

Supporting Information

A Dual Approach to Cancer Treatment: Gold(I) Terpyridine Derivatives as DNA Binders and Inhibitors of Mammalian Thioredoxin Reductase

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1 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ and $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR Figures S1-S8

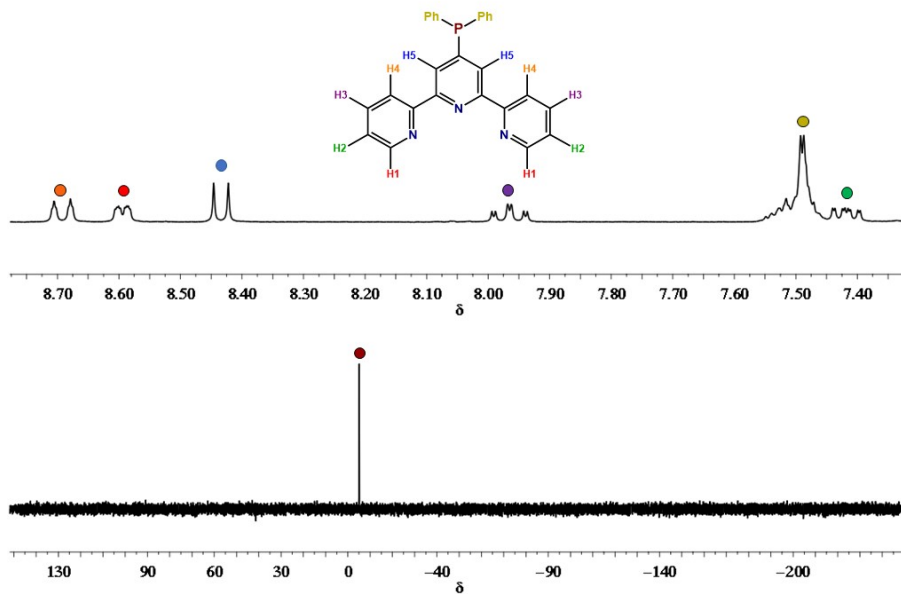


Figure S1: $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz $d_6-(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$). (up) and $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ -NMR (162 MHz $d_6-(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$) (bottom) of 4'-PPh₂terpy

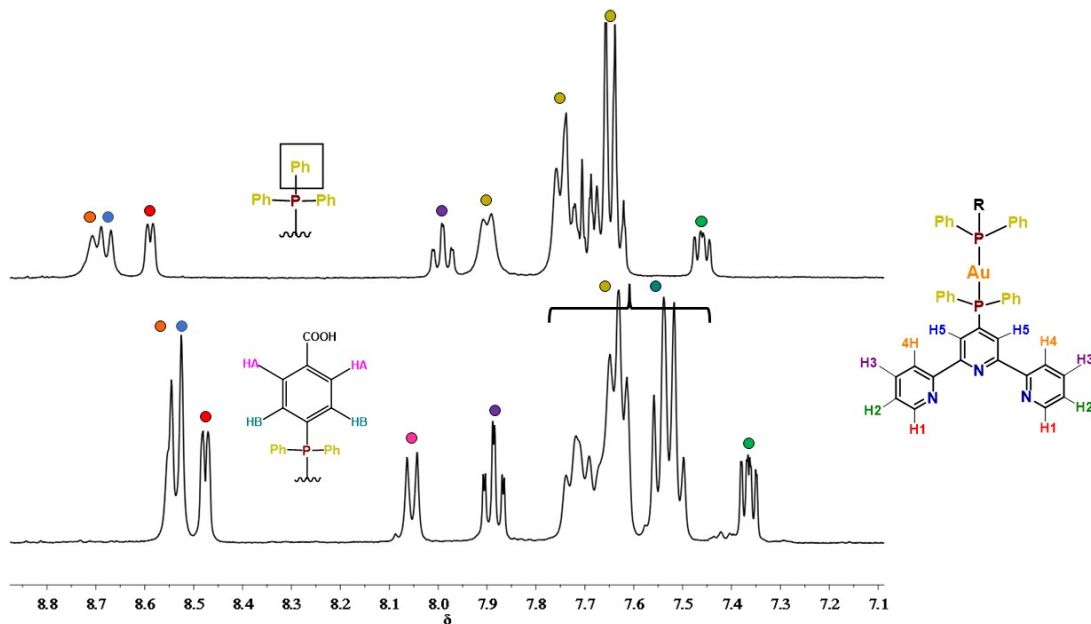


Figure S2: $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (400 MHz, $d_6-(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$) of 1 (up) and 2 (bottom).

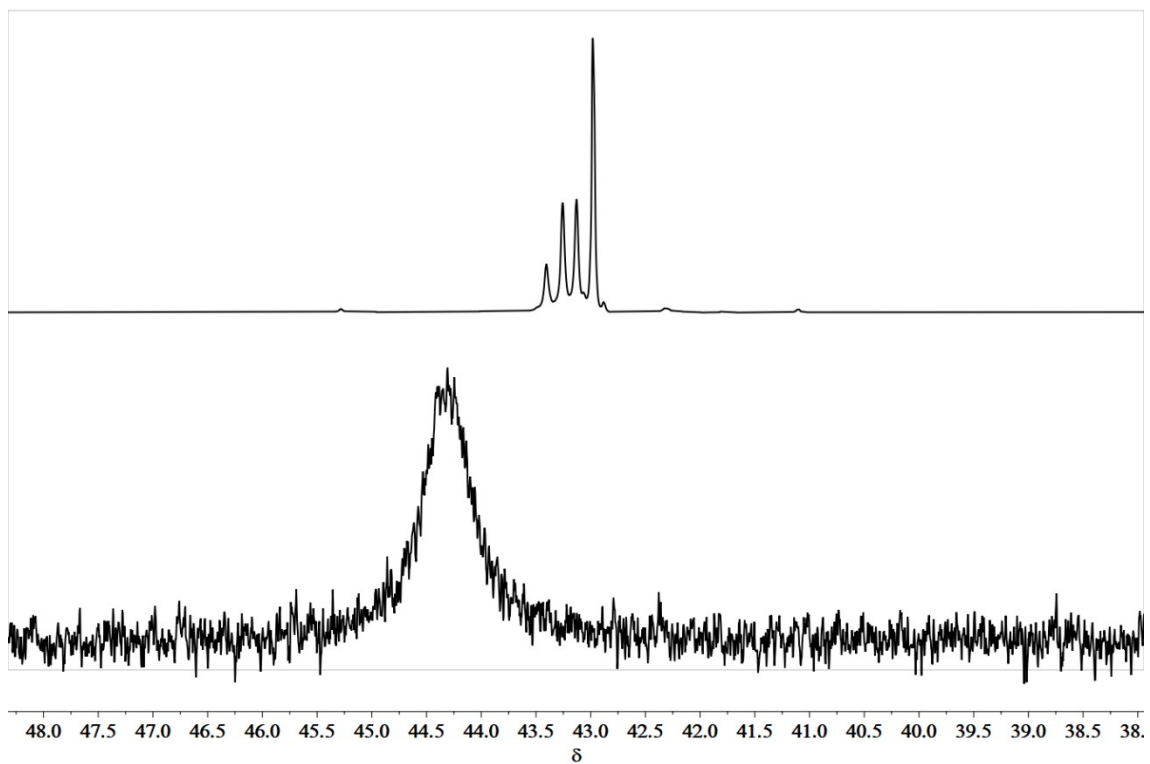


Figure S3: $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ -RMN (162 MHz d_6 - $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$) of **1** at 220K (up) and **1** at 298K (bottom).

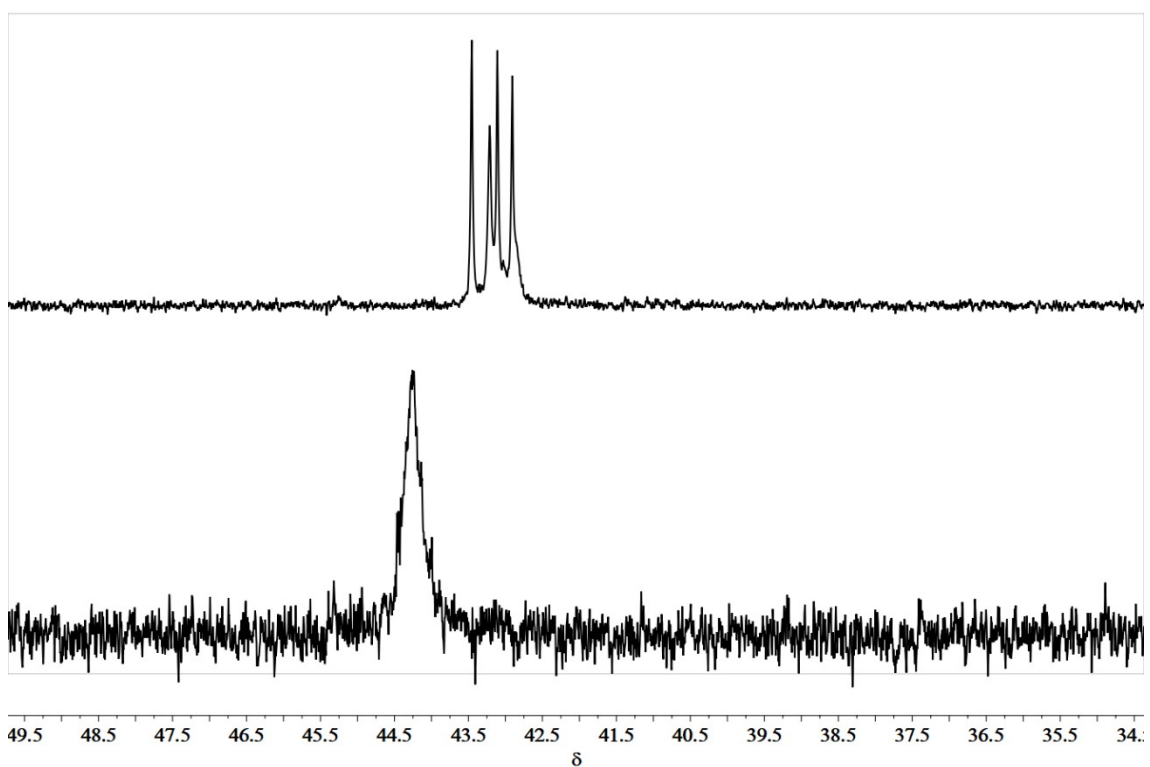


Figure S4: $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ -RMN (162 MHz d_6 - $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$) of **2** at 220K (up) and **2** at 298K (bottom).

