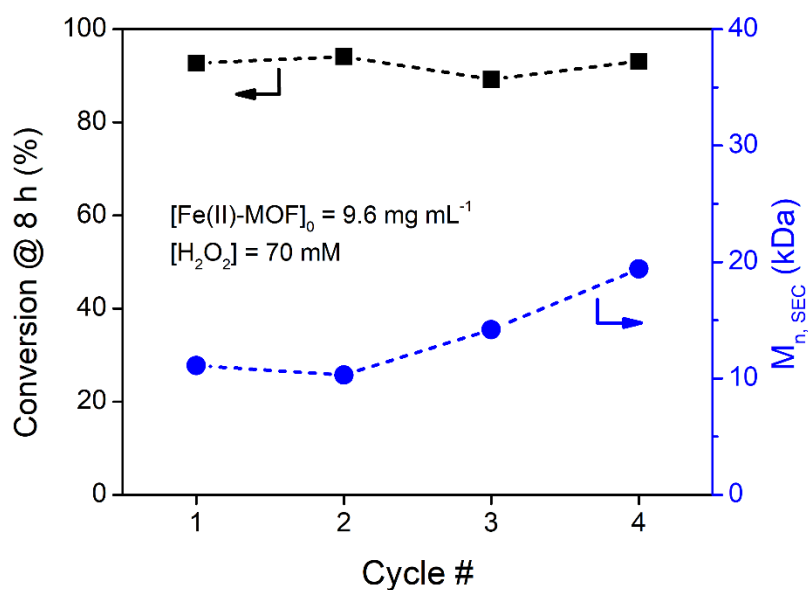


**Figure S7.** Rate of organic Fenton-RAFT polymerization at different volume percentages of MA in DMSO when targeted DP = 200, [Fe(II)-MOF]<sub>0</sub> = 9.6 mg mL<sup>-1</sup> and [H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>] = 70 mM.

**Table S2.** The experimental data obtained from the reactions comparing polymerization rates at different MA/DMSO volume ratios.

MA/DMSO (vol%)	Time (h)	Conversion (%)	Ln [M] <sub>0</sub> /[M] <sub>t</sub>	M <sub>n, SEC</sub> (kDa)	Đ (-)
25	0.5	16.7	0.183	-	-
	1	31.9	0.384	3.0	1.19
	2	51.8	0.730	6.6	1.15
	3	63.4	1.006	9.1	1.13
	4	70.7	1.228	10.7	1.11
	5	73.4	1.325	11.8	1.10
35	0.5	20.4	0.228	-	-
	1	39.2	0.498	4.1	1.20
	2	60.4	0.927	8.4	1.14
	3	69.9	1.202	11.2	1.15
	4	77.9	1.509	13.0	1.12
	5	80.9	1.653	13.9	1.11
50	0.5	2	0.020	-	-
	1	15	0.163	-	-
	2	Not taken	Not taken	-	-
	3	34	0.416	3.2	1.34
	4	Not taken	Not taken	-	-
	5	46	0.616	4.3	1.35
90 and 95	0.5	0	0	-	-
	1	0	0	-	-
	2	0	0	-	-
	3	0	0	-	-
	4	0	0	-	-
	5	0	0	-	-

