Supporting information

Electrodeposited Superaerophobic Nickel Catalyst on Pencil-Drawn Paper: A

Novel Approach for Highly Efficient and Stable Hydrogen Evolution

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Figure S1. GP/AP, Ni/AP and CPNi/AP's conductivity chart.



Figure S2. (a)-(b) SEM images of A4 paper and (c)-(d) GC/AP at different magnifications.



Figure S3. SEM images of (a) Pt Plate, (b) Ni Plate, and (c) Ni/AP.



Figure S4. (a) TEM images, (b) HAADF-TEM images of CPNi/AP, and (c)-(d) corresponding Ni and P EDS images.



Figure S5. XRD patterns of Ni Plate, cracked phosphorus doped nickel plating on carbon cloth (CPNi/CC) at 30° to 60° magnification intervals.



Figure S6. Raman spectra of the blank A4 paper and GP/AP.



Figure S7. XPS survey spectrum of CPNi/AP.





Figure S9. (a) HER polarization curves and (b) Tafel plots of 20% Pt/C and CPNi/AP in 1.0M KOH solution at a scan rate of 1 mV s⁻¹.



Figure S10. CV curves of (a) Pt plate, (b) Ni plate, (c) Ni/AP and (d) CPNi/AP with different current density.



Figure S11. XPS survey spectra of CPNi/AP before and after the chronopotentiometry tests with a constant current density of 10 mA cm⁻² for 100 h.



Figure S12. High-resolution XPS spectra of (a) Ni 2p and (b) P 2p in CPNi/AP before and after the chronopotentiometry tests with a constant current density of 10 mA cm⁻² for 100 h.



Figure S13. XRD patterns of CPNi/AP before and after reaction.



Figure S14. SEM images of CPNi/AP at different magnifications after 100 h CP test.



Figure S16. The gas bubble contact angles of (a) Ni plate and (b) Ni/AP.



Figure S17. Adhesive forces measurements of the gas bubbles on (a) Ni plate and (b) Ni/AP.



Figure S18. Contact angle of CPNi/AP.

Catalyst	Substrate	Electrolyte	Overpotential (mV)		(mV) Synthetic method	
		_	\mathfrak{y}_{10}	\mathfrak{y}_{100}		
Ni ₂ P nanosheets	Glassy carbon	1 М КОН	168		Hydrothermal	[1]
Ni ₅ P ₄ Nanocrystalline	Glassy carbon	1 М КОН	49	202	Solvothermal	[2]
$Ni_{12}P_5$ hollow	Glassy carbon	1 М КОН	208		Thermal decomposition	[3]
NiP _x nanospheres	Glassy carbon	0.1 M buffer solution	230	360*	Electrosynthesis	[4]
NiP ₂ nanosheet arrays	Carbon cloth	0.5 M H ₂ SO ₄	75	204	Hydrothermal	[5]
Ni ₅ P ₄ nanosheets	Glassy carbon	1 M KOH	147		Ice-templating	[6]
Ni ₂ P	Carbon cloth	1 М КОН	114	290*	Hydrothermal	[7]
Ni ₂ P	Ni foam	1 М КОН	207	400*	Hydrothermal	[8]
Fe-Ni ₂ P	Ni foam	1 М КОН	75	226	Hydrothermal	[9]
Ni-P	Ni foam	1 M KOH	200	310	Hydrothermal	[10]
Ni ₂ P	Porous carbon	0.5 M H ₂ SO ₄	194		Thermal decomposition	[11]
Ni-P	Carbon nanotubes	1 М КОН	126		Powder sintering	[12]
NiP	Glassy carbon	1 M KOH	155	400*	Hydrothermal	[13]
HP Ni-P	RDE	1 M KOH	99	144	Electrodeposition	[14]
Ni ₂ P/Ni ₁₂ P ₅	Ni foam	1 M KOH	95	203	Hydrothermal	[15]
CPNi/AP	A4 paper	1 М КОН	101	183	Electrodeposition	Current work

Table S1. Selected summary of the HER performance of some Ni_xP catalysts.

* Based on estimation of the LSV curves in the article.

Electrode	Electrolyte	$R_{ct}(\Omega)$
Pt plate	1 M KOH	7.2
Ni plate		12.6
Ni/AP		5.3
CPNi/AP		2.0

Table S2. The R_{ct} values for different electrodes in 1 M KOH.

The (Å³) The volume of lattice Average numbe Atomic Atomic Atomic Atomic Atomic volume(Å³) r of x in structure structure structure structure structure model 2 model 3 model 4 model 5 model 1 $Ni_{27-x}P_x$ 0 291.33 291.33 290.771 290.60 290.80 290.42 290.42 2 289.54 289.54 289.54 289.54 287.89 289.21 3 288.33 288.63 288.48

Table 55. Table of volume change of $N_{127-x}P_x$.	Table S3.	Table of	volume	change	of Ni _{27-x} P _x	
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