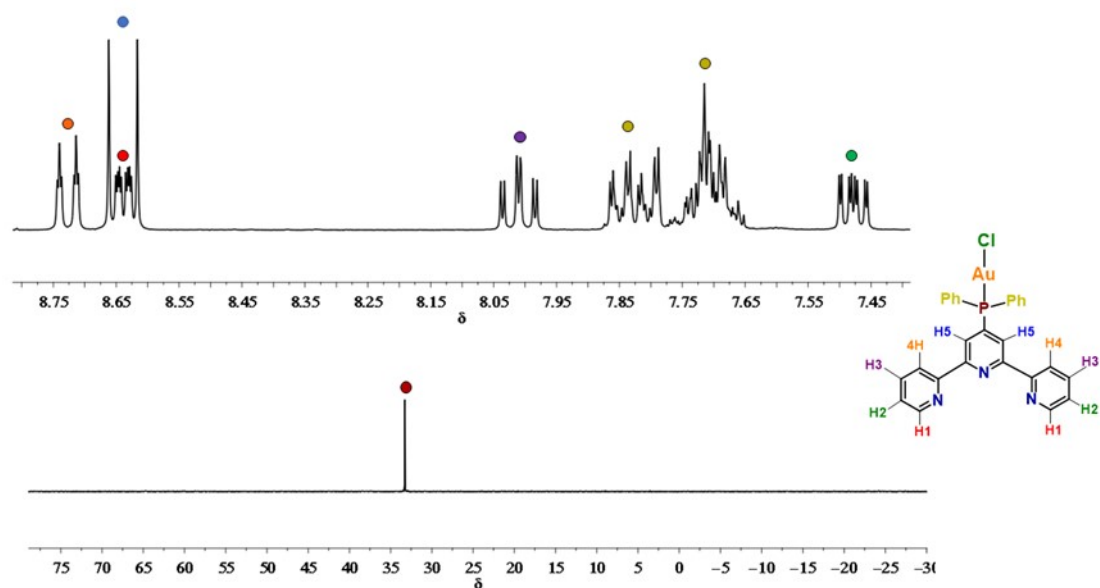


Figure S5: ^1H -RMN (400 MHz d_6 - $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$). (up) and $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ -RMN (162 MHz d_6 - $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{O}$) (bottom) of **3**.

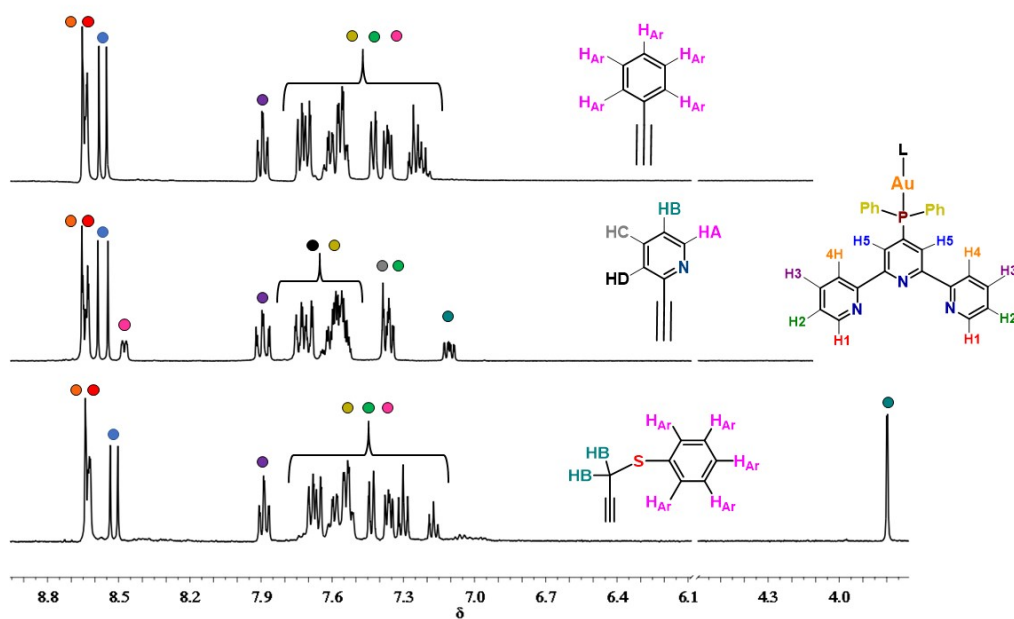


Figure S6: ^1H -RMN (400 MHz d_2 - CH_2Cl_2) of **4** (up) **5** (middle) and **6** (bottom).

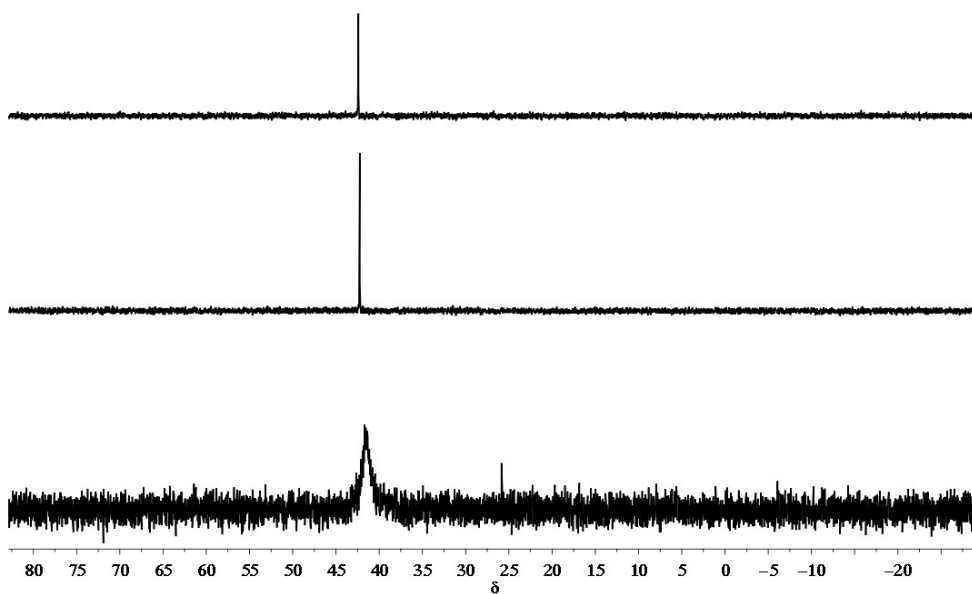


Figure S7: $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ -RMN (162 MHz d_2 - CH_2Cl_2) of **4** (up) **5** (middle) and **6** (bottom).

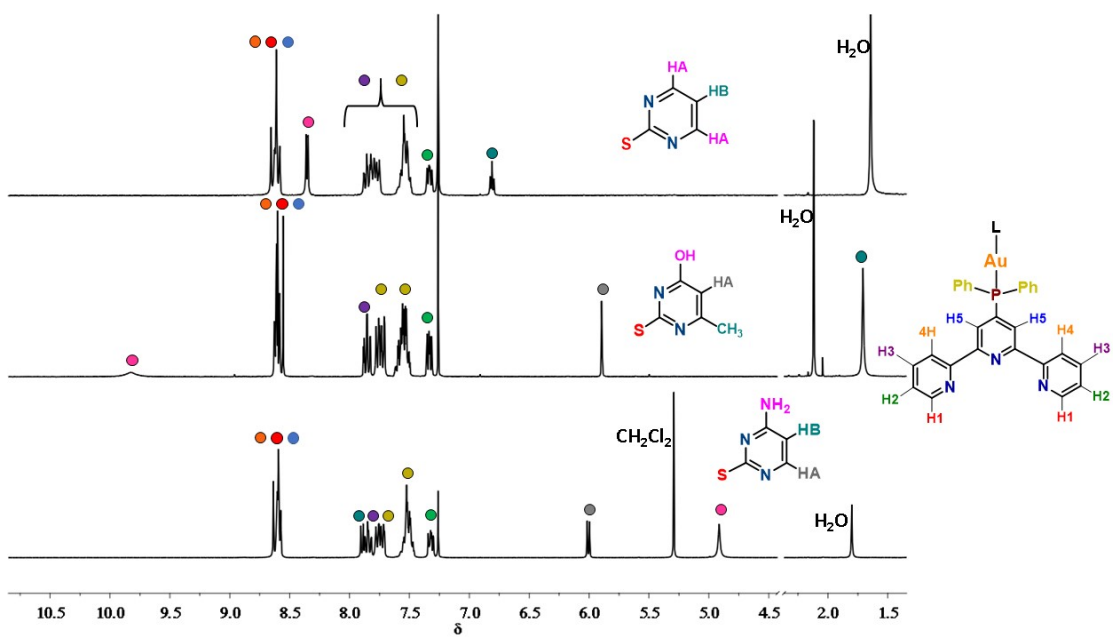


Figure S8: ^1H -RMN (400 MHz d_1 - CHCl_3) of **7** (up) **8** (middle) and **9** (bottom).

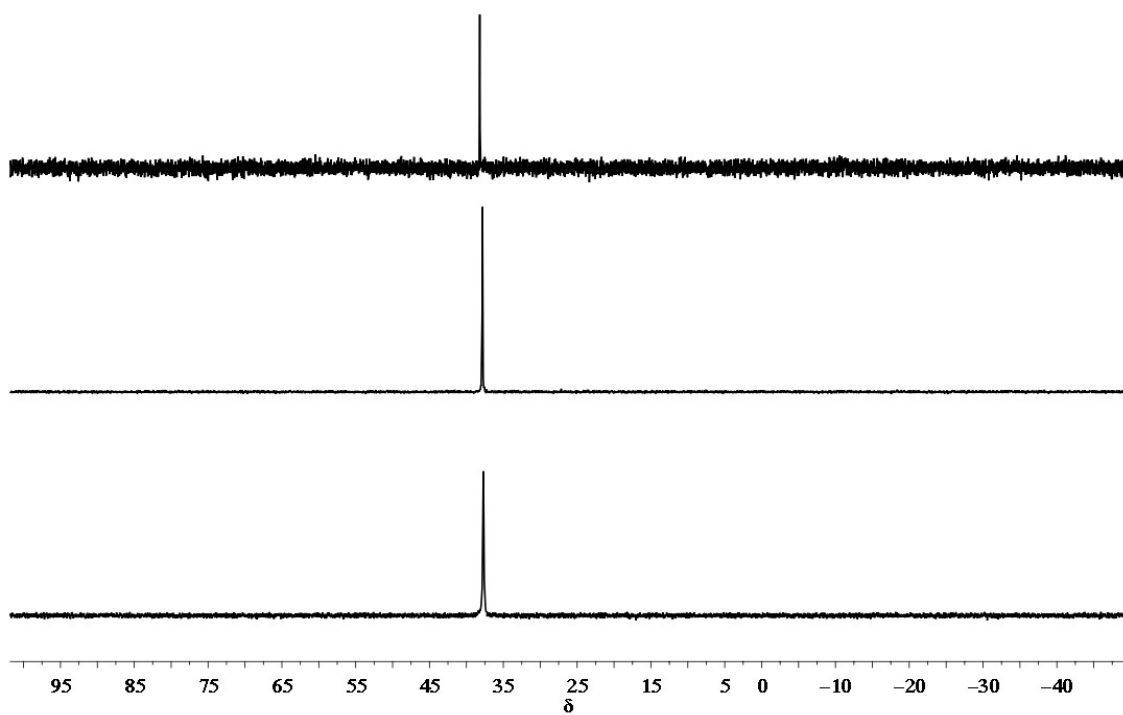


Figure S9: $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ -RMN (162 MHz d_1 - CHCl_3) of **7** (up) **8** (middle) and **9** (bottom).