- **Recycling experiments**



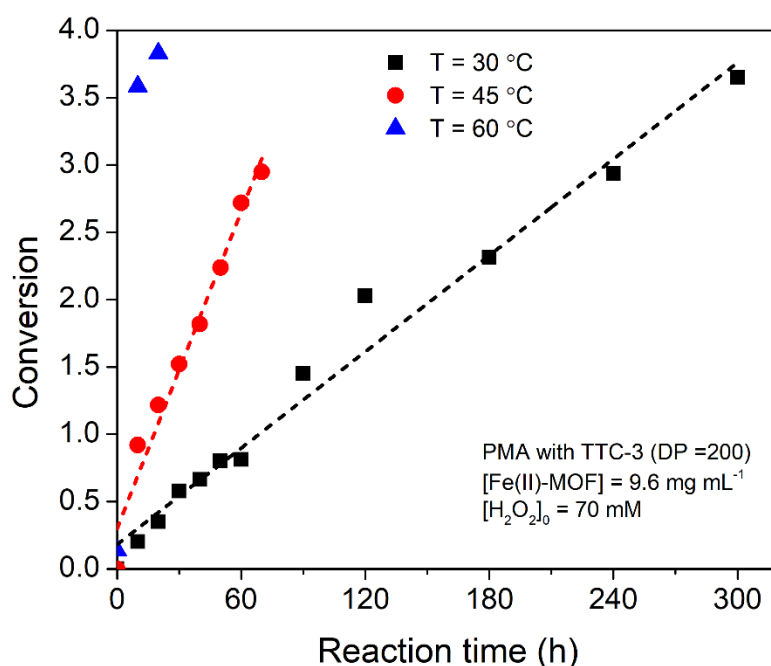
**Figure S8.** Recyclability of the Fe(II)-MOF particles: monomer conversion after 8 h via recycling runs of Fe(II)-MOF particles in the organic Fenton-RAFT polymerization when CTA was TTC-3 and targeted DP was 200.

**Table S3.** Characterization data of the synthesized PMA after 8 h *via* the experiments with recovered MOFs when targeted DP = 200,  $[Fe(II)-MOF]_0 = 9.6 \text{ mg mL}^{-1}$  and  $[H_2O_2] = 70 \text{ mM}$ .

Cycle #	Conversion (%)	$M_{n, SEC}$ (kDa)	$\bar{D}$ (-)
1	92.7	11.1	1.15
2	94.1	10.3	1.11
3	89.2	14.2	1.10
4	93.1	19.4	1.12



- Temperature effect on the polymerization rate



**Figure S9.** Rate of organic Fenton-RAFT polymerization at different temperatures ( $T = 30, 45,$  and  $60\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) when targeted  $\text{DP} = 200$ ,  $[\text{Fe(II)-MOF}]_0 = 9.6\text{ mg mL}^{-1}$  and  $[\text{H}_2\text{O}_2] = 70\text{ mM}$ .

**Table S4.** Characterization data of the synthesized PMA in the experiments with different  $T$ s when targeted CTA is TTC-3,  $\text{DP} = 200$ ,  $[\text{Fe(II)-MOF}]_0 = 9.6\text{ mg mL}^{-1}$ , and  $[\text{H}_2\text{O}_2] = 70\text{ mM}$ .

$T\ (^{\circ})$	Time (min)	Conversion (%)	$M_{n,\text{the.}}$ (kDa)	$M_{n,\text{SEC}}$ (kDa)	$\bar{D}$ (-)
30	0	0.0	-	-	-
	10	18.3	-	-	-
	20	29.6	5.4	3.0	1.19
	30	43.9	7.8	4.6	1.22
	40	48.5	8.6	6.0	1.21
	50	55.2	9.8	7.5	1.19
	60	55.6	9.9	8.5	1.16
	90	76.6	13.5	11.1	1.18
	120	86.8	15.2	12.8	1.19
	180	90.1	15.8	14.8	1.21
	240	94.7	16.6	16.0	1.22
300	97.4	17.0	16.7	1.23	
45	0	0.0	-	-	-
	10	60.2	10.7	6.7	1.19
	20	70.4	12.4	8.8	1.15
	30	78.2	13.8	10.2	1.15
	40	83.8	14.8	11.0	1.15
	50	89.3	15.7	12.2	1.16
	60	93.4	16.3	13.1	1.21
	70	94.8	16.6	13.5	1.17
60	0	12.7	-	-	-
	10	97.2	17022.122	10802	1.30
	20	97.8	17126.096	10684	1.31

## References

1. A. Reyhani, H. Ranji-Burachaloo, T. G. McKenzie, Q. Fu and G. G. Qiao, *Macromolecules*, 2019, **52**, 3278-3287.