2 Stability studies

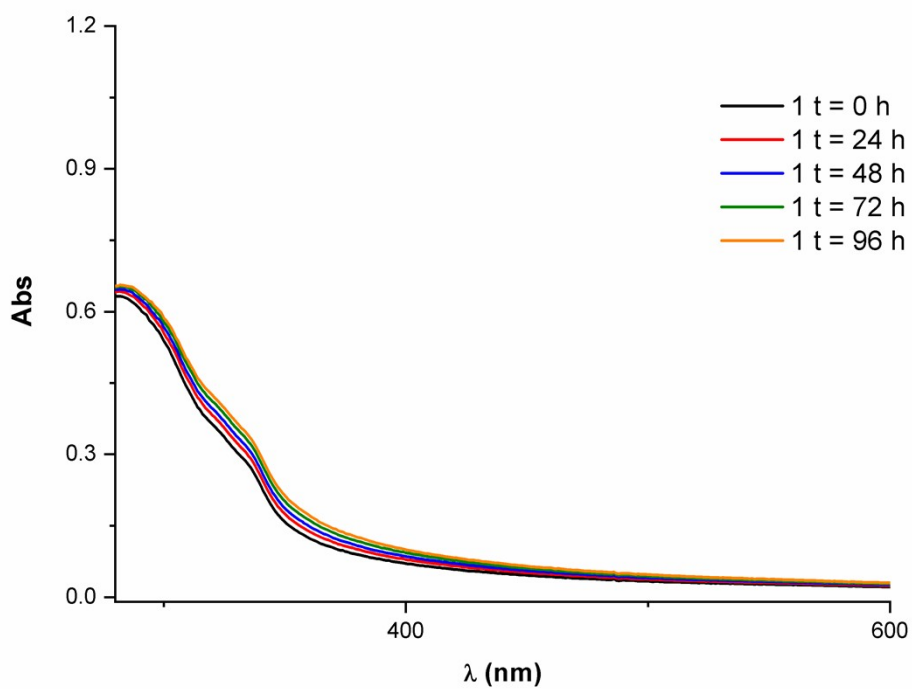


Figure S10: Stability study of **1** in a mixture of PBS/DMF (10%).

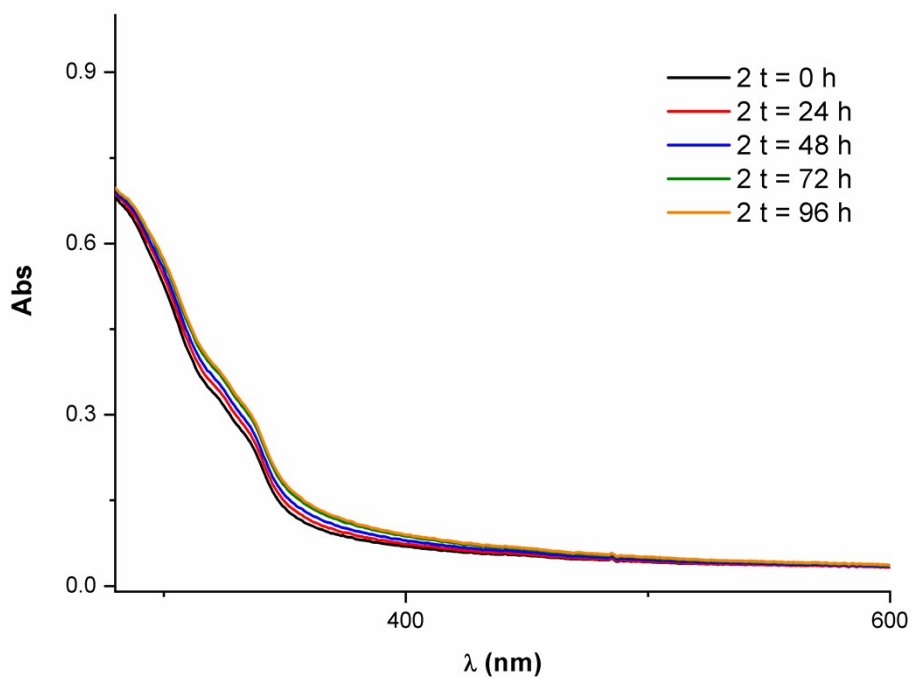


Figure S11: Stability study of **2** in a mixture of PBS/DMF (10%).

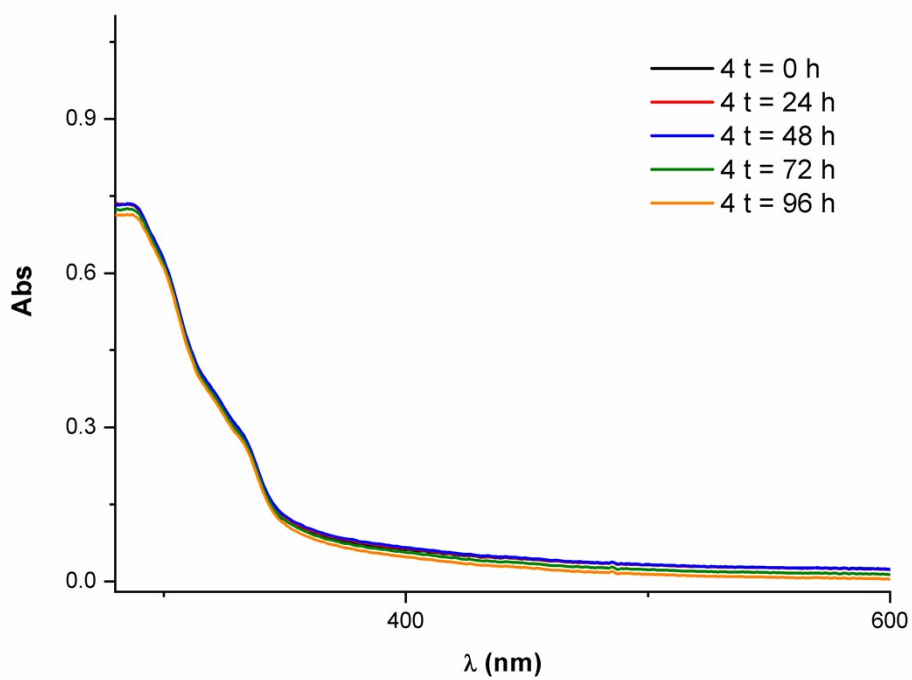


Figure S12: Stability study of 4 in a mixture of PBS/DMF (10%).

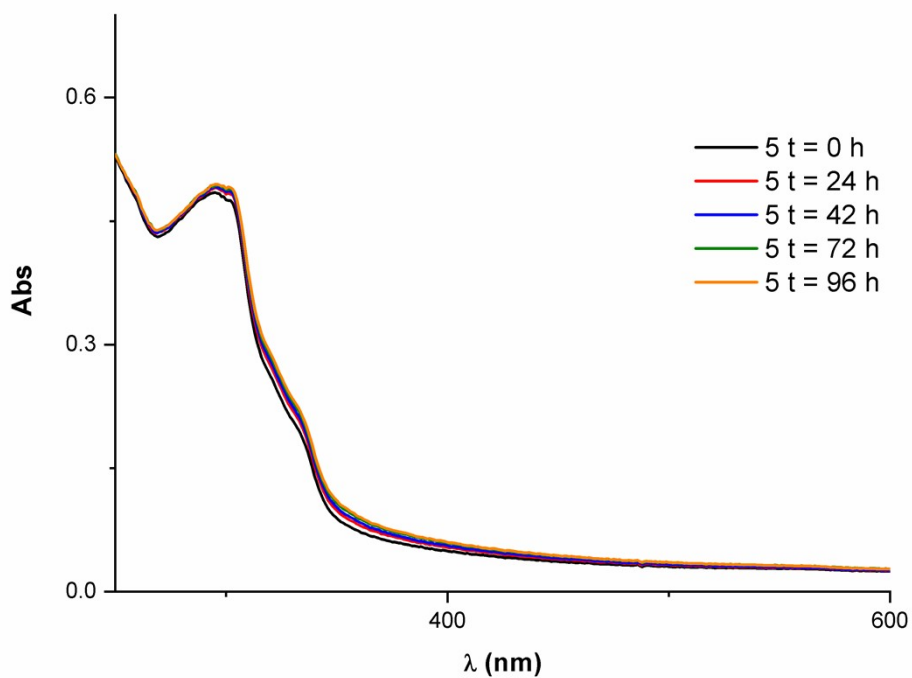


Figure S13: Stability study of 5 in a mixture of PBS/DMF (10%).

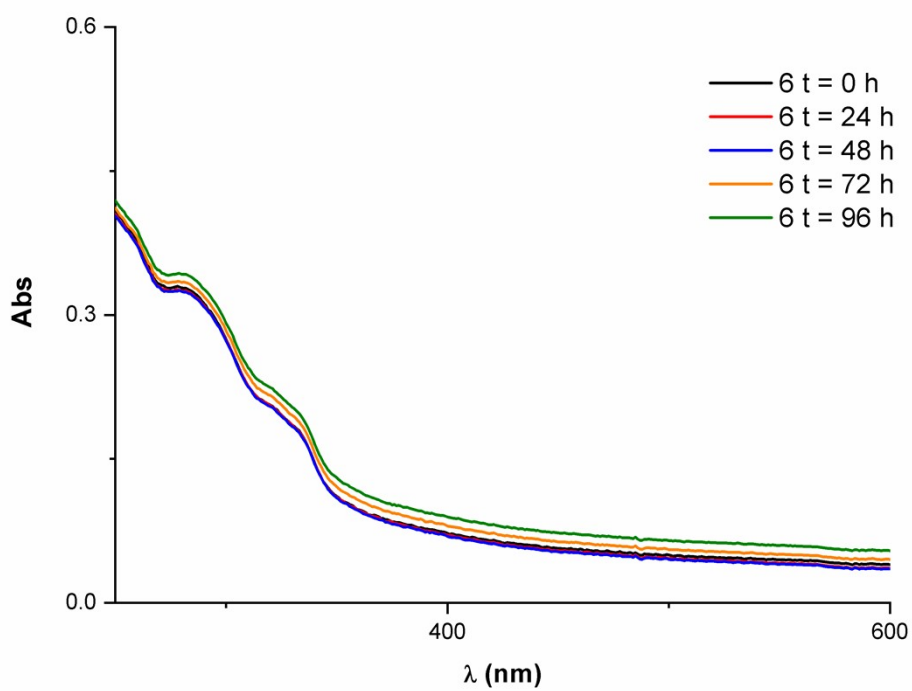


Figure S14: Stability study of 6 in a mixture of PBS/DMF (10%).

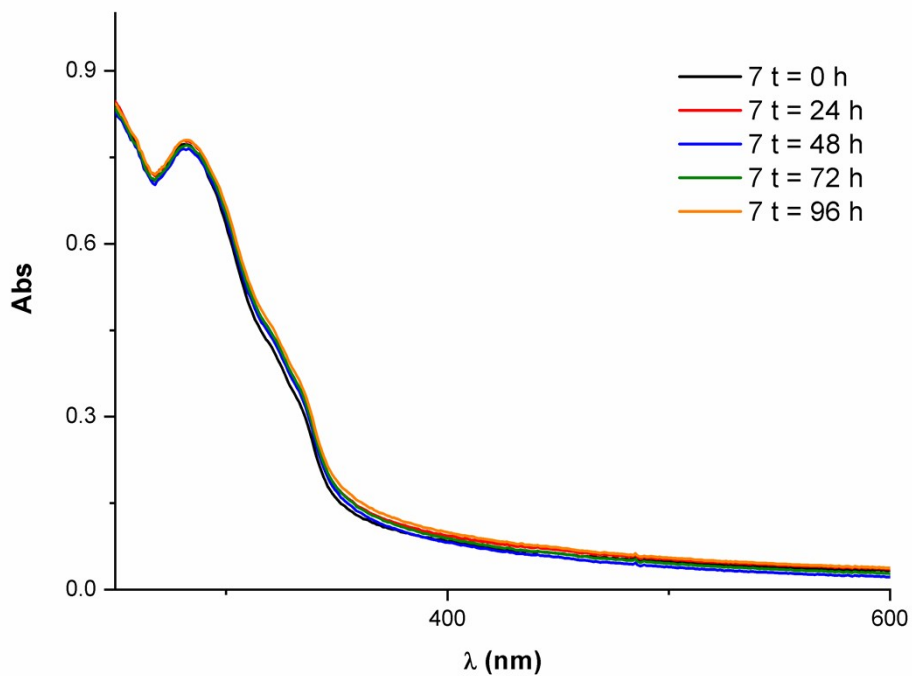


Figure S15: Stability study of Au-7 in a mixture of PBS/DMF (10%).

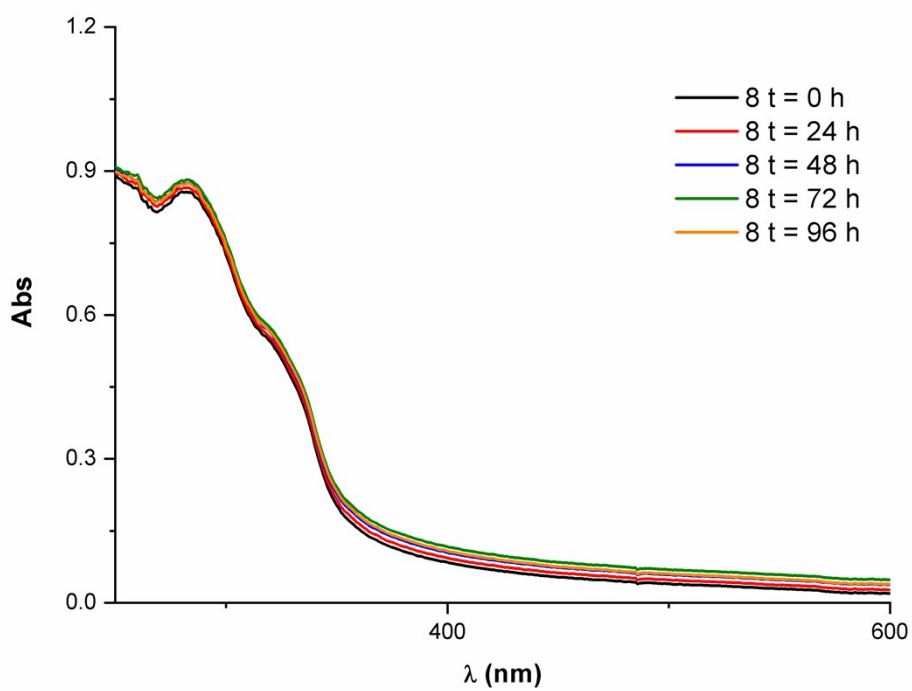


Figure S16: Stability study of **8** in a mixture of PBS/DMF (10%).

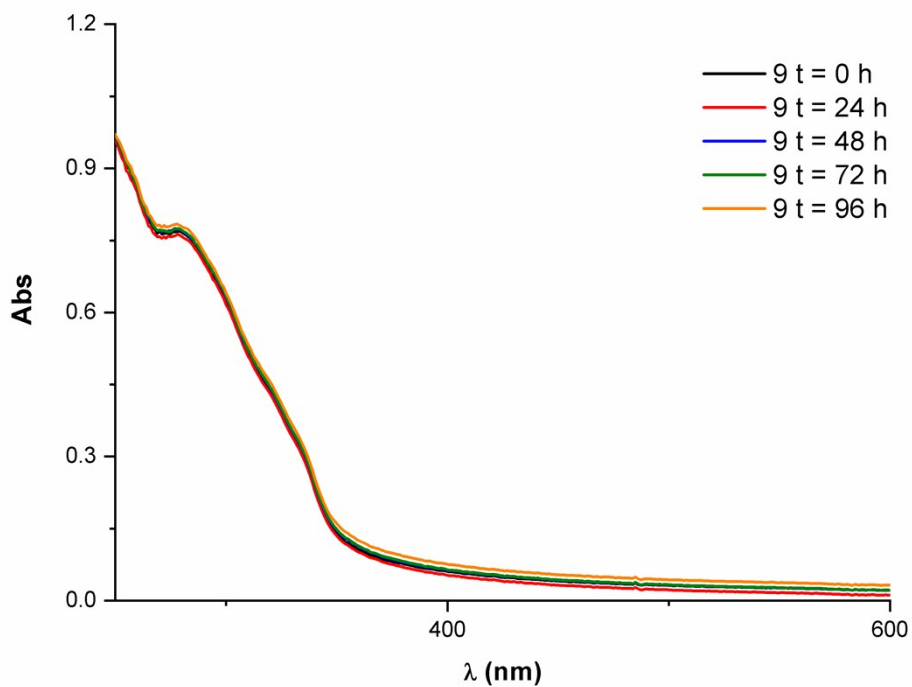


Figure S17: Stability study of **9** in a mixture of PBS/DMF (10%).

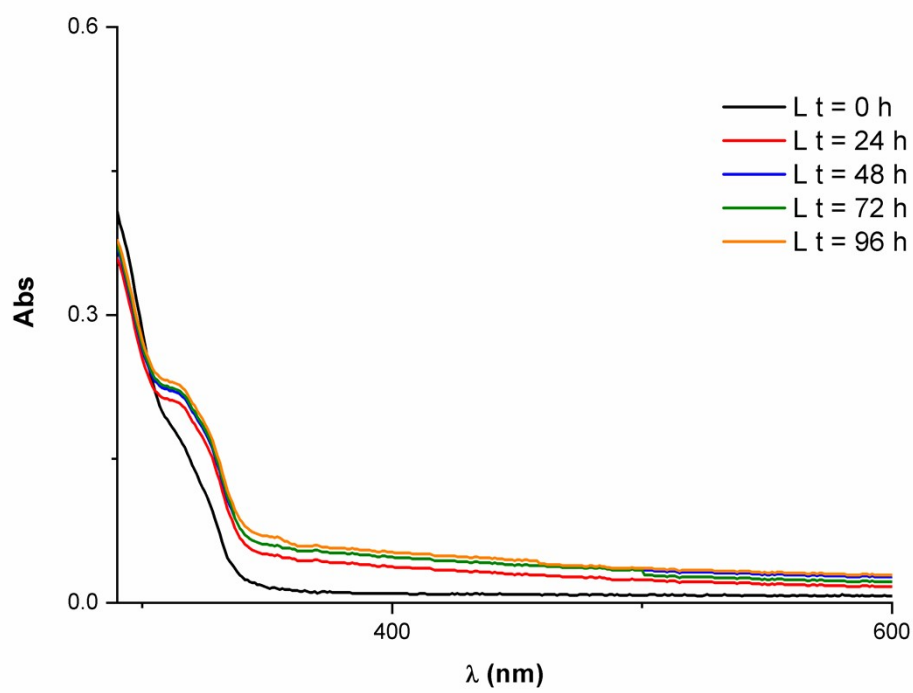


Figure S18: Stability study of L in a mixture of PBS/DMF (10%).

3 Ligand exchange reactions $^1\text{H-NMR}$ and $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR

$[\text{Au}(\text{PPh}_2(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{COOH}))(\text{4}'\text{-PPh}_2\text{terpy})]\text{BF}_4$ (**2**)

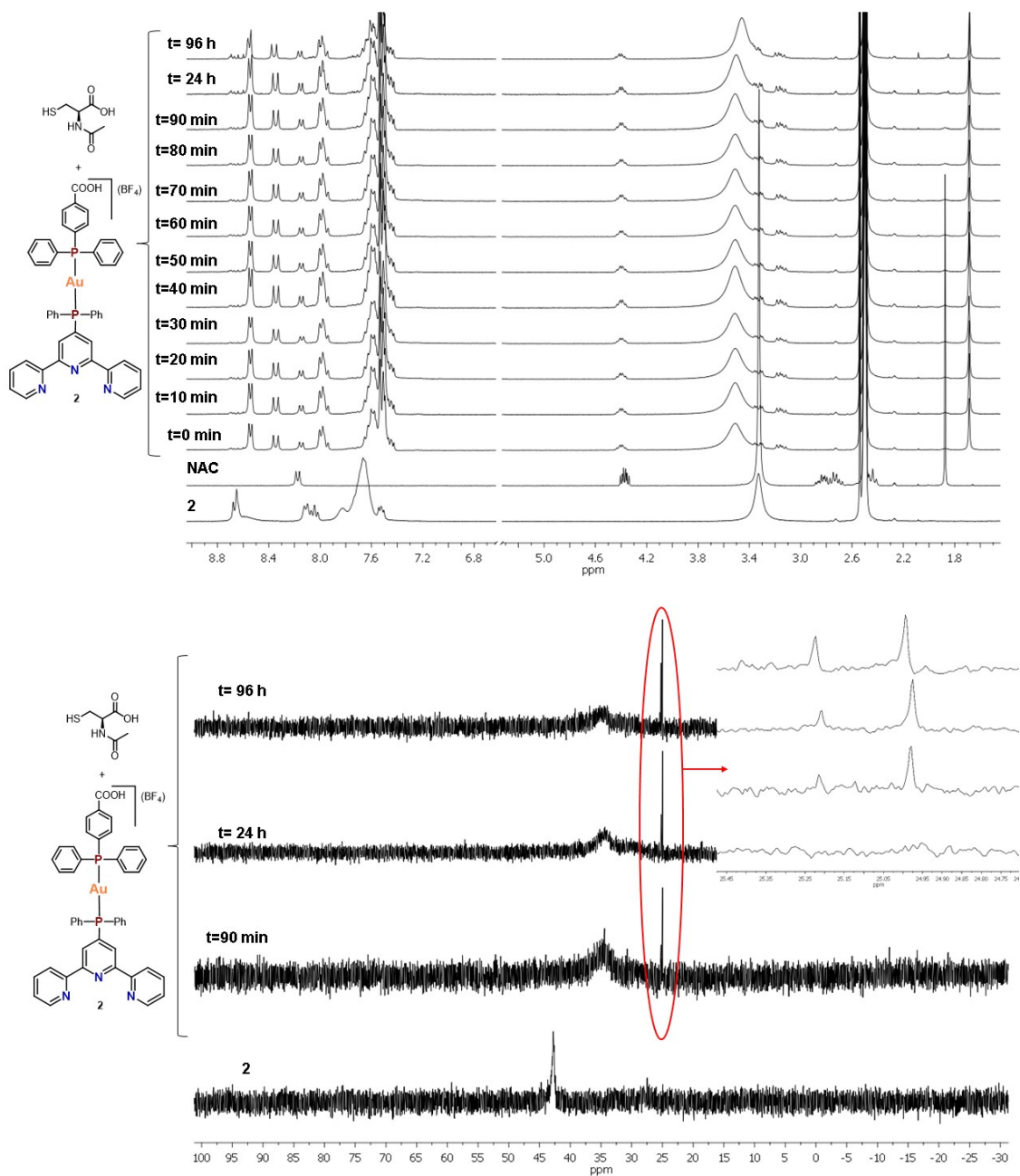


Figure S19: $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz d_6 -DMSO) (up) and $^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ -NMR (121 MHz d_6 -DMSO) (bottom) of **2** (10 mM) in presence of NAC (10 mM) at different times.

[AuCl(4'-PPh₂terpy)] (**3**)

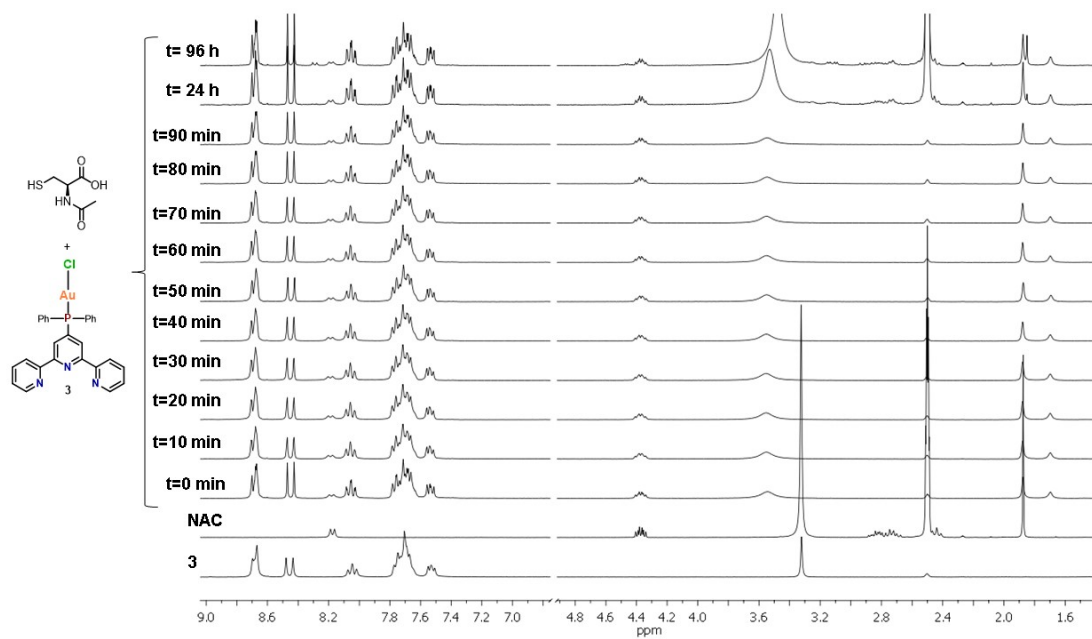


Figure S20: ¹H-RMN (300 MHz d₆-DMSO) of **3** (10 mM) in presence of NAC (10 mM) at different times.

[Au(C≡CPh)(4'-PPh₂terpy)] (**4**)

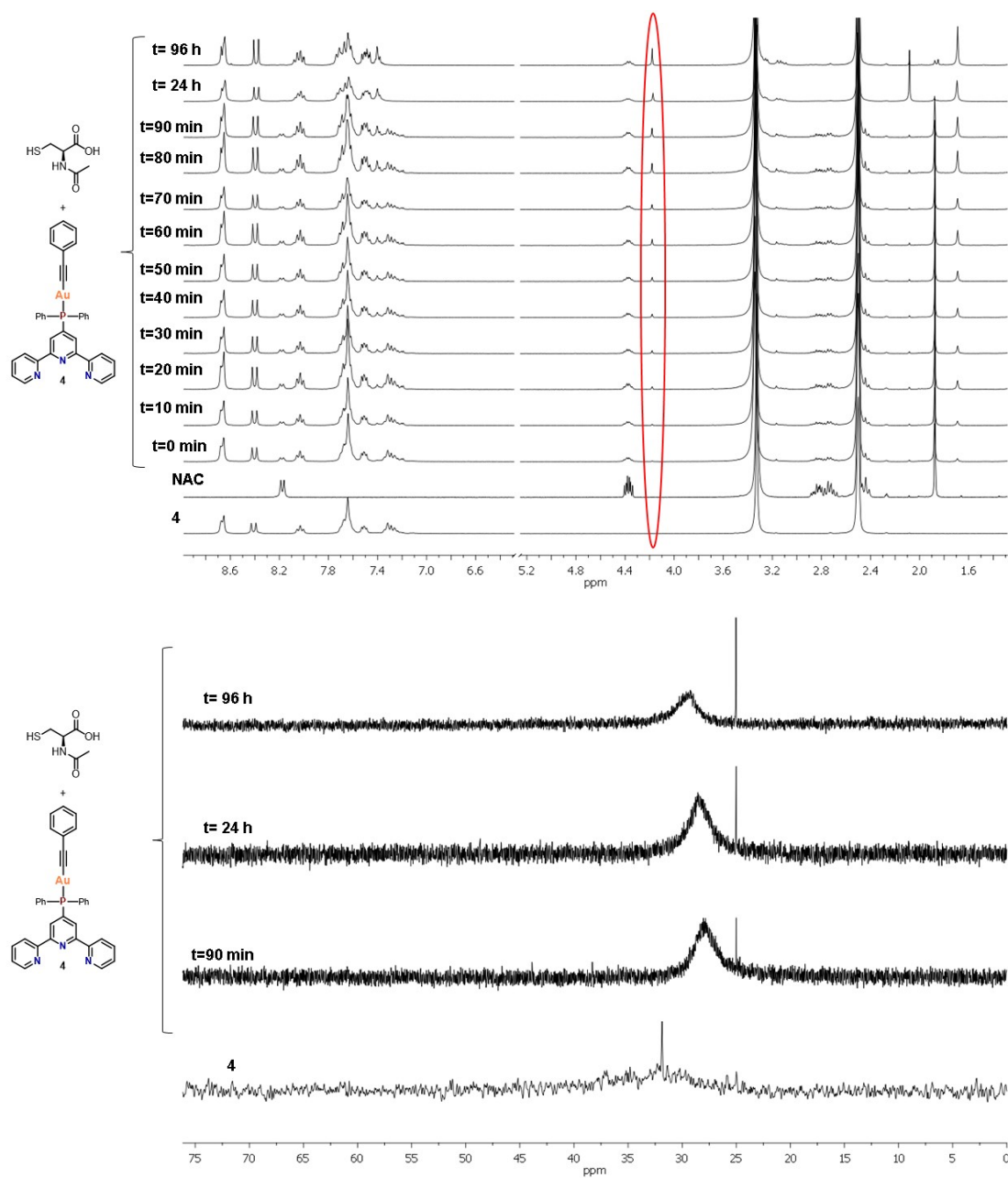


Figure S21: ¹H-RMN (300 MHz d₆-DMSO) (up) and ³¹P{¹H}-RMN (121 MHz d₆-DMSO) (bottom) of **4** in presence of NAC at different times.

[Au(SPyrin)(4'-PPh₂terpy)] (7):

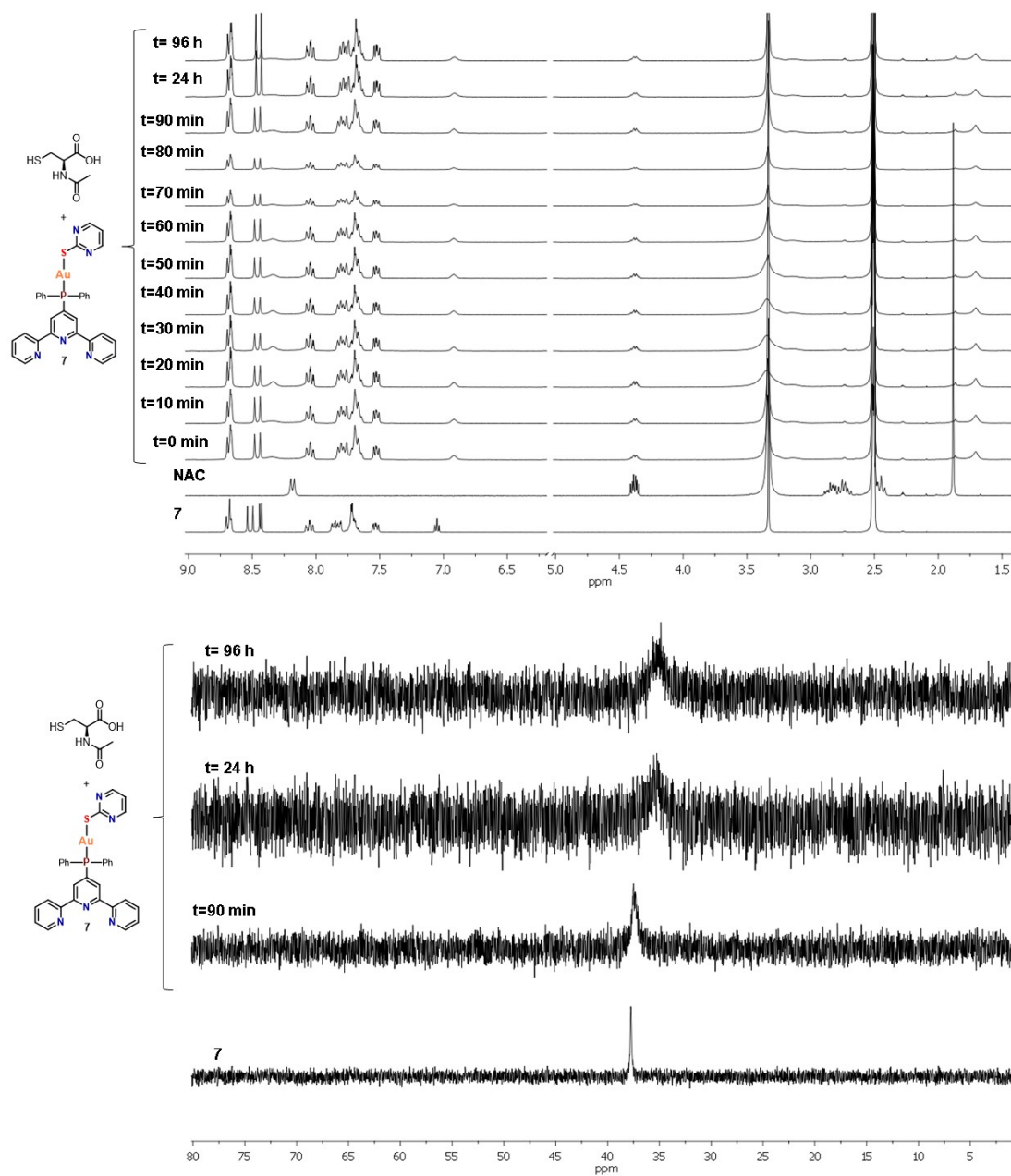


Figure S22: ¹H-RMN (300 MHz d₆-DMSO) (up) and ³¹P{¹H}-RMN (121 MHz d₆-DMSO) (bottom) of 7 in presence of NAC at different times.

4'-PPh₂terpy (L):

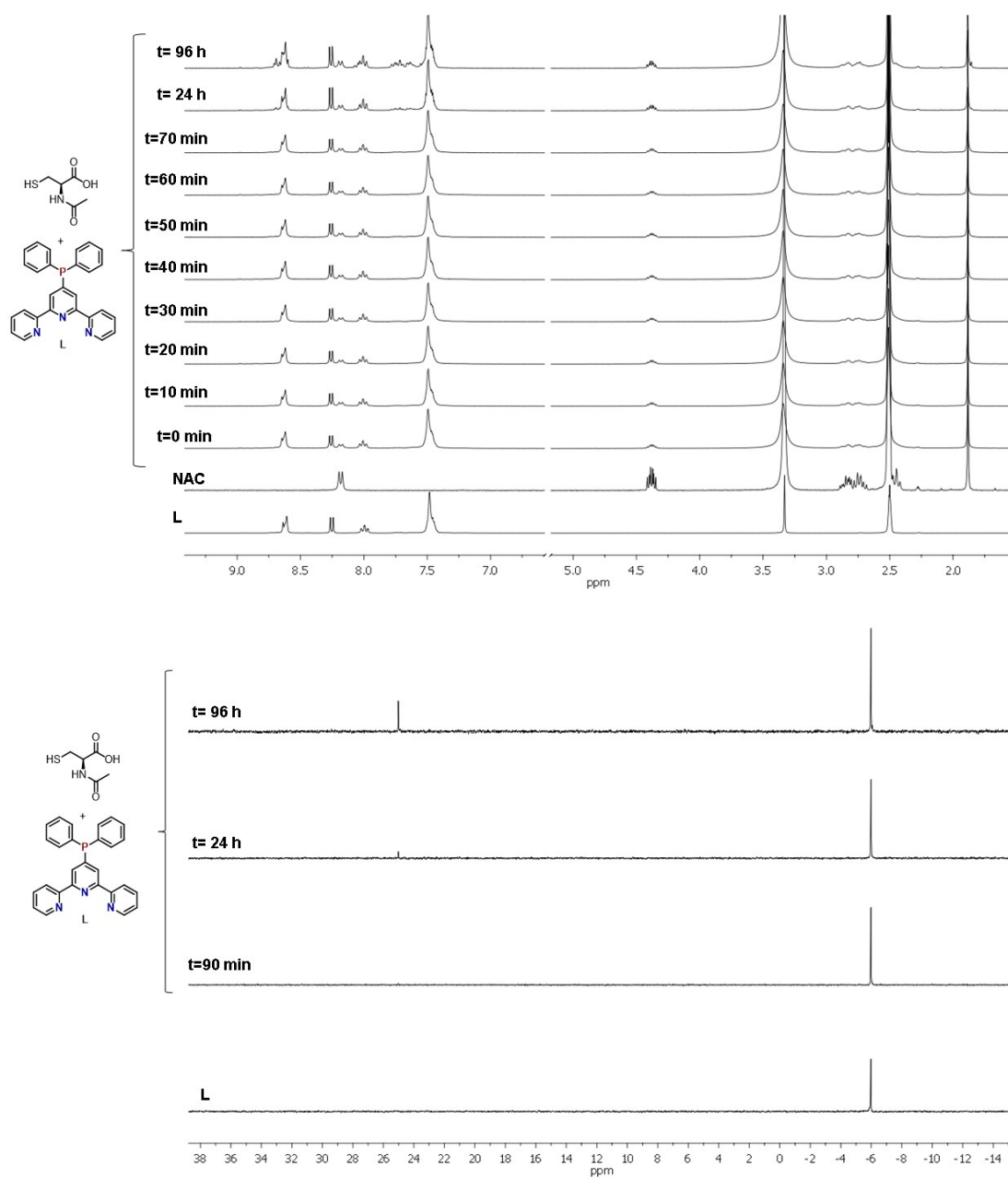


Figure S23: ¹H-RMN (300 MHz d₆-DMSO) (up) and ³¹P{¹H}-RMN (121 MHz d₆-DMSO) (bottom) of L in presence of NAC at different times.

4 DNA-Binding

4'-PPH₂terpy:

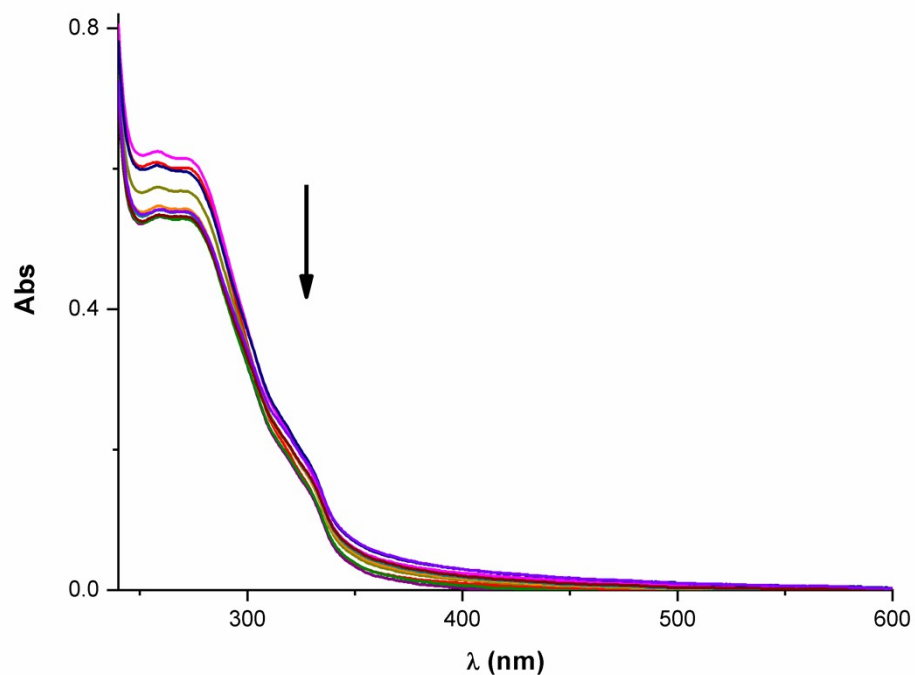


Figure S24: UV-Vis Absorption spectral titration of 4'-PPH₂terpy in presence of incremental amounts of CT-DNA.

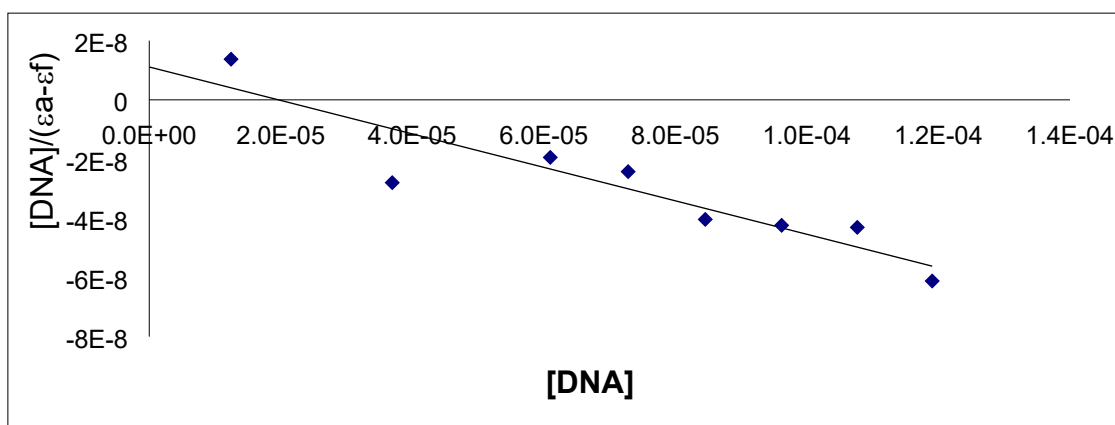


Figure S24a: graphical representation of Wolfe-Shimer equation at 260 nm

[Au(PPh₂(C₆H₄COOH))(4'-PPh₂terpy)]BF₄ (**2**)

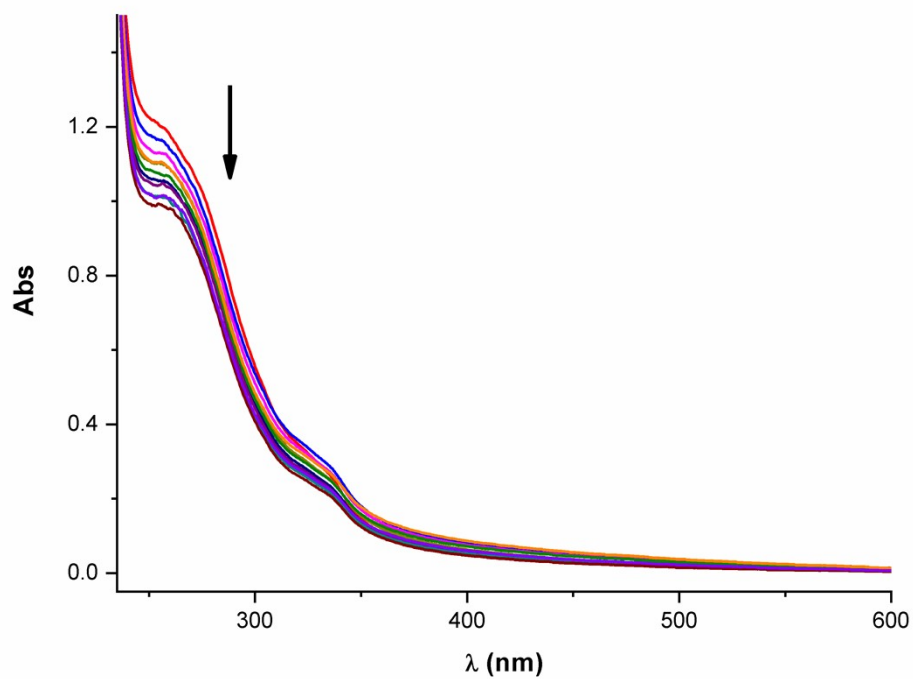


Figure S25: UV-Vis Absorption spectral titration of **2** in presence of incremental amounts of CT-DNA.

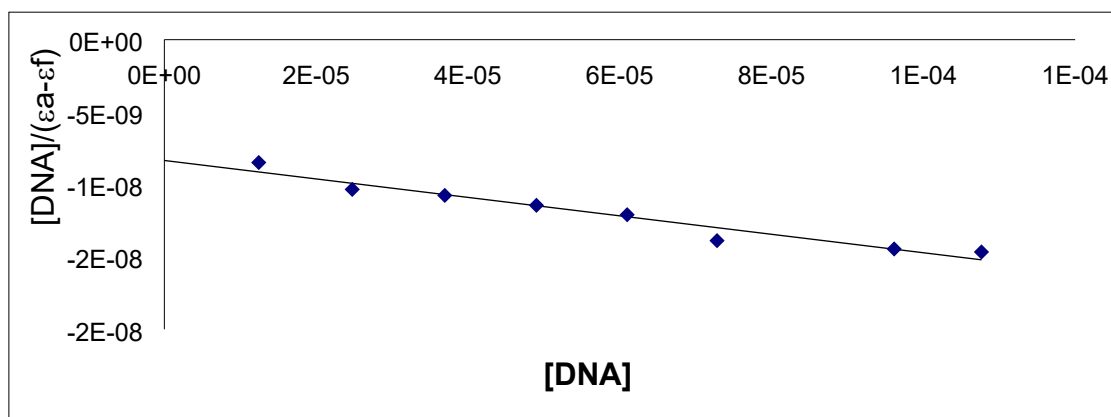


Figure S25a: graphical representation of Wolfe-Shimer equation at 260 nm

[AuCl(4'-PPh₂terpy)] (**3**)

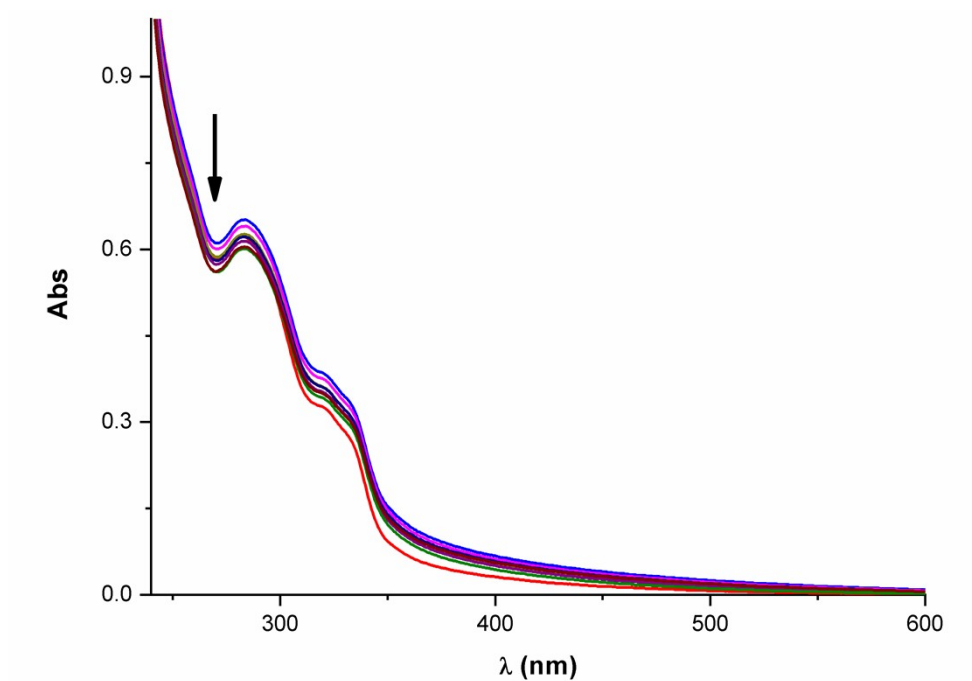


Figure S26: UV-Vis Absorption spectral titration of **3** in presence of incremental amounts of CT-DNA.

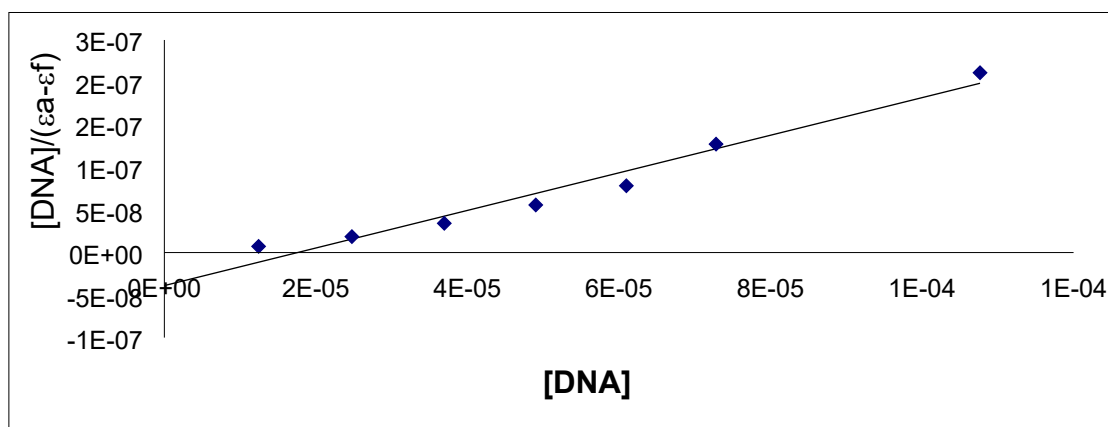


Figure S26a: graphical representation of Wolfe-Shimer equation at 284 nm

[Au(C≡CPh)(4'-PPh₂terpy)] (**4**)

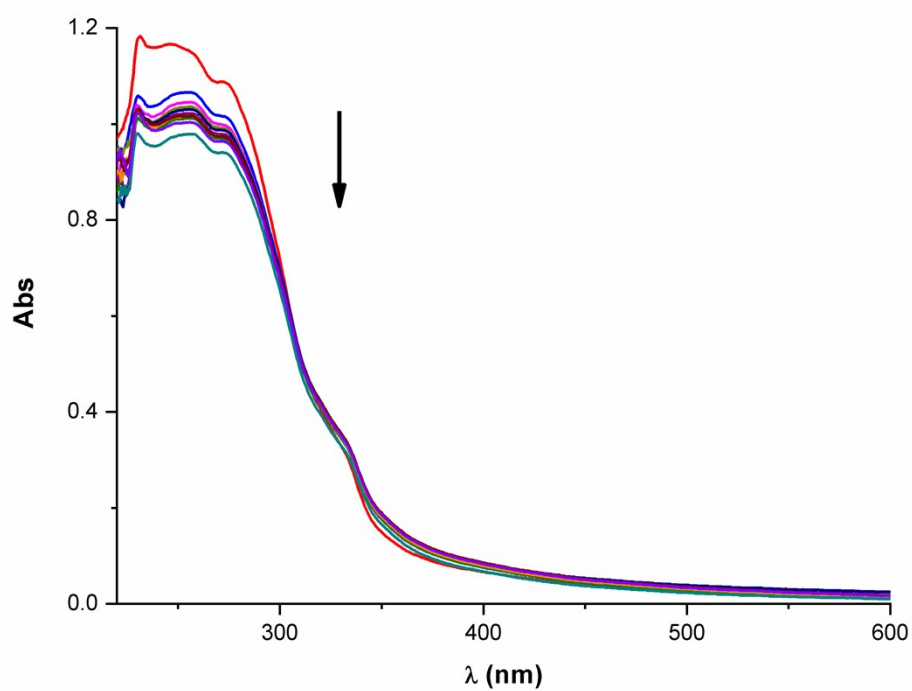


Figure S27: UV-Vis Absorption spectral titration of **4** in presence of incremental amounts of CT-DNA.

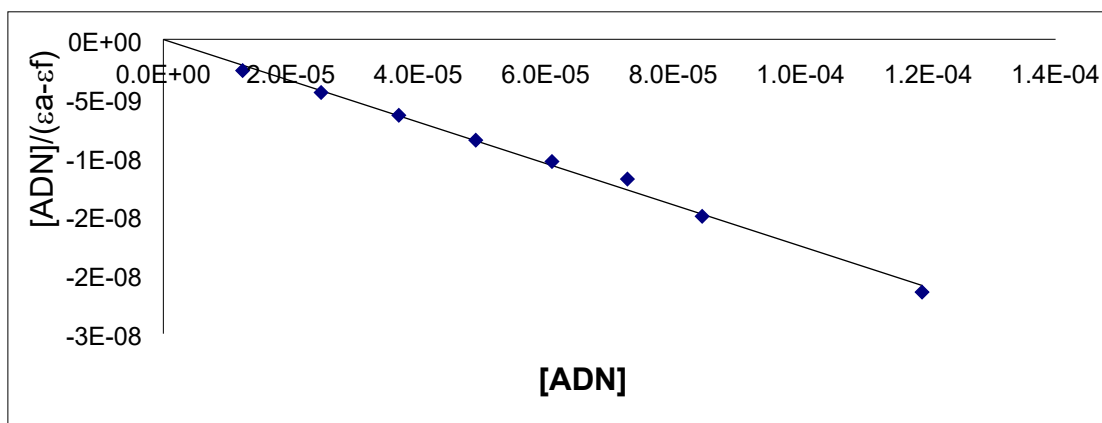


Figure S27a: graphical representation of Wolfe-Shimer equation at 250 nm

[Au(SPyrin)(4'-PPh₂terpy)] (**7**):

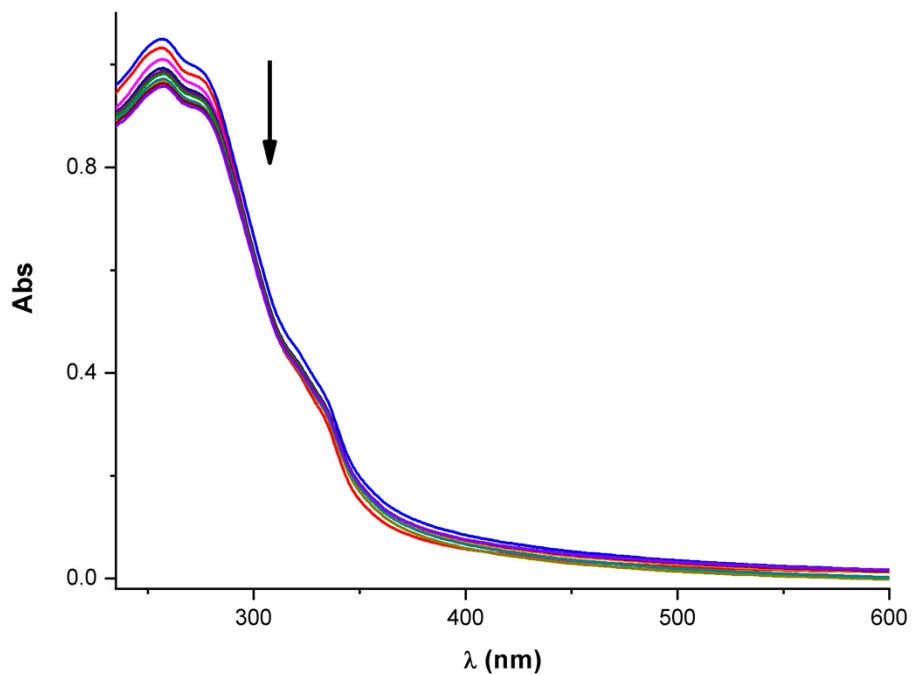


Figure S28: UV-Vis Absorption spectral titration of **7** in presence of incremental amounts of CT-DNA.

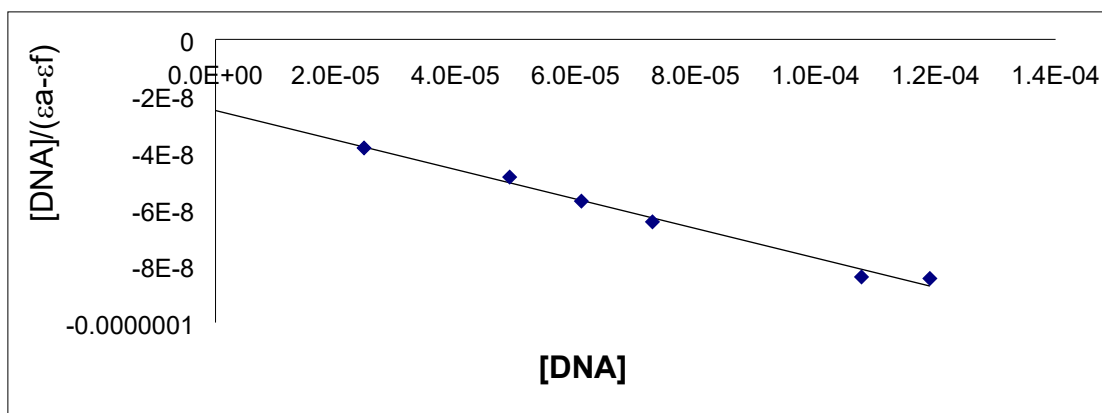


Figure S28a: graphical representation of Wolfe-Shimer equation at 256 nm

5 Flow cytometry

Cell death Studies:

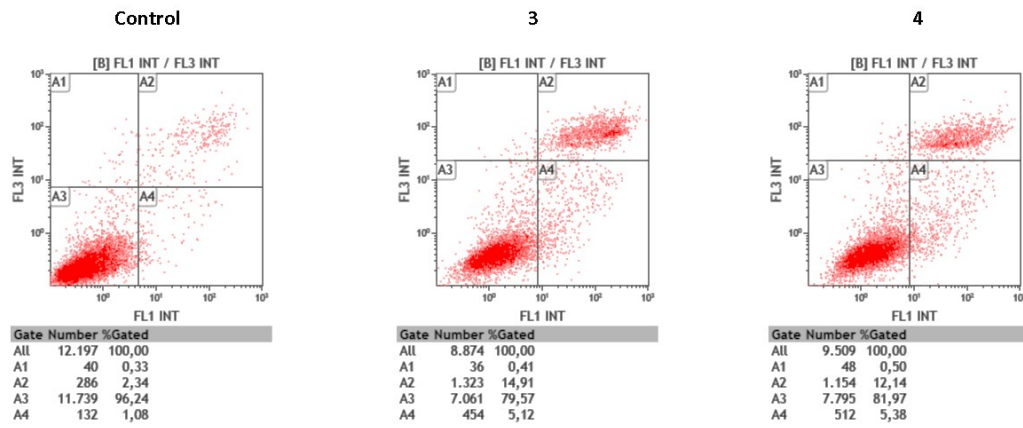


Figure S29: Flow cytometry of MDA-MB-231 cells after incubation for 48 hours with complexes **3** and **4**. Study of cell death mechanism.

Cellular cycle arrest:

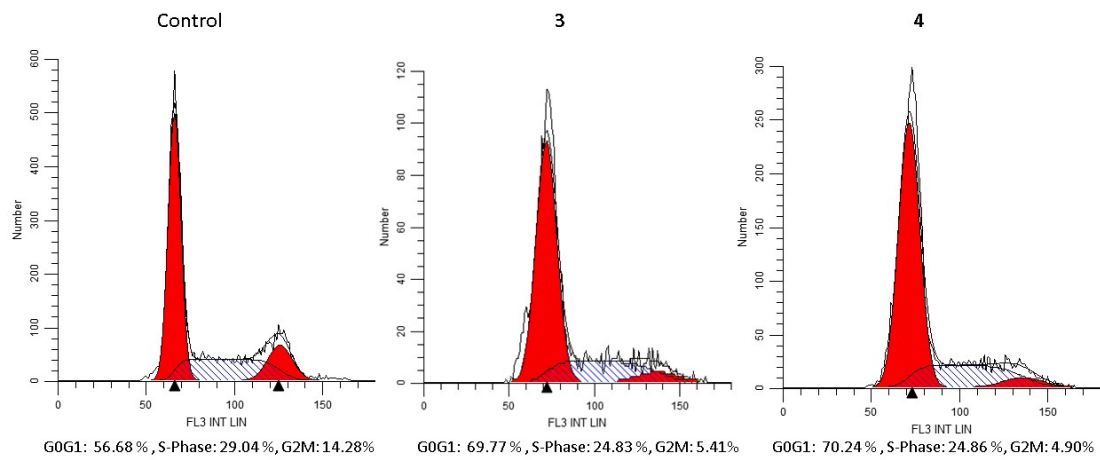


Figure S30: Study DNA content of MDA-MB-231 cells after incubation for 48 hours with complexes **3** and **4**. Study of cell cycle arrest.

Michocondrial potential ($\Delta\Psi$):

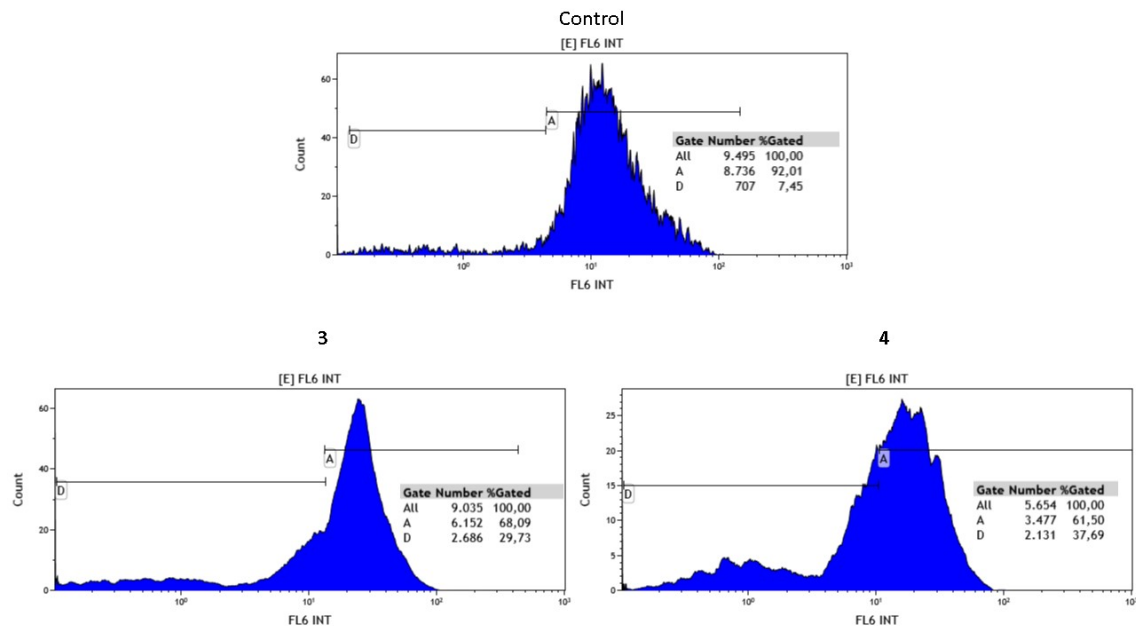


Figure S31: Study of mitochondrial $\Delta\Psi$ of MDA-MB-231 cells after incubation for 48 hours with complexes **3** and **4**.